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STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORP/DE/  
Form 10-Q/A  
March 09, 2004

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

[X] AMENDMENT NO. 1 QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter ended September 30, 2003 Commission File Number 1-7233

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

DELAWARE 31-0596149  
(State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6 MANOR PARKWAY, SALEM, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03079  
(Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code)

(603) 893-9701  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES X NO \_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES X NO \_\_\_

The number of shares of Registrant's Common Stock outstanding on September 30, 2003 was 12,204,498.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 to the Standex International Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2003 (the "Form 10-Q") is being filed for the purpose of correcting an error in the version filed electronically with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Item 4 - Controls and Procedures for the evaluation of the disclosure controls

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and procedures in connection with the Corporation's Form 10-Q contained an incorrect date. No other changes are being made by means of this filing.

The Registrant hereby amends its Form 10-Q by replacing it with the Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2003 attached hereto.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

The following additional exhibits are filed herewith:

EXHIBITS

- 31.3 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
- 31.4 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the undersigned on behalf of Standex International Corporation and in the capacity indicated.

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
(Registrant)

Date: March 9, 2004

By: /s/ROGER L. FIX  
Roger L. Fix  
President/Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report on Form 10-K/A

EXHIBITS

- 31.3 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
- 31.4 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income (In thousands, except per share data)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2003	2002
Net sales	\$150,913	\$145,498
Cost of sales	(102,526)	(98,134)
Gross profit	48,387	47,364
Operating Expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(37,990)	(37,273)
Other operating income, net	25	-
Restructuring	(549)	(914)
Total operating expenses	(38,514)	(38,187)
Income from operations	9,873	9,177
Interest expense	(1,517)	(1,878)
Other, net	71	68
Income before income taxes	8,427	7,367
Provision for income taxes	(3,113)	(2,797)
Income from continuing operations	5,314	4,570
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(942)	42
Net income	\$ 4,372	\$ 4,612
Basic earnings per share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$0.44	\$0.38
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations	\$(0.08)	\$ -
Total	\$0.36	\$0.38
Diluted earnings per share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$0.43	\$0.38

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Income/(loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (0.08)	\$ -
Total	\$0.35	\$0.38
Cash dividends per share	\$0.21	\$0.21

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(In thousands)

	SEPTEMBER 30 2003	JUNE 30 2003
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,181	\$11,509
Receivables, net	91,597	91,714
Inventories	83,936	82,530
Prepaid expenses	12,569	5,343
Total current assets	198,283	191,096
Property, plant and equipment	274,925	278,458
Less accumulated depreciation	168,157	166,861
Property, plant and equipment, net	106,768	111,597
Other assets		
Prepaid pension cost	26,166	25,923
Goodwill, net	49,537	50,002
Long-term deferred tax asset	3,359	3,359
Other	23,606	22,298
Total other assets	102,668	101,582
TOTAL	\$407,719	\$404,275
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	\$1,372	\$ 910
Accounts payable	44,263	41,241
Income taxes	5,164	2,508
Accrued expenses	40,361	40,640
Total current liabilities	91,160	85,299
Long-term debt (less current portion included above)	105,128	109,019
Deferred pension and other liabilities	49,441	48,035
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	41,976	41,976
Additional paid-in capital	13,460	13,370
Retained earnings	390,404	388,593
Unamortized value of restricted stock	(97)	(100)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(33,599)	(31,818)
Treasury shares	(250,154)	(250,099)
Total stockholders' equity	161,990	161,922

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TOTAL \$407,719 \$404,275

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION  
Condensed Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows  
(In thousands)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED	
	SEPTEMBER 30	
	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$4,372	\$4,612
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations	(942)	42
Income from continuing operations	5,314	4,570
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Asset impairment	1,881	-
Gain on sale of real estate	(1,906)	-
Depreciation and amortization	3,270	3,383
Non-cash portion of restructuring charge	54	796
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities	(5,475)	1,802
Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations	3,138	10,551
Net cash used for operating activities from discontinued operations	(82)	(19)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,056	10,532
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Expenditures for property and equipment	(1,401)	(2,342)
Expenditures for acquisitions	-	(1,538)
Proceeds from sale of real estate	2,817	-
Other	403	(13)
Net cash provided by/(used for) investing activities from continuing operations	1,819	(3,893)
Net cash provided by/(used for) investing activities from discontinued operations	195	(78)
Net cash provided by/(used for) investing activities	2,014	(3,971)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from additional borrowings	3,762	5,553
Payments of debt	(7,191)	(7,145)
Cash dividends paid	(2,561)	(2,582)
Reacquisition of shares - stock incentive program and employees	(705)	(551)
Other, net	964	1,381
Net cash used for financing activities from continuing operations	(5,731)	(3,344)
Net cash used for financing activities from discontinued operations	(284)	(151)
Net cash used for financing activities	(6,015)	(3,495)

