First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. Form 10QSB August 14, 2006

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

OR

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

32-0135202 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 S. SECOND AVENUE, ALPENA, MICHIGAN (Address of principal executive offices)

49707 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (989) 356-9041

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,\text{(d)}$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $$\rm No$\ X$$

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 (Title of Class)

Outstanding at August 11, 2006 3,034,999 shares

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes $$\operatorname{\textsc{No}}$\ X$.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. FORM 10-QSB QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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When used in this Form 10-QSB or future filings by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in the Company's press releases or other public or stockholder communications, or in oral statements made with the approval of an

authorized executive officer, the words or phrases "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The Company wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made, and to advise readers that various factors, including regional and national economic conditions, changes in levels of market interest rates, credit and other risks of lending and investment activities and competitive and regulatory factors, could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from those anticipated or projected.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	June 30, 2006	Decem
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash on hand and due from banks	\$ 4,653,707	\$
Overnight deposits with FHLB	217,403	
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,871,110	
Securities AFS	46,467,162	5
Securities HTM	1,775,000	
Loans held for sale	355,500	
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses of \$1,523,138 and		
\$1,415,764 as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	209,527,136	20
Foreclosed real estate and other repossessed assets	667,142	
Real estate held for investment	135,543	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	4,765,000	
Premises and equipment	7,888,294	
Accrued interest receivable	1,262,096	
Intangible assets	2,839,224	
Goodwill	1,349,854	
Other assets	2,366,900	
Total assets	\$284,269,961	\$28
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	========	===
Liabilities:		
Deposits	\$186,441,637	\$18
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	373,105	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances and Note Payable	59,916,334	5

Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,113,781	
Total liabilities	248,844,857	24
Commitments and contingencies		
3,190,999 and 3,115,510 shares issued, respectively) Treasury stock at cost (114,167 shares) Additional paid-in capital Unearned compensation Retained earnings Unallocated ESOP Accumulated other comprehensive loss	31,909 (1,144,199) 24,238,787 (590,018) 14,703,744 (1,138,232) (676,887)	2
Total stockholders' equity	35,425,104	3
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$284,269,961 ========	\$28 ===

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Ended J	
	2006	2005	2006	
	(Unaudited)			
Interest income: Interest and fees on loans Interest and dividends on investments Interest on mortgage-backed securities		3,255,421 404,016 63,386	\$7,024,417 1,109,331 107,989	
Total interest income	4,208,338			
Interest expense: Interest on deposits Interest on borrowings	1,326,612 757,110	1,026,234 617,737	2,566,522 1,426,457	
Total interest expense	2,083,722	1,643,971	3,992,979	
Net interest income Provision for loan losses	2,124,617 133,000	2,078,852 183,000	202,500	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses				
Non Interest income: Service charges and other fees	283,984 93,590 (43,565)	253,903	521,130 166,393	

Net gain on sale of premises and equipment, real estate owned and other repossessed assets	1 750	(13,958)	1 006
<u>*</u>			
Other		(11,910)	
Insurance and brokerage commissions	738 , 417	748 , 477	
Total other income	1,075,884	1,085,511	2,201,963
Non interest expenses:			
Compensation and employee benefits	1,614,006	1,569,472	3,158,906
SAIF Insurance Premiums	6,045	6,408	12,453
Advertising	81,623	34,927	132,712
Occupancy	332,806	311,651	702,087
Amortization of intangible assets	124,880	80,305	249,761
Service bureau charges	91,591	84,753	177 , 872
Insurance and brokerage commission expense	279 , 133	317,704	547,240
Professional services	75 , 083	81,260	160,418
Donation to First Federal Community Foundation		679 , 940	
Other	314,513	280 , 295	639 , 373
Other expenses	2,919,681	3,446,715	5,780,823
Income before income tax expense	147,820	(452,225)	467,398
Income tax expense	49,310	(151,919)	156,680
Net income	\$ 98,510 ======	\$ (300,306)	\$ 310,718 ========
Per share data:			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.10
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	3,136,545	3,100,021	3,126,700
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.10
Weighted average number of shares outstanding,			
including dilutive stock options	3,137,591	3,114,215	3,127,667
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.050	\$ 0.050	\$ 0.100

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital
Balance at December 31, 2005	3,115,510	\$31,155	\$	\$23,560,462
Stock options exercised (18,560 shares)	18,560	186		98,764
Retired Stock (6,321 shares)	(6,321)	(64)		(60,302)
Treasury Stock at cost (114,167 shares)			(1,144,199)	
Stock Options/Awards Expensed				19,586
MRP shares awarded (63,250 shares)	63 , 250	632		609,730
Unallocated ESOP				(4,625)
Net income for the period				
Changes in unrealized loss:				

on available-for-sale securities

(net of tax of \$112,646)				
Total comprehensive income				 15,171
Tax benefit on stock options exercised Dividends declared			 	15,1/1
Balance at June 30, 2006	3,190,999	\$31,909 \$(1,	144,199) \$24,23	38 , 787
	Retained Earnings	Unallocated ESOP	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	To
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$14,703,130 	(1,186,940) 	(458,221) 	\$36 , 6
Treasury Stock at cost (114,167 shares) Stock Options/Awards Expensed MRP shares awarded (63,250 shares)				(1,1
Unallocated ESOP Net income for the period Changes in unrealized loss: on available-for-sale securities	310 , 718	10,700		3
(net of tax of \$112,646)			(218,666)	(2
Total comprehensive income				
Tax benefit on stock options exercised Dividends declared	(310,104			(3
D-1	c14 702 744	c/1 120 222	¢ (676, 007)	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For Six Month: June 30		
	2006		
		(Una	 udite
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	\$	310,718	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		515,325 202,500 45,539 43,565	

