Orion Marine Group Inc Form 10-Q May 10, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[√QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to____

Commission file number: 1-33891

OR

ORION MARINE GROUP, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)

12000 Aerospace Dr. Suite 300 Houston, Texas (Address of principal executive offices) 26-0097459 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

77034 (Zip Code)

(713) 852-6500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days Yes [$\sqrt{1}$] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive date file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files Yes [] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "Large Accelerated Filer," "Accelerated Filer," and "Smaller Reporting Company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [$\sqrt{}$] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No $[\sqrt{}]$

As of May 1, 2010, 26,872,617 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value were outstanding.

ORION MARINE GROUP, INC. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2010 INDEX

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
Item 1	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	Page
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2010 and	2
	December 31, 2009	
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three	
	Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for t	<u>h</u> e
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three	2
	Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition a	<u>ind</u> 4
	Results of Operations	
Item 3	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	17
Item 4	Controls and Procedures	17
PART II OTHER INFORMATION		
Item1	Legal Proceedings	18
Item 1A	Risk Factors	18
Item 6	Exhibits	18

SIGNATURES

19

Part I – Financial Information

Orion Marine Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Information)

ASSETS Current assets \$22,771 \$104,736 Accounts receivable: ************************************		March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash and cash equivalents \$22,771 \$104,736 Accounts receivable:	ASSETS		
Accounts receivable: 34,016 32,819 Retainage 11,506 12,028 Other 865 922 Income taxes receivable 453 3,040 Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 1,631 1,99 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 169,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,700 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 38 Other assets 194 264 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 1227 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 1,325 1,227 3,663 Total current liabilities 1,325 1,227 3,636 Accrued liabilitities			
Trade, net of allowance of \$1,153 and \$1,203, respectively 34,016 32,819 Retainage 11,506 12,028 Other 865 922 Income taxes receivable 453 3,040 Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Propepty and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$27,9,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Urrent liabilities: 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 144 312 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 38 30,095 39,058 39,029 Other assets <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$22,771</td><td>\$104,736</td></td<>		\$22,771	\$104,736
Retainage 11,506 12,028 Other 865 922 Income taxes receivable 453 3,040 Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 11,506 169,969 Properity and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Godwill Godwill 30,653 12,096 114 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities			
Other 865 922 Income taxes receivable 453 3,040 Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax aset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 1041 90,969 Property and equipment, net 96,969 169,969 169,969 Rodoutla 30,653 12,096 1149,970 Godwill 30,653 12,096 1149,970 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Otter assets 194 264 Total assets 194 264 Total assets 1,325 1,227 Accounts payable: Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 569 514			
Income taxes receivable 453 3,040 Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 1,681 1,499 Uncompleted contracts 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,696 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets 129,279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY 1,225 1,227	•		
Note receivable 799 961 Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 15,1,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 273,157 144 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY V 244 Current liabilities:			
Inventory 2,172 1,472 Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 104 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 114,161 90,790 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$273,157 ILABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable: 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,029 00ther long-term liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 509 514			
Deferred tax asset 1,681 1,499 Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Otat current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY V 264 Total assets \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accounts payable: V V Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453			
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:			
uncompleted contracts 21,174 10,868 Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Urrent liabilities:		1,681	1,499
Prepaid expenses and other 1,532 1,624 Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets 194 264 Total assets 194 264 Current liabilities: \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Zecounts payable: Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrounds payable: 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilitie			
Total current assets 96,969 169,969 Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amorization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets 279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY V V Current liabilities:			
Property and equipment, net 151,161 90,790 Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY ************************************			
Goodwill 30,653 12,096 Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization 31 38 Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:	Total current assets	96,969	
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization3138Other assets194264Total assets\$279,008\$273,157LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYCurrent liabilities:*********************************		151,161	90,790
Other assets 194 264 Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: 20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accounts payable: 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 811ings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 0ther long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 0.01 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 0commitments and contingencies 500,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 301 315 Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding 268 268 at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268	Goodwill	30,653	12,096
Total assets \$279,008 \$273,157 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	31	38
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable: Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 5 5 Stockholders' equity: 2 2 Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 31 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Other assets	194	264
Current liabilities: Accounts payable: Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 5 51,454 Stockholders' equity: Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Total assets	\$279,008	\$273,157
Accounts payable: Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 51,454 51,491 Stockholders' equity: Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Trade \$20,135 23,680 Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 6,784 5,636 Other long-term liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 5 51,454 Stockholders' equity: 2 2 Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 312 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding 34 at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Current liabilities:		
Retainage 1,325 1,227 Accrued liabilities 10,770 8,354 Taxes payable 44 312 Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts 6,784 5,636 Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 51,454 51,491 Stockholders' equity: Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Accounts payable:		
Accrued liabilities10,7708,354Taxes payable44312Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts6,7845,636Total current liabilities39,05839,209Other long-term liabilities569514Deferred income taxes11,52611,453Deferred revenue301315Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies51,45451,491Stockholders' equity:268268reasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Trade	\$20,135	23,680
Taxes payable44312Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts6,7845,636Total current liabilities39,05839,209Other long-term liabilities569514Deferred income taxes11,52611,453Deferred revenue301315Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264	Retainage	1,325	1,227
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts6,7845,636Total current liabilities39,05839,209Other long-term liabilities569514Deferred income taxes11,52611,453Deferred revenue301315Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies55Stockholders' equity:268268Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264268and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding268268Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Accrued liabilities	10,770	8,354
Total current liabilities 39,058 39,209 Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 5000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 51,454 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding 268 268 at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Taxes payable	44	312
Other long-term liabilities 569 514 Deferred income taxes 11,526 11,453 Deferred revenue 301 315 Total liabilities 51,454 51,491 Commitments and contingencies 51 51,454 51,491 Stockholders' equity: Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	6,784	5,636
Deferred income taxes11,52611,453Deferred revenue301315Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies51,45451,491Stockholders' equity:	Total current liabilities	39,058	39,209
Deferred revenue301315Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies51,45451,491Stockholders' equity:	Other long-term liabilities	569	514
Total liabilities51,45451,491Commitments and contingencies51Stockholders' equity:Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstandingat March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively268268Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Deferred income taxes	11,526	11,453
Commitments and contingenciesStockholders' equity:Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstandingat March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively268268Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Deferred revenue	301	315
Stockholders' equity: Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding 268 at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Total liabilities	51,454	51,491
Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264 and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Commitments and contingencies		
and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Stockholders' equity:		
and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively 268 Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	Common stock \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 authorized, 26,884,264		
Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost	and 26,852,407 issued; 26,872,617 and 26,840,761 outstanding		
Treasury stock, 11,646 shares, at cost		268	268
	Additional paid-in capital	152,468	151,361

