

CAMPBELL SOUP CO
Form 10-Q
March 11, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended
February 1, 2015

Commission File Number
1-3822

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY

New Jersey
State of Incorporation

21-0419870
I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

1 Campbell Place
Camden, New Jersey 08103-1799
Principal Executive Offices

Telephone Number: (856) 342-4800

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. R Yes o No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). R Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes R No

There were 311,790,489 shares of capital stock outstanding as of March 6, 2015.

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PART I

Item 1. Financial Information

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
 Consolidated Statements of Earnings
 (unaudited)
 (millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Net sales	\$2,234	\$2,281	\$4,489	\$4,446
Costs and expenses				
Cost of products sold	1,506	1,467	2,978	2,855
Marketing and selling expenses	242	268	489	529
Administrative expenses	140	142	275	290
Research and development expenses	27	27	56	58
Other expenses / (income)	7	3	11	14
Restructuring charges	—	13	—	34
Total costs and expenses	1,922	1,920	3,809	3,780
Earnings before interest and taxes	312	361	680	666
Interest expense	26	29	52	60
Interest income	1	—	2	1
Earnings before taxes	287	332	630	607
Taxes on earnings	80	104	189	199
Earnings from continuing operations	207	228	441	408
Earnings from discontinued operations	—	90	—	81
Net earnings	207	318	441	489
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	(7)	—	(8)
Net earnings attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$207	\$325	\$441	\$497
Per Share — Basic				
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$.66	\$.75	\$1.41	\$1.32
Earnings from discontinued operations	—	.29	—	.26
Net earnings attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$.66	\$1.04	\$1.41	\$1.58
Dividends	\$.312	\$.312	\$.624	\$.624
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	313	314	313	314
Per Share — Assuming Dilution				
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$.66	\$.74	\$1.40	\$1.32
Earnings from discontinued operations	—	.28	—	.26
Net earnings attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$.66	\$1.03	\$1.40	\$1.57
Weighted average shares outstanding — assuming dilution	314	316	314	316

The sum of the individual per share amounts may not add due to rounding.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(unaudited)
(millions)

	Three Months Ended February 1, 2015			January 26, 2014		
	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) benefit	After-tax amount	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) benefit	After-tax amount
Net earnings			\$207			\$318
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$(167)	\$1	(166)	\$(117)	\$1	(116)
Reclassification of currency translation adjustments realized upon disposal of business	—	—	—	(22)	3	(19)
Cash-flow hedges:						
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	(32)	13	(19)	4	(1)	3
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pension and other postretirement benefits:						
Net actuarial gain (loss) arising during the period	13	(5)	8	8	(2)	6
Reclassification of prior service credit included in net earnings	(1)	—	(1)	(1)	—	(1)
Reclassification of net actuarial loss included in net earnings	24	(7)	17	25	(8)	17
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(163)	\$2	(161)	\$(103)	\$(7)	(110)
Total comprehensive income (loss)			\$46			\$208
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests			—			(7)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Campbell Soup Company			\$46			\$215

	Six Months Ended February 1, 2015			January 26, 2014		
	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) benefit	After-tax amount	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) benefit	After-tax amount
Net earnings			\$441			\$489
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$(250)	\$1	(249)	\$(69)	\$(1)	(70)
Reclassification of currency translation adjustments realized upon disposal of business	—	—	—	(22)	3	(19)
Cash-flow hedges:						
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during period	(33)	13	(20)	1	—	1
	1	—	1	—	—	—

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Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses
included in net earnings

Pension and other postretirement benefits:

Net actuarial gain (loss) arising during the period	17	(6	)	11	8	(2	)	6		
Reclassification of prior service credit included in net earnings	(1	)	—	(1	)	(1	)	(1	
Reclassification of net actuarial loss included in net earnings	48	(16	)	32	47	(16	)	31		
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(218)	\$(8)	(226)	\$(36)	\$(16)	(52)
Total comprehensive income (loss)					\$215						\$437	
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests					—						(9)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Campbell Soup Company					\$215						\$446	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
 Consolidated Balance Sheets
 (unaudited)
 (millions, except per share amounts)

	February 1, 2015	August 3, 2014
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$201	\$232
Accounts receivable, net	794	670
Inventories	916	1,016
Other current assets	179	182
Total current assets	2,090	2,100
Plant assets, net of depreciation	2,257	2,318
Goodwill	2,271	2,433
Other intangible assets, net of amortization	1,139	1,175
Other assets	146	87
Total assets	\$7,903	\$8,113
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$1,640	\$1,771
Payable to suppliers and others	510	527
Accrued liabilities	541	553
Dividend payable	100	101
Accrued income taxes	59	37
Total current liabilities	2,850	2,989
Long-term debt	2,253	2,244
Deferred taxes	547	548
Other liabilities	739	729
Total liabilities	6,389	6,510
Commitments and contingencies		
Campbell Soup Company shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock; authorized 40 shares; none issued	—	—
Capital stock, \$.0375 par value; authorized 560 shares; issued 323 shares	12	12
Additional paid-in capital	316	330
Earnings retained in the business	2,441	2,198
Capital stock in treasury, at cost	(448)	(356)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(795)	(569)
Total Campbell Soup Company shareholders' equity	1,526	1,615
Noncontrolling interests	(12)	(12)
Total equity	1,514	1,603
Total liabilities and equity	\$7,903	\$8,113

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)
(millions)

	Six Months Ended	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$441	\$489
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to operating cash flow		
Restructuring charges	—	34
Stock-based compensation	31	37
Depreciation and amortization	149	148
Deferred income taxes	1	13
Gain on sale of business	—	(141)
Other, net	46	44
Changes in working capital		
Accounts receivable	(125)	(177)
Inventories	71	65
Prepaid assets	(3)	(17)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(16)	(42)
Pension fund contributions	(2)	(44)
Receipts from (payments of) hedging activities	9	(22)
Other	(18)	(24)
Net cash provided by operating activities	584	363
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of plant assets	(143)	(127)
Sales of plant assets	8	20
Business acquired, net of cash acquired	—	(329)
Sale of business, net of cash divested	—	534
Other, net	(8)	(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(143)	97
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net short-term borrowings (repayments)	171	(4)
Repayments of notes payable	(300)	(300)
Dividends paid	(199)	(195)
Treasury stock purchases	(133)	(76)
Treasury stock issuances	8	7
Excess tax benefits on stock-based compensation	5	10
Contribution from noncontrolling interest	—	5
Net cash used in financing activities	(448)	(553)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(24)	(15)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(31)	(108)
Cash and cash equivalents continuing operations — beginning of period	232	333
Cash and cash equivalents discontinued operations — beginning of period	—	68
Cash and cash equivalents discontinued operations — end of period	—	—