Originations of loans held for sale	(6,790,664)	(
Principal amount of loans sold	6,435,164	
Purchase of real estate held for sale		
Proceeds from sale of real estate held for investment	217,666	
Gain on sale of real estate held for investment	(233, 392)	
Loss on sale of premises and equipment	2,643	
Change in accrued interest receivable	339,595	
Change in other assets	386,940	
Change in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(830,159)	
Stock donated to charitable foundation	(030,133)	
Stock donated to charitable roundation		
Net cash provided by operating activities	645,440	
Net Increase in loans	(8,546,560)	
Proceeds from maturity and sale of available-for-sale securities	8,500,237	,
Purchase of securities available for sale	(1,976,205)	(
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	(1,970,203)	(
Purchase of premises and equipment	(764,293)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,786,821)	(1
Net Increase (decrease) in deposits	(2,293,106)	
Dividend paid on common stock	(310, 104)	
ESOP shares committed to be released	44,083	
Net increase in advances from borrowers	345,396	
Additions to advances from Federal Home Loan Bank and notes payable	9,630,000	
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances and notes payable	(4,117,288)	(
Stock retired	(60,365)	,
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	98,950	
Stock Options/Awards expensed	39 , 930	
Net proceeds from stock offering	39 , 930	1
		T
Merger of Alpena Bancshares, MHC		
		,
Purchase of shares for ESOP		(
Purchase of treasury shares	(1,144,199)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,233,297	1
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	91,916	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,779,194	
the form the second of the sec		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,871,110 =======	\$ ===
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ 273 , 790	\$
	========	
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 4,026,602	\$

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

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NOTE 1--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and include the accounts of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, First Federal of Northern Michigan (the "Bank") and the Bank's wholly owned subsidiaries Financial Service and Mortgage Corporation ("FSMC") and the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA"). FSMC invests in real estate that includes leasing, selling, developing, and maintaining real estate properties. ICA is a licensed insurance agency engaged in the business of property, casualty and health insurance. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

These interim financial statements are prepared without audit and reflect all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at June 30, 2006, and its results of operations and statement of cash flows for the periods presented. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles that might otherwise be necessary and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of the Company included in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2005. Results for the six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our accounting and reporting policies are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and conform to general practices within the banking industry. We consider accounting policies that require significant judgment and assumptions by management that have, or could have, a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets or on income to be critical accounting policies. Changes in underlying factors, assumptions or estimates could have a material impact on our future financial condition and results of operations. Based on the size of the item or significance of the estimate, the following accounting policies are considered critical to our financial results.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES. The allowance for loan losses is calculated with the objective of maintaining an allowance sufficient to absorb estimated probable loan losses. Management's determination of the adequacy of the allowance is based on periodic evaluations of the loan portfolio and other relevant factors. However, this evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires an estimate of the loss content for each risk rating and for each impaired loan, an estimate of the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows, and an estimate of the value of collateral.

We have established a systematic method of periodically reviewing the credit quality of the loan portfolio in order to establish an allowance for losses on loans. The allowance for losses on loans is based on our current judgments about the credit quality of individual loans and segments of the loan portfolio. The allowance for losses on loans is established through a provision for loan losses based on our evaluation of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio, and considers all known internal and external factors that affect loan collectibility as of the reporting date. Our evaluation, which includes a review of all loans on which full collectibility may not be reasonably assured, considers among other matters, the estimated net realizable value or the fair value of the underlying collateral, economic conditions, historical loan loss experience, our knowledge of inherent losses in the portfolio that are probable and reasonably estimable and other factors that warrant recognition in providing an appropriate loan loss allowance. Management believes this is a critical

accounting policy because this evaluation involves a high degree of complexity

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and requires us to make subjective judgments that often require assumptions or estimates about various matters. Historically, we believe our estimates and assumptions have proven to be relatively accurate. For example, over the past five years, our provision for loan losses as a percentage of average loans outstanding has ranged from 0.06% to 0.25%, while our net charge-offs as a percentage of average loans outstanding has ranged from 0.04% to 0.12%. Nevertheless, because a small number of non-performing loans could result in net charge-offs significantly in excess of the estimated losses inherent in our loan portfolio, you should not place undue reliance on the accuracy of past estimates.

The analysis of the allowance for loan losses has two components: specific and general allocations. Specific allocations are made for loans that are determined to be impaired. Impairment is measured by determining the present value of expected future cash flows or, for collateral-dependent loans, the fair value of the collateral adjusted for market conditions and selling expenses. The general allocation is determined by segregating the remaining loans by type of loan, risk weighting (if applicable) and payment history. We also analyze delinquency trends, which have remained stable, general economic conditions and geographic and industry concentrations. This analysis establishes factors that are applied to the loan groups to determine the amount of the general reserve. The principal assumption used in deriving the allowance for loan losses is the estimate of loss content for each risk rating. As an example, if recent loss experience dictated that the projected loss ratios would be changed by 10% (of the estimate) across all risk ratings, the allocated allowance as of June 30, 2006 would have changed by approximately \$135,000. Actual loan losses may be significantly more than the allowances we have established, which could have a material negative effect on our financial results.

