

BLACKROCK LTD DURATION INCOME TRUST
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT
COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number 811-21349

Name of Fund: BlackRock Limited Duration Income Trust (BLW)

Fund Address: 100 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, DE 19809

Name and address of agent for service: John M. Perlowski, Chief Executive Officer, BlackRock Limited Duration
Income Trust, 55 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 10055

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 882-0052, Option 4

Date of fiscal year end: 08/31/2014

Date of reporting period: 02/28/2014

Item 1 – Report to Stockholders

FEBRUARY 28, 2014

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT (UNAUDITED)

BlackRock Defined Opportunity Credit Trust (BHL)

BlackRock Floating Rate Income Strategies Fund, Inc. (FRA)

BlackRock Limited Duration Income Trust (BLW)

Not FDIC Insured May Lose Value No Bank Guarantee

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Dear Shareholder

One year ago, US financial markets were improving despite a sluggish global economy, as easy monetary policy gave investors enough conviction to take on more risk in their portfolios. Slow but positive growth in the US was sufficient to support corporate earnings, while uncomfortably high unemployment reinforced expectations that the Federal Reserve would continue its aggressive monetary stimulus programs. International markets were more volatile given uneven growth rates and more direct exposure to macro risks such as the banking crisis in Cyprus and a generally poor outlook for European economies. Emerging markets significantly lagged the rest of the world amid fears over slowing growth and debt problems.

Global financial markets were rattled in May when then-Fed Chairman Bernanke mentioned the possibility of reducing (or tapering) the central bank's asset purchase programs—comments that were widely misinterpreted as signaling an end to the Fed's zero-interest-rate policy. US Treasury yields rose sharply, triggering a steep sell-off across fixed income markets. (Bond prices move in the opposite direction of yields.) Equity prices also suffered as investors feared the implications of a potential end of a program that had greatly supported the markets. Markets rebounded in late June, however, when the Fed's tone turned more dovish, and improving economic indicators and better corporate earnings helped extend gains through most of the summer.

Although autumn brought mixed events, it was a surprisingly positive period for most asset classes. Early on, the Fed defied market expectations with its decision to delay tapering, but higher volatility returned in late September when the US Treasury Department warned that the national debt would soon breach its statutory maximum. The ensuing political brinksmanship led to a partial government shutdown, roiling global financial markets through the first half of October. Equities and other so-called risk assets managed to resume their rally when politicians engineered a compromise to reopen the government and extend the debt ceiling, at least temporarily.

The remainder of 2013 was generally positive for stock markets in the developed world, although investors continued to grapple with uncertainty about when and how much the Fed would scale back on stimulus. When the long-awaited taper announcement ultimately came in mid-December, the Fed reduced the amount of its monthly asset purchases but at the same time reaffirmed its commitment to maintaining low short-term interest rates. Markets reacted positively, as the taper signaled the Fed's perception of real improvement in the economy, and investors were finally relieved from the anxiety that had gripped them for quite some time.

The start of the new year brought another turn in sentiment, as heightened volatility in emerging markets and mixed US economic data caused global equities to weaken in January while bond markets found renewed strength. Although these headwinds persisted, equities were back on the rise in February thanks to positive developments in Washington, DC. For one, Congress extended the nation's debt ceiling through mid-March 2015, thereby reducing some degree of fiscal uncertainty for the next year. Additionally, investors were encouraged by market-friendly comments in new Fed Chair Janet Yellen's Congressional testimony, giving further assurance that short-term rates would remain low for a prolonged period.

While accommodative monetary policy was the main driver behind positive market performance over the period, it was also a key cause of investor uncertainty. Developed market stocks were the strongest performers for the six- and 12-month periods ended February 28. In contrast, emerging markets were weighed down by uneven growth, high levels of debt and severe currency weakness, in addition to the broader concern about reduced global liquidity. The anticipation of Fed tapering during 2013 pressured US Treasury bonds and other high-quality fixed income sectors, including tax-exempt municipals and investment grade corporate bonds. High yield bonds, to the contrary, benefited from income-oriented investors' search for yield in the low-rate environment. Short-term interest rates remained near zero, keeping yields on money market securities close to historic lows.