Cash and cash equivalents continuing operations — end of period	\$201	\$293
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
 Consolidated Statements of Equity
 (unaudited)

(millions, except per share amounts)

	Campbell Soup Company Shareholders' Equity								
	Capital Stock Issued		In Treasury		Additional Paid-in Capital	Earnings Retained in the Business	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount					
Balance at July 28, 2013	323	\$ 12	(11)	\$(364)	\$ 362	\$1,772	\$ (565)	\$ (7)	\$1,210
Contribution from noncontrolling interest								5	5
Net earnings (loss)						497		(8)	489
Other comprehensive income (loss)							(51)	(1)	(52)
Dividends (\$.624 per share)						(196)			(196)
Treasury stock purchased			(2)	(76)					(76)
Treasury stock issued under management incentive and stock option plans			2	66	(47)				19
Balance at January 26, 2014	323	\$ 12	(11)	\$(374)	\$ 315	\$2,073	\$ (616)	\$ (11)	\$1,399
Balance at August 3, 2014	323	\$ 12	(10)	\$(356)	\$ 330	\$2,198	\$ (569)	\$ (12)	\$1,603
Net earnings (loss)						441		—	441
Other comprehensive income (loss)							(226)	—	(226)
Dividends (\$.624 per share)						(198)			(198)
Treasury stock purchased			(3)	(133)					(133)
Treasury stock issued under management incentive and stock option plans			2	41	(14)				27
Balance at February 1, 2015	323	\$ 12	(11)	\$(448)	\$ 316	\$2,441	\$ (795)	\$ (12)	\$1,514

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(currency in millions, except per share amounts)

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

In this Form 10-Q, unless otherwise stated, the terms "we," "us" and "our" refer to Campbell Soup Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations, financial position, and cash flows for the indicated periods. The accounting policies used in preparing these financial statements are substantially consistent with those applied in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 3, 2014. The results for the period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for other interim periods or the full year. Our fiscal year ends on the Sunday nearest July 31. There were 53 weeks in 2014. There will be 52 weeks in 2015.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of certain obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount is fixed. Such obligations may include debt arrangements, legal settlements, and other contractual arrangements. The guidance was effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013, and should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented for applicable obligations that existed as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. We adopted the guidance in the first quarter of 2015. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2013, the FASB issued guidance on the accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment upon derecognition of certain subsidiaries or groups of assets within a foreign entity or of an investment in a foreign entity. The guidance was effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. We adopted the guidance in the first quarter of 2015. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2013, the FASB issued guidance on the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. The guidance requires the netting of unrecognized tax benefits (UTBs) against a deferred tax asset for a loss or other carryforward that would apply in settlement of uncertain tax positions. Under the new standard, UTBs will be netted against all available same-jurisdiction loss or other tax carryforwards that would be utilized, rather than only against carryforwards that are created by the UTBs. The guidance was effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013, and should be applied prospectively to all UTBs that exist at the effective date. We adopted the guidance prospectively in the first quarter of 2015. The adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued revised guidance that modifies the criteria for determining which disposals can be presented as discontinued operations and requires additional disclosures. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted. We will prospectively apply the guidance to applicable transactions.

In May 2014, the FASB issued revised guidance on the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance is designed to create greater comparability for financial statement users across industries and jurisdictions. The guidance also requires enhanced disclosures. The guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is not permitted. The guidance permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are currently evaluating the impact that the new guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Acquisitions

On August 8, 2013, we completed the acquisition of Kelsen Group A/S (Kelsen). The final all-cash purchase price was \$331. Kelsen is a producer of quality baked snacks that are sold in approximately 85 countries around the world. Its primary brands include Kjeldsens and Royal Dansk.

For the three-month period ended January 26, 2014, the Kelsen acquisition contributed \$92 to Net sales and \$11 to Net earnings. The acquisition also contributed \$144 to Net sales and \$11 to Net earnings from August 8, 2013 to January 26, 2014.

The following unaudited summary information is presented on a consolidated pro forma basis as if the Kelsen acquisition had occurred on July 30, 2012:

	Six Months Ended January 26, 2014
Net sales	\$4,450
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$417
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company	\$1.32

The pro forma amounts include additional interest expense on the debt issued to finance the purchase, amortization and depreciation expense based on the estimated fair value and useful lives of intangible assets and plant assets, and related tax effects. The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the combined results had the Kelsen acquisition been completed on July 30, 2012, nor are they indicative of future combined results.

4. Discontinued Operations

On October 28, 2013, subsequent to the end of the first quarter of 2014, we completed the sale of our European simple meals business to Soppa Investments S.à r.l., an affiliate of CVC Capital Partners. The all-cash preliminary sale price was €400, or \$548, and was subject to certain post-closing adjustments, which resulted in a \$14 reduction of proceeds. We recognized a pre-tax gain of \$141 (\$72 after tax or \$.23 per share) in 2014. We used the proceeds from the sale to pay taxes on the sale, to reduce debt and for other general corporate purposes.

We have reflected the results of the European simple meals business as discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Results of discontinued operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 26, 2014	Six Months Ended January 26, 2014
Net sales	\$—	\$137
Gain on sale of the European simple meals business	\$147	\$141
Earnings from operations, before taxes	—	14
Earnings before taxes	\$147	\$155
Taxes on earnings	(57	) (74
Earnings from discontinued operations	\$90	\$81

5. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges ⁽²⁾	Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plan Adjustments ⁽³⁾	Total Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance at August 3, 2014	\$137	\$(3	) \$(703	) \$(569
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(249	) (20	) 11	(258
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	1	31	32
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(249	) (19	) 42	(226
Balance at February 1, 2015	\$(112	) \$(22	) \$(661	) \$(795

-
- (1) Included a tax expense of \$6 as of February 1, 2015 and \$7 as of August 3, 2014.
 - (2) Included a tax benefit of \$14 as of February 1, 2015 and \$1 as of August 3, 2014.
 - (3) Included a tax benefit of \$383 as of February 1, 2015 and \$405 as of August 3, 2014.
- Amounts related to noncontrolling interests were not material.

