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BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.
Form N-CSR
March 05, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT
INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number 811-21793

Name of Fund: BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. (EGF)

Fund Address: 100 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, DE 19809

Name and address of agent for service: John M. Perlowski, Chief Executive Officer, BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc., 55 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 10055

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 882-0052, Option 4

Date of fiscal year end: 12/31/2012

Date of reporting period: 12/31/2012

Item 1 – Report to Stockholders

DECEMBER 31, 2012

ANNUAL REPORT

BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. (EGF)

Not FDIC Insured May Lose Value No Bank Guarantee

Section 19(a) Notice

BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. s (EGF) (the Fund) reported amounts and sources of distributions are estimates and are not being provided for tax reporting purposes. The actual amounts and sources for tax reporting purposes will depend upon the Fund s investment experience during the year and may be subject to changes based on the tax regulations. The Fund will provide a Form 1099-DIV each calendar year that will explain the character of these dividends and distributions for federal income tax purposes.

December 31, 2012

Total Fiscal Year-to-Date				Percentage of Fiscal Year-to-Date			
Cumulative Distributions by Character				Cumulative Distributions by Character			
Net	Net	Total Per		Net	Net	Total Per	
Investment	Realized	Return of Common		Investment	Realized	Return of Common	
Income	Capital Gains	Capital	Share	Income	Capital Gains	Capital	Share
EGF	\$0.640659	\$0.189341	\$0.830000	77%	0%	23%	100%

The Fund estimates that it has distributed more than the amount of earned income and net realized gains; therefore, a portion of the distribution may be a return of capital. A return of capital may occur, for example, when some or all of the shareholder s investment in the Fund is returned to the shareholder. A return of capital does not necessarily reflect the Fund s investment performance and should not be confused with 'yield' or 'income'. When distributions exceed total return performance, the difference will incrementally reduce the Fund s net asset value per share.

Section 19(a) notices for the Fund, as applicable, are available on the BlackRock website <http://www.blackrock.com>.

Section 19(b) Disclosure

The Fund acting pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) exemptive order and with the approval of the Fund s Board of Directors (the Board), has adopted a plan, consistent with its investment objectives and policies to support a level distribution of income, capital gains and/or return of capital (the Plan). In accordance with the Plan, the Fund currently distributes \$0.065 per share on a monthly basis.

The fixed amount distributed per share is subject to change at the discretion of the Fund s Board. Under its Plan, the Fund will distribute all available investment income to its shareholders, consistent with its primary investment objectives and as required by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). If sufficient investment income is not available on a monthly basis, the Fund will distribute long-term capital gains and/or return of capital to shareholders in order to maintain a level distribution. Each monthly distribution to shareholders is expected to be at the fixed amount established by the Board, except for extraordinary distributions and potential distribution rate increases or decreases to enable the Fund to comply with the distribution requirements imposed by the Code.

Shareholders should not draw any conclusions about the Fund s investment performance from the amount of these distributions or from the terms of the Plan. The Fund s total return performance on net asset value is presented in its financial highlights table.

The Board may amend, suspend or terminate the Fund s Plan without prior notice if it deems such actions to be in the best interests of the Fund or its shareholders. The suspension or termination of the Plan could have the effect of creating a trading discount (if the Fund s stock is trading at or above net asset value) or widening an existing trading discount. The Fund is subject to risks that could have an adverse impact on its ability to maintain a level distribution. Examples of potential risks include, but are not limited to, economic downturns impacting the markets, decreased market volatility, companies suspending or decreasing corporate dividend distributions and changes in the Code. Please refer to the Fund s prospectus for a more complete description of its risks.

2BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Table of Contents

Page	
	2
Section 19(a) Notice	2
Section 19(b) Disclosure	4
Dear Shareholder	5
Annual Report:	
Option Over-Writing	6
Fund Summary	8
The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging	8
Derivative Financial Instruments	8
Financial Statements:	
Schedule of Investments	9
Statement of Assets and Liabilities	13
Statement of Operations	14
Statements of Changes in Net Assets	15
Statement of Cash Flows	16
Financial Highlights	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	26
Important Tax Information	26
Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan	27
Officers and Directors	28
Additional Information	31
BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 3	

Dear Shareholder

Financial markets substantially improved in 2012 as compared to the prior year, due largely to central bank intervention and considerable relief from the global turmoil seen in 2011. Although 2012 brought its share of headwinds, the strongest returns came from higher-risk asset classes as investors reached for yield in an environment of extremely low interest rates.

The year opened with investor confidence on the rise as global liquidity had been restored and financial news headlines became less daunting. Equity markets moved higher through the first two months of 2012, while climbing US Treasury yields pressured higher-quality fixed income assets. However, markets reversed course in the spring when Europe's debt crisis boiled over once again. Political instability in Greece and severe deficit and liquidity problems in Spain raised the prospect of a euro collapse. Government borrowing costs in peripheral European countries soared while the region's finance leaders deliberated over the fiscal integration of the currency bloc. Alongside the drama in Europe, investors were discouraged by gloomy economic reports from various parts of the world. A slowdown in China, a key powerhouse for global growth, emerged as a particular concern. In the United States, disappointing jobs reports signaled that the recovery was losing steam. Risk assets sold off as investors retreated to safe-haven assets.

As the outlook for the global economy worsened, investors grew increasingly optimistic that the world's largest central banks soon would intervene to stimulate growth. This theme, along with increased cooperation among finance ministers in Europe, fueled a powerful risk-asset rebound in June. In July, the European Central Bank (ECB) president stated that the bank would do whatever it takes to preserve the euro currency bloc. This assurance along with expectations for policy stimulus from central banks in Europe and the United States drove most asset classes higher through the summer. Early in September, the ECB announced its decision to support the eurozone's troubled peripheral countries with unlimited purchases of short term sovereign debt. Days later, the US Federal Reserve announced an aggressive stimulus package involving open-ended monthly purchases of agency mortgage-backed securities.

Going into the fall, US stocks slid on lackluster corporate earnings reports and market volatility rose leading up to the US Presidential election. Global trade slowed as many European countries fell into recession and growth continued to decelerate in China, where a once-a-decade leadership change compounded uncertainty. In the United States, automatic tax increases and spending cuts that had been scheduled to take effect at the beginning of 2013 (known as the fiscal cliff) threatened to push the nation into recession unless politicians could agree upon alternate measures to reduce the deficit before the end of 2012. Worries that bipartisan gridlock would preclude a budget deal prior to the deadline drove high levels of volatility in financial markets around the world in the months leading up to the last day of the year. Ultimately, the United States averted the worst of the fiscal cliff with a last-minute tax deal. Relief from US fiscal worries, however, was only partial as decisions relating to spending cuts and the debt ceiling remained pending as financial markets closed for the year.

All major asset classes generated positive returns for the 6- and 12-month periods ended December 31, 2012. Riskier assets outperformed higher quality investments as investors sought meaningful returns in a low interest rate environment. International and emerging market equities were the strongest performers. US Treasury yields were volatile, but declined overall, resulting in moderate gains for higher quality fixed income sectors. Tax-exempt municipal bonds benefited from a favorable supply-and-demand environment. Near-zero short term interest rates continued to keep yields on money market securities near their all-time lows.

The New Year brings a host of unknowns, but we believe new opportunities abound. BlackRock was built to provide the global market insight, breadth of capabilities, unbiased investment advice and deep risk management expertise these times require. With access to every asset class, geography and investment style, and extensive market intelligence, we help investors of all sizes build dynamic, diverse portfolios to achieve better, more consistent returns

over time. We encourage you to visit www.blackrock.com/newworld for more information.

Sincerely,

Rob Kapito

President, BlackRock Advisors, LLC

Although 2012 brought its share of headwinds, the strongest returns came from higher-risk asset classes as investors reached for yield in an environment of extremely low interest rates.

Rob Kapito

President, BlackRock Advisors, LLC

Total Returns as of December 31, 2012

	6-month	12-month
US large cap equities (S&P 500 [®] Index)	5.95 %	16.00 %
US small cap equities (Russell 2000 [®] Index)	7.20	16.35
International equities (MSCI Europe, Australasia, Far East Index)	13.95	17.32
Emerging market equities (MSCI Emerging Markets Index)	13.75	18.22
3-month Treasury bill (BofA Merrill Lynch 3-Month US Treasury Bill Index)	0.07	0.11
US Treasury securities (BofA Merrill Lynch 10-Year US Treasury Index)	0.71	4.18
US investment grade bonds (Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index)	1.80	4.21
Tax-exempt municipal bonds (S&P Municipal Bond Index)	3.15	7.42
US high yield bonds (Barclays US Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index)	7.97	15.78

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Index performance is shown for illustrative purposes only. You cannot invest directly in an index.

4 THIS PAGE NOT PART OF YOUR FUND REPORT

Option Over-Writing

In general, the goal of the Fund is to provide shareholders with current income and gains. The Fund seeks to pursue this goal primarily by investing in a portfolio of US Government and US Agency securities and utilizing an option over-write strategy in an effort to enhance distribution yield and total return performance. However, these objectives cannot be achieved in all market conditions.

The Fund writes call options on individual US Government and US Agency securities or on baskets of such securities or on interest rate swaps (swaptions), and may write call options on other debt securities. When writing (selling) a call option, the Fund grants the counterparty the right to buy an underlying reference security or enter into a defined transaction (e.g., a swap contract, in the case of the swaption) at an agreed-upon price (strike price) within an agreed upon time period. The Fund receives cash premiums from the counterparties upon writing (selling) the option or swaption, which along with net investment income and net realized gains, if any, are generally available to support current or future distributions paid by the Fund. During the option term, the counterparty will elect to exercise the option if the market value of the underlying reference security or underlying contract rises above the strike price, and the Fund will be obligated to sell the security or contract to the counterparty at the strike price, realizing a gain or loss. If the option remains unexercised upon its expiration, the Fund will realize gains equal to the premiums received.

Writing call options and swaptions entails certain risks, which include but are not limited to, the following: an increase in the value of the underlying security above the strike price can result in the exercise of a written option (sale by the Fund to the counterparty) when the Fund might not otherwise have sold the security; exercise of the option by the counterparty will result in a sale below the current market value and will result in a gain or loss realized by the Fund; writing call options and swaptions limits the potential appreciation on the underlying interest rate swap or security and the yield on the Fund could decline; if current market interest rates fall below the strike price, the counterparty could exercise a written swaption when the Fund might not otherwise have entered into an interest rate swap; the Fund is bound by the terms of the underlying interest rate swap agreement upon exercise of the option by the counterparty which can result in a loss to the Fund in excess of the premium received. As such, an option over-write strategy may outperform the general fixed income market in rising or flat interest rate environments (when bond prices are steady or falling) but underperform in a falling interest rate environment (when bond prices are rising).

The Fund employs a plan to support a level distribution of income, capital gains and/or return of capital. The goal of the plan is to provide shareholders with consistent and predictable cash flows by setting distribution rates based on expected long-term returns of the Fund. Such distributions, under certain circumstances, may exceed the Fund's total return performance. When total distributions exceed total return performance for the period, the excess will reduce the Fund's total assets and net asset value per share (NAV) and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio and/or reducing the amount of assets the Fund has available for long-term investment. In order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at less than opportune times.

The final tax characterization of distributions is determined after the fiscal year and is reported in the Fund's annual report to shareholders. Distributions will be characterized as ordinary income, capital gains and/or return of capital. The Fund's taxable net investment income or net realized capital gains (taxable income) may not be sufficient to support the level of distributions paid. To the extent that distributions exceed the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess may be treated as a non-taxable return of capital. Distributions that exceed the Fund's taxable income but do not exceed the Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits may be classified as ordinary income, which is taxable to shareholders.

