BRIGGS & STRATTON CORP Form 10-Q February 03, 2015 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 28, 2014

OR

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____ Commission file number 1-1370

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 12301 West Wirth Street, Wauwatosa, Wisconsin 53222 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code) (414) 259-5333 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

39-0182330 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No⁻⁻

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	X	Accelerated filer	•
Non-accelerated filer	" (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	•

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Class Outstanding at January 30, 2015

COMMON STOCK, par value \$0.01 per share

Outstanding at January 30, 2015 45,001,563 Shares

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX

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BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	December 28, 2014	June 29, 2014
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$51,690	\$194,668
Accounts Receivable, Net	207,883	220,590
Inventories -		
Finished Products and Parts	401,354	268,116
Work in Process	126,934	102,431
Raw Materials	11,829	5,556
Total Inventories	540,117	376,103
Deferred Income Tax Asset	49,263	48,958
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	46,022	30,016
Total Current Assets	894,975	870,335
OTHER ASSETS:		
Goodwill	159,680	144,522
Investments	27,967	27,137
Debt Issuance Costs	4,188	4,671
Other Intangible Assets, Net	98,762	80,317
Long-Term Deferred Income Tax Asset	382	15,178
Other Long-Term Assets, Net	11,358	10,539
Total Other Assets	302,337	282,364
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		
Cost	1,040,489	1,035,848
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	744,711	738,841
Total Plant and Equipment, Net	295,778	297,007
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,493,090	\$1,449,706

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued) (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT

	December 28, 2014	June 29, 2014	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	.		
Accounts Payable	\$181,909	\$169,271	
Short-Term Debt	87,000		
Accrued Liabilities	143,365	133,916	
Total Current Liabilities	412,274	303,187	
OTHER LIABILITIES:			
Accrued Pension Cost	114,406	126,529	
Accrued Employee Benefits	24,575	24,491	
Accrued Postretirement Health Care Obligation	53,626	59,290	
Deferred Income Tax Liability	10,179	_	
Other Long-Term Liabilities	36,247	38,775	
Long-Term Debt	225,000	225,000	
Total Other Liabilities	464,033	474,085	
SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT:			
Common Stock - Authorized 120,000 shares, \$.01 par value, issued 57,854 shares	579	579	
Additional Paid-In Capital	74,775	78,466	
Retained Earnings	1,028,722	1,048,466	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(195,257)
Treasury Stock at cost, 12,605 and 11,536 shares, respectively	(279,174	(259,820	Ś
Total Shareholders' Investment	616,783	672,434	,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT	\$1,493,090	\$1,449,706	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements. 4

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended December 28, December 29, December 28, December 29, 2014 2013 2014 2013 NET SALES \$444,287 \$416,592 \$736,916 \$733,896 COST OF GOODS SOLD 349,573 337,333 588,035 607,221 **RESTRUCTURING CHARGES** 1,893 13.692 5.478 6.846 77,366 135,189 121,197 **Gross Profit** 87,868 ENGINEERING, SELLING, GENERAL AND 73,970 71,777 144,053 140,539 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES **RESTRUCTURING CHARGES** 583 425 425 1.538 Income (Loss) from Operations 13,315 5,164 (10, 402)) (19,767) **INTEREST EXPENSE** (4,890) (4,594) (9,103) (9,408) OTHER INCOME, Net 1.751 4,425 3,843 2,052 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes 2,321 10,477 (15, 385)) (25,027) PROVISION (CREDIT) FOR INCOME TAXES 3,534 1.619) (6.380 (7.049)) NET INCOME (LOSS) \$6,943 \$702 \$(8,336) \$(18,647) EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE \$0.15 \$0.01 Basic \$(0.19) \$(0.41) Diluted 0.15 0.01 (0.19)) (0.41) WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING Basic 44,579 46,760 46,825 44,827 Diluted 44,629 47,987 44,827 46,760 DIVIDENDS PER SHARE \$0.125 \$0.12 \$0.25 \$0.24

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (In thousands) (Unendited)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months	Ended	Six Months End	ded
	December 28,	December 29,	December 28,	December 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net Income (Loss)	\$6,943	\$702	\$(8,336)	\$(18,647)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):				
Cumulative Translation Adjustments	(11,213)	(3,625)	(21,120)	(3,372)
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments, Net of Tax	(161)	1,468	3,506	1,187
Unrecognized Pension & Postretirement Obligation, Net of Tax	2,397	4,437	4,752	8,787
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(8,977) \$(2,034)	2,280 \$2,982	(12,862) \$(21,198)	6,602 \$(12,045)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended December 28, December 29, 2014 2013 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net Loss \$(8,336) \$(18,647) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization 27,757 26,026 Stock Compensation Expense 3,382 4,537 Loss on Disposition of Plant and Equipment 132 92 Provision (Credit) for Deferred Income Taxes 8,420 (5.200)) Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates (3, 341)) (2,551) Dividends Received from Unconsolidated Affiliates 4,381 4,069 Non-Cash Restructuring Charges 9,190 2,208 Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable 24,305 (1.839)) Inventories (151, 170)) (68,101) 7,659 (3,031 Other Current Assets) Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Income Taxes (26,912) 21,194 Other, Net (7,768) (5,736) Net Cash Used in Operating Activities (114,032) (45,248) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Additions to Plant and Equipment (23,289) (18,063) Proceeds Received on Disposition of Plant and Equipment 289 61 Cash Paid for Acquisition, Net of Cash Acquired (62,056) — Net Cash Used in Investing Activities (85,056) (18,002) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Repayments on Short-Term Debt (300)) Net Borrowings on Revolver 87,000 ____ Debt Issuance Costs (942)**Treasury Stock Purchases** (27,598) (21,086) 994 Stock Option Exercise Proceeds and Tax Benefits 3.652 Cash Dividends Paid (5,718)) (5,730 Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities 57.336 (27,064)) EFFECT OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH (1,226)) 31 AND CASH EQUIVALENTS NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS) (90,283 (142,978) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning 194,668 188,445 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending \$51,690 \$98,162

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) 1. General Information

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and therefore do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but also does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. However, in the opinion of Briggs & Stratton Corporation (the Company), adequate disclosures have been presented to prevent the information from being misleading, and all adjustments necessary to fairly present the results of operations and financial position have been included. All of these adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, except as otherwise noted.

Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The information included in these condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto that were included in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K. 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period, under either full or modified retrospective adoption. Early application is not permitted. Management is currently assessing the potential impact of this new accounting pronouncement on the Company's results of operations, financial position, and cash flow.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

3. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following tables set forth the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

		Three Months En	nde	ed December 28, 2	201	4				
		Cumulative		Derivative		Pension and				
		Translation		Financial		Postretirement		Total		
		Adjustments		Instruments		Benefit Plans				
Begir	nning Balance	\$3,146		\$2,583		\$(204,871)	\$(199,142)	
Other	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(11,213)	987				(10,226)	
Befor	e Reclassification	(11,213)	907				(10,220)	
Incon	ne Tax Benefit (Expense)			(375)	_		(375)	
	Other Comprehensive Income	(11,213)	612				(10,601)	
-) Before Reclassifications	(11,215)	012				(10,001)	
	ssifications:									
	zed (Gains) Losses - Foreign			(1,904)			(1,904)	
	ency Contracts (1)			(1,501)			(1,501)	
	zed (Gains) Losses -			343				343		
	modity Contracts (1)			515				515		
	zed (Gains) Losses - Interest			314				314		
	Swaps (1)									
	rtization of Prior Service Costs					(644)	(644)	
	lits) (2))	•	,	
	rtization of Actuarial Losses (2)					4,510		4,510		
	Reclassifications Before Tax			(1,247)	3,866		2,619		
	ne Tax Expense (Benefit)			474		(1,469)	(995)	
	Reclassifications			(773)	2,397		1,624		
	Comprehensive Income (Loss))	(161)	2,397		(8,977)	
	ng Balance	\$(8,067)	\$2,422		\$(202,474		\$(208,119)	
$(1) A^{\dagger}$	mounts reclassified to net incom	e (loss) are includ	led	in net sales or co	st c	of goods sold. See	e No	ote 10 for		

(1) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in net sales or cost of goods sold. See Note 10 for information related to derivative financial instruments.

(2) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in the computation of net periodic expense, which is presented in cost of goods sold or engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 8 for information related to pension and postretirement benefit plans.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

	Cumulative Translation Adjustments	Enc	ded December 29, Derivative Financial Instruments	20	Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans		Total	
Beginning Balance	\$12,139		\$(3,954)	\$(228,791)	\$(220,606)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassification	(3,625)	(369)			(3,994)
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)	_		141				141	
Net Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassifications Reclassifications:	(3,625)	(228)	_		(3,853)
Realized (Gains) Losses - Foreign Currency Contracts (1)	_		287		_		287	
Realized (Gains) Losses - Commodity Contracts (1)			2,160		_		2,160	
Realized (Gains) Losses - Interest Rate Swaps (1)	_		301		_		301	
Amortization of Prior Service Costs (Credits) (2)	_		_		(679)	(679)
Amortization of Actuarial Losses (2)	—				7,824		7,824	
Total Reclassifications Before Tax	—		2,748		7,145		9,893	
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)			(1,052)	(2,708)	(3,760)
Net Reclassifications	—		1,696		4,437		6,133	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(3,625)	1,468		4,437		2,280	
Ending Balance	\$8,514		\$(2,486)	\$(224,354		\$(218,326)

(1) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in net sales or cost of goods sold. See Note 10 for information related to derivative financial instruments.