The amounts reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following:

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Location of (Gain) Loss Recognized in Earnings
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	
(Gains) losses on cash flow hedges:					
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$(1	) Cost of products sold
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(1	) (1	) (1	) (1	) Other expenses / (income)
Forward starting interest rate swaps	1	1	2	2	Interest expense
Total before tax	—	—	1	—	
Tax expense (benefit)	—	—	—	—	
(Gain) loss, net of tax	\$—	\$—	\$1	\$—	

Pension and postretirement benefit adjustments:

Prior service credit	\$(1	) \$(1	) \$(1	) \$(1) ⁽¹⁾
Net actuarial losses	24	25	48	47	⁽¹⁾
Total before tax	23	24	47	46	
Tax expense (benefit)	(7	) (8	) (16	) (16)
(Gain) loss, net of tax	\$16	\$16	\$31	\$30	

⁽¹⁾ In 2014, net actuarial losses of \$2 were recognized in Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations as a result of the sale of the European simple meals business. Excluding the net actuarial losses related to the sale of the business in 2014, these items are included in the components of net periodic benefit costs (see Note 11 for additional details).

In 2014, a pre-tax loss of \$22 (\$19 after tax) on foreign currency translation adjustments was also reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income. The loss was related to the divestiture of the European simple meals business and was included in Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations.

6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The following table shows the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment:

	U.S. Simple Meals	Global Baking and Snacking	International Simple Meals and Beverages	U.S. Beverages	Bolthouse and Foodservice	Total	
Balance at August 3, 2014	\$450	\$918	\$115	\$112	\$838	\$2,433	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(145) (17) —	—	(162)
Balance at February 1, 2015	\$450	\$773	\$98	\$112	\$838	\$2,271	

The following table sets forth balance sheet information for intangible assets, excluding goodwill, subject to amortization and intangible assets not subject to amortization:

Intangible Assets	February 1, 2015	August 3, 2014
Amortizable intangible assets		
Customer relationships	\$174	\$178
Technology	40	40
Other	35	35
Total gross amortizable intangible assets	\$249	\$253
Accumulated amortization	(43	) (35
Total net amortizable intangible assets	\$206	\$218
Non-amortizable intangible assets		
Trademarks	933	957
Total net intangible assets	\$1,139	\$1,175

Non-amortizable intangible assets consist of trademarks, which include Bolthouse Farms, Pace, Plum Organics, Kjeldsens and Royal Dansk. Other amortizable intangible assets consist of recipes, patents, trademarks and distributor relationships.

Amortization of intangible assets of continuing operations was \$9 for the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015 and January 26, 2014. Amortization expense for the next 5 years is estimated to be \$17 in each of the fiscal periods 2015 through 2017, and \$13 in 2018 and 2019. Asset useful lives range from 5 to 20 years.

7. Business and Geographic Segment Information

We manage operations through 10 operating segments based on product type and geographic location and have aggregated the operating segments into the appropriate reportable segment based on similar economic characteristics; products; production processes; types or classes of customers; distribution methods; and regulatory environment. The reportable segments are discussed in greater detail below.

The U.S. Simple Meals segment includes the following products: Campbell's condensed and ready-to-serve soups; Swanson broth and stocks; Prego pasta sauces; Pace Mexican sauces; Campbell's gravies, pasta, beans and dinner sauces; Swanson canned poultry; and Plum Organics food and snacks.

The Global Baking and Snacking segment aggregates the following operating segments: Pepperidge Farm cookies, crackers, bakery and frozen products in U.S. retail; Arnott's biscuits in Australia and Asia Pacific; and as of August 8, 2013, Kelsen cookies globally.

The International Simple Meals and Beverages segment aggregates the following operating segments: the retail business in Canada and the simple meals and beverages business in Asia Pacific, Latin America, and China.

The U.S. Beverages segment represents the U.S. retail beverages business, including the following products: V8 juices and beverages; and Campbell's tomato juice.

Bolthouse and Foodservice comprises the Bolthouse Farms carrot products operating segment, including fresh carrots, juice concentrate and fiber; the Bolthouse Farms super-premium refrigerated beverages and refrigerated salad dressings operating segment; and the North America Foodservice operating segment. The North America Foodservice operating segment represents the distribution of products such as soup, specialty entrées, beverage products, other prepared foods and Pepperidge Farm products through various food service channels in the U.S. and Canada. None of these operating segments meets the criteria for aggregation nor the thresholds for separate disclosure.

We evaluate segment performance before interest, taxes and costs associated with restructuring activities. Unrealized gains and losses on commodity hedging activities are excluded from segment operating earnings and are recorded in Corporate expenses as these open positions represent hedges of future purchases. Upon closing of the contracts, the realized gain or loss is transferred to segment operating earnings, which allows the segments to reflect the economic effects of the hedge without exposure to quarterly volatility of unrealized gains and losses. Certain manufacturing,

warehousing and distribution activities of the segments are integrated in order to maximize efficiency and productivity. As a result, asset information by segment is not discretely maintained for internal reporting or used in evaluating performance.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Net sales				
U.S. Simple Meals	\$867	\$894	\$1,795	\$1,754
Global Baking and Snacking	640	639	1,267	1,248
International Simple Meals and Beverages	194	213	383	406
U.S. Beverages	169	176	337	349
Bolthouse and Foodservice	364	359	707	689
Total	\$2,234	\$2,281	\$4,489	\$4,446
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Earnings before interest and taxes				
U.S. Simple Meals	\$170	\$214	\$412	\$425
Global Baking and Snacking	107	88	197	166
International Simple Meals and Beverages	26	38	42	58
U.S. Beverages	20	31	46	55
Bolthouse and Foodservice	26	36	48	65
Corporate ⁽¹⁾	(37	) (33	) (65	) (69
Restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	—	(13	) —	(34
Total	\$312	\$361	\$680	\$666

Represents unallocated corporate expenses. Restructuring-related costs of \$2 and a loss of \$9 on foreign exchange (1) forward contracts related to the sale of the European simple meals business were included in the six-month period ended January 26, 2014.

(2) See Note 8 for additional information.

Our global net sales based on product categories are as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Net sales				
Simple Meals	\$1,290	\$1,329	\$2,601	\$2,563
Baked Snacks	669	670	1,332	1,315
Beverages	275	282	556	568
Total	\$2,234	\$2,281	\$4,489	\$4,446

Simple Meals include condensed and ready-to-serve soups, broths, sauces, carrot products, refrigerated salad dressings and Plum foods and snacks. Baked Snacks include cookies, crackers, biscuits and other baked products.