A return of capital distribution does not necessarily reflect the Fund's investment performance and should not be confused with 'yield or 'income. A return of capital is a return of a portion of an investor's original investment. A return of capital is not taxable, but it reduces a shareholder's tax basis in his or her shares, thus reducing any loss or increasing any gain on a subsequent disposition by the shareholder of his or her shares. It is possible that a substantial portion of the distributions paid during a calendar year may ultimately be classified as return of capital for income tax purposes when the final determination of the source and character of the distributions is made.

The Fund intends to write call options to varying degrees depending upon market conditions. Please refer to the Schedule of Investments and the Notes to Financial Statements for details of written swaptions.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 5

Fund Summary as of December 31, 2012

Fund Overview

The Fund's investment objective is to provide shareholders with current income and gains. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in a portfolio of US Government securities and US Government Agency securities, including US Government mortgage-backed securities that pay interest in an attempt to generate current income, and by employing a strategy of writing (selling) call options on individual or baskets of US Government securities, US Government Agency securities or other debt securities held by the Fund in an attempt to generate gains from option premiums.

No assurance can be given that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved.

Portfolio Management Commentary

How did the Fund perform?

For the 12-month period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund returned 8.13% based on market price and 4.59% based on net asset value (NAV). For the same period, the BofA Merrill Lynch 1-3 Year US Treasury Index returned 0.43% and the Citigroup Government/Mortgage Index posted a return of 2.30%. All returns reflect reinvestment of dividends. The Fund's discount to NAV, which narrowed during the period, accounts for the difference between performance based on price and performance based on NAV. The following discussion relates to performance based on NAV.

What factors influenced performance?

The Fund's performance is reviewed on an absolute basis due to the unique nature of the Fund, which employs a strategy of writing call options on individual or baskets of US securities or interest rates. The index returns listed above are for reference purposes only as these indices do not utilize an option writing strategy.

As part of its principal investment strategy, the Fund writes covered calls on interest rates to generate income while dampening the level of NAV volatility. Covered calls contributed positively to performance for the period as the unprecedented level of support from the US Federal Reserve resulted in low volatility in the US Treasury market. The Fund took advantage of this environment to increase leverage by purchasing Treasury securities and writing additional call options to generate incremental yield.

The Fund's significant allocation to agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) had a positive impact on performance as the sector benefited from heavy purchasing activity in connection with the US Federal Reserve's stimulus program. The Fund especially benefited from adding to its agency MBS positions prior to the September policy announcement from the central bank. Within agency MBS, the Fund's exposure to interest-only mortgages with favorable pre-payment features and seasoned 30-year mortgages that are less vulnerable to refinancing helped performance as yields moved lower in the MBS market.

The Fund's small allocations to non-agency residential MBS, high yield credit and securitized sectors, such as commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) and asset-backed securities (ABS), enhanced results.

The Fund's shorter duration bias (lower sensitivity to interest rates) had a negative impact on performance during certain months of the year. The Fund's yield curve positioning also had a negative impact.

The Fund utilized interest rate swaps as a hedge against long US Treasury positions and as a means to manage duration and yield curve positioning. During the period, the use of swaps detracted from performance. However, the use of swaps continues to be an efficient interest rate management tool and the effect of these derivatives should be viewed in the context of their overall contribution to risk reduction as well as performance.

Describe recent portfolio activity.

The Fund tactically traded its yield curve positioning throughout the period, while maintaining a flattening bias in the short end of the curve. The Fund traded agency MBS to take advantage of opportunities stemming from uncertainty leading up to the US Federal Reserve's announcement of additional policy stimulus in September. As discussed above, the Fund wrote covered calls during the period as part of its principal investment strategy.

Describe portfolio positioning at period end.

The Fund's call-writing strategy has the effect of reducing overall portfolio duration, which stood at 2.43 years at the end of the period. The Fund continued to maintain a high degree of liquidity through a core exposure to government-owned and government-related debt. The largest allocations in the Fund continued to be US agency MBS and Treasury securities. The Fund also maintained limited exposure to a diversified basket of non-government spread sectors, including CMBS, ABS, non-agency residential MBS and corporate credit.

The views expressed reflect the opinions of BlackRock as of the date of this report and are subject to change based on changes in market, economic or other conditions. These views are not intended to be a forecast of future events and are no guarantee of future results.

6BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Fund Information

Symbol on New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)	EGF
Initial Offering Date	October 31, 2005
Current Distribution Rate on Closing Market Price as of December 31, 2012 (\$15.63) ¹	4.99%
Current Monthly Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.065
Current Annualized Distribution per Common Share ²	\$0.780
Economic Leverage as of December 31, 2012 ³	29%

¹ Current Distribution Rate on closing market price is calculated by dividing the current annualized distribution per share by the closing market price. The current distribution rate consists of income, net realized gains and/or a tax return of capital. See the financial highlights for the actual sources and character of distributions. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

² The distribution rate is not constant and is subject to change. A portion of the distribution may be deemed a tax return of capital or net realized gain.

³ Represents reverse repurchase agreements as a percentage of total managed assets, which is the total assets of the Fund, including any assets attributable to reverse repurchase agreements, minus the sum of liabilities (other than borrowings representing financial leverage). For a discussion of leveraging techniques utilized by the Fund, please see The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging on page 8.

The table below summarizes the changes in the Fund's market price and NAV per share:

	12/31/12	12/31/11	Change	High	Low
Market Price	\$15.63	\$15.25	2.49 %	\$16.17	\$15.03
Net Asset Value	\$16.11	\$16.25	(0.86)%	\$16.31	\$16.01

The following charts show the portfolio composition and credit quality allocation of the Fund's long-term investments:

Portfolio Composition

	12/31/12	12/31/11
US Government Sponsored Agency Securities	60 %	60 %
US Treasury Obligations	34	30
Asset-Backed Securities	2	2
Preferred Securities	2	3
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	1	4
Municipal Bonds	1	1

Credit Quality Allocation⁴

	12/31/12	12/31/11
AAA/Aaa ⁵	96 %	93 %
AA/Aa	1	2
A	1	1
BBB/Baa	1	2
BB/Ba	1	1
CCC/Caa		1

⁴ Using the higher of Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service ratings.

⁵

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Includes US Government Sponsored Agency Securities and US Treasury Obligations, which are deemed AAA/Aaa by the investment advisor.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 7

The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging

The Fund may utilize leverage to seek to enhance its yield and NAV. However, these objectives cannot be achieved in all interest rate environments.

The Fund may utilize leverage by entering into reverse repurchase agreements. In general, the concept of leveraging is based on the premise that the financing cost of assets to be obtained from leverage, which will be based on short-term interest rates, will normally be lower than the income earned by the Fund on its longer-term portfolio investments. To the extent that the total assets of the Fund (including the assets obtained from leverage) are invested in higher-yielding portfolio investments, the Fund's shareholders will benefit from the incremental net income.

The interest earned on securities purchased with the proceeds from leverage is paid to shareholders in the form of dividends, and the value of these portfolio holdings is reflected in the per share NAV. However, in order to benefit shareholders, the yield curve must be positively sloped; that is, short-term interest rates must be lower than long-term interest rates. If the yield curve becomes negatively sloped, meaning short-term interest rates exceed long-term interest rates, income to shareholders will be lower than if the Fund had not used leverage.

To illustrate these concepts, assume a Fund's capitalization is \$100 million and it borrows for an additional \$30 million, creating a total value of \$130 million available for investment in long-term securities. If prevailing short-term interest rates are 3% and long-term interest rates are 6%, the yield curve has a strongly positive slope. In this case, the Fund pays interest expense on the \$30 million of borrowings based on the lower short-term interest rates. At the same time, the Fund's total portfolio of \$130 million earns income based on long-term interest rates. In this case, the interest expense of the borrowings is significantly lower than the income earned on the Fund's long-term investments, and therefore the Fund's shareholders are the beneficiaries of the incremental net income.

If short-term interest rates rise, narrowing the differential between short-term and long-term interest rates, the incremental net income pickup will be reduced or eliminated completely. Furthermore, if prevailing short-term interest rates rise above long-term interest rates, the yield curve has a negative slope. In this case, the Fund pays higher short-term interest rates whereas the Fund's total portfolio earns income based on lower long-term interest rates.

Furthermore, the value of the Fund's portfolio investments generally varies inversely with the direction of long-term interest rates, although other factors can influence the value of portfolio investments. In contrast, the redemption value of the Fund's borrowings does not fluctuate in relation to interest rates. As a result, changes in interest rates can influence the Fund's NAV positively or negatively in addition to the impact on Fund performance from borrowings discussed above.

The use of leverage may enhance opportunities for increased income to the Fund and shareholders, but as described above, it also creates risks as short- or long-term interest rates fluctuate. Leverage also will generally cause greater changes in the Fund's NAV, market price and dividend rate than a comparable portfolio without leverage. If the income derived from securities purchased with assets received from leverage exceeds the cost of leverage, the Fund's net income will be greater than if leverage had not been used. Conversely, if the income from the securities purchased is not sufficient to cover the cost of leverage, the Fund's net income will be less than if leverage had not been used, and therefore the amount available for distribution to shareholders will be reduced. The Fund may be required to sell portfolio securities at inopportune times or at distressed values in order to comply with regulatory requirements applicable to the use of leverage or as required by the terms of leverage instruments, which may cause the Fund to incur losses. The use of leverage may limit the Fund's ability to invest in certain types of securities or use certain types of hedging strategies. The Fund will incur expenses in connection with the use of leverage, all of which are borne by shareholders and may reduce income.

Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), the Fund is permitted to issue senior securities representing indebtedness up to 33¹/₃% of its total managed assets (the Fund's net assets plus the proceeds of any outstanding borrowings used for leverage). If the Fund segregates liquid assets having a value not less than the repurchase price (including accrued interest), a reverse repurchase agreement will not be considered a senior security and therefore will not be subject to this limitation. In addition, the Fund voluntarily limits its aggregate economic leverage to 50% of its managed assets. As of December 31, 2012, the Fund had aggregate economic leverage of 29% from reverse repurchase agreements as a percentage of its total managed assets.

Derivative Financial Instruments

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The Fund may invest in various derivative financial instruments, including financial futures contracts, options, swaps and foreign currency exchange contracts, as specified in Note 2 of the Notes to Financial Statements, which may constitute forms of economic leverage. Such derivative financial instruments are used to obtain exposure to a security, index and/or market without owning or taking physical custody of securities or to hedge market, credit, equity and/or foreign currency exchange rate risk. Derivative financial instruments involve risks, including the imperfect correlation between the value of a derivative financial instrument and the underlying asset, possible default of the counterparty to the transaction or illiquidity of the derivative financial instrument. The Fund's ability to use a derivative financial instrument successfully depends on the investment advisor's ability to predict pertinent market movements accurately, which cannot be assured. The use of derivative financial instruments may result in losses greater than if they had not been used, may require the Fund to sell or purchase portfolio investments at inopportune times or for distressed values, may limit the amount of appreciation the Fund can realize on an investment, may result in lower dividends paid to shareholders or may cause the Fund to hold an investment that it might otherwise sell. The Fund's investments in these instruments are discussed in detail in the Notes to Financial Statements.

8BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule of Investments December 31, 2012

(Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

Asset-Backed Securities	Par (000)	Value
First Franklin Mortgage Loan Asset-Backed Certificates Series 2005-FF2, Class M2, 0.65%, 3/25/35 (a)	\$ 2,511	\$ 2,451,893
Motor Plc, 1.29%, 2/25/20 (b)	252	252,714
Securitized Asset-Backed Receivables LLC Trust (a):		
Series 2005-0P1, Class M2, 0.66%, 1/25/35	2,000	1,567,338
Series 2005-OP2, Class M1, 0.64%, 10/25/35	1,025	744,341
Total Asset-Backed Securities 3.1%		5,016,286

Corporate Bonds		
Energy Equipment & Services 0.3%		
Transocean, Inc.:		
4.95%, 11/15/15	295	323,003
5.05%, 12/15/16	50	55,671
6.00%, 3/15/18	60	69,587
Total Corporate Bonds 0.3%		448,261

Municipal Bonds		
State of California, GO, Various Purpose 3, Mandatory Put Bonds, 5.65%, 4/01/39 (a)	1,220	1,234,921
Total Municipal Bonds 0.8%		1,234,921

Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations 1.0%		
Bank of America Mortgage Securities, Inc., Series 2003-J, Class 2A1, 3.17%, 11/25/33 (a)	233	236,857
Bear Stearns Alt-A Trust, Series 2004-13, Class A1, 0.95%, 11/25/34 (a)	318	313,129
Homebanc Mortgage Trust, Series 2005-4, Class A1, 0.48%, 10/25/35 (a)	1,403	1,099,164
		1,649,150
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities 0.6%		
Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-C9, Class A2, 5.80%, 12/10/49 (a)	272	271,330
	635	634,254

Credit Suisse Mortgage Capital Certificates,
Series 2007-C5, Class A2, 5.59%, 9/15/40

905,584

**Interest Only Collateralized Mortgage
Obligations 0.1%**

CitiMortgage Alternative Loan Trust, Series
2007-A5, Class 1A7, 6.00%, 5/25/37

422

104,227

Total Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities 1.7%

2,658,961

Preferred Securities	Par (000)	Value
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Capital Trusts 1.6%

Diversified Financial Services 0.3%

ZFS Finance (USA) Trust V, 6.50%, 5/09/37 (a)(b)

\$ 504

\$ 537,390

Electric Utilities 1.3%

PPL Capital Funding, Inc., 6.70%, 3/30/67 (a)

2,000

2,115,000

Total Capital Trusts 1.6%

2,652,390

Trust Preferreds 1.3%

Shares

Capital Markets 1.3%

Morgan Stanley Capital Trust VIII, 6.45%, 4/15/67

80,000

1,963,608

Total Preferred Securities 2.9%

4,615,998

US Government Sponsored Agency Securities

**Par
(000)**

Agency Obligations 2.7%

Federal Farm Credit Bank, 4.55%, 6/08/20

\$ 3,500

4,275,785

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations 11.1%

Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities, Class C (a):

Series 2005-87, 5.13%, 9/16/34

6,350

6,642,681

Series 2006-3, 5.24%, 4/16/39

10,000

11,097,440

17,740,121

**Interest Only Collateralized Mortgage
Obligations 2.8%**

Fannie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Series 2010-126, Class UI, 5.50%, 10/25/40

3,270

498,337

Series 2012-47, Class NI, 4.50%, 4/25/42

2,750

410,429

Series 2012-96, Class DI, 4.00%, 2/25/27

3,993

401,850

Series 2012-M9, Class X1, 4.08%, 12/25/17 (a)

5,875

980,862

Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities (a):

Series 2006-30, Class IO, 0.36%, 5/16/46

4,125

127,191

Series 2009-78, Class SD, 5.99%, 9/20/32

3,324

646,516

Series 2011-52, Class NS, 6.46%, 4/16/41

9,064

1,514,790

4,579,975

Mortgage-Backed Securities 68.9%

Fannie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities:

3.00%, 6/01/42 1/01/43 (d)	8,997	9,429,474
3.50%, 8/01/26 6/01/42	17,632	18,875,869
4.00%, 4/01/24 2/01/41	25,068	26,973,541
4.50%, 4/01/39 8/01/40	16,600	18,405,551
4.89%, 2/01/13	519	518,560
5.00%, 11/01/33 2/01/40	11,525	12,637,633
5.50%, 10/01/23 1/01/43 (c)(d)	17,706	19,357,742
6.00%, 2/01/36 3/01/38	2,906	3,181,530

Portfolio Abbreviations

To simplify the listings of portfolio holdings in the Schedule of Investments, the names and descriptions of many of the securities have been abbreviated according to the following list:

GO General Obligation Bonds
LIBOR London Interbank Offered
TBA Rate
 To Be Announced

See Notes to Financial Statements.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 9

Schedule of Investments (continued)

(Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

US Government Sponsored Agency Securities	Par (000)	Value
Mortgage-Backed Securities (concluded)		
Freddie Mac Mortgage-Backed Securities, 4.50%, 5/01/34	\$ 401	\$ 431,379
Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities, 5.00%, 11/15/35	18	19,406
		109,830,685
Total US Government Sponsored Agency Securities 85.5%		136,426,566

US Treasury Obligations

US Treasury Bonds:		
6.63%, 2/15/27 (e)	4,000	6,153,124
5.38%, 2/15/31	2,000	2,855,000
3.88%, 8/15/40 (e)	12,000	14,422,500
4.38%, 5/15/41 (e)	10,000	13,028,120
3.75%, 8/15/41 (e)	10,000	11,753,120
US Treasury Notes:		
0.25%, 1/31/14	300	300,188
0.38%, 11/15/15 (e)	10,000	10,009,380
0.75%, 6/30/17 (e)	4,000	4,023,752
3.13%, 5/15/21 (e)	10,000	11,339,840
1.75%, 5/15/22	5,000	5,043,360
Total US Treasury Obligations 49.5%		78,928,384
Total Long-Term Investments (Cost \$217,189,245) 143.8%		229,329,377

Short-Term Securities

	Shares	Value
BlackRock Liquidity Funds, TempFund, Institutional Class, 0.11% (f)(g)	10,928,321	\$ 10,928,321
Total Short-Term Securities (Cost \$10,928,321) 6.9%		10,928,321
Total Investments Before TBA Sale Commitments and Options Written (Cost \$228,117,566) 150.7%		240,257,698

TBA Sale Commitments (d)	Par (000)	
Fannie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities, 5.50%, 1/01/43 2/01/43	\$ 12,200	(13,257,015)

Total TBA Sale Commitments
(Proceeds \$13,262,734) (8.3)% (13,257,015)

Options Written
(Premiums Received \$362,000) (0.2)% (306,250)
Total Investments, Net of TBA Sale
Commitments and Options Written 142.2% 226,694,433
Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets (42.2)% (67,229,592)
Net Assets 100.0% \$ 159,464,841

Notes to Schedule of Investments

- (a) Variable rate security. Rate shown is as of report date.
- (b) Security exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration to qualified institutional investors.
- (c) All or a portion of security has been pledged as collateral in connection with swaps.
- (d) Represents or includes a TBA transaction. Unsettled TBA transactions as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Counterparty	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Deutsche Bank AG	\$ 7,439,469	\$(25,238)
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	\$(6,629,937)	\$ 7,149

- (e) All or a portion of security has been pledged as collateral in connection with open reverse repurchase agreements.
- (f) Investments in issuers considered to be an affiliate of the Fund during the year ended December 31, 2012, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the 1940 Act, were as follows:

Affiliate	Shares Held at December 31, 2011	Net Activity	Shares Held at December 31, 2012	Income
BlackRock Liquidity Funds, TempFund, Institutional Class	7,261,074	3,667,247	10,928,321	\$8,016

(g) Represents the current yield as of report date.
See Notes to Financial Statements.

10BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Schedule of Investments (continued)

Reverse repurchase agreements outstanding as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Counterparty	Interest Rate	Trade Date	Maturity Date	Face Value	Face Value Including Accrued Interest
Deutsche Bank AG	0.12%	4/24/12	Open	\$ 6,100,000	\$ 6,105,124
Deutsche Bank AG	0.19%	7/10/12	Open	8,235,000	8,242,606
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	0.16%	8/22/12	Open	14,580,000	14,588,553
Bank of America Corp.	0.22%	12/10/12	Open	11,475,000	11,476,543
Deutsche Bank AG	0.10%	12/11/12	Open	10,012,500	10,013,084
Deutsche Bank AG	0.27%	12/11/12	Open	4,045,000	4,045,637
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	0.22%	12/13/12	Open	11,962,500	11,963,889
Total				\$66,410,000	\$66,435,436

Over-the-counter interest rate swaptions written as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Description	Counterparty	Put/Call	Exercise Rate	Pay/Receive Exercise Rate	Floating Rate Index	Expiration Date	Notional Amount (000)	Market Value
Year Interest Rate Swap	Citigroup, Inc.	Call	0.40%	Pays	3-Month LIBOR	1/29/13	\$50,000	\$ (31,200)
Year Interest Rate Swap	Citigroup, Inc.	Call	0.80%	Pays	3-Month LIBOR	1/29/13	\$50,000	(50,070)
Year Interest Rate Swap	Citigroup, Inc.	Call	1.75%	Pays	3-Month LIBOR	1/29/13	\$30,000	(114,960)
Year Interest Rate Swap	Citigroup, Inc.	Call	2.65%	Pays	3-Month LIBOR	1/29/13	\$15,000	(109,990)
Total								\$ (306,220)

Interest rate swaps outstanding as of December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Fixed Rate	Floating Rate	Counterparty	Expiration Date	Notional Amount (000)	Unrealized Depreciation
5.96% ¹	3-Month LIBOR	Deutsche Bank AG	12/27/37	\$23,900	\$(14,540,792)

¹Fund pays a fixed interest rate and receives floating rate.

Fair Value Measurements Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments and derivative financial instruments. These inputs to valuation techniques are categorized into a disclosure hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

Level 1 unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets and liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access

Level 2 other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs)

Level 3 unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent

observable inputs
are not available
(including the Fund's
own assumptions
used in determining
the fair value of
investments and
derivative financial
instruments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy. In accordance with the Fund's policy, transfers between different levels of the fair value disclosure hierarchy are deemed to have occurred as of the beginning of the reporting period. The categorization of a value determined for investments and derivative financial instruments is based on the pricing transparency of the investment and derivative financial instrument and is not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. For information about the Fund's policy regarding valuation of investments and derivative financial instruments and other significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 11

Schedule of Investments (concluded)

The following tables summarize the Fund's investments and derivative financial instruments categorized in the disclosure hierarchy as of December 31, 2012:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 Total
Assets:			
Investments:			
Long-Term Investments:			
Asset-Backed Securities		\$5,016,286	\$5,016,286
Corporate Bonds		448,261	448,261
Municipal Bonds		1,234,921	1,234,921
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		2,658,961	2,658,961
Preferred Securities	\$1,963,608	2,652,390	4,615,998
US Government Sponsored Agency Securities		136,426,566	136,426,566
US Treasury Obligations		78,928,384	78,928,384
Short-Term Securities	10,928,321		10,928,321
Liabilities:			
TBA Sale Commitments		(13,257,015)	(13,257,015)
Total	\$12,891,929	\$214,108,754	\$227,000,683

¹ Derivative financial instruments are swaps and written options. Swaps are valued at the unrealized appreciation/depreciation on the instrument and written options are shown at value.

