AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LTD Form 10-Q October 27, 2016 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 001-31721

AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**BERMUDA** 

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0395986

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

92 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke, Bermuda HM 08

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(441) 496-2600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  $\,^{\circ}\,$  Non-accelerated filer  $\,^{\circ}\,$  Smaller reporting company  $\,^{\circ}\,$  Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  $\,^{\circ}\,$  No  $\,$ x

As of October 19, 2016, there were 88,445,095 Common Shares, \$0.0125 par value per share, of the registrant outstanding.

### Table of Contents

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

|          |   | Page      |
|----------|---|-----------|
|          | PART I  |           |
|          | Financial Information   | <u>3</u>  |
| Item 1.  | Consolidated Financial Statements   | <u>4</u>  |
| Item 2.  | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | <u>42</u> |
| Item 3.  | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk                            | <u>74</u> |
| Item 4.  | Controls and Procedures   | <u>74</u> |
|          | PART II   |           |
|          | Other Information   | <u>75</u> |
| Item 1.  | <u>Legal Proceedings</u>  | <u>75</u> |
| Item 1A. | Risk Factors  | <u>75</u> |
| Item 2.  | <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>                    | <u>76</u> |
| Item 5.  | Other Information   | <u>76</u> |
| Item 6.  | <u>Exhibits</u>   | <u>77</u> |
|          | <u>Signatures</u>   | <u>78</u> |
|          |   |           |

### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements in the United States securities laws. In some cases, these statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may", "should", "could", "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "plan", "believe", "predict", "potential" and "inter Forward-looking statements contained in this report may include information regarding our estimates of losses related to catastrophes and other large losses, measurements of potential losses in the fair value of our investment portfolio and derivative contracts, our expectations regarding pricing and other market conditions, our growth prospects, and valuations of the potential impact of movements in interest rates, equity prices, credit spreads and foreign currency rates. Forward-looking statements only reflect our expectations and are not guarantees of performance.

These statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in such statements. We believe that these factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

the occurrence and magnitude of natural and man-made disasters,

actual claims exceeding our loss reserves,

general economic, capital and credit market conditions,

the failure of any of the loss limitation methods we employ,

the effects of emerging claims, coverage and regulatory issues, including uncertainty related to coverage definitions, limits, terms and conditions,

the failure of our cedants to adequately evaluate risks,

inability to obtain additional capital on favorable terms, or at all,

the loss of one or more key executives,

a decline in our ratings with rating agencies,

loss of business provided to us by our major brokers,

changes in accounting policies or practices,

the use of industry catastrophe models and changes to these models,

changes in governmental regulations,

increased competition,

changes in the political environment of certain countries in which we operate or underwrite business including the United Kingdom's expected withdrawal from the European Union,

fluctuations in interest rates, credit spreads, equity prices and/or currency values, and

the other matters set forth under Item 1A, 'Risk Factors' and Item 7, 'Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

|  | Page           |
|--|----------------|
| Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2016 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2015  | <u>5</u>       |
| Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited)            | <u>6</u>       |
| Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited)  | 7              |
| Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) | d <u>8</u>     |
| Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited)                      | 9              |
| Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)   | <u>10</u>      |
| Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies   | <u>10</u>      |
| Note 2 - Segment Information   | <u>12</u>      |
| Note 3 - Investments   | <u>14</u>      |
| Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements   | <u>22</u>      |
| Note 5 - Derivative Instruments  | <u>32</u>      |
| Note 6 - Reserve for Losses and Loss Expenses  | 22<br>32<br>35 |
| Note 7 - Share-Based Compensation  | <u>36</u>      |
| Note 8 - Earnings Per Common Share   | <u>38</u>      |
| Note 9 - Shareholders' Equity  | <u>39</u>      |
| Note 10 - Commitments and Contingencies  | <u>40</u>      |
| Note 11 - Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)  | <u>41</u>      |
| Note 12 - Subsequent Event   | <u>42</u>      |

### AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2015

|   | 2016 (in thousands) | 2015         |
|---|---------------------|--------------|
| Assets  |                     |              |
| Investments:  |                     |              |
| Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value                   | \$11,566,860        | \$11,719,749 |
| (Amortized cost 2016: \$11,462,399; 2015: \$11,897,639)               | ψ11,500,000         | Ψ11,/12,/42  |
| Equity securities, available for sale, at fair value                  | 644,344             | 597,998      |
| (Cost 2016: \$600,604; 2015: \$575,776)                               | 044,544             | 371,770      |
| Mortgage loans, held for investment, at amortized cost and fair value | 332,753             | 206,277      |
| Other investments, at fair value                                      | 847,262             | 816,756      |
| Equity method investments   | 111,295             | 10,932       |
| Short-term investments, at amortized cost and fair value              | 39,877              | 34,406       |
| Total investments   | 13,542,391          | 13,386,118   |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 848,200             | 988,133      |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents                                  | 229,063             | 186,618      |
| Accrued interest receivable   | 71,096              | 73,729       |
| Insurance and reinsurance premium balances receivable                 | 2,694,976           | 1,967,535    |
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid and paid losses                     | 2,336,741           | 2,096,104    |
| Deferred acquisition costs  | 545,618             | 471,782      |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums  | 582,551             | 396,201      |
| Receivable for investments sold                                       | 2,285               | 26,478       |
| Goodwill and intangible assets  | 85,501              | 86,858       |
| Other assets  | 283,969             | 302,335      |
| Total assets  | \$21,222,391        | \$19,981,891 |
| Liabilities   |                     |              |
| Reserve for losses and loss expenses                                  | \$9,874,807         | \$9,646,285  |
| Unearned premiums   | 3,453,655           | 2,760,889    |
| Insurance and reinsurance balances payable                            | 461,519             | 356,417      |
| Senior notes  | 992,633             | 991,825      |
| Payable for investments purchased                                     | 141,245             | 9,356        |
| Other liabilities   | 272,874             | 350,237      |
| Total liabilities   | 15,196,733          | 14,115,009   |
| Shareholders' equity  |                     |              |
| Preferred shares  | 625,000             | 627,843      |
| Common shares (2016: 176,575; 2015: 176,240 shares issued and         | 2,206               | 2,202        |
| 2016: 88,439; 2015: 96,066 shares outstanding)                        | ۷,۷00               | ∠,∠U∠        |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 2,307,866           | 2,241,388    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)                         | 98,505              | (188,465)    |
| Retained earnings   | 6,430,573           | 6,194,353    |
| Treasury shares, at cost (2016: 88,136; 2015: 80,174 shares)          | (3,438,492)         | (3,010,439)  |
| Total shareholders' equity  | 6,025,658           | 5,866,882    |

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

\$21,222,391 \$19,981,891

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

|  | Three mor 2016 (in thousand | 2015        | Nine months<br>2016<br>for per share a | 2015        |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------|
| Revenues   |                             |             |  |             |
| Net premiums earned  | \$934,415                   | \$919,341   | \$2,783,746                            | \$2,764,605 |
| Net investment income  | 116,923                     | 45,685      | 257,818                                | 226,336     |
| Other insurance related income                                     | 5,944                       | 1,158       | 4,850                                  | 12,319      |
| Termination fee received   |                             | 280,000     | _                                      | 280,000     |
| Net realized investment gains (losses):                            |                             |             |  |             |
| Other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") losses                    | (4,247                      | (32,301)    | (20,346                                | (62,762)    |
| Other realized investment gains (losses)                           | 9,452                       | (37,656)    | (19,949                                | (60,856)    |
| Total net realized investment gains (losses)                       | 5,205                       | (69,957)    | (40,295                                | (123,618)   |
| Total revenues   | 1,062,487                   | 1,176,227   | 3,006,119                              | 3,159,642   |
| Expenses   |                             |             |  |             |
| Net losses and loss expenses                                       | 532,328                     | 560,387     | 1,663,584                              | 1,652,868   |
| Acquisition costs  | 189,810                     | 182,744     | 559,570                                | 537,549     |
| General and administrative expenses                                | 142,906                     | 144,727     | 439,554                                | 456,451     |
| Foreign exchange gains   |                             |             |  | (69,200)    |
| Interest expense and financing costs                               | 12,839                      | 12,918      | 38,586                                 | 38,114      |
| Reorganization and related expenses                                | 12,039                      | 45,867      |  | 45,867      |
| Total expenses   | —<br>864,088                | 918,555     | 2,631,513                              | 2,661,649   |
| Total expenses   | 004,000                     | 910,333     | 2,031,313                              | 2,001,049   |
| Income before income taxes and interest in income (loss) of equity | 198,399                     | 257,672     | 374,606                                | 497,993     |
| method investments   | 190,399                     | 231,012     | 374,000                                | 471,773     |
| Income tax expense   | 9,352                       | 30          | 7,712                                  | 1,155       |
| Interest in loss of equity method investments                      |                             | <del></del> |  | ) —         |
| Net income   | 186,613                     | 257,642     | 364,460                                | 496,838     |
| Preferred share dividends  | 9,969                       | 10,022      | 29,906                                 | 30,066      |
| Net income available to common shareholders                        | \$176,644                   | \$247,620   | \$334,554                              | \$466,772   |
| Per share data   |                             |             |  |             |
| Net income per common share:                                       |                             |             |  |             |
| Basic net income   | \$1.97                      | \$2.52      | \$3.64                                 | \$4.69      |
| Diluted net income   | \$1.96                      | \$2.50      | \$3.61                                 | \$4.65      |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic       | 89,621                      | 98,226      | 91,852                                 | 99,464      |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted     | 90,351                      | 99,124      | 92,579                                 | 100,468     |
| Cash dividends declared per common share                           | \$0.35                      | \$0.29      | \$1.05                                 | \$0.87      |

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

|   | Three mon   | ths ended | Nine mon  | ths ended |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|   | 2016        | 2015      | 2016      | 2015      |
|   | (in thousar | ıds)      |           |           |
| Net income  | \$186,613   | \$257,642 | \$364,460 | \$496,838 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:                            |             |           |           |           |
| Available for sale investments:   |             |           |           |           |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising during the period            | 36,336      | (99,711)  | 238,656   | (176,938) |
| Adjustment for reclassification of net realized investment gains (losses) | (2,642)     | 74,810    | 42,620    | 128,770   |
| and OTTI losses recognized in net income                                  | (2,042 )    | 74,010    | 72,020    | 120,770   |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising during the period, net of    | 33,694      | (24.901)  | 281,276   | (48,168)  |
| reclassification adjustment   | 33,074      | (24,501 ) | 201,270   | (40,100 ) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment                                   | 1,722       | (14,626 ) | 5,694     | (23,851)  |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax                       | 35,416      | (39,527)  | 286,970   | (72,019 ) |
| Comprehensive income  | \$222,029   | \$218,115 | \$651,430 | \$424,819 |

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

| Preferred shares  | 2016 (in thousand |   | 2015         |   |
|---|-------------------|---|--------------|---|
| Balance at beginning of period  | \$627,843         |   | \$627,843    |   |
| Shares repurchased  | •                 | ` | \$027,043    |   |
| •   | (2,843            | ) | —<br>(27.942 |   |
| Balance at end of period  | 625,000           |   | 627,843      |   |
| Common shares (par value)   |                   |   |              |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | 2,202             |   | 2,191        |   |
| Shares issued   | 4                 |   | 11           |   |
| Balance at end of period  | 2,206             |   | 2,202        |   |
| Additional paid-in capital  |                   |   |              |   |
| •   | 2 241 200         |   | 2 205 016    |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | 2,241,388         |   | 2,285,016    |   |
| Shares issued - common shares   | •                 | - | 2,472        | , |
| Cost of treasury shares reissued  |                   | - |              | ) |
| Settlement of accelerated share repurchase  | 60,000            |   | (60,000      | ) |
| Stock options exercised   |                   |   | 558          |   |
| Share-based compensation expense  | 26,129            |   | 19,906       |   |
| Balance at end of period  | 2,307,866         |   | 2,230,278    |   |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)   |                   |   |              |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | (188,465          | ) | (45,574      | ) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale investments, net of tax:                |                   |   |              |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | (149,585          | ) | (28,192      | ) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period, net of reclassification adjustment | 281,276           | - | (48,168      | ) |
| Non-credit portion of OTTI losses   | 201,270           |   | (40,100      | , |
| Balance at end of period  | —<br>131,691      |   | (76,360      | ` |
| *   | 131,091           |   | (70,300      | ) |
| Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax:                        | (20,000           | , | (17.202      | ` |
| Balance at beginning of period  |                   |   | (17,382      | ) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments  | 5,694             |   |              | ) |
| Balance at end of period  |                   |   | (41,233      | ) |
| Balance at end of period  | 98,505            |   | (117,593     | ) |
| Retained earnings   |                   |   |              |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | 6,194,353         |   | 5,715,504    |   |
| Net income  | 364,460           |   | 496,838      |   |
| Preferred share dividends   | •                 |   | (30,066      | ) |
| Common share dividends  | •                 | - | (88,379      | ) |
| Balance at end of period  | 6,430,573         | - | 6,093,897    | , |
| barance at end of period  | 0,430,373         |   | 0,093,097    |   |
| Treasury shares, at cost  | (2.040.15         |   | (A = C= 0==  |   |
| Balance at beginning of period  | (3,010,439        | - |              | ) |
| Shares repurchased for treasury   | (449,086          | ) | (264,076     | ) |
|   |                   |   |              |   |

Cost of treasury shares reissued 21,033 17,674
Balance at end of period (3,438,492) (3,010,261)

Total shareholders' equity \$6,025,658 \$5,826,366

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

| AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015 |                           |         |   |          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------|---------|---|----------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | 2016                      | anda)   |   | 2015     |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash flaves from  | (in thousands) flows from |         |   |          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| operating activities:<br>Net income   | \$                        | 364,460 |   | \$       | 496,838 |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income   |                           |         |   |          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to net cash provided b  | <b>3</b> 7                |         |   |          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| operating activities:   | У                         |         |   |          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net realized investment losses Net realized and   | 40,295                    |         |   | 123,618  |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| unrealized gains on other investments   | (23,117                   |         | ) | (17,616  |         | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amortization of fixed maturities  | 51,660                    |         |   | 75,645   |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest in loss of equity method investments   | 2,434                     |         |   | _        |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other amortization and depreciation   | d <sub>17,370</sub>       |         |   | 26,219   |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Share-based compensation expense net of cash payments Changes in:   | 2,28,580                  |         |   | 25,435   |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued interest receivable   | 3,286                     |         |   | 7,128    |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reinsurance recoverable balances  | (163,212                  |         | ) | (158,362 | ,       | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deferred acquisition costs  | (73,759                   |         | ) | (77,348  |         | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums  | (184,648                  |         | ) | (69,016  |         | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reserve for loss and loss expenses  | 216,828                   |         |   | 212,066  |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unearned premiums Insurance and   | 682,686                   |         |   | 380,610  |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reinsurance balances, net   | (623,170                  |         | ) | (330,128 |         | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other items   | (74,383                   |         | ) | 7,841    |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 265,310                   |         |   | 702,930  |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Cash flows from investing activities:               |                     |   |              |   |
|---|---------------------|---|--------------|---|
| Purchases of:                                       |                     |   |              |   |
| Fixed maturities                                    | (6,624,573          | ) | (8,110,841   | ) |
| Equity securities                                   | (295,827            | ) | (240,415     | ) |
| Mortgage loans                                      | (131,087            | ) | (129,431     | ) |
| Other investments                                   | (177,500            | ) | (61,591      | ) |
| Equity method investments                           | (103,548            | ) | <del>-</del> | ŕ |
| Short-term investments                              | (81,479             | ) | (34,147      | ) |
| Proceeds from the sale of:                          | e                   |   |              |   |
| Fixed maturities                                    | 6,067,663           |   | 6,797,585    |   |
| Equity securities                                   | 296,182             |   | 112,794      |   |
| Other investments                                   | 170,111             |   | 244,353      |   |
| Short-term  |                     |   |              |   |
| investments   | 67,408              |   | 112,694      |   |
| Proceeds from                                       |                     |   |              |   |
| redemption of fixed maturities                      | 977,852             |   | 1,107,175    |   |
| Proceeds from redemption of short-term investment   | 8,185<br>ts         |   | 22,337       |   |
| Proceeds from the                                   |                     |   |              |   |
| repayment of mortgag<br>loans                       | ge <sub>4,808</sub> |   | _            |   |
| Purchase of other assets                            | (19,055             | ) | (18,401      | ) |
| Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents      | (42,445             | ) | 27,996       |   |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 116,695             |   | (169,892     | ) |
| Cash flows from financing activities:               |                     |   |              |   |
| Repurchase of common shares                         | (389,086            | ) | (332,097     | ) |
| Dividends paid -<br>common shares                   | (100,670            | ) | (89,611      | ) |
| Dividends paid - preferred shares                   | (29,940             | ) | (30,066      | ) |
| Repurchase of preferred shares                      | (2,843              | ) | _            |   |
| Proceeds from issuance of common shares             | 8                   |   | 3,042        |   |
|   | (522,531            | ) | (448,732     | ) |

Net cash used in financing activities

Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash and cash 593 (13,883 ) equivalents Increase (decrease) in cash and cash (139,933 ) 70,423 equivalents Cash and cash equivalents -988,133 921,830 beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents - end of \$ 848,200 992,253 period

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Total consideration paid for a quota share and adverse development reinsurance cover was \$170 million of which \$92 million was settled by transfer of securities and was treated as a non cash activity on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

<u>Table of Contents</u>
AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Presentation**

These interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AXIS Capital Holdings Limited ("AXIS Capital") and its subsidiaries (herein referred to as "we," "us," "our," or the "Company").

The consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2016 and the consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 have not been audited. The balance sheet at December 31, 2015 is derived from our audited financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The following information should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. Tabular dollar and share amounts are in thousands, except per share amounts. All amounts are reported in U.S. dollars. To facilitate comparison of information across periods, certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts to conform to the current year's presentation. These reclassifications did not impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

### Significant Accounting Policies

There were no notable changes in our significant accounting policies subsequent to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, with the exception of the addition of accounting policies for equity method investments and retroactive accounting noted below.

### **Equity Method Investments**

Investments in which the Company has significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee are classified as equity method investments and are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. In applying the equity method of accounting, investments are initially recorded at cost and are subsequently adjusted based on the Company's proportionate share of net income or loss of the investee. Adjustments are based on the most recently available financial information from the investee. Changes in the carrying value of such investments are recorded in net income as interest in income (loss) of equity method investments.

### Retroactive Reinsurance

Retroactive reinsurance reimburses a ceding company for liabilities incurred as a result of past insurable events covered under contracts subject to the reinsurance. In certain instances, reinsurance contracts cover losses both on a

prospective basis and on a retroactive basis and where practical the Company bifurcates the prospective and retrospective elements of these reinsurance contracts and accounts for each element separately. Initial gains in connection with retroactive reinsurance contracts are deferred and amortized into income over the settlement period while losses are recognized immediately. When changes in the estimated amount recoverable from the reinsurer or in the timing of receipts related to that amount occur, a cumulative amortization adjustment is recognized in earnings in the period of the change so that the deferred gain reflects the balance that would have existed had the revised estimate been available at the inception of the reinsurance transaction.

New Accounting Standards Adopted in 2016

### **Share-Based Compensation**

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company adopted the Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-12, "Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period" issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). This guidance requires that compensation costs be recognized in the period in which it becomes probable that the performance target will be achieved and to represent the compensation cost attributable to the period(s) for which the requisite service has already been rendered. This guidance was issued to clarify treatment where there was a divergence in accounting practice and its adoption did not impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" issued by the FASB. This guidance requires the debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. This guidance was issued to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs and to resolve conflicting guidance. This guidance did not impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

Investments Measured Using The Net Asset Value Per Share ("NAV") Practical Expedient

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-07, "Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or its Equivalent)" issued by the FASB. This guidance eliminated the requirement to categorize investments measured using the net asset value ("NAV") practical expedient in the fair value hierarchy table. As this new guidance related solely to disclosures, the adoption did not impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity. The updated disclosures have been provided in Note 4 'Fair Value Measurements'.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

#### Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance that provides a new comprehensive model for lease accounting. The guidance will require most leases to be recognized on the balance sheet by recording a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

### Transition To Equity Method Of Accounting

In March 2016, the FASB issued new guidance eliminating the requirement that an investor retrospectively apply equity method accounting when an existing investment qualifies for equity method accounting. The guidance is

effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. The guidance will be adopted on a prospective basis. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to materially impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

### **Share-Based Compensation Accounting**

In March 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that will change the accounting for certain aspects of share-based compensation payments to employees. The guidance will require all income tax effects of awards to be recognized in the income statement when the awards vest or are settled. The guidance will also allow employers to increase the amounts withheld to cover income taxes on

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

share-based compensation awards without requiring liability classification. Additionally, companies will be required to elect whether they will account for award forfeitures by recognizing forfeitures only as they occur or by estimating the number of awards expected to be forfeited. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

### Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB issued a new credit loss standard that changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. The guidance will replace the current "incurred loss" approach with a more forward looking "expected loss" model for instruments measured at amortized cost and will require entities to record allowances for available-for-sale debt securities rather than reduce the carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

#### Cash Flows

In August 2016, the FASB issued new guidance to clarify how certain cash receipts and cash payments should be classified on the statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to impact our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 2. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Our underwriting operations are organized around our global underwriting platforms, AXIS Insurance and AXIS Re. Therefore we have determined that we have two reportable segments, insurance and reinsurance. We do not allocate our assets by segment, with the exception of goodwill and intangible assets, as we evaluate the underwriting results of each segment separately from the results of our investment portfolio.

The following tables summarize the underwriting results of our reportable segments, as well as the carrying values of allocated goodwill and intangible assets:

|  | 2016   |   |  |    |   |   | 2015  |   |   |     |  |           |
|--|--|---|--|----|---|---|---|---|---|-----|--|-----------|
| Three months ended and at September 30,  | Insurance  |   | Reinsurano   | ce | Total   |   | Insurance   | ; | Reinsurar   | ıce | Total  |           |
| Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Other insurance related income Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Underwriting income  | \$675,430<br>433,131<br>444,691<br>39<br>(273,226)<br>(61,755)<br>(84,588)<br>\$25,161 | ) | \$284,532<br>162,300<br>489,724<br>5,905<br>(259,102)<br>(128,055)<br>(29,635)<br>\$78,837 | )  | \$959,962<br>595,431<br>934,415<br>5,944<br>(532,328<br>(189,810<br>(114,223<br>103,998 | ) | \$606,704<br>381,118<br>444,550<br>542<br>(283,272<br>(69,118<br>(85,814<br>\$6,888 | ) | \$329,879<br>296,099<br>474,791<br>616<br>(277,115<br>(113,626<br>(35,309<br>\$49,357 | )   | \$936,583<br>677,217<br>919,341<br>1,158<br>(560,387<br>(182,744<br>(121,123<br>56,245 | · )       |
| Corporate expenses Net investment income Net realized investment gains (losses) Foreign exchange gains Interest expense and financing costs Termination fee received Reorganization and related expenses Income before income taxes and interest in income (loss) of equity method investments |  |   |  |    | 116,923<br>5,205<br>13,795  | ) |   |   |   |     | (23,604<br>45,685<br>(69,957<br>28,088<br>(12,918<br>280,000<br>(45,867<br>\$257,672   | ) ) ) ) 2 |
| Net loss and loss expense ratio<br>Acquisition cost ratio  |  |   |  |    |   |   | 63.7<br>15.5  |   | 58.4<br>23.9  |     | 61.0<br>19.9   | %<br>%    |
| General and administrative expense ratio   | 19.1   | % | 6.1  | %  | 15.3  | % | 19.4  | % | 7.4   | %   | 15.7   | %         |
| Combined ratio   | 94.4   | % | 85.1   | %  | 92.6  | % | 98.6  | % | 89.7  | %   | 96.6   | %         |
| Goodwill and intangible assets   | \$85,501   |   | <b>\$</b> —  |    | \$85,501  |   | \$87,329  |   | \$—   |     | \$87,329   |           |