Retained earnings	74,818	70,037
Total stockholders' equity	227,554	221,666
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$279,008	\$273,157

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

- 2 -

Orion Marine Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income Three Months ended (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Information)

	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009
Contract revenues	\$75,556	\$70,040
Costs of contract revenues	59,960	55,766
Gross profit	15,596	14,274
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10,188	7,199
	5,408	7,075
Other (income) expense		
Other income	(2,176)	
Interest income	(24)	(103)
Interest expense	6	206
Other (income) expense, net	(2,194)	103
Income before income taxes	7,602	6,972
Income tax expense	2,821	2,630
Net income	\$4,781	\$4,342
Basic earnings per share	\$0.18	\$0.20
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.18	\$0.20
Shares used to compute earnings per share		
Basic	26,862,933	21,565,720
Diluted	27,217,659	21,900,164

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Orion Marine Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity As of March 31, 2010 (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share Information)

	Com Sto Shares			easury tock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, January	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Lamings	10141
1, 2010	26,852,407	\$268	(11,646) \$	\$151,361	\$70,037	\$221,666
0, 1, 1, 1							
Stock-based compensation					770		770
Exercise of stock options	28,318				321		321
Excess tax benefits from exercise of stock options	20,010				16		16
Issuance of restricted stock	3,539						
Net income		_			—	4,781	4,781
Balance, March 31, 2010	26,884,264	\$268	(11,646) \$	\$151,468	\$74,818	\$227,554

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Orion Marine Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three months ended (Unaudited) (In Thousands)

	March 31 2010	,	March 3 2009	1,
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$4,781	ç	\$4,342	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	4,570		4,942	
Deferred financing cost amortization	63		63	
Bad debt expense	18			
Deferred income taxes	(109)	(405)
Stock-based compensation	770		351	
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(69)	(60)
Gain on bargain purchase from acquisition of business	(2,176)		
Excess tax benefit from stock option exercise	(16)		
Change in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of businesses acquired:				
Accounts receivable	4,639		9,697	
Income tax receivable	2,769		2,517	
Inventory	(700)	(402)
Note receivable	537			
Prepaid expenses and other	(302)	1,145	
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings				
on uncompleted contracts	(8,804)	(594)
Accounts payable	(10,120)	(1,235)
Accrued liabilities	835		436	
Income tax payable	(434)		
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings				
on uncompleted contracts	(846)	(1,851)
Deferred revenue	(14)	(14)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(4,608)	18,932	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	98		166	
Purchase of property and equipment	(7,139)	(2,290)
Acquisition of assets in Pacific Northwest	(6,653)		
Acquisition of business (net of cash acquired)	(64,000)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(77,694)	(2,124)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Exercise of stock options	321			
Excess tax benefit from stock option exercise	16			
Payments on long-term debt			(875)
Net cash provided (used in) by financing activities	337		(875)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(81,965)	15,933	İ
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	104,736		25,712	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$22,771	e c	\$41,645	

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$2	\$205
Taxes	\$571	\$517

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

- 5 -

Orion Marine Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (Unaudited) (Tabular Amounts in thousands, Except for Share and per Share Amounts)

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Description of Business

Orion Marine Group, Inc., and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (hereafter collectively referred to as "Orion" or the "Company") provide a broad range of marine construction services on, over and under the water along the Gulf Coast, the Atlantic Seaboard, the West Coast, Canada and the Caribbean Basin. Our heavy civil marine projects include marine transportation facilities; bridges and causeways; marine pipeline construction; marine environmental structures, mechanical and hydraulic dredging and specialty projects.. We are headquartered in Houston, Texas.