At BlackRock, we believe investors need to think globally, extend their scope across a broad array of asset classes and be prepared to move freely as market conditions change over time. We encourage you to talk with your financial

advisor and visit www.blackrock.com for further insight about investing in today's world.

Sincerely,

Rob Kapito

President, BlackRock Advisors, LLC

Rob Kapito

President, BlackRock Advisors, LLC

Total Returns as of February 28, 2014

	6-month	12-month
US large cap equities (S&P 500® Index)	15.07%	25.37%
US small cap equities (Russell 2000® Index)	17.75	31.56
International equities (MSCI Europe, Australasia, Far East Index)	15.01	19.28
Emerging market equities (MSCI Emerging Markets Index)	4.77	(6.01)
3-month Treasury bill (BofA Merrill Lynch 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index)	0.03	0.08
US Treasury securities (BofA Merrill Lynch 10-Year US Treasury Index)	2.61	(3.65)
US investment grade bonds (Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index)	2.84	0.15
Tax-exempt municipal bonds (S&P Municipal Bond Index)	6.08	(0.27)
US high yield bonds (Barclays US Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index)	7.46	8.36

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Index performance is shown for illustrative purposes only. You cannot invest directly in an index.

THIS PAGE NOT PART OF YOUR FUND REPORT 3

Fund Summary as of February 28, 2014
Fund Overview

BlackRock Defined Opportunity Credit Trust

BlackRock Defined Opportunity Credit Trust s (BHL) (the Fund) primary investment objective is to provide high current income, with a secondary objective of long-term capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing substantially all of its assets in loan and debt instruments and loan-related and debt-related instruments (collectively credit securities). The Fund invests, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in any combination of the following credit securities: (i) senior secured floating rate and fixed rate loans; (ii) second lien or other subordinated or unsecured floating rate and fixed rate loans or debt; (iii) credit securities that are rated below investment grade quality; and (iv) investment grade corporate bonds. The Fund may invest directly in such securities or synthetically through the use of derivatives.

No assurance can be given that the Fund s investment objectives will be achieved.

Portfolio Management Commentary

How did the Fund perform?

For the six-month period ended February 28, 2014, the Fund returned 4.22% based on market price and 3.75% based on NAV. For the same period, the closed-end Lipper Loan Participation Funds category posted an average return of 1.71% based on market price and 4.33% based on NAV. All returns reflect reinvestment of dividends. The Fund s discount to NAV, which narrowed during the period, accounts for the difference between performance based on price and performance based on NAV. The following discussion relates to performance based on NAV.

What factors influenced performance?

Security selection among higher quality loan instruments, where the Fund maintained a quality bias, had a positive impact on performance. From an industry perspective, holdings within gaming, wirelines and lodging boosted results. The Fund s tactical allocation to high yield bonds generated additional gains as the asset class outperformed bank loans during the period. Exposure to high-quality collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) also enhanced results. Conversely, security selection in the media non-cable and electric industries detracted from results. The Fund s limited exposure to lower-rated loan credits represented a missed opportunity for additional gains as this segment performed well during the period.

Describe recent portfolio activity.

During the period, the Fund maintained its focus on the higher quality segments of the loan market in terms of loan structure, liquidity and overall credit quality. With the average loan trading recently at or just above par (i.e., with limited or no upside), the Fund has concentrated its investments in strong companies with stable cash flows and high quality collateral, with the ability to meet interest obligations and ultimately return principal. The Fund has been actively participating in the new-issue market, where the more appealing investment opportunities have been emerging. Although we expect modest growth and improving economic conditions, we continue to limit the Fund s exposure to lower-rated segments of the market given less attractive risk-reward profiles in that space. From an asset allocation perspective, we continued to reduce exposure to higher-quality high yield bonds as valuations in that market also moved closer to fair value. In addition, we tactically added risk in high-quality CLOs.

Describe portfolio positioning at period end.

At period end, the Fund held 94% of its total portfolio in floating rate loan interests (bank loans), with the remainder in corporate bonds and other interests. The Fund s highest-conviction holdings included La Quinta (lodging), Caesars Entertainment Resort Properties LLC (gaming) and Level 3 Financing, Inc. (wirelines).