### Table of Contents

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 2. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

|   | 2016                                  |   |                                       |    |                                       |   | 2015                                  |   |                                       |    |                                       |    |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|
| Nine months ended and at September 30,  | Insurance                             |   | Reinsurano                            | ce | Total                                 |   | Insurance                             |   | Reinsurano                            | ce | Total                                 |    |
| Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned                               | \$2,112,796<br>1,433,058<br>1,322,649 |   | \$2,126,762<br>1,855,529<br>1,461,097 | 2  | \$4,239,558<br>3,288,587<br>2,783,746 | 3 | \$1,970,554<br>1,352,122<br>1,344,339 | 4 | \$1,833,374<br>1,727,185<br>1,420,266 | 4  | \$3,803,923<br>3,079,307<br>2,764,605 | 8  |
| Other insurance related income (loss)   | (57                                   | ) | 4,907                                 |    | 4,850                                 |   | 811                                   |   | 11,508                                |    | 12,319                                |    |
| Net losses and loss expense<br>Acquisition costs  | s(853,771<br>(184,982                 | ) | (809,813<br>(374,588                  | )  | (1,663,584<br>(559,570                | ) | (866,580<br>(200,493                  | ) | (786,288<br>(337,056                  | )  | (1,652,868<br>(537,549                | 3) |
| General and administrative expenses   | (252,652                              | ) | (99,980                               | )  | (352,632                              | ) | (261,924                              | ) | (110,701                              | )  | (372,625                              | )  |
| Underwriting income   | \$31,187                              |   | \$181,623                             |    | 212,810                               |   | \$16,153                              |   | \$197,729                             |    | 213,882                               |    |
| Corporate expenses Net investment income  |                                       |   |                                       |    | (86,922<br>257,818                    | ) |                                       |   |                                       |    | (83,826<br>226,336                    | )  |
| Net realized investment losses  |                                       |   |                                       |    | (40,295                               | ) |                                       |   |                                       |    | (123,618                              | )  |
| Foreign exchange gains  |                                       |   |                                       |    | 69,781                                |   |                                       |   |                                       |    | 69,200                                |    |
| Interest expense and financing costs  |                                       |   |                                       |    | (38,586                               | ) |                                       |   |                                       |    | (38,114                               | )  |
| Termination fee received  |                                       |   |                                       |    | _                                     |   |                                       |   |                                       |    | 280,000                               |    |
| Reorganization and related  |                                       |   |                                       |    | _                                     |   |                                       |   |                                       |    | (45,867                               | )  |
| expenses Income before income taxes and interest in income (loss of equity method investments |                                       |   |                                       |    | \$374,606                             |   |                                       |   |                                       |    | \$497,993                             |    |
| Net loss and loss expense ratio   | 64.6                                  | % | 55.4                                  | %  | 59.8                                  | % | 64.5                                  | % | 55.4                                  | %  | 59.8                                  | %  |
| Acquisition cost ratio  | 14.0                                  | % | 25.6                                  | %  | 20.1                                  | % | 14.9                                  | % | 23.7                                  | %  | 19.4                                  | %  |
| General and administrative expense ratio  | 19.0                                  | % | 6.9                                   | %  | 15.8                                  | % | 19.5                                  | % | 7.8                                   | %  | 16.5                                  | %  |
| Combined ratio  | 97.6                                  | % | 87.9                                  | %  | 95.7                                  | % | 98.9                                  | % | 86.9                                  | %  | 95.7                                  | %  |
| Goodwill and intangible assets  | \$85,501                              |   | <b>\$</b> —                           |    | \$85,501                              |   | \$87,329                              |   | <b>\$</b> —                           |    | \$87,329                              |    |

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS

### a) Fixed Maturities and Equities

| The amortized cost or cost and                                    | I fair values o<br>Amortized<br>Cost or<br>Cost | f our fixed n<br>Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Gains | Gross       | Fair                       | e as follow<br>Non-cred<br>OTTI<br>in AOCI | lit |
|---|---|---|-------------|----------------------------|--|-----|
| At September 30, 2016 Fixed maturities U.S. government and agency | \$1,542,943                                     | \$ 22,349                                     | \$(2,415    | ) \$1,562,877              | \$ —                                       |     |
| Non-U.S. government   | 620,601   | 4,799   |             | 582,056                    |  |     |
| Corporate debt  | 4,516,290                                       | 87,184  |             | 4,568,500                  | _  |     |
| Agency RMBS <sup>(1)</sup>  | 2,473,832                                       | 49,661  | •           | 2,522,731                  |  |     |
| $CMBS^{(2)}$  | 877,732   | 18,546  | (2,003      | 894,275                    |  |     |
| Non-Agency RMBS   | 71,842  | 1,636   | (1,648      | 71,830                     | (870                                       | )   |
| $ABS^{(3)}$   | 1,234,292                                       | 4,028   | (2,724      | 1,235,596                  |  |     |
| Municipals <sup>(4)</sup>   | 124,867   | 4,215   | (87         | 128,995                    |  |     |
| Total fixed maturities  | \$11,462,399                                    | \$ 192,418                                    | \$(87,957   | \$11,566,860               | \$ (870                                    | )   |
| Equity securities   |   |   |             |                            |  |     |
| Common stocks   | \$379   | \$38  | \$(348      | ) \$69                     |  |     |
| Exchange-traded funds   | 463,655   | 41,611  | `           | ) 504,206                  |  |     |
| Bond mutual funds   | 136,570   | 3,499   | _           | 140,069                    |  |     |
| Total equity securities   | \$600,604                                       | \$45,148                                      | \$(1,408    | \$644,344                  |  |     |
| At December 31, 2015  |   |   |             |                            |  |     |
| Fixed maturities  |   |   |             |                            |  |     |
| U.S. government and agency  | \$1,673,617                                     | \$ 1,545                                      | \$(23,213   | \$1,651,949                | \$ —                                       |     |
| Non-U.S. government   | 809,025   | 2,312   |             | 739,005                    | Ψ —  |     |
| Corporate debt  | 4,442,315                                       | 16,740  | •           | 4,362,769                  | _  |     |
| Agency RMBS <sup>(1)</sup>  | 2,236,138                                       | 22,773  |             | ) 2,249,236                | _  |     |
| CMBS <sup>(2)</sup>   | 1,088,595                                       | 3,885   |             | ) 1,083,298                |  |     |
| Non-Agency RMBS   | 99,989  | 1,992   |             | ) 101,008                  | (875                                       | )   |
| ABS <sup>(3)</sup>  | 1,387,919                                       | 952   | `           | ) 1,371,270                | _  | ,   |
| Municipals <sup>(4)</sup>   | 160,041   | 2,319   | •           | ) 161,214                  |  |     |
| Total fixed maturities  | \$11,897,639                                    |   | -           | \$11,719,749               | \$ (875                                    | )   |
| Equity socurities   |   |   |             |                            |  |     |
| Equity securities Common stocks                                   | <b>\$</b> —                                     | \$—   | <b>\$</b> — | <b>\$</b> —                |  |     |
| Exchange-traded funds   | ъ—<br>447,524                                   | 31,211  |             | ъ—<br>) 473,973            |  |     |
| Bond mutual funds   | 128,252   | J1,411  | •           | ) 124,025                  |  |     |
| Total equity securities   | \$575,776                                       | <del>-</del><br>\$31,211                      |             | ) \$597,998                |  |     |
| Total equity securities   | ψ313,110  | ψ 31,411                                      | ψ(0,707     | <i>j</i> φ <i>J</i> 71,770 |  |     |

<sup>(1)</sup> Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) originated by U.S. agencies.

- (2) Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS).
  - Asset-backed securities (ABS) include debt tranched securities collateralized primarily by auto loans, student
- (3) loans, credit cards, and other asset types. This asset class also includes collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) and collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).
- (4) Municipals include bonds issued by states, municipalities and political subdivisions.
  - Represents the non-credit component of the other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) losses, adjusted for
- (5) subsequent sales, maturities and redemptions. It does not include the change in fair value subsequent to the impairment measurement date.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

In the normal course of investing activities, we actively manage allocations to non-controlling tranches of structured securities (variable interests) issued by VIEs. These structured securities include RMBS, CMBS and ABS and are included in the above table. Additionally, within our other investments portfolio, we also invest in limited partnerships (hedge funds, direct lending funds, real estate funds and private equity funds) and CLO equity tranched securities, which are all variable interests issued by VIEs (see Note 3(c)). For these variable interests, we do not have the power to direct the activities that are most significant to the economic performance of the VIEs therefore we are not the primary beneficiary of any of these VIEs. Our maximum exposure to loss on these interests is limited to the amount of our investment. We have not provided financial or other support with respect to these structured securities other than our original investment.

### Contractual Maturities

The contractual maturities of fixed maturities are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

|  | Amortized    | Fair         | % of T  | otal |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------|------|
|  | Cost         | Value        | Fair Va | alue |
| At September 30, 2016<br>Maturity      |              |              |         |      |
| Due in one year or less                | \$363,821    | \$356,706    | 3.0     | %    |
| Due after one year through five years  | 3,809,515    | 3,801,104    | 32.9    | %    |
| Due after five years through ten years | 2,286,970    | 2,330,895    | 20.2    | %    |
| Due after ten years                    | 344,395      | 353,723      | 3.1     | %    |
|  | 6,804,701    | 6,842,428    | 59.2    | %    |
| Agency RMBS                            | 2,473,832    | 2,522,731    | 21.8    | %    |
| CMBS                                   | 877,732      | 894,275      | 7.7     | %    |
| Non-Agency RMBS                        | 71,842       | 71,830       | 0.6     | %    |
| ABS                                    | 1,234,292    | 1,235,596    | 10.7    | %    |
| Total                                  | \$11,462,399 | \$11,566,860 | 100.0   | %    |
| At December 31, 2015<br>Maturity       |              |              |         |      |
| Due in one year or less                | \$291,368    | \$289,571    | 2.5     | %    |
| Due after one year through five years  | 4,217,515    | 4,142,802    | 35.3    | %    |
| Due after five years through ten years | 2,263,684    | 2,181,525    | 18.6    | %    |
| Due after ten years                    | 312,431      | 301,039      | 2.6     | %    |
|  | 7,084,998    | 6,914,937    | 59.0    | %    |
| Agency RMBS                            | 2,236,138    | 2,249,236    | 19.2    | %    |
| CMBS                                   | 1,088,595    | 1,083,298    | 9.2     | %    |
| Non-Agency RMBS                        | 99,989       | 101,008      | 0.9     | %    |
| ABS                                    | 1,387,919    | 1,371,270    | 11.7    | %    |
| Total                                  | \$11,897,639 | \$11,719,749 | 100.0   | %    |

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **Gross Unrealized Losses**

The following table summarizes fixed maturities and equities in an unrealized loss position and the aggregate fair value and gross unrealized loss by length of time the security has continuously been in an unrealized loss position:

|                            | 12 months of   | or greater               | Less than 12           | 2 months   | Total        |               | • |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---|
|                            | Fair           | Unrealized               |                        |            | Fair         | Unrealized    | 1 |
|                            | Value          | Losses                   | Value                  | Losses     | Value        | Losses        |   |
|                            |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| At September 30, 2016      |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| Fixed maturities           | * = = 000      | ***                      |                        | * ·= 0 0   | <b>* .==</b> | *             |   |
| U.S. government and agency |                |                          | \$422,681              |            | \$477,681    |               | ) |
| Non-U.S. government        | 104,441        |                          | 254,694                |            | 359,135      | -             | ) |
| Corporate debt             | 285,848        |                          | 639,722                |            | 925,570      |               | ) |
| Agency RMBS                | 80,375         | . ,                      | 121,203                | ` ,        | 201,578      |               | ) |
| CMBS                       | 99,004         |                          | 173,795                |            | 272,799      | (2,003        | ) |
| Non-Agency RMBS            | 10,184         | (1,306                   | 5,187                  | (342)      | 15,371       | (1,648        | ) |
| ABS                        | 518,647        | (2,253)                  | 50,402                 | (471)      | 569,049      | (2,724        | ) |
| Municipals                 | 2,384          | (18                      | 15,567                 | (69)       | 17,951       | (87           | ) |
| Total fixed maturities     | \$1,155,883    | \$(57,291)               | \$1,683,251            | \$(30,666) | \$2,839,134  | \$(87,957     | ) |
| Equity securities          |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| Common stocks              | <b>\$</b> —    | <b>\$</b> —              | \$31                   | \$(348)    | \$31         | \$(348        | ) |
| Exchange-traded funds      | 6,153          | (425                     | 39,097                 |            | 45,250       |               | ) |
| Bond mutual funds          | _              |                          |                        |            | _            | _             |   |
| Total equity securities    | \$6,153        | \$(425                   | \$39,128               | \$(983)    | \$45,281     | \$(1,408      | ) |
| At December 31, 2015       |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| Fixed maturities           |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| U.S. government and agency | \$84.179       | \$(7,622                 | \$1,474,202            | \$(15.591) | \$1,558,381  | \$(23,213     | ) |
| Non-U.S. government        | 170,269        |                          | 317,693                |            | 487,962      |               | ) |
| Corporate debt             | 340,831        |                          | 2,845,375              |            | 3,186,206    |               | ) |
| Agency RMBS                | 64,792         |                          | 1,073,566              |            | 1,138,358    |               | ) |
| CMBS                       | 75,627         |                          | 659,480                |            | 735,107      | * *           | ) |
| Non-Agency RMBS            | 5,283          |                          | 43,199                 |            | 48,482       | -             | ) |
| ABS                        | 562,599        | . ,                      | 667,448                | ` ,        | 1,230,047    | •             | ) |
| Municipals                 | 14,214         |                          | 64,104                 |            | 78,318       |               | ) |
| Total fixed maturities     | •              | ` ,                      | \$7,145,067            |            | •            |               | / |
| Equity securities          |                |                          |                        |            |              |               |   |
| Common stocks              | \$—            | \$                       | \$                     | \$         | \$—          | <b>\$</b> —   |   |
| Exchange-traded funds      | φ—<br>2,331    |                          | 110,972                |            | 113,303      |               | ) |
| Bond mutual funds          | <u></u>        | (313                     | 124,025                |            | 124,025      |               | ) |
| Total equity securities    | <u>\$2,331</u> | <del>**</del> \$(313 **) | \$234,997              |            | \$237,328    | \$(8,989      | ) |
| Total equity secultues     | ψ∠,೨೨1         | $\psi(J1J)$              | ψ 43 <del>4</del> ,771 | ψ(0,070    | Ψ431,340     | $\psi(0,707)$ | ) |

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Fixed Maturities**

At September 30, 2016, 935 fixed maturities (2015: 2,314) were in an unrealized loss position of \$88 million (2015: \$230 million), of which \$13 million (2015: \$39 million) was related to securities below investment grade or not rated.

At September 30, 2016, 399 (2015: 383) securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for 12 months or greater and had a fair value of \$1,156 million (2015: \$1,318 million). Following our credit impairment review, we concluded that these securities as well as the remaining securities in an unrealized loss position in the above table were temporarily impaired at September 30, 2016, and were expected to recover in value as the securities approach maturity. Further, at September 30, 2016, we did not intend to sell these securities in an unrealized loss position and it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell these securities before the anticipated recovery of their amortized costs.

### **Equity Securities**

At September 30, 2016, 20 securities (2015: 35) were in an unrealized loss position of \$1 million (2015: \$9 million).

At September 30, 2016, 5 securities (2015: 1) were in a continuous unrealized loss position for 12 months or greater. Based on our impairment review process and our ability and intent to hold these securities for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a full recovery, we concluded that the above equities in an unrealized loss position were temporarily impaired at September 30, 2016.

### b) Mortgage Loans

The following table provides a breakdown of our mortgage loans held-for-investment:

September 30, December 31,

2016 2015

Carrying % of Carrying % of Value Total Value Total

Mortgage Loans held-for-investment:

Commercial \$332,753 100% \$206,277 100%

332,753 100% 206,277 100%

Valuation allowances — — % — — %

Total Mortgage Loans held-for-investment \$332,753 100% \$206,277 100%

For commercial mortgage loans, the primary credit quality indicator is the debt service coverage ratio (which compares a property's net operating income to amounts needed to service the principal and interest due under the loan, generally, the lower the debt service coverage ratio, the higher the risk of experiencing a credit loss) and the loan-to-value ratio (loan-to-value ratios compare the unpaid principal balance of the loan to the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral, generally, the higher the loan-to-value ratio, the higher the risk of experiencing a credit loss). The debt service coverage ratio and loan-to-value ratio, as well as the values utilized in calculating these ratios, are updated annually, on a rolling basis.

We have a high quality mortgage portfolio with debt service coverage ratios in excess of 1.1x and loan-to-value ratios of less than 70%; there are no credit losses associated with the commercial mortgage loans that we hold at September 30, 2016.

There are no past due amounts at September 30, 2016.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### c) Other Investments

The following table provides a breakdown of our investments in hedge funds, direct lending funds, private equity funds, real estate funds, CLO Equities and other privately held investments, together with additional information relating to the liquidity of each category:

|                                  | Fair Value | e   |    | Redemption Frequency (if currently eligible)       | Redemption<br>Notice Period |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----|----|--|-----------------------------|
| At September 30, 2016            |            |     |    |  |                             |
| Long/short equity funds          | \$139,460  | 16  | %  | Quarterly, Semi-annually, Annually                 | 45-60 days                  |
| Multi-strategy funds             | 281,153    | 33  | %  | Quarterly, Semi-annually                           | 60-95 days                  |
| Event-driven funds               | 94,012     | 11  | %  | Quarterly, Annually                                | 45-60 days                  |
| Leveraged bank loan funds        |            | _   | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Direct lending funds             | 125,002    | 15  | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Private equity funds             | 89,170     | 11  | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Real estate funds                | 11,782     | 1   | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| CLO - Equities                   | 63,783     | 8   | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Other privately held investments | 42,900     | 5   | %  | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Total other investments          | \$847,262  | 100 | )% |  |                             |
| At December 31, 2015             |            |     |    |  |                             |
| Long/short equity funds          | \$15/13/18 | 10  | 0% | Quarterly, Semi-annually, Annually                 | 45-60 days                  |
| Multi-strategy funds             | 355,073    |     |    | Quarterly, Semi-annually  Quarterly, Semi-annually | 60-95 days                  |
| Event-driven funds               | 147,287    |     |    | Quarterly, Semi-amuany  Quarterly, Annually        | 45-60 days                  |
| Leveraged bank loan funds        | 65         | _   |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Direct lending funds             | 90,120     |     |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Private equity funds             |            |     |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Real estate funds                | 4,929      | 1   |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| CLO - Equities                   | 64,934     | 8   |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Other privately held investments | •          | _   |    | n/a  | n/a                         |
| Total other investments          | \$816,756  |     |    | AM W   |                             |

### n/a - not applicable

The investment strategies for the above funds are as follows:

Long/short equity funds: Seek to achieve attractive returns primarily by executing an equity trading strategy involving both long and short investments in publicly-traded equities.

Multi-strategy funds: Seek to achieve above-market returns by pursuing multiple investment strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. This category includes funds of hedge funds which invest in a large pool of hedge funds across a diversified range of hedge fund strategies.

•

Event-driven funds: Seek to achieve attractive returns by exploiting situations where announced or anticipated events create opportunities.

Leveraged bank loan funds: Seek to achieve attractive returns by investing primarily in bank loan collateral that has limited interest rate risk exposure.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Direct lending funds: Seek to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns, including current income generation, by investing in funds which provide financing directly to borrowers.

Real estate funds: Seek to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns by making and managing investments in real estate and real estate securities and businesses.

Private equity funds: Seek to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns by investing in private transactions over the course of several years.

Two common redemption restrictions which may impact our ability to redeem our hedge funds are gates and lockups. A gate is a suspension of redemptions which may be implemented by the general partner or investment manager of the fund in order to defer, in whole or in part, the redemption request in the event the aggregate amount of redemption requests exceeds a predetermined percentage of the fund's net assets which may otherwise hinder the general partner or investment manager's ability to liquidate holdings in an orderly fashion in order to generate the cash necessary to fund extraordinarily large redemption payouts. A lockup period is the initial amount of time an investor is contractually required to hold the security before having the ability to redeem. During 2016 and 2015, neither of these restrictions impacted our redemption requests. At September 30, 2016, \$87 million (2015: \$66 million), representing 17% (2015: 10%) of our total hedge funds, relate to holdings where we are still within the lockup period. The expiration of these lockup periods range from September 2016 to March 2019.

At September 30, 2016, we have \$189 million (2015: \$222 million) of unfunded commitments within our other investments portfolio relating to our future investments in direct lending funds. Once the full amount of committed capital has been called by the General Partner of each of these funds, the assets will not be fully returned until the completion of the fund's investment term. These funds have investment terms ranging from 5-10 years and the General Partners of certain funds have the option to extend the term by up to three years.

At September 30, 2016, we have \$12 million (2015: \$12 million) of unfunded commitments as a limited partner in a multi-strategy hedge fund. Once the full amount of committed capital has been called by the General Partner, the assets will not be fully returned until the completion of the fund's investment term which ends in March, 2019. The General Partner then has the option to extend the term by up to three years.

At September 30, 2016, we have \$90 million (2015: \$95 million) of unfunded commitments as a limited partner in a fund which invests in real estate and real estate securities and businesses. The fund is subject to a three year commitment period and a total fund life of eight years during which time we are not eligible to redeem our investment.

During 2016, we made a \$135 million commitment as a limited partner in a private equity fund. At September 30, 2016, \$40 million of our commitment remains unfunded and the current fair value of the funds called to date are included in the private equity funds line of the table above. The fund invests in underlying private equity funds and the life of the fund is subject to the dissolution of the underlying funds. We expect the overall holding period to be over ten years.

During 2015, we made a \$50 million commitment as a limited partner of a bank revolver opportunity fund. The fund is subject to an investment term of seven years and the General Partners have the option to extend the term by up to two years. At September 30, 2016, this commitment remains unfunded. It is not anticipated that the full amount of this fund will be drawn.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### d) Equity Method Investments

During 2016, we paid \$104 million including direct transaction costs to acquire 18% of the common equity of Harrington Reinsurance Holdings Limited ("Harrington"), the parent company of Harrington Re Ltd. ("Harrington Re"), an independent reinsurance company jointly sponsored by AXIS Capital and The Blackstone Group L.P. ("Blackstone"). Through long-term service agreements, AXIS Capital will serve as Harrington Re's reinsurance underwriting manager and Blackstone will serve as exclusive investment management service provider. As an investor, we expect to benefit from underwriting profit generated by Harrington Re and the income and capital appreciation Blackstone seeks to deliver through its investment management services. In addition, we have entered into an arrangement with Blackstone under which underwriting and investment related fees will be shared equally. Harrington is not a variable interest entity and given that we exercise significant influence over this investee we account for our ownership in Harrington under the equity method of accounting. The Company's proportionate share of the underlying equity in net assets resulted in a basis difference of \$5 million which represents initial transactions costs.

The Company also has investments in other equity method investments with a carrying value of \$9 million.

#### e) Net Investment Income

Net investment income was derived from the following sources:

|                           | Three mon | ths ended | Nine months ended |           |  |  |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|
|                           | September | 30,       | September         | 30,       |  |  |
|                           | 2016      | 2015      | 2016              | 2015      |  |  |
|                           |           |           |                   |           |  |  |
| Fixed maturities          | \$75,827  | \$75,980  | \$229,423         | \$220,066 |  |  |
| Other investments         | 38,248    | (27,421)  | 25,770            | 17,616    |  |  |
| Equity securities         | 4,633     | 3,445     | 12,843            | 7,795     |  |  |
| Mortgage loans            | 2,191     | 482       | 5,683             | 776       |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,768     | 993       | 7,071             | 3,770     |  |  |
| Short-term investments    | 337       | 83        | 708               | 277       |  |  |
| Gross investment income   | 125,004   | 53,562    | 281,498           | 250,300   |  |  |
| Investment expenses       | (8,081)   | (7,877)   | (23,680)          | (23,964)  |  |  |
| Net investment income     | \$116,923 | \$45,685  | \$257,818         | \$226,336 |  |  |

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### f) Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

The following table provides an analysis of net realized investment gains (losses):

|   | Three mo      | nths ended | Nine months ended |             |  |
|---|---------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
|   | September 30, |            | September 30,     |             |  |
|   | 2016          | 2015       | 2016              | 2015        |  |
|   |               |            |                   |             |  |
| Gross realized gains  |               |            |                   |             |  |
| Fixed maturities and short-term investments                   | \$26,211      | \$12,126   | \$67,833          | \$44,853    |  |
| Equities  | 5,570         | 232        | 18,804            | 447         |  |
| Gross realized gains  | 31,781        | 12,358     | 86,637            | 45,300      |  |
| Gross realized losses   |               |            |                   |             |  |
| Fixed maturities and short-term investments                   | (21,908)      | (54,867)   | (90,702)          | (111,432)   |  |
| Equities  | (576)         | (1,559)    | (15,923)          | (1,952)     |  |
| Gross realized losses   | (22,484)      | (56,426)   | (106,625)         | (113,384)   |  |
| Net OTTI recognized in earnings                               | (4,247)       | (32,301)   | (20,346)          | (62,762)    |  |
| Change in fair value of investment derivatives <sup>(1)</sup> | 155           | 6,412      | 39                | 7,228       |  |
| Net realized investment gains (losses)                        | \$5,205       | \$(69,957) | \$(40,295)        | \$(123,618) |  |

### (1) Refer to Note 5 – Derivative Instruments

The following table summarizes the OTTI recognized in earnings by asset class:

| S                                 | Three months ended September 30, |          | Nine months ended September 30, |          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|
|                                   | 2016                             | 2015     | 2016                            | 2015     |
| Fixed maturities:                 |                                  |          |                                 |          |
| Non-U.S. government               | \$2,456                          | \$1,295  | \$2,953                         | \$2,717  |
| Corporate debt                    | 1,791                            | 20,587   | 14,833                          | 38,396   |
| Non-Agency RMBS                   |                                  | _        | _                               | 4        |
| ABS                               |                                  | 84       | _                               | 124      |
|                                   | 4,247                            | 21,966   | 17,786                          | 41,241   |
| Equity Securities                 |                                  |          |                                 |          |
| Exchange-traded funds             |                                  | 10,335   | 2,560                           | 10,335   |
| Bond mutual funds                 | _                                | _        | _                               | 11,186   |
|                                   |                                  | 10,335   | 2,560                           | 21,521   |
| Total OTTI recognized in earnings | \$4,247                          | \$32,301 | \$20,346                        | \$62,762 |

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 3. INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table provides a roll forward of the credit losses, before income taxes, for which a portion of the OTTI was recognized in AOCI:

|  | Three m | onths    | Nine mo | onths    |  |
|--|---------|----------|---------|----------|--|
|  | ended S | eptember | ended S | eptember |  |
|  | 30,     |          | 30,     |          |  |
|  | 2016    | 2015     | 2016    | 2015     |  |
|  |         |          |         |          |  |
| Balance at beginning of period   | \$1,513 | \$1,564  | \$1,506 | \$1,531  |  |
| Credit impairments recognized on securities not previously impaired        | _       | _        | _       | _        |  |
| Additional credit impairments recognized on securities previously impaired | _       | _        | 7       | 33       |  |
| Change in timing of future cash flows on securities previously impaired    |         | _        | _       | _        |  |
| Intent to sell of securities previously impaired                           | _       | _        | _       | _        |  |
| Securities sold/redeemed/matured   | (33)    | (43)     | (33)    | (43)     |  |
| Balance at end of period   | \$1,480 | \$1,521  | \$1,480 | \$1,521  |  |

### g) Reverse Repurchase Agreements

At September 30, 2016, we held \$160 million (December 31, 2015: \$30 million) of reverse repurchase agreements. These loans are fully collateralized, are generally outstanding for a short period of time and are presented on a gross basis as part of cash and cash equivalents on our consolidated balance sheet. The required collateral for these loans is either cash or U.S. Treasuries at a minimum rate of 102% of the loan principal. Upon maturity, we receive principal and interest income. We monitor the estimated fair value of the securities loaned and borrowed on a daily basis with additional collateral obtained as necessary throughout the duration of the transaction.

### Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price to sell an asset or transfer a liability (i.e. the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants. We use a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data. The level in the hierarchy within which a given fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurement. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or for which significant inputs are observable (e.g. interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, loss severities, etc.) or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. The unobservable inputs reflect our own judgments about assumptions that market participants might use.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors including, for example, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires significantly more judgment.

Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by management in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This may lead us to change the selection of our valuation technique (from market to cash flow approach) or may cause us to use multiple valuation techniques to estimate the fair value of a financial instrument. This circumstance could cause an instrument to be reclassified between levels within the fair value hierarchy.

We used the following valuation techniques including significant inputs and assumptions in estimating the fair value of our financial instruments as well as the general classification of such financial instruments pursuant to the above fair value hierarchy.

### **Fixed Maturities**

At each valuation date, we use the market approach valuation technique to estimate the fair value of our fixed maturities portfolio, when possible. This market approach includes, but is not limited to, prices obtained from third party pricing services for identical or comparable securities and the use of "pricing matrix models" using observable market inputs such as yield curves, credit risks and spreads, measures of volatility, and prepayment speeds. Pricing from third party pricing services is sourced from multiple vendors, when available, and we maintain a vendor hierarchy by asset type based on historical pricing experience and vendor expertise. When prices are unavailable from pricing services, we obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers who are active in the corresponding markets.

The valuation techniques including significant inputs generally used to determine the fair value of our fixed maturities by asset class as well as the classification in the fair value hierarchy are described in detail below.

### U.S. government and agency

U.S. government and agency securities consist primarily of bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury and mortgage pass-through agencies such as the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Government National Mortgage Association. As the fair values of U.S. Treasury securities are based on unadjusted market prices in active markets, these securities are classified within Level 1. The fair values of U.S. government agency securities are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. As the yields for the risk-free yield curve and the spreads for these securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of U.S. government agency securities are classified within Level 2.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### **4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

### Non-U.S. government

Non-U.S. government securities comprise bonds issued by non-U.S. governments and their agencies along with supranational organizations (collectively also known as sovereign debt securities). The fair values of these securities are based on prices obtained from international indices or a valuation model which uses inputs including interest rate yield curves, cross-currency basis index spreads, and country credit spreads for structures similar to the sovereign bond in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. As the significant inputs are observable market inputs, the fair value of non-U.S. government securities are classified within Level 2.

### Corporate debt

Corporate debt securities consist primarily of investment-grade debt of a wide variety of corporate issuers and industries. The fair values of these securities are generally determined using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. These spreads are generally obtained from the new issue market, secondary trading and broker-dealer quotes. As these spreads and the yields for the risk-free yield curve are observable market inputs, the fair values of corporate debt securities are classified within Level 2. Where pricing is unavailable from pricing services, we obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers to estimate fair value. This is generally the case when there is a low volume of trading activity and current transactions are not orderly. In this event, securities are classified within Level 3.

### Agency RMBS

Agency RMBS securities consist of bonds issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Government National Mortgage Association. The fair values of these securities are priced using a mortgage pool specific model which uses daily inputs from the active to be announced market and the spread associated with each mortgage pool based on vintage. As the significant inputs are observable market inputs, the fair values of Agency RMBS securities are classified within Level 2.

### **CMBS**

CMBS include mostly investment-grade bonds originated by non-agencies. The fair values of these securities are determined using a pricing model which uses dealer quotes and other available trade information along with security level characteristics to determine deal specific spreads. As the significant inputs are observable market inputs, the fair values of CMBS securities are classified within Level 2. Where pricing is unavailable from pricing services, we obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers to estimate fair value. This is generally the case when there is a low volume of trading activity and current transactions are not orderly. In this event, securities are classified within Level 3.

### Non-Agency RMBS

Non-Agency RMBS include mostly investment-grade bonds originated by non-agencies. The fair values of these securities are determined using an option adjusted spread model or other relevant models, which use inputs including available trade information or broker quotes, prepayment and default projections based on historical statistics of the underlying collateral and current market data. As the significant inputs are observable market inputs, the fair values of Non-Agency RMBS securities are classified within Level 2.

### **ABS**

ABS include mostly investment-grade bonds backed by pools of loans with a variety of underlying collateral, including automobile loan receivables, student loans, credit card receivables, and CLO Debt originated by a variety of financial institutions. The fair values of ABS are priced using a model which uses prepayment speeds and spreads sourced primarily from the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price ABS are observable market inputs, the fair values of ABS are classified within Level 2. Where pricing is unavailable from pricing services, we obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers to estimate fair value. This is generally the case when there is a low volume of trading activity and current transactions are not orderly. In this event, securities are classified within Level 3.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Municipals

Municipals comprise revenue and general obligation bonds issued by U.S. domiciled state and municipal entities. The fair values of these securities are determined using spreads obtained from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price the municipals are observable market inputs, municipals are classified within Level 2.

### **Equity Securities**

Equity securities include common stocks, exchange-traded funds and bond mutual funds. As the fair values of common stocks and exchange-traded funds are based on unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets, these securities are classified within Level 1.

As bond mutual funds have daily liquidity with redemption based on the NAV of the funds, the fair values of these securities are classified within Level 2.

#### Other Investments

At September 30, 2016, our investments in CLO - Equities were classified within Level 3 as we estimated the fair value for these securities using an income approach valuation technique (discounted cash flow model) due to the lack of observable and relevant trades in the secondary markets.

Other privately held securities include convertible preferred shares, convertible notes and notes payable. In the reporting period of investment, the cost of these investments approximates fair value. In subsequent measurement periods, a discounted cash flow model is used to determine the fair value of these securities. These securities are classified within Level 3.

### **Short-Term Investments**

Short-term investments primarily comprise highly liquid securities with maturities greater than three months but less than one year from the date of purchase. These securities are classified within Level 2 because these securities are typically not actively traded due to their approaching maturity and, as such, their amortized cost approximates fair value.

#### **Derivative Instruments**

Our foreign currency forward contracts, interest rate swaps and commodity contracts are customized to our economic hedging strategies and trade in the over-the-counter derivative market. We use the market approach valuation technique to estimate the fair value for these derivatives based on significant observable market inputs from third party pricing vendors, non-binding broker-dealer quotes and/or recent trading activity. Accordingly, we classified these derivatives within Level 2.

We also participate in non-exchange traded derivative-based risk management products addressing weather risks. We use observable market inputs and unobservable inputs in combination with industry or internally-developed valuation and forecasting techniques to determine fair value. We classify these instruments within Level 3.

### Insurance-linked Securities

Insurance-linked securities comprise an investment in a catastrophe bond. We obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers to estimate fair value. This is generally the case when there is a low volume of trading activity and current transactions are not orderly. These securities are classified within Level 3.

### Cash Settled Awards

Cash settled awards comprise restricted stock units that form part of our compensation program. Although the fair value of these awards is determined using observable quoted market prices in active markets, the stock units themselves are not actively traded. Accordingly, we have classified these liabilities within Level 2.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The tables below present the financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods indicated:

|                                     | Quoted Prices in<br>Active Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other Observable<br>Inputs (Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs (Level<br>3) | Fair value<br>based on<br>NAV<br>practical<br>expedient | Total Fair<br>Value |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------|
| At September 30, 2016               |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Assets                              |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Fixed maturities                    |   |   |  |   |                     |
| U.S. government and agency          | \$ 1,522,246  | \$ 40,631   | \$ —   | \$—   | \$1,562,877         |
| Non-U.S. government                 | _   | 582,056   | _  |   | 582,056             |
| Corporate debt                      | _   | 4,499,408   | 69,092   | _   | 4,568,500           |
| Agency RMBS                         | _   | 2,522,731   | _  | _   | 2,522,731           |
| CMBS                                | _   | 885,355   | 8,920  | _   | 894,275             |
| Non-Agency RMBS                     | _   | 71,830  | _  |   | 71,830              |
| ABS                                 | _   | 1,235,596   | _  |   | 1,235,596           |
| Municipals                          | _   | 128,995   |  | _   | 128,995             |
|                                     | 1,522,246   | 9,966,602   | 78,012   | _   | 11,566,860          |
| Equity securities                   |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Common stocks                       | 69  |   | _  | _   | 69                  |
| Exchange-traded funds               | 504,206   |   | _  | _   | 504,206             |
| Bond mutual funds                   | _   | 140,069   |  | _   | 140,069             |
|                                     | 504,275   | 140,069   |  | _   | 644,344             |
| Other investments                   |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Hedge funds                         | _   |   | _  | 514,625   | 514,625             |
| Direct lending funds                | _   |   | _  | 125,002   | 125,002             |
| Private equity funds                | _   |   | _  | 89,170  | 89,170              |
| Real estate funds                   | _   |   | _  | 11,782  | 11,782              |
| Other privately held investments    | _   |   | 42,900   | _   | 42,900              |
| CLO - Equities                      | _   |   | 63,783   | _   | 63,783              |
|                                     | _   |   | 106,683  | 740,579   | 847,262             |
| Short-term investments              | _   | 39,877  |  | _   | 39,877              |
| Other assets                        |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Derivative instruments (see Note 5) | _   | 4,469   | 2,488  | _   | 6,957               |
| Insurance-linked securities         |   |   | 25,283   | <del>_</del>  | 25,283              |
| Total Assets                        | \$ 2,026,521  | \$ 10,151,017                                       | \$ 212,466   | \$740,579   | \$13,130,583        |
| Liabilities                         |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Derivative instruments (see Note 5) | \$ —  | \$ 4,411  | \$ 8,184   | \$—   | \$12,595            |
| Cash settled awards (see Note 7)    | _   | 34,288  |  | _   | 34,288              |
| Total Liabilities                   | \$ —  | \$ 38,699   | \$ 8,184   | \$—   | \$46,883            |

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

|                                     | Quoted Prices in<br>Active Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other Observable<br>Inputs (Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs (Level<br>3) | Fair value<br>based on<br>NAV<br>practical<br>expedient | Total Fair<br>Value |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------|
| At December 31, 2015                |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Assets                              |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Fixed maturities                    |   |   |  |   |                     |
| U.S. government and agency          | \$ 1,632,355  | \$ 19,594   | \$ —   | \$—   | \$1,651,949         |
| Non-U.S. government                 | _   | 739,005   |  | _   | 739,005             |
| Corporate debt                      | _   | 4,324,251   | 38,518   | _   | 4,362,769           |
| Agency RMBS                         | _   | 2,249,236   |  | _   | 2,249,236           |
| CMBS                                | _   | 1,072,376   | 10,922   |   | 1,083,298           |
| Non-Agency RMBS                     | _   | 101,008   |  | _   | 101,008             |
| ABS                                 |   | 1,371,270   |  |   | 1,371,270           |
| Municipals                          | 1 622 255   | 161,214   | <u> </u>   |   | 161,214             |
| Equity securities                   | 1,632,355   | 10,037,954  | 49,440   | _   | 11,719,749          |
| Common stocks                       |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Exchange-traded funds               | <del></del>   | _   | _  |   | <del></del>         |
| Bond mutual funds                   | <del></del>   | 124,025   |  |   | 124,025             |
| Dona mutuai funas                   | 473,973   | 124,025   | _  |   | 597,998             |
| Other investments                   | 173,573   | 121,023   |  |   | 371,770             |
| Hedge funds                         | _   | _   | _  | 656,773   | 656,773             |
| Direct lending funds                | _   |   | _  | 90,120  | 90,120              |
| Private equity funds                | _   | _   | _  |   | _                   |
| Real estate funds                   | _   | _   |  | 4,929   | 4,929               |
| Other privately held investments    | _   | _   | _  | _   |                     |
| CLO - Equities                      | _   | _   | 27,257   | 37,677  | 64,934              |
|                                     | _   | _   | 27,257   | 789,499   | 816,756             |
| Short-term investments              | _   | 34,406  |  | _   | 34,406              |
| Other assets                        |   |   |  |   |                     |
| Derivative instruments (see Note 5) | _   | 2,072   | 4,395  | _   | 6,467               |
| Insurance-linked securities         | <del></del>   | <del></del>   | 24,925   |   | 24,925              |
| Total Assets                        | \$ 2,106,328  | \$ 10,198,457                                       | \$ 106,017   | \$789,499   | \$13,200,301        |
| Liabilities                         | Φ.  | Φ.7. 602  | ф. 10.02 <b>-</b>                                  | Φ.  | <b>410.66</b> 0     |
| Derivative instruments (see Note 5) | \$ —  | \$ 7,692  | \$ 10,937  | \$—   | \$18,629            |
| Cash settled awards (see Note 7)    |   | 33,215  |  | Φ.  | 33,215              |
| Total Liabilities                   | \$ —  | \$ 40,907   | \$ 10,937  | \$—   | \$51,844            |

During 2016 and 2015, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Except certain fixed maturities and insurance-linked securities priced using broker-dealer quotes (underlying inputs are not available), the following table quantifies the significant unobservable inputs we have used in estimating fair value at September 30, 2016 for our investments classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

| 1  | Fair Valu   | Valuation<br><sup>e</sup> Technique | Unobservable Input         | Range            | Weighted<br>Average |
|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Other investments - CLO - Equities                   | \$35,594    | Discounted cash flow                | Default rates              | 4.0%             | 4.0%                |
|  |             |                                     | Loss severity rate         | 35.0% -<br>53.5% | 35.4%               |
|  |             |                                     | Collateral spreads         | 3.6% - 4.0%      | 64.0%               |
|  |             |                                     | Estimated maturity dates   | 2 - 6 years      |                     |
|  | 28,189      | Liquidation value                   | e Fair value of collateral | 100%             | 100%                |
|  |             |                                     | Discount margin            | 0.1% -<br>19.1%  | 2.4%                |
| Other investments - Other privately held investments | 42,900      | Discounted cash flow                | Discount rate              | 5.0% - 8.0%      | %7.2%               |
| Derivatives - Weather derivatives, ne                | t \$ (5,696 | ) Simulation mode                   | l Weather curve            | 1 - 2294(1)      | n/a (2)             |
|  |             |                                     | Weather standard deviation | 1 - 1029(1)      | n/a <sup>(2)</sup>  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Measured in Heating Degree Days ("HDD") which is the number of degrees the daily temperature is below a reference temperature. The cumulative HDD for the duration of the derivatives contract is compared to the strike value to determine the necessary settlement.

Due to the diversity of the portfolio, the range of unobservable inputs can be widespread; therefore, presentation of (2)a weighted average is not useful. Weather parameters may include various temperature and/or precipitation measures that will naturally vary by geographic location of each counterparty's operations.

The CLO - Equities market continues to be mostly inactive with only a small number of transactions being observed and fewer still involving transactions in our CLO - Equities. Accordingly, we use models to estimate the fair value of our investments in CLO - Equities. Given that all of our direct investments in CLO - Equities are past their reinvestment period, there is uncertainty over the remaining time to maturity. As such our direct investments in CLO - Equities are valued at the lower of the liquidation value and fair value based on an internally developed discounted cash flow model.

The liquidation valuation is based on the fair value of the net underlying collateral which is determined by applying market discount margins by credit quality bucket. An increase (decrease) in the market discount margin would result in a decrease (increase) in value of our CLO - Equities. Regarding the discounted cash flow model, the default and loss severity rates are the most judgmental unobservable market inputs to which the valuation of CLO - Equities is most sensitive. A significant increase (decrease) in either of these significant inputs in isolation would result in lower (higher) fair value estimates for direct investments in our CLO - Equities and, in general, a change in default rate

assumptions will be accompanied by a directionally similar change in loss severity rate assumptions. Collateral spreads and estimated maturity dates are less judgmental inputs as they are based on the historical average of actual spreads and the weighted average life of the current underlying portfolios, respectively. A significant increase (decrease) in either of these significant inputs in isolation would result in higher (lower) fair value estimates for direct investments in our CLO - Equities. In general, these inputs have no significant interrelationship with each other or with default and loss severity rates.

On a quarterly basis, our valuation process for CLO - Equities includes a review of the underlying collateral along with related discount margins by credit quality bucket used in the liquidation valuation and a review of the underlying cash flows and key assumptions used in the discounted cash flow model. We review and update the above significant unobservable inputs based on information obtained from secondary markets, including information received from the managers of our CLO - Equities portfolio.

In order to assess the reasonableness of the inputs we use in our models, we maintain an understanding of current market conditions, historical results, as well as emerging trends that may impact future cash flows. In addition, we update the assumptions we use in our models through regular communication with industry participants and ongoing monitoring of the deals in which we participate (e.g. default and loss severity rate trends).

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Other privately held securities are initially valued at cost which approximates fair value. In subsequent measurement periods, a discounted cash flow model is used to determine the fair value of these securities. These models include inputs specific to each investment. The inputs used in the fair value measurement include dividend or interest rates and a discount rate. The discount rate is judgmental and the most significant unobservable input used in the valuation of the other privately held securities. Significant increases (decreases) in this input in isolation could result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. In order to assess the reasonableness of the inputs we use in our models, we maintain an understanding of current market conditions, historical results, as well as investee specific information that may impact future cash flows.

Weather derivatives relate to non-exchange traded risk management products addressing weather risks. We use observable market inputs and unobservable inputs in combination with industry or internally-developed valuation and forecasting techniques to determine fair value. The models may reference market price information for similar instruments. The pricing models are internally reviewed by Risk Management personnel prior to implementation and are reviewed periodically thereafter.

Observable and unobservable inputs to these models vary by contract type but would typically include the following:

Observable inputs: market prices for similar instruments, notional price, option strike price, term to expiry, contractual limits;

Unobservable inputs: correlation; and

Both observable and unobservable inputs: weather curves, weather standard deviation.

In general, weather curves are the most significant contributing input to fair value determination. Changes in this variable can result in higher or lower fair value depending on the underlying position. In addition, changes in any or all of the unobservable inputs identified above may contribute positively or negatively to overall portfolio value. The correlation input will quantify the interrelationship, if any, amongst the other variables.

## Table of Contents

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following tables present changes in Level 3 for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods indicated:

| for the periods if              | Opening<br>Balance  | Transfer into Level 3 | sTransfers<br>out of<br>Level 3 | Include     | d inncluded<br>s <sup>(1</sup> in OCI <sup>(2</sup> | Purchase    | e <b>S</b> ales |           | ntsClosing<br>iorBalance | Change in unrealized investment gain/(loss) (3) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------|---|
| Three months en 2016            | _                   | ember 30,             |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| Fixed maturities Corporate debt |                     | <b>\$</b> —           | <b>\$</b> —                     | \$(9        | ) \$100   | \$7,563     | <b>\$</b> —     | \$(584    | ) \$69,092               | <b>\$</b> —                                     |
| CMBS                            | 10,210              | ψ—<br>—               | φ—<br>—                         | φ( <i>y</i> |   | ф7,505<br>— | ψ—<br>—         | (1,242    | ) 8,920                  | ψ—<br>—   |
| ABS                             | _                   | _                     | _                               |             | <del>-</del>  |             | _               |           | —                        |   |
|                                 | 72,232              | _                     | _                               | (9          | ) 52  | 7,563       | _               | (1,826    | 78,012                   | _   |
| Other investmen                 | nts                 |                       |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| Other privately                 |                     |                       |                                 |             |   | . =         |                 |           | 4.5.000                  |   |
| held                            | 41,755              |                       |                                 | (355        | ) —   | 1,500       |                 |           | 42,900                   | (355)   |
| investments<br>CLO - Equities   | 65 883              |                       |                                 | 8,419       |   |             |                 | (10.510   | ) 63,783                 | 8,419   |
| CLO - Equities                  | 107,638             |                       | _                               | 8,064       | _   | 1,500       | _               | -         | ) 106,683                | 8,064   |
| Other assets                    | 107,030             |                       |                                 | 0,001       |   | 1,500       |                 | (10,51)   | ) 100,003                | 0,004   |
| Derivative instruments          | 5                   | _                     | _                               | 665         | _   | 1,818       | _               | _         | 2,488                    | 665   |
| Insurance-linked securities     | <sup>d</sup> 25,025 | _                     | _                               | 258         | _   | _           | _               | _         | 25,283                   | 258   |
|                                 | 25,030              |                       | _                               | 923         | _   | 1,818       | _               | _         | 27,771                   | 923   |
| Total assets                    | \$204,900           | \$—                   | <b>\$</b> —                     | \$8,978     | \$52  | \$10,881    | <b>\$</b> —     | \$(12,345 | \$) \$212,466            | \$8,987   |
| 04111-1-1141                    |                     |                       |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| Other liabilities<br>Derivative |                     |                       |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| instruments                     | \$1,978             | \$—                   | <b>\$</b> —                     | \$(169      | ) \$—   | \$6,384     | <b>\$</b> —     | \$(9      | ) \$8,184                | \$335   |
| Total liabilities               | \$1,978             | <b>\$</b> —           | \$—                             | \$(169      | ) \$—   | \$6,384     | \$—             | \$(9      | ) \$8,184                | \$335   |
| Nine months en 2016             | ded Septen          | mber 30,              |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| Fixed maturities                |                     |                       |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |
| Corporate debt                  |                     | \$20,412              | \$(1,955)                       | \$(988      |   | \$17,107    | \$(4,015)       |           | ) \$69,092               | <b>\$</b> —                                     |
| CMBS                            | 10,922              |                       |                                 |             | (134)   | _           |                 | (1,868    | ) 8,920                  | _   |
| ABS                             | —<br>49,440         | <u></u>               | —<br>(1,955)                    | (088        | ) 1,054   | —<br>17,107 | —<br>(4,015)    | (3.042    | 78,012                   | _   |
| Other                           | 77, <del>71</del> 0 | 40,414                | (1,933 )                        | (200        | ) 1,034   | 17,107      | (4,013 )        | (3,043    | ) /0,012                 |   |
| investments                     |                     |                       |                                 |             |   |             |                 |           |                          |   |

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| Other privately   |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            |           |          |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| held              | _                   | _           | _           | (1,505)  | _       | 44,405   | _           | _          | 42,900    | (1,505)  |
| investments       |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            |           |          |
| CLO - Equities    | 27,257              | 36,378      |             | 17,431   |         | _        |             | (17,283)   | 63,783    | 17,431   |
|                   | 27,257              | 36,378      | _           | 15,926   | _       | 44,405   | _           | (17,283)   | 106,683   | 15,926   |
| Other assets      |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            |           |          |
| Derivative        | 4,395               |             |             | 3,255    |         | 3,623    |             | (8,785)    | 2,488     | 669      |
| instruments       | ,                   |             |             | 3,233    |         | 3,023    |             | (0,703)    | 2,400     | 009      |
| Insurance-linke   | d <sub>24 925</sub> | _           |             | 358      |         | _        |             | _          | 25,283    | 358      |
| securities        |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            | 25,205    | 330      |
|                   | 29,320              | _           | _           | 3,613    |         | 3,623    | _           | ` '        | 27,771    | 1,027    |
| Total assets      | \$106,017           | \$56,790    | \$(1,955)   | \$18,551 | \$1,054 | \$65,135 | \$(4,015)   | \$(29,111) | \$212,466 | \$16,953 |
|                   |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            |           |          |
| Other liabilities |                     |             |             |          |         |          |             |            |           |          |
| Derivative        | \$10,937            | <b>\$</b> — | <b>\$</b> — | \$2,445  | \$—     | \$7,189  | <b>\$</b> — | \$(12,387) | \$8.184   | \$457    |
| instruments       |                     |             |             | . ,      |         | . ,      |             |            | ,         |          |
| Total liabilities | \$10,937            | \$—         | <b>\$</b> — | \$2,445  | \$—     | \$7,189  | <b>\$</b> — | \$(12,387) | \$8,184   | \$457    |

## Table of Contents

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

|  | Opening<br>Balance                     | into                       | rsTransfers<br>out of<br>Level 3          | Included earnings | in Include                        | d<br>Purchase                | Settleme<br>esSales<br>Distribut          | nts/Closing<br>ion <b>B</b> alance          | Change<br>in<br>unrealized<br>investment<br>gain/(loss) (3) |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Three months ender 2015                                  | ed Septemb                             | per 30,                    |   |                   |                                   |                              |   |   |   |
| Fixed maturities<br>Corporate debt<br>CMBS<br>ABS        | \$43,008<br>21,900<br>110<br>65,018    | \$—<br>—<br>—              | \$—<br>(9,902 )<br>—<br>(9,902 )          | \$(2<br>          | ) \$300<br>(219 )<br>—<br>) 81    |                              | \$ -\$(4,403<br>(461<br>(3<br>(4,867      | ) \$61,724<br>) 11,318<br>) 107<br>) 73,149 | \$—<br>—<br>—   |
| Other investments<br>Other privately<br>held investments | _                                      | _                          | _   | _                 | _                                 | _                            |   |   | _   |
| CLO - Equities   | 36,921<br>36,921                       | _                          | _   | 1,192<br>1,192    |                                   | _                            | — (3,118<br>— (3,118                      | ) 34,995<br>) 34,995                        | 1,192<br>1,192  |
| Other assets<br>Derivative<br>instruments                | 240                                    | _                          | _   | 35                | _                                 | _                            | — (240                                    | ) 35  | 35  |
| Insurance-linked securities                              | 24,837                                 |                            | _   | 175               |                                   |                              |   | 25,012                                      | 175   |
| Total assets   | 25,077<br>\$127,016                    | <del></del>                | -<br>\$(9,902 )                           | 210<br>\$1,400    | <del></del>                       | <br>\$22,821                 | — (240<br>\$ <b>-\$</b> (8,225            | ) 25,047<br>) \$133,191                     | 210<br>\$ 1,402   |
| Other liabilities  |  |                            |   |                   |                                   |                              |   |   |   |
| Derivative instruments                                   | \$818                                  | \$—                        | <b>\$</b> —                               | \$(331            | ) \$—                             | \$6,475                      | \$ <del>-\$</del> —                       | \$6,962                                     | \$ (331 )   |
| Total liabilities  | \$818                                  | \$—                        | \$—                                       | \$(331            | ) \$—                             | \$6,475                      | \$ -\$                                    | \$6,962                                     | \$ (331 )   |
| Nine months ended  | d Septembe                             | er 30,                     |   |                   |                                   |                              |   |   |   |
| Fixed maturities<br>Corporate debt<br>CMBS<br>ABS        | \$15,837<br>17,763<br>40,031<br>73,631 | \$—<br>5,072<br>—<br>5,072 | \$—<br>(9,902 )<br>(39,851 )<br>(49,753 ) | \$(2<br>          | ) \$724<br>(543 )<br>105<br>) 286 | \$54,445<br>—<br>—<br>54,445 | \$ -\$(9,280<br>(1,072<br>(178<br>(10,530 | ) \$61,724<br>) 11,318<br>) 107<br>) 73,149 | \$—<br>—<br>—   |
| Other investments Other privately held investments       | _                                      |                            | _   | _                 | _                                 | _                            |   |   | _   |
| CLO - Equities  Other assets                             | 37,046<br>37,046                       | _                          | _   | 7,930<br>7,930    | _<br>_                            | _                            | — (9,981<br>— (9,981                      | ) 34,995<br>) 34,995                        | 7,930<br>7,930  |

| Derivative instruments      | 111       | _           | _          | (792      | ) —    | _        | — 716          | 35        | 35       |   |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------------|-----------|----------|---|
| Insurance-linked securities | _         | _           | _          | 12        | _      | 25,000   |                | 25,012    | 12       |   |
|                             | 111       |             |            | (780      | ) —    | 25,000   | <b>—</b> 716   | 25,047    | 47       |   |
| Total assets                | \$110,788 | \$5,072     | \$(49,753) | \$7,148   | \$ 286 | \$79,445 | \$ -\$(19,795) | \$133,191 | \$ 7,977 |   |
| Other liabilities           |           |             |            |           |        |          |                |           |          |   |
| Derivative instruments      | \$15,288  | \$—         | \$—        | \$(12,053 | ) \$—  | \$8,698  | \$ -\$(4,971)  | \$6,962   | \$ (318  | ) |
| Total liabilities           | \$15,288  | <b>\$</b> — | \$—        | \$(12,053 | ) \$—  | \$8,698  | \$ -\$(4,971)  | \$6,962   | \$ (318  | ) |

Gains and losses included in earnings on fixed maturities are included in net realized investment gains (losses).