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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(383)	375
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,328)	3,441
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	11,509	8,092
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$10,181	\$11,533

### SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Cash paid/(received) during the three months for:

Interest	\$1,188	\$2,063
Income taxes	\$ (113)	\$ (1,352)

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Management Statement

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the results of operations, cash flows and comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 and the financial position at September 30, 2003 and 2002. The interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The condensed financial statements and notes do not contain information which would substantially duplicate the disclosure contained in the audited annual consolidated financial statements and notes for the year ended June 30, 2003. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2003 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report on Form 10-K and in particular, the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2003. In addition, certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. Prior to June 30, 2002, foreign operations were consolidated based on a May 31 year end. Effective July 1, 2002 international operations have been consolidated using a June 30 year end. This change resulted in reporting four months of international sales for the three months ended September 30, 2002, or an additional \$4.4 million of net sales. The impact on net income of the additional month of international operations was not significant.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies have not materially changed since the 2003 Form 10-K was filed.

#### 3. Discontinued Operations

In September, the Company announced it was exiting the German business for roll technology engraving products. The operation, which was part of the Industrial Segment, had not been profitable for the past several years largely because the business lacks the scale to compete effectively with its two largest competitors in the European market, both of which are headquartered in Germany. As a result of the decision to close the business, a pretax charge of \$1.1 million was included in discontinued operations in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the current quarter.

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In fiscal 2003 the Company exited its H. F. Coors China Company (Food Service) and National Metals (Industrial) businesses. The fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2002 has been restated to reflect all three discontinued operations.

	2003	2002
Net sales	\$ 592	\$3,105
Operating income/(loss)	(1,512)	73
Earnings/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(942)	42

#### 4. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first in, first out method. Inventories at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003 are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30	June 30
Raw materials	\$30,348	\$28,954
Work in process	20,067	19,074
Finished goods	33,521	34,502
Total	\$83,936	\$82,530

Distribution costs associated with the sale of inventory are recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income and were \$6.1 million and \$5.6 for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

#### 5. Debt

Debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	September 30	June 30
	2003	2003
Bank credit agreements	\$37,500	\$34,200
Institutional investors		
5.94% to 7.13% (due 2004-2012)	64,286	71,429
Other 3.0% to 4.85% (due 2004-2018)	3,880	3,928
Total	105,666	109,557
Less current portion	538	538
Total long-term debt	\$105,128	\$109,019

The Company's loan agreements contain a limited number of provisions relating to the maintenance of certain financial ratios and restrictions on additional borrowings and investments. The most restrictive of these provisions requires that the Company maintain a minimum ratio of earnings to fixed charges, as defined, on a trailing four quarters basis.

The Company has a three year, \$130 million revolving credit facility which expires in February 2006. At September 30, 2003, the Company had available \$91.4 million under this facility. The agreement contains certain covenants including limitations on indebtedness and liens. Borrowings under the agreement bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of a base rate or a Eurodollar rate, plus an applicable percentage based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined by the agreement. The effective interest rate at September 30, 2003 was 2.2%. Borrowings under the agreement are not collateralized.

Debt is due as follows by fiscal year (in thousands): 2004, \$505; 2005,

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\$75; 2006, \$51,786; 2007, \$3,571; 2008, \$3,571 and thereafter, \$46,158.

At September 30, 2003, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

### 6. Pension Plan Expense

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the Company recorded a net pension expense of \$502,000. The Company expects to report a net pension expense of approximately \$5 million in the current fiscal year. Pension expense for the three-month periods ending September 30, 2003 and 2002 was approximately \$1.4 million and \$15,000, respectively.

### 7. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the number of shares (in thousands) used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended September 30	
	2003	2002
Basic - Average shares outstanding	12,194	12,096
Effect of Dilutive Securities - Stock Options	129	168
Diluted - Average Shares Outstanding	12,323	12,264

Both basic and diluted income are the same for computing earnings per share. Certain options were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

Cash dividends per share have been computed based on the shares outstanding at the time the dividends were paid. The shares (in thousands) used in this calculation for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 were 12,196 and 12,293, respectively.