The views expressed reflect the opinions of BlackRock as of the date of this report and are subject to change based on changes in market, economic or other conditions. These views are not intended to be a forecast of future events and are no guarantee of future results.

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BlackRock Defined Opportunity Credit Trust

Fund Information

Symbol on New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)	BHL
Initial Offering Date	January 31, 2008
Current Distribution Rate on Closing Market Price as of February 28, 2014 (\$13.87) ¹	5.71%
Current Monthly Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.066
Current Annualized Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.792
Economic Leverage as of February 28, 2014 ³	28%

¹ Current distribution rate on closing market price is calculated by dividing the current annualized distribution per share by the closing market price. The current distribution rate may consist of income, net realized gains and/or a tax return of capital. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

² The monthly distribution per common share, declared on March 3, 2014, was decreased to \$0.0605 per share. The current distribution rate on closing market price, current monthly distribution per common share and current annualized distribution per common share do not reflect the new distribution rate. The new distribution rate is not constant and is subject to change in the future.

³ Represents bank borrowings outstanding as a percentage of total managed assets, which is the total assets of the Fund (including any assets attributable to borrowings) minus the sum of liabilities (other than borrowings representing financial leverage). For a discussion of leveraging techniques utilized by the Fund, please see The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging on page 10.

Market Price and Net Asset Value Per Share Summary

	2/28/14	8/31/13	Change	High	Low
Market Price	\$13.87	\$13.77	0.73%	\$14.09	\$13.48
Net Asset Value	\$14.48	\$14.44	0.28%	\$14.53	\$14.39

Market Price and Net Asset Value History For the Past Five Years

Overview of the Fund's Long-Term Investments

Portfolio Composition	2/28/14	8/31/13
Floating Rate Loan Interests	94%	94%
Corporate Bonds	3	3
Asset-Backed Securities	2	2
Common Stocks	1	1
Corporate Bonds Credit Quality Allocation⁴	2/28/14	8/31/13

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BBB/Baa	12%	11%
BB/Ba	18	17
B	70	72

⁴ Using the higher of Standard & Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) ratings.
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Fund Summary as of February 28, 2014
Fund Overview

BlackRock Floating Rate Income Strategies Fund, Inc.

BlackRock Floating Rate Income Strategies Fund, Inc. s (FRA) (the Fund) investment objective is to provide shareholders with high current income and such preservation of capital as is consistent with investment in a diversified, leveraged portfolio consisting primarily of floating rate debt securities and instruments. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in floating rate debt securities, including floating or variable rate debt securities that pay interest at rates that adjust whenever a specified interest rate changes and/or which reset on predetermined dates (such as the last day of a month or calendar quarter). The Fund invests a substantial portion of its investments in floating rate debt securities consisting of secured or unsecured senior floating rate loans that are rated below investment grade. The Fund may invest directly in such securities or synthetically through the use of derivatives.

No assurance can be given that the Fund s investment objective will be achieved.

Portfolio Management Commentary

How did the Fund perform?

For the six-month period ended February 28, 2014, the Fund returned 1.47% based on market price and 4.27% based on NAV. For the same period, the closed-end Lipper Loan Participation Funds category posted an average return of 1.71% based on market price and 4.33% based on NAV. All returns reflect reinvestment of dividends. The Fund s discount to NAV, which widened during the period, accounts for the difference between performance based on price and performance based on NAV. The following discussion relates to performance based on NAV.

What factors influenced performance?

Security selection among higher quality loan instruments, where the Fund maintained a quality bias, had a positive impact on performance. From an industry perspective, holdings within gaming, wirelines and lodging boosted results. The Fund s tactical allocation to high yield bonds generated additional gains as the asset class outperformed bank loans during the period. Exposure to high-quality collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) also enhanced results. Conversely, security selection in the media non-cable and electric industries detracted from results. The Fund s limited exposure to lower-rated loan credits represented a missed opportunity for additional gains as this segment performed well during the period.

Describe recent portfolio activity.