- (1) Gains and (losses) included in earnings on other investments are included in net investment income. Gains (losses) on weather derivatives included in earnings are included in other insurance-related income.
- (2) Gains and losses included in other comprehensive income ("OCI") on fixed maturities are included in unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period.
- (3) Change in unrealized investment gain (loss) relating to assets held at the reporting date.

The transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels reflect the fair value of the securities at the end of the reporting period.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2

There were no transfers to Level 3 from Level 2 made during the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

The transfers to Level 3 from Level 2 made during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were primarily due to the lack of observable market inputs and multiple quotes from pricing vendors and broker-dealers for certain fixed maturities and as the result of a change in valuation methodology relating to our CLO equity fund. An income approach valuation technique (discounted cash flow model) is used to estimate fair value at September 30, 2016. As the NAV practical expedient is no longer used the CLO equity fund is now categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

The transfers to Level 3 from Level 2 made during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were primarily due to the lack of observable market inputs and multiple quotes from pricing vendors and broker-dealers for certain fixed maturities.

Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2

There were no transfers to Level 2 from Level 3 made during the three months ended September 30, 2016. The transfers to Level 2 from Level 3 made during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were primarily due to the availability of observable market

inputs and quotes from pricing vendors on certain fixed maturities.

The transfers to Level 2 from Level 3 made during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were primarily due to the availability of observable market inputs and quotes from pricing vendors on certain fixed maturities and CLO Debt securities.

Measuring the Fair Value of Other Investments Using Net Asset Valuations

As a practical expedient, we estimate fair values for hedge funds, direct lending funds, private equity funds and real estate funds using NAVs as advised by external fund managers or third party administrators. For each of these funds, the NAV is based on the manager's or administrator's valuation of the underlying holdings in accordance with the fund's governing documents and in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

If there is a reporting lag between the current period end and reporting date of the latest available fund valuation for any hedge fund, we estimate the change in fair value by starting with the most recently available fund valuation and adjusting for return estimates as well as any subscriptions, redemptions and distributions that took place during the current period. Return estimates are obtained from the relevant fund managers. Accordingly, we do not typically have a reporting lag in our fair value measurements for these funds. Historically, our valuation estimates incorporating these return estimates have not significantly diverged from the subsequently received NAVs.

For private equity funds, direct lending funds and the real estate fund, valuation statements are typically released on a three month reporting lag therefore the Company estimates fair value of these funds by starting with the prior quarter-end fund valuations and adjusting for capital calls, redemptions, drawdowns and distributions. Return estimates are not available from the relevant fund managers for these funds. Accordingly, we typically have a reporting lag in our fair value measurements for these funds.

The Company often does not have access to financial information relating to the underlying securities held within the funds, therefore management is unable to corroborate the fair values placed on the securities underlying the asset valuations provided by the fund manager or fund administrator. To address this, on a quarterly basis, we perform a number of monitoring procedures to assess the quality of the information provided by managers and administrators. These procedures include, but are not limited to, regular review and discussion of each fund's performance with its manager, regular evaluation of fund performance against applicable benchmarks and the backtesting of our fair value estimates against subsequently received NAVs. Backtesting involves comparing our previously reported values for each individual fund against NAVs per audited financial statements (for year-end values) and final NAVs from fund managers and fund administrators (for interim values).

The fair value of our hedge funds, direct lending funds, private equity funds and real estate funds are measured using the NAV practical expedient and therefore have not been categorized with the fair value hierarchy.

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

U.S. GAAP guidance over disclosures about the fair value of financial instruments are also applicable to financial instruments not carried at fair value, except for certain financial instruments, including insurance contracts.

The carrying values of cash equivalents (including restricted amounts), accrued investment income, receivable for investments sold, certain other assets, payable for investments purchased and certain other liabilities approximated their fair values at September 30, 2016, due to their respective short maturities. As these financial instruments are not actively traded, their respective fair values are classified within Level 2.

The carrying value of mortgage loans held-for-investment approximated their fair value at September 30, 2016, as the loans are within their first two years of issue. The estimated fair value of mortgage loans is primarily determined by estimating expected future cash flows and discounting them using current interest rates for similar mortgage loans with similar credit risk, or is determined from pricing for similar loans. As mortgage loans are not actively traded, their respective fair values are classified within Level 3.

At September 30, 2016, our senior notes are recorded at amortized cost with a carrying value of \$993 million (2015: \$992 million) and have a fair value of \$1,083 million (2015: \$1,058 million). The fair values of these securities were obtained from a third party pricing service and pricing was based on the spread above the risk-free yield curve. These spreads are generally obtained from the new issue market, secondary trading and broker-dealer quotes. As these spreads and the yields for the risk-free yield curve are observable market inputs, the fair values of our senior notes are classified within Level 2.

### **5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The following table summarizes the balance sheet classification of derivatives recorded at fair values. The notional amount of derivative contracts represents the basis upon which pay or receive amounts are calculated and is presented in the table to quantify the volume of our derivative activities. Notional amounts are not reflective of credit risk.

None of our derivative instruments are designated as hedges under current accounting guidance.

|                                     | September 30, 2016              |        |   | December 31, 2015                |   |   |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
|                                     | Derivativ<br>Notional<br>Amount | Asset  | Derivative<br>Liability<br>Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> | Derivative<br>Notional<br>Amount | Derivative<br>Asset<br>Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> | Derivative<br>Liability<br>Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> |
| Relating to investment portfolio:   |                                 |        |   |                                  |   |   |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts  | \$40,367                        | \$ 279 | \$ 17   | \$198,406                        | \$ 490  | \$ 837  |
| Interest rate swaps                 | _                               | _      | _   |                                  | _   |   |
| Relating to underwriting portfolio: |                                 |        |   |                                  |   |   |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts  | 560,477                         | 25     | 4,394   | 692,023                          | 1,582   | 6,855   |
| Weather-related contracts           | 59,436                          | 2,488  | 8,184   | 51,395                           | 4,395   | 10,937  |
| Commodity contracts                 | 181,000                         | 4,165  |   |                                  |   |   |

Total derivatives \$ 6,957 \$ 12,595 \$ 6,467 \$ 18,629

Asset and liability derivatives are classified within other assets and other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

Our derivative instruments are generally traded under International Swaps and Derivatives Association master netting agreements, which establish terms that apply to all transactions. In the event of a bankruptcy or other stipulated event, master netting agreements provide that individual positions be replaced with a new amount, usually referred to as the termination amount, determined by taking into account market prices and converting into a single currency. Effectively, this contractual close-out netting reduces credit exposure from gross to net exposure. The table below presents a reconciliation of our gross derivative assets and liabilities to the net amounts presented in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, with the difference being attributable to the impact of master netting agreements.

| September 30, 20             | December 31, 2015             |                |                  |                               |  |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Gross Amounts Amounts Offset | Net<br>Amounts <sup>(1)</sup> | Gross<br>Amoun | Gross<br>Amounts | Net<br>Amounts <sup>(1)</sup> |  |
| Offset                       |                               |                | Onset            |                               |  |

Derivative assets \$9,370 \$(2,413)\$ 6,957 \$14,336\$(7,869)\$ 6,467 Derivative liabilities \$15,008\$(2,413)\$ 12,595 \$26,498\$(7,869)\$ 18,629

(1) Net asset and liability derivatives are classified within other assets and other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Refer to Note 3 - Investments for information on reverse repurchase agreements.

Derivative Instruments not Designated as Hedging Instruments

a) Relating to Investment Portfolio

Foreign Currency Risk

Within our investment portfolio we are exposed to foreign currency risk. Accordingly, the fair values for our investment portfolio are partially influenced by the change in foreign exchange rates. We may enter into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage the effect of this foreign currency risk. These foreign currency hedging activities are not designated as specific hedges for financial reporting purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

Our investment portfolio contains a large percentage of fixed maturities which exposes us to significant interest rate risk. As part of our overall management of this risk, we may use interest rate swaps.

b) Relating to Underwriting Portfolio

Foreign Currency Risk

Our (re)insurance subsidiaries and branches operate in various foreign countries. Consequently, some of our business is written in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and, therefore, our underwriting portfolio is exposed to significant

foreign currency risk. We manage foreign currency risk by seeking to match our foreign-denominated net liabilities under (re)insurance contracts with cash and investments that are denominated in such currencies. We may also use derivative instruments, specifically forward contracts and currency options, to economically hedge foreign currency exposures.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Weather Risk

We write derivative-based risk management products designed to address weather risks with the objective of generating profits on a portfolio basis. The majority of this business consists of receiving a payment at contract inception in exchange for bearing the risk of variations in a quantifiable weather-related phenomenon, such as temperature. Where a client wishes to minimize the upfront payment, these transactions may be structured as swaps or collars. In general, our portfolio of such derivative contracts is of short duration, with contracts being predominantly seasonal in nature. In order to economically hedge a portion of this portfolio, we may also purchase weather derivatives.

### Commodity Risk

Within our (re)insurance portfolio we are exposed to commodity price risk. We may hedge a portion of this price risk by entering into commodity derivative contracts.

The total unrealized and realized gains (losses) recognized in earnings for derivatives not designated as hedges were as follows:

|  | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative                      | Three mended S 30, 2016 |                        | Nine m<br>ended \$<br>30,<br>2016 | onths<br>September<br>2015    |
|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Derivatives not designated Relating to investment portfolio: | as hedging instruments  |                         |                        |                                   |                               |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts                           | Net realized investment gains (losses)  | \$155                   | \$6,412                | \$39                              | \$11,234                      |
| Interest rate swaps Relating to underwriting portfolio:      | Net realized investment gains (losses)  | _                       | _                      | _                                 | (4,006 )                      |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts                           | Foreign exchange losses (gains)   | (182)                   | (5,210)                | (2,958)                           | (21,494)                      |
| Weather-related contracts<br>Commodity contracts<br>Total    | Other insurance related income (losses) Other insurance related income (losses) | 833<br>1,799<br>\$2,605 | 307<br>(33)<br>\$1,476 | 809<br>1,499<br>\$(611)           | 11,274<br>(923 )<br>\$(3,915) |

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 6. RESERVE FOR LOSSES AND LOSS EXPENSES

The following table presents a reconciliation of our beginning and ending gross reserve for losses and loss expenses and net reserve for unpaid losses and loss expenses for the periods indicated:

| Nine months ended September 30,   | 2016                                  | 2015                                    |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Gross reserve for losses and loss expenses, beginning of period<br>Less reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses, beginning of period<br>Net reserve for unpaid losses and loss expenses, beginning of period |                                       | \$9,596,797<br>(1,890,280)<br>7,706,517 |
| Net incurred losses and loss expenses related to:   |                                       |   |
| Current year  | 1,887,715                             | 1,818,672                               |
| Prior years   | (224,131)                             | (165,804)                               |
|   | 1,663,584                             | 1,652,868                               |
| Net paid losses and loss expenses related to:   |                                       |   |
| Current year  | (233,124)                             | (185,953)                               |
| Prior years   | (1,334,772)                           | (1,293,776)                             |
|   | (1,567,896)                           | (1,479,729)                             |
| Foreign exchange and other  | (112,649 )                            | (183,360 )                              |
| Net reserve for unpaid losses and loss expenses, end of period<br>Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses, end of period<br>Gross reserve for losses and loss expenses, end of period                        | 7,598,015<br>2,276,792<br>\$9,874,807 | 7,696,296<br>2,007,287<br>\$9,703,583   |

We write business with loss experience generally characterized as low frequency and high severity in nature, which

in volatility in our financial results. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we recognized aggregate net losses and loss expenses, net of reinstatement premiums of \$145 million and \$90 million, respectively, in relation to catastrophe and weather-related events.

During April 2016, the Company entered into a quota share and adverse development cover reinsurance agreement, a retroactive contract which was deemed to have met the established criteria for retroactive reinsurance accounting. Foreign exchange and other includes reinsurance recoverables of \$159 million related to this reinsurance agreement.

Prior year reserve development arises from changes to loss and loss expense estimates recognized in the current year but relating to losses incurred in previous calendar years. Such development is summarized by segment in the following table:

| Three me ended Se 30, | onths<br>eptember |          | ne months ended ptember 30, |  |  |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 2016                  | 2015              | 2016     | 2015                        |  |  |
| \$20,688              | \$2,444           | \$43,181 | \$21,225                    |  |  |

Insurance

Reinsurance 55,331 42,681 180,950 144,579 Total \$76,019 \$45,125 \$224,131 \$165,804

The majority of the net favorable prior year reserve development in each period related to short-tail reserve classes. Net favorable prior year reserve development for professional, reinsurance liability and motor reserve classes also contributed in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 6. RESERVE FOR LOSSES AND LOSS EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Our short tail business includes the underlying exposures in the property and other, marine and aviation reserving classes within our insurance segment and the property and other reserving class within our reinsurance segment. Development from these classes contributed \$41 million and \$38 million of the total net favorable prior year reserve development for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, these short-tail lines contributed \$116 million and \$112 million, respectively, of net favorable prior year reserve development. The net favorable prior year reserve development for these classes primarily reflected the recognition of better than expected loss emergence.

Our medium-tail business consists primarily of professional insurance and reinsurance reserve classes, credit and political risk insurance reserve class and the credit and surety reinsurance reserve class. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the professional reserve classes contributed net favorable prior year reserve development of \$12 million and \$28 million, respectively. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the reinsurance professional reserve class contributed \$25 million of net favorable development. The net favorable prior year development on these reserve classes continued to reflect the generally favorable experience on earlier accident years as we continued to transition to more experience based methods on these years. As our loss experience has generally been better than expected, this resulted in the recognition of net favorable prior year reserve development. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the insurance professional reserve class recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$15 million and \$16 million, respectively. This adverse development was primarily the result of strengthening in our Australian book of business during the third quarter of 2015.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the credit and surety reserve class recorded net favorable prior year reserve development of \$7 million and \$19 million, respectively. This net favorable prior year reserve development reflected the recognition of generally better than expected loss emergence.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$15 million in our credit and political risk reserve class relating to an increase in our loss portfolio estimates.

Our long-tail business consists primarily of liability and motor reserve classes. Our motor and liability reinsurance reserve classes contributed additional net favorable prior year reserve development of \$17 million and \$20 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, these long-tail reserve classes contributed \$72 million and \$64 million, respectively. The net favorable prior year reserve development for the motor reserve class related to favorable loss emergence trends on several classes of business spanning multiple accident years. The net favorable prior year reserve development for the liability reinsurance reserve class primarily reflected the progressively increased weight given by management to experience based indications on older accident years, which has generally been favorable. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$6 million and \$23 million, respectively, in our insurance liability reserve class related primarily to an increase in loss estimates for specific individual claim reserves, as well as a higher frequency of large auto liability claims.

Our September 30, 2016 net reserves for losses and loss expenses includes estimated amounts for numerous catastrophe events. We caution that the magnitude and/or complexity of losses arising from certain of these events, in particular the Fort McMurray wildfires, Storm Sandy, the 2011 Japanese earthquake and tsunami, the three New Zealand earthquakes and the Tianjin port explosion, inherently increases the level of uncertainty and, therefore, the level of management judgment involved in arriving at our estimated net reserves for losses and loss expenses. As a

result, our actual losses for these events may ultimately differ materially from our current estimates.

### 7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, we incurred share-based compensation costs of \$14 million (2015: \$11 million) and recorded associated tax benefits of \$3 million (2015: \$3 million). For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we incurred share-based compensation costs of \$50 million (2015: \$41 million) and recorded associated tax benefits of \$11 million (2015: \$11 million).

The total fair value of restricted stock, restricted stock units and cash settled awards vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$66 million (2015: \$73 million). At September 30, 2016 there were \$104 million of unrecognized compensation costs, which are expected to be recognized over the weighted average period of 2.4 years.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

### Awards to settle in shares

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of nonvested restricted stock (including restricted stock units) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016:

|  | Perform | mance-based Stock   | Service-based Stock  |  |
|--|---------|---|--|--|
|  | Award   | S   | Awards   |  |
|  |         | er <b>W</b> eighted Average<br>ete <b>G</b> rant Date<br>Fair Value | Number of Verage Restricted Grant Date Stock Fair Value(1) |  |
| Nonvested restricted stock - beginning of period | 201     | \$ 49.24  | 1,954 \$ 43.34   |  |
| Granted  | 104     | 53.80   | 586 53.81  |  |
| Vested   | (48)    | 45.38   | (779 ) 39.26   |  |
| Forfeited  | _       | _   | (94 ) 47.03  |  |
| Nonvested restricted stock - end of period       | 257     | \$ 52.04  | 1,667 \$ 48.77   |  |

(1) Fair value is based on the closing price of our common shares on the New York Stock Exchange on the day of the grant.

### Cash-settled awards

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of nonvested cash settled restricted stock units for the nine months ended September 30, 2016:

Service-based

| Number of Restricted Restricted Stock Units  Nonvested restricted stock units - beginning of period 70 1,433   |   | Performance-backard Cash Settled RS | Cash Settled    | Cash Settled |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| Stock Units Stock Units  |   | Number of                           | Number of       |              |  |  |
|  |   | Restricted                          | Restricted      |              |  |  |
| Nonvested restricted stock units - beginning of period 70 1 433  |   | Stock Units                         | Stock Units     |              |  |  |
| Granted 18 494 Vested (32 ) (371 ) Forfeited — (94 ) Nonvested restricted stock units - end of period 56 1,462 | Č | 18<br>(32 )                         | (371 )<br>(94 ) |              |  |  |

At September 30, 2016, the corresponding liability for cash-settled units, included in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, was \$34 million (2015: \$23 million).

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### **8. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE**

The following table sets forth the comparison of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

| The following table sets form the comparison of basic and the  |               | nths ended | Nine months ended |           |
|--|---------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
|  | September 30, |            | September 30,     |           |
|  | 2016          | 2015       | 2016              | 2015      |
| Basic earnings per common share  |               |            |                   |           |
| Net income   | \$186,613     | \$257,642  | \$364,460         | \$496,838 |
| Less: preferred share dividends  | 9,969         | 10,022     | 29,906            | 30,066    |
| Net income available to common shareholders  | 176,644       | 247,620    | 334,554           | 466,772   |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic <sup>(1)</sup>  | 89,621        | 98,226     | 91,852            | 99,464    |
| Basic earnings per common share  | \$1.97        | \$2.52     | \$3.64            | \$4.69    |
| Diluted earnings per common share  |               |            |                   |           |
| Net income available to common shareholders  | \$176,644     | \$247,620  | \$334,554         | \$466,772 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic <sup>(1)</sup>  |               |            |                   |           |
| the second and second s | 89,621        | 98,226     | 91,852            | 99,464    |
| Share based compensation plans   | 730           | 898        | 727               | 1,004     |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted <sup>(1)</sup>  | 90,351        | 99,124     | 92,579            | 100,468   |
|  |               |            |                   |           |
| Diluted earnings per common share  | \$1.96        | \$2.50     | \$3.61            | \$4.65    |
| Anti-dilutive shares excluded from the dilutive computation  | _             | _          | 226               | 219       |

On August 17, 2015, the Company entered into an Accelerated Share Repurchase ("ASR") agreement (see 'Note 9 - Shareholders' Equity' for additional detail). The weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in the (1)computation of basic and diluted earnings per share reflects the Company's receipt of 4,149,378 common shares delivered to the Company on August 20, 2015, and 1,358,380 common shares delivered to the company on January 15, 2016 under the Company's ASR agreement.

### AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 9. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The following table presents our common shares issued and outstanding:

|  | Three months ended September 30, |                          | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|  | 2016                             | 2015                     | 2016                               | 2015                                   |
| Shares issued, balance at beginning of period<br>Shares issued<br>Total shares issued at end of period   | 176,575<br>—<br>176,575          | 176,206<br>16<br>176,222 | 176,240<br>335<br>176,575          | 175,478<br>744<br>176,222              |
| Treasury shares, balance at beginning of period<br>Shares repurchased<br>Shares reissued from treasury<br>Total treasury shares at end of period | (2,252 )<br>37                   | (4,257 )<br>6            | (8,499 )<br>537                    | (76,052)<br>(4,607)<br>486<br>(80,173) |
| Total shares outstanding   | 88,439                           | 96,049                   | 88,439                             | 96,049                                 |

## Treasury Shares

The following table presents our share repurchases:

| 8 1                                    |           |           | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |               |  |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------|--|
|  | *         |           | 2016                               | r 30,<br>2015 |  |
|  | 2010      | 2013      | 2010                               | 2013          |  |
| In the open market:                    |           |           |                                    |               |  |
| Total shares <sup>(1)</sup>            | 2,232     | 4,248     | 8,236                              | 4,264         |  |
| Total cost                             | \$124,948 | \$245,658 | \$434,948                          | \$246,490     |  |
| Average price per share <sup>(2)</sup> | \$56.00   | \$57.83   | \$52.81                            | \$57.80       |  |
|  |           |           |                                    |               |  |
| From employees:                        |           |           |                                    |               |  |
| Total shares                           | 20        | 9         | 263                                | 343           |  |
| Total cost                             | \$1,088   | \$489     | \$14,137                           | \$17,586      |  |
| Average price per share <sup>(2)</sup> | \$54.13   | \$55.59   | \$53.68                            | \$51.28       |  |
|  |           |           |                                    |               |  |
| Total shares repurchased:              |           |           |                                    |               |  |
| Total shares                           | 2,252     | 4,257     | 8,499                              | 4,607         |  |
| Total cost                             | \$126,036 | \$246,147 | \$449,085                          | \$264,076     |  |
| Average price per share <sup>(2)</sup> | \$55.98   | \$57.83   | \$52.84                            | \$57.32       |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> The nine months ended September 30, 2016 includes 1,358,380 common shares acquired under the accelerated share repurchase program (see below for more detail).

<sup>(2)</sup> Calculated using whole figures.

### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 9. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Accelerated Share Repurchase Program

On August 17, 2015, the Company entered into an Accelerated Share Repurchase agreement with Goldman, Sachs & Co. ("Goldman Sachs") to repurchase an aggregate of \$300 million of the Company's ordinary shares under an accelerated share repurchase program.

