MERCANTILE BANK CORP Form 10-Q May 09, 2011

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File No. 000-26719 MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan

38-3360865

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

310 Leonard Street, NW, Grand Rapids, MI 49504

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(616) 406-3000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting

(Do not check if a smaller

company b

reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

At May 9, 2011, there were 8,605,046 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

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MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010 (Audited)
ASSETS	(,	(,
Cash and due from banks	\$ 11,277,000	\$ 6,674,000
Short-term investments	9,543,000	9,600,000
Federal funds sold	56,068,000	47,924,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	76,888,000	64,198,000
Securities available for sale	207,321,000	220,830,000
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	14,345,000	14,345,000
Loans	1,206,886,000	1,262,630,000
Allowance for loan losses	(42,118,000)	(45,368,000)
Loans, net	1,164,768,000	1,217,262,000
Premises and equipment, net	27,518,000	27,873,000
Bank owned life insurance	47,182,000	46,743,000
Accrued interest receivable	5,885,000	5,942,000
Other real estate owned and repossessed assets	15,884,000	16,675,000
Other assets	17,144,000	18,553,000
Total assets	\$ 1,576,935,000	\$ 1,632,421,000
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Deposits Noninterest-bearing	\$ 136,025,000	\$ 112,944,000
Interest-bearing	1,117,619,000	1,160,888,000
interest-ocaring	1,117,017,000	1,100,000,000
Total deposits	1,253,644,000	1,273,832,000
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	80,821,000	116,979,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	65,000,000	65,000,000
Subordinated debentures	32,990,000	32,990,000
Other borrowed money	11,733,000	11,804,000
Accrued interest and other liabilities	5,933,000	5,880,000
Total liabilities	1,450,121,000	1,506,485,000
Shareholders equity		

Preferred stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; 21,000 shares outstanding at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010	20,138,000	20,077,000
Common stock, no par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 8,601,117		
shares outstanding at March 31, 2011 and 8,597,993 shares outstanding at		
December 31, 2010	172,732,000	172,677,000
Common stock warrant	1,138,000	1,138,000
Retained earnings (deficit)	(67,693,000)	(68,781,000)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	499,000	825,000
Total shareholders equity	126,814,000	125,936,000
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 1,576,935,000	\$ 1,632,421,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010
Interest income		
Loans, including fees	\$ 16,732,000	\$ 20,406,000
Securities, taxable	1,916,000	1,983,000
Securities, tax-exempt	475,000	760,000
Federal funds sold	30,000	31,000
Short-term investments	6,000	9,000
Total interest income	19,159,000	23,189,000
Interest expense		
Deposits	4,634,000	6,497,000
Short-term borrowings	161,000	344,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	606,000	1,696,000
Other borrowings	309,000	346,000
Total interest expense	5,710,000	8,883,000
Net interest income	13,449,000	14,306,000
Provision for loan losses	2,200,000	8,400,000
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	11,249,000	5,906,000
Noninterest income		
Service charges on accounts	422,000	466,000
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	439,000	411,000
Rental income from other real estate owned	186,000	401,000
Mortgage banking activities	132,000	100,000
Net gain on sales of securities	0	476,000
Gain on sales of commercial loans	0	220,000
Other income	573,000	581,000
Total noninterest income	1,752,000	2,655,000
Noninterest expense		
Salaries and benefits	4,371,000	4,665,000
Occupancy	701,000	750,000
Furniture and equipment depreciation, rent and maintenance	303,000	409,000
Nonperforming asset costs	3,098,000	2,504,000

FDIC insurance costs Other expense		916,000 2,192,000		1,186,000 2,120,000
Total noninterest expenses		11,581,000		11,634,000
Income (loss) before federal income tax expense (benefit)		1,420,000		(3,073,000)
Federal income tax expense (benefit)		0		(430,000)
Net income (loss)		1,420,000		(2,643,000)
Preferred stock dividends and accretion		332,000		320,000
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares	\$	1,088,000	\$	(2,963,000)
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.				

