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CAMBREX CORP

Form 10-Q

May 02, 2019

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

for the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-10638

CAMBREX CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 22-2476135
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

ONE MEADOWLANDS PLAZA, EAST RUTHERFORD, NEW JERSEY 07073

(Address of principal executive offices)

(201) 804-3000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 29, 2019, the registrant had 33,656,015 shares of common stock, \$.10 par value per share, outstanding.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Trading

| Title of each class | Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Common Stock, \$.10 par value | CBM | New York Stock Exchange |

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains “forward-looking statements,” including statements or tables regarding expected performance. These and other forward-looking statements may be identified by the fact that they use words such as “guidance,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “estimates,” “believes” or similar expressions. Any forward-looking statements contained herein are based on current plans and expectations and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from current expectations. The factors described in Item 1A of Part I of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2018 captioned “Risk Factors,” or otherwise described in the Company’s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, provide examples of such risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company’s actual results to differ materially from the expectations the Company describes in its forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the possibility that the benefits from acquisitions (including Halo Pharma and Avista Pharma Solutions) may not be as anticipated, customer and product concentration, the Company’s ability to secure new customer contracts and renew existing contracts on favorable terms, significant declines in sales of products to the Company’s customers, pharmaceutical outsourcing trends, competitive pricing, product developments, market acceptance and adoption rate of customers’ products, government legislation and regulations (particularly environmental issues), tax rates, interest rates, technology, manufacturing and legal issues, including the outcome of outstanding litigation, environmental matters, changes in foreign exchange rates, uncollectible receivables, the timing and/or volume of orders or shipments and the Company’s ability to meet its production plan and customer delivery schedules, expected timing of completion of capacity expansions, our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses, cancellations or delays in renewal of contracts, lack of suitable raw materials, the Company’s ability to receive regulatory approvals for its products, continued demand in the U.S. for late stage clinical products and the successful outcome of the Company’s investment in new products.

For further details and a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, investors are encouraged to review the Cambrex Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, including the Forward-Looking Statement sections therein, and other filings with the SEC. The Company cautions investors and potential investors not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and to give careful consideration to the risks and uncertainties listed above and contained in the Company’s SEC filings. The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q speak only as of the date of this document, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any of these statements.

Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements****CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except share data)

| | March 31, 2019 (unaudited) | December 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$67,539 | \$ 95,852 |
| Trade receivables, net | 79,098 | 146,330 |
| Contract assets | 76,069 | 33,490 |
| Other receivables | 10,957 | 5,198 |
| Inventories, net | 119,530 | 111,062 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 19,832 | 18,160 |
| Total current assets | 373,025 | 410,092 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 398,774 | 360,528 |
| Right of use assets | 37,260 | - |
| Goodwill | 407,512 | 261,095 |
| Intangible assets, net | 256,504 | 187,205 |
| Other non-current assets | 5,736 | 3,099 |
| Deferred income taxes | 9,979 | 1,409 |
| Total assets | \$1,488,790 | \$ 1,223,428 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$50,717 | \$ 47,012 |
| Contract liabilities, current | 15,227 | 11,713 |
| Taxes payable | 4,450 | 1,651 |
| Operating lease liabilities, current | 2,709 | - |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 10,000 | - |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 42,750 | 44,036 |
| Total current liabilities | 125,853 | 104,412 |
| Contract liabilities, non-current | 43,052 | 42,701 |
| Long-term debt | 487,500 | 300,000 |
| Deferred income taxes | 72,971 | 57,276 |
| Operating lease liabilities, non-current | 34,658 | - |
| Accrued pension benefits | 41,373 | 42,218 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 24,056 | 23,094 |
| Total liabilities | 829,463 | 569,701 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$.10 par value; authorized 100,000,000, issued | | |
| 34,920,124 and 34,870,124 shares at respective dates | 3,492 | 3,487 |

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| | | |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 184,410 | 182,691 |
| Retained earnings | 548,872 | 538,463 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 1,264,109 and 1,264,109 shares at | | |
| respective dates | (10,777) | (10,777) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (66,670) | (60,137) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 659,327 | 653,727 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$1,488,790 | \$ 1,223,428 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Income Statements

(unaudited – in thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Product sales | \$124,245 | \$135,459 |
| Service revenue | 33,975 | 3,671 |
| Gross sales | 158,220 | 139,130 |
| Commissions, allowances and rebates | 287 | 209 |
| Net sales | 157,933 | 138,921 |
| Other revenues, net | 1,523 | 2,176 |
| Net revenue | 159,456 | 141,097 |
| Cost of goods sold - product sales | 78,805 | 86,583 |
| Cost of goods sold - service revenue | 25,768 | 3,659 |
| Total cost of goods sold | 104,573 | 90,242 |
| Gross profit | 54,883 | 50,855 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 25,041 | 16,855 |
| Research and development expenses | 3,462 | 3,619 |
| Acquisition and integration expenses | 6,056 | - |
| Total operating expenses | 34,559 | 20,474 |
| Operating profit | 20,324 | 30,381 |
| Other expenses/(income): | | |
| Interest expense, net | 5,624 | 82 |
| Unrealized loss on investment in equity securities | 569 | - |
| Other expenses, net | 72 | 264 |
| Income before income taxes | 14,059 | 30,035 |
| Provision for income taxes | 3,532 | 5,786 |
| Income from continuing operations | 10,527 | 24,249 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (118) | (191) |
| Net income | \$10,409 | \$24,058 |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share of common stock: | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$0.31 | \$0.74 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(0.00) | \$(0.01) |
| Net income | \$0.31 | \$0.73 |
| Diluted earnings/(loss) per share of common stock: | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$0.31 | \$0.72 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(0.00) | \$(0.00) |
| Net income | \$0.31 | \$0.72 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 33,632 | 32,894 |
| Effect of dilutive stock based compensation | 119 | 727 |
| Diluted | 33,751 | 33,621 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited – in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Net income | \$10,409 | \$24,058 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss): | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (4,778) | 2,929 |
| Interest rate swap, net of tax of \$779 and \$0 at respective dates | (1,996) | - |
| Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss and | | |
| prior service cost, net of tax of \$82 and \$108 at respective dates | 241 | 295 |
| Comprehensive income | \$3,876 | \$27,282 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

(unaudited – in thousands, except share data)

| | Common Stock | | | | Accumulated | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Shares | Par Value | Paid-In | Retained | Treasury | Other | Total |
| | | | | | | Comprehensive | Stockholders' |
| Issued | (\$.10) | Capital | Earnings | Stock | Loss | Equity | |
| Balance at December 31, 2018 | 34,870,124 | \$ 3,487 | \$ 182,691 | \$ 538,463 | \$(10,777) | \$ (60,137) |) \$ 653,727 |
| Net income | | | | 10,409 | | |) 10,409 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | | | (6,533) |) (6,533) |
| Exercise of stock options | 4,000 | | 65 | | | |) 65 |
| Issuance of performance shares | 46,000 | 5 | (5) | | | |) - |
| Stock option expense | | | 1,062 | | | |) 1,062 |
| Restricted stock expense | | | 96 | | | |) 96 |
| Performance share expense | | | 501 | | | |) 501 |
| Balance at March 31, 2019 | 34,920,124 | \$ 3,492 | \$ 184,410 | \$ 548,872 | \$(10,777) | \$ (66,670) |) \$ 659,327 |