(2) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in the computation of net periodic expense, which is presented in cost of goods sold or engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 8 for information related to pension and postretirement benefit plans.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Paginning Palanca	Cumulative Translation Adjustments	ed	December 28, 201 Derivative Financial Instruments \$(1,084		Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans \$(207,226)	Total)	
Beginning Balance Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$13,053		\$(1,064)	\$(207,220)	\$(195,257)	
Before Reclassification	(21,120)	6,805				(14,315)	
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)			(2,586)			(2,586)	
Net Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassifications	(21,120)	4,219	,	_		(16,901)	
Reclassifications:									
Realized (Gains) Losses - Foreign Currency Contracts (1)	_		(2,297)	_		(2,297)	
Realized (Gains) Losses - Commodity Contracts (1)	_		522		_		522		
Realized (Gains) Losses - Interest Rate Swaps (1)	_		625		_		625		
Amortization of Prior Service Costs (Credits) (2)	_		_		(1,289)	(1,289)	
Amortization of Actuarial Losses (2)			_		8,955		8,955		
Total Reclassifications Before Tax			(1,150)	7,666		6,516		
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)			437		(2,914)	(2,477)	
Net Reclassifications	—		(713)	4,752		4,039		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(21,120)	3,506		4,752		(12,862)	
Ending Balance	\$(8,067)	\$2,422		\$(202,474		\$(208,119)	

(1) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in net sales or cost of goods sold. See Note 10 for information related to derivative financial instruments.

(2) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in the computation of net periodic expense, which is presented in cost of goods sold or engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 8 for information related to pension and postretirement benefit plans.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Beginning Balance	Six Months End Cumulative Translation Adjustments \$11,886	dec	d December 29, 20 Derivative Financial Instruments \$(3,673		Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans \$(233,141)	Total \$(224,928)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)			-)	\$(255,141)	-)
Before Reclassification	(3,372)	(3,080)	—		(6,452)
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)			1,180		_		1,180	
Net Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Reclassifications	(3,372)	(1,900)	_		(5,272)
Reclassifications:								
Realized (Gains) Losses - Foreign Currency Contracts (1)	_		749		_		749	
Realized (Gains) Losses - Commodity Contracts (1)	_		3,658		_		3,658	
Realized (Gains) Losses - Interest Rate Swaps (1)			597		_		597	
Amortization of Prior Service Costs (Credits) (2)	_		_		(1,358)	(1,358)
Amortization of Actuarial Losses (2)			_		15,553		15,553	
Total Reclassifications Before Tax	—		5,004		14,195		19,199	
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)			(1,917)	(5,408)	(7,325)
Net Reclassifications	—		3,087		8,787		11,874	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(3,372)	1,187		8,787		6,602	
Ending Balance	\$8,514	_	\$(2,486)	\$(224,354		\$(218,326)

(1) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in net sales or cost of goods sold. See Note 10 for information related to derivative financial instruments.

(2) Amounts reclassified to net income (loss) are included in the computation of net periodic expense, which is presented in cost of goods sold or engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 8 for information related to pension and postretirement benefit plans.

4. Acquisitions

On August 29, 2014, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Allmand Bros., Inc. ("Allmand") of Holdrege, Nebraska for total cash consideration of \$62.1 million, net of cash acquired. Allmand is a leading designer and manufacturer of high quality towable light towers, industrial heaters, and solar LED arrow boards. Its products are used in a variety of industries, including construction, roadway, oil and gas, mining, and sporting and special events. Allmand's products are generally powered by diesel engines, and distributed through national and regional equipment rental companies, equipment dealers and distributors. Allmand sells its products and service parts in approximately 40 countries. During the first quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company recorded a preliminary purchase price allocation based on its initial estimates of fair value. The preliminary purchase price allocation resulted in the recognition of \$17.7 million of goodwill, which was allocated to the Products Segment, and \$24.1 million of intangible assets, including \$15.7 million of customer relationships, \$8.1 million of tradenames, and \$0.3 million of other intangible assets.

The results of operations of Allmand have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations since the date of acquisition. Pro forma financial information and allocation of the preliminary purchase price are not

presented as the effects of the acquisition are not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

5. Restructuring Actions

The restructuring actions announced in 2012 were concluded as planned during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. During the first quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company announced and began implementing restructuring actions to narrow its assortment of lower-priced Snapper consumer lawn and garden equipment and consolidate its Products Segment manufacturing facilities in order to reduce costs. The Company expects to close its McDonough, Georgia plant in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015 and consolidate production into existing facilities in Wisconsin and New York.

The Company reports restructuring charges associated with manufacturing and related initiatives as costs of goods sold within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Restructuring charges reflected as costs of goods sold include, but are not limited to, termination and related costs associated with manufacturing employees, asset impairments and accelerated depreciation relating to manufacturing initiatives, and other costs directly related to the restructuring initiatives implemented. The Company reports all other non-manufacturing related restructuring charges as engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The restructuring actions discussed above resulted in pre-tax charges of \$7.4 million (\$4.8 million after tax or \$0.11 per diluted share) and \$15.2 million (\$9.9 million after tax or \$0.22 per diluted share) recorded within the Products Segment for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015, respectively.

The following is a rollforward of the restructuring reserve (included in Accrued Liabilities within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets) attributable to Products Segment restructuring activities for the six month period ended December 28, 2014 (in thousands):

	Termination Benefits	Other Costs	Total	
Reserve Balance at June 29, 2014	\$—	\$105	\$105	
Provisions	3,999	11,231	15,230	
Cash Expenditures	(332	(2,146) (2,478)
Other Adjustments ⁽¹⁾		(9,190) (9,190)
Reserve Balance at December 28, 2014	\$3,667	\$—	\$3,667	
	1		• .•	

Other adjustments includes \$1.2 million of asset impairments and \$7.9 million of accelerated depreciation.
 Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share using the two-class method, an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings (loss) per share for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. The Company's unvested grants of restricted stock and deferred stock awards contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends (whether paid or unpaid), which are required to be treated as participating securities and included in the computation of basic earnings (loss) per share.

Information on earnings (loss) per share is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months I	Ended	Six Months En	ded
	December 28,	December 29,	December 28,	December 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net Income (Loss)	\$6,943	\$702	\$(8,336)	\$(18,647)
Less: Allocation to Participating Securities	(168)	(151)	(266)	(302)
Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders	\$6,775	\$551	\$(8,602)	\$(18,949)
Average Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	44,579	46,825	44,827	46,760

Diluted Average Shares Outstanding Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share	44,629 \$0.15 \$0.15	47,987 \$0.01 \$0.01	44,827 \$(0.19 \$(0.19	46,760) \$(0.41) \$(0.41))

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

The dilutive effect of the potential exercise of outstanding stock-based awards to acquire common shares is calculated using the treasury stock method. The following options to purchase shares of common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share as the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months I	Ended	
	December 28	8, December 29,	December 28, December 2		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Options to Purchase Shares of Common Stock (in thousands)	858	1,845	858	1,348	
Weighted Average Exercise Price of Options Excluded	\$20.32	\$ 28.64	\$20.32	\$ 31.88	

As a result of the Company incurring a net loss for the six months ended December 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, potential incremental common shares of 1,002,000 and 1,142,000, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

On January 22, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized up to \$50 million in funds for use in the Company's common share repurchase program. On August 13, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized up to an additional \$50 million in funds associated with the common share repurchase program. As of December 28, 2014, the total remaining authorization was approximately \$59.7 million with an expiration date of June 30, 2016. The common share repurchase program authorizes the purchase of shares of the Company's common stock on the open market or in private transactions from time to time, depending on market conditions and certain governing loan covenants. During the six months ended December 28, 2014, the Company repurchased 1,428,588 shares on the open market at an average price of \$19.33 per share, as compared to 1,066,447 shares purchased on the open market at an average price of \$19.77 per share during the six months ended December 29, 2013.

7. Investments

This caption represents the Company's investments in unconsolidated affiliated companies.

During the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company joined with one of its independent distributors to form a venture to distribute service parts. The Company contributed non-cash assets in exchange for receiving an ownership interest in the venture. As a result of the transaction, the Company recorded an investment of \$6.5 million. In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, a second independent distributor joined the venture and, as a result, the Company recorded an additional investment of \$2.8 million. During the second quarter of fiscal 2015, the venture acquired a third independent distributor. The Company uses the equity method to account for this investment, and the earnings of the unconsolidated affiliate are recorded within the Products Segment. As of December 28, 2014, the Company's total investment in the venture was \$10.2 million, and its ownership percentage was 11.9%.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

8. Pension and Postretirement Benefits

The Company has noncontributory defined benefit retirement plans and postretirement plans covering certain employees. The following tables summarize the plans' income and expense for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Pension Benefi	ts	Other Postretirement Benefits		
	Three Months I	Ended	Three Months Ended		
	December 28,	December 29,	December 28,	December 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Components of Net Periodic Expense (Income):					
Service Cost	\$886	\$1,885	\$63	\$78	
Interest Cost on Projected Benefit Obligation	12,430	13,419	907	1,151	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(18,631)	(18,510)	—	—	
Amortization of:					
Prior Service Cost (Credit)	45	45	(689)	(724)	
Actuarial Loss	3,333	6,275	1,177	1,549	
Net Periodic Expense (Income)	\$(1,937)	\$3,114	\$1,458	\$2,054	
	Pension Benefi	ts	Other Postretirement Benefits		
	Six Months En	ded	Six Months Ended		
	December 28,	December 29,	December 28,	December 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Components of Net Periodic Expense (Income):					
Service Cost	\$1,716	\$3,823	\$148	\$167	
Interest Cost on Projected Benefit Obligation	24,891	26,872	1,804	2,300	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(37,319)	(37,076)		—	
Amortization of:					
Prior Service Cost (Credit)	90	90	(1,379)	(1,448)	
Actuarial Loss	6,631	12,545	2,324	3,008	
Net Periodic Expense (Income)	\$(3,991)	\$6,254	\$2,897	\$4,027	

On January 1, 2014, an amendment to the Company's defined benefit retirement plans became effective that froze accruals for all U.S. non-bargaining employees. Also, on January 1, 2014, amendments became effective that increased benefits under the defined contribution plans.