8. Restructuring Charges

2014 Initiatives

In 2014, we implemented initiatives to reduce overhead across the organization, restructure manufacturing and streamline operations for our soup and broth business in China and improve supply chain efficiency in Australia. Details of the 2014 initiatives include:

• We streamlined our salaried workforce in North America and our workforce in the Asia Pacific region.

Approximately 250 positions were eliminated.

Together with our joint venture partner Swire Pacific Limited, we agreed to restructure manufacturing and streamline operations for our soup and broth business in China. As a result, certain assets were impaired, and approximately 100 positions were eliminated.

In Australia, we implemented an initiative to improve supply chain efficiency by relocating production from our biscuit plant in Marlestone to Huntingwood. The relocation will continue through the second quarter of 2016 and will result in the elimination of approximately 90 positions.

We implemented an initiative to reduce overhead across the organization by eliminating approximately 85 positions. The actions will be completed in 2015.

In 2014, we recorded a restructuring charge of \$54 (\$33 after tax or \$.10 per share in earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company) related to the 2014 initiatives. Of the amounts recorded in 2014, \$33 (\$18 after tax or \$.06 per share in earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company) was recorded in the six-month period ended January 26, 2014. A summary of the pre-tax costs and remaining costs associated with the 2014 initiatives is as follows:

	Total Program	Recognized as of February 1, 2015	Remaining Costs to be Recognized
Severance pay and benefits	\$42	\$(41)	) \$1
Asset impairment	12	(12)) —
Other exit costs	2	(1)	) 1
Total	\$56	\$(54)	) \$2

Of the aggregate \$56 of pre-tax costs, approximately \$43 represent cash expenditures. In addition, we expect to invest approximately \$6 in capital expenditures, primarily to relocate biscuit production and packaging capabilities, of which approximately \$1 has been invested as of February 1, 2015. We expect the remaining aspects of the 2014 initiatives to be completed through 2016.

A summary of the restructuring activity and related reserves associated with the 2014 initiatives at February 1, 2015 is as follows:

	Accrued Balance at August 3, 2014	Charges	Cash Payments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Accrued Balance at February 1, 2015
Severance pay and benefits	\$28	\$—	\$(13)	) \$(2)	) \$13

A summary of restructuring charges incurred to date associated with segments is as follows:

	U.S. Simple Meals	Global Baking and Snacking	International Simple Meals and Beverages	U.S. Beverages	Bolthouse and Foodservice	Corporate	Total
Severance pay and benefits	\$7	\$23	\$6	\$2	\$2	\$1	\$41
Asset impairment	1	—	11	—	—	—	12
Other exit costs	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
	\$8	\$23	\$18	\$2	\$2	\$1	\$54

We expect to recognize additional pre-tax costs of approximately \$2 by segment as follows: U.S. Simple Meals - \$1 and Global Baking and Snacking - \$1. Segment operating results do not include restructuring charges as segment performance is evaluated excluding such charges.

2013 Initiatives

In 2013, we implemented initiatives to improve supply chain efficiency, expand access to manufacturing and distribution capabilities and reduce costs. Details of the 2013 initiatives include:

We implemented initiatives to improve our U.S. supply chain cost structure and increase asset utilization across our U.S. thermal plant network, including closing our Sacramento, California, thermal plant, which produced soups, sauces and beverages. The closure resulted in the elimination of approximately 700 full-time positions and was completed in phases. Most of the positions were eliminated in 2013 and operations ceased in August 2013. We shifted the majority of

Sacramento's soup, sauce and beverage production to our thermal plants in Maxton, North Carolina; Napoleon, Ohio; and Paris, Texas. We also closed our South Plainfield, New Jersey, spice plant, which resulted in the elimination of 27 positions. We consolidated spice production at our Milwaukee, Wisconsin, plant in 2013.

In Mexico, we entered into commercial arrangements with third-party providers to expand access to manufacturing and distribution capabilities. The third-party providers produce and distribute our beverages, soups, broths and sauces throughout the Mexican market. As a result of these agreements, we closed our plant in Villagrán, Mexico, and eliminated approximately 260 positions in the first quarter of 2014.

We implemented an initiative to improve our Pepperidge Farm bakery supply chain cost structure by closing our plant in Aiken, South Carolina. The plant was closed in May 2014. We shifted the majority of Aiken's bread production to our bakery plant in Lakeland, Florida. Approximately 110 positions were eliminated as a result of the plant closure.

We streamlined our salaried workforce in U.S. Simple Meals, North America Foodservice and U.S. Beverages by approximately 70 positions. This action was substantially completed in August 2013.

In 2014, we recorded a restructuring charge of \$1 related to the 2013 initiatives. In addition, approximately \$3 of costs related to the 2013 initiatives were recorded in Cost of products sold, representing other exit costs. The aggregate after-tax impact of restructuring charges and related costs recorded in 2014 was \$3, or \$.01 per share. Of the amounts recorded in 2014, a restructuring charge of \$1 was recorded in the six-month period ended January 26, 2014, and approximately \$2 of costs related to these initiatives were recorded in Cost of products sold, representing other exit costs. The aggregate after-tax impact of restructuring charges and related costs recorded in the six-month period ended January 26, 2014 was \$2, or \$.01 per share. In 2013, we recorded a restructuring charge of \$51. In addition, approximately \$91 of costs related to these initiatives were recorded in 2013 in Cost of products sold, representing accelerated depreciation and other exit costs. The aggregate after-tax impact of restructuring charges and related costs recorded in 2013 was \$90, or \$.28 per share. A summary of the pre-tax costs and remaining costs associated with the 2013 initiatives is as follows:

	Total Program	Recognized as of February 1, 2015	Remaining Costs to be Recognized
Severance pay and benefits	\$35	\$(35)) \$—
Accelerated depreciation/asset impairment	99	(99)) —
Other exit costs	14	(12)	) 2
Total	\$148	\$(146)	) \$2

Of the aggregate \$148 of pre-tax costs, approximately \$46 represent cash expenditures. In addition, we expect to invest approximately \$31 in capital expenditures, primarily to relocate and refurbish a beverage filling and packaging line, and relocate bread production, of which approximately \$29 has been invested as of February 1, 2015. We expect the remaining aspects of the 2013 initiatives to be completed in 2015.