| | Common Stock | | | | Accumulated | | |
|--|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Shares | Par Value | Paid-In | Retained | Treasury | Other | Total |
| | | | | | | Comprehensive | Stockholders' |
| Issued | (\$.10) | Capital | Earnings | Stock | Loss | Equity | |
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 34,270,975 | \$ 3,427 | \$ 165,979 | \$ 429,826 | \$(12,140) | \$ (42,228) |) \$ 544,864 |
| Balance at January 1, 2018, as previously reported | 34,270,975 | 3,427 | 165,979 | 429,826 | (12,140) | (42,228) |) 544,864 |
| Impact of change in accounting policy | | | | 16,219 | | |) 16,219 |
| Adjusted balance at January 1, 2018 | 34,270,975 | \$ 3,427 | \$ 165,979 | \$ 446,045 | \$(12,140) | \$ (42,228) |) \$ 561,083 |
| Net income | | | | 24,058 | | |) 24,058 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | 3,224 |) 3,224 |
| Exercise of stock options | 112,669 | 11 | 2,711 | | | |) 2,722 |
| Stock option expense | | | 1,039 | | | |) 1,039 |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Restricted stock expense | | | 6 | | | | 6 |
| Performance share expense | | | 605 | | | | 605 |
| Balance at March 31, 2018 | 34,383,644 | \$ 3,438 | \$ 170,340 | \$ 470,103 | \$(12,140) | \$ (39,004) |) \$ 592,737 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(unaudited – in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$10,409 | \$24,058 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 14,702 | 7,517 |
| Non-cash deferred revenue | (2,543) | (808) |
| Increase in inventory reserve | 2,314 | 2,481 |
| Unrealized loss on investment in equity securities | 569 | - |
| Unrealized gain on foreign currency contracts | (562) | - |
| Stock based compensation | 1,659 | 1,650 |
| Deferred income tax provision | 558 | 682 |
| Other | 1,022 | (353) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Trade receivables | 75,527 | 22,157 |
| Contract assets | (38,629) | (37,280) |
| Inventories | (12,596) | (58) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | (6,390) | (1,241) |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | (1,297) | 4,124 |
| Contract liabilities, current | 924 | 1,161 |
| Other non-current assets and liabilities | (44) | 388 |
| Discontinued operations: | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 152 | 265 |
| Net cash used in discontinued operations | (217) | (292) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 45,558 | 24,451 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Capital expenditures | (19,237) | (23,791) |
| Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired | (248,467) | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (267,704) | (23,791) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Borrowings | 220,000 | - |
| Repayments | (22,500) | - |
| Debt issuance costs | (2,836) | - |
| Principal payments under finance lease obligations | (276) | - |
| Proceeds from stock options exercised | 65 | 2,722 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 194,453 | 2,722 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (620) | 902 |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents | (28,313) | 4,284 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 95,852 | 183,284 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$67,539 | \$187,568 |

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

Unless otherwise indicated by the context, "Cambrex" or the "Company" means Cambrex Corporation and subsidiaries.

On September 12, 2018 the Company acquired Halo Pharma ("Halo") and on January 2, 2019 the Company acquired Avista Pharma Solutions ("Avista"). The results of Halo and Avista have been included in the consolidated results since their respective acquisition dates. Due to the acquisitions and to be consistent with how the business is managed, the Company now reports its results in three segments, Drug Substance ("DS"), Drug Product ("DP") and Early Stage Development and Testing ("ESDT"). See Note 4 for additional information on the acquisitions and Note 15 for additional segment information.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the records of the Company. In the opinion of management, the financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, except as otherwise described herein, and are necessary for a fair statement of financial position and results of operations in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year.

For all periods presented, financial results for discontinued operations relate to environmental investigation and remediation at sites of divested businesses.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform with the current year presentation.

(2) Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The following accounting pronouncements became effective for the Company January 1, 2019:

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 which requires lessees to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms greater than twelve months. Several updates were issued in 2018 and 2019 that provide clarification on a number of specific issues and reporting requirements. This standard became effective for the Company on January 1, 2019. As a result of adopting this update, right of use assets of \$37,984 and operating lease liabilities of a similar amount were recorded on the balance sheet for identified operating leases. See Note 11.

Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07 which aligns the accounting for share-based payment awards issued to nonemployees with those issued to employees. Under the new guidance, the nonemployee awards will be measured on the grant date and compensation costs will be recognized when achievement of the performance condition is probable. The update became effective on January 1, 2019 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12 which improves the financial reporting of hedging relationships to better portray the economic results of an entity's risk management activities in its financial statements. The standard also makes certain targeted improvements to simplify the application of the hedge accounting guidance. The update became effective on January 1, 2019 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The following recently issued accounting pronouncements will become effective for the Company in future periods:

Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13 which modifies the disclosure requirements for recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements, primarily those surrounding Level 3 fair value measurements and transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14 which adds, modifies and removes certain disclosure requirements to improve the effectiveness of disclosures for defined benefit plans. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement that is a Service Contract

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15 which states entities should apply the guidance in ASC 350-40 when capitalizing implementation costs related to a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The capitalized implementation costs should be classified as prepaid expenses and then expensed over the hosting arrangement's term, with the expense recorded on the same line of the income statement as the service contract. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04 which simplifies the goodwill impairment test by eliminating Step 2 in the determination on whether goodwill should be considered impaired. Instead, an impairment charge should equal the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019,

including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

(3) Revenue

In accordance with ASC 606, the Company disaggregates its revenue from customers with contracts by revenue streams. The Company's revenue streams are presented in the following table:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Single-use products | \$62,265 | \$72,778 |
| Multi-use products | 61,980 | 62,681 |
| Service revenue | 33,975 | 3,671 |
| Total gross sales | \$158,220 | \$139,130 |

Revenue is recognized when control over a product or service is transferred to a customer. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration expected in exchange for transferring goods or providing services.

Sales terms to certain customers include rebates if certain conditions are met. Additionally, sales are generally made with a limited right of return under certain conditions. The Company estimates these rebates and returns at the time of sale based on the terms of agreements with customers and historical experience and estimated orders. The Company recognizes revenue net of these estimated costs which are classified as allowances and rebates.

The Company does not have any unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts greater than one year. The costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract are not material.

For variable consideration arrangements where the transaction price fluctuates based on quantity, the most likely estimated quantity is assumed using forecasts provided by the customer.

Single-use products

In most single-use product sales, a quantity is ordered and manufactured according to the customer's specifications and typically only one performance obligation is included. The Company also manufactures early phase product that can be included in a contract with services. These services are distinct and separated from the product performance obligations and are shown as a service revenue stream. The products are manufactured exclusively for a specific customer and have no alternative use. Generally, under these customer agreements, the Company is entitled to consideration for progress to date that includes an element of profit margin. To the extent an agreement does not include an element of profit margin for progress to date, it is recognized at a point in time. Revenues that are recognized over time utilize a measure of progress toward satisfaction of the performance obligations. The Company measures progress using an input method which compares the cost of cumulative work in process to date to the most current estimates for the entire performance obligation. The raw materials are excluded from this measurement due to

the high value and inclusion in the early stages of the project that would otherwise overstate progress to date.

Multi-use products

The Company's multi-use product sales can be sold to multiple customers and have an alternative use. Both the transaction sales price and shipping terms are agreed upon in the contract. For these products, all revenue is recognized at a point in time, generally when title to products and risk of loss is transferred to the customers based upon shipping terms. These arrangements typically include only one performance obligation.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

Service revenue

The service revenue stream represents services provided to a customer to assist with early stages of the regulatory approval process. The customer owns the drug details and process. The Company works with its customers to develop, validate and document the production process in order to comply with the regulatory approval process. These custom development projects could have one or more performance obligations with no alternative use. The contracts are structured to ensure the Company is paid for in-process work, including a profit margin. Revenues related to this stream are recognized over time by allocating to each performance obligation the best estimate of the standalone selling price of each service. Standalone selling prices are generally based on the prices charged to customers or based on an expected cost-plus margin. The Company measures progress using an input method which compares the cost of cumulative work in process to date to the most current estimates for the entire performance obligation.

Contract balances

The timing of revenue recognition, billings and cash collections results in billed trade receivables, contract assets (unbilled receivables), and contract liabilities (customer advances and deferred revenue). For each reporting period presented, the Company reports contract balances in a net contract asset or liability position on a contract-by-contract basis. Contract assets are recorded when the right to consideration is conditioned on something other than the passage of time. When an entity's right to consideration is unconditional, the receivable is recorded within Trade Receivables on the balance sheet. Contract liabilities represent advance payments from customers, and deferred revenue. Contract assets will convert to trade receivables or cash and current contract liabilities will convert into revenue within a one-year period.

Payment terms can vary by the type and location of the customer and the products or services offered. The term between invoicing and when payment is due is not significant. For certain products or services and customer types, payment prior to satisfaction of a performance obligation can be required, and results in recording a contract liability.

The following table details the significant changes in contract assets:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------|----------|
| Balance as of January 1, | \$33,490 | \$51,896 |
| Contract assets acquired | 4,243 | - |
| Revenue recognized from performance obligations | | |
| satisfied | 70,408 | 72,031 |
| Transferred to trade receivables | (31,578) | (34,751) |
| Currency impact | (494) | (186) |
| Balance as of March 31, | \$76,069 | \$88,990 |

The Company recognized in revenue \$2,543 and \$808, during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for which the contract liability was recorded in a prior period.