Although we describe our business in this report in terms of the services we provide, our base of customers and the geographic areas in which we operate, we have concluded that our operations comprise one reportable segment pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 280 – Segment Reporting. In making this determination, we considered that each project has similar characteristics, includes similar services, has similar types of customers and is subject to similar regulatory environments. We organize, evaluate and manage our financial information around each project when making operating decisions and assessing our overall performance.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and financial information included herein have been prepared pursuant to the interim period reporting requirements of Form 10-Q. Consequently, certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted. Readers of this report should also read our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 ("2009 Form 10-K") as well as Item 7 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations also included in our 2009 Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. Such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Interim results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2010.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management's estimates, judgments and assumptions are continually evaluated based on available information and experience; however, actual amounts could differ from those estimates. The Company's significant accounting policies are more fully described in

Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2009 Form 10-K.

On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates the significant accounting policies used to prepare its condensed consolidated financial statements, including, but not limited to, those related to:

- 6 -

- Revenue recognition from construction contracts;
 - Allowance for doubtful accounts;
- Testing of goodwill and other long-lived assets for possible impairment;
 - Income taxes;
 - Self-insurance; and
 - Stock based compensation

Revenue Recognition

The Company records revenue on construction contracts for financial statement purposes on the percentage-of-completion method, measured by the percentage of contract costs incurred to date to total estimated costs for each contract. This method is used because management considers contract costs incurred to be the best available measure of progress on these contracts. The Company follows the guidance of ASC 605-35 – Revenue Recognition, Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts, for its accounting policy relating to the use of the percentage-of-completion method, estimated costs and claim recognition for construction contracts. Changes in job performance, job conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from final contract settlements, may result in revisions to costs and revenues and are recognized in the period in which the revisions are determined. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined. Revenue is recorded net of any sales taxes collected and paid on behalf of the customer, if applicable.

The current asset "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts" represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed, which management believes will be billed and collected within one year of the completion of the contract. The liability "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts" represents billings in excess of revenues recognized.

The Company's projects are typically short in duration, and usually span a period of three to nine months. Historically, we have not combined or segmented contracts.

Classification of Current Assets and Liabilities

The Company includes in current assets and liabilities amounts realizable and payable in the normal course of contract completion.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. At times, cash held by financial institutions may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not historically sustained losses on our cash balances in excess of federally insured limits. Cash equivalents at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 consisted primarily of money market mutual funds and overnight bank deposits.

Risk Concentrations

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The Company depends on its ability to continue to obtain federal, state and local governmental contracts, and indirectly, on the amount of funding available to these agencies for new and current governmental projects. Therefore, the Company's operations can be influenced by the level and timing of government funding. Statutory mechanics liens provide the Company high priority in the event of lien foreclosures following financial difficulties of private owners, thus minimizing credit risk with private customers.

At March 31, 2010, 16.2% of our accounts receivable was due from a single customer, and at December 31, 2009, one customer accounted for 12.3% of total receivables. In the three months ended March 31, 2010, one customer generated 31% of total revenues for the period. In the three months ended March 31, 2009, three customers generated revenues in excess of 10% of total revenues, representing 39.9% of total revenues.

- 7 -

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the historical carrying value, less write-offs and allowances for doubtful accounts. The Company writes off uncollectible accounts receivable against the allowance for doubtful accounts if it is determined that the amounts will not be collected or if a settlement is reached for an amount that is less than the carrying value. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.2 million in each period.

Balances billed to customers but not paid pursuant to retainage provisions in construction contracts generally become payable upon contract completion and acceptance by the owner. Retention at March 31, 2010 totaled \$11.5 million, of which \$3.3 million is expected to be collected beyond 2010. Retention at December 31, 2009 totaled \$12.0 million.

Income Taxes

The Company determines its consolidated income tax provision using the asset and liability method prescribed by US GAAP, which requires the recognition of income tax expense for the amount of taxes payable or refundable for the current period and for deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. The Company accounts for any uncertain tax positions in accordance with the provisions of ASC 740-10, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken, or expected to be taken, on our consolidated tax return. The Company has not recorded a liability for uncertain tax positions at December 31, 2009 or March 31, 2010.

Insurance Coverage

The Company maintains insurance coverage for its business and operations. Insurance related to property, equipment, automobile, general liability, and a portion of workers' compensation is provided through traditional policies, subject to a deductible. A portion of the Company's workers' compensation exposure is covered through a mutual association, which is subject to supplemental calls.

Separately, the Company's employee health care is provided through a trust, administered by a third party. The Company funds the trust based on current claims. The administrator has purchased appropriate stop-loss coverage. Losses on these policies up to the deductible amounts are accrued based upon known claims incurred and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported. The accruals are derived from known facts, historical trends and industry averages to determine the best estimate of the ultimate expected loss. Actual claims may vary from our estimate. We include any adjustments to such reserves in our consolidated results of operations in the period in which they become known.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes compensation expense for equity awards over the vesting period based on the fair value of these awards at the date of grant. The computed fair value of these awards is recognized as a non-cash cost over the period the employee provides services, which is typically the vesting period of the award. The fair value of options granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of restricted stock grants is equivalent to the fair value of the stock issued on the date of grant.

Compensation expense is recognized only for share-based payments expected to vest. The Company estimates forfeitures at the date of grant based on historical experience and future expectations.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The Company has acquired businesses and assets in purchase transactions that resulted in the recognition of goodwill. Goodwill represents the costs in excess of fair values assigned to the underlying net assets in the acquisition. In accordance with US GAAP, acquired goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to impairment testing at least annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that the asset more likely than not may be impaired.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets that have finite lives continue to be subject to amortization. In addition, the Company must evaluate the remaining useful life in each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a revision of the remaining period of amortization. If the estimate of an intangible asset's remaining life is changed, the remaining carrying value of such asset is amortized prospectively over that revised remaining useful life.