### 8. Other Operating Income, Net

In the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company sold two manufacturing facilities which generated a total gain of \$1,906,000. The Company has entered into a short-term leaseback for one of the buildings, and the leaseback period is considered to be minor.

Also in the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company tested for recoverability the long-lived assets and goodwill of one of its reporting units based upon current facts and circumstances. In accordance with the guidance provided by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," and SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," the long-lived assets and related goodwill were considered to be impaired and a charge of \$1,881,000, of which \$235,000 was goodwill, was recorded reflecting the estimated fair value of the reporting unit.

### 9. Restructuring

In October, 2002, the Company announced it was incurring restructuring charges in the amount of \$11 to \$12 million before taxes. The restructuring plan involves the (1) disposal, closing or elimination of certain under-performing and unprofitable operating plants, product lines, manufacturing



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processes and businesses; (2) realignment and consolidation of certain marketing and distribution activities; and (3) other cost containment actions, including selective personnel reductions. The charges will be recorded in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income under the caption "Restructuring costs." The components of the total estimated charges include involuntary employee severance and benefits costs totaling \$4,772,000, asset impairments of \$1,773,000 and shutdown costs of \$4,812,000.

In accordance with SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities," these charges will be recorded generally when a liability is incurred or a severance plan is initiated. A summary of the charges is as follows (in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2003				
-----				
	Involuntary Employee Severance and Benefits Costs	Asset Impairment	Shutdown Costs	Total
Accrued Balances				
Carry forward accrual balance	\$2,638	\$ -	\$ 66	\$2,704
Payments	(404)	-	(66)	(470)
Additional accrual	54	-	-	54
Ending accrual balance	\$2,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,288
Expense				
Cash expended	\$216	\$ -	\$279	\$495
Accrued/Non-Cash	54	-	-	54
Total expense	\$270	\$ -	\$279	\$549

Three Months Ended September 30, 2002				
-----				
	Involuntary Employee Severance and Benefits Costs	Asset Impairment	Shutdown Costs	Total
Cash expended	\$119	\$ -	\$ -	\$119
Accrued/Non-Cash	795	-	-	795
Total expense	\$914	\$ -	\$-	\$914

The restructuring costs related to the following segments at September 30:

	Three Months Ended September 30	
	2003	2002
Food Service	\$250	\$914
Industrial	299	-
Total expense	\$549	\$914

10. Contingencies

The Company is a party to various claims and legal proceedings related to environmental and other matters generally incidental to its business. Management has evaluated each matter based, in part, upon the advice of its independent environmental consultants and in-house counsel. Management has considered such matters, and believes that the ultimate resolution will be not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

1. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The change in accumulated other comprehensive loss is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30	
	2003	2002
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - June 30	\$ (31,818)	\$ (8,473)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1,781)	1,850
Change in fair market value of interest rate swap agreements	-	101
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - September 30	\$ (33,599)	\$ (6,522)

11. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for continuing operations differs from that computed using Federal income tax rates for the following reasons:

	Three Months Ended September 30	
	2003	2002
Statutory tax rate	35.0%	35.0%
Non-U.S.	(0.1)	0.6
State taxes	4.8	2.8
Other including change in contingency	(2.8)	(0.4)
Effective income tax rate	36.9%	38.0%

12. Industry Segment Information

The Company is composed of three business segments. Net sales include only transactions with unaffiliated customers and include no intersegment sales. Operating income by segment excludes general corporate expenses, and interest expense and income.

SEGMENT	Net Sales		Income from Operations	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Food Service	\$42,496	\$38,100	\$4,962	\$3,170
Consumer	20,748	21,506	412	204
Industrial	87,669	85,892	8,577	10,281
Restructuring			(549)	(914)
Other income, net			25	-

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Corporate			(3,554)	(3,564)
Total	\$150,913	\$145,498	\$9,873	\$9,177

### 13. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Standex manages its debt portfolio by periodically using interest rate swaps to achieve an overall desired position of fixed and floating rate debt to reduce certain exposures to interest rate fluctuations. These interest swaps are generally designated as cash flow hedge instruments, and reported at fair market value. Changes in fair value of the interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income. The effectiveness of outstanding interest rate swaps are measured on a quarterly basis. There were no outstanding interest rate swaps at September 30, 2003, and one contract was outstanding for a notional value of \$10 million at September 30, 2002.