During August, 2015, under the terms of this agreement, the Company paid \$300 million to Goldman Sachs and initially repurchased 4,149,378 ordinary shares. The initial shares acquired represented 80% of the \$300 million total paid to Goldman Sachs and were calculated using the Company's stock price at activation of the program. The ASR program is accounted for as an equity transaction. Accordingly, as at December 31, 2015, \$240 million of common shares repurchased were included as treasury shares in the Consolidated Balance Sheet with the remaining \$60 million included as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

On January 15, 2016, Goldman Sachs early terminated the ASR agreement and delivered 1,358,380 additional common shares to the Company, resulting in the reduction from additional paid-in capital of \$60 million being reclassified to treasury shares. In total, the Company repurchased 5,507,758 common shares under the ASR agreement at an average price of \$54.47.

### Series B Preferred Shares

On January 27, 2016 we redeemed the remaining 28,430 Series B preferred shares, for an aggregate liquidation preference of \$3 million.

### 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Reinsurance Agreements

We purchase reinsurance coverage for various lines of our business. The minimum reinsurance premiums are contractually due in advance on a quarterly basis. Accordingly at September 30, 2016, we have unrecorded outstanding reinsurance purchase commitments of \$33 million, of which \$3 million is due in 2016 while the remaining \$30 million is due in 2017. Actual payments under the reinsurance contracts will depend on the underlying subject premium and may exceed the minimum premium.

### Investments

Refer 'Note 3 - Investments' for information on commitments related to our other investments.

## Table of Contents

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## 11. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The tax effects allocated to each component of other comprehensive income were as follows:

| The tax effects affocuted to each component of  | 2016                    | prenensive i                | neome were           | 2015                 |                             |                      |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
|   | Before<br>Tax<br>Amount | Tax<br>(Expense)<br>Benefit | Net of Tax<br>Amount | Before Tax<br>Amount | Tax<br>(Expense)<br>Benefit | Net of Tax<br>Amount |
| Three months ended September 30,  |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| Available for sale investments:   |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising during the period                              | \$40,125                | \$(3,789)                   | \$36,336             | \$(102,810)          | \$ 3,099                    | \$(99,711)           |
| Adjustment for reclassification of net realized   |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| investment gains (losses) and OTTI losses recognized in net income                          | (5,050)                 | 2,408                       | (2,642)              | 76,368               | (1,558)                     | 74,810               |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising  |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| during the period, net of reclassification  | 35,075                  | (1,381)                     | 33,694               | (26,442 )            | 1,541                       | (24,901 )            |
| adjustment  |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| Non-credit portion of OTTI losses Foreign currency translation adjustment                   |                         | _                           |                      | —<br>(14,626 )       | _                           | —<br>(14,626 )       |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net  | 1,722<br>. \$26.707     | ¢ (1 201 )                  | •                    |                      | ¢ 1 5 / 1                   |                      |
| of tax  | \$30,797                | \$(1,381)                   | \$35,416             | \$(41,068)           | \$ 1,341                    | \$(39,527)           |
| Nine months ended September 30,   |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| Available for sale investments:   |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising  | \$263,235               | \$(24 579)                  | \$238 656            | \$(183,822)          | \$ 6 884                    | \$(176,938)          |
| during the period   |                         | Ψ(21,37)                    | Ψ230,030             | ψ(103,022)           | φ 0,00 1                    | Ψ(170,250)           |
| Adjustment for reclassification of net realized investment gains and OTTI losses recognized |                         | 2,282                       | 42,620               | 130,858              | (2,088)                     | 128,770              |
| in net income   | 10,550                  | 2,202                       | 12,020               | 130,030              | (2,000 )                    | 120,770              |
| Unrealized investment gains (losses) arising  |                         |                             |                      |                      |                             |                      |
| during the period, net of reclassification  | 303,573                 | (22,297)                    | 281,276              | (52,964)             | 4,796                       | (48,168)             |
| adjustment Non-credit portion of OTTI losses  | _                       | _                           | _                    | _                    | _                           |                      |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment   | 5,694                   |                             | 5,694                | (23,851)             |                             | (23,851)             |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax   | \$309,267               | \$(22,297)                  | \$286,970            | \$(76,815)           | \$ 4,796                    | \$(72,019)           |

Reclassifications out of AOCI into net income available to common shareholders were as follows:

| A   | Amount Reclassified from AOCI <sup>(1)</sup> |                 |                      |  |
|---|--|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| Consolidated Statement of Operations Details About AOCI ComponentsLine Item That Includes  Reclassification | Three mended S<br>30,<br>2016                | nonths eptember | Nine mon<br>Septembe |  |

Unrealized investment gains (losses) on available for sale investments

| Other realized investment gains | \$0.207 | \$(44.067) | \$(10,002) | \$(68,096  | ` |
|---------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| (losses)                        | \$9,491 | \$(44,007) | \$(19,994) | \$(00,090  | , |
| OTTI losses                     | (4,247) | (32,301)   | (20,346)   | (62,762    | ) |
| Total before tax                | 5,050   | (76,368)   | (40,338)   | (130,858   | ) |
| Income tax (expense) benefit    | (2,408) | 1,558      | (2,282)    | 2,088      |   |
| Net of tax                      | \$2,642 | \$(74,810) | \$(42,620) | \$(128,770 | ) |

(1) Amounts in parentheses are debits to net income available to common shareholders.

#### **Table of Contents**

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In October 2016, the landfall of Hurricane Matthew impacted the Caribbean, southeastern United States and Canada, causing catastrophic loss of life, property damage and flooding.

Our preliminary after-tax net loss estimate for this event is in the range of \$45 million to \$60 million. The Company's loss estimate is primarily based on a ground-up assessment of losses from individual contracts and treaties exposed to the affected regions, including preliminary information from clients, brokers and loss adjusters. Industry insured loss estimates, market share analyses and catastrophe modeling analyses were also taken into account where appropriate.

Due to the nature of this event, including the complexity of loss assessment, factors contributing to the losses and the preliminary nature of the information available to prepare these estimates, the actual net ultimate amount of losses for this event may be materially different from this current estimate.

# ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations. This should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 1 of this report and also our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. Tabular dollars are in thousands, except per share amounts. Amounts in tables may not reconcile due to rounding differences.

| Page                                |
|-------------------------------------|
| <u>43</u>                           |
|                                     |
| <u>49</u>                           |
| <u>44</u><br><u>49</u><br><u>57</u> |
| <u>57</u>                           |
| <u>61</u>                           |
| <u>64</u>                           |
| <u>65</u>                           |
| <u>67</u>                           |
| 70<br>72<br>72                      |
| <u>72</u>                           |
| <u>72</u>                           |
| <u>72</u>                           |
| <u>72</u>                           |
|                                     |

## THIRD QUARTER 2016 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Third Quarter 2016 Consolidated Results of Operations

• Net income available to common shareholders of \$177 million, or \$1.97 per common share and \$1.96 per diluted common share

Operating income of \$161 million, or \$1.78 per diluted common share<sup>(1)</sup>

Gross premiums written of \$1.0 billion

Net premiums written of \$595 million, impacted by a large new retrocessional cover entered into with Harrington Re Ltd.

Net premiums earned of \$934 million

Net favorable prior year reserve development of \$76 million

Estimated catastrophe and weather-related pre-tax net losses, net of reinstatement premiums, of \$22 million compared to \$43 million during the third quarter of 2015

Underwriting income of \$104 million and combined ratio of 92.6%

Net investment income of \$117 million

Net realized investment gains of \$5 million

Foreign exchange gains of \$14 million

#### Third Ouarter 2016 Consolidated Financial Condition

Total cash and investments of \$14.6 billion; fixed maturities, cash and short-term securities comprise 87% of total cash and investments and have an average credit rating of AA-

•Total assets of \$21.2 billion

- Reserve for losses and loss expenses of \$9.9 billion and reinsurance recoverable of \$2.3
- billion

Total debt of \$1.0 billion and the debt to total capital ratio of 14.1%

Repurchased 2.3 million common shares. At October 27, 2016 the remaining authorization under the repurchase program approved by our Board of Directors was \$375 million

Common shareholders' equity of \$5.4 billion and diluted book value per common share of \$59.77

Financial Measures' for reconciliation to nearest GAAP financial measure (net income available to common shareholders).

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### **Business Overview**

We are a Bermuda-based global provider of specialty lines insurance and treaty reinsurance products with operations in Bermuda, the United States, Europe, Singapore, Canada, Latin America and the Middle East. Our underwriting operations are organized around our two global underwriting platforms, AXIS Insurance and AXIS Re.

Our mission is to provide our clients and distribution partners with a broad range of risk transfer products and services and meaningful capacity, backed by significant financial strength. We manage our portfolio holistically, aiming to construct the optimum consolidated portfolio of funded and unfunded risks, consistent with our risk appetite and development of our franchise. We nurture an ethical, entrepreneurial and disciplined culture that promotes outstanding client service, intelligent risk taking and the achievement of superior risk-adjusted returns for our shareholders. We believe that the achievement of our objectives will position us as a global leader in specialty risks. Our execution on this strategy in the first nine months of 2016 included:

continued growth of our accident and health lines, which is focused on specialty accident and health products;

growth of our Weather and Commodity Markets business unit which offers parametric risk management solutions to clients

whose profit margins are exposed to adverse weather and commodity price risks;

growth of our syndicate at Lloyd's which provides us with access to Lloyd's worldwide licenses and an extensive distribution network. During the first quarter of 2016 we commenced writing business through our underwriting division at Lloyd's in China;

continued rebalancing of our portfolio towards less-volatile lines of business that carry attractive rates; and

continued expansion of our broad range of third-party capital capabilities through:

Our investment in Harrington Reinsurance Holdings Limited ("Harrington"), the parent company of Harrington Re Ltd. ("Harrington Re"), an independent reinsurance company jointly sponsored by AXIS Capital and The Blackstone Group L.P. ("Blackstone"). Harrington Re's strategy is to combine a multi-line reinsurance portfolio with a diversified allocation to alternative investment strategies to earn attractive risk-adjusted returns. Harrington plans to develop a portfolio that optimizes the risk-reward characteristics of both assets and liabilities, leveraging the respective strengths of AXIS Capital and Blackstone while deploying a disciplined and fully integrated approach to both underwriting and investing;

AXIS Ventures Reinsurance Limited, which manages capital for investors interested in deploying funds directly into the property-catastrophe and other short-tail business; and

increased use of available reinsurance and retrocessional protection to optimize the risk-adjusted returns on our portfolio.

#### **Table of Contents**

# Results of Operations

|   | Three mon 30, | ths ended S | eptember  | Nine mont 30, | hs ended September |           |  |
|---|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
|   | 2016          | % Change    | 2015      | 2016          | % Change           | 2015      |  |
| Underwriting income:                          |               |             |           |               |                    |           |  |
| Insurance                                     | \$25,161      | 265%        | \$6,888   | \$31,187      | 93%                | \$16,153  |  |
| Reinsurance                                   | 78,837        | 60%         | 49,357    | 181,623       | (8%)               | 197,729   |  |
| Net investment income                         | 116,923       | 156%        | 45,685    | 257,818       | 14%                | 226,336   |  |
| Net realized investment gains (losses)        | 5,205         | nm          | (69,957   | (40,295)      | (67%)              | (123,618) |  |
| Other expenses, net                           | (37,079)      | nm          | (8,464    | (63,439)      | 18%                | (53,895)  |  |
| Termination fee received                      | _             | nm          | 280,000   | _             | nm                 | 280,000   |  |
| Reorganization and related fees               | _             | nm          | (45,867   | ) —           | nm                 | (45,867)  |  |
| Interest in loss of equity method investments | (2,434)       | nm          | _         | (2,434)       | nm                 |           |  |
| Net income                                    | 186,613       | (28%)       | 257,642   | 364,460       | (27%)              | 496,838   |  |
| Preferred share dividends                     | (9,969)       | (1%)        | (10,022   | (29,906)      | (1%)               | (30,066)  |  |
| Net income available to common shareholders   | \$176,644     | (29%)       | \$247,620 | \$334,554     | (28%)              | \$466,772 |  |
| Operating income                              | \$160,689     | 215%        | \$51,031  | \$309,450     | 10%                | \$280,682 |  |

nm – not meaningful

#### **Underwriting Results**

Total underwriting income in the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$104 million, an increase of \$48 million compared to \$56 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in underwriting income was primarily driven by an increase in net favorable prior year development, decreased catastrophe and weather-related losses, lower general and administrative expenses and an increase in other insurance related income, partially offset by an increase in the current accident year loss ratio excluding catastrophe and weather-related losses.

The reinsurance segment underwriting income increased by \$29 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in underwriting income was primarily driven by decreased catastrophe and weather-related losses, an increase in net favorable prior year development, lower general and administrative expenses and an increase in other insurance related income, partially offset by an increase in the acquisition cost ratio.

The insurance segment underwriting income increased by \$18 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in underwriting income was primarily due to an increase in net favorable prior year development and a decrease in the acquisition cost ratio, partially offset by an increase in the current accident year loss ratio excluding catastrophe and weather-related losses.

Total underwriting income in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$213 million, a decrease of \$1 million compared to \$214 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in underwriting income was primarily driven by increased catastrophe and weather-related losses, an increase in the acquisition cost ratio and a decrease in other insurance income, partially offset by an increase in net favorable prior year development and lower general and administrative expenses.

The reinsurance segment underwriting income decreased by \$16 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in underwriting income was primarily driven by an increase in the acquisition cost ratio, increased catastrophe and weather-related losses and a decrease in other insurance related income, partially offset by an increase in net favorable prior year development and lower general and administrative expenses.

The insurance segment underwriting income increased by \$15 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in underwriting income was primarily due to an increase in net favorable prior year development, a decrease in the acquisition cost ratio and lower general and administrative expenses, partially offset by increased catastrophe and weather-related losses.

#### Net Investment Income

Net investment income in the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$117 million, an increase of \$71 million compared to \$46 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily driven by our other investments. These investments generated a gain of \$38 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to a loss of \$27 million in three months ended September 30, 2015. Net investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$258 million, an increase of \$31 million compared to the same period in 2015. The increase was mainly attributable to income from fixed maturities and other investments. Income from fixed maturities increased as a result of an emphasis on longer duration assets and income from other investments increased as a result of improved valuations on our CLO - Equity holdings.

#### Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

Realized gains were \$5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to realized losses of \$70 million for the same period of 2015. The gains were mainly attributable to corporates, agency MBS, CMBS and ETFs which benefited from improvements in pricing in 2016. The realized losses in the three months ended September 30, 2015 were attributable to foreign currency losses on non-U.S. denominated securities as a result of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar and other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") charges. Realized losses were \$40 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to realized losses of \$124 million for the same period of 2015. The losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were primarily attributable to foreign currency losses on non-U.S. denominated securities as a result of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar and OTTI charges.

#### Other Revenues (Expenses), Net

Corporate expenses increased to \$29 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, from \$24 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to the net reimbursement of PartnerRe Ltd. ("PartnerRe") merger-related expenses benefiting 2015 and senior executive transition costs in 2016, partially offset by reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, corporate expenses increased to \$87 million compared to \$84 million in the same period in 2015. The slight increase is attributable to adjustments to senior leadership executive stock-compensation awards benefiting 2015, senior executive transition costs in 2016, and an increase in personnel costs in 2016, partially offset by expenses attributable to the proposed merger with PartnerRe and reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015.

The foreign exchange gains for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$14 million and \$70 million, respectively, were primarily driven by the depreciation of the pound sterling against the U.S dollar. The foreign exchange gains of \$28 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 were primarily driven by depreciation of the pound sterling and the Australian dollar against the U.S. dollar, while the foreign exchange gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$69 million were primarily driven by the depreciation of the euro, pound sterling and Australian dollar.

The financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2016 resulted in a tax expense of \$9 million, compared to an expense of nil for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 resulted in a tax expense of \$8 million compared to a tax expense of \$1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The effective tax rate, which drives the tax expense, can vary between periods

depending on the distribution of net income amongst tax jurisdictions, as well as other factors. The primary driver of the increase in both periods is the generation of consolidated pre-tax net income in our operations in Europe compared to net losses in 2015.

## Termination Fee Received

During the third quarter of 2015, the Company announced that we had accepted a request from PartnerRe to terminate the Agreement and Plan of Amalgamation (the "Amalgamation Agreement") with the Company. PartnerRe paid the Company \$315 million to immediately terminate the Amalgamation Agreement, the amount was comprised of a termination fee of \$280 million and a reimbursement of merger related expenses of \$35 million.

#### **Table of Contents**

# Reorganization and Related Expenses

During the third quarter of 2015, the Company implemented a number of profitability enhancement initiatives which resulted in a recognition of reorganization and related expenses of \$46 million and additional corporate expenses of \$5 million in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in the three months ended September 30, 2015.

## Interest in Loss of Equity Method Investments

Interest in losses of equity method investments represents the Company's aggregate share of losses related to investments in which the Company has significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee.

#### Outlook

Management expects to achieve an increase in gross premiums written in 2016, with variances between our lines of business within the operating segments driven by market conditions and available opportunities, as we maintain our focus on diversification and pursuit of those opportunities that will expand our reach in areas where we believe the returns to be most attractive. We also expect the increase in gross premiums written to be substantially offset by greater cessions of risk to reinsurers and third party capital partners.

Competitive conditions continue to impact worldwide insurance markets with greatest pressures impacting catastrophe exposed property and certain global specialty lines of business. We also observed greater competitiveness for large accounts compared to smaller risks. These competitive pressures have led to price reductions across most lines of business, with decreases in international markets generally more severe than those observed in the United States. We expect this trend to continue in the short-term but believe that there are still attractive risks in the market. In this challenging market environment, we are focusing on lines and markets that remain adequately priced or continue to deliver price increases and those that provide opportunities for profitable growth. Where necessary we also continue to shift our business mix toward smaller, less volatile risk accounts which we believe will enable us to achieve a better, more stable attritional loss experience with lower severity.

The reinsurance markets' trading environment remains challenging in the majority of lines of business and geographical regions. The market continues to be influenced by excess capacity, strong balance sheets of established market participants and a consolidation of reinsurance purchasing. Despite these conditions we observed recent favorable trends which we expect to impact our business including many cedants reducing the size of their reinsurer panels, some moderation of pricing pressures, increased resistance to demands for greater commission rates as well as more generous terms and conditions, an increase in the number of cedants looking to buy more reinsurance protection and Solvency II-driven opportunities. These factors, combined with AXIS customer-centric approach and opportunities in specific lines of business and geographies allow us to execute on our targeted growth strategy. We continue to address the difficult market conditions by taking actions to protect the quality and profitability of our existing book, targeting larger shares of the more attractive treaties, managing the overall volatility of our reinsurance book, and expanding our already strong group of third party capital partners with whom to share our risks and earn fee income.

#### Financial Measures

We believe the following financial indicators are important in evaluating our performance and measuring the overall growth in value generated for our common shareholders:

|  | Three months ended and at |   |         |   | Nine months ended and at September |   |         |   |
|--|---------------------------|---|---------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------|---|
|  | September 30, 2016 2015   |   |         |   | 30,<br>2016                        |   | 2015    |   |
|  | 2010                      |   | 2013    |   | 2010                               |   | 2013    |   |
| ROACE (annualized) <sup>(1)</sup>                                      | 13.2                      | % | 18.8    | % | 8.4                                | % | 12.0    | % |
| Operating ROACE (annualized) <sup>(2)</sup>                            | 12.0                      | % | 3.9     | % | 7.8                                | % | 7.2     | % |
| DBV per common share <sup>(3)</sup>                                    | \$59.77                   | 7 | \$53.68 | 3 | \$59.7                             | 7 | \$53.68 | 8 |
| Cash dividends declared per common share                               | 0.35                      |   | 0.29    |   | 1.05                               |   | 0.87    |   |
| Increase in diluted book value per common share adjusted for dividends | \$2.50                    |   | \$2.16  |   | \$6.74                             |   | \$4.67  |   |

Return on average common equity ("ROACE") is calculated by dividing annualized net income available to common

- (1) shareholders for the period by the average shareholders' equity determined by using the common shareholders' equity balances at the beginning and end of the period.
  - Operating ROACE is calculated by dividing annualized operating income for the period by the average common shareholders' equity determined by using the common shareholders' equity balances at the beginning and end of the
- (2) period. Annualized operating ROACE is a non-GAAP financial measure as defined in SEC Regulation G. Refer to 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' for additional information and reconciliation to the nearest GAAP financial measure (ROACE).
- Diluted book value ("DBV") per common share represents total common shareholders' equity divided by the number (3) of common shares and diluted common share equivalents outstanding, determined using the treasury stock method. Cash settled awards are excluded from the denominator.

#### Return on Equity

The decrease in ROACE in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015, was primarily driven by the termination fee received from PartnerRe in the third quarter of 2015, partially offset by net realized gains in the current quarter compared to net realized losses in the same period in 2015, an increase in net investment income and underwriting income in the current quarter compared to the same period in 2015 and reorganization and related expenses incurred in the third quarter of 2015.

The increase in operating ROACE for the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily driven by an increase in net investment income and underwriting income in the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015.

The decrease in ROACE in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, was primarily driven by the termination fee received from PartnerRe in the third quarter of 2015, partially offset by a decrease in net realized losses and an increase in net investment income in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 and reorganization and related expenses incurred in the third quarter of 2015.

The increase in operating ROACE in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, was primarily driven by an increase in net investment income in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015.

Diluted Book Value per Common Share

Our diluted book value per common share increase of 11% from \$53.68 at September 30, 2015, to \$59.77 at September 30, 2016, primarily reflected the generation of \$469 million in net income available to common shareholders over the past twelve months and the increase over the last twelve months in unrealized gains on

investments which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income, which was partially offset by common share dividends declared.

#### Diluted Book Value per Common Share Adjusted for Dividends

Our diluted book value per common share adjusted for dividends increased by \$2.50, or 4%, per common share for the three month period ended September 30, 2016 and \$7.49, or 14%, per common share over the past twelve months. Taken together, we believe that growth in diluted book value per common share and common share dividends declared represent the total value created for our common shareholders. As companies in the insurance industry have differing dividend payout policies, we believe investors use the diluted book value per common share adjusted for dividends metric to measure comparable performance across the industry.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, total value created consisted primarily of our net income and an increase in unrealized gains on investments, reported in accumulated other comprehensive income.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, total value created consisted primarily of our net income, partially offset by an increase in unrealized losses on investments and foreign exchange translation adjustment losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income.

#### UNDERWRITING RESULTS - GROUP

The following table provides our group underwriting results for the periods indicated. Underwriting income is a pre-tax measure of underwriting profitability that takes into account net premiums earned and other insurance related income as revenues and net losses and loss expenses, acquisition costs and underwriting-related general and administrative costs as expenses.

|  | Three mon 30,                                 | ths ended S               | September                                | Nine months ended September 30,                |                          |   |  |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|---|--|
|  | 2016  | % Change 2015             |  | 2016 % Change                                  |                          | 2015  |  |
| Revenues: Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Other insurance related income   | \$959,962<br>595,431<br>934,415<br>5,944      | 2%<br>(12%)<br>2%<br>413% | \$936,583<br>677,217<br>919,341<br>1,158 | \$4,239,558<br>3,288,587<br>2,783,746<br>4,850 | 11%<br>7%<br>1%<br>(61%) | \$3,803,928<br>3,079,307<br>2,764,605<br>12,319 |  |
| Expenses: Current year net losses and loss expenses Prior year reserve development Acquisition costs Underwriting-related general and administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup> | (608,347)<br>76,019<br>(189,810)<br>(114,223) |                           | 45,125                                   | (1,887,715 )<br>224,131<br>(559,570 )          |                          | (1,818,672 )<br>165,804<br>(537,549 )           |  |
| Underwriting income <sup>(2)</sup>   | \$103,998                                     | 85%                       | \$56,245                                 | \$212,810                                      | (1%)                     | \$213,882                                       |  |
| General and administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup> Income before income taxes and interest in  | \$142,906<br>\$198,399                        |                           | \$144,727<br>\$257,672                   | \$439,554<br>\$374,606                         |                          | \$456,451<br>\$497,993                          |  |

income (loss) of equity method investments<sup>(2)</sup>

Underwriting-related general and administrative expenses is a non-GAAP measure as defined in SEC Regulation G. Our total general and administrative expenses also included corporate expenses of \$28,683 and \$23,604 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$86,922 and \$83,826 for the nine months

- three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$86,922 and \$83,826 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Refer to 'Other Expenses (Revenues), Net' for additional information related to these corporate expenses. Also, refer to 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' for further information.
  - Underwriting income is a non-GAAP financial measure as defined in SEC Regulation G. Refer to Item 1, Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a reconciliation of underwriting income to the nearest GAAP financial
- (2) measure (income before income taxes and interest in income (loss) of equity method investments) for the periods indicated above. Also, refer to 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' for additional information related to the presentation of underwriting income.

#### **UNDERWRITING REVENUES**

Insurance \$433,131 14%

Total

Reinsurance 162,300 (45%)

\$595,431 (12%)

#### Premiums Written:

Gross and net premiums written, by segment, were as follows:

| Gross and ne |           | miums Writ   |           | were as rone    | , w.s.       |             |  |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--|
|              |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |
|              | Three mon | nths ended S | September | Nine month      | s ended Ser  | ntember 30  |  |
|              | 30,       |              |           | TVIIIC IIIOIIUI | democi 50,   |             |  |
|              | 2016      | % Change     | 2015      | 2016            | % Change     | 2015        |  |
|              |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |
| Insurance    | \$675,430 | 11%          | \$606,704 | \$2,112,796     | 7%           | \$1,970,554 |  |
| Reinsurance  | 284,532   | (14%)        | 329,879   | 2,126,762       | 16%          | 1,833,374   |  |
| Total        | \$959,962 | 2%           | \$936,583 | \$4,239,558     | 11%          | \$3,803,928 |  |
|              |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |
| % ceded      |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |
| Insurance    | 36%       | (1) pts      | 37%       | 32%             | 1 pts        | 31%         |  |
| Reinsurance  | 43%       | 33 pts       | 10%       | 13%             | 7 pts        | 6%          |  |
| Total        | 38%       | 10 pts       | 28%       | 22%             | 3 pts        | 19%         |  |
|              |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |
|              | Net Premi | ums Writte   | n         |                 |              |             |  |
|              | Three mor | nths ended S | September | Nina month      | s and ad Can | stambar 20  |  |
|              | 30,       |              |           | Nine month      | s ended Sep  | demoer 30,  |  |
|              | 2016      | % Change     | 2015      | 2016            | % Change     | 2015        |  |
|              |           |              |           |                 |              |             |  |

\$381,118 \$1,433,058 6%

296,099 1,855,529 7%

\$677,217 \$3,288,587 7%

Gross premiums written in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, increased by \$23 million or 2% (3% on a constant currency basis<sup>(1)</sup>) and \$436 million or 11% (13% on a constant currency basis) compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The increase for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was due to an increase in the insurance segment, partially offset by a decrease in the reinsurance segment. The increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was due to increases in both our reinsurance and insurance segments.

\$1,352,122

1,727,185

\$3,079,307

Our reinsurance segment's gross premiums written decreased by \$45 million or 14% (13% on a constant currency basis) and increased by \$293 million, or 16% (19% on a constant currency basis) in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same periods in 2015, respectively. The decrease in the reinsurance segment gross written premiums in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015 was primarily driven by timing differences impacting our professional and liability lines. The increase in the reinsurance segment gross written premiums in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015 was impacted by an increase in the level of premiums written on a multi-year basis. This increase in multi-year contracts increased the amount of premium recorded in the current period relating to future years compared to the same period in 2015. The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was partially offset by foreign exchange movements as the strength of the U.S. dollar drove comparative premium decreases in treaties denominated in foreign currencies. After adjusting for the impact of the multi-year contracts and

foreign exchange movements, our reinsurance segment gross premiums written increased by \$204 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015. The growth was driven by new business in our liability, marine and other, catastrophe, professional as well as our credit and surety lines, with favorable treaty restructurings and timing differences also contributing to increased premium written in our liability and professional lines. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in our property lines primarily driven by non-renewals and decreases in the line sizes on several treaties.

Amounts presented on a constant currency basis are "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined in Regulation G. (1) The constant currency basis is calculated by applying the average foreign exchange rate from the current year to

(1) The constant currency basis is calculated by applying the average foreign exchange rate from the current year to the prior year balance.

#### **Table of Contents**

Our insurance segment's gross written premiums increased by \$69 million or 11% (12% on a constant currency basis) and \$142 million or 7% (8% on a constant currency basis) in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same periods of 2015. Increased premiums written were reported in both periods in our accident and health and property lines primarily related to new business. The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015 was partially offset by decreased premiums written in our marine lines and the impact of our exit from retail insurance operations in Australia.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the ceded ratio increased by 10% and 3%, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, with the increases primarily attributable to the reinsurance segment. The reinsurance segment ceded ratio increased in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015, largely due to a new retrocessional cover entered into with Harrington Re.

#### Net Premiums Earned:

Net premiums earned by segment were as follows:

|             | Three months ended September 30, |      |           |      |             | Nine month  |      |             |      |             |
|-------------|----------------------------------|------|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
|             | 2016                             |      | 2015      |      | %<br>Change | 2016        |      | 2015        |      | %<br>Change |
| Insurance   | \$444,691                        | 48 % | \$444,550 | 48 % | <b>—</b> %  | \$1,322,649 | 48 % | \$1,344,339 | 49 % | (2%)        |
| Reinsurance | 489,724                          | 52 % | 474,791   | 52 % | 3%          | 1,461,097   | 52 % | 1,420,266   | 51 % | 3%          |
| Total       | \$934,415                        | 100% | \$919,341 | 100% | 2%          | \$2,783,746 | 100% | \$2,764,605 | 100% | 1%          |

Changes in net premiums earned reflect period to period changes in net premiums written and business mix, together with normal variability in premium earning patterns.

Net premiums earned increased by 2% (4% on a constant currency basis) and 1% (4% on a constant currency basis) in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same periods in 2015, respectively. The increases were driven by the reinsurance segment in both periods, with a reduction in the insurance segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015, partially offsetting the increase in the reinsurance segment.

The increase in the reinsurance segment for both periods was primarily driven by strong premium growth in our liability, marine and other as well as our catastrophe lines in recent periods together with favorable premium adjustments impacting our credit and surety lines. The growth for both periods was partially offset by increased premiums ceded in our catastrophe and property lines, as well as the impact on our liability and professional lines of the new retrocession to Harrington Re.

The decrease in the insurance segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, was primarily driven by an increase in our professional lines' ceded reinsurance programs, decreased business written in our marine lines and the impact of our exit from retail insurance operations in Australia, partially offset by growth in premiums written in recent periods in our accident and health lines.

Other Insurance Related Income (Loss):

The increase in other insurance related income of \$5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, reflected fees from strategic capital partners and favorable fair value adjustments to economic hedges purchased to protect our agriculture line of business against fluctuations in commodity prices. The decrease in other insurance related income of \$7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, reflected the impact of the realized gains on our weather and commodities derivative portfolio in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to an immaterial impact in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, partially offset by third party capital fees and favorable fair value adjustments to economic hedges purchased to protect our agriculture line of business against fluctuations in commodity prices.

#### **UNDERWRITING EXPENSES**

The following table provides a breakdown of our combined ratio:

|   | Three m | nonths end<br>ber 30, | ded     | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |                |         |
|---|---------|-----------------------|---------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|
|   | 2016    | % Point Change        | 2015    | 2016                               | % Point Change | 2015    |
| Current accident year loss ratio                        | 65.1%   | (0.8)                 | 65.9%   | 67.8%                              | 2.0            | 65.8%   |
| Prior year reserve development                          | (8.1 %) | (3.2)                 | (4.9 %) | (8.0 %)                            | (2.0)          | (6.0 %) |
| Acquisition cost ratio                                  | 20.3%   | 0.4                   | 19.9%   | 20.1%                              | 0.7            | 19.4%   |
| General and administrative expense ratio <sup>(1)</sup> | 15.3%   | (0.4)                 | 15.7%   | 15.8%                              | (0.7)          | 16.5%   |
| Combined ratio  | 92.6%   | (4.0)                 | 96.6%   | 95.7%                              |                | 95.7%   |

The general and administrative expense ratio includes corporate expenses not allocated to reportable segments of 3.1% and 2.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and 3.1% and 3.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. These costs are further discussed in the 'Other Expenses (Revenues), Net' section.

#### Current Accident Year Loss Ratio:

The current accident year loss ratio decreased to 65.1% in the three months ended September 30, 2016 from 65.9% in the same period in 2015, while the current accident year loss ratio increased to 67.8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 from 65.8% in the same period in 2015.

The decrease for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was impacted by a lower level of catastrophe and weather-related losses and the increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was impacted by an increased level of catastrophe and weather-related losses. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we incurred \$22 million, or 2.3 points, and \$145 million, or 5.3 points, respectively, in pre-tax catastrophe and weather-related losses, net of reinstatement premiums, attributable to the weather-related events, Fort McMurray wildfires, the Japanese and Ecuadorian earthquakes, North Calgary hailstorm and European floods. Comparatively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 we incurred \$43 million, or 4.7 points, and \$90 million, or 3.3 points, respectively.

After adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses, our current accident year loss ratios in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, were 62.8% and 62.5%, respectively, compared to 61.2% and 62.5% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The increase in the current accident year loss ratios after adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses for the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, was mainly due to business mix changes as well as the ongoing adverse impact of rate and trend, partially offset by a decrease in the mid-size loss experience in our insurance marine and property lines. The current accident year loss ratio after adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was comparable to the same periods in 2015. The adverse impact of rate and trend together with business mix changes were offset by a decrease in the mid-size loss experience in our insurance marine and property lines.

# Prior Year Reserve Development:

Our favorable prior year reserve development was the net result of several underlying reserve developments on prior accident years, identified during our quarterly reserve review process. The following table provides a breakdown of prior year reserve development by segment:

|             | Three model Se 30, |          | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |           |  |  |
|-------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
|             | 2016               | 2015     | 2016                               | 2015      |  |  |
| Insurance   | \$20,688           | \$2,444  | \$43,181                           | \$21,225  |  |  |
| Reinsurance | 55,331             | 42,681   | 180,950                            | 144,579   |  |  |
| Total       | \$76,019           | \$45,125 | \$224,131                          | \$165,804 |  |  |

#### Overview

The majority of the net favorable prior year reserve development in each period related to short-tail reserve classes. Net favorable prior year reserve development for professional, reinsurance liability and motor reserve classes also contributed in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Our short tail business includes the underlying exposures in the property and other, marine and aviation reserving classes within our insurance segment and the property and other reserving class within our reinsurance segment. Development from these classes contributed \$41 million and \$38 million of the total net favorable prior year reserve development for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, these short-tail lines contributed \$116 million and \$112 million, respectively, of net favorable prior year reserve development. The net favorable prior year reserve development for these classes primarily reflected the recognition of better than expected loss emergence.

Our medium-tail business consists primarily of professional insurance and reinsurance reserve classes, credit and political risk insurance reserve class and the credit and surety reinsurance reserve class. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the professional reserve classes contributed net favorable prior year reserve development of \$12 million and \$28 million, respectively. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the reinsurance professional reserve class contributed \$25 million of net favorable development. The net favorable prior year development on these reserve classes continued to reflect the generally favorable experience on earlier accident years as we continued to transition to more experience based methods on these years. As our loss experience has generally been better than expected, this resulted in the recognition of net favorable prior year reserve development. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the insurance professional reserve class recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$15 million and \$16 million, respectively. This adverse development was primarily the result of strengthening in our Australian book of business during the third quarter of 2015.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the credit and surety reserve class recorded net favorable prior year reserve development of \$7 million and \$19 million, respectively. This net favorable prior year reserve development reflected the recognition of generally better than expected loss emergence.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$15 million in our credit and political risk reserve class relating to an increase in our loss portfolio estimates.

Our long-tail business consists primarily of liability and motor reserve classes. Our motor and liability reinsurance reserve classes contributed additional net favorable prior year reserve development of \$17 million and \$20 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, these long-tail reserve classes contributed \$72 million and \$64 million, respectively. The net favorable prior year reserve development for the motor reserve class related to favorable loss emergence trends on several classes of business spanning multiple accident years. The net favorable prior year reserve development for the liability reinsurance reserve class primarily reflected the progressively increased weight given by management to experience based indications on older accident years, which has generally been favorable. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded net adverse prior year reserve development of \$6 million and \$23 million, respectively, in our insurance liability reserve class related primarily to an increase in loss estimates for specific individual claim reserves, as well as a higher frequency of large auto liability claims.

We caution that conditions and trends that impacted the development of our liabilities in the past may not necessarily occur in the future.

Estimates of Significant Catastrophe Events

Our September 30, 2016 net reserves for losses and loss expenses includes estimated amounts for numerous catastrophe events. We caution that the magnitude and/or complexity of losses arising from certain of these events, in particular the Fort McMurray wildfires, Storm Sandy, the 2011 Japanese earthquake and tsunami, the three New Zealand earthquakes and the Tianjin port explosion, inherently increases the level of uncertainty and, therefore, the level of management judgment involved in arriving at our estimated net reserves for losses and loss expenses. As a result, our actual losses for these events may ultimately differ materially from our current estimates.

#### **Table of Contents**

Our estimated net losses in relation to the catastrophe events described above were derived from ground-up assessments of our in-force contracts and treaties providing coverage in the affected regions. These assessments take into account the latest information available from clients, brokers and loss adjusters. In addition, we consider industry insured loss estimates, market share analyses and catastrophe modeling analyses, when appropriate. Our estimates remain subject to change, as additional loss data becomes available.

The following sections provide further details on prior year reserve development by segment, reserving class and accident year.

# Insurance Segment:

| C                         | Three more ended Sep 30, |          | Nine mon<br>Septembe |          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
|                           | 2016                     | 2015     | 2016                 | 2015     |
| Property and other        | \$10,061                 | \$20,518 | \$24,048             | \$49,705 |
| Marine                    | 4,682                    | 2,831    | 8,382                | 23,156   |
| Aviation                  | 517                      | 667      | 437                  | 2,884    |
| Credit and political risk | (25)                     | (28)     | (232)                | (15,427) |
| Professional lines        | 3,378                    | (15,279) | 8,956                | (15,887) |
| Liability                 | 2,075                    | (6,265)  | 1,590                | (23,206) |
| Total                     | \$20,688                 | \$2,444  | \$43,181             | \$21,225 |

In the three months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized \$21 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:

\$10 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, driven by better than expected loss emergence, primarily driven by reductions in mid-size loss estimates impacting accident year 2015 and favorable loss experience in our accident and health lines impacting accident year 2014.

\$5 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on marine business, driven by better than expected loss emergence, primarily driven by reductions in mid-size loss estimates impacting accident year 2015.

In the three months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized \$2 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:

\$21 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, driven by better than expected loss emergence including reserve reductions related to Storm Sandy of \$15 million.

\$6 million of net adverse prior year reserve development on liability business, primarily related to a higher frequency of large auto liability claims in accident year 2014.

\$15 million of net adverse prior year reserve development on professional lines business, predominately reflecting reserve strengthening resulting from updated actuarial assumptions for our Australian professional lines and impacting accident years 2010 to 2014, partially offset by favorable development in certain US professional lines.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized \$43 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:

\$24 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, driven by better than expected loss emergence primarily related to accident year 2014.

\$9 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on professional lines business, driven by better than expected development related to various accident years, partially offset by reserve strengthening relating to updated information on one specific claim impacting accident year 2010.

#### **Table of Contents**

\$8 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on marine business, driven by better than expected loss emergence, primarily driven by reductions in mid-size loss estimates impacting accident year 2015.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized \$21 million of net favorable prior year development, the principal components of which were:

\$50 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, related to the 2012 and 2013 accident years and driven by better than expected loss emergence, including reserve reductions related to Storm Sandy of \$16 million.

\$23 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on marine business, largely related to better than expected loss emergence in our energy offshore business spanning multiple years, particularly accident year 2014.

\$15 million of net adverse prior year reserve development on credit and political risk business, related to updated information on one specific claim impacting accident year 2014.

\$16 million of net adverse prior year reserve development on professional lines business, predominately reflecting reserve strengthening resulting from updated actuarial assumptions for our Australian professional lines and impacting accident years 2010 to 2014, partially offset by favorable development in certain US professional lines.

\$23 million of net adverse prior year reserve development on liability business, related to strengthening of specific individual claim reserves and a higher frequency of large auto liability claims in accident year 2014.

#### Reinsurance Segment:

| S                  | Three me ended Se 30, |          | Nine months ende<br>September 30, |           |  |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
|                    | 2016                  | 2015     | 2016                              | 2015      |  |  |
| Property and other | \$25,831              | \$14,115 | \$83,522                          | \$36,120  |  |  |
| Credit and surety  | 3,900                 | 7,051    | 6,761                             | 18,851    |  |  |
| Professional lines | 8,761                 | 1,250    | 18,918                            | 25,331    |  |  |
| Motor              | 6,653                 | 8,997    | 39,794                            | 27,321    |  |  |
| Liability          | 10,186                | 11,268   | 31,955                            | 36,956    |  |  |
| Total              | \$55,331              | \$42,681 | \$180,950                         | \$144,579 |  |  |

In the three months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized \$55 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:

\$26 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, related to the 2011 through 2015 accident years driven by better than expected loss emergence including a reserve reduction of \$7 million related to Storm Sandy.

\$10 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on liability business, primarily related to the 2007 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.

\$9 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on professional lines business, primarily related to the 2005 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.

\$7 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on motor business, related to non-proportional business spanning multiple accident years, driven by better than expected loss emergence.

In the three months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized \$43 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:

#### **Table of Contents**

- \$14 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, related to multiple prior accident years and driven by better than expected loss emergence.
- \$11 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on liability business, primarily related to the 2003 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.
- \$9 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on motor business, largely related to favorable loss emergence trends on several classes spanning multiple accident years.
- \$7 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on credit and surety business, related to the 2012 accident year and driven by additional information obtained about a specific claim.
- In the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized \$181 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:
- \$84 million of net favorable prior year development on property and other business, primarily related to the 2010 through 2015 accident years driven by better than expected loss emergence.
- \$40 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on motor business, primarily related to non-proportional business spanning multiple accident years, driven by better than expected loss emergence.
- \$32 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on liability business, primarily related to the 2006 through 2011 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.
- \$19 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on professional lines business, primarily related to the 2005 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.
- In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized \$145 million of net favorable prior year reserve development, the principal components of which were:
- \$37 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on liability business, primarily related to the 2003 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.
- \$36 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on property and other business, spanning a number of accident years and driven by better than expected loss emergence. Included in this net development is \$20 million of adverse development on agriculture reserves relating to loss developments on the 2014 accident year driven by lower than expected crop yields reported for two specific treaties.
- \$27 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on motor business, predominantly related to non-proportional business in accident years 2011 and prior, driven by better than expected loss emergence.
- \$25 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on professional lines business, primarily related to the 2009 through 2010 accident years, for reasons discussed in the overview.
- \$19 million of net favorable prior year reserve development on credit and surety business, spanning multiple accident years and driven by better than expected loss emergence, as well as additional information obtained about a specific claim.

Acquisition Cost Ratio: The increase in the acquisition cost ratio in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 to 20.3% and 20.1%, respectively, compared to 19.9% and 19.4% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, was driven by increases in our reinsurance segment. The reinsurance segment's increase in the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily due to the impact of retrocessional contracts, an increase in the amount of business being written on a proportional basis, higher acquisition costs in certain lines of business and fees from strategic capital partners which were a benefit in 2015. The reinsurance segment's increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily due to an increase in the amount of business being written on a proportional basis, higher acquisition costs in certain lines of business and the impact of retrocessional contracts.

General and Administrative Expense Ratio: The general and administrative expense ratio in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, decreased to 15.3% and 15.8%, respectively, compared to 15.7% and 16.5% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The decrease in the expense ratio in the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily attributable to growth in net premiums earned, reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015 and increased fees from strategic capital partners, partially offset by the net reimbursement of PartnerRe merger-related expenses benefiting 2015 and senior executive transition costs in 2016. The decrease in the expense ratio in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily driven by growth in net earned premiums, increased fees from strategic capital partners, decreased personnel costs and expenses attributable to the proposed merger with PartnerRe and reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015, partially offset by adjustments to senior leadership executive stock-compensation awards benefiting 2015 and senior executive transition costs in 2016.

#### RESULTS BY SEGMENT

#### **INSURANCE SEGMENT**

Acquisition cost ratio

ratio

General and administrative expense 19.1

Results from our insurance segment were as follows:

| results from our insurance segmen         |           |    | s ended Se     | ptember 30 | 0, | Nine months ended September 30, |    |                |            |    |  |
|---|-----------|----|----------------|------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----------------|------------|----|--|
|   | 2016      |    | % Change       | •          | ĺ  | 2016                            |    | % Change       |            |    |  |
| Revenues:                                 |           |    |                |            |    |                                 |    |                |            |    |  |
| Gross premiums written                    | \$675,430 | )  | 11%            | \$606,704  | 4  | \$2,112,79                      | 6  | 7%             | \$1,970,55 | 4  |  |
| Net premiums written                      | 433,131   |    | 14%            | 381,118    |    | 1,433,058                       |    | 6%             | 1,352,122  |    |  |
| Net premiums earned                       | 444,691   |    | —%             | 444,550    |    | 1,322,649                       |    | (2%)           | 1,344,339  |    |  |
| Other insurance related income (loss)     | 39        |    | (93%)          | 542        |    | (57                             | )  | nm             | 811        |    |  |
| Expenses:                                 |           |    |                |            |    |                                 |    |                |            |    |  |
| Current year net losses and loss expenses | (293,914  | )  |                | (285,716   | 5) | (896,952                        | )  |                | (887,805   | )  |  |
| Prior year reserve development            | 20,688    |    |                | 2,444      |    | 43,181                          |    |                | 21,225     |    |  |
| Acquisition costs                         | (61,755   | )  |                | (69,118    | )  | (184,982                        | )  |                | (200,493   | )  |  |
| General and administrative expenses       | (84,588   | )  |                | (85,814    | )  | (252,652                        | )  |                | (261,924   | )  |  |
| Underwriting income                       | \$25,161  |    | 265%           | \$6,888    |    | \$31,187                        |    | 93%            | \$16,153   |    |  |
| Ratios:                                   |           |    | % Point Change |            |    |                                 |    | % Point Change |            |    |  |
| Current year loss ratio                   | 66.1      | %  | 1.8            | 64.3       | %  | 67.8                            | %  | 1.8            | 66.0       | %  |  |
| Prior year reserve development            | (4.7      | %) | (4.1)          | (0.6       | %) | (3.2                            | %) | (1.7)          | (1.5       | %) |  |

(1.6)

% (0.3)

15.5

19.4

% 19.0

13.9

%

(0.9)

% (0.5)

14.9

19.5

Combined ratio 94.4 % (4.2) 98.6 % 97.6 % (1.3) 98.9 %

nm – not meaningful

#### Gross Premiums Written:

The following table provides gross premiums written by line of business:

|                              | Three mor | en  | ded Septen | ıber      | •   |    | Nine months ended September 30, |             |     |    |             |     |    |             |  |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----|------------|-----------|-----|----|---------------------------------|-------------|-----|----|-------------|-----|----|-------------|--|
|                              | 2016      |     |            | 2015      |     |    | %<br>Change                     | 2016        |     |    | 2015        |     |    | %<br>Change |  |
| Property                     | \$164,605 | 25  | %          | \$139,488 | 24  | %  | 18%                             | \$522,380   | 24  | %  | \$465,929   | 24  | %  | 12%         |  |
| Marine                       | 33,677    | 5   | %          | 38,817    | 6   | %  | (13%)                           | 191,298     | 9   | %  | 215,885     | 11  | %  | (11%)       |  |
| Terrorism                    | 9,394     | 1   | %          | 11,192    | 2   | %  | (16%)                           | 28,090      | 1   | %  | 25,737      | 1   | %  | 9%          |  |
| Aviation                     | 9,684     | 1   | %          | 10,222    | 2   | %  | (5%)                            | 37,111      | 2   | %  | 29,755      | 2   | %  | 25%         |  |
| Credit and Political<br>Risk | 5,423     | 1   | %          | 8,542     | 1   | %  | (37%)                           | 34,299      | 2   | %  | 29,640      | 2   | %  | 16%         |  |
| Professional Lines           | 204,926   | 30  | %          | 196,218   | 32  | %  | 4%                              | 590,417     | 28  | %  | 598,370     | 30  | %  | (1%)        |  |
| Liability                    | 108,447   | 16  | %          | 104,666   | 17  | %  | 4%                              | 310,797     | 15  | %  | 300,204     | 15  | %  | 4%          |  |
| Accident and Health          | 139,274   | 21  | %          | 97,559    | 16  | %  | 43%                             | 398,404     | 19  | %  | 305,034     | 15  | %  | 31%         |  |
| Total                        | \$675,430 | 100 | )%         | \$606,704 | 100 | )% | 11%                             | \$2,112,796 | 100 | )% | \$1,970,554 | 100 | )% | 7%          |  |

Gross premiums written in the three months ended September 30, 2016, increased by \$69 million or 11% (12% on a constant currency basis) compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily attributable to growth in our accident and health and property lines related to new business opportunities.

Gross premiums written in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased by \$142 million or 7% (8% on a constant currency basis) compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily attributable to increases in our accident and health and property lines driven by new business. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in our marine and professional lines. Our marine lines decreased primarily due to reduced new business opportunities, lower rates and timing differences. The professional lines' decrease was due to the impact of our exit from retail insurance operations in Australia, as mentioned above in the quarterly results.

Premiums Ceded: In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, premiums ceded were \$242 million, or 36% of gross premiums written and \$680 million, or 32% of gross premiums written, respectively, compared to \$226 million, or 37% of gross premiums written and \$618 million or 31% of gross premiums written, in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The decrease in the ceded ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily driven by changes in our accident and health line, partially offset by increased premiums ceded in our liability and professional lines. The increase in the ceded ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily driven by increased ceded premiums in our professional lines, partially offset by changes in our accident and health line.

#### Net Premiums Earned:

The following table provides net premiums earned by line of business:

|                              | Three mor | eno | ded Septem | ıber      |     |             | Nine months ended September 30, |             |      |    |             |     |             |       |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----|------------|-----------|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------|----|-------------|-----|-------------|-------|
|                              | 2016 2015 |     | 2015       |           |     | %<br>Change | 2016                            |             | 2015 |    |             |     | %<br>Change |       |
| Property                     | \$106,578 | 25  | %          | \$112,017 | 27  | %           | (5%)                            | \$312,804   | 23   | %  | \$324,720   | 24  | %           | (4%)  |
| Marine                       | 36,218    | 8   | %          | 36,837    | 8   | %           | (2%)                            | 113,693     | 9    | %  | 143,878     | 11  | %           | (21%) |
| Terrorism                    | 8,276     | 2   | %          | 7,985     | 2   | %           | 4%                              | 26,011      | 2    | %  | 26,565      | 2   | %           | (2%)  |
| Aviation                     | 9,015     | 2   | %          | 9,982     | 2   | %           | (10%)                           | 33,528      | 3    | %  | 32,097      | 2   | %           | 4%    |
| Credit and Political<br>Risk | 12,274    | 3   | %          | 14,671    | 3   | %           | (16%)                           | 42,661      | 3    | %  | 45,993      | 3   | %           | (7%)  |
| <b>Professional Lines</b>    | 126,574   | 28  | %          | 148,110   | 33  | %           | (15%)                           | 386,241     | 29   | %  | 451,944     | 34  | %           | (15%) |
| Liability                    | 42,205    | 9   | %          | 41,817    | 9   | %           | 1%                              | 126,429     | 10   | %  | 120,181     | 9   | %           | 5%    |
| Accident and Health          | 103,551   | 23  | %          | 73,131    | 16  | %           | 42%                             | 281,282     | 21   | %  | 198,961     | 15  | %           | 41%   |
| Total                        | \$444,691 | 100 | )%         | \$444,550 | 100 | )%          | <u></u> %                       | \$1,322,649 | 100  | )% | \$1,344,339 | 100 | )%          | (2%)  |

Net premiums earned in the three months ended September 30, 2016, were comparable (up 2% on a constant currency basis) to the three months ended September 30, 2015, driven by growth in premiums written in recent periods, primarily in our accident and health lines, offset by an increase in our professional lines' ceded reinsurance programs. Net premiums earned in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased by \$22 million or 2% (comparable on a constant currency basis) compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in net premiums earned in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily driven by an increase in our professional lines' ceded reinsurance programs, a reduction in business written in our marine lines and the impact of our exit from retail insurance operations in Australia partially offset by growth in our accident and health lines.

#### Loss Ratio:

The table below shows the components of our loss ratio:

|                                | Three m | nonths en         | ded     | Nine months ended |                |         |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|
|                                | Septemb | ber 30,           |         | September 30,     |                |         |  |  |  |
|                                | 2016    | % Point<br>Change | 2015    | 2016              | % Point Change | 2015    |  |  |  |
| Current accident year          | 66.1%   | 1.8               | 64.3%   | 67.8%             | 1.8            | 66.0%   |  |  |  |
| Prior year reserve development | (4.7 %) | (4.1)             | (0.6 %) | (3.2 %)           | (1.7)          | (1.5 %) |  |  |  |
| Loss ratio                     | 61.4%   | (2.3)             | 63.7%   | 64.6%             | 0.1            | 64.5%   |  |  |  |

#### Current Accident Year Loss Ratio:

The current accident year loss ratios increased to 66.1% and 67.8% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, from 64.3% and 66.0% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we incurred \$15 million, or 3.3 points, and \$73 million, or 5.5 points, respectively, in pre-tax catastrophe and weather-related losses related to the U.S. weather events, Japanese earthquake and Fort McMurray wildfires. Comparatively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 we incurred \$19 million, or 4.3 points, and \$45 million, or 3.4 points, respectively.

After adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses, our current accident year loss ratios in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, were 62.8% and 62.3%, respectively, compared to 60.0% and 62.7% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The increases in the current accident year loss ratios after adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 was driven by the adverse impact of rate and trend on most lines of business and changes in business mix, partially offset by a decrease in the mid-size loss experience particularly in our marine and property lines.

Refer to the 'Prior Year Reserve Development' section for further details.

Acquisition Cost Ratio: The decrease in the acquisition cost ratio in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, was driven by an increase in ceding commissions following the expansion of our professional lines' ceded reinsurance programs and a lower acquisition cost ratio in our accident and health line resulting from a change in business mix.

General and Administrative Expense Ratio: The decrease in the general and administrative expense ratio in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared nine months ended September 30, 2015 primarily reflected a decrease in personnel expenses and a reduction in the allocation of certain corporate expenses.

# REINSURANCE SEGMENT

Results from our reinsurance segment were as follows:

| S  | Three me          | onth | s ended Sep    | ptember 30 | ),      | Nine months ended September 30, |    |                |            |    |  |  |
|--|-------------------|------|----------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|----|----------------|------------|----|--|--|
|  | 2016              |      | % Change       | 2015       |         | 2016                            |    | % Change       | 2015       |    |  |  |
| Revenues:                                  | ф <b>2</b> 04.524 | 2    | (1.40)         | Ф220 074   |         | ФО 106 76                       | 2  | 1.00           | Ф1 022 27  | 4  |  |  |
| Gross premiums written                     | \$284,532         | 2    | (14%)          | \$329,879  |         | \$2,126,762<br>1,855,529        | 2  | 16%            | \$1,833,37 |    |  |  |
| Net premiums written                       | 162,300           |      | (45%)          | -          | 296,099 |                                 |    | 7%             | 1,727,185  |    |  |  |
| Net premiums earned                        | 489,724           |      | 3%             | 474,791    |         | 1,461,097                       |    | 3%             | 1,420,266  |    |  |  |
| Other insurance related income             | 5,905             |      | nm             | 616        |         | 4,907                           |    | (57%)          | 11,508     |    |  |  |
| Expenses: Current year net losses and loss | (214.422          |      |                | (210 50)   |         | (000 762                        |    |                | (020.067   |    |  |  |
| expenses                                   | (314,433          | )    |                | (319,796)  |         | (990,763                        | )  |                | (930,867   | )  |  |  |
| Prior year reserve development             |                   |      |                |            |         | 180,950                         |    |                | 144,579    |    |  |  |
| Acquisition costs                          | (128,055          | ( )  |                | (113,626)  |         | (374,588                        | )  |                | (337,056   | )  |  |  |
| General and administrative expenses        | (29,635           | )    |                | (35,309    | )       | (99,980                         | )  |                | (110,701   | )  |  |  |
| Underwriting income                        | \$78,837          |      | 60%            | \$49,357   |         | \$181,623                       |    | (8%)           | \$197,729  |    |  |  |
| Ratios:                                    |                   |      | % Point Change |            |         |                                 |    | % Point Change |            |    |  |  |
| Current year loss ratio                    | 64.2              | %    | (3.2)          | 67.4       | %       | 67.8                            | %  | 2.3            | 65.5       | %  |  |  |
| Prior year reserve development             | (11.3             | %)   | (2.3)          | (9.0)      | %)      | (12.4                           | %) | (2.3)          | (10.1      | %) |  |  |
| Acquisition cost ratio                     | 26.1              | %    | 2.2            | 23.9       | %       | 25.6                            | %  | 1.9            | 23.7       | %  |  |  |
| General and administrative expensionatio   | e 6.1             | %    | (1.3)          | 7.4        | %       | 6.9                             | %  | (0.9)          | 7.8        | %  |  |  |
| Combined ratio                             | 85.1              | %    | (4.6)          | 89.7       | %       | 87.9                            | %  | 1.0            | 86.9       | %  |  |  |

nm – not meaningful

# Gross Premiums Written:

The following table provides gross premiums written by line of business for the periods indicated:

Three months ended September 30

Nine months ended September 30

|                    | Three months ended September 30, |    |   |          |      |     |  |             | Nine month | ne months ended September 30, |   |           |    |   |             |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----------|------|-----|--|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------|----|---|-------------|
|                    | 2016                             |    |   | 2015     |      |     |  | %<br>Change | 2016       |                               |   | 2015      |    |   | %<br>Change |
| Catastrophe        | \$46,338                         | 16 | % | \$56,693 | 18   | 3 9 | %  | (18%)       | \$316,692  | 15                            | % | \$283,562 | 15 | % | 12%         |
| Property           | 61,957                           | 22 | % | 67,539   | 20   | 9   | %  | (8%)        | 283,555    | 13                            | % | 307,809   | 17 | % | (8%)        |
| Professional Lines | 3 19,479                         | 7  | % | 45,509   | 14   | 1 9 | %  | (57%)       | 235,094    | 11                            | % | 204,685   | 11 | % | 15%         |
| Credit and Surety  | 36,174                           | 13 | % | 23,390   | 7    | 9   | %  | 55%         | 315,102    | 15                            | % | 230,958   | 13 | % | 36%         |
| Motor              | 13,344                           | 5  | % | 21,359   | 6    | 9   | $% \frac{\partial }{\partial x} = \frac$ | (38%)       | 338,403    | 16                            | % | 333,245   | 18 | % | 2%          |
| Liability          | 91,387                           | 32 | % | 111,361  | 34   | 1 9 | %  | (18%)       | 365,380    | 17                            | % | 258,862   | 14 | % | 41%         |
| Agriculture        | 1,286                            |    | % | (3,303   | ) (1 | 9   | %)   | nm          | 151,315    | 7                             | % | 139,135   | 8  | % | 9%          |
| Engineering        | 13,588                           | 5  | % | 4,397    | 1    | 9   | %  | 209%        | 56,719     | 3                             | % | 58,163    | 3  | % | (2%)        |

| Marine and Other | 979       | — %  | 2,934     | 1   | %  | (67%) | 64,502      | 3   | %  | 16,955      | 1   | %  | 280% |
|------------------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|----|-------|-------------|-----|----|-------------|-----|----|------|
| Total            | \$284,532 | 100% | \$329,879 | 100 | )% | (14%) | \$2,126,762 | 100 | )% | \$1,833,374 | 100 | )% | 16%  |

Gross premiums written decreased by \$45 million and increased by \$293 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same periods in 2015, respectively.

The decrease in gross premiums written in the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015, was primarily driven by our professional and liability lines, largely due to timing differences.

The increase in gross premiums written in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015, was impacted by treaties written on a multi-year basis. In the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the reinsurance segment reported an increase in the level of multi-year contracts written compared to the same period in 2015. This increase in multi-year contracts increased the amount of premium recorded in the current periods relating to future years compared to the same periods in 2015, most notably in the credit & surety and liability lines. On a comparative basis the impact of the multi-year premiums resulted in an increase in gross premiums written of \$141 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015. The increase in written premiums was partially offset by the impact of foreign exchange movements in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, as the strength of the U.S. dollar drove comparative premium decreases in the treaties denominated in foreign currencies. Foreign exchange movements resulted in a relative decrease of \$52 million in gross premiums written in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015.

After adjusting for the impact of multi-year contracts and on a constant currency basis, our gross premiums written increased by \$204 million, or 11% in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015. The growth was driven by increases in our liability, marine and other, catastrophe, professional as well as our credit and surety lines primarily driven by new business. Favorable treaty restructurings and timing differences also contributed to the increases in liability and professional lines. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in our property lines, primarily relating to non-renewals and decreases in line sizes on several treaties.

Premiums Ceded: In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the ratio of ceded premium to gross written premium increased to 43% and 13%, respectively, from 10% and 6% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The increase for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the prior period, was due to the impact of a new retrocessional cover entered into with Harrington Re which increased premiums ceded in our liability and professional lines. The increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the prior period was largely due to the new retrocessions to Harrington Re and increased premiums ceded in our catastrophe and property business.

### Net Premiums Earned:

The following table provides net premiums earned by line of business:

|                    | Three months ended September 30, |    |   |          | Nine months ended September 30, |   |          |           |    |   |           |    |   |          |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----------|---------------------------------|---|----------|-----------|----|---|-----------|----|---|----------|
|                    | 2016                             |    |   | 2015     |                                 |   | % Change | 2016      |    |   | 2015      |    |   | % Change |
| Catastrophe        | \$48,799                         | 10 | % | \$51,116 | 11                              | % | (5%)     | \$151,416 | 12 | % | \$165,840 | 12 | % | (9%)     |
| Property           | 71,649                           | 15 | % | 78,343   | 17                              | % | (9%)     | 208,179   | 14 | % | 235,828   | 17 | % | (12%)    |
| Professional Lines | 73,109                           | 15 | % | 81,986   | 17                              | % | (11%)    | 225,813   | 15 | % | 231,024   | 16 | % | (2%)     |
| Credit and Surety  | 67,430                           | 14 | % | 59,601   | 13                              | % | 13%      | 192,135   | 13 | % | 182,508   | 13 | % | 5%       |
| Motor              | 77,786                           | 16 | % | 72,893   | 15                              | % | 7%       | 232,383   | 16 | % | 228,433   | 16 | % | 2%       |
| Liability          | 80,137                           | 16 | % | 77,441   | 16                              | % | 3%       | 247,103   | 17 | % | 218,829   | 15 | % | 13%      |
| Agriculture        | 36,704                           | 7  | % | 33,684   | 7                               | % | 9%       | 106,251   | 7  | % | 101,335   | 7  | % | 5%       |
| Engineering        | 18,573                           | 4  | % | 15,128   | 3                               | % | 23%      | 51,024    | 3  | % | 43,133    | 3  | % | 18%      |
| Marine and Other   | 15,537                           | 3  | % | 4,599    | 1                               | % | 238%     | 46,793    | 3  | % | 13,336    | 1  | % | 251%     |

Total \$489,724 100% \$474,791 100% 3%

\$1,461,097 100% \$1,420,266 100% 3%

Net premiums earned increased by \$15 million or 3% (7% on a constant currency basis) and \$41 million or 3% (7% on a constant currency basis) in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same periods in 2015, respectively.

The increase for both periods was primarily driven by the growth in the business written in our liability, marine and other as well as our catastrophe lines in recent periods together with a favorable premium adjustments impacting our credit and surety lines. The growth for both periods was partially offset by increased premiums ceded in our catastrophe and property lines, as well as the impact on our liability and professional lines of the new retrocession to Harrington Re.

### Other Insurance Related Income (Losses):

The increase in other insurance related income of \$5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, reflected fees from strategic capital partners and favorable fair value adjustments to economic hedges purchased to protect our agriculture line of business against fluctuations in commodity prices. The decrease in other insurance related income of \$7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period in 2015, reflected the impact of the realized gains on our weather and commodities derivative portfolio in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to an immaterial impact in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, partially offset by fees from strategic capital partners and favorable fair value adjustments to economic hedges purchased to protect our agriculture line of business against fluctuations in commodity prices.

### Loss Ratio:

The table below shows the components of our loss ratio:

| ·                              | Three mo |                | led     | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |                |         |  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|---------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--|--|
|                                | •        | % Point Change | 2015    | _                                  | % Point Change | 2015    |  |  |
| Current accident year          | 64.2 %   | (3.2)          | 67.4%   | 67.8 %                             | 2.3            | 65.5 %  |  |  |
| Prior year reserve development | (11.3%)  | (2.3)          | (9.0 %) | (12.4%)                            | (2.3)          | (10.1%) |  |  |
| Loss ratio                     | 52.9 %   | (5.5)          | 58.4%   | 55.4 %                             |                | 55.4 %  |  |  |

# Current Accident Year Loss Ratio:

The current accident year loss ratio decreased to 64.2% in the three months ended September 30, 2016 from 67.4% in the same period in 2015, while the current accident year loss ratio increased to 67.8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 from 65.5% in the same period in 2015.

The decrease for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was impacted by a lower level of catastrophe and weather-related losses and the increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was impacted by an increased level of catastrophe and weather-related losses. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we incurred \$7 million, or 1.5 points, and \$72 million, or 5.0 points, respectively, in pre-tax catastrophe and weather-related losses, net of reinstatement premiums, attributable to the weather-related events, Fort McMurray wildfires, the Japanese and Ecuadorian earthquakes, North Calgary hailstorm and European floods. Comparatively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 we incurred \$24 million, or 5.1 points, and \$45 million, or 3.2 points, respectively.

After adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses, our current accident year loss ratios in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, were 62.7% and 62.8%, respectively, compared to 62.3% in both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increases in the current accident year loss ratios after adjusting for the impact of the catastrophe and weather-related losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 was mainly due to the ongoing adverse impact of rate and trend, partially offset by the recognition of better than expected recent attritional loss experience across our long tail lines of business.

Refer 'Prior Year Reserve Development' for further details.

Acquisition Cost Ratio: The acquisition cost ratio increased in both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015. The increase in the three months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily due to the impact of retrocessional contracts, an increase in the amount of business being written on a proportional basis together with higher acquisition costs in certain lines of business and fees from strategic capital partners which were a benefit in 2015. The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 was primarily due to an increase in the amount of business being written on a proportional basis, higher acquisition costs in certain lines of business and the impact of retrocessional contracts.

General and Administrative Expense Ratio: The general and administrative expense ratio decreased in both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015. The decrease in the general and administrative expense ratio primarily reflects lower personnel expense, benefits of arrangements with our strategic capital partners and the impact of increased net earned premiums.

### OTHER EXPENSES (REVENUES), NET

The following table provides a breakdown of our other expenses (revenues), net:

|                                      | Three mo         | nths ended |          | Nine months ended September |          |          |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
|                                      | Septembe         | r 30,      |          | 30,                         |          |          |  |  |
|                                      | 2016 % Change 20 |            | 2015     | 2016                        | % Change | 2015     |  |  |
|                                      |                  |            |          |                             |          |          |  |  |
| Corporate expenses                   | \$28,683         | 22%        | \$23,604 | \$86,922                    | 4%       | \$83,826 |  |  |
| Foreign exchange gains               | (13,795)         | (51%)      | (28,088) | (69,781)                    | 1%       | (69,200) |  |  |
| Interest expense and financing costs | 12,839           | (1%)       | 12,918   | 38,586                      | 1%       | 38,114   |  |  |
| Income tax expense                   | 9,352            | nm         | 30       | 7,712                       | nm       | 1,155    |  |  |
| Total                                | \$37,079         | nm         | \$8,464  | \$63,439                    | 18%      | \$53,895 |  |  |

nm – not meaningful

Corporate Expenses: Our corporate expenses include holding company costs necessary to support our worldwide insurance and reinsurance operations and costs associated with operating as a publicly-traded company. As a percentage of net premiums earned, corporate expenses were 3.1% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to 2.6% and 3.0%, respectively, for the same periods of 2015. The increase in corporate expenses in the three month period ended September 30, 2016 is primarily attributable to the net reimbursement of PartnerRe merger-related expenses benefiting 2015 and senior executive transition costs in 2016, partially offset by reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015. The slight increase in corporate expenses in the nine month period ended September 30, 2016 is attributable to adjustments to senior leadership executive stock-compensation awards benefiting 2015, senior executive transition costs in 2016 and an increase in personnel costs in 2016, partially offset by expenses attributable to the proposed merger with PartnerRe and reorganization related expenses adverse to 2015.

Foreign Exchange Gains: Some of our business is written in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The foreign exchange gains for the periods presented were largely driven by the re-measurement of our net insurance related liabilities. The foreign exchange gains for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 were primarily driven by the depreciation of pound sterling against the U.S dollar. Comparatively, the foreign exchange gains for the three months ended September 30, 2015 were primarily driven by depreciation of the pound sterling and the Australian dollar against the U.S. dollar. The foreign exchange gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were primarily driven by the depreciation of the euro, pound sterling and Australian dollar.

Income Tax Expense: Income tax expense primarily results from income generated by our foreign operations in the United States and Europe. Our effective tax rate, which is calculated as income tax expense divided by net income before tax including interest in loss of equity method investments, was 4.8% and 2.1% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, and was insignificant and 0.2% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. This effective rate can vary between periods depending on the distribution of net income amongst tax jurisdictions, as

well as other factors. The primary driver of the current quarter and year-to-date increase is the generation of consolidated pre-tax net income in our operations in Europe compared to a net loss in each of these periods in 2015.

### NET INVESTMENT INCOME AND NET REALIZED INVESTMENT GAINS (LOSSES)

#### Net Investment Income

The following table provides a breakdown of income earned from our cash and investment portfolio by major asset class:

|                               | Three mon | ths ended S | eptember | Nine months ended September |          |           |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
|                               | 30,       |             |          | 30,                         |          |           |  |  |  |
|                               | 2016      | % Change    | 2015     | 2016                        | % Change | 2015      |  |  |  |
|                               |           |             |          |                             |          | ***       |  |  |  |
| Fixed maturities              | \$75,827  | <b>—</b> %  | \$75,980 | \$229,423                   | 4%       | \$220,066 |  |  |  |
| Other investments             | 38,248    | nm          | (27,421) | 25,770                      | 46%      | 17,616    |  |  |  |
| Equity securities             | 4,633     | 34%         | 3,445    | 12,843                      | 65%      | 7,795     |  |  |  |
| Mortgage loans                | 2,191     | nm          | 482      | 5,683                       | nm       | 776       |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | 3,768     | nm          | 993      | 7,071                       | 88%      | 3,770     |  |  |  |
| Short-term investments        | 337       | nm          | 83       | 708                         | 156%     | 277       |  |  |  |
| Gross investment income       | 125,004   | 133%        | 53,562   | 281,498                     | 12%      | 250,300   |  |  |  |
| Investment expense            | (8,081)   | 3%          | (7,877)  | (23,680 )                   | (1%)     | (23,964)  |  |  |  |
| Net investment income         | \$116,923 | 156%        | \$45,685 | \$257,818                   | 14%      | \$226,336 |  |  |  |
| D ( 11(1)                     |           |             |          |                             |          |           |  |  |  |
| Pre-tax yield: <sup>(1)</sup> |           |             |          |                             |          |           |  |  |  |
| Fixed maturities              | 2.7%      |             | 2.5%     | 2.6%                        |          | 2.4%      |  |  |  |

### nm - not meaningful

#### **Fixed Maturities**

The net investment income increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 attributable to fixed maturities was due to an emphasis on longer duration assets and an improvement in CPI adjustments following a reduction in our exposure to treasury inflation-protected securities.

### Other Investments

The following table provides a breakdown of total net investment income from other investments:

|   | Three mor       | nths ended           | Nine months ended |                |  |  |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
|   | September       | r 30,                | September 30,     |                |  |  |
|   | 2016            | 2015                 | 2016              | 2015           |  |  |
|   | <b># 20 450</b> | Φ ( <b>22</b> , 102) | Φ < 107           | <b>#10.255</b> |  |  |
| Hedge, direct lending, private equity and real estate funds | \$29,459        | \$(23,483)           | \$6,127           | \$10,357       |  |  |
| Other privately held investments                            | 370             | _                    | 177               | _              |  |  |
| CLO - Equities  | 8,419           | (3,938)              | 19,466            | 7,259          |  |  |
| Total net investment income from other investments          | \$38,248        | \$(27,421)           | \$25,770          | \$17,616       |  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Pre-tax yield is annualized and calculated as net investment income divided by the average month-end amortized cost balances for the periods indicated.

Pre-tax return on other investments<sup>(1)</sup>

4.5 % (3.3

%) 3.1

% 2.0

%

(1) The pre-tax return on other investments is non-annualized and calculated by dividing total net investment income from other investments by the average month-end fair value balances held for the periods indicated.

The total net investment income from other investments increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 due to an improvement in the performance of the global equity markets which translated into higher valuations on our hedge funds. CLO - Equities also benefited from an increase in the valuation of the underlying collateral balances.

### Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

The following table provides a breakdown of net realized investment gains (losses):

|  | Three months ended September 30, |            | Nine months ended<br>September 30, |            |    |  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|----|--|--|
|  | 2016                             | 2015       | 2016                               | 2015       |    |  |  |
| On sale of investments:                        |                                  |            |                                    |            |    |  |  |
| Fixed maturities and short-term investments    | \$4,303                          | \$(42,741) | \$(22,869)                         | \$(66,579  | )  |  |  |
| Equity securities                              | 4,994                            | (1,327)    | 2,881                              | (1,505     | )  |  |  |
|  | 9,297                            | (44,068)   | (19,988)                           | (68,084    | )  |  |  |
| OTTI charges recognized in earnings            | (4,247)                          | (32,301)   | (20,346)                           | (62,762    | )  |  |  |
| Change in fair value of investment derivatives | 155                              | 6,412      | 39                                 | 7,228      |    |  |  |
| Net realized investment gains (losses)         | \$5,205                          | \$(69,957) | \$(40,295)                         | \$(123,618 | ;) |  |  |

#### On sale of investments

Generally, sales of individual securities occur when there are changes in the relative value, credit quality or duration of a particular issue. We may also sell to rebalance our investment portfolio in order to change exposure to particular asset classes or sectors. Net realized investment gains in the three months ended September 30, 2016 are reflective of the improvement in pricing of our fixed maturities and equities. Net realized investment losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are primarily due to foreign exchange losses on non-U.S. denominated securities, as a result of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar.

### OTTI charges

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, OTTI charges were driven by impairments on corporate debt securities and losses on non-U.S. denominated securities as a result of the decline in foreign exchange rates against the U.S. dollar. The nine months ended September 30, 2016 also included impairments on high yield corporate debt securities which are exposed to the energy sector and exchange-traded funds (ETFs) which are unlikely to recover in the near term.

### Change in fair value of investment derivatives

From time to time, we may economically hedge the foreign exchange exposure of non-U.S. denominated securities by entering into foreign exchange forward contracts.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Total Return**

The following table provides a breakdown of the total return on cash and investments for the period indicated:

|   | Three months ended Septemb 30,                      |   |  |     | Nine months ended September 30,                        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|-----|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|   | 2016  |   | 2015   |     | 2016   |   | 2015  |   |  |  |  |
| Net investment income Net realized investments gains (losses) Change in net unrealized gains (losses) Interest in loss of equity method investments Total | \$116,923<br>5,205<br>35,075<br>(2,434<br>\$154,769 | ) | \$45,685<br>(69,957<br>(26,441<br>—<br>\$(50,713 | ) ) | \$257,818<br>(40,295<br>303,573<br>(2,434<br>\$518,662 | ) | \$226,336<br>(123,618<br>(52,965<br>—<br>\$49,753 | ) |  |  |  |
| Average cash and investments <sup>(1)</sup>   | \$14,470,23   | 1 | \$14,893,376                                     | 5   | \$14,457,97  | 8 | \$14,919,75                                       | 2 |  |  |  |
| Total return on average cash and investments, pre-tax:  |   |   |  |     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Inclusive of investment related foreign exchange movements  | 1.1   | % | (0.3   | %)  | 3.6  | % | 0.3   | % |  |  |  |
| Exclusive of investment related foreign exchange movements  | 1.1   | % | (0.1   | %)  | 3.9  | % | 0.9   | % |  |  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> The average cash and investments balance is calculated by taking the average of the month-end fair value balances held for the periods indicated.