The Company expects to make benefit payments of \$3.2 million attributable to its non-qualified pension plans during fiscal 2015. During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the Company made payments of approximately \$1.3 million for its non-qualified pension plans. The Company anticipates making benefit payments of approximately \$12.7 million for its other postretirement benefit plans during fiscal 2015. During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the Company made payments of s8.3 million for its other postretirement benefit plans during fiscal 2015. During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the Company made payments of \$8.3 million for its other postretirement benefit plans.

During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the Company made no cash contributions to the qualified pension plan. Based upon current regulations and actuarial studies, the Company is required to make no minimum contributions to the qualified pension plan during the remainder of fiscal 2015. The Company may be required to make further contributions in future years depending upon the actual return on plan assets and the funded status of the plan in future periods.

9. Stock Incentives

Stock based compensation expense is calculated by estimating the fair value of incentive stock awards granted and amortizing the estimated value over the awards' vesting period. Stock based compensation expense was \$1.8 million and \$3.4 million for the three and six months ended December 28, 2014, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 29, 2013, stock based compensation expense was \$1.5 million and \$4.5 million, respectively.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

10. Derivative Instruments & Hedging Activities

The Company enters into derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges to manage certain interest rate, foreign currency and commodity exposures. Company policy allows derivatives to be used only for identifiable exposures and, therefore, the Company does not enter into hedges for trading purposes where the sole objective is to generate profits.

The Company formally designates the financial instrument as a hedge of a specific underlying exposure and documents both the risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking the hedge. The Company formally assesses, both at the inception and at least quarterly thereafter, whether the financial instruments that are used in hedging transactions are effective at offsetting changes in the forecasted cash flows of the related underlying exposure being hedged, fluctuations in the value of the derivative instruments are generally offset by changes in the forecasted cash flows of the underlying exposure being hedged. Derivative financial instruments are recorded on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as assets or liabilities, measured at fair value. The effective portion of gains or losses on the derivative designated as cash flow hedges are reported as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (AOCI) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Any ineffective portion of a financial instrument's change in fair value is immediately recognized in earnings.

The Company discontinues hedge accounting prospectively when it determines that the derivative is no longer effective in offsetting cash flows attributable to the hedged risk, the derivative expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, the cash flow hedge is dedesignated because a forecasted transaction is not probable of occurring, or management determines to remove the designation of the cash flow hedge.

In all situations in which hedge accounting is discontinued and the derivative remains outstanding, the Company continues to carry the derivative at its fair value on the balance sheet and recognizes any subsequent changes in its fair value in earnings. When it is probable that a forecasted transaction will not occur, the Company discontinues hedge accounting and recognizes immediately in earnings gains and losses that were accumulated in other comprehensive income related to the hedging relationship.

The Company enters into interest rate swaps to manage a portion of its interest rate risk from financing certain dealer and distributor inventories through a third party financing source. The swaps are designated as cash flow hedges and are used to effectively fix the interest payments to a third party financing source, exclusive of lender spreads, ranging from 1.17% to 1.60% for a notional principal amount of \$95 million with expiration dates ranging from July 2017 through May 2019.

The Company enters into forward foreign currency contracts to hedge the risk from forecasted third party and intercompany sales or payments denominated in foreign currencies. These obligations generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. Dollars, Australian Dollars, Brazilian Real, Canadian Dollars, Chinese Renminbi, Euros, Japanese Yen or Mexican Pesos. These contracts generally do not have a maturity of more than twenty-four months.

The Company uses raw materials that are subject to price volatility. The Company hedges a portion of its exposure to the variability of cash flows associated with commodities used in the manufacturing process by entering into forward purchase contracts or commodity swaps. Derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges are used by the Company to reduce exposure to variability in cash flows associated with future purchases of natural gas. These

contracts generally do not have a maturity of more than twenty-four months.

The Company has considered the counterparty credit risk related to all of its interest rate, foreign currency and commodity derivative contracts and deems any risk of counterparty default to be minimal.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

As of December 28, 2014 and June 29, 2014, the Company had the following outstanding derivative contracts (in thousands):

Contract		Notional Amount			
		December 28,	June 29,		
		2014	2014		
Interest Rate:					
LIBOR Interest Rate (U.S. Dollars)	Fixed	95,000	95,000		
Foreign Currency:					
Australian Dollar	Sell	9,764	19,904		
Brazilian Real	Sell	18,452	_		
Canadian Dollar	Sell	6,450	3,100		
Chinese Renminbi	Buy	151,075	_		
Euro	Sell	45,200	49,300		
Euro	Buy	6,000	_		
Japanese Yen	Buy	1,030,000	530,000		
Mexican Peso	Sell		3,000		
Commodity:					
Natural Gas (Therms)	Buy	10,041	5,686		

The location and fair value of derivative instruments reported in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows (in thousands): Balance Sheet Location Asset (Liability) Fair Value

Balance Sheet Location Asset (Liability) Fair Value			;
	December 28,	June 29,	
	2014	2014	
Interest rate contracts			
Other Long-Term Assets	\$56	\$43	
Other Long-Term Liabilities	(795) (1,209)
Foreign currency contracts			
Other Current Assets	8,245	337	
Other Long-Term Assets	438	12	
Accrued Liabilities	(1,168) (665)
Other Long-Term Liabilities		(9)
Commodity contracts			
Other Current Assets		39	
Accrued Liabilities	(630) (35)
Other Long-Term Liabilities	(143) (14)
-	\$6,003	\$(1,501)
			-

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

The effect of derivative instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) is as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ende Amount of Gain (L					
	Recognized in Othe Comprehensive Inc (Loss) on Derivatives, Net of Taxes (Effective Portion)	er con		Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion	e	Recognized in Earnings (Ineffective Portion)
Interest rate contracts	\$(89)	Net Sales	\$(314)	\$—
Foreign currency contracts - sell	394		Net Sales	2,079		_
Foreign currency contracts - buy	(251)	Cost of Goods Sold	(175)	_
Commodity contracts	(215 \$(161))	Cost of Goods Sold	(343 \$1,247)	<u> </u> \$—
	Three months ende Amount of Gain (L Recognized in Othe Comprehensive Inc (Loss) on Derivatives, Net of Taxes (Effective Portion)	os er con	s)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion		Recognized in Earnings (Ineffective Portion)
Interest rate contracts	\$255		Net Sales	\$(301)	\$—
Foreign currency contracts - sell	(151)	Net Sales	(115)	_
Foreign currency contracts - buy	(67)	Cost of Goods Sold	(172)	—
Commodity contracts	1,431 \$1,468 Six months ended	D	Cost of Goods Sold ecember 28, 2014	(2,160 \$(2,748))	<u> </u>
	Amount of Gain (Recognized in Oth Comprehensive In (Loss) on Derivatives, Net o Taxes (Effective Portion)	ner nco		Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion		Recognized in Earnings (Ineffective Portion)
Interest rate contracts	\$261		Net Sales	\$(625)	\$—
Foreign currency contracts - sell	3,840		Net Sales	2,543		—
Foreign currency contracts - buy	(408) Cost of Goods Sold	(246)	—

Commodity contracts	(187 \$3,506)	Cost of Goods Sold	(522 \$1,150)	<u> </u>
	Six months ended I Amount of Gain (L Recognized in Othe Comprehensive Inc (Loss) on Derivatives, Net of Taxes (Effective Portion)	.os er cor	s)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion	e	Recognized in Earnings (Ineffective Portion)
Interest rate contracts	\$5		Net Sales	\$(597)	\$—
Foreign currency contracts - sell	(1,099)	Net Sales	(110)	_
Foreign currency contracts - buy	(28)	Cost of Goods Sold	(639)	—
Commodity contracts	2,309 \$1,187		Cost of Goods Sold	(3,658 \$(5,004))	

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BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

During the next twelve months, the estimated net amount of income on cash flow hedges as of December 28, 2014 expected to be reclassified out of AOCI into earnings is \$3.2 million. 11. Fair Value Measurements

The following guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-driven valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3: Significant inputs to the valuation model are unobservable.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 28, 2014 and June 29, 2014 (in thousands):

		Fair Value Measurements Using			
	December 28, 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Derivatives	\$8,739	\$—	\$8,739	\$—	
Liabilities:					
Derivatives	\$2,736	\$—	\$2,736	\$—	
	June 29, 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Derivatives	\$431	\$—	\$431	\$—	
Liabilities:					
Derivatives	\$1,932	\$—	\$1,932	\$—	

The fair value for Level 2 measurements are based upon the respective quoted market prices for comparable instruments in active markets, which include current market pricing for forward purchases of commodities, foreign currency forwards, and current interest rates.