Forward foreign currency exchange contracts are periodically used to limit the impact of currency fluctuations on certain anticipated foreign cash flows, such as dividends and loan repayments from subsidiaries. The Company does not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading purposes. There were no outstanding forward currency exchange contracts at September 30, 2003 or 2002.

### 14. Stock Compensation Plans

The Company accounts for stock based compensation using the intrinsic method. Under the intrinsic method, the compensation cost of stock options and awards are measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the Company's stock at the date of the grant over the option or award price and is charged to operations over the vesting period.

The following table illustrates the effect on net earnings and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to its stock option plans and employee stock purchase plan:

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30	
	2003	2002
Net income, as reported	\$4,372	\$4,612
Less: Total stock-based compensation, net of income taxes	218	213
Proforma net income	\$4,154	\$4,399
Proforma earnings per share:		
Basic - as reported	\$0.36	\$0.38
Basic - proforma	\$0.34	\$0.36
Diluted - as reported	\$0.35	\$0.38
Diluted - proforma	\$0.34	\$0.36

The fair value of options at date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

### 15. Subsequent Event

In October, 2003, the Company announced the tentative decision to close its printing operation and cease its commercial printing business. The termination of operations is expected to be concluded by the end of March, 2004 and are expected to cost from \$1.0 million to \$1.5 million. If this tentative decision is implemented, it will be part of the Company's Focused Diversity restructuring and realignment program which began in fiscal 2001.

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Statements contained in the following "Management's Discussion and Analysis" that are not based on historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "could," "will," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "assume," "continue," or similar terms or variations of those terms or the negative of those terms. There are many factors that affect the Company's business and the results of its operations and may cause the actual results of operations in future periods to differ materially from those currently expected or desired. These factors include uncertainties in competitive pricing pressures or marketing of new products, failure to achieve the Company's acquisition, disposition and restructuring goals in the anticipated timeframe, unforeseen volatility in financial markets, general domestic and international business and economic conditions, significant changes in domestic and international fiscal policies or tax legislation and market demand.

MATERIAL CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

CASH FLOW

Our primary source of liquidity is cash flows from continuing operating activities and the revolving credit facility with eight banks. For the three months ended September 30, 2003, continuing operations generated cash flow of \$3.1 million compared to \$10.6 million in the comparable period last year. The decrease was the result of a \$5.5 million change in operating assets and liabilities. This change is primarily attributable to a \$7.2 million increase in prepaid assets offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in net working capital. Net working capital is defined as accounts receivable plus inventories less accounts payable. In addition, the sale of certain real estate generated \$2.8 million of incremental cash during the period. We redeployed those resources by investing \$1.4 million in capital expenditures. In addition, we returned \$2.6 million to shareholders through cash dividends. The remaining cash flow from continuing operating activities was used to reduce net debt by \$2.1 million.

We believe that cash flows from continuing operating activities in fiscal 2004 will be sufficient to cover capital expenditures, restructuring activities, operating lease payments, pension contributions and mandatory debt payments. We expect to spend between \$9 million and \$11 million on capital expenditures in fiscal 2004. In addition, we regularly evaluate acquisition opportunities. Any cash needed for future acquisition opportunities would be obtained through a combination of any remaining cash flows from continuing operations and borrowing under the revolving credit facility. In the event that cash flows from continuing operating activities would not be sufficient, we have available borrowing capacity under various agreements of up to \$91 million as of September 30, 2003.

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### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The following table sets forth the Company's capitalization at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003:

	September 30	June 30
Short-term debt	\$ 1,372	\$ 910
Long-term debt	105,128	109,019
Total Debt	106,500	109,929
Less cash	10,181	11,509
Total net debt	96,319	98,420
Stockholders' equity	161,990	161,922
Total capitalization	\$258,309	\$260,342

The Company's net debt decreased by \$2.1 million to \$96.3 million at September 30, 2003. The Company's net debt to capital percentage improved to 37.3% at September 30, 2003 compared to 37.8% at June 30, 2003.

The Company has an insurance program for certain key executives. The underlying policies have a cash surrender value of \$19.2 million and are reported net of loans of \$13.3 million for which the Company has the legal right of offset. These policies have been purchased to fund supplemental retirement income benefits for certain executives. The aggregate present value of future obligations was approximately \$5.4 million and \$5.6 million at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003, respectively.