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Province (loss) non chora	E Ma 2	e Months inded rch 31, 2011	E Ma	e Months Ended arch 31, 2010
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.13	\$	(0.35)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.12	\$	(0.35)
Cash dividends per share	\$	0.00	\$	0.01
Average basic shares outstanding	8	,599,166	8	3,501,671
Average diluted shares outstanding	8	,884,675	8	3,501,671
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial st	atement	es.		

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (Unaudited)

(\$ in thousands)	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Common Stock Warrant	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Shareholders Equity
Balances, January 1, 2011	\$ 20,077	\$ 172,677	\$ 1,138	\$ (68,781)	\$ 825	\$ 125,936
Accretion of preferred stock	61			(61)		0
Employee stock purchase plan (1,059 shares)		11				11
Stock option exercises (3,500 shares)		22				22
Dividend reinvestment plan (10 shares)		0				0
Stock-based compensation expense		22				22
Preferred stock dividends				(271)		(271)
Comprehensive income (loss):						
Net income for the period from January 1, 2011 through March 31, 2011				1,420		1,420
Change in net unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net of reclassifications and tax effect					(326)	(326)
Total comprehensive income						1,094
	\$ 20,138	\$ 172,732	\$ 1,138	\$ (67,693)	\$ 499	\$ 126,814

Balances, March 31, 2011

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Preferred	Common	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders
(\$ in thousands) Balances, January 1,	Stock	Stock	Warrant	(Deficit)	(Loss)	Equity
2010	\$ 19,839	\$ 172,438	\$ 1,138	\$ (54,170)	\$ 859	\$ 140,104
Accretion of preferred stock	57			(57)		0
Employee stock purchase plan (3,003 shares)		12				12
Dividend reinvestment plan (687 shares)		2				2
Stock-based compensation expense		126				126
Cash dividends (\$0.01 per common share)		(85)				(85)
Preferred stock dividends				(264)		(264)
Comprehensive income (loss):						
Net loss for the period from January 1, 2010 through March 31, 2010				(2,643)		(2,643)
Change in net unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net of reclassifications and tax effect					758	758
Net unrealized gain on securities transferred from held to maturity to available for sale, net of						
tax effect					274	274

Reclassification of unrealized gain on interest rate swaps, net of tax effect

(64)

Total comprehensive loss

(1,675)

Balances, March 31, 2010

\$ 19,896

\$172,493

\$ 1,138

\$ (57,134)

\$ 1,827

\$ 138,220

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Cash flows from an arating activities	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 1,420,000	\$ (2,643,000)
Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from operating	\$ 1,420,000	\$ (2,643,000)
activities		
Depreciation and amortization	575,000	615,000
Provision for loan losses	2,200,000	8,400,000
Stock-based compensation expense	22,000	126,000
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans held for sale	9,703,000	7,297,000
Origination of mortgage loans held for sale	(7,503,000)	(5,326,000)
Net gain from sales of mortgage loans held for sale	(91,000)	(58,000)
Gain on sales of commercial loans	0	(220,000)
Net gain on sale of held to maturity securities	0	(476,000)
Net loss on sale and valuation write-down of foreclosed assets	574,000	817,000
Recognition of unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	0	(99,000)
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(439,000)	(411,000)
Net change in:		
Accrued interest receivable	57,000	31,000
Other assets	1,387,000	466,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(218,000)	(1,186,000)
Net cash from operating activities	7,687,000	7,333,000
Cash flows from investing activities		
Loan originations and payments, net	46,215,000	26,602,000
Purchases of:		
Securities available for sale	(2,002,000)	(7,525,000)
Proceeds from:		
Maturities, calls and repayments of available for sale securities	15,043,000	17,958,000
Sales of held to maturity securities	0	20,452,000
Proceeds from sales of commercial loans	0	5,519,000
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	2,187,000	4,923,000
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(56,000)	(14,000)
Net cash from investing activities	61,387,000	67,915,000
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net decrease in time deposits	(39,542,000)	(64,396,000)
Net increase in all other deposits	19,354,000	82,978,000
Net decrease in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(36,158,000)	(1,136,000)
Net decrease in federal funds purchased	0	(2,600,000)
Maturities of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	0	(15,000,000)
Net decrease in other borrowed money	(71,000)	(61,000)