A summary of the restructuring activity and related reserves associated with the 2013 initiatives at February 1, 2015 is as follows:

	Accrued Balance at August 3, 2014	Six Months Ended February 1, 2015 Charges	Cash Payments	Accrued Balance at February 1, 2015
Severance pay and benefits	\$3	\$—	\$(2)	) \$1

A summary of restructuring charges and related costs incurred to date associated with segments is as follows:

U.S.	U.S.	Total
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	Simple Meals	Global Baking and Snacking	International Beverages Simple Meals and Beverages		Bolthouse and Foodservice	
Severance pay and benefits	\$19	\$2	\$5	\$7	\$2	\$35
Accelerated depreciation/asset impairment	64	10	3	22	—	99
Other exit costs	7	2	1	2	—	12
	\$90	\$14	\$9	\$31	\$2	\$146

We expect to recognize additional pre-tax costs of approximately \$2 in the Global Baking and Snacking segment. Segment operating results do not include restructuring charges as segment performance is evaluated excluding such charges.

9. Earnings per Share

For the periods presented in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings, the calculations of basic EPS and EPS assuming dilution vary in that the weighted average shares outstanding assuming dilution include the incremental effect of stock options and other share-based payment awards, except when such effect would be antidilutive. There were no antidilutive stock options for the three-month and six-month periods ended February 1, 2015 and January 26, 2014.

10. Noncontrolling Interests

We own a 60% controlling interest in a joint venture formed with Swire Pacific Limited to support the development of our soup and broth business in China. The joint venture began operations on January 31, 2011. In the three-month period ended January 26, 2014, together with our joint venture partner, we agreed to restructure manufacturing and streamline operations for our soup and broth business in China. The after-tax restructuring charge attributable to the noncontrolling interest was \$5. See also Note 8.

We also own a 70% controlling interest in a Malaysian food products manufacturing company.

The noncontrolling interests' share in the net earnings (loss) was included in Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. The noncontrolling interests in these entities were included in Total equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Equity.

11. Pension and Postretirement Benefits

We sponsor certain defined benefit pension plans and postretirement benefit plans for employees. Components of benefit expense were as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	Pension		Postretirement		Pension		Postretirement	
	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Service cost	\$7	\$10	\$1	\$—	\$14	\$21	\$1	\$1
Interest cost	26	29	4	5	53	58	8	9
Expected return on plan assets	(43)	(44)	—	—	(87)	(89)	—	—
Amortization of prior service credit	—	—	(1)	(1)	—	—	(1)	(1)
Recognized net actuarial loss	21	19	3	4	42	38	6	7
Net periodic benefit expense	\$11	\$14	\$7	\$8	\$22	\$28	\$14	\$16

No contributions are expected to be made to U.S. pension plans in 2015. Contributions to non-U.S. pension plans during the six-month period ended February 1, 2015 were \$2. Contributions to non-U.S. pension plans during the remainder of the year are expected to be approximately \$2.

12. Financial Instruments

The principal market risks to which we are exposed are changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, and commodity prices. In addition, we are exposed to equity price changes related to certain deferred compensation obligations. In order to manage these exposures, we follow established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivative contracts such as swaps, options, forwards and commodity futures. These derivative contracts are entered into for periods consistent with the related underlying exposures and do not constitute positions independent of those exposures. We do not enter into derivative contracts for speculative purposes and do not use

leveraged instruments. Our derivative programs include instruments that qualify and others that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment.

Concentration of Credit Risk

We are exposed to the risk that counterparties to derivative contracts will fail to meet their contractual obligations. To mitigate counterparty credit risk, we enter into contracts only with carefully selected, leading, credit-worthy financial institutions, and distribute contracts among several financial institutions to reduce the concentration of credit risk. We do not have credit-risk-related contingent features in our derivative instruments as of February 1, 2015. During 2014, our largest customer accounted for approximately 19% of consolidated net sales. We closely monitor credit risk associated with counterparties and customers.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk related to our international operations, including non-functional currency intercompany debt and net investments in subsidiaries. We are also exposed to foreign exchange risk as a result of transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of certain subsidiaries. Principal currencies hedged include the Canadian dollar, Australian dollar and U.S. dollar. We utilize foreign exchange forward purchase and sale contracts, as well as cross-currency swaps, to hedge these exposures. The contracts are either designated as cash-flow hedging instruments or are undesignated. We hedge portions of our forecasted foreign currency transaction exposure with foreign exchange forward contracts for periods typically up to 18 months. To hedge currency exposures related to intercompany debt, foreign exchange forward purchase and sale contracts, as well as cross-currency swap contracts, are entered into for periods consistent with the underlying debt. As of February 1, 2015, cross-currency swap contracts mature between 6 and 30 months. The notional amount of foreign exchange forward and cross-currency swap contracts accounted for as cash-flow hedges was \$45 at February 1, 2015 and \$58 at August 3, 2014. The effective portion of the changes in fair value on these instruments is recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) and is reclassified into the Consolidated Statements of Earnings on the same line item and the same period in which the underlying hedged transaction affects earnings. The notional amount of foreign exchange forward and cross-currency swap contracts that are not designated as accounting hedges was \$419 and \$561 at February 1, 2015 and August 3, 2014, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

We manage our exposure to changes in interest rates by optimizing the use of variable-rate and fixed-rate debt and by utilizing interest rate swaps in order to maintain our variable-to-total debt ratio within targeted guidelines. Receive fixed rate/pay variable rate interest rate swaps are accounted for as fair-value hedges. We manage our exposure to interest rate volatility on future debt issuances by entering into forward starting interest rate swaps to lock in the rate on the interest payments related to anticipated debt issuances. These pay fixed rate/receive variable rate forward starting interest rate swaps are accounted for as cash-flow hedges. The effective portion of the changes in fair value on these instruments is recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) and is reclassified into the Consolidated Statements of Earnings over the life of the debt. The notional amount of outstanding forward starting interest rate swaps totaled \$550 at February 1, 2015, of which \$250 relates to an anticipated issuance in 2015 and \$300 relates to an anticipated issuance in 2018. The notional amount of outstanding forward starting interest rate swaps totaled \$250 at August 3, 2014.

Commodity Price Risk

We principally use a combination of purchase orders and various short- and long-term supply arrangements in connection with the purchase of raw materials, including certain commodities and agricultural products. We also enter into commodity futures, options and swap contracts to reduce the volatility of price fluctuations of diesel fuel, wheat, soybean oil, natural gas, aluminum, dairy, cocoa and corn, which impact the cost of raw materials. Commodity futures, options, and swap contracts are either accounted for as cash-flow hedges or are not designated as accounting hedges. We hedge a portion of commodity requirements for periods typically up to 18 months. There were no commodity contracts accounted for as cash-flow hedges as of February 1, 2015 or August 3, 2014. The notional amount of commodity contracts not designated as accounting hedges was \$101 at February 1, 2015 and \$146 at August 3, 2014.