MORTGAGE SERVICING RIGHTS. We sell to investors a portion of our originated one- to four-family residential real estate mortgage loans. When we acquire mortgage servicing rights through the origination of mortgage loans and sale of those loans with servicing rights retained, we allocate a portion of the total cost of the mortgage loans to the mortgage servicing rights based on their relative fair value. As of June 30, 2006, we were servicing loans sold to others totaling \$138.2 million. We amortize capitalized mortgage servicing rights as a reduction of servicing fee income in proportion to, and over the period of, estimated net servicing income by use of a method that approximates the level-yield method. We periodically evaluate capitalized mortgage servicing rights for impairment using a model that takes into account several variables including expected prepayment speeds and prevailing interest rates. If we identify impairment, we charge the amount of the impairment to earnings by establishing a valuation allowance against the capitalized mortgage servicing rights asset. The primary risk of material changes to the value of the servicing rights resides in the potential volatility in the economic assumptions used, particularly the prepayment speed. We monitor this risk and adjust the valuation allowance as necessary to adequately record any probable impairment in the portfolio. Management believes the estimation of these variables makes this a critical accounting policy. For purposes of measuring impairment, the mortgage servicing rights are stratified based on financial asset type and interest rates. In addition, we obtain an independent third-party valuation of the mortgage servicing portfolio on a quarterly basis. In general, the value of mortgage servicing rights increases as interest rates rise and decreases as interest rates fall. This is because the estimated life and estimated income from a loan increase as interest rates rise and decrease as interest rates fall.

The key economic assumptions made in determining the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights at June 30, 2006 included the following:

Annual constant prepayment speed (CPR): 7.84% Weighted average life remaining (in months): 248 Discount rate used: 8.50%

At the June 30, 2006 valuation, we calculated the value of our mortgage servicing rights to be \$1.6 million and the weighted average life remaining of those rights was 57 months. The book value of our mortgage servicing rights as of June 30, 2006 was \$680,000 which was \$950,000 less than the independent valuation, so there was no need to establish a valuation allowance.

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IMPAIRMENT OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS. Goodwill arising from business acquisitions represents the value attributable to unidentifiable intangible elements in the business acquired. The fair value of goodwill is dependent upon many factors, including our ability to provide quality, cost-effective services in the face of competition. Because of these many factors, management believes this is a critical accounting policy. A decline in earnings as a result of business or market conditions or a run-off of insurance customers over sustained periods could lead to an impairment of goodwill that could adversely affect earnings in future periods.

A significant portion of our intangible assets, including goodwill, relates to the acquisition premiums recorded with the purchase of the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA") and certain branches over the last several years. Intangible assets are reviewed periodically for impairment by comparing the fair value of the intangible asset to the book value of the intangible asset. If the book value is in excess of the fair value, impairment is indicated and the intangibles must be written down to their fair value.

In connection with our acquisition in 2003 of ICA, we allocated the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of net assets acquired to intangible assets, including goodwill. These intangible assets included the ICA customer list and a third-party contract to which ICA is a party. From the date of acquisition through April 30, 2005 we amortized the value assigned to the customer list and third party contract over a period of 20 years. On May 1, 2005the former owner of ICA retired. As a result, the amortization period for these intangible assets was reduced to a 10-year period beginning May 1, 2005. Effective January 1, 2006, the exclusive third-party contract between ICA and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan was terminated. Prior to January 1, 2006 the ICA exclusive agent contract with Blue Cross Blue Shield entitled ICA to an override commission of 1.9% on all health premiums written through local Chambers of Commerce in Northeast Michigan. On any health insurance contracts in place as of December 31, 2005, ICA will continue to receive the 1.9% commission; however, there will be no new groups added to this program effective January 1, 2006. Management considered the potential effect this could have on ICA health insurance commissions in future years and made the decision to reduce the amortization period of the third-party contract intangible asset to 5 years effective January 1, 2006.

Goodwill is not amortized. The impairment test of goodwill and identified intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, performed as of June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005 in accordance with SFAS No. 142, did not indicate

that an impairment charge was required. If, through testing, we determine that there is impairment based, for example, on significant runoff of the customer list or material changes to the third party contract, then we may need to reduce the recorded value of those intangible assets, which would increase expense and reduce our earnings.

In connection with branch offices that were acquired over the last decade, we assigned the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired to core deposit intangible. The core deposit intangible is tested periodically for impairment. Our original estimates related to the expected life of the deposits have proven to be relatively accurate as evidenced by the fact that no impairment has been recorded. If we determine through testing that a significant portion of the acquired customers no longer do business with us, then the asset would be deemed to be impaired thereby requiring a charge to earnings to the extent appropriate given all of the known factors. We amortize core deposit intangibles over a period of between 10 and 15 years.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets — an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140. SFAS 156 amends SFAS Statement No.140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities", with respect to the accounting for separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities. The Statement addresses the recognition and measurement of separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities and provides an approach to simplify efforts to obtain hedge-like (offset) accounting. SFAS 156 will be adopted by the Company January 1, 2007 as required by the statement. The Company does not believe adoption of SFAS 156 will have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

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In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. This Interpretation requires that the Company recognize in the financial statements the impact of a tax position if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on audit based on technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective as of the beginning of the Company's 2007 fiscal year, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to operating retained earnings. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on its financial statements.

NOTE 2--REORGANIZATION.

On April 1, 2005 we consummated the second-step mutual-to-stock conversion of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C., in which shares of common stock representing Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C.'s ownership interest in Alpena Bancshares, Inc. were sold to investors. As a result of the conversion and stock offering, Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. ceased to exist and Alpena Bancshares, Inc. was succeeded by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., a Maryland corporation and new holding company for First Federal of Northern Michigan.