(4) Acquisitions

On January 2, 2019, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of Avista Pharma Solutions (“Avista”), a contract development, manufacturing, and testing organization with sites located in Durham, NC, Longmont, CO, Agawam, MA and Edinburgh, Scotland U.K. The purchase price of \$252,000 was funded with a combination of cash on hand and borrowings under the credit facility. See Note 8 for details on the amended and restated credit facility.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

Avista offers a broad suite of scientifically differentiated services ranging from early stage API and drug product development and cGMP manufacturing to stand-alone analytical, microbiology testing and solid state sciences.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. Cambrex is in the process of obtaining third-party valuations of certain tangible and intangible assets; thus the provisional measurements of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, goodwill and deferred income taxes are subject to change.

| | |
|--|----------|
| | January |
| | 2, 2019 |
| Cash | \$4,125 |
| Trade receivables | 6,786 |
| Contract assets | 4,243 |
| Inventories | 21 |
| Other current assets | 1,159 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 34,172 |
| Right of use assets | 31,497 |
| Goodwill | 148,481 |
| Intangible assets (Customer relationships) | 73,000 |
| Other non-current assets | 532 |
| Total assets acquired | 304,016 |
| Operating lease liabilities, current | 2,053 |
| Other current liabilities | 11,422 |
| Operating lease liabilities, non-current | 29,444 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 8,826 |
| Total liabilities assumed | \$51,745 |

Transaction costs have been recorded as “Acquisition and integration expenses” on the Company’s income statement and totaled \$3,771 for the three months ended March 31, 2019. Other acquisition and integration related expenses of \$2,285 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 have also been recorded to “Acquisition and integration expenses” on the Company’s income statement.

The consolidated income statement for the three months ending March 31, 2019 includes revenue from Avista of \$17,172, and a net loss of \$1,740. These results include integration costs of \$1,206, primarily consisting of a one-time charge for severance.

On September 12, 2018, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of Halo Pharma, a finished dosage form contract development and manufacturing organization. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the opening

balance sheet was adjusted to reflect a change in the valuation of property, plant and equipment resulting in a decrease in goodwill of \$1,940.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

(5) Net Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Net inventories consist of the following:

| | March 31, December 31, | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Finished goods | \$ 26,349 | \$ 30,904 |
| Work in process | 37,262 | 27,513 |
| Raw materials | 47,998 | 44,705 |
| Supplies | 7,921 | 7,940 |
| Total | \$ 119,530 | \$ 111,062 |

(6) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2019 are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2018 | \$261,095 |
| Acquisition of business (see Note 4) | 146,541 |
| Translation effect | (124) |
| Balance as of March 31, 2019 | \$407,512 |

As of March 31, 2019, goodwill of \$217,130 relates to the DP segment and \$157,527 relates to the ESDT segment. The remaining goodwill relates to the DS segment.

Acquired intangible assets, which are amortized, consist of the following:

| As of March 31, 2019 | | | |
|----------------------|-------|-------------|----------|
| Amortization | Gross | Accumulated | Net |
| | | | Carrying |

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| | Period | Carrying | Amortization | Amount |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| | | Amount | | |
| Internal-use software | 3 - 7 years | \$7,553 | \$ (3,194 |) \$4,359 |
| Technology-based intangibles | 20 years | 3,415 | (1,536 |) 1,879 |
| Customer-related intangibles | 10 - 15 years | 260,229 | (9,963 |) 250,266 |
| | | \$271,197 | \$ (14,693 |) \$256,504 |

As of December 31, 2018

Gross

| | Amortization | Carrying | Accumulated | Net Carrying |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Period | Amount | Amortization | Amount |
| Internal-use software | 3 - 7 years | \$7,026 | \$ (2,912 |) \$4,114 |
| Technology-based intangibles | 20 years | 3,481 | (1,523 |) 1,958 |
| Customer-related intangibles | 10 - 15 years | 186,698 | (5,565 |) 181,133 |
| | | \$197,205 | \$ (10,000 |) \$187,205 |

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The change in the gross carrying amount in 2019 is mainly due to the recognition of customer-related intangibles of \$73,000 from the acquisition of Avista in January 2019, the impact of foreign currency translation and additions to internal-use software.

Amortization expense was \$4,730 and \$513 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This includes amortization expense of \$2,996 related to the acquisition of Halo and \$1,217 related to the acquisition of Avista.

Amortization expense related to intangible assets is expected to be approximately \$18,911 for 2019, \$18,894 for 2020, \$18,888 for 2021, \$18,449 for 2022, and \$17,835 for 2023.

(7) Income Taxes

Income tax expense from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$3,532 and \$5,786, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 25.1% and 19.3%, respectively. Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018 would have been 19.8% excluding the impact of certain effects of share-based compensation. The increase in the tax rate for 2019 as compared to 2018 is primarily due to state tax reform and the Company's expanded state presence due to the Halo and Avista acquisitions, and the geographic mix of income.

(8) Long-term Debt

On January 2, 2019, the Company amended and restated its Credit Facility by entering into an \$800,000 five-year Syndicated Senior Credit Facility ("Credit Facility"), comprising of a \$600,000 Revolving Credit Facility and \$200,000 Term Loan A. The Company is required to make minimum quarterly principal payments on the Term Loan A of \$2,500 through December 2020, \$3,750 through December 2022 and \$5,000 through December 2023. The remainder of the principal is due on January 2, 2024. The Company pays interest on the Credit Facility at LIBOR plus 1.25% - 2.00% based upon certain financial measurements. The Credit Facility also includes financial covenants regarding interest coverage and leverage ratios. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. As of March 31, 2019, there was \$497,500 outstanding on the Credit Facility, of which \$10,000 was recorded as current in the consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$300,000 outstanding on the Credit Facility. The 2019 weighted average interest rate for long-term bank debt was 4.3%.

(9) Derivatives

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates in the normal course of business. The Company, from time to time, uses derivatives to reduce exposure to market risks resulting from fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

All financial instruments involve market and credit risks. The Company is exposed to credit losses in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to the contracts. While there can be no assurance, the Company does not anticipate non-performance by these counterparties.

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The Company periodically enters into foreign currency forward contracts to protect against currency fluctuations of forecasted cash flows and existing balance sheet exposures at its foreign operations, as deemed appropriate. The Company may or may not elect to designate certain forward contracts for hedge accounting treatment.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

For derivatives that are not designated for hedge accounting treatment, changes in the fair value are immediately recognized in earnings. This treatment has the potential to increase volatility of the Company's earnings.

None of the foreign currency forward contracts entered into during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were designated for hedge accounting treatment. The notional amounts of the Company's outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts were \$55,765 and \$35,734 at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The Company does not hold or purchase any foreign currency forward contracts for trading or speculative purposes and no contractual term is greater than twelve months.

The fair value of the Company's foreign exchange forward contracts outstanding was a gain of \$562 and a loss of \$430 at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Losses are reflected under the caption "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and gains are reflected under the caption "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" on the Company's balance sheet and "Other revenues, net" on the Company's income statement.

Interest Rate Swap

The Company entered into an interest rate swap in February 2019 to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on its floating rate debt through February 2023. The swap is a contract to exchange floating rate for fixed interest payments periodically over the life of the agreement without the exchange of the underlying notional debt amount.

The swap contract outstanding at March 31, 2019 has been designated as a cash flow hedge and, accordingly, changes in the fair value of this derivative are not recorded in earnings but are recorded each period in AOCI and reclassified into earnings as interest expense in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the interest rate swap is recognized in earnings and has been immaterial to the Company's financial results.

As of March 31, 2019, the interest rate swap had a notional value of \$200,000, at a fixed rate of 2.54%. The fair value of this swap is based on quoted market prices and was in a loss position of \$2,775 at March 31, 2019. The Company did not have an interest rate swap outstanding at December 31, 2018. Losses are reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities."

At March 31, 2019, the Company's interest rate swap fixed 41% of the variable interest rate debt. Holding all other variables constant, if the LIBOR portion of the weighted average interest rate in the variable debt increased by 100 basis points, the effect on the Company would have been higher interest expense of \$2,875.

Assuming current market conditions continue, a loss of \$307 is expected to be reclassified out of AOCI into earnings within the next twelve months.

(10) Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards establish a valuation hierarchy for disclosure of the inputs to the valuations used to measure fair value. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, including interest rates, yield curves and credit risks, or inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on the Company's assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value. A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The following table provides the assets and liabilities carried at fair value, measured on a recurring basis, as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

| | March 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Fair Value - Level 2 | | |
| Interest rate swap, liability | \$ (2,775) | \$ - |
| Foreign currency forwards, assets/(liabilities) | 562 | (430) |
| Investment in equity securities, asset | 12,055 | 13,048 |
| | \$ 9,842 | \$ 12,618 |

The fair value of the interest rate swap is estimated based on the present value of the difference between expected cash flows calculated at the contracted interest rate and the expected cash flows at current market interest rates using observable benchmarks for the LIBOR forward rates at the end of the period. The Company's credit risk and its counterparty's credit risk is also evaluated to estimate fair value.