Equity Price Risk

We enter into swap contracts which hedge a portion of exposures relating to certain deferred compensation obligations linked to the total return of our capital stock, the total return of the Vanguard Institutional Index, and the total return of the Vanguard Total International Stock Index. Under these contracts, we pay variable interest rates and receive from the counterparty either the total return on our capital stock; the total return of the Standard & Poor's 500 Index, which is expected to approximate the total return of the Vanguard Institutional Index; or the total return of the iShares MSCI EAFE Index, which is expected to approximate the total return of the Vanguard Total International Stock Index. These

contracts were not designated as hedges for accounting purposes and are entered into for periods typically not exceeding 12 months. The notional amounts of the contracts were \$56 as of February 1, 2015 and August 3, 2014.

The following table summarizes the fair value of derivative instruments on a gross basis as recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of February 1, 2015 and August 3, 2014:

	Balance Sheet Classification	February 1, 2015	August 3, 2014
Asset Derivatives			
Derivatives designated as hedges:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current assets	\$3	\$1
Forward starting interest rate swaps	Other current assets	—	11
Total derivatives designated as hedges		\$3	\$12
Derivatives not designated as hedges:			
Commodity derivative contracts	Other current assets	\$—	\$2
Cross-currency swap contracts	Other current assets	4	—
Deferred compensation derivative contracts	Other current assets	1	—
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current assets	10	1
Cross-currency swap contracts	Other assets	36	—
Total derivatives not designated as hedges		\$51	\$3
Total asset derivatives		\$54	\$15
	Balance Sheet Classification	February 1, 2015	August 3, 2014
Liability Derivatives			
Derivatives designated as hedges:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Accrued liabilities	\$—	\$1
Forward starting interest rate swaps	Accrued liabilities	15	—
Forward starting interest rate swaps	Other liabilities	23	—
Total derivatives designated as hedges		\$38	\$1
Derivatives not designated as hedges:			
Commodity derivative contracts	Accrued liabilities	\$20	\$10
Cross-currency swap contracts	Accrued liabilities	—	1
Deferred compensation derivative contracts	Accrued liabilities	1	3
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Accrued liabilities	2	2
Commodity derivative contracts	Other liabilities	—	1
Cross-currency swap contracts	Other liabilities	—	5
Total derivatives not designated as hedges		\$23	\$22
Total liability derivatives		\$61	\$23

We do not offset the fair values of derivative assets and liabilities executed with the same counterparty that are generally subject to enforceable netting agreements. However, if we were to offset and record the asset and liability balances of derivatives on a net basis, the amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of February 1, 2015 and August 3, 2014 would be adjusted as detailed in the following table:

Derivative Instrument	February 1, 2015			August 3, 2014		
	Gross Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet Subject to Netting	Net Amount	Gross Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet Subject to Netting	Net Amount

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		Agreements			Agreements	
Total asset derivatives	\$54	\$(40) \$14	\$15	\$(4) \$11
Total liability derivatives	\$61	\$(40) \$21	\$23	\$(4) \$19

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We do not offset fair value amounts recognized for exchange-traded commodity derivative instruments and cash margin accounts executed with the same counterparty that are subject to enforceable netting agreements. We are required to maintain cash margin accounts in connection with funding the settlement of open positions. At February 1, 2015 and August 3, 2014, a cash margin account balance of \$24 and \$14, respectively, was included in Other current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following tables show the effect of our derivative instruments designated as cash-flow hedges for the three- and six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, in other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI) and the Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

		Total Cash-Flow Hedge OCI Activity	
		February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Derivatives Designated as Cash-Flow Hedges			
Three Months Ended			
OCI derivative gain (loss) at beginning of quarter		\$(4	) \$5
Effective portion of changes in fair value recognized in OCI:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts		10	2
Forward starting interest rate swaps		(42	) 2
Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from OCI to earnings:			
	Location in Earnings		
Foreign exchange forward contracts		(1	) (1
Forward starting interest rate swaps		1	1
OCI derivative gain (loss) at end of quarter		\$(36	) \$9
Six Months Ended			
OCI derivative gain (loss) at beginning of year		\$(4	) \$8
Effective portion of changes in fair value recognized in OCI:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts		13	3
Forward starting interest rate swaps		(46	) (2
Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from OCI to earnings:			
	Location in Earnings		
Foreign exchange forward contracts		—	(1
Foreign exchange forward contracts		(1	) (1
Forward starting interest rate swaps		2	2
OCI derivative gain (loss) at end of quarter		\$(36	) \$9

Based on current valuations, the amount expected to be reclassified from OCI into earnings within the next 12 months is a gain of \$7. The ineffective portion and amount excluded from effectiveness testing were not material.

The following table shows the effect of our derivative instruments designated as fair-value hedges in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings
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Derivatives Designated as Fair-Value Hedges	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings	on Derivatives		on Hedged Item	
		February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Three Months Ended					
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Six Months Ended					
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$—	\$(1)	\$—	\$1

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The following table shows the effects of our derivative instruments not designated as hedges in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

Derivatives not Designated as Hedges	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives			
		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014	February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Cost of products sold	\$(1)	\$3	\$—	\$5
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other expenses/income	—	2	—	(12)
Commodity derivative contracts	Cost of products sold	(13)	2	(18)	—
Cross-currency swap contracts	Other expenses/income	38	24	52	21
Deferred compensation derivative contracts	Administrative expenses	1	—	3	(1)
Total		\$25	\$31	\$37	\$13

13. Fair Value Measurements

Financial assets and liabilities are categorized based on the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs, which are based on our estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair value is defined as the exit price, or the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. When available, we use unadjusted quoted market prices to measure the fair value and classify such items as Level 1. If quoted market prices are not available, we base fair value upon internally developed models that use current market-based or independently sourced market parameters such as interest rates and currency rates. Included in the fair value of derivative instruments is an adjustment for credit and nonperformance risk.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of February 1, 2015, and August 3, 2014, consistent with the fair value hierarchy:

	Fair Value as of February 1, 2015	Fair Value Measurements at February 1, 2015 Using Fair Value Hierarchy			Fair Value as of August 3, 2014	Fair Value Measurements at August 3, 2014 Using Fair Value Hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets								
Forward starting interest rate swaps ⁽¹⁾	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$11	\$—	\$11	\$—
Foreign exchange forward	13	—	13	—	2	—	2	—

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contracts ⁽²⁾								
Commodity								
derivative	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	—
contracts ⁽³⁾								
Cross-currency								
swap	40	—	40	—	—	—	—	—
contracts ⁽⁴⁾								
Deferred								
compensation	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
derivative								
contracts ⁽⁵⁾								
Total assets at	\$54	\$—	\$54	\$—	\$15	\$1	\$14	\$—
fair value								

	Fair Value as of February 1, 2015	Fair Value Measurements at February 1, 2015 Using Fair Value Hierarchy			Fair Value as of August 3, 2014	Fair Value Measurements at August 3, 2014 Using Fair Value Hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Liabilities								
Forward starting interest rate swaps ⁽¹⁾	\$38	\$—	\$38	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Foreign exchange forward contracts ⁽²⁾	2	—	2	—	3	—	3	—
Commodity derivative contracts ⁽³⁾	20	20	—	—	11	11	—	—
Cross-currency swap contracts ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	—	—	6	—	6	—
Deferred compensation derivative contracts ⁽⁵⁾	1	—	1	—	3	—	3	—
Deferred compensation obligation ⁽⁶⁾	131	131	—	—	123	123	—	—
Total liabilities at fair value	\$192	\$151	\$41	\$—	\$146	\$134	\$12	\$—

(1) Based on LIBOR swap rates.

(2) Based on observable market transactions of spot currency rates and forward rates.

(3) Based on quoted futures exchanges and on observable prices of futures and options transactions in the marketplace.

(4) Based on observable local benchmarks for currency and interest rates.

(5) Based on LIBOR and equity index swap rates.

(6) Based on the fair value of the participants' investments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings, excluding the current portion of long-term debt, approximate fair value.

Cash equivalents of \$42 at February 1, 2015 and \$46 at August 3, 2014 represent fair value as these highly liquid investments have an original maturity of three months or less. Fair value of cash equivalents is based on Level 2 inputs.

The fair value of long-term debt, including the current portion of long-term debt in Short-term borrowings, was \$2,397 at February 1, 2015 and \$2,647 at August 3, 2014. The carrying value was \$2,263 at February 1, 2015 and \$2,544 at August 3, 2014. The fair value of long-term debt is principally estimated using Level 2 inputs based on quoted market prices or pricing models using current market rates.

14. Share Repurchases

In June 2011, our Board of Directors authorized the purchase of up to \$1,000 of our stock. This program has no expiration date. In addition to this publicly announced program, we also repurchase shares to offset the impact of dilution from shares issued under our stock compensation plans.

During the six-month period ended February 1, 2015, we repurchased 3 million shares at a cost of \$133. Of this amount, \$100 was used to repurchase shares pursuant to our June 2011 publicly announced share repurchase program. Approximately \$650 remained available under this program as of February 1, 2015. During the six-month period ended January 26, 2014, we repurchased 2 million shares at a cost of \$76 to offset the impact of dilution from shares issued under our stock compensation plans.

15. Stock-based Compensation

We provide compensation benefits by issuing unrestricted stock, restricted stock and restricted stock units (including time-lapse restricted stock units, EPS performance restricted stock units, total shareholder return (TSR) performance restricted stock units, strategic performance restricted stock units and special performance restricted stock units). In 2015, we issued time-lapse

restricted stock units, EPS performance restricted stock units, TSR performance restricted stock units and special performance restricted stock units. We did not issue strategic performance restricted stock units in 2015. In previous years, we also issued stock options and stock appreciation rights.

Total pre-tax stock-based compensation expense recognized in Earnings from continuing operations was \$18 and \$15 for the three-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, respectively. Tax-related benefits of \$6 were also recognized for the three-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014. Total pre-tax stock-based compensation expense recognized in Earnings from continuing operations was \$31 and \$36 for the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, respectively. The pre-tax stock-based compensation expense recognized in Earnings from discontinued operations was \$1 for the six-month period ended January 26, 2014. Tax-related benefits of \$11 and \$14 were also recognized for the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, respectively. Cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$8 and \$7 for the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, respectively, and is reflected in cash flows from financing activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following table summarizes stock option activity as of February 1, 2015:

	Options (Options in thousands)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (In years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at August 3, 2014	408	\$28.33		
Granted	—	\$—		
Exercised	(300)	) \$27.78		
Terminated	(3)	) \$26.36		
Outstanding at February 1, 2015	105	\$29.91	0.9	\$2
Exercisable at February 1, 2015	105	\$29.91	0.9	\$2

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, was \$5 and \$4, respectively. As of January 2009, compensation related to stock options was fully expensed. We measured the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The following table summarizes time-lapse restricted stock units, EPS performance restricted stock units, strategic performance restricted stock units and special performance restricted stock units as of February 1, 2015:

	Units (Restricted stock units in thousands)	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at August 3, 2014	2,994	\$37.69
Granted	1,059	\$42.35
Vested	(1,245)	) \$35.56
Forfeited	(384)	) \$36.10
Nonvested at February 1, 2015	2,424	\$41.08

The fair value of time-lapse restricted stock units, EPS performance restricted stock units, strategic performance restricted stock units and special performance restricted stock units is determined based on the quoted price of our stock at the date of grant. Time-lapse restricted stock units are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting

period, except for awards issued to retirement-eligible participants, which are expensed on an accelerated basis. EPS performance restricted stock units are expensed on a graded-vesting basis, except for awards issued to retirement-eligible participants, which are expensed on an accelerated basis. There were 252 thousand EPS performance target grants outstanding at February 1, 2015 with a weighted-average grant-date fair value of \$40.72. Strategic performance restricted stock units are expensed on a straight-line basis over the service period. Awards of the strategic performance restricted stock units are earned based upon the achievement of two key metrics, net sales and EPS growth, compared to strategic plan objectives during a two-year period for grants in 2013 and during a three-year period for grants in 2014. There were 384 thousand strategic performance target grants outstanding at February 1, 2015 with a grant-date fair value of \$41.21. The actual number of EPS performance restricted stock units and strategic performance restricted stock units issued at the vesting date could range from either 0% or 100% and 0% to 200%, respectively, of the initial grant, depending on actual performance achieved. Expense is estimated based on the number of awards expected to vest.

In 2015, we issued special performance restricted stock units for which vesting is contingent upon meeting various financial goals and performance milestones to support innovation and growth initiatives. These awards vest over a period of 2 years and are included in the table above. The actual number of special performance awards issued at the vesting date could range from 0% to 150%. There were 184 thousand special performance restricted stock units outstanding at February 1, 2015 with a grant-date fair value of \$42.22.