New Accounting Standards

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (the "Update"), which provides amendments to Accounting Standards Codification 820-10 (Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures – Overall Subtopic) of the Codification. The Update requires improved disclosures about fair value measurements. Separate disclosures need to be made of the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements along with a description of the reasons for the transfers. Also, disclosure of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements needs to be made on a gross basis rather than as one net number. The Update also requires: (1) fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities, and (2) disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements, which are required for fair value measurements that fall in either Level 2 or Level 3. The new disclosures and clarifications of existing disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the Level 3 activity disclosures, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. Because these are enhanced disclosure requirements, have not materially affected he Company's financial position. In addition, the enhanced disclosure requirements have not materially affected he Company's financial reporting.

3. Acquisition of T.W. LaQuay Dredging, LLC and assets purchased by Northwest Marine Construction

On January 28, 2010, the Company, purchased (a) the membership interests of T.W. LaQuay Dredging, LLC ("TWLD"), a Texas limited liability company, from LaQuay Holdings, Inc. (the "Seller"), (b) all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Industrial Channel and Dock, Company, a Texas Corporation, and Commercial Channel and Dock Company, a Texas Corporation (collectively, the "Channel and Dock Companies"), from Timothy W. LaQuay and Linda F. LaQuay (the principal shareholders of the Seller, the "Principal Shareholders"), and (c) certain parcels of real property located in Calhoun County, Port Lavaca, Texas from the Principal Shareholders (collectively, the "Purchase Transactions"). TWLD and its predecessor company have operated as a marine construction and dredging company in the Gulf Coast markets since 2000. The integration of TWLD's operations and assets have added to the Company's dredging fleet and enhanced its presence in the Gulf Coast. At the closing, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Timothy and Linda LaQuay and with Charles F. Barnett for a term of one year from the Closing Date.

Upon the terms of and subject to the conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement, the total aggregate consideration paid by the Company to the Seller and the Principal Shareholders consisted of the following:

- Cash consideration of \$55.5 million, paid to the Seller for the membership interests of T.W. LaQuay Dredging;
- Cash consideration of \$4.5 million, paid to the Principal Shareholders for the Channel and Dock Companies and the above mentioned parcels of land; and
- Up to an additional \$4.0 million (to be held in escrow) payable to Seller as a result of an increase in the purchase price of the membership interests by the amount of any additional taxes incurred by the Seller arising from the allocation of the membership interests purchase price, as further described in Section 1060 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

The Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties, covenants and indemnities, including certain post-closing covenants with respect to confidentiality and non-competition.

The following table summarizes the preliminary allocation of the purchase price:

Fair value of working capital items	\$ (3,151)
Property and equipment	\$48,594
Goodwill	\$18,557
Total	\$64,000

The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed using estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The estimates and assumptions are subject to change upon the finalization of valuations, which are contingent upon final appraisals of property and equipment, identifiable intangible assets, and other adjustments through January 28, 2010. Revisions to the preliminary purchase price allocation could result in significant deviations from the preliminary allocation.

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2010 include results of TWLD for the period since the acquisition. Pro-forma information is presented below as if the purchase had occurred on January 1 of each reporting period:

	Three me	Three months ended	
	Ma	March 31,	
	2010	2009	
Revenue	\$79,357	\$78,610	
Income before taxes	8,054	7,837	
Net income	\$5,233	\$5,207	
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$0.19	\$0.24	
Diluted	\$0.19	\$0.24	

On February 11, 2010, the Company purchased several heavy civil marine construction equipment items including derrick barges, cranes, hammers and ancillary equipment from a private company exiting the marine construction business, for a purchase price of approximately \$7.0 million. In accordance with ASC 820, the Company records these assets at fair value, which was based on information derived from dealer markets, known transactions, and availability in the marketplace. The Company's preliminary valuation of these assets is approximately \$9.2 million, which resulted in a gain of approximately \$2.2 million. The Company is still in the process of finalizing its purchase price allocation to these assets. Pro forma information is not presented, as the Company's purchase of assets was limited to items of equipment.

4. Contracts in Progress

Contracts in progress are as follows at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

		December
	March 31,	31,
	2010	2009
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$257,025	\$235,175
Estimated earnings	78,419	61,486
	335,444	296,661

Less: Billings to date	(321,054) (291,429))
	\$14,390	\$5,232	
Included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet under the following captions:			
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$21,174	\$10,868	
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	(6,784) (5,636)
	\$14,390	\$5,232	

Contract costs include all direct costs, such as materials and labor, and those indirect costs related to contract performance such as payroll taxes and insurance. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined. Changes in job performance, job conditions and estimated profitability may result in revisions to costs and income and are recognized in the period in which the revisions are determined. An amount equal to contract costs attributable to claims is included in revenues when realization is probable and the amount can be reliably estimated.