Proceeds from stock option exercises	22,000	0
Employee stock purchase plan	11,000	12,000
Dividend reinvestment plan	0	2,000
Payment of cash dividends on preferred stock	0	(264,000)
Payment of cash dividends on common shares	0	(85,000)
Net cash for financing activities	(56,384,000)	(550,000)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		mree Months Ended March 31, 2011 12,690,000 64,198,000	hree Months Ended March 31, 2010 74,698,000 21,735,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	76,888,000	\$ 96,433,000
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$	6,057,000	\$ 10,536,000
Federal income tax		0	0
Noncash financing and investing activities:			
Transfers from loans to foreclosed assets		1,970,000	2,228,000
Preferred stock cash dividend accrued		937,000	131,000
See accompanying notes to consolidated finar 7	icial state	ements.	

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: The unaudited financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011 include the consolidated results of operations of Mercantile Bank Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. These subsidiaries include Mercantile Bank of Michigan (our bank) and our bank sthree subsidiaries, Mercantile Bank Mortgage Company, LLC (our mortgage company), Mercantile Bank Real Estate Co., LLC (our real estate company), and Mercantile Insurance Center, Inc. (our insurance center). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Item 303(b) of Regulation S-K and do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for a complete presentation of our financial condition and results of operations. In the opinion of management, the information reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading and for a fair presentation of the results of operations for such periods. The results for the period ended March 31, 2011 should not be considered as indicative of results for a full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

We formed a business trust, Mercantile Bank Capital Trust I (the trust), in 2004 to issue trust preferred securities. We issued subordinated debentures to the trust in return for the proceeds raised from the issuance of the trust preferred securities. The trust is not consolidated, but instead we report the subordinated debentures issued to the trust as a liability.

Earnings Per Share: Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares and participating securities outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share include the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under our stock-based compensation plans and our common stock warrant, and are determined using the treasury stock method. Our unvested restricted shares, which contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends whether paid or accrued (i.e., participating securities), are included in the number of shares outstanding for both basic and diluted earnings per share calculations. In the event of a net loss, our unvested restricted shares are excluded from the calculation of both basic and diluted earnings per share. Approximately 73,000 unvested restricted shares were included in determining both basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011. In addition, stock options and a stock warrant for approximately 53,000 and 616,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Stock options for approximately 205,000 shares of common stock were antidilutive and not included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Due to our prior year net loss, approximately 88,000 unvested restricted shares were not included in determining both basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2010. In addition, stock options and a stock warrant for approximately 292,000 and 616,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were antidilutive and not included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding equals the weighted average common shares outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2010 due to the net loss recorded during that time period.

(Continued)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for Loan Losses: The allowance for loan losses (allowance) is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when we believe the uncollectability of a loan is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. We estimate the allowance balance required using past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions and other factors. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in our judgment, should be charged-off.

A loan is impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable we will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. We determine the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of delay, the reasons for delay, the borrower s prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. We do not separately identify individual residential and consumer loans for impairment disclosures. Troubled Debt Restructurings: A loan is accounted for as a troubled debt restructuring if we, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower s financial condition, grant a significant concession to the borrower that we would not otherwise consider. A troubled debt restructuring may involve the receipt of assets from the debtor in partial or full satisfaction of the loan, or a modification of terms such as a reduction of the stated interest rate or balance of the loan, a reduction of accrued interest, an extension of the maturity date at a stated interest rate lower than the current market rate for a new loan with similar risk, or some combination of these concessions. Troubled debt restructurings generally remain categorized as nonperforming loans until a six-month payment history has been maintained.