The plan of conversion and reorganization of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. and the issuance and contribution of cash and common stock to First Federal Community Foundation, a charitable foundation we established in connection with the reorganization, were approved by the stockholders of Alpena Bancshares, Inc.

and the members of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. on March 23, 2005.

First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. accepted orders to purchase 1,699,869 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share. As a part of the conversion, public stockholders of Alpena Bancshares, Inc. as of the consummation date received 1.8477 shares of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. common stock in exchange for each of their existing shares of Alpena Bancshares, Inc. common stock. Cash was issued in lieu of any fractional shares. The share exchange occurred on April 1, 2005.

Any reference in this report to the number of shares outstanding for the six months ended June 30, 2005 for purposes of calculating per share earnings and to dividends per share for the same period has been adjusted to give retroactive recognition to the exchange ratio applied in the second-step conversion.

NOTE 3--DIVIDENDS.

Payment of dividends on the common stock is subject to determination and declaration by the Board of Directors and depends upon a number of factors, including capital requirements, regulatory limitations on the payment of dividends, the Company's results of operations and financial condition, tax considerations and general economic conditions.

On June 13, 2006, the Company declared a cash dividend on its common stock, payable on or about August 21, 2006, to shareholders of record as of June 30, 2006, equal to \$0.05 per share. The dividend on all shares outstanding totaled \$154,087.

NOTE 4--1996 STOCK OPTION PLAN AND 1996 RECOGNITION AND RETENTION PLAN

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 123 (Revised) "Shareholder Based Payments", which requires that the grant-date fair value of awarded stock options be expensed over the requisite service period. The Company's 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan"), which was approved by shareholders, permits the grant of share options to its employees for up to 127,491 shares of common stock (retroactively adjusted for the exchange ratio applied in the Company's 2005 stock offering and related second-step conversion). The Company's 2006 Stock-Based Incentive Plan (the "2006 Plan"), which was approved by the shareholders on May 17, 2006, permits the award of up to 242,740 shares of common stock of which the maximum number to be granted as Stock Options is 173,386 and the maximum that can be granted as Restricted Stock Awards is 69,354. Option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant; those option awards

1.0

generally vest based on five years of continual service and have ten year contractual terms. Certain options provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the Plans).

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation method that uses the assumptions noted in the following table. The weighted average fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$2.49 per option granted. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Company's stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination within the valuation model. The expected term of options granted is

derived from the output of the valuation model and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield in effect at the time of the grant.

	2006
	0.00
Expected Volatility	20%
Expected dividends	2.1%
Expected term (in years)	8.0
Risk-free rate	4.75%

A summary of option activity under the Plan during the six months ended June 30, 2006 is presented below:

Options 	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	24,642	\$6.36		
Granted	198,240	\$9.56		
Exercised	(18,560)	\$5.41		
Forfeited or expired	(540)	\$5.41		
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	203,782	\$8.67	8.13	\$181,366
Exercisable at June 30, 2006	4,433	\$5.87	1.91	\$ 14,762

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested shares as of June 30, 2006, and changes during the quarter ended June 30, 2006, is presented below:

Nonvested Shares	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2006 Granted Vested Forfeited	2,218 198,240 (1,109)	\$5.21 \$9.56 \$5.21
Nonvested at June 30, 2006	199,349	\$9.51

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As of June 30, 2006 there was \$1,063,213 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements under the Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 4.7 years. The total fair value of shares vested during the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$1,198.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006 the Company awarded 63,250 shares under the Recognition and Retention Plan ("RRP"). Shares issued under the RRP and exercised pursuant to the exercise of the stock option plan may be either authorized but unissued shares or reacquired shares held by the Company as treasury stock.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS TO EXTEND CREDIT

The Company is a party to credit-related financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, stand by letters of credit, and commercial lines of credit. Such commitments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. The Company's exposure to credit loss is represented by the contracted amount of these commitments. The Company follows the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

At June 30, 2006, the Company had outstanding commitments to originate loans of \$54.2 million. These commitments included \$6.9 million for permanent one-to-four family dwellings, \$25.6 million for non-residential loans, \$1.5 million of undisbursed loan proceeds for construction of one-to-four family dwellings, \$8.6 million of undisbursed lines of credit on home equity loans, \$1.6 million of unused credit card lines, \$7.4 million of unused commercial lines of credit, \$826,000 of undisbursed commercial construction, \$110,000 of unused Letters of Credit and \$1.7 million in unused Bounce Protection.

NOTE 6 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's principal activities include banking and the sale of insurance products through its wholly owned subsidiary, ICA. The Bank provides financial products including retail and commercial loans as well as retail and commercial deposits. ICA receives commissions from the sale of various insurance products including health, life, and property. The segments were determined based on the nature of the products provided to customers.

The financial information for each operating segment is reported on the basis used internally to evaluate performance and allocate resources. The allocations have been consistently applied for all periods presented. Revenues and expenses between affiliates have been transacted at rates that unaffiliated parties would pay. The only transaction between the segments thus far relates to a deposit on behalf of the ICA included in the Bank. The interest income and interest expense for this transaction has been eliminated. All other transactions are with external customers. The performance measurement of the operating segments is based on the management structure of the Company and is not necessarily comparable with similar information for any other financial institution. The information presented is also not necessarily indicative of the segment's financial condition and results of operations if they were independent entities.