- 10 -

5. Property and Equipment

The following is a summary of property and equipment at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	December
March 31,	31,
2010	2009
\$1,909	\$1,409
13,026	12,832
123,302	92,230
46,893	44,912
2,808	2,460
187,938	153,843
(87,028) (82,671)
100,910	71,172
40,897	14,389
9,354	5,229
\$151,161	\$90,790
	2010 \$1,909 13,026 123,302 46,893 2,808 187,938 (87,028 100,910 40,897 9,354

For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, depreciation expense was \$4.6 million and \$3.8 million, respectively. The assets of the Company are pledged as collateral for the Company's line of credit.

6. Inventory

Inventory at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, of \$2.2 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, consists of spare parts and small equipment held for use in the ordinary course of business.

7. Fair Value

The fair value of financial instruments is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Due to their short term nature, we believe that the carrying value of our accounts receivables, other current assets, accounts payables and other current liabilities approximate their fair values. We have a note receivable in the amount of \$799,000 from a customer providing for payments over a ten month period. Due to the short-term payment schedule, we believe that the carrying value of the note receivable approximates its fair value.

8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The table below summarizes changes in goodwill recorded by the Company during the periods ended March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	March 31,	December
	2010	31, 2009
Beginning balance, January 1	\$12,096	\$12,096
Additions	18,557	
Ending balance	\$30,653	\$12,096

Intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets consists primarily of non-compete agreements, which amortize over the next 12 months. The Company is continuing to identify and evaluate intangible assets, if any, related to the TWLD acquisition.

- 11 -

9. Long-term Debt and Line of Credit

The Company has a credit facility with several participating banks. In August 2009, the Company repaid the outstanding balance on the credit facility of \$29.9 million from proceeds received from its offering of common stock. The Company has availability under a revolving line of credit to borrow up to \$8.5 million. All provisions under the credit facility mature on September 30, 2010.

The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base and availability on the revolving line of credit is reduced by any outstanding letters of credit. At March 31, 2010, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$910,000, thus reducing the balance available to the Company on the revolving line of credit to approximately \$7.6 million. The Company is subject to a monthly commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving line of credit at a current rate of 0.20% of the unused balance. As of March 31, 2010, no amounts had been drawn under the revolving line of credit.

The credit facility is secured by the bank accounts, accounts receivable, inventory, equipment and other assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and places restrictions on the Company as to its ability to incur additional debt, pay dividends, advance loans, and engage in other actions. The credit facility also requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios as follows:

- A minimum net worth in the amount of not less than the sum of \$40.0 million plus 50% of consolidated net income earned in each fiscal quarter ended after December 31, 2006 plus adjustments for certain equity transactions;
 - A minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.30 to 1.0 as of each fiscal quarter end; and
 - A total leverage ratio not greater than 3.0 to 1.0 as of each fiscal quarter end.

At March 31, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all its financial covenants with a sufficient margin as to not impair its ability to incur additional debt or violate the terms of its credit facility. Historically, the Company has not relied on debt financing to fund its operations or working capital.

The Company is in negotiations to renew its credit facility prior to the September 30, 2010 expiration.

10. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate is based on expected income, statutory tax rates and tax planning opportunities available to it. For interim financial reporting, the Company estimates its annual tax rate based on projected taxable income for the full year and records a quarterly tax provision in accordance with the anticipated annual rate. The effective rate for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was 37.1% and 37.7%, respectively, and differed from the Company's statutory rate primarily due to state income taxes, the non-deductibility of certain permanent tax items, such as incentive stock compensation expense, offset in part by the benefit of the domestic production activities deduction on its federal tax return, which net effect increased the overall effective tax rate.

	Current	Deferred	Total
Three months ended March 31, 2010:			
U.S. Federal	\$2,924	\$(111) \$2,813
State and local	6	2	8
	\$2,930	\$(109) \$2,821
Three months ended March 31, 2009:			
U.S. Federal	\$2,851	\$(438) \$2,413
State and local	184	33	217
	\$3,035	\$(405) \$2,630

The Company does not believe that its uncertain tax positions will significantly change due to the settlement and expiration of statutes of limitations prior to March 31, 2011.

- 12 -

11. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and the effect of all dilutive common stock equivalents during each period.

The following table reconciles the denominators used in the computations of both basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended March 31	
	2010	2009
Basic:		
Weighted average shares outstanding	26,862,933	21,565,720
Diluted:		
Total basic weighted average shares outstanding	26,862,933	21,565,720
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Common stock options	354,726	334,444
Total weighted average shares outstanding assuming dilution	27,217,659	21,900,164
Anti-dilutive stock options	261,813	579,769
Shares of common stock issued from the exercise of stock options	28,318	

12. Stock-Based Compensation

The Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the administration of the Company's two stock incentive plans. In general, the plans provide for grants of restricted stock and stock options to be issued with a per-share price equal to the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant. Option terms are specified at each grant date, but generally are 10 years. Options generally vest over a three to five year period. Total shares of common stock that may be delivered under the LTIP and the 2005 Plan may not exceed 2,943,946.