The Company has currently chosen not to elect the fair value option for any items that are not already required to be measured at fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Senior Notes (as defined in Note 16) at December 28, 2014 and June 29, 2014 was \$247.9 million and \$251.4 million, respectively, compared to the carrying value of \$225.0 million on each date. The estimated fair value of the Senior Notes is based on quoted market prices for similar instruments and is, therefore, classified as Level 2 within the valuation hierarchy. The carrying value of the Revolver (as defined in Note 16) approximates fair value since the underlying rate of interest is variable based upon LIBOR rates.

The Company believes that the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, and accounts payable are reasonable estimates of their fair values at December 28, 2014 and June 29, 2014 due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

12. Warranty

The Company recognizes the cost associated with its standard warranty on Engines and Products at the time of sale. The general warranty period begins at the time of sale and typically covers two years, but may vary due to product type and geographic location. The amount recognized is based on historical failure rates and current claim cost experience. The following is a reconciliation of the changes in accrued warranty costs for the reporting period (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended		
	December 28,	December 29,	
	2014	2013	
Beginning Balance	\$44,744	\$45,037	
Payments	(15,201) (15,108)	
Provision for Current Year Warranties	13,235	12,083	
Changes in Estimates	(39) (438)	
Ending Balance	\$42,739	\$41,574	

13. Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 were 33.7% and 45.8%, compared to 69.8% and 25.5% for the respective periods last year. The tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 were primarily driven by losses incurred at certain foreign subsidiaries for which the Company does not receive tax benefits and the re-enactment of the U.S. research and development tax credit. In addition, the tax rate for the first six months of fiscal 2015 was impacted by the reversal of previously recorded reserves as a result of the effective settlement of the Company's IRS audit. The tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014 were primarily driven by losses incurred at certain foreign subsidiaries for which the Company did not receive tax benefits.

For the six months ended December 28, 2014, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits decreased by \$2.0 million, all of which impacted the current effective tax rate. This amount substantially consists of the aforementioned reversal of reserves.

Income tax returns are filed in the U.S., state, and foreign jurisdictions and related audits occur on a regular basis. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations before fiscal 2012 and is currently under audit by various jurisdictions. With respect to the Company's major foreign jurisdictions, they are no longer subject to tax examinations before fiscal 2004.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Briggs & Stratton is subject to various unresolved legal actions that arise in the normal course of its business. These actions typically relate to product liability (including asbestos-related liability), patent and trademark matters, and disputes with customers, suppliers, distributors and dealers, competitors and employees.

On May 14, 2010, the Company notified retirees and certain retirement eligible employees of various amendments to the Company-sponsored retiree medical plans intended to better align the plans offered to both hourly and salaried retirees. On August 16, 2010, a putative class of retirees who retired prior to August 1, 2006 and the United Steel Workers filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Merrill, Weber, Carpenter, et al.; United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union, AFL-CIO/CLC v. Briggs & Stratton Corporation; Group Insurance Plan of Briggs & Stratton Corporation; and Does 1 through 20, Docket No. 10-C-0700), contesting the Company's right to make these changes. The complaint seeks an injunction preventing the alleged unilateral termination or reduction in insurance coverage to the class of retirees, a permanent injunction preventing defendants from ever making changes to the retirees' insurance coverage, restitution with interest (if applicable) and attorneys' fees and costs. A class has been certified, and discovery has concluded. Both parties moved for summary judgment, which was fully briefed on December 23, 2014.

Summary judgment is currently pending before the court, and no hearing date has been set.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Although it is not possible to predict with certainty the outcome of these unresolved legal actions or the range of possible loss, the Company believes the unresolved legal actions will not have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

15. Segment Information

The Company maintains two reportable business segments that are managed separately based on fundamental differences in their operations. Beginning in fiscal 2015, the Company is using "segment income (loss)" as the primary measure to evaluate operating performance and allocate capital resources for the Engines and Products Segments. Previously, the Company used income (loss) from operations. Segment income (loss) is defined as income (loss) from operations plus equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates. The Company has recast prior year amounts for comparability. Summarized segment data is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
	December 28,	,	December 29),	December 28,	,	December 29	9,
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
NET SALES:								
Engines	\$271,704		\$265,712		\$424,820		\$449,499	
Products	199,050		171,528		365,178		324,564	
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(26,467)	(20,648)	(53,082)	(40,167)
Total	\$444,287		\$416,592		\$736,916		\$733,896	
GROSS PROFIT:								
Engines	\$62,896		\$54,257		\$90,696		\$79,493	
Products	25,213		21,959		44,597		39,784	
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(241)	1,150		(104)	1,920	
Total	\$87,868		\$77,366		\$135,189		\$121,197	
SEGMENT INCOME (LOSS):								
Engines	\$18,894		\$9,292		\$5,040		\$(7,266)
Products	(3,884)	(4,256)	(11,997)	(11,870)
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(241)	1,150		(104		1,920	
Total	\$14,769		\$6,186		\$(7,061)	\$(17,216)
Reconciliation from Segment Income (Loss) to								
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes:								
Equity in Earnings from Unconsolidated Affiliates	1,454		1,022		3,341		2,551	
Income (Loss) from Operations	\$13,315		\$5,164		\$(10,402)	\$(19,767)
INTEREST EXPENSE	(4,890)	(4,594)	(9,408)	(9,103)
OTHER INCOME, Net	2,052		1,751		4,425		3,843	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	10,477		2,321		(15,385)	(25,027)
PROVISION (CREDIT) FOR INCOME TAXES	3,534		1,619		(7,049)	(6,380)
Net Income (Loss)	\$6,943		\$702		\$(8,336)	\$(18,647)

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Pre-tax restructuring charges and acquisition-related charges included in gross profit were as follows (in thousands): Three Months Ended Six Months Ended December 28, December 29, December 28, December 29, 2014 2013

	2014	2015	2014	2015
PRE-TAX RESTRUCTURING CHARGES AND				
ACQUISITION-RELATED CHARGES				
INCLUDED IN GROSS PROFIT:				
Engines	\$—	\$1,631	\$—	\$3,396
Products	6,846	262	14,864	2,082
Total	\$6,846	\$1,893	\$14,864	\$5,478

Pre-tax restructuring charges and acquisition-related charges included in segment income (loss) were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months End	ded	
	December 28, December 29,		December 28,	December 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
PRE-TAX RESTRUCTURING CHARGES AND					
ACQUISITION-RELATED CHARGES					
INCLUDED IN SEGMENT INCOME (LOSS):					
Engines	\$—	\$2,056	\$—	\$3,821	
Products	7,610	262	16,761	2,082	
Total	\$7,610	\$2,318	\$16,761	\$5,903	
16. Debt					

The following is a summary of the Company's indebtedness (in thousands):

	December 28,	June 29,
	2014	2014
Senior Notes	\$225,000	\$225,000
Multicurrency Credit Agreement	87,000	
	\$312,000	\$225,000

On December 20, 2010, the Company issued \$225 million of 6.875% Senior Notes ("Senior Notes") due December 15, 2020.

On October 21, 2013, the Company entered into an amendment to its \$500 million multicurrency credit agreement (the "Revolver"), which, among other things, extended the maturity of the Revolver from October 13, 2016 to October 21, 2018. The initial maximum availability under the revolving credit facility is \$500 million. Availability under the revolving credit facility is \$500 million. Availability under the revolving credit facility is reduced by outstanding letters of credit. The Company may from time to time increase the maximum availability under the revolving credit facility by up to \$250 million if certain conditions are satisfied. In connection with the amendment to the Revolver in the second quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company incurred approximately \$0.9 million in new debt issuance costs, which are being amortized over the life of the Revolver using the straight-line method. As of December 28, 2014, \$87.0 million was outstanding under the Revolver.