The Company is contractually obligated under various operating leases for real property. As discussed elsewhere, in July, 2004, the Company sold a facility and entered into a short-term leaseback of the building. The lease is considered minor. No other leases were consummated in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 which were not in the ordinary course of the Company's business.

The Company sponsors a number of both defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. We have evaluated the current and long-term cash requirements of these plans. As noted above, the operating cash flows from continuing operations is expected to be sufficient to cover required contributions under ERISA and other governing rules.

#### QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AS COMPARED TO QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

#### Summary

The first quarter of fiscal 2004 reflected a continuation of the positive trend in bookings and sales that began during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003. As a result, the Company started the new fiscal year with a very solid performance in its first quarter. Sales were up four percent and income from continuing operations rose 16% versus the first quarter of last year.

In the first quarter, the Company reported net sales of \$150.9 million compared to \$145.5 million for the prior year quarter, an increase of four percent. The prior year included an extra month of sales from the European divisions due to the Company's decision to conform the accounting year of those units to the rest of the Corporation. Also, the current quarter was favorably impacted by the effect of changes in average exchange rates which added an additional \$2.2 million in sales on a comparable basis.

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Gross profit margins were relatively stable at 32.1% for the current quarter versus 32.6% for the same quarter in the prior year. The small decline reflects the substitution of lower margin sales in the Food Service and Industrial segments for higher margin sales in the Consumer Segment. Interest expense was \$360,000 lower than the prior year, a reflection of lower interest rates and a decrease in average borrowing levels.

In accordance with the Company's continued efforts to evaluate its divisions in terms of restructuring and realignment, a net operating income amount of \$25,000 and a restructuring charge of \$549,000 were recorded in the current quarter. These items are more fully described below and in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. However, the Company will continue to evaluate its divisions for potential acquisitions and divestitures.

Income from continuing operations for the first quarter was \$5.3 million, or 43{cent} per diluted share, an increase of 16% from the prior year's comparable income from continuing operations of \$4.6 million, or 38{cent} per share.

### Food Service Segment

The most significant improvement in year over year first quarter performance was delivered by the Food Service Segment. Sales increased 12% to \$42.5 million from \$38.1 million a year earlier. The sales growth was primarily organic and was attributable to market share gains and some improvement in market conditions. The prior year included an extra month of non-U.S. sales (\$1.1 million), described above, which was partially off-set by favorable average exchange rates (\$400,000) in the current year.

Master-Bilt, BKI and USECO each achieved double digit top line growth leading several other businesses in this group that also increased sales. Operating income for the group climbed 57% to \$5.0 million from \$3.2 million in the comparable quarter last year, while operating profit margin increased to 12% from eight percent in the prior year. All of the businesses in this segment reported improved profitability for the current quarter, with the improved profit performance at USECO clearly resulting from the restructuring activities completed during the past year. Overall, bookings remained strong as the backlog for this group at the end of the quarter was up slightly even after strong shipments during the quarter.

### Industrial Segment

First quarter sales in this segment increased two percent to \$87.7 million from \$85.9 million in the prior year first quarter. Operating income for the group declined 17% to \$8.6 as compared to \$10.3 million last year. The reduction in operating income for the group was primarily attributable to higher metal prices that negatively impacted profits at the Standex Air Distribution division. The strongest revenue gains in the Industrial group were achieved by the Standex Engraving division which benefited from increased organic sales and from the acquisitions of I R International and Dornbusch. The prior year included an extra month of non-U.S. sales (\$3.3 million), described above, which was partially off-set by favorable average exchange rates (\$1.8 million) in the current year.

Other divisions which demonstrated strong sales performance included Custom Hoists which reported a ten percent revenue increase after encountering significantly depressed markets over the past two years. Sales in the Electronics and Air Distribution divisions held strong for the current quarter as well. The overall backlog for the Industrial Segment was up appreciably at the end of the quarter as compared to last year.

### Consumer Segment

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The Consumer Segment recorded a four percent decrease in sales for the first quarter registering \$20.8 million this year versus \$21.5 million for the prior year quarter. However, despite the small decrease in revenues, operating income for the group doubled to \$412,000 from \$204,000 last year. The Consumer Segment has successfully implemented cost reduction measures and rationalized their businesses to the point that they are able to generate profits at the lower sales volumes they are currently experiencing.

### Other Operating Income, Net

In the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company sold two manufacturing facilities which generated a total gain of \$1,906,000. These gains are included in this caption.