For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, compensation expense related to stock options outstanding for the periods was \$770,000 and \$351,000, respectively. In March 2010, the Company granted options to purchase 3,879 shares of common stock and used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of stock-based awards. The option awards granted in March 2010 used the following assumptions:

Expected life of options	3 years
Expected volatility	62.8%
Risk-free interest rate	1.49%
Dividend yield	0.0%
Grant date fair value	\$7.53

In March 2010, 3,539 shares of common stock were granted to certain employees of the Company. These shares are restricted from sale until vesting requirements are fulfilled, which vesting is over a period of three years from the date of grant. Compensation expense to be recorded over the three year vesting period is approximately \$63,000.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company received proceeds of approximately \$321,000 from the exercise of 28,318 stock options.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Company is a party to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. These actions typically seek, among other things, compensation for alleged personal injury, breach of contract, property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties or other losses, or injunctive or declaratory relief. With respect to such lawsuits, the Company accrues reserves when it is probable a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company does not believe any of these proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material adverse effect on results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

The Company was named as one of a substantial number of defendants in numerous individual claims and lawsuits brought by the residents and landowners of New Orleans, Louisiana and surrounding areas in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana. These suits have been classified as a subcategory of suits under the more expansive proceeding, In re Canal Breaches Consolidation Litigation, Civil Action No: 05-4182, (E.D. La,), which was instituted in late 2005. While not technically class actions, the individual claims and lawsuits are being prosecuted in a manner similar to that employed for federal class actions. The claims are based on flooding and related damage from Hurricane Katrina. In general, the claimants state that the flooding and related damage resulted from the failure of certain aspects of the levee system constructed by the Corps of Engineers, and the claimants seek recovery of alleged general and special damages. The Corps of Engineers has contracted with various private dredging companies, including us, to perform maintenance dredging of the waterways. In accordance with a decision (In re Canal Breaches Consolidation Litigation, Civil Action No: 05-4182, "Order and Reasons," March 9, 2007 (E.D. La, 2007)), we believe that we have no liability under these claims unless we deviated from our contracted scope of work on a project. In June of 2007, however, the plaintiffs filed two separate appeals of this decision to the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, where on November 25, 2009 a portion of the decision of the trial court was affirmed. The other portion, for claims in Limitation Actions, remains pending.

14. Enterprise Wide Disclosures

The Company is a heavy civil contractor specializing in marine construction, and operates as a single segment, as each project has similar characteristics, includes similar services, has similar types of customers and is subject to the same regulatory environment. The Company organizes and evaluates its financial information around each project when making operating decisions and assessing its overall performance.

The following table represents concentrations of revenue by type of customer for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Three months ended March 31,

		Three mon	ths ended March 3	1,	
	2010	%	2009	%	
Federal	\$27,876	37	% \$13,172	19	%
State	7,280	10	% 8,907	13	%
Local	12,924	17	% 11,451	16	%
Private	27,476	36	% 36,510	52	%
	\$75,556	100	% \$70,040	100	%

Revenues generated from projects located in the Caribbean Basin totaled 7% and 15.6% of total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The Company's long-lived assets are substantially located in the United States.

15. Subsidiary Guarantors

The Company filed a registration statement on Form S-3 which became effective August 7, 2009, and registered certain securities described therein, including debt securities, which may be guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries and are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933. Orion Marine Group, Inc., as the parent company, has no independent assets or operations. The Company contemplates that if it offers guaranteed debt securities pursuant to the registration statement, all guarantees will be full and unconditional and joint and several, and any subsidiaries of the Company other than the subsidiary guarantors will be minor. In addition, there are no restrictions on the ability of Orion Marine Group, Inc. to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan. Finally, there are no restricted assets in any subsidiaries.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this quarterly report to "Orion," "the company," "we," "our," or "us" a to Orion Marine Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

Certain information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including but not limited to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A"), may constitute forward-looking statements as such term is defined within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

All statements other than statements of historical facts, including those that express a belief, expectation, or intention are forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements may include projections and estimates concerning the timing and success of specific projects and our future production, revenues, income and capital spending. Our forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "believe," "expect "anticipate," "potential," "plan," "goal" or other words that convey the uncertainty of future events or outcomes.

We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and assumptions about future events. While our management considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks, contingencies and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. These and other important factors, including those described under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 ("2009 Form 10-K") may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q speak only as of the date of this report; we disclaim any obligation to update these statements unless required by securities law, and we caution you not to rely on them unduly.

MD&A provides a narrative analysis explaining the reasons for material changes in the Company's (i) financial condition since the most recent fiscal year-end, and (ii) results of operations during the current fiscal year-to-date period and current fiscal quarter as compared to the corresponding periods of the preceding fiscal year. In order to better understand such changes, this MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's fiscal 2008 audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in its 2009 Form 10-K, Item 7 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our 2009 Form 10-K and with our unaudited financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Overview

We are a leading marine specialty contractor serving the heavy civil marine infrastructure market. We provide a broad range of marine construction and specialty services on, over and under the water along the Gulf Coast, the Atlantic Seaboard, the West Coast, Canada, and the Caribbean Basin. Our customers include federal, state and municipal governments, the combination of which accounted for approximately 64% of our revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2010, as well as private commercial and industrial enterprises. We are headquartered in Houston, Texas.

Our contracts are obtained primarily through competitive bidding in response to "requests for proposals" by federal, state and local agencies and through negotiation with private parties. Our bidding activity is affected by such factors as backlog, current utilization of equipment and other resources, ability to obtain necessary surety bonds and competitive considerations. The timing and location of awarded contracts may result in unpredictable fluctuations in

the results of our operations.