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NOTE 6 - SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 (Dollars in Thousands)

	 Bank 		 : 	ICA Eliminations		Tot		
INTEREST INCOME INTEREST EXPENSE		1,209 2,083			\$	(3) (3)	\$	4, 2,
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	2	2,126 132		(2)		 		2,
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses OTHER INCOME OPERATING EXPENSES		336 2,195		740		 		1, 1, 2,
INCOME - Before federal income tax FEDERAL INCOME TAX		136 46		13 4		 		
NET INCOME	\$				\$		\$	
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$	172	\$		\$		\$	====
ASSETS	\$280	378,	\$4,	464	\$	==== (572)	\$	==== 284,
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS: Goodwill Intangible assets Property and equipment	\$	 292	\$	 18	\$	 	\$	====
TOTAL	\$	292	\$	18	\$	 -===	\$	

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Bank	ICA	Eliminations	Tot			
INTEREST INCOME INTEREST EXPENSE	\$ 3,723 1,645	\$ 1 	\$ (1) (1)	\$ 3, 1,			
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	2,078 183	1 	 	2,			
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses OTHER INCOME OPERATING EXPENSES		750	 	1, 1, 3,			
INCOME - Before federal income tax FEDERAL INCOME TAX	(485) (162)	33 10	 	(
NET INCOME	\$ (323)	·	\$	\$ (
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 164		\$	\$			
ASSETS	\$273 , 344	\$3 , 533	==== \$(349)	===== \$276 ,			
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS: Goodwill	\$	\$	\$	\$			

	===		===	 ==	
TOTAL	\$	249	\$	 \$	 \$
Property and equipment		249			
Intangible assets					

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NOTE 6 - SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 (Dollars in Thousands)

	(DOITAIS IN INCUSANUS)							
		Bank		ICA	Elim:	inations	_	Tot
INTEREST INCOME	\$	8,242			\$	` '	\$	- ,
INTEREST EXPENSE		4,000				(7)		3,
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		4,242 202		7				4,
FROVISION FOR DOAN DOSSES							_	
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses		4,040		7				4,
OTHER INCOME				,510				2,
OPERATING EXPENSES		4,334	1	,447				5,
INCOME - Before federal income tax		398		70				
FEDERAL INCOME TAX		133		24				
NET INCOME	\$	265	\$		\$	 	\$	
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$	343	\$	172	\$	 	\$	
ASSETS	\$2	80,378	\$4	,464	\$	 (572) ====	\$	284,
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:								
Goodwill	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intangible assets								
Property and equipment		748		21				
TOTAL	\$	748	\$	21	\$		\$	
	==	=====		====	==		=	

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Dollars in Thousands)

	,							
Bank 	IC	A 	Elimi	natio	ons	Tot		
\$ 7,228	\$	4	\$	(4)	\$	7,228		

NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses		3,247				(4)		3,243
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses		3,981 262		4 		 		3,985 262
OTHER INCOME OPERATING EXPENSES INCOME - Before federal income tax		3,719 714 4,735	1,	484		 		3,723 2,198 6,159
FEDERAL INCOME TAX NET INCOME		(302) (101)				 		(238) (80)
		(201)		43				(158)
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION								
ASSETS		324				 ===	'	388
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:	\$27	73 , 344	\$3,		\$ (349) ===	\$27	6,528 =====
Goodwill								
Intangible assets	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Property and equipment TOTAL		 589		9				 598
	\$	589	\$		\$		~	
	===		===	====	==	===	===	=====

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion compares the financial condition of the Company consolidated with its wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the results of operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements and footnotes included herein.

OVERVIEW

For the quarter ended June 30, 2006, the Company's earnings were \$98,500 compared to a net loss of \$300,300 for the year earlier period, an increase of \$398,800. However, in the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company made a one-time charitable contribution of \$679,940 (approximately \$449,000 after tax) to the First Federal Community Foundation. Absent the after-tax effect of this charitable contribution, net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 would have been approximately \$50,000 lower than for the same period in 2005. The Company sold bonds at a loss of \$43,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2006, which accounts for most of the decline in net income quarter over quarter.

The Bank's Return on Average Assets (ROA) for the trailing twelve months ended June 30, 2006 was 37 basis points compared to 25 basis points for the same

period one year earlier. Management uses ROA as a tool to measure the performance of the Bank. ROA is reviewed on a trailing twelve-month basis each month by management and the Board of Directors.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

On August 31, 2005 the Company broke ground on a new bank branch to replace an existing leased branch in Lewiston, Michigan. As of June 30, 2006, the Company had expended \$1,063,478 on the new branch, including the cost of the land. The total cost of the construction project is expected to be approximately \$1,130,000. The Company believes that the new branch, which opened for business on June 26, 2006, will further enhance its expansion into the Lewiston market.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS: Total assets increased \$1.5 million, or 0.53%, to \$284.3 million at June 30, 2006 from \$282.8 million at December 31, 2005. Investment securities available for sale decreased \$6.9 million, or 13.0%, from December 31, 2005 to June 30, 2006. During the quarter ended June 30, 2006, the Company sold \$7.0 million in low-yielding investment securities at a realized loss of approximately \$43,000. The proceeds from the sale of the investment securities were used to pay off high cost FHLB advances and the Company expects that by the end of calendar 2006, this strategy will result in approximately \$45,000 in pre-tax earnings. Net loans receivable increased \$8.3 million, or 4.15%, to \$209.5 million at June 30, 2006 from \$201.2 million at December 31, 2005. The growth in net loans was attributable primarily to growth in the commercial loan portfolios.

LIABILITIES: Deposits decreased \$2.3 million or 1.21% to \$186.4 million at June 30, 2006 from \$188.7 million at December 31, 2005. This decrease was the result of the maturity of a \$600,000 brokered CD pool and decreases of \$1.4 million in statement savings accounts, \$1.1 million in commercial sweep accounts, and \$2.5 million in CD balances, partially offset by increases of \$600,000 in demand deposit accounts and \$2.7 million in money market balances. Despite the pay down of FHLB advances from the sale of investment securities during the quarter, FHLB advances increased \$5.6 million, or 10.64%, to \$58.6 million at June 30, 2006 from \$52.9 million at December 31, 2005 to fund loan growth and the decline in deposits.

EQUITY: Stockholders' equity decreased by \$1.2 million, or 3.38%, to \$35.4 million at June 30, 2006. Net earnings for the quarter of \$98,500 were offset by a dividend declaration of \$154,100 and loss in value of available-for-sale securities of \$179,000. The loss in value of these securities was due to changes in

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interest rates and was not considered by management to be other than temporary. In addition, the Company repurchased 114,167 shares of its common stock in the current quarter which will more than offset 63,250 restricted shares granted to key managers under the 2006 Stock-Based Incentive Plan approved by the shareholders at the Company's annual meeting on May 17, 2006.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

GENERAL: Net income increased by \$398,800 to \$98,500 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 from a loss of \$300,300 for the quarter ended June 30, 2005. However, in the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company made a one-time charitable contribution of \$679,940 (approximately \$449,000 after tax) to the

First Federal Community Foundation. Absent the after-tax effect of this charitable contribution, net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 would have been approximately \$50,000 lower than for the same period in 2005. As discussed above in the "Assets" section, the Company sold bonds at a loss of \$43,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2006 which accounted for most of the decline in net income quarter over quarter.

INTEREST INCOME: Interest income was \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared to \$3.7 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest income was due to an increase in average balances of commercial loans, and an increase in yield in adjustable-rate loans. Adjustable-rate commercial loans, which are tied to the prime rate, generated an additional \$346,000 in interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same quarter a year ago, due in part to an increase in average balance of \$12.7 million and in part to an increase in prime rate of 200 basis points from 6.25% at June 30, 2005 to 8.25% at June 30, 2006. An increase in yield on other adjustable-rate loans, consisting primarily of adjustable mortgage and HELOCs, also contributed to the increase in interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same period one year ago.

INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest expense was \$2.1 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2006, compared to \$1.6 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005. The 26.75% increase in interest expense was attributable to an increased cost of funds of 68 basis points on interest bearing deposits for the period ended June 30, 2006 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. In addition, the average balance of FHLB borrowings increased from \$52.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 to \$60.9 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2006, while the cost of those borrowings increased by 20 basis points due to market interest rate increases.

NET INTEREST INCOME: Net interest income was maintained at \$2.1 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, average interest-earning assets increased \$14.2 million, or 5.6% when compared to the same period in 2005. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$9.0 million, or 4.0% for the same period. The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 6.28% for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 from 5.86% for the same period ended in 2005 while the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities increased to 3.51% from 2.88%. The net interest rate margin decreased to 3.18% for the three month period ended June 30, 2006, from 3.28% for same period in 2005.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES: The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. The provision for loan losses amounted to \$133,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 and \$183,000 for the comparable period in 2005 when the Bank experienced its first commercial charge-off.

NONINTEREST INCOME: Noninterest income was \$1.1 million for both the three month period ended June 30, 2006, and for the same period in 2005. Quarter over quarter, the Company experienced a decline in mortgage banking activities income of \$15,000 and a decline in insurance brokerage commissions of \$10,000. In addition the Company realized a \$43,500 loss on sale of investment securities (as explained above) during the quarter ended June 30, 2006. However, quarter over quarter, the Company experienced increases of \$30,000 in service charges and other fees.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE: Noninterest expenses were \$2.9 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2006, a \$527,000 or 15.3% decrease from the same period in 2005. The decrease was primarily due to the \$679,940 one-time contribution to the First Federal Community Foundation in the quarter ended June 30, 2005. Also, during the quarter ended June 30, 2006, as required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 123 (Revised), the Company began expensing stock options and stock awards granted to employees and directors during the quarter, resulting in additional compensation expense of approximately \$40,000 for the quarter. In addition, amortization of intangible assets increased by \$45,000, as a result of the reduction of the amortization period of the ICA third-party contract intangible asset to five years effective January 1, 2006, and as a result of the December 2005 acquisition by ICA of a book of insurance business which created an amortizable intangible asset. Lastly, the Company increased advertising quarter over quarter by \$47,000 in an effort to maintain market share.

INCOME TAXES: Federal income taxes increased to \$49,300 (33.4% of income) for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 compared to a tax benefit of \$152,000 (33.6% of the net loss) for the same period in 2005. The increase for the three month period was attributable to an increase in pre-tax income.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

GENERAL: Net income increased by \$469,000 to \$311,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2006 from a loss of \$158,300 for the six months ended June 30, 2005. As discussed above, the increase in earnings period over period was primarily attributable to the one-time contribution of \$679,940 (approximately \$449,000 after tax) to the First Federal Community Foundation.