### **CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The table below provides a breakdown of our cash and investments:

|  | September 30, December 31 |                             |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | 2016                      | 2015                        |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fair Value                | Fair Value                  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ф11 <b>7</b> 66 060       | Ф11 <b>7</b> 10 <b>7</b> 40 |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed maturities                         | \$11,566,860              | \$11,719,749                |  |  |  |  |
| Equities                                 | 644,344                   | 597,998                     |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage loans                           | 332,753                   | 206,277                     |  |  |  |  |
| Other investments                        | 847,262                   | 816,756                     |  |  |  |  |
| Equity method investments                | 111,295                   | 10,932                      |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term investments                   | 39,877                    | 34,406                      |  |  |  |  |
| Total investments                        | \$13,542,391              | \$13,386,118                |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents <sup>(1)</sup> | \$1,077,263               | \$1,174,751                 |  |  |  |  |

(1) Includes restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$229 million and \$187 million at September 30, 2016 and at

December 31, 2015, respectively.

The \$156m increase in the fair value of our total investments was driven by the downward shift in sovereign yield curves and the tightening of credit spreads on both investment grade and high-yield corporate debt. This was partially offset by the funding of financing and operating activities.

The following provides a further analysis on our investment portfolio by asset classes:

### **Fixed Maturities**

The following provides a breakdown of our investment in fixed maturities:

|                            | September 30 | ), 2016 |      | December 31, 2015 |        |       |  |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------|------|-------------------|--------|-------|--|
|                            | Fair Value   | % of 7  | otal | Fair Value        | % of 7 | Γotal |  |
|                            |              |         |      |                   |        |       |  |
| Fixed maturities:          |              |         |      |                   |        |       |  |
| U.S. government and agency | \$1,562,877  | 14      | %    | \$1,651,949       | 14     | %     |  |
| Non-U.S. government        | 582,056      | 5       | %    | 739,005           | 6      | %     |  |
| Corporate debt             | 4,568,500    | 39      | %    | 4,362,769         | 37     | %     |  |
| Agency RMBS                | 2,522,731    | 22      | %    | 2,249,236         | 19     | %     |  |
| CMBS                       | 894,275      | 8       | %    | 1,083,298         | 9      | %     |  |
| Non-Agency RMBS            | 71,830       |         | %    | 101,008           | 1      | %     |  |
| ABS                        | 1,235,596    | 11      | %    | 1,371,270         | 12     | %     |  |
| Municipals <sup>(1)</sup>  | 128,995      | 1       | %    | 161,214           | 2      | %     |  |
| Total                      | \$11,566,860 | 100     | %    | \$11,719,749      | 100    | %     |  |
|                            |              |         |      |                   |        |       |  |
| Credit ratings:            |              |         |      |                   |        |       |  |
| U.S. government and agency | \$1,562,877  | 14      | %    | \$1,651,949       | 14     | %     |  |
| $AAA^{(2)}$                | 4,359,640    | 38      | %    | 4,266,673         | 36     | %     |  |
| AA                         | 1,165,958    | 10      | %    | 1,273,941         | 11     | %     |  |
| A                          | 1,770,161    | 15      | %    | 2,065,192         | 18     | %     |  |
| BBB                        | 1,607,798    | 14      | %    | 1,442,938         | 12     | %     |  |
| Below BBB <sup>(3)</sup>   | 1,100,426    | 9       | %    | 1,019,056         | 9      | %     |  |
| Total                      | \$11,566,860 | 100     | %    | \$11,719,749      | 100    | %     |  |

- (1) Includes bonds issued by states, municipalities, and political subdivisions.
- (2) Includes U.S. government-sponsored agency RMBS and CMBS.
- (3) Non-investment grade and non-rated securities.

At September 30, 2016, our fixed maturities had a weighted average credit rating of AA- (2015: AA-) and an average duration of 3.2 years (2015: 3.3 years). When incorporating short-term investments and cash and cash equivalents into the calculation (bringing the total to \$12.5 billion), the average credit rating would be AA- (2015: AA-) and duration would be 2.9 years (2015: 3.0 years).

During the year, net unrealized investment gains (losses) on fixed maturities moved from a net unrealized investment loss of \$178 million at December 31, 2015 to a net unrealized gain of \$104 million at September 30, 2016.

### **Equities**

Net unrealized investment gains on equities increased from \$22 million at December 31, 2015 to \$44 million at September 30, 2016, an increase of \$22 million due to an improvement in valuations reflective of performance of the global equity markets.

## Mortgage Loans

During the year, we increased our investment in commercial mortgage loans from \$206 million to \$333 million, an increase of \$127m. The commercial mortgage loans are high quality and collateralized by a variety of commercial properties and are diversified both geographically throughout the United States and by property type to reduce the risk of concentration.

#### Other Investments

The composition of our other investments portfolio is summarized as follows:

|                                  | Septembe 2016 | r 30 | ,  | December 2015 | 31, |    |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------|----|---------------|-----|----|
| Hedge funds                      |               |      |    |               |     |    |
| Long/short equity funds          | \$139,460     | 16   | %  | \$154,348     | 19  | %  |
| Multi-strategy funds             | 281,153       | 33   | %  | 355,073       | 43  | %  |
| Event-driven funds               | 94,012        | 11   | %  | 147,287       | 18  | %  |
| Leveraged bank loan funds        | _             | _    | %  | 65            | _   | %  |
| Total hedge funds                | 514,625       | 60   | %  | 656,773       | 80  | %  |
| Direct lending funds             | 125,002       | 15   | 0% | 00 120        | 11  | 0% |
| Private equity funds             | 89,170        |      |    | *             |     |    |
| Real estate funds                | ,             |      |    | 4,929         |     |    |
|                                  | 740,579       |      |    | 751,822       | 92  |    |
| Other privately held investments | 42,900        | 5    | %  | _             | _   | %  |
| CLO - Equities                   | 63,783        | 8    | %  | 64,934        | 8   | %  |
| Total other investments          | \$847,262     | 100  | )% | \$816,756     | 100 | )% |

The \$142 million decrease in the fair value of our total hedge funds in 2016 was driven by \$138 million of net redemptions and \$4 million of price depreciation.

We have made total commitments of \$310 million to managers of direct lending funds, of which \$121 million of our total commitment has been called to date.

We have also made a total commitment of \$60 million as a limited partner in a multi-strategy hedge fund, of which \$48 million has been called to date.

We have made a total commitment of \$100 million to a real estate fund, of which \$10 million has been called to date.

During 2016, we made a total commitment of \$135 million to a private equity fund, of which \$95 million has been called to date.

#### **Equity Method Investments**

During 2016, we paid \$104 million including direct transactions costs to acquire 18% of the common equity of Harrington, the parent company of Harrington Re, an independent reinsurance company jointly sponsored by AXIS Capital and Blackstone. Harrington is not a variable interest entity and given that we exercise significant influence over this investee we account for our ownership in Harrington under the equity method of accounting.

The Company also has investments in other equity method investments with a carrying value of \$9 million.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Refer to the 'Liquidity and Capital Resources' section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 for a general discussion of our liquidity and capital resources.

The following table summarizes our consolidated capital as at:

|   | September 3 2016 | 30, | December 2015 | 31, |
|---|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|
| Senior notes  | \$992,633        |     | \$991,825     |     |
| Preferred shares                                    | 625,000          |     | 627,843       |     |
| Common equity                                       | 5,400,658        |     | 5,239,039     |     |
| Shareholders' equity                                | 6,025,658        |     | 5,866,882     |     |
| Total capital                                       | \$7,018,291      |     | \$6,858,707   | 7   |
| Ratio of debt to total capital                      | 14.1             | %   | 14.5          | %   |
| Ratio of debt and preferred equity to total capital | 23.0             | %   | 23.6          | %   |

We finance our operations with a combination of debt and equity capital. Our debt to total capital and debt and preferred equity to total capital ratios provide an indication of our capital structure, along with some insight into our financial strength. A company with higher ratios in comparison to industry average may show weak financial strength because the cost of its debts may adversely affect results of operations and/or increase its default risk. We believe that our financial flexibility remains strong.

#### **Preferred Shares**

On January 27, 2016 we redeemed the remaining 28,430 Series B preferred shares, for an aggregate liquidation preference of \$3 million.

### Common Equity

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, our common equity increased by \$162 million. The following table reconciles our opening and closing common equity positions:

Nine months ended September 30.

2016

| Nine months ended September 30,   | 2016        |
|---|-------------|
| Common equity - opening   | \$5,239,039 |
| Net income  | 364,460     |
| Shares repurchased for treasury   | (449,086)   |
| Change in unrealized appreciation on available for sale investments, net of tax | 281,276     |
| Settlement of accelerated share repurchase                                      | 60,000      |
| Common share dividends  | (98,334)    |
| Preferred share dividends   | (29,906)    |
| Share-based compensation expense recognized in equity                           | 26,129      |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment   | 5,694       |
| Cost of treasury shares reissued  | 1,386       |
| Common equity - closing   | \$5,400,658 |

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we repurchased 8.5 million common shares, including 7.1 million of common shares repurchased for a total of \$389 million (including \$375 million pursuant to our Board-authorized share repurchase program and \$14 million relating to shares purchased in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards granted under our 2007 Long-Term Equity Compensation Plan), and 1.4 million common shares acquired under the ASR which terminated on January 15, 2016. At October 27, 2016, the remaining authorization under the common share repurchase program approved by our Board of Directors was \$375 million (refer to Part II, Item 2 'Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds' for additional information).

We continue to expect that cash flows generated from our operations, combined with the liquidity provided by our investment portfolio, will be sufficient to cover our required cash outflows and other contractual commitments through the foreseeable future.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our Consolidated Financial Statements include certain amounts that are inherently uncertain and judgmental in nature. As a result, we are required to make assumptions and best estimates in order to determine the reported values. We consider an accounting estimate to be critical if: (1) it requires that significant assumptions be made in order to deal with uncertainties and (2) changes in the estimate could have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

As disclosed in our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K, we believe that the material items requiring such subjective and complex estimates are our:

reserves for losses and loss expenses;

reinsurance recoverable balances;

premiums;

fair value measurements for our financial assets and liabilities; and

assessments of other-than-temporary impairments.

We believe that the critical accounting estimates discussion in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, continues to describe the significant estimates and judgments included in the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Refer to Item 1, Note 1 'Basis of Presentation and Accounting policies' to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Item 8, Note 2 'Significant Accounting Policies' to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements that we have not yet adopted.

### OFF-BALANCE SHEET AND SPECIAL PURPOSE ENTITY ARRANGEMENTS

At September 30, 2016, we have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined by Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In this report, we present operating income, consolidated underwriting income, underwriting-related general and administrative expenses and amounts presented on a constant currency basis, which are "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined in Regulation G.

Operating income represents after-tax operational results without consideration of after-tax net realized investment gains (losses), foreign exchange losses (gains), termination fee received and reorganization and related expenses. We also present diluted operating income per common share and operating return on average common equity ("operating ROACE"), which are derived from the non-GAAP operating income measure.

Consolidated underwriting income is a pre-tax measure of underwriting profitability that takes into account net premiums earned and other insurance related income as revenues and net losses and loss expenses, acquisition costs and underwriting-related general and administrative costs as expenses. Underwriting-related general and administrative expenses include those general and administrative expenses that are incremental and/or directly attributable to our individual underwriting operations. While these measures are presented in Item 1, Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, they are considered non-GAAP financial measures when presented elsewhere on a consolidated basis.

Amounts presented on a constant currency basis are calculated by applying the average foreign exchange rate from the current year to prior year amounts.

### **Table of Contents**

Operating income, diluted operating income per common share and operating ROACE can be reconciled to the nearest GAAP financial measures as follows:

|   | Three mon<br>September<br>2016                        |   |  |   | Nine mont<br>September<br>2016                   |   |  |   |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Net income available to common shareholders Net realized investment (gains) losses, net of tax <sup>(1)</sup> Foreign exchange gains, net of tax <sup>(2)</sup> Termination fee received <sup>(3)</sup> Reorganization and related expenses, net of tax <sup>(4)</sup> Operating income | \$176,644<br>(2,726<br>(13,229<br>—<br>—<br>\$160,689 | ) | \$247,620<br>67,897<br>(27,410<br>(280,000<br>42,924<br>\$51,031 | ) | \$334,554<br>42,667<br>(67,771<br>—<br>\$309,450 | ) | \$466,772<br>119,442<br>(68,456<br>(280,000<br>42,924<br>\$280,682 | ) |
| Earnings per common share - diluted  Net realized investment (gains) losses, net of tax  Foreign exchange gains, net of tax  Termination fee received  Reorganization and related expenses, net of tax  Operating income per common share - diluted                                     | \$1.96<br>(0.03<br>(0.15<br>—<br>\$1.78               | ) | \$2.50<br>0.68<br>(0.28<br>(2.82<br>0.43<br>\$0.51               | ) | \$3.61<br>0.46<br>(0.73<br>—<br>\$3.34           | ) | \$4.65<br>1.19<br>(0.69<br>(2.79<br>0.43<br>\$2.79                 | ) |
| Weighted average common shares and common share equivalents - $diluted^{(5)}$   | 90,351  |   | 99,124   |   | 92,579   |   | 100,468  |   |
| Average common shareholders' equity   | \$5,369,92  | 1 | \$5,259,619  | 9 | \$5,319,849                                      | 9 | \$5,195,90   | 1 |
| ROACE (annualized)  | 13.2  | % | 18.8   | % | 8.4  | % | 12.0   | % |
| Operating ROACE (annualized)  | 12.0  | % | 3.9  | % | 7.8  | % | 7.2  | % |

Tax cost (benefit) of \$2,479 and (\$2,060) for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$2,372 and (\$4,176) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Tax impact is estimated by applying the statutory rates of applicable jurisdictions, after consideration of other relevant factors including the ability to utilize capital losses.

Tax cost of \$566 and \$678 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$2,010 and (2) \$744 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Tax impact is estimated by applying the statutory rates of applicable jurisdictions, after consideration of other relevant factors including the tax status of specific foreign exchange transactions.

- (3) Tax impact is nil.
- Tax benefit of nil and \$2,943 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and nil and \$2,943 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Tax impact is estimated by applying the statutory rates of applicable jurisdictions, reflecting the jurisdictional apportionment and related tax treatment of the individual components of the reorganization and related expenses.
- (5)Refer to Item 1, Note 8 to our Consolidated Financial Statements for further details on the dilution calculation. A reconciliation of consolidated underwriting income to income before income taxes (the nearest GAAP financial measure) can be found in Item 1, Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Underwriting-related general and administrative expenses are reconciled to general and administrative expenses (the nearest GAAP financial measure) within 'Underwriting Results Group'.

We present our results of operations in the way we believe will be most meaningful and useful to investors, analysts, rating agencies and others who use our financial information to evaluate our performance. This includes the presentation of "operating income", (in total and on a per share basis), "annualized operating ROACE" (which is based on the "operating income" measure) and "consolidated underwriting income", which incorporates "underwriting-related general and administrative expenses".

### Operating Income

Although the investment of premiums to generate income and realized investment gains (losses) is an integral part of our operations, the determination to realize investment gains (losses) is independent of the underwriting process and is heavily influenced by the availability of market opportunities. Furthermore, many users believe that the timing of the realization of investment gains (losses) is somewhat opportunistic for many companies.

### **Table of Contents**

Foreign exchange losses (gains) in our Consolidated Statements of Operations are primarily driven by the impact of foreign exchange rate movements on net insurance related-liabilities. However, this movement is only one element of the overall impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on our financial position. In addition, we recognize unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains) on our available-for-sale investments in other comprehensive income and foreign exchange losses (gains) realized upon the sale of these investments in net realized investments gains (losses). These unrealized and realized foreign exchange rate movements generally offset a large portion of the foreign exchange losses (gains) reported separately in earnings, thereby minimizing the impact of foreign exchange rate movements on total shareholders' equity. As such, the Statement of Operations foreign exchange losses (gains) in isolation are not a fair representation of the performance of our business.

The termination fee received represents the break-up fee paid by PartnerRe Ltd. following the cancellation of the amalgamation agreement with AXIS Capital and is not indicative of future revenues of the Company.

Reorganization and related expenses are primarily driven by business decisions, the nature and timing of which is unrelated to the underwriting process and which are not representative of underlying business performance.

In this regard, certain users of our financial statements evaluate earnings excluding after-tax net realized investment gains (losses) and foreign exchange losses (gains) to understand the profitability of recurring sources of income.

We believe that showing net income available to common shareholders exclusive of net realized gains (losses), foreign exchange losses (gains), termination fee received and reorganization and related expenses reflects the underlying fundamentals of our business. In addition, we believe that this presentation enables investors and other users of our financial information to analyze performance in a manner similar to how our management analyzes the underlying business performance. We also believe this measure follows industry practice and, therefore, facilitates comparison of our performance with our peer group. We believe that equity analysts and certain rating agencies that follow us, and the insurance industry as a whole, generally exclude these items from their analyses for the same reasons.

Consolidated Underwriting Income/Underwriting-Related General and Administrative Expenses

Corporate expenses include holding company costs necessary to support our worldwide insurance and reinsurance operations and costs associated with operating as a publicly-traded company. As these costs are not incremental and/or directly attributable to our individual underwriting operations, we exclude them from underwriting-related general and administrative expenses and, therefore, consolidated underwriting income. Interest expense and financing costs primarily relate to interest payable on our senior notes and are excluded from consolidated underwriting income for the same reason.

We evaluate our underwriting results separately from the performance of our investment portfolio. As such, we believe it appropriate to exclude net investment income and net realized investment gains (losses) from our underwriting profitability measure.

As noted above, foreign exchange losses (gains) in our Consolidated Statements of Operations primarily relate to our net insurance-related liabilities. However, we manage our investment portfolio in such a way that unrealized and realized foreign exchange rate losses (gains) on our investment portfolio generally offset a large portion of the foreign exchange losses (gains) arising from our underwriting portfolio. As a result, we believe that foreign exchange losses (gains) are not a meaningful contributor to our underwriting performance and, therefore, exclude them from consolidated underwriting income.

The termination fee received represents the break-up fee received on the cancellation of the amalgamation agreement between PartnerRe Ltd. and AXIS Capital and should be excluded from consolidated underwriting income since it is not related to underwriting operations.

Reorganization and related expenses are driven by business decisions, the nature and timing of which are unrelated to the underwriting process and for this reason they are excluded from consolidated underwriting income.

We believe that presentation of underwriting-related general and administrative expenses and consolidated underwriting income provides investors with an enhanced understanding of our results of operations, by highlighting the underlying pre-tax profitability of our underwriting activities.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Refer to Item 7A included in our 2015 Form 10-K. With the exception of the changes in exposure to foreign currency risk presented below, there have been no material changes to this item since December 31, 2015.

### Foreign Currency Risk

The table below provides a sensitivity analysis of our total net foreign currency exposures.

|  | AUD      | NZD       | CAD       | EUR         | GBP        | JPY       | Other     | Total     |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| At September 30, 2016 Net managed assets (liabilities), excluding  | \$85,933 | \$(6,574) | \$74,859  | \$(159,487) | \$(59,745) | \$21,593  | \$132,185 | \$88,764  |
| derivatives Foreign currency derivatives, net                      | (79,700) | 7,287     | (80,621)  | 204,334     | 5,836      | (26,126)  | 11,790    | 42,800    |
| Net managed<br>foreign<br>currency<br>exposure                     | 6,233    | 713       | (5,762)   | 44,847      | (53,909 )  | (4,533 )  | 143,975   | 131,564   |
| Other net<br>foreign<br>currency<br>exposure                       | 2,060    | _         | _         | 22,881      | 1,011      | _         | 68,969    | 94,921    |
| Total net<br>foreign<br>currency<br>exposure                       | \$8,293  | \$713     | \$(5,762) | \$67,728    | \$(52,898) | \$(4,533) | \$212,944 | \$226,485 |
| Net foreign<br>currency<br>exposure as a<br>percentage of<br>total | 0.1 %    | — %       | (0.1 %)   | ) 1.1 %     | (0.9 %)    | (0.1 %)   | 3.5 %     | 3.8 %     |

shareholders' equity Pre-tax impact of net foreign currency exposure on shareholders' \$71 \$(576) \$(5,290) \$(453) \$829 \$6,773 \$21,294 \$22,648 equity given a hypothetical 10% rate movement(1)

(1) Assumes 10% change in underlying currencies relative to the U.S. dollar.

### Total Net Foreign Currency Exposure

At September 30, 2016, our total net foreign currency exposure was \$226 million net long, driven by increases in our exposures to the euro and other non-core currencies primarily due to new business written during the first nine months of 2016.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management has performed an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) as of September 30, 2016. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2016, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and is accumulated and communicated to

### **Table of Contents**

management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Company's management has performed an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Company's Chief Financial Officer, of changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2016. Based upon that evaluation, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are subject to routine legal proceedings, including arbitrations, arising in the ordinary course of business. These legal proceedings generally relate to claims asserted by or against us in the ordinary course of insurance or reinsurance operations; estimated amounts payable under such proceedings are included in the reserve for losses and loss expenses in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We are not a party to any material legal proceedings arising outside the ordinary course of business.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table presents information regarding the number of shares we repurchased during the three months ended September 30, 2016:

## ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

#### Common Shares

|                      | Total Number<br>of Shares<br>Purchased | r Average<br>Price Paid<br>Per Share | Purchased as Part of | s Maximum Number (or Approximate<br>Dollar Value) of Shares That May Yet Be<br>Purchased Under the Announced Plans<br>or Programs <sup>(2)</sup> |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| July 1-31, 2016      | 127                                    | \$55.45                              | 108                  | \$494.0 million  |
| August 1-31, 2016    | 1,552                                  | \$55.88                              | 1,552                | \$407.3 million  |
| September 1-30, 2016 | 572                                    | \$56.36                              | 571                  | \$375.1 million  |
| Total                | 2,251                                  |                                      | 2,231                | \$375.1 million  |

- From time to time, we purchase shares in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards granted to our (1)employees under our 2007 Long-Term Equity Compensation Plan. The purchase of these shares is separately authorized and is not part of our Board-authorized share repurchase program, described below.

  On December 7, 2015, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase plan to repurchase up to \$750 million of our common shares through to December 31, 2016. The share repurchase authorization which became effective
- (2) on December 31, 2015, replaced the previous plan which had \$444 million available through the end of 2016. Share repurchases may be effected from time to time in the open market or privately negotiated transactions, depending on market conditions.

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclosure of Certain Activities Under Section 13(r) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Section 13(r) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires issuers to disclose in their annual and quarterly reports whether they or any of their affiliates knowingly engaged in certain activities with Iran or with individuals or entities that are subject to certain sanctions under U.S. law. Issuers are required to provide this disclosure even where the activities, transactions or dealings are conducted outside of the United States in compliance with applicable law.

As and when allowed by the applicable law and regulations, certain of our non-U.S. subsidiaries provide treaty reinsurance coverage to non-U.S. insurers of marine, aviation and energy risks on a worldwide basis, and as a result, these underlying reinsurance portfolios may have some exposure to Iran. In addition, we underwrite insurance and facultative reinsurance on a global basis to non-U.S. insureds and reinsureds for marine, aviation and energy risks. Coverage provided to non-Iranian business may indirectly cover an exposure in Iran. For example, certain of our

operations underwrite global marine hull and cargo policies that provide coverage for vessels navigating into and out of ports worldwide, including Iran. For the quarter ended September 30, 2016, no premium has been allocated or apportioned to activities relating to Iran. As we believe these activities are permitted under applicable laws and regulations, we intend for our non-U.S. subsidiaries to continue to provide such coverage to the extent permitted by applicable law.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- Certificate of Incorporation and Memorandum of Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1(Amendment No. 1) (No. 333-103620) filed on April 16, 2003).
- Amended and Restated Bye-Laws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 15, 2009).
- 4.1 Specimen Common Share Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Amendment No. 3) (No. 333-103620) filed on June 10, 2003). Certificate of Designations establishing the specific rights, preferences, limitations and other terms of the Series C
- 4.2 Preferred Shares (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 19, 2012).
  - Certificate of Designations establishing the specific rights, preferences, limitations and other terms of the Series
- 4.3 D Preferred Shares (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 20, 2013).
  - Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement dated June 23, 2014 by and between Peter W. Wilson and AXIS
- 10.1 Specialty U.S. Services, Inc. effective September 21, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 27, 2016).
- †31. Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- †31. Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- †32. Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- †32. Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The following financial information from AXIS Capital Holdings Limited's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended
- †101 September 30, 2016 and 2015; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015; (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015; and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text and in detail.

Filed herewith.

The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure other than with respect to the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for that purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by us in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: October 27, 2016

# AXIS CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

By:/S/ ALBERT BENCHIMOL

Albert Benchimol President and Chief Executive Officer

/S/ JOSEPH HENRY Joseph Henry Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)