The Senior Notes and Revolver contain restrictive covenants. These covenants include restrictions on the Company's ability to: pay dividends; repurchase shares; incur indebtedness; create liens; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; consolidate or merge with other entities; sell or lease all or substantially all of its assets; and dispose of assets or use proceeds from sales of its assets. The Revolver contains financial covenants that require the Company to

maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio and impose a maximum average leverage ratio.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

17. Separate Financial Information of Subsidiary Guarantor of Indebtedness

Under the terms of the Company's Senior Notes and the Revolver (collectively, the "Domestic Indebtedness"), Briggs & Stratton Power Products Group, LLC, a 100% owned subsidiary of the Company, was the sole joint and several guarantor of the Domestic Indebtedness (the "Guarantor") as of December 28, 2014 and June 29, 2014. The Guarantor provides a full and unconditional guarantee of the Domestic Indebtedness, except for certain customary limitations. Additionally, if at any time a domestic subsidiary of the Company constitutes a significant domestic subsidiary, then such domestic subsidiary will also become a guarantor of the Domestic Indebtedness. Currently, all of the Domestic Indebtedness is unsecured. If the Company were to fail to make a payment of interest or principal on its due date, the Guarantor is obligated to pay the outstanding Domestic Indebtedness. The Company had the following outstanding amounts related to the guaranteed debt (in thousands):

December 28

Carrying Amount \$ 225,000		2014	
Serier Notes \$ 225,000 \$ 225,000	Carrying Amoun		Guarantee
\$ 225,000 \$ 225,000	Senior Notes	\$ 225,000	\$225,000
Multicurrency Credit Agreement\$ 87,000\$ 500,000	Multicurrency Credit Agreement	\$ 87,000	\$500,000

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

The following condensed supplemental consolidating financial information reflects the summarized financial information of Briggs & Stratton, its Guarantors and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands):

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

As of December 28, 2014 (Unaudited)

(Ollaudited)					
	Briggs & Stratton Corporation	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,751	\$1,304	\$ 45,635	\$—	\$51,690
Accounts Receivable, Net	108,449	41,313	58,121		207,883
Intercompany Accounts Receivable	30,884	6,938	40,247	(78,069)	
Inventories, Net	290,002	169,779	80,336		540,117
Deferred Income Tax Asset	32,803	14,534	1,926		49,263
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current	25.077	1 726	0.200		46.000
Assets	35,977	1,736	8,309		46,022
Total Current Assets	\$ 502,866	\$235,604	\$234,574	\$(78,069)	\$894,975
OTHER ASSETS:					
Goodwill	\$ 128,300	\$—	\$ 31,380	\$—	\$159,680
Investments	27,967				27,967
Investments in Subsidiaries	507,884			(507,884)	
Intercompany Note Receivable	43,460	105,904	22,903	(172,267)	
Debt Issuance Costs	4,188				4,188
Other Intangible Assets, Net	_	55,308	43,454		98,762
Long-Term Deferred Income Tax	21,232		382	(21.222)	382
Asset	21,232		362	(21,232)	362
Other Long-Term Assets, Net	8,023	1,918	1,417		11,358
Total Other Assets	\$ 741,054	\$163,130	\$ 99,536	\$(701,383)	\$302,337
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	238,147	31,012	26,619		295,778
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,482,067	\$429,746	\$ 360,729	\$(779,452)	\$1,493,090
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 110,631	\$39,466	\$ 31,812	\$—	\$181,909
Intercompany Accounts Payable	28,364	11,699	38,006	(78,069)	
Short-Term Debt	87,000				87,000
Accrued Liabilities	89,220	34,775	19,370		143,365
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 315,215	\$85,940	\$ 89,188	\$(78,069)	\$412,274
OTHER LIABILITIES:					
Accrued Pension Cost	\$ 113,453	\$394	\$ 559	\$—	\$114,406
Accrued Employee Benefits	24,575				24,575
Accrued Postretirement Health Care	39,329	14,297			53,626
Obligation	57,527	14,277			55,020
Intercompany Note Payable	119,655		52,612	(172,267)	
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities		20,638	10,773	(21,232)	10,179
Other Long-Term Liabilities	28,057	7,283	907		36,247
Long-Term Debt	225,000				225,000
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 550,069	\$42,612	\$ 64,851	\$(193,499)	\$464,033

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT:	616,783	301,194	206,690	(507,884) 616,783
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT	\$ 1,482,067	\$429,746	\$ 360,729	\$(779,452) \$1,493,090

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

As of June 29, 2014	EL I				
As of Julie 29, 2014	Briggs & Stratton	Guarantar	Non-Guarantor		
	Corporation	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
CURRENT ASSETS:	Corporation	Substatics	Subsidiaries		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 138,926	\$2,680	\$ 53,062	\$—	\$194,668
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 138,920 86,099	100,062	34,429	ф —	220,590
				(52.205	220,390
Intercompany Accounts Receivable	15,987	3,492	32,826	(52,305) = 27(102)
Inventories, Net	165,159	146,749	64,195		376,103
Deferred Income Tax Asset	33,343	13,904	1,711		48,958
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current	17,436	3,508	9,072		30,016
Assets				* / = = = = = =	
Total Current Assets	\$ 456,950	\$270,395	\$ 195,295	\$(52,305	\$870,335
OTHER ASSETS:					
Goodwill	\$ 128,300	\$—	\$ 16,222	\$—	\$144,522
Investments	27,137				27,137
Investments in Subsidiaries	470,391			(470,391) —
Intercompany Note Receivable	49,293	84,567	13,876	(147,736) —
Debt Issuance Costs	4,671				4,671
Other Intangible Assets, Net		55,909	24,408		80,317
Long-Term Deferred Income Tax	22 507		(77	(10.006	15 170
Asset	32,507		677	(18,006) 15,178
Other Long-Term Assets, Net	7,120	2,088	1,331		10,539
Total Other Assets	\$ 719,419	\$142,564	\$ 56,514	\$(636,133	\$282,364
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	241,166	39,863	15,978		297,007
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,417,535	\$452,822	\$ 267,787	\$(688,438	\$1,449,706
	, , , ,			1 () ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 105,532	\$45,171	\$ 18,568	\$—	\$169,271
Intercompany Accounts Payable	21,859	6,002	24,444	(52,305)
Accrued Liabilities	85,735	31,863	16,318	<u> </u>	133,916
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 213,126	\$83,036	\$ 59,330	\$(52,305	\$303,187
OTHER LIABILITIES:	+ ,	+ ,	+ ,	+ (,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Accrued Pension Cost	\$ 125,481	\$421	\$ 627	\$ —	\$126,529
Accrued Employee Benefits	24,491	↓ · _ ·	\$ 52 7	Ф —	24,491
Accrued Postretirement Health Care					
Obligation	44,928	14,362			59,290
Intercompany Note Payable	85,343		62,393	(147,736)
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	05,545	18,006	02,375	(18,006) —
Other Long-Term Liabilities	26,732	11,037	1,006	(10,000	38,775
Long-Term Debt	225,000	11,057	1,000		225,000
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 531,975	\$43,826		\$(165,742	\$474,085
	\$ 551,975	\$45,620	\$ 04,020	\$(103,742	\$474,085
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS'	672,434	325,960	144,431	(470,391	672,434
INVESTMENT:					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	\$ 1,417,535	\$452,822	\$ 267,787	\$(688,438	\$1,449,706
SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT					

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the Three Months Ended December 28, 2014 (Unaudited)

	Briggs & Stratton Corporation	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net Sales	\$ 262,278	\$131,030	\$109,095	\$(58,116)	\$444,287
Cost of Goods Sold	205,012	117,706	84,971	(58,116)	349,573
Restructuring Charges	_	6,846			6,846
Gross Profit	57,266	6,478	24,124		87,868
Engineering, Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	40,433	18,087	15,450	_	73,970
Restructuring Charges	_	583			583
Equity in Loss from Subsidiaries	1,283			(1,283)	
Income (Loss) from Operations	15,550	(12,192)	8,674	1,283	13,315
Interest Expense	(4,855)	(35)			(4,890)
Other Income, Net	1,389	315	348		2,052
Income (Loss) before Income Taxes	12,084	(11,912)	9,022	1,283	10,477
Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	5,141	(4,498)	2,891		3,534
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 6,943	\$(7,414)	\$6,131	\$1,283	\$6,943
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ (2,034)	\$(7,624)	\$437	\$7,187	\$(2,034)
CONSOLIDATING STATEMEN	Τ ΟΕ ΟΡΕΡΑΤΙΟΙ	NS AND COMP	REHENSIVE IN	JCOME (LOSS)	

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the Three Months Ended December 29, 2013

(Unaudited)

	Briggs & Stratton Corporation	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net Sales	\$ 250,564	\$134,785	\$80,288	\$(49,045	\$416,592
Cost of Goods Sold	200,716	122,697	62,965	(49,045) 337,333
Restructuring Charges	1,597		296		1,893
Gross Profit	48,251	12,088	17,027		77,366
Engineering, Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	42,243	18,094	11,440	_	71,777
Restructuring Charges	77	_	348		425
Equity in Loss from Subsidiaries	(436)			436	—
Income (Loss) from Operations	6,367	(6,006)	5,239	(436) 5,164
Interest Expense	(4,582)		(12)		(4,594)
Other Income, Net	1,611	95	45		1,751
Income (Loss) before Income Taxes	3,396	(5,911)	5,272	(436) 2,321
Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	2,694	(2,174)	1,099	_	1,619
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 702	\$(3,737)	\$4,173	\$(436	\$702
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ 2,982	\$(3,590)	\$2,332	\$1,258	\$2,982

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the Six Months Ended December 28, 2014 (Unaudited)

Non-Guarantor Briggs & Stratton Guarantor Eliminations Consolidated Corporation **Subsidiaries Subsidiaries** Net Sales \$ 407,856 \$247,968 \$199,911 \$(118,819) \$736,916 Cost of Goods Sold 328,968 221,737 156,149 (118,819) 588,035 **Restructuring Charges** 13,692 13,692 Gross Profit 12,539 78,888 43,762 ____ 135,189 Engineering, Selling, General and 77,300 35,744 31,009 144,053 ____ Administrative Expenses **Restructuring Charges** 1,538 1,538 Equity in Loss from Subsidiaries (6,004 6,004) — _____ Income (Loss) from Operations (4,416 6,004 (10,402)(24,743)) 12,753)) **Interest Expense** (9,408 (9,301) (106) (1) —) Other Income, Net 335 3,315 775 4,425 Income (Loss) before Income (10, 402)) (24,074) 13,087 6,004 (15,385) Taxes Provision (Credit) for Income (2,066)(8,979) 3,996 (7,049)) Taxes Net Income (Loss) \$ (8,336) \$(15,095) \$9,091 \$6,004 \$(8.336) Comprehensive Income (Loss) \$ (21,198) \$(15,031) \$(2,063) \$17,094 \$(21,198)