INTEREST INCOME: Interest income was \$8.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to \$7.2 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase of \$1.0 million was due to an increase in average balances of commercial loans, and an increase in yield in adjustable-rate loans. Adjustable-rate commercial loans, which are tied to the prime rate, generated an additional \$675,000 in interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same period a year ago, due in part to an increase in average balance of \$12.7 million and in part to an increase in prime rate of 200 basis points from 6.25% at June 30, 2005 to 8.25% at June 30, 2006. An increase in yield on other adjustable rate loans, consisting primarily of adjustable mortgage and HELOCs, also contributed to the increase in interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same period one year ago.

INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest expense was \$3.9 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, compared to \$3.2 million for the same period in 2005. The 23.13% increase in interest expense was attributable to an increased cost of funds on interest bearing deposits for the period ended June 30, 2006 compared to June 30, 2005. The year-to-date average balance of interest-bearing deposits increased by \$4.1 million or 2.4% when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005 and the cost of those deposits increased by 58 basis points. The year-to-date average balance of FHLB borrowings increased from \$54.3 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 to \$58.7 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, while the cost of those borrowings increased by 24 basis points due to market interest rate increases.

NET INTEREST INCOME: Net interest income increased by \$264,000 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, average interest-earning assets increased \$17.2 million, or 6.9% when compared to the same period in 2005. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$8.9 million, or 3.9% for the same period. The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 6.20% for the six month period ended June 30, 2006 from 5.81% for the same period ended in 2005 while the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities increased to 3.40% from 2.87%. The net interest rate

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margin decreased to 3.20% for the six month period ended June 30, 2006, from 3.21% for same period in 2005. Again, as stated in the quarter to quarter analysis, the Company's cost of funds was increasing at a more rapid rate than its asset yields. The Company continues to focus on relationship building in terms of deposit gathering, with emphasis on commercial and personal demand accounts, as opposed to a reliance on CD deposits, which generally carry a higher cost of funds.

DELINQUENT LOANS AND NONPERFORMING ASSETS. The following table sets forth information regarding loans delinquent 90 days or more and Real Estate Owned/Other Repossessed Assets by the Bank at the dates indicated. As of the dates indicated, the Bank did not have any material restructured loans within the meaning of SFAS 15.

	2006	DECEMBER 31, 2005
	(Dollars	in thousands)
Total non-accrual loans	\$1 , 779	\$1,353
Accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more: One- to four-family residential Other real estate loans Consumer/Commercial	592 841 693	1,684 670 300
Total accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more	\$2,126	\$2,654
Total nonperforming loans (1)	3,905 657 10	4,007 427 8
Total nonperforming assets	\$4 , 572	• •
Total nonperforming loans to loans receivable Total nonperforming assets to total assets		1.97%

- (1) All of the Bank's loans delinquent more than 90 days are classified as nonperforming.
- (2) Represents the net book value of property acquired by the Bank through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. Upon acquisition, this property

is recorded at the lower of its fair market value or the principal balance of the related loan.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES: The provision for loan losses amounted to \$202,500 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 and \$262,300 for the comparable period in 2005 when the Bank experienced its first commercial charge-off. At June 30, 2006 the percent of nonperforming loans decreased to 185 basis points from 197 basis points at December 31, 2005. As a percent of total assets, nonperforming loans decreased to 155 basis points at June 30, 2006 from 157 basis points at December 31, 2005.

NONINTEREST INCOME: Noninterest income was \$2.2 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, and for the same period in 2005. While the total amount did not change period over period, there was some shifting among the components of noninterest income. Income from mortgage banking activities continued to decline as mortgage origination activity slowed. The Company has become more reliant in 2006 on service charge and other fee income, including overdraft privileges and skip-a-pay fees.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE: Noninterest expense was \$5.8 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, a \$378,000 or 6.14% decrease from the same period in 2005. The main reason for the decrease was the \$679,940 one-time contribution to the First Federal Community Foundation for the six month period ended June 30, 2005. Costs that increased period over period include: advertising \$57,000; occupancy \$75,000 (due to increased heating costs and additional costs associated with the new branch in Cheboygan which opened in mid-2005); amortization of intangible assets \$99,000; and other expense \$72,000.

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INCOME TAXES: Federal income taxes increased to \$156,700 (33.5% of income) for the six month period ended June 30, 2006 compared to a tax benefit of \$79,900 (33.5% of net loss) for the same period in 2005. The increase for the six month period was attributable to an increase in pre-tax income.

LIQUIDITY

The Company's current liquidity position is more than adequate to fund expected asset growth. The Company's primary sources of funds are deposits, FHLB advances, proceeds from principal and interest payments and prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed and investment securities and sale of long-term fixed-rate mortgages into the secondary market. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and mortgage-backed securities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows, mortgage prepayments and sale of mortgage loans into the secondary market are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

Liquidity represents the amount of an institution's assets that can be quickly and easily converted into cash without significant loss. The most liquid assets are cash, short-term U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government agency securities and certificates of deposit. The Company is required to maintain sufficient levels of liquidity as defined by the OTS regulations. This requirement may be varied at the direction of the OTS. Regulations currently in effect require that the Company must maintain sufficient liquidity to ensure its safe and sound operation. The Company's objective for liquidity is to be above 20%. Liquidity as of June 30, 2006 was \$64.3 million, or 33.9%, compared to \$77.8 million, or 39.3% at December 31, 2005. The levels of these assets are dependent on the Company's operating, financing, lending and investing activities during any given period. The liquidity calculated by the Company

includes additional borrowing capacity available with the FHLB. This borrowing capacity is based on the FHLB stock owned by the Bank along with pledged collateral. As of June 30, 2006, the Bank had unused borrowing capacity totaling 45.2 million at the FHLB based on the FHLB stock ownership.

The Company intends to retain for the portfolio certain originated residential mortgage loans (primarily adjustable rate, balloon and shorter-term fixed rate mortgage loans) and to generally sell the remainder in the secondary market. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 the Company originated \$17.2 million in residential mortgage loans, of which \$10.9 million were retained in portfolio while the remainder were sold in the secondary market or are being held for sale. This compares to \$27.1 million in originations during the first six months of 2005 of which \$18.1 million were retained in portfolio. The Company also originated \$12.6 million of commercial loans and \$8.3 million of consumer loans in the first six months of 2006 compared to \$21.5 million of commercial loans and \$6.2 million of consumer loans for the same period in 2005. Of total loans receivable, excluding loans held for sale, mortgage loans comprised 49.4% and 52.3%, commercial loans 37.3% and 35.0% and consumer loans 13.3% and 12.8% at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 respectively.

Deposits are a primary source of funds for use in lending and for other general business purposes. At June 30, 2006 deposits funded 65.6% of the Company's total assets compared to 66.8% at December 31, 2005. Certificates of deposit scheduled to mature in less than one year at June 30, 2006 totaled \$88.1 million. Management believes that a significant portion of such deposits will remain with the Company. The Bank monitors the deposit rates offered by competition in the area and sets rates that take into account the prevailing market conditions along with the Bank's liquidity position. While management believes that the expected growth in assets is not expected to require significant in-flows of liquidity, market conditions have forced us, in some instances, to be a market leader in rates paid for deposit liabilities to maintain current deposit levels and fund loan growth without having to rely heavily on more costly FHLB advances.

Borrowings may be used to compensate for seasonal or other reductions in normal sources of funds or for deposit outflows at more than projected levels. Borrowings may also be used on a longer-term basis to support increased lending or investment activities. At June 30, 2006, the Company had \$58.6 million in FHLB advances. FLHB borrowings as a percentage of total assets were 20.6% at June 30, 2006 as compared to 18.7% at December 31, 2005. The Company has sufficient available collateral to obtain additional advances of \$13.9

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million. When this is combined with current FHLB stock ownership the Company could obtain up to an additional \$45.2 million in advances from the FHLB.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Stockholders' equity at June 30, 2006 was \$35.4 million, or 12.85% of total assets, compared to \$36.6 million, or 13.0% of total assets, at December 31, 2005 (See "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity"). The Bank is subject to certain capital-to-assets levels in accordance with the OTS regulations. The Bank exceeded all regulatory capital requirements at June 30, 2006. The following table summarizes the Bank's actual capital with the regulatory capital requirements and with requirements to be "Well Capitalized" under prompt corrective action provisions, as of June 30, 2006:

	Actual		Regulatory tual Minimum			to be
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
			Dollars in	Thousands		
Tangible Capital (to						
tangible assets)	\$30,151	10.74%	\$ 4,211	1.50%	\$ 5,615	2.00%
Tier 1 (Core) capital (to risk -						
weighted assets)	\$30,151	10.74%	\$11 , 230	4.00%	\$14,038	5.00%
Total risk-based capital (to risk- weighted assets) Tier 1 risk-based capital (to	\$31,738	16.43%	\$15,454	8.00%	\$19,318	10.00%
tangible assets)	\$30,151	15.61%	\$ 7 , 727	4.00%	\$11 , 591	6.00%

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 3 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms and in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (or its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in its periodic SEC filings.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over the financial reporting during the Company's second quarter of fiscal year 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings:

There are no material legal proceedings to which the Company is a party or of which any of its property is subject. From time to time the Company is a party to various legal proceedings incident to its business.

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds:

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On May 17, 2006 the Company announced a share repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to 156,000 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. All repurchases under the Company's share repurchase program are transacted in the open market and are within the scope of Rule 10b-18, which provides a safe harbor for purchases in a given day if an issuer of equity securities satisfies the manner, timing, price and volume conditions of the rule when repurchasing its own common shares in the open market. The following table summarizes the Company's share repurchase activity for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
4/1/2006 to 4/30/2006				N/A
5/1/2006 to 5/31/2006	1,762	9.90	1,762	154,238
6/1/2006 to 6/30/2006	112,405	10.02	112,405	41,833
Total	114,167	10.02	114,167	

Item 3 - Defaults upon Senior Securities:

Not applicable.

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Company was held on May 17, 2006. The results of the vote were as follows:

 The following individuals were elected as directors for a three (3) year term:

	Votes For	Votes Withheld
Gary C. VanMassenhove Thomas R. Townsend	2,581,318 2,581,336	386,523 386,505

2. The approval of the First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. 2006 Stock-Based Incentive Plan:

				Broker
	For	Against	Abstain	Nonvote
Number of Votes	1,174,182	882,895	26,107	884,657

3. The ratification of the appointment of Plante & Moran, PLLC as independent auditors of the Company for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006:

	For	Against	Abstain
Number of Votes	2,680,841	164,293	122,707

Item 5 - Other Information:

Not applicable

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibit 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Statement of Chief Executive Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 Statement of Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.

By: /s/ Martin A. Thomson

Martin A. Thomson Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 14, 2006

By: /s/ Amy E. Essex

Amy E. Essex, Chief Financial

Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting

Officer)

Date: August 14, 2006

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits	Description
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