During the period, the Fund maintained its focus on the higher quality segments of the loan market in terms of loan structure, liquidity and overall credit quality. With the average loan trading recently at or just above par (i.e., with limited or no upside), the Fund has concentrated its investments in strong companies with stable cash flows and high quality collateral, with the ability to meet interest obligations and ultimately return principal. The Fund has been actively participating in the new-issue market, where the more appealing investment opportunities have been emerging. Although we expect modest growth and improving economic conditions, we continue to limit the Fund s exposure to lower-rated segments of the market given less attractive risk-reward profiles in that space. From an asset allocation perspective, we continued to reduce exposure to higher-quality high yield bonds as valuations in that market also moved closer to fair value. In addition, we tactically added risk in high-quality CLOs.

Describe portfolio positioning at period end.

At period end, the Fund held 93% of its total portfolio in floating rate loan interests (bank loans), with the remainder in corporate bonds and other interests. The Fund s highest-conviction holdings included La Quinta (lodging), Caesars Entertainment Resort Properties LLC (gaming) and Level 3 Financing, Inc. (wirelines).

The views expressed reflect the opinions of BlackRock as of the date of this report and are subject to change based on changes in market, economic or other conditions. These views are not intended to be a forecast of future events and are no guarantee of future results.

BlackRock Floating Rate Income Strategies Fund, Inc.

Fund Information

Symbol on NYSE	FRA
Initial Offering Date	October 31, 2003
Current Distribution Rate on Closing Market Price as of February 28, 2014 (\$14.70) ¹	6.16%
Current Monthly Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.0755
Current Annualized Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.9060
Economic Leverage as of February 28, 2014 ³	28%

¹ Current distribution rate on closing market price is calculated by dividing the current annualized distribution per share by the closing market price. The current distribution rate may consist of income, net realized gains and/or a tax return of capital. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

² The monthly distribution per common share, declared on March 3, 2014, was decreased to \$0.0700 per share. The current distribution rate on closing market price, current monthly distribution per common share and current annualized distribution per common share do not reflect the new distribution rate. The new distribution rate is not constant and is subject to change in the future.

³ Represents bank borrowings outstanding as a percentage of total managed assets, which is the total assets of the Fund (including any assets attributable to borrowings) minus the sum of liabilities (other than borrowings representing financial leverage). For a discussion of leveraging techniques utilized by the Fund, please see The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging on page 10.

Market Price and Net Asset Value Per Share Summary

	2/28/14	8/31/13	Change	High	Low
Market Price	\$14.70	\$14.96	(1.74)%	\$15.02	\$14.30
Net Asset Value	\$15.51	\$15.36	0.98%	\$15.54	\$15.33

Market Price and Net Asset Value History For the Past Five Years

Overview of the Fund's Long-Term Investments

Portfolio Composition	2/28/14	8/31/13
Floating Rate Loan Interests	93%	92%
Corporate Bonds	4	4
Asset-Backed Securities	2	3
Common Stocks	1	1
Corporate Bonds Credit Quality Allocation⁴	2/28/14	8/31/13

BBB/Baa	9%	10%
BB/Ba	13	15
B	37	57
CCC/Caa	24	5
Not Rated	17	13

⁴ Using the higher of S&P's or Moody's ratings.

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Fund Summary as of February 28, 2014

BlackRock Limited Duration Income Trust

Fund Overview

BlackRock Limited Duration Income Trust s (BLW) (the Fund) investment objective is to provide current income and capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in three distinct asset classes:

intermediate duration, investment grade corporate bonds, mortgage-related securities, asset-backed securities and US Government and agency securities;

senior, secured floating rate loans made to corporate and other business entities; and

US dollar-denominated securities of US and non-US issuers rated below investment grade and, to a limited extent, non-US dollar denominated securities of non-US issuers rated below investment grade.

The Fund s portfolio normally has an average portfolio duration of less than five years (including the effect of anticipated leverage), although it may be longer from time to time depending on market conditions. The Fund may invest directly in such securities or synthetically through the use of derivatives.

No assurance can be given that the Fund s investment objective will be achieved.

Portfolio Management Commentary