

NOMURA HOLDINGS INC
Form 6-K
August 02, 2013
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FORM 6-K

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 1-15270

For the month of August 2013

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

9-1, Nihonbashi 1-chome

Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-8645

Japan

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

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Information furnished on this form:

EXHIBIT

Exhibit Number

1. Supplement for Financial Highlights Three months ended June 30, 2013

The registrant hereby incorporates Exhibit 1 to this report on Form 6-K by reference in the prospectus that is part of the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (Registration No. 333-169682) of the registrant and Nomura America Finance, LLC, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 30, 2010.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: August 2, 2013

By: /s/ Eiji Miura
Eiji Miura
Senior Managing Director

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Presentation of Financial and Other Information

As used in this Form 6-K, references to "Nomura" are to Nomura Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated entities. References to "NHI" are to Nomura Holdings, Inc.

Unless otherwise stated, references in this Form 6-K to "yen" are to Japanese yen. Amounts shown in this Form 6-K have been rounded to the nearest indicated digit unless otherwise specified. In tables and paragraphs with rounded figures, sums may not add up due to rounding.

Except as otherwise indicated, all financial information with respect to Nomura presented in this Form 6-K is presented on an unaudited consolidated basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Supplement for Financial Highlights – Three months ended June 30, 2013

Nomura reported net revenue of 431.3 billion yen, income before income taxes of 113.2 billion yen, and net income attributable to NHI shareholders of 65.9 billion yen for the three months ended June 30, 2013. Basic-Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share was 17.78 yen and Diluted-Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share was 17.24 yen. Annualized return on shareholders' equity was 11.3%.

i.) Financial Position

As of June 30, 2013, Nomura's total capital ratio¹ was 13.8% and its Tier 1 capital ratio² was 11.9%. Nomura had total assets of 42.0 trillion yen, an increase of 4.0 trillion yen compared to March 31, 2013, primarily due to increase in Securities purchased under agreements to resell, Trading assets, and Securities borrowed. Total liabilities as of June 30, 2013 were 39.6 trillion yen, an increase of 3.9 trillion yen compared to March 31, 2013, primarily due to increases in Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, Trading liabilities, and Payables to other than customers. Total equity as of June 30, 2013 was 2,394.9 billion yen, an increase of 75.9 billion yen compared to March 31, 2013. Leverage ratio as of June 30, 2013 was 17.7 times and net leverage ratio³ was 10.6 times.

¹ Annualized return on shareholders' equity is a ratio of net income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders to total NHI shareholders' equity multiplied by four.

² These ratios represent preliminary estimates as of the date of this supplement release and may be revised in Nomura's Quarterly Securities Report on Form 6-K for the period ended June 30, 2013.

NHI has been assigned as saishu shitei oyagaisha (a Final Designated Parent Company) who must calculate the consolidated capital adequacy ratio according to the Notice of the Establishment of Standards for Determining Whether the Adequacy of Equity Capital of a Final Designated Parent Company and its Subsidiary Corporations, etc. is Appropriate Compared to the Assets Held by the Final Designated Parent Company and its Subsidiary Corporations, etc. (2010 FSA Regulatory Notice No.130; Capital Adequacy Notice on Final Designated Parent Company hereinafter) in April 2011. Nomura calculates Basel III-based consolidated regulatory capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the Capital Adequacy Notice on Final Designated Parent Company.

³ Net leverage ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure that Nomura considers to be a useful measure that Nomura and investors use to assess financial position. Net leverage ratio equals total assets less securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities borrowed divided by total NHI shareholders' equity.

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Non-interest expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased by 9.0% from the same period in the prior year to 318.1 billion yen.

iii.) Capital and Other Balance Sheet Metrics

As of June 30, 2013, total NHI shareholders' equity was 2,369.0 billion yen, which represented an increase of 74.6 billion yen compared to March 31, 2013.

Level 3 assets (net)⁴ were approximately 0.5 trillion yen as of June 30, 2013.

iv.) Value at Risk

Value at risk⁵ as of June 30, 2013 was 6.6 billion yen, which represents a 29.4% increase compared to March 31, 2013.

v.) Cash Dividends

	2013	For the year ended March 31 2014 (Yen amounts)	2014 (Plan)
Dividends per share			
Dividends record dates			
At June 30			
At September 30	2.00		Unconfirmed
At December 31			
At March 31	6.00		Unconfirmed
For the year	8.00		Unconfirmed

vi.) Number of Employees

As of June 30, 2013, Nomura had 28,251 employees globally (Japan: 16,565, Europe: 3,485, Americas: 2,240, Asia-Pacific (including Powai office in India): 5,961).

⁴ This amount represents a preliminary estimate as of the date of this supplement release and may be revised in Nomura's Quarterly Securities Report on Form 6-K for the period ended June 30, 2013.

Level 3 assets (net) is a non-GAAP financial measure that Nomura considers to be a useful measure that Nomura and investors use to assess financial position. The level 3 assets (net) equals level 3 assets after netting off derivative assets and liabilities.

⁵ Value at risk is defined at 99% confidence level. The time horizon for our outstanding portfolio is 1 day. Inter-product price fluctuations are considered.

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Three months ended June 30, 2013 - Business Highlights

Net revenue was 431.3 billion yen, an increase of 16.8% from the same period in the prior year. Non-interest expenses were 318.1 billion yen, a decrease of 9.0% compared to the same period in the prior year. Income before income taxes was 113.2 billion yen.

Net revenue in Retail was 166.3 billion yen, an increase of 101.1% from the same period in the prior year.

Net revenue in Asset Management was 20.2 billion yen, an increase of 22.9% compared to the same period in the prior year. Assets under management as of June 30, 2013 were 29.1 trillion yen, an increase of 1.2 trillion yen from 27.9 trillion yen as of March 31, 2013.

Net revenue in Wholesale was 194.6 billion yen, an increase of 59.7% compared to the same period in the prior year.

Nomura maintained Tier 1 capital ratio⁶ of 11.9% as of June 30, 2013.

⁶ This ratio represents preliminary estimate as of the date of this supplement release and may be revised in Nomura's Quarterly Securities Report on Form 6-K for the period ended June 30, 2013.

NHI has been assigned as a Final Designated Parent Company who must calculate the consolidated capital adequacy ratio according to the Capital Adequacy Notice on Final Designated Parent Company in April 2011. Nomura calculates Basel III-based consolidated regulatory capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the Capital Adequacy Notice on Final Designated Parent Company.

Table of Contents**Business Segment Information****Retail**

Net revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2013 was 166.3 billion yen, a 101.1% increase from the same period in the prior year primarily due to increased sales performance of equities and investment trusts as a result of active equity markets, particularly in Japan. Non-interest expenses increased by 20.9% to 85.2 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes increased by 565.4% to 81.1 billion yen.

Retail client assets as of June 30, 2013 were 87.7 trillion yen, comprised of 50.5 trillion yen in equities, 6.2 trillion yen in foreign currency bonds, 12.4 trillion yen in domestic bonds including CBs and Warrants, 8.6 trillion yen in stock investment trusts, 5.3 trillion yen in bond investment trusts, 1.7 trillion yen in overseas mutual funds, and 3.0 trillion yen in other⁷.

Operating Results of Retail

	Billions of yen For the three months ended		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net revenue	82.7	166.3	101.1
Non-interest expenses	70.5	85.2	20.9
Income (loss) before income taxes	12.2	81.1	565.4

Asset Management

Net revenue increased by 22.9% from the same period in the prior year to 20.2 billion yen. Non-interest expenses increased by 22.0% to 13.5 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes increased by 24.6% to 6.7 billion yen. Assets under management were 29.1 trillion yen as of June 30, 2013, an increase of 1.2 trillion yen from March 31, 2013.

In addition, Nomura Asset Management's share of public investment trust market in Japan as of June 30, 2013 was 22.5%^{8,9}. Market share in Japan for public stock investment trusts was 18%^{8,9}, while market share for public bond investment trusts was 42%^{8,9}.

Operating Results of Asset Management

	Billions of yen For the three months ended		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net revenue	16.4	20.2	22.9
Non-interest expenses	11.0	13.5	22.0
Income (loss) before income taxes	5.4	6.7	24.6

⁷ Includes annuity insurance.

⁸ Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. only.

⁹ Source: The Investment Trusts Association, Japan.

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Net revenue increased by 59.7% from the same period in the prior year to 194.6 billion yen (97.6 billion yen from Fixed Income, 67.8 billion yen from Equities, and 29.3 billion yen from Investment Banking). The primary factor for the increase in net revenue was the improved performance of our equity business as well as an increase in the number of capital markets transactions as a result of active equity markets. Non-interest expenses increased by 29.9% to 169.4 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes was 25.2 billion yen.

Operating Results of Wholesale

	Billions of yen		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	For the three months ended		
	June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net revenue	121.9	194.6	59.7
Non-interest expenses	130.4	169.4	29.9
Income (loss) before income taxes	(8.6)	25.2	

Other Operating Results

Net revenue was 43.0 billion yen. Loss before income taxes was 7.0 billion yen.

Other Operating Results

	Billions of yen		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	For the three months ended		
	June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net revenue	154.6	43.0	(72.2)
Non-interest expenses	137.6	50.0	(63.7)
Income (loss) before income taxes	17.0	(7.0)	

Table of Contents**Segment Information Operating Segment**

The following table shows business segment information and reconciliation items to the consolidated statements of income.

	Millions of yen For the three months ended		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net revenue			
Business segment information:			
Retail	82,711	166,342	101.1
Asset Management	16,418	20,174	22.9
Wholesale	121,883	194,609	59.7
Subtotal	221,012	381,125	72.4
Other	154,567	43,032	(72.2)
Net revenue	375,579	424,157	12.9
Reconciliation items:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for operating purposes	(6,325)	7,164	
Net revenue	369,254	431,321	16.8
Non-interest expenses			
Business segment information:			
Retail	70,523	85,237	20.9
Asset Management	11,048	13,483	22.0
Wholesale	130,434	169,372	29.9
Subtotal	212,005	268,092	26.5
Other	137,583	50,010	(63.7)
Non-interest expenses	349,588	318,102	(9.0)
Reconciliation items:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for operating purposes			
Non-interest expenses	349,588	318,102	(9.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes			
Business segment information:			
Retail	12,188	81,105	565.4
Asset Management	5,370	6,691	24.6
Wholesale	(8,551)	25,237	
Subtotal	9,007	113,033	
Other *	16,984	(6,978)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	25,991	106,055	308.0

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Reconciliation items:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for operating purposes	(6,325)	7,164	
Income (loss) before income taxes	19,666	113,219	475.7

* **Major components**

Transactions between operating segments are recorded within segment results on commercial terms and conditions, and are eliminated in Other .

The following table presents the major components of income (loss) before income taxes in Other .

	Millions of yen		% Change (B-A)/(A)
	For the three months ended June 30, 2012 (A)	June 30, 2013 (B)	
Net gain (loss) related to economic hedging transactions	(1,231)	7,373	
Realized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for operating purposes	(736)	688	
Equity in earnings of affiliates	1,273	5,343	319.7
Corporate items	6,624	(12,344)	
Other	11,054	(8,038)	
Total	16,984	(6,978)	

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The following table sets forth the ratio of earnings to fixed charges of Nomura for the three months ended June 30, 2013, in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

	Millions of yen	
	For the three months ended June 30, 2013	
Earnings:		
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations before adjustment for income or loss from equity investees	¥	105,314
Add: Fixed charges		73,948
Distributed income of equity investees		3,815
Earnings as defined	¥	183,077
Fixed charges	¥	73,948
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ¹⁰		2.5

¹⁰ For the purpose of calculating the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of pre-tax income (loss) before adjustment for income or loss from equity investees, plus (i) fixed charges and (ii) distributed income of equity investees. Fixed charges consist of interest expense. Fixed charges exclude premium and discount amortization as well as interest expense, which are included in Net gain (loss) on trading. Fixed charges also exclude interest within rent expense, which is insignificant.

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The review process of the quarterly consolidated financial statements for this period has not been completed by the independent auditors at the point of disclosing this Supplement for Financial Highlights. As a result of such review, certain of the information set forth herein could be subject to revision, possibly material, in Nomura's Quarterly Securities Report on Form 6-K for the period ended June 30, 2013.