The Company's foreign currency forward contracts are measured at fair value using observable market inputs such as forward rates, the Company's credit risk and its counterparties' credit risks. Based on the Company's continued ability to enter into forward contracts, the Company considers the markets for its fair value instruments to be active.

As of the second quarter of 2018, the Company owns a 16.3% equity investment in a European company. In accordance with ASC 825, the Company has elected to record this investment at fair value. The Company selected an appropriate valuation methodology to compute a discount for the lack of marketability to be applied to the closing market price of the shares as of March 31, 2019. The fair value of the Company's shares decreased to \$12,055 during the three months ended March 31, 2019 resulting in an unrealized loss of \$569 which was recorded as "Unrealized loss on investment in equity securities" on the income statement and "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" on the balance sheet. Since the shares owned by the Company are substantially in excess of the daily trade volumes of the stock, it could be difficult to sell the shares in a timely manner when the restrictions lapse in the second quarter of 2019 and it is possible the ultimate value to be realized by the Company could be significantly less upon a sale of the securities.

The Company's financial instruments also include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables and accounts payables. The carrying amount of these instruments approximates fair value because of their short-term nature.

(11) Leases

In February 2016 the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (“ASC 842”), which requires lessees to recognize right of use (“ROU”) assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms greater than twelve months. Lease obligations are measured at the present value of remaining lease payments and accounted for using the effective interest method. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and expense recognition in the income statement.

The Company adopted the new lease standard on January 1, 2019 by applying the new transition alternative. As such, the Company initially applied the new standard to all leases existing at the beginning of the period of adoption. Prior period financial results were not updated and the disclosures required under the new standard were not provided for dates and periods before January 1, 2019.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The new standard provides a number of optional practical expedients in transition. The Company has elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, that allows the Company (1) to not reassess whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, (2) to not reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, and (3) to not reassess initial direct costs for any existing leases. The Company has also elected, for its vehicle and equipment leases, the practical expedient that permits the ability to choose not to separate non-lease components from lease components and instead to account for each separate lease component and the non-lease components associated with that lease component as a single lease component.

Further, the Company has made an accounting policy election to keep leases with an initial term of twelve months or less off the balance sheet. This policy applies to all classes of the underlying assets. The Company will recognize those lease payments in the consolidated income statement over the lease term.

The determination of the incremental borrowing rate used to calculate the present value of the ROU assets and lease liabilities depends on whether an interest rate is specified in the lease or not. If the lease specifies a rate, that rate is used when calculating the present value of lease payments. If the rate is not readily determinable, which is generally the case for the Company, the Company's incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") as of the date of inception is used (for initial measurement, the IBR was determined as of the adoption date of the standard). The incremental borrowing rate is the estimated rate of interest that Cambrex would have to pay to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term and amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment.

The Company's leases that contain variable payments are not material.

Operating Leases:

The Company has operating leases expiring on various dates through the year 2032 with options to extend beyond this date. The leases are primarily for the rental of manufacturing, office and warehouse space in addition to vehicles, forklifts and equipment. The Company generally enters into operating leases when it doesn't have the desire to own the asset.

The Company's operating leases related to the rental of manufacturing, office and warehouse space often contain one or more options to extend the lease, typically for a period of three to five years each and based on the then prevailing market rental rate. The Company will generally exercise these options to extend the lease for its manufacturing space due to the significant costs to install and remove the manufacturing equipment should the Company decide to vacate the building. As such, the lease terms used in calculating the value of the ROU assets and lease liabilities for these types of leases will include the periods covered under any renewal options.

The Company's equipment, vehicle and forklift leases may or may not contain an option to extend the lease but as a general rule, the Company doesn't exercise these options because there are no associated costs to return the equipment and either purchase or lease new equipment. As a result, these extension options aren't considered in the calculation of ROU assets and lease liabilities. If or when circumstances change and the Company becomes reasonably certain that it is going to exercise the extension option, the ROU asset and lease liability would be remeasured at that time.

For operating leases, the depreciation and interest expense components are combined and recognized evenly over the term of the lease as cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expense in the Company's income statement.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

As of March 31, 2019, ROU assets related to operating leases were \$37,260 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Right of use assets." As of March 31, 2019, short-term operating lease liabilities were \$2,709 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Operating lease liabilities, current" and long-term operating lease liabilities were \$34,658 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Operating lease liabilities, non-current."

The Company's largest leases are described below:

The Company leases its manufacturing and office facilities in Longmont, Colorado, where it provides services required to advance a new molecule to the clinic including process development, analytical development, API manufacturing, stability and packaging, labeling and shipping. This facility is part of the ESDT segment. The lease expires in May 2025 and includes two five year extension options at prevailing market rates. Rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis and is approximately \$1,700 per year.

The Company leases its manufacturing and office facilities in Durham, North Carolina, where it performs analytical development & testing, process chemistry and API manufacturing and is part of the ESDT segment. The lease expires in March 2023 and includes one five year extension option at prevailing market rates. Rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis and is approximately \$1,300 per year.

The Company leases office space in East Rutherford, New Jersey for its corporate headquarters. The lease expires in November 2029. This lease includes one five year extension option at prevailing market rates but at this time, the expiration date is too far in the future to be reasonably certain that the lease will be extended. Rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis and is approximately \$400 per year.

Finance leases:

The Company has finance leases expiring on various dates through the year 2023. The leases are primarily for the rental of manufacturing equipment. These leased assets are amortized on a straight-line basis and recorded as depreciation expense and the financing component is recorded as interest expense in the income statement resulting in higher expense in the earlier part of the lease term.

For finance leases, the depreciation expense is recognized evenly over the term of the lease as cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expense in the Company's income statement. The interest expense component is recognized separately as interest expense in the Company's income statement.

As of March 31, 2019, ROU assets related to finance leases were \$3,617 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Property, plant and equipment, net." As of March 31, 2019, short-term finance lease liabilities were \$1,077 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and long-term finance lease liabilities were \$1,424 and reflected in the Company's balance sheet under the caption "Other non-current liabilities."

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the lease activity for the three months ended March 31, 2019:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 |
|--|--|
| <u>Lease cost:</u> | |
| Operating lease cost | \$ 1,186 |
| Finance lease cost | |
| Amortization of ROU assets | 72 |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 47 |
| Short-term lease cost | 217 |
| Total lease cost | 1,522 |
| <u>Other Information:</u> | |
| Operating cash flows from operating leases | (1,067) |
| Operating cash flows from finance leases | (13) |
| Financing cash flows from finance leases | \$(276) |
| Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases (yrs) | 10.4 |
| Weighted-average remaining lease term - finance leases (yrs) | 3.0 |
| Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases | 4.2 % |
| Weighted-average discount rate - finance leases | 4.1 % |

The following table represents the Company's undiscounted lease maturities over the next five years and beyond for its operating and finance leases. The undiscounted cash flows disclosed below represent full years for all periods presented.

Below is a reconciliation of the Company's undiscounted cash flows to the operating and finance lease liabilities recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

Total
Undiscounted

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| | Cash Flows | |
|-------|------------|----------|
| | Operating | Finance |
| | Leases | Leases |
| 2019 | \$4,769 | \$ 1,126 |
| 2020 | 5,114 | 1,033 |
| 2021 | 5,038 | 596 |
| 2022 | 4,966 | 201 |
| 2023 | 4,971 | 43 |
| 2024+ | 26,432 | - |
| | 51,290 | 2,999 |

Present values ("PV"):

| | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Lease liabilities, current | 2,709 | 1,077 |
| Lease liabilities, non-current | 34,658 | 1,424 |
| Total PV of lease liabilities | 37,367 | 2,501 |
| Difference between undiscounted cash flows and discounted cash flows | \$ 13,923 | \$ 498 |

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

At December 31, 2018, the Company had operating leases expiring on various dates through the year 2029. The leases were primarily for the rental of office space. At December 31, 2018, future minimum commitments under non-cancelable operating lease arrangements were as follows:

| | Total Undiscounted Cash Flows |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 2019 | \$ 1,004 |
| 2020 | 1,204 |
| 2021 | 1,126 |
| 2022 | 974 |
| 2023 | 937 |
| 2024+ | 3,220 |
| | \$ 8,465 |

The difference between 2018 and 2019 future undiscounted cash flows is mainly due to the acquisition of Avista on January 2, 2019. See Note 4 for additional information on this acquisition.

(12) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)

The following tables provide the changes in Accumulated other comprehensive income (“AOCI”) by component (pension, net of tax) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

| | Foreign | | | Total |
|---|--|--------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Currency Translation Adjustments | Interest Rate Swap | Pension Plans | |
| Balance as of December 31, 2018 | \$ (27,736) | \$- | \$(32,401) | \$(60,137) |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications | (4,778) | (2,002) | - | (6,780) |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | - | 6 | 241 | 247 |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net current-period other comprehensive (loss)/income | (4,778) | (1,996) | 241 | (6,533) |
| Balance as of March 31, 2019 | \$ (32,514) | \$ (1,996) | \$ (32,160) | \$ (66,670) |

Foreign

Currency Interest

Translation Rate Pension

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Adjustments | Swap | Plans | Total |
| Balance as of December 31, 2017 | \$ (12,040) | \$- | \$ (30,188) | \$ (42,228) |

Other comprehensive income before

reclassifications 2,929 - - 2,929

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other

comprehensive loss - - 295 295

Net current-period other comprehensive income 2,929 - 295 3,224

Balance as of March 31, 2018 \$ (9,111) \$- \$ (29,893) \$ (39,004)

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The following table provides the reclassifications from AOCI by component for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

| Details about AOCI Components | Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 |
|--|---|---|
| Losses on cash flow hedge: | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ (6) | \$ - |
| Amortization of defined benefit pension items: | | |
| Actuarial losses | (323) | (404) |
| Prior service credit | - | 1 |
| Total before tax | (323) | (403) |
| Tax benefit | 82 | 108 |
| Net of tax | (241) | (295) |
| Total reclassification for the period | \$ (247) | \$ (295) |

The Company recognizes all components of net periodic benefit cost except service costs in “Other expenses, net” in its income statement. Service costs are recognized in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” and “Cost of goods sold” in its income statement depending on the functional area of the underlying employees included in the plan. Interest rate swaps are recorded as “Interest expense, net” on the Company’s income statement.

(13) Stock Based Compensation

The Company recognizes compensation costs for stock options awarded to employees based on their grant-date fair value. The value of each stock option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The weighted-average fair value per share for the stock options granted to employees during the three months ended March 31, 2019 was \$15.04. No stock options were granted during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$1,062 and \$1,039, respectively, in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” for stock options. As of March 31, 2019, the total compensation cost related to unvested stock options not yet recognized was \$9,685. The cost will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining weighted-average vesting period of 2.6 years.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

The following table is a summary of the Company's stock options:

| | Weighted | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| | Number of | Average |
| Options | Shares | Exercise Price |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2018 | 1,051,623 | \$ 41.41 |
| Granted | 65,000 | 39.66 |
| Exercised | (4,000) | 16.25 |
| Forfeited or expired | (6,150) | 46.02 |
| Outstanding at March 31, 2019 | 1,106,473 | 41.37 |
| Exercisable at March 31, 2019 | 452,860 | \$ 34.39 |

The aggregate intrinsic values for all stock options exercised for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$89 and \$3,274, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic values for all stock options outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2019 were \$3,401 and \$3,401, respectively.

The following table is a summary of the Company's nonvested stock options, restricted stock and performance shares for which the requisite service period has not been rendered but that are expected to vest on the achievement of a performance condition:

| | Nonvested Stock Options | | Restricted Stock | | Performance Shares | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|
| | Weighted- Average | Number | Weighted- Average | Number | Weighted- Average | Number |
| | Grant-Date | Fair Value | Grant-Date | Fair Value | Grant-Date | Fair Value |
| Nonvested at December 31, 2018 | 601,513 | \$ 17.83 | - | \$ - | 152,000 | \$ 46.61 |
| Granted | 65,000 | 15.04 | 25,000 | 44.21 | 5,000 | 45.64 |
| Vested during period | (7,000) | 9.26 | - | - | - | - |
| Forfeited | (5,900) | 17.36 | - | - | (5,750) | 40.65 |
| Nonvested at March 31, 2019 | 653,613 | \$ 17.65 | 25,000 | \$ 44.21 | 151,250 | \$ 46.80 |

The Company granted restricted stock units during the three months ended March 31, 2019 to certain executives which will vest over a two year period. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$96 and \$6, respectively, in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” for restricted stock units. As of March 31, 2019, total compensation cost related to nonvested restricted stock not yet recognized was \$1,009. The cost will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining weighted-average vesting period of 1.8 years.

The Company granted equity-settled performance shares (“PS”) to certain executives. PS awards provide the recipient the right to receive a certain number of shares of the Company’s common stock in the future, which depends on the Company’s level of achievement of net revenue and EBITDA growth as compared to the net revenue and EBITDA growth of the members of a specified peer group of companies over a three year period. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$501 and \$605, respectively, in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” related to performance shares. As of March 31, 2019, total compensation cost related to nonvested performance shares not yet recognized was \$3,815. The cost will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining weighted-average vesting period of 1.5 years.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

(14) Retirement Plans

The Company recognizes all components of net periodic benefit cost except service costs in “Other expenses, net” in its income statement. Service costs are recognized in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” and “Cost of goods sold” in its income statement depending on the functional area of the underlying employees included in the plan.

Domestic Pension Plan

The components of net periodic benefit cost/(credit) for the Company’s domestic pension plan (which was frozen in 2007) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018 | |
|--|---|---------|
| Components of net periodic benefit cost/(credit) | | |
| Interest cost | \$543 | \$510 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (682) | (792) |
| Recognized actuarial loss | 207 | 179 |
| Net periodic benefit cost/(credit) | \$68 | \$(103) |

International Pension Plan

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the Company’s international pension plan for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018 | |
|---|--|-------|
| Components of net periodic benefit cost | | |
| Service cost | \$278 | \$270 |
| Interest cost | 167 | 194 |
| Recognized actuarial loss | 116 | 103 |
| Amortization of prior service benefit | - | (1) |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$561 | \$566 |

(15) Segment Information

Cambrex is a life sciences company that provides products and services that accelerate and improve the development and commercialization of new and generic therapeutics. The Company primarily supplies its products and services worldwide to innovator and generic pharmaceutical companies.

Due to the acquisitions of Avista and Halo, and to be consistent with how the business is managed, the Company now reports its results in three reportable segments, Drug Substance (“DS”), Drug Product (“DP”) and Early Stage Development and Testing (“ESDT”). The DS segment is comprised of the legacy Cambrex API business excluding the High Point facility, which was moved to the ESDT segment. The DP segment includes the former Halo business. The ESDT segment includes the former Avista business, in addition to the High Point facility.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

DS (formerly API)

The Company's DS segment is comprised of the custom development and manufacture of pharmaceutical ingredients derived from organic chemistry. Products consist of APIs and pharmaceutical intermediates for use in the production of prescription and over-the-counter drug products.

DP (formerly FDF)

The Company's DP segment consists of contract development and commercial manufacturing of finished dosage form products including oral solids, liquids and creams, and sterile and non-sterile ointments.

ESDT

The Company's ESDT segment provides a combination of analytical testing, early stage process chemistry, formulation development, manufacturing, and solid state chemistry services.

The Company's Corporate headquarters provides management and administrative services to support the Company, and consists of certain aspects of the Company's executive management, corporate relations, legal, compliance, human resources, information technology and finance departments. The Company allocates certain corporate expenses to each of its segments. Depreciation and amortization on certain assets are not allocated to the Company's reportable segments.

The Company evaluates the performance of its segments based on segment operating profit. Transactions between reportable segments are not material. The Company does not allocate interest expense or income taxes to the operating segments. Discontinued operations are not recorded by the reportable segments. The Company accounts for total assets on a consolidated basis and does not allocate or disclose it for each reportable segment. The chief operating decision maker does not review segment's assets.

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The following table summarizes the Company's financial information by reportable segment:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Net revenue by segment | | |
| DS | \$112,060 | \$136,607 |
| DP | 24,484 | - |
| ESDT | 22,912 | 4,490 |
| Total reported net revenue | 159,456 | 141,097 |
| Operating profit/(loss) by segment | | |
| DS | 31,181 | 35,365 |
| DP | (250) | - |
| ESDT | (2,517) | (399) |
| Total segment operating profit | 28,414 | 34,966 |
| Corporate operating loss | (8,090) | (4,585) |
| Total reported operating profit | \$20,324 | \$30,381 |

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

(16) Contingencies

The Company is subject to various investigations, claims and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. The Company continually assesses known facts and circumstances as they pertain to applicable legal and environmental matters and evaluates the need for reserves and disclosures as deemed necessary based on these facts and circumstances. These matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could result in actual costs that are significantly higher than the Company's current assessment and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operating results and cash flows in future reporting periods. Based upon past experience, the Company believes that payments significantly in excess of current reserves, if required, would be made over an extended number of years.

Environmental

In connection with laws and regulations pertaining to the protection of the environment, the Company and its subsidiaries are a party to several environmental proceedings and remediation activities and along with other companies, have been named a potentially responsible party ("PRP") for certain waste disposal sites ("Superfund sites"). All of the liabilities currently recorded on the Company's balance sheet for environmental proceedings are associated with discontinued operations. The Company had insurance policies in place at certain of the discontinued operations for certain years that the Company believes should cover some portion of the recorded liabilities or potential future liabilities and the Company expects the net cash impact related to the contingencies described below to be reduced by the applicable income tax rate.

It is the Company's policy to record appropriate liabilities for environmental matters where remedial efforts are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. Such liabilities are based on the Company's estimate of the undiscounted future costs required to complete the remedial work. Each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties, and it is possible that some of these matters will be decided against the Company. The resolution of such matters often spans several years and frequently involves regulatory oversight or adjudication. Additionally, many remediation requirements are fluid and are likely to be affected by future technological, site and regulatory developments. It is not possible at this time for the Company to determine fully the effect of all asserted and unasserted claims on its consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity; however, to the extent possible, where asserted and unasserted claims can be estimated and where such claims are considered probable, the Company would record a liability. Consequently, the ultimate liability with respect to such matters, as well as the timing of cash disbursements, is uncertain.

In matters where the Company is able to reasonably estimate the probable and estimable costs associated with environmental proceedings, the Company accrues for the estimated costs associated with the study and remediation of applicable sites. At March 31, 2019, the reserves were \$17,292, of which \$16,505 is included in "Other non-current liabilities" on the Company's balance sheet. At December 31, 2018, these reserves were \$17,411, of which \$16,599 is included in "Other non-current liabilities" on the Company's balance sheet. The decrease in the reserves includes payments of \$315 partially offset by adjustments to reserves of \$196. The reserves are adjusted periodically as remediation efforts progress or as additional technical, regulatory or legal information becomes available. Given the uncertainties regarding the outcome of investigative and study activities, the status of laws, regulations, enforcement,

policies, the impact of other PRPs, technology and information related to individual sites, the Company does not believe it is possible to currently develop an estimate of the range of reasonably possible environmental loss in excess of its reserves.

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Bayonne

As a result of the sale of a Bayonne, New Jersey facility, the Company became obligated to investigate site conditions and conduct required remediation under the New Jersey Industrial Site Recovery Act. The Company is completing an investigation and sampling plan at the property pursuant to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's ("NJDEP") private oversight program. The results will be used to develop a proposed remedial action work plan for the site. Among other things, the remedial plan is anticipated to set forth further details of the proposed cleanup, including the removal and/or encapsulation of certain impacted soils and implementation of engineering controls and deed restrictions. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's reserve was \$556.

Clifton and Carlstadt

The Company has implemented a sampling and pilot program in Clifton and Carlstadt, New Jersey pursuant to the NJDEP private oversight program. The results of the sampling and pilot program to date have been used to develop an estimate of the Company's future liability for remediation costs, and the Company continues to move forward with the projects at each site in accordance with the established schedules and work plans. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's reserve was \$1,754.

Berry's Creek

The Company received a notice from the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("USEPA") that two subsidiaries of the Company are considered PRPs at the Berry's Creek Study Area in New Jersey. These subsidiaries are among many other PRPs that were listed in the notice. Pursuant to the notice, the PRPs have been asked to perform a remedial investigation ("RI") and feasibility study ("FS") of the Berry's Creek site. The Company has joined the group of PRPs and entered into an Administrative Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") and Order on Consent with the USEPA agreeing to jointly conduct or fund an appropriate remedial investigation and feasibility study of the Berry's Creek site with the other PRPs in the Agreement. The PRPs have engaged consultants to perform the work specified in the Agreement and develop a method to allocate related costs among the PRPs.

In June 2016, the PRPs received a request from USEPA to amend the RI/FS Work Plan to accommodate a phased, iterative approach to the Berry's Creek remediation. USEPA requested an initial Phase I remedy that focuses on a portion of the site, namely, sediments in Upper and Middle Berry's Creek and the marsh in Upper Peach Island Creek. Any subsequent remedial action will occur after the implementation and performance monitoring of this Phase I remedy and the extent of future action is expected to be at least partially determined by the outcome of this initial phase. In April 2017, USEPA approved the requested addendum to the RI/FS Work Plan, which included the description of the phased and adaptive management approach to the Berry's Creek remedy.

In September 2018, USEPA issued its Record of Decision ("ROD") for an interim remedy at Berry's Creek. The interim remedy calls for, among other things, dredging and capping of contaminated sediments. The next step in the process is to design the remedy ("Remedial Design"). USEPA issued a letter to the Berry's Creek PRP Group in September 2018 that provided notice of potential liability and a request that the PRP Group agree to perform the Remedial

Design. USEPA provided a draft settlement agreement and statement of work to implement the Remedial Design. As a member of the Berry's Creek PRP Group, the Company will participate in the PRP Group's engagement with USEPA on Remedial Design, and is coordinating with PRP Group members and PRP Group common counsel accordingly.

The estimated costs for the interim remedy may be further developed and the Company's accrual may change based upon revisions to cost estimates. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's reserve was \$9,647.

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(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

At this time it is not known when the costs for the complete remediation plan will be estimable, and as such, no accrual beyond the interim remedy has been recorded. The Company's share has been preliminarily estimated by the PRP group at 2.4%. While the Company will defend its position that its share should be reduced from the current level, its share could be increased or decreased depending on the outcome of the final allocation process that will take place in future periods.

While any resolution of this matter is not expected to materially impact the Company's operations or financial position, it could be material to the financial statements in the period recorded.

In July 2014, the Company received a notice from the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, regarding the Company's potential liability for natural resource damages at the Berry's Creek site and inviting the Company to participate in a cooperative assessment of natural resource damages. Most members of the Berry's Creek PRP group received such notice letters, and the PRP Group coordinated a joint response, which was to decline participation in a cooperative assessment at this time, given existing investigation work at the site. The cost of any future assessment and the ultimate scope of natural resource damage liability are not yet known.

Maybrook Site

A subsidiary of Cambrex is named a PRP of a site in Hamptonburgh, New York by the USEPA in connection with the discharge, under appropriate permits, of wastewater at that site prior to Cambrex's acquisition in 1986. The PRPs implemented soil remediation which was completed in 2012 pending approval by the USEPA. The PRPs will continue implementing the ground water remediation at the site. USEPA completed its 5-year review report in August 2018, and USEPA's review of the site remedy is on-going. It is unclear if such review, together with an agreed proposed modification to the USEPA Consent Decree, will result in any additional site work. In November 2018, under a statewide initiative, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("NYSDEC") requested that the PRPs perform additional sampling for certain "emerging contaminants." NYSDEC approved the PRPs work plan in December 2018, and the sampling is anticipated to be performed during the second quarter of 2019. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's reserve was \$365, to cover long-term ground water monitoring and related costs.

Harriman Site

Subsidiaries of Cambrex and Pfizer are named as responsible parties for the Company's former Harriman, New York production facility by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("NYSDEC"). A final Record of Decision ("ROD") describing the Harriman site remediation responsibilities for Pfizer and the Company was issued in 1997 (the "1997 ROD") and incorporated into a federal court Consent Decree in 1998 (the "Consent Decree"). In December 2013, the Company, Pfizer and the NYSDEC entered into a federal court stipulation, which the court subsequently endorsed as a court order, resolving certain disputes with the NYSDEC about the scope of the obligations under the Consent Decree and the 1997 ROD, and requiring the Company and Pfizer to carry out an environmental investigation and study of certain areas of the Harriman Site.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

Site clean-up work under the 1997 ROD, the Consent Decree and the 2013 stipulation is ongoing and is being jointly performed by Pfizer and the Company, with NYSDEC oversight. Since 2014, Pfizer and the Company have performed supplemental remedial investigation measures requested by the NYSDEC, and the findings have been submitted to NYSDEC in various reports, including a study evaluating the feasibility of certain remedial alternatives in August 2016. By letter dated January 5, 2017, NYSDEC disapproved such feasibility study report and requested certain revisions to the report. The Company and Pfizer engaged in further discussions with NYSDEC and have agreed to submit a revised version of the August 2016 feasibility study to address certain of NYSDEC's requests. In September 2017, the NYSDEC requested that Pfizer, the Company and the current owner of the Harriman Site, ELT Harriman LLC ("ELT"), conduct an investigation of additional constituents not addressed under the 1997 ROD based on the detection of those constituents at the Harriman Site and other properties in the area. The parties have requested more information from the State of New York to evaluate the request, while also responding to NYSDEC that no further investigation was warranted. In April 2019, NYSDEC asked the parties to collect additional groundwater samples for such constituents, and discussions with the State related thereto are ongoing.

As it is too soon to determine whether the NYSDEC's requests or the reports and remedial plans, when finalized, will result in any significant changes to the Company's responsibilities, no change to the reserve has been made. ELT is conducting other investigation and remediation activities under a separate NYSDEC directive.

No final remedy for the site has been determined, which will follow further discussions with the NYSDEC. The Company estimates the range for its share of the liability at the site to be between \$2,000 and \$7,000. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's reserve was \$3,365. At this time, the Company is unable to provide an estimate of the ultimate investigative and remedial costs to the Company for any final remedy selected by the NYSDEC.

The Company intends to enforce all of its contractual rights to recover costs and for indemnification under a 2007 settlement agreement, and has filed such claims in an arbitration proceeding against ELT and the immediately preceding owner, Vertellus Specialties Holdings ("Vertellus"). ELT has filed counterclaims, and has threatened to file additional counterclaims, for contractual indemnification and for breach of the settlement agreement against the Company. Currently, the arbitration proceeding is stayed indefinitely. In May 2016, some but not all of the Vertellus entities who are parties to the Company's 2007 settlement agreement filed for restructuring under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. The Company has filed several claims as creditors in the bankruptcy proceeding and will continue to monitor the bankruptcy proceeding.

Scientific Chemical Processing ("SCP") Superfund Site

A subsidiary of Cambrex was named a PRP of the SCP Superfund site, located in Carlstadt, New Jersey, along with approximately 130 other PRPs. The site is a former waste processing facility that accepted various waste for recovery and disposal including processing wastewater from this subsidiary. The PRPs are in the process of implementing a final remedy at the site. The SCP Superfund site has also been identified as a PRP in the Berry's Creek Superfund site (see previous discussion). While the Company continues to dispute the methodology used by the PRP group to arrive at its interim allocation for cash contributions, the Company has paid the funding requests. A final allocation of SCP Site costs (excluding Berry's Creek costs) is expected to be finalized in 2019. As of March 31, 2019, the Company's

reserve was \$732, of which approximately \$468 is expected to be covered by insurance.

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CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

Newark Bay Complex

The USEPA and a private party group are evaluating remediation plans for the Passaic River, Newark Bay, Hackensack River, Arthur Kill, Kill Van Kull and adjacent waters (the “Newark Bay Complex”). Although the Company is not involved in the USEPA action, it continues to monitor developments related to the site due to its past involvement in a previously settled state action relating to the Newark Bay Complex. The USEPA has finalized its decision on a cleanup plan for 8.3 miles of the lower Passaic River, and has estimated the cost of this plan at \$1.38 billion. Due to the uncertainty of the future scope and timing of any possible claims against the Company, no liability has been recorded.

The Company is involved in other related and unrelated environmental matters where the range of liability is not reasonably estimable at this time and it is not foreseeable when information will become available to provide a basis for adjusting or recording a reserve, should a reserve ultimately be required.

(17) Discontinued Operations

For all periods presented, financial results for discontinued operations relate to environmental investigation and remediation expenses for divested sites. The following table is a reconciliation of the pre-tax loss on discontinued operations to the net loss on discontinued operations, as presented on the income statement:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, pre-tax | \$(152) | \$(237) |
| Income tax benefit | 34 | 46 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(118) | \$(191) |

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, liabilities recorded on the Company’s balance sheet related to discontinued operations were \$17,292 and \$17,411, respectively. At this time, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the period of time during which the involvement is expected to continue. Net cash used in discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$217 and \$292, respectively. Refer to Note 16 to the Company’s consolidated financial statements for further disclosures on the Company’s environmental contingencies.

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(in thousands, except share data)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of OperationsExecutive Overview

In January 2019, the Company purchased Avista Pharma Solutions (“Avista”), an early clinical phase contract development, manufacturing and testing organization. In September 2018, the Company completed the acquisition of Halo Pharma (“Halo”) for approximately \$425,000. As a result, and consistent with how the business is managed, the Company has three reportable segments, Drug Substance (“DS”), Drug Product (“DP”) and Early Stage Development & Testing (“ESDT”).

The following summarizes the Company’s performance for the first quarter of 2019:

• The Company acquired Avista on January 2, 2019 for approximately \$252,000.

• Net revenue increased 13.0% on a reported basis compared to the first quarter of 2018. Net revenue, excluding currency impact, increased 16.5%.

• Gross margins decreased to 34.4% from 36.0% in the first quarter of 2018.

• Net debt was \$429,961 compared to \$204,148 at December 31, 2018. The change is primarily the result of acquiring Avista, partially offset by positive cash flows from operations.

Results of Operations

Comparison of First Quarter 2019 versus First Quarter 2018

Net revenue in the first quarter of 2019 of \$159,456 was \$18,359 or 13.0% higher than the first quarter of 2018. Excluding a 3.5% unfavorable impact of foreign exchange compared to the first quarter of 2018, net revenue increased 16.5% primarily due to the acquisitions of Halo and Avista, partially offset by lower volumes within the DS segment.

The following table reflects net revenue by geographic area for the first quarters of 2019 and 2018:

| | First quarter | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Europe | \$61,335 | \$86,739 |
| North America | 86,693 | 47,673 |
| Asia | 6,057 | 4,670 |
| Other | 5,371 | 2,015 |
| Total net revenue | \$159,456 | \$141,097 |

Gross margins in the first quarter of 2019 decreased to 34.4% from 36.0% in the first quarter of 2018. Gross profit in the first quarter of 2019 was \$54,883 compared to \$50,855 in the same period last year. Margins increased in the DS segment as discussed below.

Drug Substance

Net revenue in the first quarter of 2019 of \$112,060 was \$24,547 or 18.0% lower than the first quarter of 2018. Excluding a 3.7% unfavorable impact of foreign exchange compared to the first quarter of 2018, net revenue decreased 14.3% primarily due to lower volumes of certain branded APIs, primarily our largest product, partially offset by higher sales of clinical phase products and generic APIs. Controlled substances were flat compared to the first quarter of 2018.

Gross margins in the first quarter of 2019 increased to 38.7% from 36.6% in the first quarter of 2018. Gross profit in the first quarter of 2019 was \$43,364 compared to \$49,959 in the same period last year. The increase in margins was primarily driven by a favorable impact from foreign currency, favorable product mix related to generic APIs and lower inventory charges due to batch failures in 2018 partially offset by lower production volumes.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses of \$9,415 in the first quarter of 2019 decreased compared to \$11,534 in the first quarter of 2018. The decrease was mainly due to lower consulting costs associated with a 2018 operational excellence initiative (approximately \$1,100) and the impact of foreign currency (approximately \$600). SG&A, as a percentage of DS net revenue, was 8.4% in the first quarters of 2019 and 2018.

Research and development (“R&D”) expenses of \$2,768 were 2.5% of DS net revenue in the first quarter of 2019, compared to \$3,060 or 2.2% in the first quarter of 2018. The decrease was primarily driven by the impact of foreign currency.

Operating profit in the first quarter of 2019 was \$31,181 compared to \$35,365 in the first quarter of 2018. The decrease in operating profit was due to lower gross profit partially offset by lower operating expenses as described above.

Drug Product

Halo was purchased in September 2018 and comprises all of the DP segment.

Net revenue in the first quarter of 2019 was \$24,484.

Gross margins in the first quarter of 2019 were 24.5%. Gross profit in the first quarter of 2019 was \$5,997.

SG&A expenses were \$6,168 in the first quarter of 2019 which includes amortization of purchased intangibles of \$2,996. SG&A, as a percentage of DP net revenue, was 25.2%. R&D expenses were negligible.

DP had an operating loss in the first quarter of 2019 of \$250.

Early Stage Development & Testing

The ESDT segment consists of Avista, which was purchased on January 2, 2019 and Cambrex’s High Point facility.

Net revenue in the first quarter of 2019 was \$22,912 compared to \$4,490 in the first quarter of 2018. The increase is primarily attributable to the acquisition of Avista.

Gross margins in the first quarter of 2019 were 24.1% compared to 20.0% in the first quarter of 2018. Gross profit in the first quarter of 2019 was \$5,522 compared to \$896 in the same period last year.

SG&A expenses were \$6,517 in the first quarter of 2019 which includes amortization of purchased intangibles of \$1,390. SG&A, as a percentage of ESDT net revenue, was 28.4%. R&D expenses were \$316 in the first quarter of 2019.

ESDT had an operating loss in the first quarter of 2019 of \$2,517 which includes integration expenses of \$1,206. Operating loss for the first quarter of 2018 was \$399.

SG&A expenses of \$2,941 in the first quarter of 2019 decreased compared to \$4,026 in the first quarter of 2018. The decrease was primarily due to lower due diligence costs and personnel related expenses. R&D expenses of \$312 in the first quarter of 2019 decreased compared to \$559 in the same quarter last year. The decrease is due to the timing of spending on the development of generic drug products.

All acquisition and integration costs related to the Halo and Avista acquisitions have been expensed and totaled \$6,056 for the three months ended March 31, 2019, of which \$1,206 is reflected in the ESDT segment. These costs have been recorded to "Acquisition and integration expenses" on the Company's income statement.

The Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$569 related to its investment in a European company. The loss was recorded as "Unrealized loss on investment in equity securities" on the Company's income statement. Since the shares owned by the Company are substantially in excess of the daily trade volumes of the stock, it could be difficult to sell the shares in a timely manner when the restrictions lapse in the second quarter of 2019 and it is possible the ultimate value to be realized by the Company could be significantly less upon a sale of the securities. The fair value of the Company's share of the company was \$12,055 at March 31, 2019. The Company has owned 16.3% of the European company since the second quarter of 2018.

Net interest expense was \$5,624 in the first quarter of 2019 compared to \$82 in the first quarter of 2018. The increase is due to interest expense on borrowings to fund the Halo and Avista acquisitions. There was \$497,500 outstanding on the Credit Facility at March 31, 2019. The average interest rate on debt was 4.3% in the first quarter of 2019. The Company did not have any debt outstanding as of March 31, 2018.

Income tax expense from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$3,532 and \$5,786, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 25.1% and 19.3%, respectively. Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018 would have been 19.8% excluding the impact of immediate recognition of certain effects of share-based compensation. The increase in the tax rate for 2019 as compared to 2018 is primarily due to state tax reform and the Company's expanded state presence due to the Halo and Avista acquisitions, and the geographic mix of income.

Income from continuing operations in the first quarter of 2019 was \$10,527, or \$0.31 per diluted share, versus \$24,249, or \$0.72 per diluted share, in the same period a year ago.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the first three months of 2019, cash provided by operations was \$45,558 versus \$24,451 in the same period a year ago. This increase was primarily due to the timing of accounts receivable collections partially offset by increased inventory production. Contract assets represent unbilled revenue recognized.

Cash flows used in investing activities in the first three months of 2019 were \$267,704 versus \$23,791 in the same period a year ago. The 2019 cash flows include the acquisition of Avista for \$248,145, a residual payment for the Halo acquisition for \$322 and capital expenditures of \$19,237. The 2018 cash flows represent capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in the first three months of 2019 and 2018 primarily expanded the Company's manufacturing capacity to support expected growth.

Cash flows provided by financing activities in the first three months of 2019 were \$194,453 compared to \$2,722 in the same period a year ago. The 2019 cash flows include borrowings of \$220,000 to fund the Avista acquisition partially offset by the pay down of debt of \$22,500. The 2018 cash flows represent proceeds from stock options exercised.

The Company expects to spend approximately \$60,000 to \$70,000 on capital expenditures during 2019, excluding acquisitions.

On January 2, 2019, the Company amended and restated its Credit Facility by entering into an \$800,000 five-year Syndicated Senior Credit Facility ("Credit Facility"), comprising of a \$600,000 Revolving Credit Facility and \$200,000 Term Loan A. The Company is required to make minimum quarterly principal payments on the Term Loan A of \$2,500 through December 2020, \$3,750 through December 2022 and \$5,000 through December 2023. The remainder of the principal is due on January 2, 2024. The Company pays interest on this Credit Facility at LIBOR plus 1.25% - 2.00% based upon certain financial measurements. The Credit Facility also includes financial covenants regarding interest coverage and leverage ratios. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

The Company believes that cash flows from operations, along with funds available from the revolving line of credit, will be adequate to meet the operational and debt servicing needs of the Company for the foreseeable future.

The Company's forecasted cash flow from future operations may be adversely affected by various factors including, but not limited to, declines in customer demand, increased competition, the deterioration in general economic and business conditions, increased environmental remediation, interest rates, returns on assets within the Company's domestic pension plans, tax payments, as well as other factors. Our largest product (23.5%, or \$120,989 of 2018 sales) is used by our customer to produce an anti-viral drug. Our sales of this product declined significantly in 2018 and we expect sales of approximately \$50,000 - \$55,000 in 2019, and approximately \$15,000 - \$20,000 in 2020, the final year of the 5-year supply agreement.

As discussed more fully in Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company continually receives additional information to develop estimates to record reserves for remediation activities at Berry's Creek and other environmental sites. These matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could result in actual costs that are significantly higher than the Company's current assessment and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's cash flows in future reporting periods. Based upon past experience, the Company believes that payments significantly in excess of current reserves, if required, would be made over an extended number of years.

See the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2018 for further explanation of factors that may negatively impact the Company's cash flows.

Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following accounting pronouncements became effective for the Company January 1, 2019:

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 which requires lessees to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms greater than twelve months. Several

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updates were issued in 2018 and 2019 that provide clarification on a number of specific issues and reporting requirements. This standard became effective for the Company on January 1, 2019. As a result of adopting this update, right of use assets of \$37,984 and operating lease liabilities of a similar amount were recorded on the balance sheet for identified operating leases. See Note 11.

Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07 which aligns the accounting for share-based payment awards issued to nonemployees with those issued to employees. Under the new guidance, the nonemployee awards will be measured on the grant date and compensation costs will be recognized when achievement of the performance condition is probable. The update became effective on January 1, 2019 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12 which improves the financial reporting of hedging relationships to better portray the economic results of an entity's risk management activities in its financial statements. The standard also makes certain targeted improvements to simplify the application of the hedge accounting guidance. The update became effective on January 1, 2019 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The following recently issued accounting pronouncements will become effective for the Company in future periods:

Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13 which modifies the disclosure requirements for recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements, primarily those surrounding Level 3 fair value measurements and transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14 which adds, modifies and removes certain disclosure requirements to improve the effectiveness of disclosures for defined benefit plans. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement that is a Service Contract

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15 which states entities should apply the guidance in ASC 350-40 when capitalizing implementation costs related to a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The capitalized implementation costs should be classified as prepaid expenses and then expensed over the hosting arrangement's term, with the expense recorded on the same line of the income statement as the service contract. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04 which simplifies the goodwill impairment test by eliminating Step 2 in the determination on whether goodwill should be considered impaired. Instead, an impairment charge should equal the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and does not expect it to have an impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There has been no significant change in the Company's exposure to market risk during the first three months of 2019. For a discussion of the Company's exposure to market risk, refer to Part II, Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2018.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 that occurred during the quarter covered by this report that has materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

CAMBREX CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See the discussion under Part I, Item 1, Note 16 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors and uncertainties during the first three months of 2019. For a discussion of the Risk Factors, refer to Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2018.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 10.1 Credit Agreement, dated January 2, 2019, by and among the Company, the Subsidiary Borrowers party thereto, the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto from time to time (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed January 8, 2019)

Exhibit 31.1* Section 302 Certification Statement of the Chief Executive Officer.

Exhibit 31.2* Section 302 Certification Statement of the Chief Financial Officer.

Exhibit 32.1** Section 906 Certification Statements of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

Exhibit 101.INS* XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.

Exhibit 101.SCH* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.CAL*

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.DEF*

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.LAB*

Exhibit XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

101.PRE*

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

Filed herewith as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, (ii) Consolidated Income Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CAMBREX CORPORATION

By/s/Gregory P. Sargen
Gregory P. Sargen
Chief Financial Officer,

Executive Vice President Corporate Development & Strategy

(On behalf of the Registrant and as the
Registrant's Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: May 2, 2019