Certain of the Fund's assets and liabilities are held at carrying amount or face value, which approximates fair value for financial statement purposes. As of December 31, 2012, such assets and liabilities are categorized within the disclosure hierarchy as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 Total
Assets:			
Cash	\$15,000		\$15,000
Cash pledged as collateral for swaps	13,890,000		13,890,000
Foreign currency at value	804		804
Liabilities:			
Reverse repurchase agreements		\$(66,410,000)	(66,410,000)
Total	\$13,905,804	\$(66,410,000)	\$(52,504,196)

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended December 31, 2012.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

12BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

December 31, 2012**Assets**

Investments at value unaffiliated (cost \$217,189,245)	\$ 229,329,377
Investments at value affiliated (cost \$10,928,321)	10,928,321
Cash	15,000
Cash pledged as collateral for swaps	13,890,000
TBA sale commitments receivable	13,262,734
Interest receivable	1,167,011
Premiums receivable from options written	362,000
Principal paydown receivable	89,356
Investments sold receivable	22,367
Swaps receivable	1,235
Foreign currency at value (cost \$742)	804
Prepaid expenses	5,296
Total assets	269,073,501

Liabilities

Reverse repurchase agreements	66,410,000
Unrealized depreciation on swaps	14,540,792
Investments purchased payable	14,110,162
TBA sale commitments at value (proceeds \$13,262,734)	13,257,015
Income dividends payable	643,479
Options written at value (premiums received \$362,000)	306,250
Investment advisory fees payable	161,363
Interest expense payable	25,436
Swaps payable	23,731
Officers and Directors fees payable	5,961
Other affiliates payable	1,848
Other accrued expenses payable	122,623
Total liabilities	109,608,660
Net Assets	\$ 159,464,841

Net Assets Consist of

Paid-in capital	\$ 170,223,577
Distributions in excess of net investment income	(643,479)
Accumulated net realized loss	(7,776,128)
Net unrealized appreciation/depreciation	(2,339,129)
Net Assets	\$ 159,464,841

Net Asset Value

Based on net assets of \$159,464,841 and 9,899,677 shares outstanding, 200 million shares authorized, \$0.10 par value	\$ 16.11
See Notes to Financial Statements.	

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 13

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Investment Income

Interest	\$ 9,861,861
Income affiliated	8,016
Total income	9,869,877

Expenses

Investment advisory	2,083,394
Professional	116,382
Accounting services	38,106
Repurchase offer	36,375
Transfer agent	35,630
Custodian	27,898
Officer and Directors	21,545
Printing	18,908
Registration	8,624
Miscellaneous	13,028
Total expenses excluding interest expense	2,399,890
Interest expense	123,926
Total expenses	2,523,816
Less fees waived by Manager	(3,883)
Total expenses after fees waived	2,519,933
Net investment income	7,349,944

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)

Net realized gain (loss) from:	
Investments	(1,066,527)
Financial futures contracts	(80,247)
Foreign currency transactions	4,969
Options written	2,573,300
Swaps	(3,599,890)
	(2,168,395)

Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on:

Investments	609,130
Foreign currency translations	22
Options written	224,430
Swaps	1,101,978

	1,935,560
Total realized and unrealized loss	(232,835)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 7,117,109

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2012	2011
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets:		
Operations		
Net investment income	\$ 7,349,944	\$ 8,091,632
Net realized loss	(2,168,395)	(8,378,105)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation	1,935,560	8,958,937
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	7,117,109	8,672,464
Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders From¹		
Net investment income	(5,916,283)	(4,435,787)
Tax return of capital	(3,070,424)	(6,175,972)
Decrease in net assets resulting from dividends and distributions to shareholders	(8,986,707)	(10,611,759)
Capital Share Transactions		
Redemption of shares resulting from a repurchase offer ²	(17,430,690)	(9,213,755)
Decrease in net assets derived from capital share transactions	(17,430,690)	(9,213,755)
Net Assets		
Total decrease in net assets	(19,300,288)	(11,153,050)
Beginning of year	178,765,129	189,918,179
End of year	\$ 159,464,841	\$ 178,765,129
Distributions in excess of net investment income	\$ (643,479)	\$ (775,071)

¹ Dividends and distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations.

² Net of repurchase fees of \$355,728 and \$188,035, respectively.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 15

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2012**Cash Provided by Operating Activities**

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 7,117,109
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Decrease in interest receivable	294,722
Decrease in swap receivable	1,432
Decrease in prepaid expenses	6,266
Decrease in cash pledged as collateral in connection with options written	200,000
Increase in cash pledged as collateral for swaps	(6,590,000)
Decrease in investment advisory fees payable	(34,761)
Increase in interest expense payable	11,552
Increase in other affiliates payable	1,848
Increase in other accrued expenses payable	39,718
Decrease in swaps payable	(3,955)
Increase in Officers and Directors fees payable	5,294
Net periodic and termination payments of swaps	(4,339,890)
Net realized and unrealized loss on investments	157,557
Amortization of premium and accretion of discount on investments	526,894
Premiums received from options written	5,460,500
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of long-term investments	386,393,466
Purchases of long-term investments	(332,350,296)
Net payments on purchases of short-term securities	(3,667,247)
Premiums paid on closing options written	(2,622,200)
Cash provided by operating activities	50,608,009

Cash Used for Financing Activities

Cash payments on Common Shares redeemed	(17,430,690)
Cash dividends paid to Common Shareholders	(9,113,203)
Net borrowing of reverse repurchase agreements	(24,050,419)
Cash used for financing activities	(50,594,312)

Cash Impact from Foreign Exchange Fluctuations

Cash impact from foreign exchange fluctuations	22
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Cash and Foreign Currency

Net increase in cash	13,719
Cash and foreign currency at beginning of year	2,085
Cash and foreign currency at end of year	\$ 15,804

Cash Flow Information

Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 112,374
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A Statement of Cash Flows is presented when the Fund has a significant amount of borrowings during the period, based on the average borrowings outstanding in relation to total assets.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Financial Highlights

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Per Share Operating Performance					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 16.25	\$ 16.40	\$ 16.59	\$ 16.03	\$ 17.42
Net investment income ¹	0.67	0.70	0.64	0.67	0.97
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) ²	0.02	0.07	0.16	1.32	(1.10)
Net increase (decrease) from investment operations	0.69	0.77	0.80	1.99	(0.13)
Dividends and distributions from: ³					
Net investment income	(0.55)	(0.39)	(0.80)	(0.26)	(0.46)
Net realized gain				(1.01)	(0.80)
Tax return of capital	(0.28)	(0.53)	(0.19)	(0.16)	
Total dividends and distributions	(0.83)	(0.92)	(0.99)	(1.43)	(1.26)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 16.11	\$ 16.25	\$ 16.40	\$ 16.59	\$ 16.03
Market price, end of year	\$ 15.63	\$ 15.25	\$ 15.51	\$ 17.07	\$ 16.57
Total Investment Return⁴					
Based on net asset value	4.59%	5.15%	4.95%	12.68%	(0.73)%
Based on market price	8.13%	4.34%	(3.54)%	12.17%	12.85%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	1.43%	1.39%	1.22%	1.00%	1.07%
Total expenses after fees waived and paid indirectly	1.42%	1.39%	1.22%	0.99%	1.07%
Total expenses after fees waived and paid indirectly and excluding interest expense	1.35%	1.35%	1.18%	0.99%	0.97%
Net investment income	4.15%	4.32%	3.87%	3.96%	5.40%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$ 159,465	\$ 178,765	\$ 189,918	\$ 194,472	\$ 186,803
	\$ 66,410	\$ 90,460	\$ 75,230	\$ 10,934	

Borrowings outstanding, end of year (000)					
Average borrowings outstanding during the year (000)	\$ 68,515	\$ 71,183	\$ 40,046	\$ 3,415	
Portfolio turnover	142% ⁵	115% ⁶	163% ⁷	483% ⁸	367% ⁹
Asset coverage, end of year \$1,000	\$ 3,401	\$ 2,976	\$ 3,525	\$ 18,786	

¹ Based on average shares outstanding.

² Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) per share amounts include repurchase fees of \$0.03, \$0.02, \$0.00, \$0.00 and \$0.02 for the years ended December 31, 2012 through December 31, 2008, respectively.

³ Dividends and distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations.

⁴ Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or lesser than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Where applicable, total investment returns exclude the effects of any sales charges and include the reinvestment of dividends and distributions.

⁵ Includes mortgage dollar roll transactions. Excluding these transactions, the portfolio turnover would have been 83%.

⁶ Includes mortgage dollar roll transactions. Excluding these transactions, the portfolio turnover would have been 98%.

⁷ Includes mortgage dollar roll transactions. Excluding these transactions, the portfolio turnover would have been 137%.

⁸ Includes mortgage dollar roll transactions. Excluding these transactions, the portfolio turnover would have been 174%.

⁹ Includes mortgage dollar roll transactions. Excluding these transactions, the portfolio turnover would have been 212%.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 17

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies:

BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. (the Fund) is registered under the 1940 Act, as a diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund is organized as a Maryland corporation. The Fund's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP), which may require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Fund determines, and makes available for publication its NAV on a daily basis.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund:

Valuation: US GAAP defines fair value as the price the Fund would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fund determines the fair values of its financial instruments at market value using independent dealers or pricing services under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Fund (the Board). The BlackRock Global Valuation Methodologies Committee (the Global Valuation Committee) is the committee formed by management to develop global pricing policies and procedures and to provide oversight of the pricing function for the Fund for all financial instruments.

The Fund values its bond investments on the basis of last available bid prices or current market quotations provided by dealers or pricing services. In determining the value of a particular investment, pricing services may use certain information with respect to transactions in such investments, quotations from dealers, pricing matrixes, market transactions in comparable investments, various relationships observed in the market between investments and calculated yield measures. Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities are valued by independent pricing services using models that consider estimated cash flows of each tranche of the security, establish a benchmark yield and develop an estimated tranche specific spread to the benchmark yield based on the unique attributes of the tranche. Financial futures contracts traded on exchanges are valued at their last sale price. To-be-announced (TBA) commitments are valued on the basis of last available bid prices or current market quotations provided by pricing services. Swap agreements are valued utilizing quotes received daily by the Fund's pricing service or through brokers, which are derived using daily swap curves and models that incorporate a number of market data factors, such as discounted cash flows, trades and values of the underlying reference instruments. Investments in open-end registered investment companies are valued at NAV each business day. Short-term securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars using exchange rates determined as of the close of business on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). Foreign currency exchange contracts are valued at the mean between the bid and ask prices and are determined as of the close of business on the NYSE. Interpolated values are derived when the settlement date of the contract is an interim date for which quotations are not available.

Exchange-traded options are valued at the mean between the last bid and ask prices at the close of the options market in which the options trade. An exchange-traded option for which there is no mean price is valued at the last bid (long positions) or ask (short positions) price. If no bid or ask price is available, the prior day's price will be used, unless it is determined that the prior day's price no longer reflects the fair value of the option. Over-the-counter (OTC) options and swaptions are valued by an independent pricing service using a mathematical model which incorporates a number of market data factors, such as the trades and prices of the underlying instruments.

In the event that application of these methods of valuation results in a price for an investment that is deemed not to be representative of the market value of such investment, or if a price is not available, the investment will be valued by the Global Valuation Committee or its delegate, in accordance with a policy approved by the Board as reflecting fair value (Fair Value Assets). When determining the price for Fair Value Assets, the Global Valuation Committee, or its delegate, seeks to determine the price that the Fund might reasonably expect to receive from the current sale of that asset in an arm's-length transaction. Fair value determinations shall be based upon all available factors that the investment advisor and/or sub-advisor deem relevant consistent with the principles of fair value measurement which include the market approach, income approach and/or in the case of recent investments, the cost approach, as appropriate. A market approach generally consists of using comparable market transactions. The income approach generally is used to discount future cash flows to present value and adjusted for liquidity as appropriate. These factors include but are not limited to: (i) attributes specific to the investment or asset; (ii) the principal market for the investment or asset; (iii) the customary participants in the principal market for the investment or asset; (iv) data assumptions by market participants for the investment or asset, if reasonably available; (v) quoted prices for similar investments or assets in active markets; and (vi) other factors, such as future cash flows, interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss

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severities, credit risks, recovery rates, liquidation amounts and/or default rates. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such investments, the fair values may differ from the values that would have been used had an active market existed. The Global Valuation Committee, or its delegate, employs various methods for calibrating valuation approaches for investments where an active market does not

18BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

on mortgages underlying a PO are slower than anticipated, the life of the

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 19

Investment Transactions and Investment Income: For financial reporting purposes, investment transactions are recorded on the dates the transactions are entered into (the trade dates). Realized gains and losses on investment transactions are determined on the identified cost

20BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

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The Fund engages in various portfolio investment strategies using derivative contracts both to increase the returns of the Fund and/or to economically hedge, or protect, its exposure to certain risks such as credit risk, equity risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk. These contracts may be transacted on an exchange or OTC.