<u>Derivatives</u>: Derivative financial instruments are recognized as assets or liabilities at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the use of the derivatives and whether the derivatives qualify for hedge accounting. Historically, our derivatives have consisted of interest rate swap agreements, which are used as part of our asset and liability management to help manage interest rate risk. We do not use derivatives for trading purposes.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received on various loans and are effective are reported in other comprehensive income. They are later reclassified into earnings in the same periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings and are included in the line item in which the hedged cash flows are recorded. If hedge accounting does not apply, changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized immediately in current earnings as noninterest income or expense.

(Continued)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

If designated as a hedge, we formally document the relationship between derivatives as hedged items, as well as the risk-management objective and the strategy for undertaking hedge transactions. This documentation includes linking cash flow hedges to specific assets on the balance sheet. If designated as a hedge, we also formally assess, both at the hedge s inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivative instruments that are used are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged items. Ineffective hedge gains and losses are recognized immediately in current earnings as noninterest income or expense. We discontinue hedge accounting when we determine the derivative is no longer effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item, the derivative is settled or terminates, or treatment of the derivatives as a hedge is no longer appropriate or intended. Adoption of New Accounting Standards: In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2010-06, Improving Disclosure about Fair Value Measurements. This ASU requires new disclosures on the amount and reason for transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 recurring fair value measurements. The ASU also requires disclosure of activities (i.e., on a gross basis), including purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements, in the reconciliation of Level 3 recurring fair value measurements. The ASU clarifies existing disclosure requirements on levels of disaggregation and disclosures about inputs and valuation techniques. The new disclosure regarding Level 1 and Level 2 recurring fair value measurements and clarification of existing disclosures were effective beginning January 1, 2010. Upon adoption of those portions of the ASU in our 2010 first quarter, we began providing the required disclosures as currently presented in Note 10. The disclosures about the reconciliation of information in Level 3 recurring fair value measurements are required beginning January 1, 2011. There was no effect on our fair value disclosures presented in Note 10 upon adoption of the final portion of the ASU in our 2011 first quarter, as we currently have no Level 3 recurring fair value measurements. In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-20, Disclosure about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. In order to provide greater transparency, this ASU requires significant new disclosures on a disaggregated basis about the allowance for credit losses (i.e., allowance for loan losses for banks) and the credit quality of financing receivables (i.e., loans for banks). Under the ASU, a rollforward schedule of the allowance for loan losses, with the ending allowance balance further disaggregated on the basis of the impairment method, along with the related ending loan balance and significant purchases and sales of loans during the period are to be disclosed by portfolio segment. Additional disclosures are required by class of loan, including credit quality, aging of past due loans, nonaccrual status and impairment information. Disclosure of the nature and extent of troubled debt restructurings (TDR) that occurred during the period and their effect on the allowance for loan losses as well as the effect on the allowance of TDRs that occurred within the prior twelve months and that defaulted during the current reporting period will also be required. The disclosures are to be presented at the level of disaggregation that management uses when assessing and monitoring the loan portfolio s risk and performance. The majority of disclosures required as of the end of a reporting period were effective as of December 31, 2010. Upon adoption of those portions of the ASU on December 31, 2010, we began providing the required end of period disclosures as currently presented in Note 3. The disclosures about activity are effective January 1, 2011. Upon adoption of the final portion of the ASU in our 2011 first quarter, we began providing the required activity disclosures, with the exception of the new TDR related disclosures, as currently presented in Note 3. In January 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-01, Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20, which temporarily deferred the effective date for disclosures related to TDRs.

(Continued)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-2, A Creditor s Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring, to clarify when a loan modification or restructuring is considered a TDR. When performing this evaluation under the ASU, a creditor must use judgment to determine whether (1) the debtor (i.e., the borrower) is experiencing financial difficulty, and (2) the lender has granted a concession to the borrower. The ASU amends current guidance to include indicators that a lender should consider in determining whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. It further clarifies that a borrower could be experiencing financial difficulty even if it is not currently in default but default is probable in the foreseeable future. With respect to whether the lender has granted a concession to the borrower, the ASU indicates (1) a borrower s inability to access funds at a market interest rate for debt with similar risk characteristics as the restructured debt indicates that the modification was executed at a below-market rate and therefore may indicate a concession was granted, (2) a modification that permanently or temporarily increases a loan s contractual interest rate does not preclude it from being considered a concession because the rate may still be below the market interest rate for new debt with similar risk characteristics, and (3) a modification that results in a delay in payment that is insignificant is not considered to be a concession. The ASU also clarifies that a creditor is precluded from using the borrower s effective interest rate test when performing this evaluation. For TDR identification and disclosure purposes, the guidance is effective for our 2011 third quarter and is to be applied retrospectively to modifications occurring on or after January 1, 2011 that remain outstanding at September 30, 2011. The effect, if any, of the change in the method of calculating impairment will be reflected in our 2011 third quarter. The ASU requires disclosure of the total recorded investment and allowance for loan losses for newly identified TDRs, based on the new guidance, as of September 30, 2011. Beginning in our 2011 third quarter, we are also required to disclose the previously deferred TDR activity related disclosures required by ASU 2010-20. Although early adoption of this ASU is permitted, we plan to adopt the new guidance in our 2011 third quarter. We do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-03, *Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements*, to improve financial reporting of repurchase agreements and other agreements that both entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets on substantially the agreed upon terms. This ASU eliminates consideration of the transferor s ability to fulfill its contractual rights and obligations from the criteria, as well as related implementation guidance (i.e., that it possesses adequate collateral to fund substantially all the cost of purchasing replacement financial assets), in determining effective control, even in the event of default by the transferee. Other criteria applicable to the assessment of effective control are not changed by this new guidance. This ASU is effective January 1, 2012. We do not expect the adoption of this new ASU to have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

(Continued)

2. SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of available for sale securities and the related pre-tax gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

March 31, 2011	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Government agency debt obligations	\$ 112,641,000	\$ 1,344,000	\$ (2,540,000)	\$ 111,445,000
Mortgage-backed securities	40,390,000	2,585,000	0	42,975,000
Michigan Strategic Fund bonds	18,105,000	0	0	18,105,000
Municipal general obligation bonds	28,591,000	344,000	(293,000)	28,642,000
Municipal revenue bonds	4,838,000	54,000	(10,000)	4,882,000
Mutual funds	1,274,000	0	(2,000)	1,272,000
	\$ 205,839,000	\$4,327,000	\$ (2,845,000)	\$ 207,321,000
December 31, 2010				
U.S. Government agency debt obligations	\$ 121,633,000	\$ 1,704,000	\$ (1,775,000)	\$ 121,562,000
Mortgage-backed securities	44,340,000	2,601,000	0	46,941,000
Michigan Strategic Fund bonds	18,175,000	0	0	18,175,000
Municipal general obligation bonds	28,594,000	227,000	(779,000)	28,042,000
Municipal revenue bonds	4,841,000	46,000	(44,000)	4,843,000
Mutual funds	1,264,000	3,000	0	1,267,000
	\$ 218,847,000	\$4,581,000	\$ (2,598,000)	\$ 220,830,000
	(Continued) 12			

2. **SECURITIES** (Continued)

Securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, are as follows:

	Less than Fair	12 Months Unrealized	12 Months or More Fair Unrealized		Total Fair Unrealize	
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss
March 31, 2011 U.S. Government agency debt						
obligations Mortgage-backed	\$ 62,684,000	\$ (2,540,000)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 62,684,000	\$ (2,540,000)
securities Michigan Strategic	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fund bonds Municipal general	0	0	0	0	0	0
obligation bonds Municipal revenue	3,227,000	(64,000)	6,290,000	(229,000)	9,517,000	(293,000)
bonds	516,000	(4,000)	234,000	(6,000)	750,000	(10,000)
Mutual funds	1,272,000	(2,000)	0	0	1,272,000	(2,000)
	\$ 67,699,000	\$ (2,610,000)	\$ 6,524,000	\$ (235,000)	\$74,223,000	\$ (2,845,000)
December 31, 2010 U.S. Government agency debt						
obligations Mortgage-backed	\$ 56,588,000	\$ (1,775,000)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 56,588,000	\$ (1,775,000)
securities Michigan Strategic	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fund bonds Municipal general	0	0	0	0	0	0
obligation bonds Municipal revenue	7,847,000	(299,000)	6,497,000	(480,000)	14,344,000	(779,000)
bonds	811,000	(25,000)	805,000	(19,000)	1,616,000	(44,000)
Mutual funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$ 65,246,000	\$ (2,099,000)	\$7,302,000	\$ (499,000)	\$72,548,000	\$ (2,598,000)
		(Co	ntinued)			

2. SECURITIES (Continued)

We evaluate securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the intent and ability we have to retain our investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. For those debt securities whose fair value is less than their amortized cost basis, we also consider our intent to sell the security, whether it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery and if we do not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security. In analyzing an issuer s financial condition, we may consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred and the results of reviews of the issuer s financial condition.

At March 31, 2011, 76 debt securities and a mutual fund with a fair value totaling \$74.2 million have unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of \$2.8 million, or 1.4% from the amortized cost basis of total securities. At March 31, 2011, 194 debt securities with a fair value totaling \$115.0 million have unrealized gains with aggregate appreciation of \$4.3 million, or 2.1% from the amortized cost basis of total securities. After we considered whether the securities were issued by the federal government or its agencies and whether downgrades by bond rating agencies had occurred, we determined that unrealized losses were due to changing interest rate environments. As we do not intend to sell our debt securities before recovery of their cost basis and we believe it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell our debt securities before recovery of the cost basis, no declines are deemed to be other-than-temporary.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are shown below. The contractual maturity is utilized below for U.S. Government agency debt obligations and municipal bonds. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment fees. Securities not due at a single maturity date, primarily mortgage-backed securities, are shown separately.

(Continued)

2. **SECURITIES** (Continued)

The maturities of securities and their weighted average yields at March 31, 2011 are also shown in the following table. The yields for municipal securities are shown at their tax equivalent yield.

	Weighted		
	Average	Amortized	Fair
	Yield	Cost	Value
Due in 2011	6.89%	\$ 500,000	\$ 501,000
Due in 2012 through 2016	5.79	5,534,000	5,892,000
Due in 2017 through 2021	4.28	28,802,000	28,623,000
Due in 2022 and beyond	4.70	111,234,000	109,953,000
Mortgage-backed securities	5.14	40,390,000	42,975,000
Michigan Strategic Fund bonds	3.04	18,105,000	18,105,000
Mutual funds	3.10	1,274,000	1,272,000
	4.61%	\$ 205,839,000	\$ 207,321,000

At March 31, 2011, and December 31, 2010, the amortized cost of securities issued by the State of Michigan and all its political subdivisions totaled \$33.4 million, with an estimated market value of \$33.5 million and \$32.9 million, respectively. Total securities of any other specific issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, did not exceed 10% of shareholders equity.

The carrying value of U.S. Government agency debt obligations and mortgage-backed securities that are pledged to secure repurchase agreements, other deposits, and letters of credit issued on behalf of our customers was \$152.0 million and \$166.9 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. In addition, substantially all of our municipal bonds have been pledged to the Discount Window of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. Investments in Federal Home Loan Bank stock are restricted and may only be resold or redeemed by the issuer.

(Continued)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Our total loans at March 31, 2011 were \$1.21 billion compared to \$1.26 billion at December 31, 2010, a decrease of \$55.7 million, or 4.4%. The components of our loan portfolio disaggregated by class of loan within the loan portfolio segments at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and the percentage change in loans from the end of 2010 to the end of the first quarter of 2011, are as follows:

	M 1 21 20	1.1	D 1 21 (2010	Percent
	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2		Increase
	Balance	%	Balance	%	(Decrease)
Commercial:					
Commercial and industrial	\$ 280,467,000	23.2%	\$ 288,515,000	22.8%	(2.8)%
Vacant land, land development,					
and residential construction	80,904,000	6.7	83,786,000	6.6	(3.4)
Real estate owner occupied	270,856,000	22.4	277,377,000	22.0	(2.4)
Real estate non-owner occupied	419,603,000	34.8	449,104,000	35.6	(6.6)
Real estate multi-family and	, ,		, ,		,
residential rental	74,549,000	6.2	77,188,000	6.1	(3.4)
Total commercial	1,126,379,000	93.3	1,175,970,000	93.1	(4.2)
Retail:					
Home equity and other	47,602,000	4.0	51,186,000	4.1	(7.0)
1-4 family mortgages	32,905,000	2.7	35,474,000	2.8	(7.2)
Total retail	80,507,000	6.7	86,660,000	6.9	(7.1)
Total loans	\$1,206,886,000	100.0%	\$1,262,630,000	100.0%	(4.4)%

Nonperforming loans as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows:

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Loans past due 90 days or more still accruing interest	\$ 0	\$ 766,000
Nonaccrual loans, including troubled debt restructurings	55,444,000	63,915,000
Troubled debt restructurings, accruing interest	4,761,000	4,763,000
Total nonperforming loans	\$ 60,205,000	\$ 69,444,000

(Continued)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

The recorded principal balance of nonaccrual loans, including troubled debt restructurings, was as follows:

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Commercial:	2011	2010
Commercial and industrial	\$ 6,677,000	\$ 10,128,000
Vacant land, land development, and residential construction	12,071,000	12,441,000
Real estate owner occupied	8,408,000	10,172,000
Real estate non-owner occupied	20,491,000	22,609,000
Real estate multi-family and residential rental	4,439,000	4,686,000
Total commercial	52,086,000	60,036,000
Retail:		
Home equity and other	2,075,000	2,425,000
1-4 family mortgages	1,283,000	1,454,000
Total retail	3,358,000	3,879,000
Total nonaccrual loans	\$ 55,444,000	\$ 63,915,000
(Continued) 17		

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

An age analysis of past due loans is as follows as of March 31, 2011:

	Greater					Recorded Balance	
	30 59	60 89	Than 89				> 89
	Days Past Due	Days Past Due	Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans	Days and Accruing
Commercial: Commercial and industrial Vacant land, land development,	\$ 608,000	\$ 1,001,000	\$ 3,310,000	\$ 4,919,000	\$ 275,548,000	\$ 280,467,000) \$ 0
and residential construction	7,959,000	0	2,993,000	10,952,000	69,952,000	80,904,000	0
Real estate owner occupied Real estate	96,000	1,332,000	4,628,000	6,056,000	264,800,000	270,856,000	0
non-owner occupied Real estate multi-family	0	0	13,704,000	13,704,000	405,899,000	419,603,000	0
and residential rental	323,000	91,000	2,818,000	3,232,000	71,317,000	74,549,000	0
Total commercial	8,986,000	2,424,000	27,453,000	38,863,000	1,087,516,000	1,126,379,000	0
Retail: Home equity and other 1-4 family mortgages	488,000	9,000 5,000	710,000 822,000	1,207,000 827,000	46,395,000 32,078,000	47,602,000 32,905,000	
Total retail	488,000	14,000	1,532,000	2,034,000	78,473,000	80,507,000	0
Total past due loans	\$9,474,000	\$2,438,000			\$ 1,165,989,000	\$ 1,206,886,000) \$ 0
(Continued) 18							

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

An age analysis of past due loans is as follows as of December 31, 2010:

		Greater			Recorded
		Than			Balance >
30 59	60 89	89			89
Days	Days	Days	Total	Total	Days and
Past					
Due					