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the Six Months Ended December 29, 2013

(Unaudited)

	Briggs & Strattor Corporation	n Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Net Sales	\$ 425,354	\$252,549	\$150,697	\$(94,704	\$733,896	
Cost of Goods Sold	354,253	229,391	118,281	(94,704	607,221	
Restructuring Charges	3,396	339	1,743	—	5,478	
Gross Profit	67,705	22,819	30,673	—	121,197	
Engineering, Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	79,751	35,691	25,097	_	140,539	
Restructuring Charges	77		348	_	425	
Equity in Loss from Subsidiaries	5,117		_	(5,117	·	
Income (Loss) from Operations	(17,240)	(12,872	5,228	5,117	(19,767)
Interest Expense	(9,076)		(27)	_	(9,103)
Other Income, Net	3,803	185	(145)	—	3,843	
Income (Loss) before Income Taxes	(22,513)	(12,687	5,056	5,117	(25,027)
Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	(3,866)	(4,678	2,164	_	(6,380)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (18,647)	\$(8,009	\$2,892	\$5,117	\$(18,647)
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ (12,045)	\$(8,205	\$2,509	\$5,696	\$(12,045)

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Six Months Ended December 28, 2014 (Unaudited)

	Briggs & Strat Corporation	ton	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	or	Eliminations		Consolidated	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	\$ (138,405)	\$22,575		\$2,501		\$(703)	\$(114,032)
Additions to Plant and Equipment Proceeds Received on	(16,344)	(2,739)	(4,206)	_		(23,289)
Disposition of Plant and Equipment	84		136		69				289	
Cash Investment in Subsidiary	(4,650)	_				4,650		_	
Cash Paid for Acquisition, Net of Cash Acquired	(62,056)	_		_		_		(62,056)
Net Borrowings (Repayments) on Loans, Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt	29,860		_				(29,860)	_	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	(53,106)	(2,603)	(4,137)	(25,210)	(85,056)
Net Borrowings (Repayments) on Loans, Revolver, Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt	87,000		(21,348)	(8,512)	29,860		87,000	
Treasury Stock Purchases	(27,598)							(27,598)
Stock Option Exercise Proceeds and Tax Benefits	3,652		_		_		_		3,652	
Cash Dividends Paid Cash Investment in Subsidiary	(5,718)			 3,947		(3,947)	(5,718)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	57,336		(21,348)	(4,565)	25,913		57,336	
Effect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	—		—		(1,226)	—		(1,226)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(134,175)	(1,376)	(7,427)			(142,978)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	138,926		2,680		53,062		_		194,668	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 4,751		\$1,304		\$45,635		\$—		\$51,690	

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Six Months Ended December 29, 2013 (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

	Briggs & Strat Corporation	tton	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	^r Eliminations	Consolidated	d
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	\$ (98,437)	\$28,940		\$24,249	\$—	\$(45,248)
Additions to Plant and Equipment	(15,904)	(1,365)	(794) —	(18,063)
Proceeds Received on Disposition	28		33				61	
of Plant and Equipment	-		55		(0.107	X.	01	
Cash Investment in Subsidiary	8,107				(8,107) —		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	(7,769)	(1,332)	(8,901) —	(18,002)
Cash Flows from Financing								
Activities:								
Repayments on Short-Term					(300)	(300)
Debt					(500) —	(500)
Net Borrowings (Repayments) on	27 200							
Loans, Notes Payable and	27,300		(27,300)				
Long-Term Debt Debt Issuance Costs	(942)					(942)
Treasury Stock Purchases	(21,086		_		_	_	(21,086)
Stock Option Exercise Proceeds	-	,)
and Tax Benefits	994						994	
Cash Dividends Paid	(5,730)					(5,730)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)	536		(27,300)	(300) —	(27,064)
Financing Activities			(,	(000	,	(,,	,
Effect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changes on Cash					31		31	
and Cash Equivalents					51		51	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(105,670)	308		15,079	_	(90,283)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	162,628		1,275		24,542		188,445	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 56,958		\$1,583		\$39,621	\$—	\$98,162	

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table is a reconciliation of financial results by segment, as reported, to adjusted financial results by segment, excluding restructuring actions and acquisition-related charges, for the three months ended fiscal December 2015 and 2014 (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Mon	ths Ended Fisc	al December			
	2015 Reported	Adjustments ⁽¹)2015 Adjusted ⁽²⁾	2014 Reported	Adjustments ⁽	1)2014 Adjusted ⁽²⁾
NET SALES:	•		5			5
Engines	\$271,704	\$ —	\$271,704	\$265,712	\$ —	\$265,712
Products	199,050		199,050	171,528		171,528
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(26,467)		(26,467)	(20,648)		(20,648)
Total	\$444,287	\$ —	\$444,287	\$416,592	\$ —	\$416,592
GROSS PROFIT:						
Engines	\$62,896	\$ —	\$62,896	\$54,257	\$ 1,631	\$55,888
Products	25,213	6,846	32,059	21,959	262	22,221
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(241)		(241)	1,150		1,150
Total	\$87,868	\$ 6,846	\$94,714	\$77,366	\$ 1,893	\$79,259
SEGMENT INCOME (LOSS) (3):						
Engines	\$18,894	\$ —	\$18,894	\$9,292	\$ 2,056	\$11,348
Products	(3,884)	7,610	3,726	(4,256)	262	(3,994)
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(241)		(241)	1,150		1,150
Total	\$14,769	\$ 7,610	\$22,379	\$6,186	\$ 2,318	\$8,504
Reconciliation from Segment						
Income (Loss) to Income from						
Operations:						
Equity in Earnings from	1 454		1 454	1 000		1 000
Unconsolidated Affiliates	1,454		1,454	1,022		1,022
Income from Operations	\$13,315	\$ 7,610	\$20,925	\$5,164	\$ 2,318	\$7,482
INTEREST EXPENSE	(4,890)		(4,890)	(4,594)		(4,594)
OTHER INCOME, Net	2,052		2,052	1,751		1,751
Income Before Income Taxes	10,477	7,610	18,087	2,321	2,318	4,639
PROVISION FOR INCOME						
TAXES	3,534	2,664	6,198	1,619	722	2,341
Net Income	\$6,943	\$ 4,946	\$11,889	\$702	\$ 1,596	\$2,298
EARNINGS PER SHARE						
Basic	\$0.15	\$ 0.11	\$0.26	\$0.01	\$ 0.04	\$0.05
Diluted	0.15	0.11	0.26	0.01	0.04	0.05
(1) Earth a second second second field			alaraaa af ¢7			

(1) For the second quarter of fiscal 2015, includes restructuring charges of \$7,429 net of \$2,600 of taxes and acquisition-related charges of \$181 net of \$64 of taxes. For the second quarter of fiscal 2014, includes restructuring charges of \$2,318 net of \$722 of taxes.

(2) Adjusted financial results are non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes this information is meaningful to investors as it isolates the impact that restructuring charges and acquisition related charges have on reported financial results and facilitates comparisons between peer companies. The Company may utilize non-GAAP financial measures as a guide in the forecasting, budgeting, and long-term planning process. While the Company believes that adjusted financial results are useful supplemental information, such adjusted financial results are not intended to replace our GAAP financial results and should be read in conjunction with those GAAP results.
(3) The Company defines segment income (loss) as income from operations plus equity in earnings from unconsolidated affiliates.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NET SALES

Consolidated net sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2015 were \$444.3 million, an increase of \$27.7 million or 6.6% from the second quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase primarily relates to a favorable mix of engines sold, higher sales of pressure washers, snow throwers and commercial lawn and garden equipment in North America, and the results of the Allmand acquisition, which closed in August of this fiscal year. The increase in net sales was partially offset by reduced shipment volumes of small engines used on walk mowers in North America due to elevated channel inventories following this past season and lower generator sales due to adequate channel inventories and no major storm activity.

Engines Segment net sales of \$271.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015 increased \$6.0 million or 2.1% from the prior year. Net sales increased due to an improved sales mix of large engines used on lawn and garden equipment for the North American and European markets and higher service parts sales. Total engine volumes shipped in the quarter decreased by 2.2% or approximately 40,000 engines. The decrease in unit shipments was due to reduced shipments of small engines used on walk mowers in North America resulting from elevated inventories following this past lawn and garden season.

Products Segment net sales of \$199.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015 increased by \$27.5 million or 16.1% from the prior year. This increase was due to higher sales of pressure washers, commercial lawn and garden equipment and snow throwers in North America and the results of the Allmand acquisition. Partially offsetting the increase were lower sales of riding mowers and snow throwers in Europe following last year's mild winter, lower generator sales due to adequate channel inventories and no major storm activity, and an unfavorable foreign exchange impact of \$1.1 million primarily due to the devaluation of the Australian dollar and Brazilian Real.

GROSS PROFIT

The consolidated gross profit percentage was 19.8% in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, an increase from 18.6% in the same period last year.