Also in the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company tested for recoverability the long-lived assets and goodwill of one of its reporting units based upon current facts and circumstances. In accordance with the guidance provided by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," and SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," the long-lived assets and related goodwill were considered to be impaired and a charge of \$1,881,000 was recorded reflecting the estimated fair value of the reporting unit.

### Restructuring

During the quarter \$549,000 of restructuring charges were recorded, primarily for the USECO and Standex Air Distribution divisions. The Company has sold four facilities. With the proceeds from these sales and the gains in operating profit achieved by selling/closing under-performing businesses, the Company believes it has more than off-set all of the restructuring expenses incurred to date. The restructuring and realignment program remains on schedule and is meeting the expectations established at its onset.

### Corporate

The net change in this segment quarter to quarter operating expense was only \$10,000. There was no significant change in the expenses of this segment.

### OTHER MATTERS

**Inflation** - Certain of the Company's expenses, such as wages and benefits, occupancy costs and equipment repair and replacement, are subject to normal inflationary pressures.

**Foreign Currency Translation** - The Company's primary functional currencies used by its non-U.S. subsidiaries are the Euro and the British Pound Sterling (Pound). During the last twelve month period, both these currencies have experienced increases relative to the U.S. dollar, particularly the Euro. From September, 2002 to September, 2003 the Pound has appreciated three percent and the Euro has risen 16%. These higher exchange values were used in translating the appropriate non-U.S. subsidiaries' balance sheets into U.S. dollars at the end of the current quarter.

**Environmental Matters** - The Company is party to various claims and legal proceedings, generally incidental to its business. The Company does not expect the ultimate disposition of these matters will have a material adverse effect on its financial statements.

**Seasonality** - Typically, the second and fourth quarters have been the best quarters for our consolidated financial results. Due to the gift-giving holiday season, the Consumer Segment has experienced strong sales benefiting the second quarter performance. The fourth quarter performance has been

enhanced by increased activity in the construction industry.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include accounts of the Company and all its subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, giving due consideration to materiality. Although we believe that materially different amounts would not be reported due to the accounting policies described below, the application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. We have listed a number of accounting policies which we believe to be the most critical, but we also believe that all of our accounting policies are important to the reader.

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Accounts Receivables** are reduced by an allowance for amounts that may become uncollectible in the future. Our estimate for the allowance for doubtful accounts related to trade receivables includes evaluation of specific accounts where we have information that the customer may have an inability to meet its financial obligation together with a general provision for unknown but existing doubtful accounts. Actual collection experience may improve or decline.

**Inventories and Related Reserves for Obsolete and Excess Inventory -** Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market and are reduced by a reserve for excess and potentially obsolete inventories. The Company regularly reviews inventory values on hand using specific aging categories, and records a provision for obsolete and excess inventory based on historical usage and estimated future usage. As actual future demand or market conditions may vary from those projected by management, adjustments to inventory valuations may be required.

**Income Taxes -** We account for income taxes in accordance with SFAS no. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are

expected to be recovered or settled. We recorded a valuation allowance that represents foreign operating loss carry forwards for which utilization is uncertain. Management judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and the valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred tax assets. No provision for U.S. income and foreign withholding taxes has been made for substantially all unrepatriated foreign earnings because it is expected that such earnings will be reinvested indefinitely or the distribution of any remaining amount would be principally offset by foreign tax credits.

**Workers' Compensation Accrual -** The Company is self-insured for workers' compensation at the majority of its divisions. The accrual is evaluated frequently based on our actual claim experience. Management judgment is required in determining our expense and related contingency levels as actual future claim experience may differ from the projected claim experience. Projecting claims experience requires management to make assumptions about



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future liabilities for incidents which have already occurred but have not yet been reported and future health care cost trends.

Environmental Liabilities - Our global operations are regulated by laws designed to foster the preservation of the environment. Under various circumstances these laws may require remediation at sites where hazardous substances have been released and are endangering the environment or human health.

We have expended substantial resources to comply with the applicable environmental laws and regulations. We believe we are in material compliance with these laws and regulations and we maintain procedures designed to ensure compliance. However, we have been and may in the future be subject, in the normal course of business, to formal or informal enforcement actions or proceedings regarding such laws or regulations regardless of whether the Company is determined to be ultimately responsible for any alleged noncompliance with applicable environmental regulations.