Losses may arise if the value of the contract decreases due to an unfavorable change in the market rates or values of the underlying instrument or if the counterparty does not perform under the contract. The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk on OTC derivatives is generally the aggregate unrealized gain netted against any collateral pledged by/posted to the counterparty. For OTC options

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 21

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the option counterparty. When the Fund writes a put option, such option is covered by cash in an amount sufficient to cover the obligation.

22BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Options on swaps (swaptions) are similar to options on securities except that instead of selling or purchasing the right to buy or sell a security, the writer or purchaser of the swap option is granting or buying the right to enter into a previously agreed upon interest rate swap agreement (interest rate risk and/or credit risk) at any time before the expiration of the option.

In purchasing and writing options, the Fund bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the value of the underlying instrument or the risk that the Fund may not be able to enter into a closing transaction due to an illiquid market. Exercise of a written option could result in the Fund purchasing or selling a security at a price different from the current market value.

Swaps: The Fund enters into swap agreements, in which the fund and a counterparty agree either to make periodic net payments on a specified notional amount or a net payment upon termination. Swap agreements are privately negotiated in the OTC market and may be entered into as a bilateral contract or centrally cleared (centrally cleared swaps). In a centrally cleared swap, immediately following execution of the swap agreement, the swap agreement is novated to a central counterparty (the CCP) and the Fund faces the CCP through a future commission merchant. Unlike a bilateral swap agreement, for centrally cleared swaps, the Fund has no credit exposure to the counterparty as the CCP stands between the Fund and the counterparty. These payments received or made by the Fund are recorded in the Statement of Operations as realized gains or losses, respectively. Any upfront fees paid are recorded as assets and any upfront fees received are recorded as liabilities and are shown as swap premiums paid and swap premiums received, respectively in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and amortized over the term of the swap. Swaps are marked-to-market daily and changes in value are recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation). The daily change in valuation of centrally cleared swaps, if any, is recorded as a receivable or payable for variation margin in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. When the swap is terminated, the Fund will record a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds from (or cost of) the closing transaction and the Fund's basis in the contract, if any. Generally, the basis of the contracts is the premium received or paid. Swap transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of interest rate, credit and market risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, that the counterparty to the agreements may default on its obligation to perform or disagree as to the meaning of the contractual terms in the agreements, and that there may be unfavorable changes in interest rates and/or market values associated with these transactions.

Interest rate swaps The Fund enters into interest rate swaps to gain or reduce exposure to interest rates or to manage duration, the yield curve or interest rate risk by economically hedging the value of the fixed rate bonds which may decrease when interest rates rise (interest rate risk). Interest rate swaps are agreements in which one party pays a stream of interest payments, either fixed or floating, for another party's stream of interest payments, either fixed or floating, on the same notional amount for a specified period of time. Interest rate floors, which are a type of interest rate swap, are agreements in which one party agrees to make payments to the other party to the extent that interest rates fall below a specified rate or floor in return for a premium. In more complex swaps, the notional principal amount may decline (or amortize) over time.

Derivative Financial Instruments Categorized by Risk Exposure:

Fair Values of Derivative Financial Instruments as of December 31, 2012

	Liability Derivatives		
	Statement		
	of		
	Assets		
	and		
	Liabilities		
	Location		Value
	Unrealized depreciation on swaps; Options written at value		
Interest rate contracts	\$	(14,847,042)

**The Effect of Derivative Financial Instruments in the Statement of Operations
Year Ended December 31, 2012**

	Net Realized Gain (Loss) from			Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts
	Financial Futures Contracts	Swaps	Options¹	
Interest rate contracts	\$ (80,247)	\$ (3,599,890)	\$ 2,576,785	
Foreign currency transactions				\$ (5)
Total	\$ (80,247)	\$ (3,599,890)	\$ 2,576,780	\$ (5)

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/Depreciation on

	Swaps	Options¹
Interest rate contracts	\$ 1,101,978	\$ 224,430

¹ Options purchased are included in the net realized gain (loss) from investments and net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 23

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the average quarterly balances of outstanding derivative financial instruments were as follows:

Financial futures contracts:

Average number of contracts sold	36
Average notional value of contracts sold	\$ 8,875,053

Foreign currency exchange contracts:

Average number of contracts US dollars purchased ¹	1
Average US dollars amount purchased ¹	\$ 322

Options:

Average number of options contracts purchased ¹	13
Average notional value of options contracts purchased ¹	\$ 3,221,563

Average number of swaptions contracts written	4
Average notional value of swaptions contracts written	\$ 137,500,000

Interest rate swaps:

Average number of contracts pays fixed rate	1
Average notional value pays fixed rate	\$ 23,900,000

¹ Average contract amount shown due to limited activity.

3. Investment Advisory Agreement and Other Transactions with Affiliates:

The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. (PNC) is the largest stockholder and an affiliate, for 1940 Act purposes, of BlackRock, Inc. (BlackRock).

The Fund entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with BlackRock Advisors, LLC (the Manager), the Fund s investment advisor, an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of BlackRock, to provide investment advisory and administration services. The Manager is responsible for the management of the Fund s portfolio and provides the necessary personnel, facilities, equipment and certain other services necessary to the operations of the Fund. For such services, the Fund pays the Manager a monthly fee at an annual rate of 0.85% of the Fund s average daily net assets, plus the proceeds of any outstanding borrowings used for leverage.

The Manager voluntarily agreed to waive its investment advisory fees by the amount of investment advisory fees the Fund pays to the Manager indirectly through its investment in affiliated money market funds. However, the Manager does not waive its investment advisory fees by the amount of investment advisory fees paid in connection with the Fund s investment in other affiliated investment companies, if any. This amount is shown as fees waived by Manager in the Statement of Operations.

The Manager entered into a sub-advisory agreement with BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. (BFM), an affiliate of the Manager. The Manager pays BFM, for services it provides, a monthly fee that is a percentage of the investment advisory fees paid by the Fund to the Manager.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Fund reimbursed the Manager \$1,848 for certain accounting services, which is included in accounting services in the Statement of Operations.

Certain officers and/or Directors of the Fund are officers and/or directors of BlackRock or its affiliates. The Fund reimburses the Manager for a portion of the compensation paid to the Fund s Chief Compliance Officer.

4. Investments:

Purchases and sales of investments including paydowns, mortgage dollar roll and TBA transactions and excluding short-term securities and US government securities for the year ended December 31, 2012, were \$314,664,463 and \$364,726,520, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, purchases and sales of US government securities were \$31,791,100 and \$35,033,023, respectively.

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For the year ended December 31, 2012, purchases and sales of mortgage dollar rolls were \$142,983,488 and \$137,548,809, respectively.

Transactions in options written for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

	Calls Notional Amount (000)	Premiums Received
Outstanding options, beginning of year	\$ 135,000	\$ 475,000
Options written	1,675,000	5,822,500
Options closed	(765,000)	(1,823,725)
Options exercised	(160,000)	(740,000)
Options expired	(740,000)	(3,371,775)
Outstanding options, end of year	\$ 145,000	\$ 362,000

5. Income Tax Information:

US GAAP requires that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or net asset values per share. The following permanent differences as of December 31, 2012 attributable to the accounting for swap agreements and foreign currency transactions were reclassified to the following accounts:

Distributions in excess of net investment income	\$ (1,302,069)
Accumulated net realized loss	\$ 1,302,069

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was as follows:

	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
Ordinary income	\$5,916,283	\$ 4,435,787
Tax return of capital	3,070,424	6,175,972
Total	\$8,986,707	\$10,611,759

24BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)

As of December 31, 2012, the tax components of accumulated net losses were as follows:

Capital loss carryforwards	\$ (7,776,128)
Net unrealized losses ¹	(2,982,608)
Total	\$(10,758,736)

¹ The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized losses was attributable primarily to the timing of distributions.

As of December 31, 2012, the Fund had a capital loss carryforward available to offset future realized capital gains through the indicated expiration dates as follows:

Expires December 31, 2017	\$2,037,204
No expiration date ²	5,738,924
Total	\$7,776,128

² Must be utilized prior to losses subject to expiration.

As of December 31, 2012, gross unrealized appreciation and gross unrealized depreciation based on cost for federal income tax purposes were as follows:

Tax cost	\$ 228,117,566
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 13,616,068
Gross unrealized depreciation	(1,475,936)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 12,140,132

6. Borrowings:

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the daily weighted average interest rate for the Fund's borrowings, which include reverse repurchase agreements was 0.18%.

7. Concentration, Market and Credit Risk:

In the normal course of business, the Fund invests in securities and enters into transactions where risks exist due to fluctuations in the market (market risk) or failure of the issuer of a security to meet all its obligations (issuer credit risk). The value of securities held by the Fund may decline in response to certain events, including those directly involving the issuers whose securities are owned by the Fund; conditions affecting the general economy; overall market changes; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; and currency and interest rate and price fluctuations. Similar to issuer credit risk, the Fund may be exposed to counterparty credit risk, or the risk that an entity with which the Fund has unsettled or open transactions may fail to or be unable to perform on its commitments. The Fund manages counterparty credit risk by entering into transactions only with counterparties that it believes have the financial resources to honor their obligations and by monitoring the financial stability of those counterparties. Financial assets, which potentially expose the Fund to market, issuer and counterparty credit risks, consist principally of financial instruments and receivables due from counterparties. The extent of the Fund's exposure to market, issuer and counterparty credit risks with respect to these financial assets is generally approximated by their value recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, less any collateral held by the Fund.

The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in securities backed by commercial or residential mortgage loans or in issuers that hold mortgage and other asset-backed securities. Please see the Schedule of Investments for these securities. Changes in economic conditions, including delinquencies and/or defaults on assets underlying these securities, can affect the value, income and/or liquidity of such positions.

8. Capital Share Transactions:

The Fund is authorized to issue 200 million shares, all of which were initially classified as Common Shares. The par value of the Fund's Common Shares is \$0.10. The Board is authorized, however, to reclassify any unissued shares without approval of Common Shareholders.

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The Fund will make offers to repurchase between 5% and 25% of its outstanding shares at approximate 12 month intervals. The amount of the repurchase offer is shown as redemptions of shares resulting from a repurchase offer in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets. The Fund may charge a repurchase fee of up to 2% of the value of the shares that are repurchased to compensate the Fund for expenses directly related to the repurchase offer, which is included in the capital share transactions in the Statements of Changes in Net Assets. Costs directly related to the repurchase offer, primarily mailing and printing costs, are shown as repurchase offer in the Statement of Operations.

Changes in Common Shares issued and outstanding, for the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2012	2011
Dividend reinvestment		
Repurchase offer	(1,099,964)	(578,928)
Net decrease	(1,099,964)	(578,928)

9. Subsequent Events:

Management's evaluation of the impact of all subsequent events on the Fund's financial statements was completed through the date the financial statements were issued and the following items were noted:

The Fund paid a net investment income dividend in the amount of \$0.065 per share on January 9, 2013 to shareholders of record on December 31, 2012.

Additionally, the Fund paid a net investment income dividend in the amount of \$0.065 per share on February 28, 2013 to shareholders of record on February 15, 2013.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 25

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. (the Fund), including the schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. The Fund is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of the securities owned as of December 31, 2012, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers; where replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. as of December 31, 2012, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deloitte & Touche LLP
 Boston, Massachusetts
 February 22, 2013

Important Tax Information (Unaudited)

The following information is provided with respect to the ordinary income distributions paid by the Fund for the taxable year ended December 31, 2012.

	Months Paid		Percentage
Interest-Related Dividends for Non-US Residents ¹	January	December 2012	100.00%
Federal Obligation Interest ²	January	December 2012	16.35%

¹ Represents the portion of the taxable ordinary income dividends eligible for exemption from US withholding tax for nonresident aliens and foreign corporations.

² The law varies in each state as to whether and what percentage of dividend income attributable to federal obligations is exempt from state income tax.

We recommend that you consult your tax advisor to determine if any portion of the dividends you received is exempt from state income taxes.

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Officers and Directors

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Length of Time Served as a Director ²	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of BlackRock-Advised Registered Investment Companies (RICs) Consisting of Investment Portfolios (Portfolios) Overseen	Public Directorships
Richard E. Cavanagh 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1946	Chairman of the Board and Director	Since 2007	Trustee, Aircraft Finance Trust from 1999 to 2009; Director, The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America since 1998; Director, Arch Chemical (chemical and allied products) from 1999 to 2011; Trustee, Educational Testing Service from 1997 to 2009 and Chairman thereof from 2005 to 2009; Senior Advisor, The Fremont Group since 2008 and Director thereof since 1996; Adjunct Lecturer, Harvard University since 2007; President and Chief Executive Officer, The Conference Board, Inc. (global business research organization) from 1995 to 2007.	93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios	None
Karen P. Robards 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1950	Vice Chairperson of the Board, Chairperson of the Audit Committee and Director	Since 2004	Partner of Robards & Company, LLC (financial advisory firm) since 1987; Co-founder and Director of the Cooke Center for Learning and Development (a not-for-profit organization) since 1987; Director of Care Investment Trust, Inc. (health care real estate investment trust) from 2007 to 2010; Investment Banker at Morgan Stanley	93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios	AtriCure, Inc. (medical devices)

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from 1976 to 1987.

<p>Michael J. Castellano 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1946</p>	<p>Director and Member of the Audit Committee</p>	<p>Since 2011</p>	<p>Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of Lazard Group LLC from 2001 to 2011; Chief Financial Officer of Lazard Ltd from 2004 to 2011; Director, Support Our Aging Religious (non-profit) since 2009; Director, National Advisory Board of Church Management at Villanova University since 2010.</p>	<p>93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Frank J. Fabozzi 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1948</p>	<p>Director and Member of the Audit Committee</p>	<p>Since 2007</p>	<p>Editor of and Consultant for The Journal of Portfolio Management since 1986; Professor of Finance, EDHEC Business School since 2011; Professor in the Practice of Finance and Becton Fellow, Yale University School of Management from 2006 to 2011; Adjunct Professor of Finance and Becton Fellow, Yale University from 1994 to 2006.</p>	<p>93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Kathleen F. Feldstein 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1941</p>	<p>Director</p>	<p>Since 2007</p>	<p>President of Economics Studies, Inc. (private economic consulting firm) since 1987; Chair, Board of Trustees, McLean Hospital from 2000 to 2008 and Trustee Emeritus thereof since 2008; Member of the Board of Partners Community Healthcare, Inc. from 2005 to 2009; Member of the Corporation of Partners HealthCare since 1995; Trustee, Museum of Fine Arts, Boston since 1992;</p>	<p>93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios</p>	<p>The McClatchy Company (publishing), BellSouth (telecommunications), Knight Ridder (publishing)</p>

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Member of the Visiting
Committee to the Harvard
University Art Museum
since 2003; Director,
Catholic Charities of
Boston since 2009.

<p>James T. Flynn 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1939</p>	<p>Director and Member of the Audit Committee</p>	<p>Since 2004</p>	<p>Chief Financial Officer of JP Morgan & Co., Inc. from 1990 to 1995.</p>	<p>93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Jerrold B. Harris 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1942</p>	<p>Director</p>	<p>Since 2007</p>	<p>Trustee, Ursinus College since 2000; Director, Troemner LLC (scientific equipment) since 2000; Director of Delta Waterfowl Foundation since 2001; President and Chief Executive Officer, VWR Scientific Products Corporation from 1990 to 1999.</p>	<p>93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios</p>	<p>BlackRock Kelso Capital Corp. (business developme company)</p>

28BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

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Officers and Directors (continued)

Name, Address and Year of Birth	Position(s) Held with Fund	Length of Time Served as a Director²	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of BlackRock-Advised Registered Investment Companies (RICs) Consisting of Investment Portfolios (Portfolios) Overseen	Public Directorships
Independent Directors ¹ (concluded)					
R. Glenn Hubbard 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1958	Director	Since 2007	Dean, Columbia Business School since 2004; Columbia faculty member since 1988; Co-Director, Columbia Business School's Entrepreneurship Program from 1997 to 2004; Chairman, U.S. Council of Economic Advisers under the President of the United States from 2001 to 2003; Chairman, Economic Policy Committee of the OECD from 2001 to 2003.	93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios	ADP (data and information services) KKR Financial Corporation (finance) Metropolitan Life Insurance Company (insurance)
W. Carl Kester 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1951	Director and Member of the Audit Committee	Since 2004	George Fisher Baker Jr. Professor of Business Administration, Harvard Business School; Deputy Dean for Academic Affairs from 2006 to 2010; Chairman of the Finance Department, Harvard Business School from 2005 to 2006; Senior Associate Dean and Chairman of the MBA Program of Harvard Business School from 1999 to 2005; Member of the faculty of Harvard Business School since 1981.	93 RICs consisting of 89 Portfolios	None

¹ Directors serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72. The maximum age limitation may be waived as to any Director by action of a majority of the Directors upon finding good cause thereof. In 2011 and 2012, the Board of Directors unanimously approved extending the mandatory retirement age for James T. Flynn by additional one-year periods, which the Board believes would be in the best interest of shareholders.

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² Date shown is the earliest date a person has served for the Fund covered by this annual report. Following the combination of Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. (MLIM) and BlackRock, L.P. (BlackRock) in September 2006, the various legacy MLIM and legacy BlackRock fund boards were realigned and consolidated into three new fund boards in 2007. As a result, although the chart shows certain Directors as joining the Funds' board in 2007, each Director first became a member of the board of other legacy MLIM or legacy BlackRock Funds as follows: Richard E. Cavanagh, 1994; Frank J. Fabozzi, 1988; Kathleen F. Feldstein, 2005; James T. Flynn, 1996; Jerrold B. Harris, 1999; R. Glenn Hubbard, 2004; W. Carl Kester, 1995; and Karen P. Robards, 1998.

Interested Directors³

<p>Paul L. Audet 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1953</p>	<p>Director</p>	<p>Since 2011</p>	<p>Senior Managing Director of BlackRock and Head of U.S. Mutual Funds since 2011; Chair of the U.S. Mutual Funds Committee reporting to the Global Executive Committee since 2011; Head of BlackRock's Real Estate business from 2008 to 2011; Member of BlackRock's Global Operating and Corporate Risk Management Committees and of the BlackRock Alternative Investors Executive Committee and Investment Committee for the Private Equity Fund of Funds business since 2008; Head of BlackRock's Global Cash Management business from 2005 to 2010; Acting Chief Financial Officer of BlackRock from 2007 to 2008; Chief Financial Officer of BlackRock from 1998 to 2005.</p>	<p>155 RICs consisting of 278 Portfolios</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>Henry Gabbay 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1947</p>	<p>Director</p>	<p>Since 2007</p>	<p>Consultant, BlackRock, from 2007 to 2008; Managing Director, BlackRock from 1989 to 2007; Chief Administrative Officer, BlackRock Advisors, LLC from 1998 to 2007;</p>	<p>155 RICs consisting of 278 Portfolios</p>	<p>None</p>

President of BlackRock
Funds and BlackRock
Bond Allocation Target
Shares from 2005 to 2007;
Treasurer of certain
closed-end funds in the
BlackRock fund complex
from 1989 to 2006.

³ Mr. Audet is an interested person, as defined in the 1940 Act, of the Fund based on his position with BlackRock and its affiliates. Mr. Gabbay is an interested person of the Fund based on his former positions with BlackRock and its affiliates as well as his ownership of BlackRock and The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. securities. Mr. Audet and Mr. Gabbay are also Directors of the BlackRock registered open-end funds. Directors serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72. The maximum age limitation may be waived as to any Director by action of a majority of the Directors upon finding good cause thereof.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 29

Services Group from 2001 to 2006.

<p>Brian Kindelan 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1959</p>	<p>Chief Compliance Officer and Anti-Money Laundering Officer Since 2007</p>	<p>Chief Compliance Officer of the BlackRock-advised funds since 2007; Managing Director and Senior Counsel of BlackRock since 2005.</p>
<p>Janey Ahn 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055 1975</p>	<p>Secretary Since 2012</p>	<p>Director of BlackRock since 2009; Vice President of BlackRock from 2008 to 2009; Assistant Secretary of the Funds from 2008 to 2012; Associate at Willkie Farr & Gallagher LLP from 2006 to 2008.</p>

¹ Officers of the Fund serve at the pleasure of the Board.

² Ms. Ackerley was President and Chief Executive Officer from 2009 to 2011.

<p>Investment Advisor BlackRock Advisors, LLC Wilmington, DE 19809</p>	<p>Custodian and Accounting Agent State Street Bank and Trust Company Boston, MA 02110</p>	<p>Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Deloitte & Touche LLP Boston, MA 02116</p>	<p>Address of the Fund 100 Bellevue Parkway Wilmington, DE 19809</p>
<p>Sub-Advisor BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. New York, NY 10055</p>	<p>Transfer Agent Computershare Trust Company, N.A. Canton, MA 02021</p>	<p>Legal Counsel Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP New York, NY 10036</p>	

30BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Additional Information

Regulation Regarding Derivatives

Effective December 31, 2012, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) adopted certain regulatory changes that subject registered investment companies and advisers to registered investment companies to regulation by the CFTC if a fund invests more than a prescribed level of its net assets in CFTC-regulated futures, options and swaps (CFTC Derivatives), or if the fund markets itself as providing investment exposure to such instruments. To the extent the Fund uses CFTC-regulated futures, options and swaps, it intends to do so below such prescribed levels and will not market itself as a commodity pool or a vehicle for trading such instruments. Accordingly, BlackRock Advisors, LLC has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term commodity pool operator under the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA) pursuant to Rule 4.5 under the CEA. BlackRock Advisors, LLC is not, therefore, subject to registration or regulation as a commodity pool operator under the CEA in respect of the Fund.

The Fund may also have investments in underlying funds not advised by BlackRock (which for purposes of the no-action letter referenced below may include certain securitized vehicles and/or mortgage REITS that may invest in CFTC Derivatives). BlackRock Advisors, LLC has no transparency into the holdings of these underlying funds because they are not advised by BlackRock. To address this issue of lack of transparency, the CFTC staff issued a no-action letter on November 29, 2012 permitting the adviser of a fund that invests in such underlying funds and that would otherwise have filed a claim of exclusion pursuant to Rule 4.5, to delay registration as a commodity pool operator until June 30, 2013 or six months from the date in which the CFTC issues additional guidance on the treatment of CFTC Derivatives held by underlying funds. BlackRock Advisors, LLC, the adviser of the Fund, has filed a claim with the CFTC to rely on this no-action relief.

Proxy Results

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders was held on July 27, 2012, for shareholders of record on May 31, 2012 to elect director nominees for BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc. There were no broker non-votes with regard to the Fund.

		Votes For	Votes Withheld	Abstain
Approved the Directors as follows:	Paul L. Audet	10,261,821	239,648	0
	Michael J. Castellano	10,257,194	244,275	0
	Richard E. Cavanagh	10,259,074	242,395	0
	Frank J. Fabozzi	10,253,997	247,472	0
	Kathleen F. Feldstein	10,253,630	247,839	0
	James T. Flynn	10,246,659	254,810	0
	Henry Gabbay	10,260,132	241,337	0
	Jerrold B. Harris	10,247,187	254,282	0
	R. Glenn Hubbard	10,253,927	247,542	0
	W. Carl Kester	10,261,259	240,210	0
	Karen P. Robards	10,262,277	239,192	0

Fund Certification

The Fund is listed for trading on the NYSE and has filed with the NYSE its annual chief executive officer certification regarding compliance with the NYSE's listing standards. The Fund filed with the SEC the certification of its chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 31

Additional Information (continued)

Fundamental Periodic Repurchase Policy

The Fund has adopted an interval fund structure pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act as a fundamental policy. As an interval fund, the Fund will make annual repurchase offers at net asset value (less a repurchase fee not to exceed 2%) to all Fund shareholders. The percentage of outstanding shares that the Fund can repurchase in each offer will be established by the Fund's Board shortly before the commencement of each offer, and will be between 5% and 25% of the Fund's then outstanding shares.

The Fund has adopted the following fundamental policies regarding periodic repurchases:

- (a) The Fund will make repurchase offers at periodic intervals pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act.
- (b) The periodic interval between repurchase request deadlines will be approximately 12 months.
- (c) The maximum number of days between a repurchase request deadline and the next repurchase pricing date will be 14 days; provided that if the 14th day after a repurchase request deadline is not a business day, the repurchase pricing date shall be the next business day.

The Board may place such conditions and limitations on a repurchase offer as may be permitted under Rule 23c-3. Repurchase offers may be suspended or postponed under certain circumstances, as provided in Rule 23c-3.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, the Fund conducted a repurchase offer for up to 10% of its outstanding shares, pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the 1940 Act, as summarized in the following table:

Number of Repurchase Offers	Number of Shares Repurchased	Number of Shares Tendered
1	1,099,964	3,367,976

Because the repurchase offer was oversubscribed, the Fund repurchased shares on a pro rata basis except with regard to shareholders who owned less than 100 shares and tendered all of their shares, which were purchased in their entirety.

32 BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

Additional Information (continued)

General Information

The Fund does not make available copies of its Statement of Additional Information because the Fund's shares are not continuously offered, which means that the Statement of Additional Information of the Fund has not been updated after completion of the Fund's offerings and the information contained in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information may have become outdated.

During the period, there were no material changes in the Fund's investment objectives or policies or to the Fund's charter or by-laws that would delay or prevent a change of control of the Fund that were not approved by the shareholders or in the principal risk factors associated with investment in the Fund. There have been no changes in the persons who are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio.

Quarterly performance, semi-annual and annual reports and other information regarding the Fund may be found on BlackRock's website, which can be accessed at <http://www.blackrock.com>. This reference to BlackRock's website is intended to allow investors public access to information regarding the Fund and does not, and is not intended to, incorporate BlackRock's website into this report.

Electronic Delivery

Electronic copies of most financial reports are available on the Fund's website or shareholders can sign up for e-mail notifications of quarterly statements, annual and semi-annual reports by enrolling in the Fund's electronic delivery program.

Shareholders Who Hold Accounts with Investment Advisors, Banks or Brokerages:

Please contact your financial advisor to enroll. Please note that not all investment advisors, banks or brokerages may offer this service.

Householding

The Fund will mail only one copy of shareholder documents, including annual and semi-annual reports and proxy statements, to shareholders with multiple accounts at the same address. This practice is commonly called "householding" and it is intended to reduce expenses and eliminate duplicate mailings of shareholder documents. Mailings of your shareholder documents may be househanded indefinitely unless you instruct us otherwise. If you do not want the mailing of these documents to be combined with those for other members of your household, please call (800) 441-7762.

Availability of Quarterly Schedule of Investments

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov> and may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on how to access documents on the SEC's website without charge may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330. The Fund's Forms N-Q may also be obtained upon request and without charge by calling (800) 441-7762.

Availability of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 441-7762; (2) at <http://www.blackrock.com>; and (3) on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Availability of Proxy Voting Record

Information about how the Fund voted proxies relating to securities held in the Fund's portfolio during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available upon request and without charge (1) at <http://www.blackrock.com> or by calling (800) 441-7762 and (2) on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Availability of Fund Updates

BlackRock will update performance data and certain other data for the Fund on a monthly basis on its website in the Closed-end Funds section of <http://www.blackrock.com> as well as certain other material information as necessary from time to time. Investors and others are advised to periodically check the website for updated performance information and the release of other material information about the Fund. This reference to BlackRock's website is intended to allow investors public access to information regarding the Fund and does not, and is not intended to, incorporate BlackRock's website in this report.

BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012 33

Additional Information (concluded)

BlackRock Privacy Principles

BlackRock is committed to maintaining the privacy of its current and former fund investors and individual clients (collectively, Clients) and to safeguarding their non-public personal information. The following information is provided to help you understand what personal information BlackRock collects, how we protect that information and why in certain cases we share such information with select parties.

If you are located in a jurisdiction where specific laws, rules or regulations require BlackRock to provide you with additional or different privacy-related rights beyond what is set forth below, then BlackRock will comply with those specific laws, rules or regulations.

BlackRock obtains or verifies personal non-public information from and about you from different sources, including the following: (i) information we receive from you or, if applicable, your financial intermediary, on applications, forms or other documents; (ii) information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or others; (iii) information we receive from a consumer reporting agency; and (iv) from visits to our websites.

BlackRock does not sell or disclose to non-affiliated third parties any non-public personal information about its Clients, except as permitted by law or as is necessary to respond to regulatory requests or to service Client accounts. These non-affiliated third parties are required to protect the confidentiality and security of this information and to use it only for its intended purpose.

We may share information with our affiliates to service your account or to provide you with information about other BlackRock products or services that may be of interest to you. In addition, BlackRock restricts access to non-public personal information about its Clients to those BlackRock employees with a legitimate business need for the information. BlackRock maintains physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that are designed to protect the non-public personal information of its Clients, including procedures relating to the proper storage and disposal of such information.

34BLACKROCK ENHANCED GOVERNMENT FUND, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2012

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This report is transmitted to shareholders only. It is not a prospectus. Past performance results shown in this report should not be considered a representation of future performance. Statements and other information herein are as dated and are subject to change.

#EGF-12/12-AR

Item 2 – Code of Ethics – The registrant (or the “Fund”) has adopted a code of ethics, as of the end of the period covered by this report, applicable to the registrant’s principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. During the period covered by this report, there have been no amendments to or waivers granted under the code of ethics. A copy of the code of ethics is available without charge at www.blackrock.com.

Item 3 – Audit Committee Financial Expert – The registrant’s board of directors (the “board of directors”), has determined that (i) the registrant has the following audit committee financial experts serving on its audit committee and (ii) each audit committee financial expert is independent:

Frank J. Fabozzi
James T. Flynn
W. Carl Kester
Karen P. Robards

The registrant’s board of directors has determined that W. Carl Kester and Karen P. Robards qualify as financial experts pursuant to Item 3(c)(4) of Form N-CSR.

Prof. Kester has a thorough understanding of generally accepted accounting principles, financial statements and internal control over financial reporting as well as audit committee functions. Prof. Kester has been involved in providing valuation and other financial consulting services to corporate clients since 1978. Prof. Kester’s financial consulting services present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the registrant’s financial statements.

Ms. Robards has a thorough understanding of generally accepted accounting principles, financial statements and internal control over financial reporting as well as audit committee functions. Ms. Robards has been President of Robards & Company, a financial advisory firm, since 1987. Ms. Robards was formerly an investment banker for more than 10 years where she was responsible for evaluating and assessing the performance of companies based on their financial results. Ms. Robards has over 30 years of experience analyzing financial statements. She also is a member of the audit committee of one publicly held company and a non-profit organization.

Under applicable securities laws, a person determined to be an audit committee financial expert will not be deemed an “expert” for any purpose, including without limitation for the purposes of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933, as a result of being designated or identified as an audit committee financial expert. The designation or identification as an audit committee financial expert does not impose on such person any duties, obligations, or liabilities greater than the duties, obligations, and liabilities imposed on such person as a member of the audit committee and board of directors in the absence of such designation or identification. The designation or identification of a person as an audit committee financial expert does not affect the duties, obligations, or liability of any other member of the audit committee or board of directors.

provided that any individual project does not exceed \$10,000 attributable to the registrant or \$50,000 per project. For this purpose, multiple projects will be aggregated to determine if they exceed the previously mentioned cost levels.

Any proposed services exceeding the pre-approved cost levels will require specific pre-approval by the Committee, as will any other services not subject to general pre-approval (e.g., unanticipated but permissible services). The Committee is informed of each service approved subject to general pre-approval at the next regularly scheduled in-person board meeting. At this meeting, an analysis of such services is presented to the Committee for ratification. The Committee may delegate to the Committee Chairman the authority to approve the provision of and fees for any specific engagement of permitted non-audit services, including services exceeding pre-approved cost levels.

(e)(2) None of the services described in each of Items 4(b) through (d) were approved by the Committee pursuant to the de minimis exception in paragraph (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

(f) Not Applicable

(g) The aggregate non-audit fees paid to the accountant for services rendered by the accountant to the registrant, the Investment Adviser and the Fund Service Providers were:

<u>Entity Name</u>	<u>Current Fiscal Year End</u>	<u>Previous Fiscal Year End</u>
BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.	\$10,300	\$9,800

Additionally, SSAE 16 Review (Formerly, SAS No. 70) fees for the current and previous fiscal years of \$2,970,000 and \$3,030,000, respectively, were billed by D&T to the Investment Adviser.

(h) The Committee has considered and determined that the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the Investment Adviser and the Fund Service Providers that were not pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

Item 5 – Audit Committee of Listed Registrants

(a) The following individuals are members of the registrant's separately-designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(58)(A)):

Michael Castellano

Frank J. Fabozzi

James T. Flynn

W. Carl Kester

Karen P. Robards

(b) Not Applicable

Item 6 – Investments

(a) The registrant's Schedule of Investments is included as part of the Report to Stockholders filed under Item 1 of this Form.

(b) Not Applicable due to no such divestments during the semi-annual period covered since the previous Form N-CSR filing.

Item 7 – Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies – The board of directors has delegated the voting of proxies for the Fund’s portfolio securities to the Investment Adviser pursuant to the Investment Adviser’s proxy voting guidelines. Under these guidelines, the Investment Adviser will vote proxies related to Fund securities in the best interests of the Fund and its stockholders. From time to time, a vote may present a conflict between the interests of the Fund’s stockholders, on the one hand, and those of the Investment Adviser, or any affiliated person of the Fund or the Investment Adviser, on the other. In such event, provided that the Investment Adviser’s Equity Investment Policy Oversight Committee, or a sub-committee thereof (the “Oversight Committee”) is aware of the real or potential conflict or material non-routine matter and if the Oversight Committee does not reasonably believe it is able to follow its general voting guidelines (or if the particular proxy matter is not addressed in the guidelines) and vote impartially, the Oversight Committee may retain an independent fiduciary to advise the Oversight Committee on how to vote or to cast votes on behalf of the Investment Adviser’s clients. If the Investment Adviser determines not to retain an independent fiduciary, or does not desire to follow the advice of such independent fiduciary, the Oversight Committee shall determine how to vote the proxy after consulting with the Investment Adviser’s Portfolio Management Group and/or the Investment Adviser’s Legal and Compliance Department and concluding that the vote cast is in its client’s best interest notwithstanding the conflict. A copy of the Fund’s Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures are attached as Exhibit 99.PROXYPOL. Information on how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available without charge, (i) at www.blackrock.com and (ii) on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Item 8 – Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies – as of December 31, 2012.

(a)(1) The registrant is managed by a team of investment professionals comprised of Stuart Spodek, Managing Director at BlackRock and Thomas Musmanno, CFA, Managing Director at BlackRock. Messrs. Spodek and Musmanno are the Fund’s portfolio managers and are responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund’s portfolio and the selection of its investments. Messrs. Spodek and Musmanno have been members of the registrant’s portfolio management team since 2006 and 2009, respectively.

Portfolio Manager	Biography
Stuart Spodek	Managing Director of BlackRock since 2002; Co-head of US Fixed Income within BlackRock's Fixed Income Portfolio Management Group since 2007.
Thomas Musmanno, CFA	Managing Director of BlackRock since 2010; Director of BlackRock from 2006 to 2009.

(a)(2) As of December 31, 2012:

(i) Name of Portfolio Manager	(ii) Number of Other Accounts Managed and Assets by Account Type			(iii) Number of Other Accounts and Assets for Which Advisory Fee is Performance-Based Other		
	Other	Other Pooled	Other	Other	Other Pooled	Other
	Registered	Investment	Accounts	Registered	Investment	Accounts
	Investment Companies	Vehicles		Investment Companies	Vehicles	
Stuart Spodek	0	4	4	0	2	2
	\$0	\$1.57 Billion	\$2.74 Billion	\$0	\$1.22 Billion	\$344 Million
Thomas Musmanno, CFA	5	10	184	0	0	1
	\$3.58 Billion	\$1.4 Billion	\$53.31 Billion	\$0	\$0	\$14.17 Million

(iv) Potential Material Conflicts of Interest

BlackRock has built a professional working environment, firm-wide compliance culture and compliance procedures and systems designed to protect against potential incentives that may favor one account over another. BlackRock has adopted policies and procedures that address the allocation of investment opportunities, execution of portfolio transactions, personal trading by employees and other potential conflicts of interest that are designed to ensure that all client accounts are treated equitably over time. Nevertheless, BlackRock furnishes investment management and advisory services to numerous clients in addition to the Fund, and BlackRock may, consistent with applicable law, make investment recommendations to other clients or accounts (including accounts which are hedge funds or have performance or higher fees paid to BlackRock, or in which portfolio managers have a personal interest in the receipt of such fees), which may be the same as or different from those made to the Fund. In addition, BlackRock, Inc., its affiliates and significant shareholders and any officer, director, shareholder or employee may or may not have an interest in the securities whose purchase and sale BlackRock recommends to the Fund. BlackRock, Inc., or any of its affiliates or significant shareholders, or any officer, director, shareholder, employee or any member of their families may take different actions than those recommended to the Fund by BlackRock with respect to the same securities. Moreover, BlackRock may refrain from rendering any advice or services concerning securities of companies of which any of BlackRock, Inc.'s (or its affiliates' or significant shareholders') officers, directors or employees are directors or officers, or companies as to which BlackRock, Inc. or any of its affiliates or significant shareholders or the officers, directors and employees of any of them has any substantial economic interest or possesses material non-public information. Certain portfolio managers also may manage accounts whose investment strategies may at times be opposed to the strategy utilized for a fund. It should also be noted that Messrs. Musmanno and Spodek may be managing certain hedge fund and/or long only accounts, or may be part of a team managing certain hedge fund and/or long only accounts, subject to incentive fees. Messrs. Musmanno and Spodek may therefore be entitled to receive a portion of any incentive fees earned on such accounts.

As a fiduciary, BlackRock owes a duty of loyalty to its clients and must treat each client fairly. When BlackRock purchases or sells securities for more than one account, the trades must be allocated in a manner consistent with its fiduciary duties. BlackRock attempts to allocate investments in a fair and equitable manner among client accounts, with no account receiving preferential treatment. To this end, BlackRock, Inc. has adopted policies that are intended to ensure reasonable efficiency in client transactions and provide BlackRock with sufficient flexibility to allocate investments in a manner that is consistent with the particular investment discipline and client base, as appropriate.

(a)(3) As of December 31, 2012:

Portfolio Manager Compensation Overview

BlackRock's financial arrangements with its portfolio managers, its competitive compensation and its career path emphasis at all levels reflect the value senior management places on key resources. Compensation may include a variety of components and may vary from year to year based on a number of factors. The principal components of compensation include a base salary, a performance-based discretionary bonus, participation in various benefits programs and one or more of the incentive compensation programs established by BlackRock.

Base compensation. Generally, portfolio managers receive base compensation based on their position with the firm.

Discretionary Incentive Compensation

Discretionary incentive compensation is a function of several components: the performance of BlackRock, Inc., the performance of the portfolio manager's group within BlackRock, the investment performance, including risk-adjusted returns, of the firm's assets under management or supervision by that portfolio manager relative to predetermined benchmarks, and the individual's performance and contribution to the overall performance of these portfolios and BlackRock. In most cases, these benchmarks are the same as the benchmark or benchmarks against which the performance of the Fund or other accounts managed by the portfolio managers are measured. Among other things, BlackRock's Chief Investment Officers make a subjective determination with respect to each portfolio manager's compensation based on the performance of the Fund and other accounts managed by each portfolio manager relative to the various benchmarks. Performance of fixed income funds is measured on a pre-tax and/or after-tax basis over various time periods including 1-, 3- and 5- year periods, as applicable. With respect to these portfolio managers, such benchmarks for the Fund and other accounts are a combination of market-based indices (e.g., Bank of America Merrill Lynch U.S. Corporate & Government Index, 1-3 Years), certain customized indices and certain fund industry peer groups.

Distribution of Discretionary Incentive Compensation

Discretionary incentive compensation is distributed to portfolio managers in a combination of cash and BlackRock, Inc. restricted stock units which vest ratably over a number of years. For some portfolio managers, discretionary incentive compensation is also distributed in deferred cash awards that notionally track the returns of select BlackRock investment products they manage and that vest ratably over a number of years. The BlackRock, Inc. restricted stock units, upon vesting, will be settled in BlackRock, Inc. common stock. Typically, the cash portion of the discretionary incentive compensation, when combined with base salary, represents more than 60% of total compensation for the portfolio managers. Paying a portion of discretionary incentive compensation in BlackRock stock puts compensation earned by a portfolio manager for a given year "at risk" based on BlackRock's ability to sustain

and improve its performance over future periods. Providing a portion of discretionary incentive compensation in deferred cash awards that notionally track the BlackRock investment products they manage provides direct alignment with investment product results.

Long-Term Incentive Plan Awards — From time to time long-term incentive equity awards are granted to certain key employees to aid in retention, align their interests with long-term shareholder interests and motivate performance.

Equity awards are generally granted in the form of BlackRock, Inc. restricted stock units that, once vested, settle in BlackRock, Inc. common stock. Messrs. Spodek and Musmanno have each received long-term incentive awards.

Deferred Compensation Program — A portion of the compensation paid to eligible BlackRock employees may be voluntarily deferred at their election for defined periods of time into an account that tracks the performance of certain of the firm’s investment products. All of the eligible portfolio managers have participated in the deferred compensation program.

Other Compensation Benefits

In addition to base compensation and discretionary incentive compensation, portfolio managers may be eligible to receive or participate in one or more of the following incentive savings plans. BlackRock, Inc. has created a variety of incentive savings plans in which BlackRock employees are eligible to participate, including a 401(k) plan, the BlackRock Retirement Savings Plan (RSP), and the BlackRock Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP). The employer contribution components of the RSP include a company match equal to 50% of the first 8% of eligible pay contributed to the plan capped at \$5,000 per year, and a company retirement contribution equal to 3-5% of eligible compensation up to the IRS limit (\$250,000 for 2012). The RSP offers a range of investment options, including registered investment companies and collective investment funds managed by the firm. BlackRock, Inc. contributions follow the investment direction set by participants for their own contributions or, absent participant investment direction, are invested into an index target date fund that corresponds to, or is closest to, the year in which the participant attains age 65. The ESPP allows for investment in BlackRock, Inc. common stock at a 5% discount on the fair market value of the stock on the purchase date. Annual participation in the ESPP is limited to the purchase of 1,000 shares of common stock or a dollar value of \$25,000 based on its fair market value on the purchase date. Messrs. Spodek and Musmanno are each eligible to participate in these plans.

(a)(4) *Beneficial Ownership of Securities* – As of December 31, 2012.

Portfolio Manager	Dollar Range of Equity Securities of the Fund Beneficially Owned
Stuart Spodek	None
Thomas Musmanno, CFA	None

(b) Not Applicable

Item 9 – Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers

<u>Period</u>	<u>(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased</u>	<u>(b) Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>(d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</u>
July 1-31, 2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
August 1-31, 2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
September 1-30, 2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
October 1-31, 2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
November 1-30, 2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
December 1-31, 2012	3,367,976	\$16.17 ¹	3,367,976 ²	0
Total:	3,367,976	\$16.17 ¹	3,367,976 ²	0

¹ Subject to a repurchase fee of 2% of the net asset value per share.

² On October 12, 2012, the repurchase offer was announced to repurchase up to 5% of outstanding shares. The expiration date of the offer was November 20, 2012. The registrant may conduct annual repurchases for between 5% and 25% of its outstanding shares pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

Item 10 – Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders – There have been no material changes to these procedures.

Item 11 – Controls and Procedures

(a) – The registrant’s principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”)) are effective as of a date within 90 days of the filing of this report based on the evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act and Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(b) – There were no changes in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act) that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 12 – Exhibits attached hereto

(a)(1) – Code of Ethics – See Item 2

(a)(2) – Certifications – Attached hereto

(a)(3) – Not Applicable

(b) – Certifications – Attached hereto

(c) – Notices to the registrant’s common shareholders in accordance with the order under Section 6(c) of the 1940 Act granting an exemption from Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act and Rule 19b-1 under the 1940 Act, dated May 9, 2009¹

¹ The Fund has received exemptive relief from the Securities and Exchange Commission permitting it to make periodic distributions of long-term capital gains with respect to its outstanding common stock as frequently as twelve times each year, and as frequently as distributions are specified by or in accordance with the terms of its outstanding preferred stock. This relief is conditioned, in part, on an undertaking by the Fund to make the disclosures to the holders of the Fund’s common shares, in addition to the information required by Section 19(a) of the 1940 Act and Rule 19a-1 thereunder. The Fund is likewise obligated to file with the SEC the information contained in any such notice to shareholders and, in that regard, has attached hereto copies of each such notice made during the period.

9

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.

By: /s/ John M. Perlowski

John M. Perlowski

Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of
BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.

Date: March 4, 2013

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ John M. Perlowski

John M. Perlowski

Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of
BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.

Date: March 4, 2013

By: /s/ Neal J. Andrews

Neal J. Andrews

Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) of

BlackRock Enhanced Government Fund, Inc.

Date: March 4, 2013

10