The Engines Segment gross profit percentage was 23.1% in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, higher than the 20.4% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014. The Engines Segment adjusted gross profit percentage for the second quarter of 2015 was 23.1%, which was higher than the 21.0% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014. Engines segment adjusted gross profit margins improved 210 basis points year over year on an improved product sales mix of large engines and lower retirement plan expense. Favorable sales mix, which was driven by higher service parts sales and proportionately higher sales of large engines, improved adjusted gross profit margins by 100 basis points. Favorable foreign exchange, primarily related to the Japanese Yen, improved adjusted gross profit margins by 50 basis points. The previously announced retirement plan changes, which were implemented in January of calendar 2014, improved fiscal 2015 adjusted gross profit margins by \$2.4 million, or 90 basis points. These improvements were partially offset by slightly lower production levels and certain production cost increases.

The Products Segment gross profit percentage was 12.7% for the second quarter of fiscal 2015, slightly down from 12.8% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014. The Products Segment adjusted gross profit percentage for the second quarter of 2015 was 16.1%, which was higher than the 13.0% for the second quarter of fiscal 2014. Products adjusted gross profit margins increased by 310 basis points year over year due to improved sales mix, including the Allmand acquisition, and higher manufacturing throughput. Favorable sales mix improved adjusted gross margins by 340 basis points due to a focus on selling higher margin lawn and garden equipment and the benefit of the Allmand acquisition. In addition, manufacturing throughput increased year over year by 36%, benefitting adjusted gross margins by

approximately 160 basis points. Throughput is increased due to higher production of snow throwers as well as pressure washers and riding mowers to facilitate the previously announced upcoming closure of the McDonough, Georgia plant. Offsetting the increase in adjusted gross profit margins was an unfavorable foreign exchange impact of approximately 150 basis points primarily due to the devaluation of the Australian dollar and Brazilian Real, and the unfavorable impact of 40 basis points due to slightly higher material costs.

ENGINEERING, SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$74.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, an increase of \$2.2 million or 3.1% from the second quarter of fiscal 2014.

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Engines Segment engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$45.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2015, a decrease of \$0.8 million from the second quarter of fiscal 2014. The decrease was primarily due to the previously announced retirement plan changes, which reduced the expense by \$1.9 million, partially offset by higher compensation expense.

The Products Segment fiscal 2015 second quarter engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$23.4 million, an increase of \$3.2 million from the second quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase was mainly due to \$3.2 million from the Allmand acquisition and increased compensation expense, partially offset by \$1.7 million in savings related to the restructuring initiative announced in July 2014.

The following table is a reconciliation of financial results by segment, as reported, to adjusted financial results by segment, excluding restructuring actions and acquisition-related charges, for the six months ended fiscal December 2015 and 2014 (in thousands, except per share data):

	Six Months	s Ended Fiscal					
	2015	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	₁₎ 2015		2014	Adjustments(₁₎ 2014
	Reported	Aujustinents	Adjusted (2	2)	Reported	Aujustinentis	Adjusted ⁽²⁾
NET SALES:							
Engines	\$424,820	\$ —	\$424,820		\$449,499	\$ —	\$449,499
Products	365,178	_	365,178		324,564	_	324,564
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(53,082))	(40,167)		(40,167)
Total	\$736,916	\$ —	\$736,916		\$733,896	\$ —	\$733,896
GROSS PROFIT:							
Engines	\$90,696	\$ —	\$90,696		\$79,493	\$ 3,396	\$82,889
Products	44,597	14,864	59,461		39,784	2,082	41,866
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(104)		(104)	1,920		1,920
Total	\$135,189	\$ 14,864	\$150,053		\$121,197	\$ 5,478	\$126,675
SEGMENT INCOME (LOSS) (3):							
Engines	\$5,040	\$ —	\$5,040		\$(7,266)	-) -	\$(3,445)
Products	(11,997)	16,761	4,764		(11,870)	2,082	(9,788)
Inter-Segment Eliminations	(104)	_	(104)	1,920	_	1,920
Total	\$(7,061)	\$ 16,761	\$9,700		\$(17,216)	\$ 5,903	\$(11,313)
Reconciliation from Segment							
Income (Loss) to Income (Loss)							
from Operations:							
Equity in Earnings from	0.041		2.2.11		0.551		0.551
Unconsolidated Affiliates	3,341		3,341		2,551		2,551
Income (Loss) from Operations	\$(10,402)	\$ 16,761	\$6,359		\$(19,767)	\$ 5,903	\$(13,864)
INTEREST EXPENSE	(9,408)		(9,408)	(9,103)		(9,103)
OTHER INCOME, Net	(9,408)		4,425)	3,843		(9,105)
Income (Loss) Before Income	4,423		4,423		5,645		5,045
Taxes	(15,385)	16,761	1,376		(25,027)	5,903	(19,124)
PROVISION (CREDIT) FOR	(7,049)	5,866	(1,183)	(6,380)	1,456	(4,924)
INCOME TAXES	,			/			
Net Income (Loss)	\$(8,336)	\$ 10,895	\$2,559		\$(18,647)	\$ 4,447	\$(14,200)

EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE							
Basic	\$(0.19) \$ 0.24	\$0.05	\$(0.41) \$ 0.10	\$(0.31)
Diluted	(0.19) 0.24	0.05	(0.41) 0.10	(0.31)
32							

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(1) For the first six months of fiscal 2015, includes restructuring charges of \$15,230 net of \$5,330 of taxes and acquisition-related charges of \$1,531 net of \$536 of taxes. For the first six months of fiscal 2014, includes restructuring charges of \$5,903 net of \$1,456 of taxes.

(2) Adjusted financial results are non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes this information is meaningful to investors as it isolates the impact that restructuring charges and acquisition related charges have on reported financial results and facilitates comparisons between peer companies. The Company may utilize non-GAAP financial measures as a guide in the forecasting, budgeting, and long-term planning process. While the Company believes that adjusted financial results are useful supplemental information, such adjusted financial results are not intended to replace our GAAP financial results and should be read in conjunction with those GAAP results.
(3) The Company defines segment income (loss) as income (loss) from operations plus equity in earnings from unconsolidated affiliates.

NET SALES

Consolidated net sales for the first six months of fiscal 2015 were \$736.9 million, an increase of \$3.0 million or 0.4% from the first six months of fiscal 2014, due to higher sales of pressure washers, commercial lawn and garden equipment and snow throwers in North America as well as the results of the Allmand acquisition. This increase in net sales was partially offset by reduced shipment volumes of small engines used on walk mowers in North America and lower sales of generators.

Engines Segment net sales of \$424.8 million in the first six months of fiscal 2015 decreased \$24.7 million or 5.5% from the prior year. Total engine volumes shipped in the first six months of fiscal 2015 decreased by 8.2% or approximately 236,000 engines compared to the same period last year. The decrease in unit shipments was due to reduced shipments of small engines used on walk mowers in North America resulting from elevated inventories following this past lawn and garden season. Partially offsetting the decrease in net sales was an improved sales mix of large engines used on lawn and garden equipment for the North America and European markets.

Products Segment net sales of \$365.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 2015 increased by \$40.6 million or 12.5% from the prior year. This increase was due to higher sales of pressure washers, commercial lawn and garden equipment and snow throwers in North America and the results of the Allmand acquisition. Partially offsetting the increase were lower sales of riding mowers and snow throwers in Europe following last year's mild winter, lower generator sales due to adequate channel inventories and no major storm activity, and an unfavorable foreign exchange impact of \$3.1 million primarily due to the devaluation of the Australian dollar and Brazilian Real.

GROSS PROFIT

The consolidated gross profit percentage was 18.4% in the first six months of fiscal 2015, an increase from 16.5% in the same period last year.

The Engines Segment gross profit percentage was 21.3% in the first six months of fiscal 2015, higher than the 17.7% in the first six months of fiscal 2014. The Engines Segment adjusted gross profit percentage for the first six months of 2015 was 21.3%, which was higher than the 18.4% in the first six months of fiscal 2014. Engines Segment adjusted gross profit margins improved 290 basis points year over year on an improved product sales mix of large engines, higher manufacturing volume, improved efficiencies, and lower retirement plan expense. Plant efficiency improvements, cost reductions and a favorable mix of engines produced benefitted adjusted gross margins by approximately 80 basis points. Engines produced were higher by 5% in the first six months of fiscal 2015 benefitting adjusted gross margins by approximately 30 basis points. Engine production was increased to support higher demand

for large engines for riding equipment and to support pre-building of products related to the closure of the McDonough plant. Favorable sales mix, which was driven by proportionately higher sales of large engines, improved adjusted gross profit margins by 40 basis points. Favorable foreign exchange, primarily related to the Japanese Yen, improved adjusted gross profit margins by 30 basis points. The previously announced retirement plan changes, which were implemented in January of calendar 2014, improved fiscal 2015 adjusted gross profit margins by \$4.7 million, or 110 basis points.

The Products Segment gross profit percentage was 12.2% for the first six months of fiscal 2015, slightly down from 12.3% in the first six months of fiscal 2014. The Products Segment adjusted gross profit percentage for the first six months of 2015 was 16.3%, which was higher than the 12.9% for the first six months of fiscal 2014. Products Segment adjusted gross profit margins increased by 340 basis points year over year due to improved sales mix, including the Allmand acquisition, and higher manufacturing throughput. Favorable sales mix improved adjusted gross margins by 320 basis points due to a focus on selling higher margin lawn and garden equipment and the benefit of the Allmand acquisition. In addition, manufacturing throughput increased year over year by 45%,

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benefitting adjusted gross margins by approximately 170 basis points. Throughput is increased due to higher production of snow throwers as well as pressure washers and riding mowers to facilitate the previously announced upcoming closure of the McDonough plant. Offsetting the increase in adjusted gross profit margins was an unfavorable foreign exchange impact of approximately 110 basis points primarily due to the devaluation of the Australian dollar and Brazilian Real, and the unfavorable impact of 40 basis points due to higher material costs.

ENGINEERING, SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$144.1 million in the first six months of fiscal 2015, an increase of \$3.5 million or 2.5% from the first six months of fiscal 2014.

The Engines Segment engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$88.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 2015, a decrease of \$1.0 million from the first six months of fiscal 2014. The decrease was primarily due to the previously announced retirement plan changes, which reduced engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses by \$3.6 million, partially offset by increased compensation expense and international expenses.

The Products Segment engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses for the first six months of fiscal 2015 were \$57.3 million, an increase of \$5.7 million from the first six months of fiscal 2014. The increase was mainly due to \$5.9 million related to the Allmand acquisition, increased compensation expense, and higher international expenses, partially offset by \$2.8 million in savings related to the restructuring initiative announced in July 2014.

ACQUISITION

On August 29, 2014, the Company completed the acquisition of Allmand Bros., Inc. for approximately \$62 million in cash, net of cash acquired. Allmand is a leading designer and manufacturer of high quality towable light towers, industrial heaters, and solar LED arrow boards. Allmand, which is included within our Products segment, has annual net sales of approximately \$80 million.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 was \$0.3 million higher compared to the same periods a year ago.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The effective tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 were 33.7% and 45.8%, compared to 69.8% and 25.5% for the respective periods last year. The tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 were primarily due to losses incurred at certain foreign subsidiaries for which the Company does not receive tax benefits and the re-enactment of the U.S. research and development tax credit. In addition, the tax rate for the first six months of fiscal 2015 was impacted by the reversal of previously recorded reserves as a result of the effective settlement of the Company's IRS audit. The tax rates for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014 were primarily due to losses incurred at certain foreign subsidiaries for which the Company did not receive tax benefits.

RESTRUCTURING ACTIONS

During the second quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company made progress on implementing the previously announced restructuring actions to narrow its assortment of lower-priced Snapper consumer lawn and garden equipment and consolidate its Products Segment manufacturing facilities in order to reduce costs. The Company expects to close its McDonough plant in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015 and consolidate production into existing facilities in Wisconsin and New York. Pre-tax restructuring costs for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2015 were \$7.4 million and \$15.2 million, respectively, and pre-tax savings were \$1.7 million and \$2.8 million. Total annual cost savings as a result of these actions are anticipated to be approximately \$15 million to \$20 million, with approximately \$5 million to \$7 million expected to be realized in fiscal 2015 and the remainder realized in fiscal 2016.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flows used in operating activities for the first six months of fiscal 2015 were \$114.0 million compared to \$45.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014. The increase in operating cash flows used was primarily related to higher inventory levels to facilitate the upcoming closure of the McDonough plant and the introduction of a new engine line in fiscal 2015, partially offset by improvements in managing outstanding accounts receivable.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$85.1 million and \$18.0 million during the first six months of fiscal 2015 and fiscal 2014, respectively. The \$67.1 million increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily related to \$62.1 million of cash paid for the Allmand acquisition and \$5.2 million of higher additions to plant and equipment during the first six months of fiscal 2015.

Cash flows provided by financing activities were \$57.3 million during the first six months of fiscal 2015 as compared to \$27.1 million of cash flows used in financing activities during the first six months of fiscal 2014. The \$84.4 million increase in cash provided by financing activities was primarily attributable to \$87.0 million of borrowings on the Revolver in fiscal 2015 compared to no such borrowings in fiscal 2014 and \$2.7 million of higher stock option exercise proceeds in fiscal 2015 compared to fiscal 2014, partially offset by \$6.5 million of higher treasury stock purchases in fiscal 2015 compared to fiscal 2014.

FUTURE LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

On December 20, 2010, the Company issued \$225 million of 6.875% Senior Notes ("Senior Notes") due December 15, 2020.

On October 21, 2013, the Company entered into an amendment to its \$500 million multicurrency credit agreement (the "Revolver"), which, among other things, extended the maturity of the Revolver from October 13, 2016 to October 21, 2018. The initial maximum availability under the revolving credit facility is \$500 million. Availability under the revolving credit facility is \$500 million. Availability under the revolving credit. The Company may from time to time increase the maximum availability under the revolving credit facility by up to \$250 million if certain conditions are satisfied. As of December 28, 2014, \$87.0 million was outstanding under the Revolver.

On January 22, 2014 the Board of Directors of the Company authorized up to \$50 million in funds associated with the common share repurchase program. On August 13, 2014, the Board of Directors authorized up to an additional \$50 million in funds for use in the Company's common share repurchase program. As of December 28, 2014, the total remaining authorization was approximately \$59.7 million with an expiration date of June 30, 2016. The common share repurchase program authorizes the purchase of shares of the Company's common stock on the open market or in private transactions from time to time, depending on market conditions and certain governing loan covenants. During the six months ended December 28, 2014, the Company repurchased 1,428,588 shares on the open market at an average price of \$19.33 per share.

The Company expects capital expenditures to be approximately \$60 million to \$65 million in fiscal 2015. These anticipated expenditures reflect our plans to continue to reinvest in efficient equipment and innovative new products.

During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the Company made no cash contributions to the qualified pension plan. Based upon current regulations and actuarial studies, the Company estimates that it will make no required minimum contributions to the qualified pension plan during the remainder of fiscal 2015. The Company may be required to

make further contributions in future years depending upon the actual return on plan assets and the funded status of the plan in future periods.

Management believes that available cash, cash generated from operations, existing lines of credit and access to debt markets will be adequate to fund the Company's capital requirements and operational needs for the foreseeable future.

The Revolver and the Senior Notes contain restrictive covenants. These covenants include restrictions on the Company's ability to: pay dividends; repurchase shares; incur indebtedness; create liens; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; consolidate or merge with other entities; sell or lease all or substantially all of its assets;

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and dispose of assets or use proceeds from sales of its assets. The Revolver contains financial covenants that require the Company to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio and impose a maximum leverage ratio. As of December 28, 2014, the Company was in compliance with these covenants, and expects to be in compliance with all covenants during the remainder of fiscal 2015.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

There have been no material changes since the August 26, 2014 filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

There have been no material changes since the August 26, 2014 filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies since the August 26, 2014 filing of its Annual Report on Form 10-K. As discussed in our annual report, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Future events and their effects cannot be determined with absolute certainty. Therefore, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment. Actual results inevitably will differ from those estimates, and such differences may be material to the financial statements.

The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of our financial statements include a goodwill assessment, estimates as to the realizability of accounts receivable and inventory assets, as well as estimates used in the determination of liabilities related to customer rebates, pension obligations, postretirement benefits, warranty, product liability, group health insurance, litigation and taxation. Various assumptions and other factors underlie the determination of these significant estimates. The process of determining significant estimates is fact specific and takes into account factors such as historical experience, current and expected economic conditions, product mix, and, in some instances, actuarial techniques. The Company re-evaluates these significant factors as facts and circumstances change.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

A discussion of new accounting pronouncements is included in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q under the heading "New Accounting Pronouncements" and is incorporated herein by reference.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The words "believe", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "intend", "plan", "project", and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are based on the Company's current views and assumptions and involve risks and uncertainties that include, among other things, the ability to successfully forecast demand for our products; changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates; the effects of weather on the purchasing patterns of consumers and original equipment manufacturers (OEMs); actions of engine manufacturers and OEMs with whom we compete; changes in laws and regulations; changes in customer and OEM demand; changes in prices of raw materials and parts that we

purchase; changes in domestic and foreign economic conditions; the ability to bring new productive capacity on line efficiently and with good quality; outcomes of legal proceedings and claims; and other factors disclosed from time to time in our SEC filings or otherwise, including the factors discussed in Item 1A, Risk Factors, of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and in its periodic reports on Form 10-Q. We are not undertaking any obligation to update any forward-looking statements or other statements we may make even though these statements may be affected by events or circumstances occurring after the forward-looking statements or other statements were made.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes since the August 26, 2014 filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There has not been any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the second fiscal guarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

A discussion of legal proceedings is included in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q under the heading "Commitments and Contingencies" and is incorporated herein by reference. **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There have been no material changes since the August 26, 2014 filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EOUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The table below sets forth the information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company of its common stock during the quarterly period ended December 28, 2014.

2015 Fiscal Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased	e	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program (1)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (1)
September 29, 2014 to October 26, 2014	314,702	\$18.11	314,702	\$63,840,246
October 27, 2014 to November 23, 2014	208,722	19.87	208,722	59,692,940
November 24, 2014 to December 28, 2014	_	_	_	59,692,940
Total Second Quarter	523,424	\$18.81	523,424	\$ 59,692,940

On January 22, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized up to \$50 million in funds associated with

(1) \$50 million in funds for use in the Company's common share repurchase program with an expiration date of June 30, 2016.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Numbe	Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Furnished herewith)
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Furnished herewith)
101	The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 28, 2014 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) related Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

		BRIGGS & STRATTON CORPORATION (Registrant)
Date:	February 3, 2015	/s/ David J. Rodgers David J. Rodgers Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer

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