- 15 -

Most of our revenue is derived from fixed-price contracts. There are a number of factors that can create variability in contract performance and therefore impact the results of our operations. The most significant of these include the following:

- completeness and accuracy of the original bid;
- increases in commodity prices such as concrete, steel and fuel;
 - customer delays and work stoppages due to weather and environmental restrictions;
 - availability and skill level of workers; and
 - a change in availability and proximity of equipment and materials.

All of these factors can impose inefficiencies on contract performance, which can impact the timing of revenue recognition and contract profitability. We plan our operations and bidding activity with these factors in mind and they have not had a material adverse impact on the results of our operations in the past.

Recent Developments. During the first quarter of 2010, we continued to execute our growth strategy through the acquisition of Texas-based TW LaQuay Dredging, LLC ("TWLD"), a specialty dredging service provider that focuses on near shore dredging projects, and we established a base to serve the Pacific Northwest and West Coast through the purchase of marine equipment, including derrick barges, cranes, hammers and ancillary items. These acquisitions, along with our continued investment in specialized equipment to enhance our lift capabilities and expand our fleet, were funded with the proceeds generated from our common stock offering in 2009.

Outlook. We continue to see good bidding opportunities in our end markets. Sources of bid opportunities available to us include:

- Gulf Coast and Southeast Atlantic ports, which are expected to continue with expansion plans and rehabilitation projects.
- Bridge maintenance, alterations, and construction, which should be a priority for states, with funding from highway transportation programs.
 - Bid activity and funding from the US Army Corps of Engineers.
 - Opportunities with regard to hurricane protection and coastal restoration.

Our focus in 2010 will be to concentrate on our core business objectives; to manage our business effectively and efficiently; to pursue rational growth strategies while closely monitoring the costs of our operations; and to maintain our strong balance sheet.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Three months ended March 31, 2010 compared with three months ended March 31, 2009

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2010		2009		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Contract revenues	\$75,556	100.0	% \$70,040	100.0	%
Cost of contract revenues	59,960	79.4	55,766	79.6	
Gross profit	15,596	20.6	14,274	20.4	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10,188	13.5	7,199	10.3	
Operating income	5,408	7.2	7,075	10.1	
Other (income) expense					
Other income	(2,176) (2.9)	0.0	
Interest (income)	(24) (0.1) (103) (0.1)
Interest expense	6	0.0	206	0.2	

Other (income) expense, net	(2,194) (2.9) 103	0.1	
Income before income taxes	7,602	10.1	6,972	10.0	
Income tax expense	2,821	3.7	2,630	3.8	
Net income	\$4,781	6.3	% \$4,342	6.2	%

- 16 -

Contract Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2010 increased approximately 7.9% as compared with the same period last year, and was attributable, in part, to the integration of the TWLD assets and personnel into the Company. Contract revenue generated from public agencies, including the US Corps of Engineers, represented 64% of total revenues in the first quarter of 2010, a shift toward the public sector as compared with 48% of publicly funded projects in the prior year period. Revenue generated from projects in the Caribbean Basin represented 7% of total revenue, as compared with 16% in the first quarter of 2009, which primarily consisted of construction of a cruise pier in Haiti.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased approximately \$1.3 million, or 9.3%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared with the corresponding period last year. The improvement in gross profit was due primarily to the increase in revenues. Gross margin for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was 20.6%, slightly above 20.4% in the prior year period. We achieved an improvement in gross margin related to project execution and performance despite a reduction in our contract self-performance rate to 85.1% of costs, as compared with a 95% self-performance rate in the first quarter of 2009.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense. Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") increased approximately \$3.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared with the first quarter of 2009. Costs related to the acquisitions in the first quarter of 2010 totaled approximately \$1.7 million. Outside these acquisition related expenses, SG&A increased due to additional overheads to support our business growth.

Other Income, net of Other Expense. The Company recognized a gain of approximately \$2.2 million on the preliminary valuation of the bargain purchase of assets acquired in February, 2010.

Income Tax Expense Our effective rate for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was 37.1% and 37.7%, respectively, and differed from the Company's statutory rate of 35% primarily due to state income taxes and the non-deductibility of certain permanent tax items, such as incentive stock compensation expense, offset in part by the benefit of the domestic production activities deduction on our federal tax return, which net effect increased our overall effective tax rate.

- 17 -

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary liquidity needs are to finance our working capital, invest in capital expenditures, and pursue strategic acquisitions. Historically, our source of liquidity has been cash provided by our operating activities and borrowings under our credit facility.

Our working capital position fluctuates from period to period due to normal increases and decreases in operational activity. At March 31, 2010, our working capital was \$57.9 million. This compares with \$130.8 million at December 31, 2009, of which \$55.3 million was related to the balance of the proceeds received from the sale of common stock in August 2009. The decrease was due to funds used in the acquisition of TWLD and to the purchase of marine construction assets in the Pacific Northwest, which were funded entirely through cash on hand. As of March 31, 2010, we had cash on hand and availability under our revolving credit facility of \$30.4 million.

We expect to meet our future internal liquidity and working capital needs, and maintain our equipment fleet through capital expenditure purchases and major repairs, from funds generated in our operating activities for at least the next 12 months. We believe our cash position, combined with the capacity available under our revolving credit facility, is adequate for our general business requirements.