As of February 1, 2015, total remaining unearned compensation related to nonvested time-lapse restricted stock units, EPS performance restricted stock units, strategic performance restricted stock units and special performance restricted stock units was \$50, which will be amortized over the weighted-average remaining service period of 1.7 years. The fair value of restricted stock units vested during the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014, was \$53 and \$104, respectively. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the restricted stock units granted during the six-month period ended January 26, 2014 was \$39.76.

The following table summarizes TSR performance restricted stock units as of February 1, 2015:

	Units	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
	(Restricted stock units in thousands)	
Nonvested at August 3, 2014	861	\$38.15
Granted	874	\$43.39
Vested	—	\$—
Forfeited	(41)	\$40.02
Nonvested at February 1, 2015	1,694	\$40.81

We estimated the fair value of TSR performance restricted stock units at the grant date using a Monte Carlo simulation. Assumptions used in the Monte Carlo simulation were as follows:

	2015	2014
Risk-free interest rate	0.97%	0.60%
Expected dividend yield	2.91%	2.98%
Expected volatility	16.20%	15.76%
Expected term	3 years	3 years

Compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the service period. As of February 1, 2015, total remaining unearned compensation related to TSR performance restricted stock units was \$39, which will be amortized over the weighted-average remaining service period of 2.3 years. There were no restricted stock units granted during 2012. The grant-date fair value of the TSR performance restricted stock units granted during 2014 was \$36.26.

The excess tax benefits on the exercise of stock options and vested restricted stock presented as cash flows from financing activities for the six-month periods ended February 1, 2015, and January 26, 2014 were \$5 and \$10, respectively.

16. Inventories

	February 1, 2015	August 3, 2014
Raw materials, containers and supplies	\$410	\$399
Finished products	506	617
Total inventories	\$916	\$1,016

17. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Other cash used in operating activities for the six-month periods was comprised of the following:

	February 1, 2015	)	January 26, 2014)
Benefit related payments	\$(16	)	\$(21)
Other	(2	)	(3)
Total	\$(18	)	\$(24)

18. Voluntary Product Recall

On November 8, 2013, we voluntarily recalled a range of Plum products packaged in resealable pouches after discovering a manufacturing defect that may cause spoilage in some pouches. In the three-month period ended October 27, 2013, we recognized costs of \$16 (\$11 after tax or \$.03 per share) associated with the recall, including estimates for customer returns and consumer rebates, costs associated with returned product and the disposal and write-off of inventory.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

OVERVIEW

Description of the Company

Unless otherwise stated, the terms "we," "us" and "our" refer to Campbell Soup Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

We are a manufacturer and marketer of high-quality, branded convenience food products. We report the results of our operations in the following reportable segments: U.S. Simple Meals; Global Baking and Snacking; International Simple Meals and Beverages; U.S. Beverages; and Bolthouse and Foodservice.

On August 8, 2013, we completed the acquisition of Kelsen. The final all-cash purchase price was \$331 million. See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

On October 28, 2013, subsequent to the end of the first quarter of 2014, we completed the sale of our European simple meals business to Soppa Investments S.à r.l., an affiliate of CVC Capital Partners. The all-cash preliminary sale price was €400 million, or \$548 million, and was subject to certain post-closing adjustments, which resulted in a \$14 million reduction of proceeds. We have reflected the results of the European simple meals business as discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

On January 29, 2015, we announced plans to implement a new enterprise design focused mainly on product categories. Under the new design, our businesses will be organized in the following three new divisions: Americas Simple Meals and Beverages, Global Biscuits and Snacks, and Packaged Fresh. We also announced the presidents leading these new divisions, effective February 1, 2015. In the coming months, specific plans for the new organizational design will be developed.

We are also pursuing initiatives to reduce our costs and to streamline our organizational structure. We do not expect significant savings from these initiatives in 2015.

Executive Summary

This Executive Summary provides significant highlights from the discussion and analysis that follows.

Net sales decreased 2% in the current quarter to \$2.234 billion, due to the impact of currency.

Gross profit, as a percent of sales, decreased to 32.6% from 35.7% in the year-ago quarter. The decrease in gross margin was due to cost inflation, higher supply chain costs and higher promotional spending, partly offset by productivity improvements.

Marketing and selling expenses decreased 10% to \$242 million in the current quarter, primarily due to lower advertising and consumer promotion expenses.

The effective tax rate decreased to 27.9% in the current quarter from 31.3% in the year-ago quarter, primarily due to the favorable resolution of an intercompany pricing agreement between the U.S. and Canada.

Earnings per share from continuing operations were \$.66 for the current quarter compared to \$.74 in the year-ago quarter. The year-ago quarter included expenses of \$.02 per share from items impacting comparability as discussed below.

Earnings from continuing operations attributable to Campbell Soup Company

The following items impacted the comparability of earnings and earnings per share:

In 2014, we implemented initiatives to streamline our salaried workforce in North America and our workforce in the Asia Pacific region; restructure manufacturing and streamline operations for our soup and broth business in China; improve supply chain efficiency in Australia; and reduce overhead across the organization. In the second quarter of 2014, we recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$13 million (\$5 million after tax or \$.02 per share) related to the 2014 initiatives. The year-to-date 2014 impact was \$33 million (\$18 million after tax or \$.06 per share) related to the 2014 initiatives;

In 2013, we implemented initiatives to improve our U.S. supply chain cost structure and increase asset utilization across our U.S. thermal plant network; expand access to manufacturing and distribution capabilities in Mexico;

improve our Pepperidge Farm bakery supply chain cost structure; and reduce overhead in North America. In the first quarter of 2014, we recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$1 million and restructuring-related costs of \$2 million in Cost of products sold (aggregate impact of \$2 million after tax or \$.01 per share) related to the 2013 initiatives; and On October 28, 2013, we completed the sale of our simple meals business in Europe. In the first quarter of 2014, we recorded a loss of \$9 million (\$6 million after tax or \$.02 per share) on foreign exchange forward contracts used to hedge the proceeds from the sale of the European simple meals business. The loss was included in Other expenses. In addition, we recorded tax expense of \$7 million (\$.02 per share) associated with the sale of the business.

The items impacting comparability are summarized below:

(Millions, except per share amounts)

Three Months Ended	
February 1, 2015	January 26, 2014
Earnings	
Impact	