Goodwill - We adopted SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangibles" effective July 1, 2001. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill is not amortized; however, goodwill must be tested for impairment at least annually. Therefore, on an annual basis we test for goodwill impairment by estimating the fair value of our reporting units using the present value of future cash-flows method. In addition, goodwill of a reporting unit is tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount exceeds the fair value. We are subject to financial statement risk to the extent that goodwill becomes impaired.

Employee Benefit Plans - We provide a range of benefits to our employees, including pensions and some post retirement benefits. We record expenses relating to these plans based on calculations specified by U.S. GAAP, which are dependent upon various actuarial assumptions such as discount rates, assumed rates of return, compensation increases, turnover rates, and health care cost trends. The expected return on plan assets assumption is based on our expectation of the long-term average rate of return on assets in the pension funds and is reflective of the current and projected asset mix of the funds and considers the historical returns earned on the funds. We review our actuarial assumptions on at least an annual basis and make modifications to the assumptions based on current rates and trends when appropriate. Based on information provided by our actuaries and other relevant sources, we believe that our assumptions are reasonable.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Risk Management

We are exposed to market risks from changes in interest rates, commodity prices and changes in foreign currency exchange. To reduce these risks, we selectively use, from time to time, financial instruments and other proactive management techniques. We have internal policies and procedures that place financial instruments under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer and restrict all derivative transactions to those intended for hedging purposes only. The use of financial instruments for trading purposes (except for certain investments in connection with the KEYSOP Plan) or speculation is strictly prohibited. The Company has no majority owned subsidiaries that are excluded from the consolidated financial statements. Further, the Company has no interests or relationships with any special purpose entities.

#### Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to both transactional risk and translation risk associated with exchange rates. Regarding transactional risk, the Company mitigates certain of its foreign currency exchange rate risk by entering into forward foreign currency contracts from time to time. These contracts are used as a hedge against anticipated foreign cash flows, such as dividend and loan payments, and are not used for trading or speculative purposes. The fair value of the forward foreign currency exchange contracts is sensitive to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, as an adverse change in foreign currency exchange rates from market rates would decrease the fair value of the contracts. However, any such losses or gains would generally be offset by corresponding gains and losses, respectively, on the related hedged asset or liability. Due to the absence of forward foreign currency contracts at September 30, 2003, the Company did not have any fair value exposure for financial instruments.

Our primary translation risk was with the Euro and the British Pound Sterling. We do not hedge our translation risk. As a result, fluctuations in currency exchange rates can affect our stockholders' equity.

#### Interest Rate

The Company's interest rate exposure is limited primarily to interest rate changes on its variable rate borrowings. From time to time, the Company will use interest rate swap agreements to modify our exposure to interest rate movements. At September 30, 2003, the Company has no outstanding interest rate swap agreements.

The Company also has \$64.3 million of long-term debt at fixed interest rates as of September 30, 2003. There would be no immediate impact on the Company's interest expense associated with its long-term debt due to fluctuations in market interest rates. There has been no significant changes in the exposure to changes in interest rates from June 30, 2003 to September 30, 2003.

The Company has a diversified customer base. As such, the risk associated with concentration of credit risk is inherently minimized. The Company believes that no one customer accounts for more than 4% of our outstanding receivables or of our sales.

#### Commodity Prices

The Company is exposed to fluctuating market prices for commodities, primarily steel. Each of our segments is subject to the effects of changing raw material costs caused by the underlying commodity price movements. In general, we do not enter into purchase contracts that extend beyond one operating cycle. We do not believe that this exposure is material to the Company.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The management of the Company including Mr. Roger L. Fix as Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Christian Storch as Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Under the rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, disclosure controls and procedures are defined as those "controls or other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports issued or submitted by it under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's

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rules and forms." Based on the evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, it was determined that such controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2003, the date of the conclusion of the evaluation.

Further, there were no significant changes in the internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls after September 30, 2003, the date of the conclusion of the evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company filed one report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission during the quarter ended September 30, 2003. The Form 8-K was filed on August 14, 2003, announcing earnings for the quarter ending June 30, 2003.

ALL OTHER ITEMS ARE INAPPLICABLE

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

S I G N A T U R E S

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STANDEX INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

Date: November 5, 2003

/s/ Robert R. Kettinger

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Robert R. Kettinger  
Corporate Controller

Date: November 5, 2003

/s/ Christian Storch  
Christian Storch  
Vice President/CFO