The following table provides information regarding our cash flows and capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2010 2009	
Cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities	\$(4,608) \$18,932	
Cash flows used in investing activities	\$(77,694) \$(2,124))
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	\$337 \$(875)

Operating Activities. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, our operations used approximately \$4.6 million in cash, which resulted primarily from payments to vendors for large material purchases, which could not be correspondingly billed to customers until installation is complete, and is related to the mix of contracts in progress. In addition, we increased our inventory of spare parts on hand to support our equipment fleet. Changes in non-cash items included an increase in non-cash stock-based compensation related to grants in 2009, offset by the gain on the fair value in excess of the purchase price of assets acquired during the period.

Investing Activities. In January 2010, we purchased the membership interest of TWLD for \$60.0 million with an additional \$4.0 million held in escrow, all or part of which is payable to the seller as a result of an increase in the purchase price by the amount of any additional taxes arising from the allocation of the purchase price in accordance with U.S. Internal Revenue Code. In February 2010, we purchased marine equipment totaling approximately \$7.0 million. In addition, we added to our capital assets by approximately \$7.1 million to enhance our lift capabilities and expand our fleet.

Financing Activities. In the three months ended March 31, 2010, we received proceeds from stock option exercises, including related tax benefits of \$337,000. In the three months ended March 31, 2009, we paid down our principal balances on our credit facility.

Sources of Capital

The Company has a credit facility with several participating banks. In August 2009, the Company repaid the outstanding balance on the credit facility of \$29.9 million from proceeds received from its offering of common stock. The Company has available to borrow up to \$8.5 million under a revolving line of credit. All provisions under the credit facility mature on September 30, 2010.

The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base and availability on the revolving line of credit is reduced by any outstanding letters of credit. At March 31, 2010, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$910,000, thus reducing the balance available to the Company on the revolving line of credit to approximately \$7.6 million. The Company is subject to a monthly commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving line of credit at a current rate of 0.20% of the unused balance. As of March 31, 2010, no amounts had been drawn under the revolving line of credit.

The credit facility is secured by the bank accounts, accounts receivable, inventory, equipment and other assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and places restrictions on the Company as to its ability to incur additional debt, pay dividends, advance loans, and engage in other actions. The credit facility also requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios as follows:

- A minimum net worth in the amount of not less than the sum of \$40.0 million plus 50% of consolidated net income earned in each fiscal quarter ended after December 31, 2006 plus adjustments for certain equity transactions;
 - A minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.30 to 1.0 as of each fiscal quarter end; and
 - A total leverage ratio not greater than 3.0 to 1.0 as of each fiscal quarter end.

At March 31, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all its financial covenants with a sufficient margin as to not impair its ability to incur additional debt or violate the terms of its credit facility. Historically, the Company has not relied on debt financing to fund its operations or working capital.

The Company is in negotiations to renew its credit facility prior to the September 30, 2010 expiration.

- 19 -

Bonding Capacity

We are generally required to provide various types of surety bonds that provide additional security to our customers for our performance under certain government and private sector contracts. Our ability to obtain surety bonds depends on our capitalization, working capital, past performance and external factors, including the capacity of the overall surety market. At March 31, 2010, we believe our capacity under our current bonding arrangement with Liberty Mutual was in excess of \$400 million, of which we had approximately \$125 million in surety bonds outstanding. During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, approximately 48% of projects, measured by revenue, required us to post a bond.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial position, results of operations or capital resources.

Inflation

Inflation historically has not had a material effect on our financial position or results of operations. Due to the short-term duration of our contracts, we are generally able to include anticipated price increases in the cost of our bids.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We do not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading, speculation or other purposes that would expose the Company to market risk. In the normal course of business, our results of operations are subject to risks related to fluctuation in commodity prices and fluctuations in interest rates.

Commodity price risk

We are subject to fluctuations in commodity prices for concrete, steel products and fuel. Although we attempt to secure firm quotes from our suppliers, we generally do not hedge against increases in prices for concrete, steel and fuel. Commodity price risks may have an impact on our results of operations due to the fixed-price nature of many of our contracts, although the short-term duration of our projects may allow us to include price increases in the costs of our bids.

Interest rate risk

At March 31, 2010, we had no borrowings under our revolving credit facility or line of credit. Our credit facility expires in September 2010. Our objectives in managing interest rate risk are to lower our overall borrowing costs and limit interest rate changes on our earnings and cash flows. To achieve this, we closely monitor changes in interest rates and we utilize cash from operations to reduce our debt position.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

- (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As required, the Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, such officers have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls. There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II – Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information about litigation involving us, see Note 13 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I of this report, which we incorporate by reference into this Item 1of Part II.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2009 Form 10-K

Item 6.	Exhibits	
Exhibit		
Number		Description
2	.2	Purchase Agreement dated January 28, 2010 by and among LaQuay Holdings., Inc and Seagull Services Inc. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 2, 2010)
3	.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Orion Marine Group, Inc.
3	.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Orion Marine Group, Inc.
4	.1	Registration Rights Agreement between Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc. and Orion Marine Group, Inc. dated May 17, 2007

- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- 32 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ORION MARINE GROUP, INC.

May 10, 2010

By:/s/ J. Michael Pearson J. Michael Pearson President and Chief Executive Officer

May 10, 2010

By:/s/ Mark R. Stauffer Mark R. Stauffer Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer