

NEWMONT USA LTD  
Form 424B5  
March 05, 2012  
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**The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell these securities, and are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities, in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION**

**PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT, DATED MARCH 5, 2012**

**Prospectus Supplement**

March , 2012

(To Prospectus Dated September 15, 2009)

\$

**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**\$ % Senior Notes due 20**

**\$ % Senior Notes due 20**

We are offering \$ aggregate principal amount of our % Senior Notes due 20 (the 20 notes ) and \$ aggregate principal amount of our % Senior Notes due 20 (the 20 notes and, together with the 20 notes, the notes ). The 20 notes will bear interest at a rate of % per year and the 20 notes will bear interest at a rate of % per year, in each case payable semi-annually in arrears on and of each year, beginning on , 2012. The 20 notes will mature on , 20 and the 20 notes will mature on , 20 , in each case unless earlier redeemed.

We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time or from time to time. The redemption prices are discussed under Description of Notes Optional Redemption. In addition, upon the occurrence of both (i) a change of control of Newmont and (ii) a downgrade within a specified period of the notes from an investment grade rating to below an investment grade rating by each of Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, unless we have exercised our right to redeem all the notes, we will be required to make an offer to purchase the notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase.

The notes will rank equally with all our existing and future unsecured senior debt and senior to all our future subordinated debt. The notes will be guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by our subsidiary Newmont USA Limited. This guarantee will be the unsecured senior obligation of Newmont USA Limited. The guarantee will be released if Newmont USA Limited ceases to guarantee more than \$75 million of other debt of Newmont.

The notes are new securities, and currently there is no established market for the notes. Accordingly, we cannot assure you as to the development or liquidity of any market for the notes. We do not intend to apply for a listing of the notes on any securities exchange.

**Investing in the notes involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-5 of this prospectus supplement.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per 20	Note	Total(1)	Per 20	Note	Total(1)
Public offering price		%	\$		%	\$
Underwriting discount		%	\$		%	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)		%	\$		%	\$

(1) Plus accrued interest, if any, from March , 2012.

We expect that delivery of the notes will be made to investors in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company and its direct participants, including Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ( Euroclear ) and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ( Clearstream ), on or about March , 2012.

*Joint Book-Running Managers*

**Citigroup**

**J.P. Morgan**

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You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, these notes only in jurisdictions where such offers and sales are permitted. You should not assume that the information provided by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference in this document is accurate as of any date other than their respective dates. Our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects may have changed since those dates.

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**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes certain matters relating to us and this offering. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, gives more general information about securities we may offer from time to time, some of which may not apply to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. For information about the notes, see Description of Notes in this prospectus supplement. When we refer to this document, we mean this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires.

Before you invest in the notes, you should read the registration statement of which this document forms a part and this document, including the documents incorporated by reference herein that are described under the heading Where You Can Find More Information.

If the information set forth in this prospectus supplement varies in any way from the information set forth in the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information contained in this prospectus supplement. If the information set forth in this prospectus supplement varies in any way from the information set forth in a document we have incorporated by reference, you should rely on the information in the more recent document.

Unless we have indicated otherwise, or the context otherwise requires, references in this document to Newmont, the Company, we, us, our Company or our refer to Newmont Mining Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries, except where it is clear that such terms refer to Newmont Mining Corporation only.

References in this document to ounces attributable to Newmont or pounds attributable to Newmont mean that portion of gold or copper produced, sold or included in proven and probable reserves that is attributable to our ownership or economic interest.

Unless we have indicated otherwise, or the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus supplement to \$ or dollar are to the lawful currency of the United States.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements contained in this prospectus supplement (including information incorporated by reference herein) are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided for under these sections. Words such as expect(s), feel(s), believe(s), will, may, anticipate(s), estimate(s), should, intend(s) and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements may include, without limitation:

estimates regarding future earnings and the sensitivity of earnings to gold and other metal prices;

estimates of future mineral production and sales;

estimates of future production costs, other expenses and taxes for specific operations and on a consolidated basis;

estimates of future cash flows and the sensitivity of cash flows to gold and other metal prices;

estimates of future capital expenditures, construction, production or closure activities and other cash needs, for specific operations and on a consolidated basis, and expectations as to the funding or timing thereof;

estimates as to the projected development of certain ore deposits, including the timing of such development, the costs of such development and other capital costs, financing plans for these deposits and expected production commencement dates;

estimates of reserves and statements regarding future exploration results and reserve replacement and the sensitivity of reserves to metal price changes;

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statements regarding the availability of, and, terms and costs related to, future borrowing, debt repayment and financing;

estimates regarding future exploration expenditures, results and reserves;

statements regarding fluctuations in financial and currency markets;

estimates regarding potential cost savings, productivity, operating performance, and ownership and cost structures;

expectations regarding the completion and timing of acquisitions or divestitures and projected synergies and costs associated with acquisitions and related matters;

expectations regarding the start-up time, design, mine life, production and costs applicable to sales and exploration potential of our projects;

statements regarding modifications to hedge and derivative positions;

statements regarding political, economic or governmental conditions and environments;

statements regarding future transactions;

statements regarding the impacts of changes in the legal and regulatory environment in which we operate;

estimates of future costs and other liabilities for certain environmental matters;

estimates of income taxes; and

estimates of pension and other post-retirement costs.

Where we express an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, our forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by those forward-looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to:

the price of gold, copper and other commodities;

the cost of operations;

currency fluctuations;

geological and metallurgical assumptions;

operating performance of equipment, processes and facilities;

labor relations;

timing of receipt of necessary governmental permits or approvals;

domestic and foreign laws or regulations, particularly relating to the environment and mining;

changes in tax laws;

domestic and international economic and political conditions;

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our ability to obtain or maintain necessary financing; and

other risks and hazards associated with mining operations.

More detailed information regarding these factors is included in the sections titled *Business*, *Risk Factors* and *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in our reports and other documents on file with the SEC. Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Newmont or to persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

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**SUMMARY**

*This summary contains basic information about us and this offering. Because it is a summary, it does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in the notes. You should read this entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including the section entitled Risk Factors, our financial statements and the notes thereto incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, and other documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before making an investment decision.*

**Our Company**

Newmont Mining Corporation is primarily a gold producer with significant operations and/or assets in the United States, Australia, Peru, Indonesia, Ghana, New Zealand and Mexico. At December 31, 2011, we had proven and probable gold reserves attributable to Newmont of 98.8 million ounces and an aggregate land position of approximately 31,500 square miles (81,500 square kilometers). We are also engaged in the production of copper, principally through our Batu Hijau operation in Indonesia and Boddington operation in Australia.

**Products**

***Gold***

We had consolidated production of 5.9 million ounces of gold (5.2 million ounces attributable to Newmont) in 2011, 6.5 million ounces (5.4 million ounces) in 2010 and 6.5 million ounces (5.2 million ounces) in 2009. For 2011, 2010 and 2009, 88%, 81% and 83%, respectively, of our net revenues were attributable to consolidated gold sales. Of our 2011 consolidated gold production, approximately 33% came from North America, 22% from South America, 35% from Asia Pacific and 10% from Africa.

***Copper***

We had consolidated production of 352 million pounds of copper (206 million pounds attributable to Newmont) in 2011, 600 million pounds (327 million pounds) in 2010 and 504 million pounds (227 million pounds) in 2009. For 2011, 2010 and 2009, 12%, 19% and 17%, respectively, of our net revenues were attributable to consolidated copper sales.

**Additional Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 6363 South Fiddlers Green Circle, Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111. Our telephone number is (303) 863-7414. We maintain a website at <http://www.newmont.com>. Information presented on or accessed through our website is not incorporated into, or made part of, this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

**Table of Contents****The Offering**

*The following summary contains basic information about the notes and is not intended to be complete. It does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. For a more complete understanding of the notes, you should read the section of this prospectus supplement entitled Description of Notes. For purposes of this summary and the Description of Notes section, references to the Company, Newmont, issuer, we, our and us refer only to Newmont Mining Corporation and not to its subsidiaries.*

<b>Issuer</b>	Newmont Mining Corporation, a Delaware corporation.
<b>Notes</b>	<p>\$ principal amount of % Senior Notes due 20 .</p> <p>\$ principal amount of % Senior Notes due 20 .</p>
<b>Maturity</b>	, 20 , in the case of the 20 notes and , 20 , in the case of the 20 notes, in each case unless earlier redeemed.
<b>Interest</b>	% per year, with respect to the 20 notes and % per year, with respect to the 20 notes. Interest will accrue from March , 2012, and will be payable semi-annually in arrears on and of each year, commencing on , 2012.
<b>Optional Redemption</b>	We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time or from time to time. The redemption prices are discussed under Description of Notes Optional Redemption.
<b>Change of Control Repurchase Event</b>	Upon the occurrence of both (i) a change of control of Newmont and (ii) a downgrade within a specified period of the notes from an investment grade rating to below an investment grade rating by both Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, unless we have exercised our right to redeem all the notes, we will be required to make an offer to purchase the notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase.
<b>Covenants</b>	Under the indenture for the notes, we are subject to covenants limiting our ability to issue debt secured by mortgages on our or our restricted subsidiaries' principal properties or the stock or debt of our restricted subsidiaries without equally and ratably securing the notes. In addition, under the indenture for the notes, our ability to engage in sale-leaseback transactions on our principal properties is also limited. See Description of Debt Securities Restrictive Covenants Required by the Indenture in the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor any of our subsidiaries are subject to any financial covenants under the indenture governing the notes. In addition, neither we nor any of our subsidiaries are restricted under the indenture from incurring unsecured debt, paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing our securities.
<b>Events of Default</b>	If there is an event of default under the notes, the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, may be declared immediately due and payable. These amounts automatically become due and payable if an event of default relating to certain

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events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occurs.

### **Ranking**

The notes will be our general unsecured obligations that will rank senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly

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subordinated in right of payment to the notes and equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and liabilities that are not so subordinated. The notes will effectively rank junior to any secured indebtedness of Newmont to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and will be effectively subordinated to all debt and other liabilities of our non-guarantor subsidiaries.

At December 31, 2011, our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$4.3 billion. After giving pro forma effect to the sale of the notes and the use of proceeds therefrom, our as adjusted total consolidated indebtedness would have been approximately \$ billion. Approximately \$55 million of that amount was indebtedness to third parties of our non-guarantor subsidiaries, which is structurally senior to the notes because it consists of obligations at the subsidiary level.

## **Subsidiary Guarantee**

The notes will initially be guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by our subsidiary Newmont USA Limited. The guarantee will be released if Newmont USA Limited ceases to guarantee more than \$75 million of other debt of Newmont. As of December 31, 2011, Newmont USA Limited guaranteed \$600 million of other debt of Newmont that did not contain a similar fall-away provision. See [Description of Debt Securities](#) [Subsidiary Guarantees of Newmont USA Limited](#) in the accompanying prospectus.

The guarantee will be a general unsecured senior obligation of Newmont USA Limited and will rank equal in right of payment to all of Newmont USA Limited's existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to all of Newmont USA Limited's future subordinated indebtedness. The guarantee will effectively rank junior to any secured indebtedness of Newmont USA Limited to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness.

At December 31, 2011, Newmont USA Limited had approximately \$4.3 billion of consolidated indebtedness (including guaranteed debt), which consisted of approximately \$4.1 billion of guarantees of indebtedness of Newmont, and approximately \$166 million of its own debt, which is secured. Financial information for Newmont USA Limited can be found in the Newmont SEC filings (File No. 001-31240) as listed under [Where You Can Find More Information](#).

## **Use of Proceeds**

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from this offering will be approximately \$ million, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated expenses of this offering payable by us. We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering for (i) repayment of the outstanding balance under our senior revolving credit facility (which was drawn upon in January and February 2012 principally to repay our 2012 convertible senior notes and to pay a portion of the payments in connection with the exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback for our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada), (ii) settlement of certain forward starting swaps contracts, (iii) remaining payments to be made during 2012 in connection with the exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback agreement relating to our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada, and (iv) general corporate purposes (which may include funding associated with exploration,

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the development of our project pipeline or dividends or other forms of capital return to our shareholders). We intend to place the remaining proceeds in short-term liquid investments. See Use of Proceeds.

**Further Issues**

Newmont may, without the consent of the then existing holders of the notes of a series, re-open the series and issue additional notes, which additional notes will have the same terms as the notes of the same series offered hereby except for the issue price, issue date and under some circumstances, the first interest payment date. Newmont will not issue any additional notes of a series unless the additional notes will be fungible with the notes of the same series offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

**Book-Entry Form**

The notes will be issued in book-entry form and will be represented by permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the notes will be shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its participants, including Euroclear and Clearstream, and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances.

**Absence of a Public Market for the Notes**

The notes are new securities, and currently there is no established market for the notes. Accordingly, we cannot assure you as to the development or liquidity of any market for the notes. The underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to make a market in the notes. However, they are not obligated to do so, and they may discontinue any market making with respect to the notes without notice.

We do not intend to apply for a listing of the notes on any securities exchange.

**Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations**

For certain United States federal income tax considerations associated with acquiring, holding and disposing of the notes, see Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.

**Trustee and Paying Agent**

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.

**Risk Factors**

Investing in the notes involves risks. You should carefully consider the information under the section titled Risk Factors in this document and in Newmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, and all other information included in this document and the documents incorporated by reference before investing in the notes.

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**RISK FACTORS**

*Our business activities are subject to significant risks, including those described below. You should carefully consider the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, as updated and supplemented by the discussion below, before making an investment decision. If any of the described risks actually occurs, our business, financial position and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. Such risks are not the only ones we face and additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also affect our business.*

*This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference also contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including the risks described below and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. See Forward-Looking Statements.*

**Risks Related to Our Business**

***A substantial or extended decline in gold or copper prices would have a material adverse effect on Newmont.***

Our business is dependent on the prices of gold and copper, which fluctuate on a daily basis and are affected by numerous factors beyond our control. Factors tending to influence prices include:

gold sales or leasing by governments and central banks or changes in their monetary policy, including gold inventory management and reallocation of reserves;

speculative short positions taken by significant investors or traders in gold or copper;

the relative strength of the U.S. dollar;

expectations of the future rate of inflation;

interest rates;

recession or reduced economic activity in the United States, China, India and other industrialized or developing countries;

decreased industrial, jewelry or investment demand;

increased supply from production, disinvestment and scrap;

forward sales by producers in hedging or similar transactions; and

availability of cheaper substitute materials.

Any decline in our realized gold or copper price adversely impacts our revenues, net income and operating cash flows, particularly in light of our strategy of not engaging in hedging transactions with respect to gold or copper. We have recorded asset write-downs in the past and may

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experience additional write-downs as a result of lower gold or copper prices in the future.

In addition, sustained lower gold or copper prices can:

reduce revenues further through production declines due to cessation of the mining of deposits, or portions of deposits, that have become uneconomic at prevailing gold or copper prices;

reduce or eliminate the profit that we currently expect from ore stockpiles and ore on leach pads;

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halt or delay the development of new projects;

reduce funds available for exploration with the result that depleted reserves may not be replaced; and

reduce existing reserves by removing ores from reserves that can no longer be economically processed at prevailing prices.

Also see the discussion in Item 1, Business, Gold or Copper Price, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

***We may be unable to replace gold and copper reserves as they become depleted.***

Gold and copper producers must continually replace reserves depleted by production to maintain production levels over the long term and provide a return on invested capital. Depleted reserves can be replaced in several ways, including by expanding known ore bodies, by locating new deposits, or by acquiring interests in reserves from third parties. Exploration is highly speculative in nature, involves many risks and frequently is unproductive. Our current or future exploration programs may not result in new mineral producing operations. Even if significant mineralization is discovered, it will likely take many years from the initial phases of exploration until commencement of production, during which time the economic feasibility of production may change.

We may consider, from time to time, the acquisition of ore reserves related to development properties and operating mines. Such acquisitions are typically based on an analysis of a variety of factors including historical operating results, estimates of and assumptions regarding the extent of ore reserves, the timing of production from such reserves and cash and other operating costs. Other factors that affect our decision to make any such acquisitions may also include our assumptions for future gold or copper prices or other mineral prices and the projected economic returns and evaluations of existing or potential liabilities associated with the property and its operations and projections of how these may change in the future. In addition, in connection with future acquisitions we may rely on data and reports prepared by third parties and which may contain information or data that we are unable to independently verify or confirm. Other than historical operating results, all of these factors are uncertain and may have an impact on our revenue, our cash and other operating issues, as well as contributing to the uncertainties related to the process used to estimate ore reserves. In addition, there may be intense competition for the acquisition of attractive mining properties.

As a result of these uncertainties, our exploration programs and any acquisitions which we may pursue may not result in the expansion or replacement of our current production with new ore reserves or operations, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, results of operations and financial position.

***Estimates of proven and probable reserves and non reserve mineralization are uncertain and the volume and grade of ore actually recovered may vary from our estimates.***

The reserves stated in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 represent the amount of gold and copper that we estimated, at December 31, 2011, could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. Estimates of proven and probable reserves are subject to considerable uncertainty. Such estimates are, to a large extent, based on the prices of gold and copper and interpretations of geologic data obtained from drill holes and other exploration techniques. Producers use feasibility studies to derive estimates of capital and operating costs based upon anticipated tonnage and grades of ore to be mined and processed, the predicted configuration of the ore body, expected recovery rates of metals from the ore, the costs of comparable facilities, the costs of operating and processing equipment and other factors. Actual operating costs and economic returns on projects may differ significantly from original estimates. Further, it may take many years from the initial phases of exploration until commencement of production, during which time, the economic feasibility of production may change.

In addition, if the price of gold or copper declines from recent levels, if production costs increase or recovery rates decrease, or if applicable laws and regulations are adversely changed, we can offer no assurance that the indicated level of recovery will be realized or that mineral reserves as currently reported can be mined or processed profitably. If we determine that certain of our ore reserves have become uneconomic, this may ultimately lead to a reduction in our aggregate reported reserves. Consequently, if our actual mineral reserves and resources are less than current estimates, our business, prospects, results of operations and financial position may be materially impaired.



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### ***Increased operating costs could affect our profitability.***

Costs at any particular mining location are subject to variation due to a number of factors, such as changing ore grade, changing metallurgy and revisions to mine plans in response to the physical shape and location of the ore body. In addition, costs are affected by the price of input commodities, such as fuel, electricity, labor, chemical reagents, explosives, steel and concrete. Commodity costs are, at times, subject to volatile price movements, including increases that could make production at certain operations less profitable. Further, changes in laws and regulations can affect commodity prices, uses and transport. Reported costs may also be affected by changes in accounting standards. A material increase in costs at any significant location could have a significant effect on our profitability and operating cash flow.

We could have significant increases in capital and operating costs over the next several years in connection with the development of new projects in challenging jurisdictions and in sustaining existing operations. Costs associated with capital expenditures have escalated on an industry-wide basis over the last several years, as a result of factors beyond our control, including the prices of oil, steel and other commodities and labor. Increased costs for capital expenditures may have an adverse effect on the profitability of existing operations and economic returns anticipated from new projects.

### ***Estimates relating to new development projects are uncertain and we may incur higher costs and lower economic returns than estimated.***

Mine development projects typically require a number of years and significant expenditures during the development phase before production is possible. Such projects could experience unexpected problems and delays during development, construction and mine start-up.

Our decision to develop a project is typically based on the results of feasibility studies, which estimate the anticipated economic returns of a project. The actual project profitability or economic feasibility may differ from such estimates as a result of any of the following factors, among others:

changes in tonnage, grades and metallurgical characteristics of ore to be mined and processed;

higher input commodity and labor costs;

the quality of the data on which engineering assumptions were made;

adverse geotechnical conditions;

availability of adequate and skilled labor force and supply and cost of water and power;

fluctuations in inflation and currency exchange rates;

availability and terms of financing;

delays in obtaining environmental or other government permits or approvals or changes in the laws and regulations related to our operations or project development;

changes in tax laws;

weather or severe climate impacts; and

potential delays relating to social and community issues, including, without limitation, issues resulting in protests, road blockages or work stoppages.

Our future development activities may not result in the expansion or replacement of current production with new production, or one or more of these new production sites or facilities may be less profitable than currently anticipated or may not be profitable at all, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

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### ***We may experience increased costs or losses resulting from the hazards and uncertainties associated with mining.***

The exploration for natural resources and the development and production of mining operations are activities that involve a high level of uncertainty. These can be difficult to predict and are often affected by risks and hazards outside of our control. These factors include, but are not limited to:

environmental hazards, including discharge of metals, pollutants or hazardous chemicals;

industrial accidents, including in connection with the operation of mining transportation equipment and accidents associated with the preparation and ignition of large-scale blasting operations, milling equipment and conveyor systems;

underground fires or floods;

unexpected geological formations or conditions (whether in mineral or gaseous form);

ground and water conditions;

fall-of-ground accidents in underground operations;

failure of mining pit slopes and tailings dam walls;

seismic activity; and

other natural phenomena, such as lightning, cyclonic or tropical storms, floods or other inclement weather conditions.

The occurrence of one or more of these events in connection with our exploration activities and development and production of mining operations may result in the death of, or personal injury to, our employees, other personnel or third parties, the loss of mining equipment, damage to or destruction of mineral properties or production facilities, monetary losses, deferral or unanticipated fluctuations in production, environmental damage and potential legal liabilities, all of which may adversely affect our reputation, business, prospects, results of operations and financial position.

### ***Shortages of critical parts and equipment may adversely affect our operations and development projects.***

The mining industry has been impacted by increased demand for critical resources such as input commodities, drilling equipment and tires. These shortages have, at times, impacted the efficiency of our operations, and resulted in cost increases and delays in construction of projects; thereby impacting operating costs, capital expenditures and production and construction schedules.

### ***Mining companies are increasingly required to consider and provide benefits to the communities and countries in which they operate, and are subject to extensive environmental, health and safety laws and regulations.***

As a result of public concern about the real or perceived detrimental effects of economic globalization and global climate impacts, businesses generally and large multinational corporations in natural resources industries, such as Newmont, in particular, face increasing public scrutiny of their activities. These businesses are under pressure to demonstrate that, as they seek to generate satisfactory returns on investment to shareholders, other stakeholders, including employees, governments, communities surrounding operations and the countries in which they

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operate, benefit and will continue to benefit from their commercial activities. Such pressures tend to be particularly focused on companies whose activities are perceived to have a high impact on their social and physical environment. The potential consequences of these pressures include reputational damage, legal suits and social investment obligations.

In addition, our ability to successfully obtain key permits and approvals to explore for, develop and operate mines and to successfully operate in communities around the world will likely depend on our ability to develop, operate and close mines in a manner that is consistent with the creation of social and economic benefits in the surrounding communities, which may or may not be required by law. Our ability to obtain permits and approvals and to successfully operate in particular communities

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may be adversely impacted by real or perceived detrimental events associated with our activities or those of other mining companies affecting the environment, human health and safety of communities in which we operate. Delays in obtaining or failure to obtain government permits and approvals may adversely affect our operations, including our ability to explore or develop properties, commence production or continue operations. Key permits and approvals may be revoked or suspended or may be varied in a manner that adversely affects our operations, including our ability to explore or develop properties, commence production or continue operations.

Our exploration, development, mining and processing operations are subject to extensive laws and regulations governing worker health and safety and land use and the protection of the environment, which generally apply to air and water quality, protection of endangered, protected or other specified species, hazardous waste management and reclamation. Some of the countries in which we operate have implemented, and are developing, laws and regulations related to climate change and greenhouse gas emissions. We have made, and expect to make in the future, significant expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations. Compliance with these laws and regulations imposes substantial costs and burdens, and can cause delays in obtaining, or failure to obtain, government permits and approvals which may adversely impact our closure processes and operations.

Future changes in applicable laws, regulations, permits and approvals or changes in their enforcement or regulatory interpretation could substantially increase costs to achieve compliance, lead to the revocation of existing or future exploration or mining rights or otherwise have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial position. For instance, the operation of our mines in the United States is subject to regulation by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration ( MSHA ) under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (the Mine Act ). MSHA inspects our mines on a regular basis and issues various citations and orders when it believes a violation has occurred under the Mine Act. If such inspections result in an alleged violation, we may be subject to fines, penalties or sanctions and our mining operations could be subject to temporary or extended closures, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. Over the past several years MSHA has significantly increased the numbers of citations and orders charged against mining operations and increased the dollar penalties assessed for citations issued.

In addition, the United States Environmental Protection Agency ( EPA ) is currently seeking to regulate as hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ( RCRA ) process solution streams derived from core beneficiation operations, such as our roasting operations, in Nevada. Historically, such streams have been considered exempt from RCRA and have been regulated by the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection. The regulation of these streams as hazardous waste under RCRA could subject us to civil and criminal penalties for past practices and require us to incur substantial future costs to modify our waste water collection systems and retrofit our tailings storage facilities at our Nevada mining operations, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

Increased global attention or regulation on water quality discharge, such as recently enacted water quality legislation applicable to our operations in Peru, and on restricting or prohibiting the use of cyanide and other hazardous substances in processing activities could similarly have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial position due to increased compliance and input costs.

We have implemented a management system designed to promote continuous improvement in health and safety, environmental performance and community relations. However, our ability to operate, and thus, our results of operations and our financial position, could be adversely affected by accidents or events detrimental (or perceived to be detrimental) to the health and safety of our employees, the environment or the communities in which we operate.

***Mine closure and remediation costs for environmental liabilities may exceed the provisions we have made.***

Natural resource companies are required to close their operations and rehabilitate the lands that they mine in accordance with a variety of environmental laws and regulations. Estimates of the total ultimate closure and rehabilitation costs for gold and copper mining operations are significant and based principally on current legal and regulatory requirements and mine closure plans that may change materially. For example, we have conducted extensive remediation work at two inactive sites in the United States. We are conducting remediation activities at a third site in the United States, an inactive uranium mine and mill site formerly operated by a subsidiary of Newmont.

Any underestimated or unanticipated rehabilitation costs could materially affect our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Environmental liabilities are accrued when they become known, are probable and can be

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reasonably estimated. Whenever a previously unrecognized remediation liability becomes known, or a previously estimated reclamation cost is increased, the amount of that liability and additional cost will be recorded at that time and could materially reduce our consolidated net income attributable to Newmont stockholders in the related period. In addition, regulators are increasingly requesting security in the form of cash collateral, credit, trust arrangements or guarantees to secure the performance of environmental obligations, which could have an adverse effect on our financial position. For a more detailed discussion of potential environmental liabilities, see the discussion in Environmental Matters, Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

The laws and regulations governing mine closure and remediation in a particular jurisdiction are subject to review at any time and may be amended to impose additional requirements and conditions which may cause our provisions for environmental liabilities to be underestimated and could materially affect our financial position or results of operations.

***Regulations and pending legislation governing issues involving climate change could result in increased operating costs which could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

Producing gold is an energy-intensive business, resulting in a significant carbon footprint. Energy costs account for about a quarter of our overall operating costs, with our principal energy sources being purchased electricity, diesel fuel, gasoline, natural gas and coal.

A number of governments or governmental bodies have introduced or are contemplating regulatory changes in response to the potential impacts of climate change that are viewed as the result of emissions from the combustion of carbon-based fuels. The December 1997 Kyoto Protocol, which ends in 2012, established a set of greenhouse gas emission reduction targets for developed countries that have ratified the Protocol, which include Australia and New Zealand. The United States signed but never ratified the Protocol and Canada recently pulled out of the Protocol. Ghana, Indonesia, and Peru ratified the Protocol but as developing countries are not subject to greenhouse gas emission reductions. The Conference of Parties 15 ( COP15 ) of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change held in Copenhagen, Denmark in December 2009 was to determine the path forward after the Kyoto Protocol ends. COP15 resulted in the Copenhagen Accord (the Accord ), a non-binding document calling for economy-wide emissions targets for 2020. Prior to the January 31, 2010 deadline, the United States, Australia, New Zealand, Indonesia, Ghana and Peru re-affirmed their commitment to the Accord. Some of the countries in which we operate have implemented, and are developing, laws and regulations related to climate change and greenhouse gas emissions. In December 2009, the EPA issued an endangerment finding under the U.S. Clean Air Act that current and projected concentrations of certain mixed greenhouse gases, including carbon dioxide, in the atmosphere threaten the public health and welfare. Regulations have been adopted and additional laws or regulations may be promulgated in the United States to address the concerns raised by such endangerment finding. To date, U.S. regulations do not impose carbon tax on our operations but may in the future. Australia passed the Clean Energy Act in 2011 that sets up a mechanism to combat climate change by imposing a carbon tax on greenhouse gas emissions and encourages investment in clean energy. The legislation takes effect on July 1, 2012 and will have an impact to our Australian operations of \$30 - \$40 million annually.

Non-governmental climate change requirements are beginning to be implemented. For example, Conga is required to comply with International Finance Corporation Performance Standards to report and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This is a trend that is likely to continue.

Legislation and increased regulation and requirements regarding climate change could impose increased costs on us, our venture partners and our suppliers, including increased energy, capital equipment, environmental monitoring and reporting and other costs to comply with such regulations. Until the timing, scope and extent of any future requirements becomes known, we cannot predict the effect on our financial condition, financial position, results of operations and ability to compete.

The potential physical impacts of climate change on our operations are highly uncertain, and would be particular to the geographic circumstances in areas in which we operate. These may include changes in rainfall and storm patterns and intensities, water shortages, changing sea levels and changing temperatures. These impacts may adversely impact the cost, production and financial performance of our operations.

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*Our operations are subject to risks of doing business.*

Exploration, development, production and mine closure activities are subject to regional, political, economic, community and other risks of doing business, including:

disadvantages of competing against companies from countries that are not subject to the rigorous laws and regulations of the U.S. or other jurisdictions, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and the U.K. Bribery Act;

changes in laws or regulations;

royalty and tax increases or claims, including retroactive increases and claims and requests to renegotiate terms of existing royalties and taxes, by governmental entities, including such increases, claims and/or requests by the governments of Ghana, Indonesia, Australia, Peru, the United States and the State of Nevada;

increases in training and other costs and challenges relating to requirements by governmental entities to employ the nationals of the country in which a particular operation is located;

delays in obtaining or renewing, or the inability to obtain, maintain or renew, necessary governmental permits and approvals;

claims for increased mineral royalties or ownership interests by local or indigenous communities;

expropriation or nationalization of property;

currency fluctuations, particularly in countries with high inflation;

foreign exchange controls;

restrictions on the ability of local operating companies to sell gold offshore for U.S. dollars, or on the ability of such companies to hold U.S. dollars or other foreign currencies in offshore bank accounts;

import and export regulations, including restrictions on the export of gold;

increases in costs relating to, or restrictions or prohibitions on, the use of ports for concentrate storage and shipping, such as in relation to our Boddington and Batu Hijau operations where use of alternative ports is not currently economically feasible or in relation to our ability to procure economically feasible ports for developing projects;

restrictions on the ability to pay dividends offshore or to otherwise repatriate funds;

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risk of loss due to civil strife, acts of war, guerrilla activities, insurrection and terrorism;

risk of loss due to criminal activities such as trespass, illegal mining, theft and vandalism;

risk of loss due to disease and other potential endemic health issues;

disadvantages relating to submission to the jurisdiction of foreign courts or arbitration panels or enforcement or appeals of judgments at foreign courts or arbitration panels against a sovereign nation within its own territory; and

other risks arising out of foreign sovereignty over the areas in which our operations are conducted, including risks inherent in contracts with government owned entities such as unilateral cancellation or renegotiation of contracts, licenses or other mining rights.

Consequently, our exploration, development and production activities may be affected by these and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, some of which could materially adversely affect our financial position or results of operations.

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**Table of Contents*****Our Batu Hijau operation in Indonesia is subject to political and economic risks.***

We have a substantial investment in Indonesia, a nation that since 1997 has undergone financial crises and devaluation of its currency, outbreaks of political and religious violence and acts of terrorism, changes in national leadership, devolution of authority to regional governments, and the secession of East Timor, one of its former provinces. These factors heighten the risk of abrupt changes in the national policy toward foreign investors, which in turn could result in unilateral modification of concessions or contracts, increased taxation and royalties (at both the national and regional level), denial of permits or permit renewals or expropriation of assets. In regard to issues of resource nationalism, certain government officials and members of parliament may have a preference for national mining companies to own Indonesia's mineral assets and the government has advocated policies intended to result in development of additional in-country processing of minerals mined in Indonesia and restrictions on exportation including the smelting and exportation of copper concentrates.

Violence committed by radical elements in Indonesia and other countries, and the presence or increase of U.S. forces in Afghanistan, may increase the risk that operations owned by U.S. companies will be the target of violence. If our Batu Hijau operation were so targeted it could have an adverse effect on our business.

Our Batu Hijau operation faced demonstrations by the local community in 2011 relating to a worker recruitment process, including protests and roadblocks. We cannot predict whether similar or more significant incidents will occur and the recurrence of significant opposition from the local community could disrupt mining activities and, thereby, adversely affect Batu Hijau's assets and operations. Batu Hijau also faced a temporary work stoppage in 2011 arising from a dispute regarding overtime pay, and the operation's collective bargaining agreement with the workforce is subject to renewal later this year. Indonesia has seen greater worker and union activism in recent times, and a strike or protracted labor agreement negotiation could adversely affect Batu Hijau's operations.

Over the years, we have been required to apply for renewals of certain key permits related to Batu Hijau. PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara (PTNNT), the entity operating Batu Hijau, employs a submarine tailings placement (STP) system. The STP system is operated pursuant to a permit from the government of Indonesia that was renewed in 2011, but is subject to challenge in connection with certain legal proceedings. See Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference, for a more detailed discussion of pending litigation. A loss of the STP permit would be expected to adversely impact Batu Hijau operations and may adversely impact our future operating and financial results.

***Our ownership interest in Batu Hijau has been reduced in accordance with the Contract of Work issued by the Indonesian Government and future reductions in our interest in PTNNT may result in our loss of control over the Batu Hijau operations.***

We currently have a 31.5% direct ownership interest in PTNNT, held through Nusa Tenggara Partnership B.V. (NTPBV), which is owned with an affiliate of Sumitomo Corporation of Japan (Sumitomo). We have a 56.25% interest in NTPBV and a Sumitomo affiliate holds the remaining 43.75%. NTPBV in turn owns 56% of PTNNT, the Indonesian subsidiary that owns Batu Hijau. In December 2009, we entered into a transaction with P.T. Pukuafu Indah (PTPI), an unrelated non-controlling shareholder in PTNNT, whereby we agreed to advance certain funds to PTPI in exchange for (i) a pledge of PTPI's 20% shareholding in PTNNT, (ii) an assignment of dividends payable on the shares, net of withholding tax, (iii) a commitment to support the application of our standards to the operation of the Batu Hijau mine, and (iv) as of September 16, 2011, powers of attorney to vote and sell the PTNNT shares in support of the pledge, enforceable in an event of default as further security for the funding. On June 25, 2010, to effectuate PTPI's desire to sell the shares, PTPI completed the sale of approximately a 2.2% interest in PTNNT to PT Indonesia Masbaga Investama (PTIMI), and we entered into a transaction with PTIMI, whereby we agreed to advance certain funds to PTIMI in exchange for (i) a pledge of PTIMI's 2.2% shareholding in PTNNT, (ii) an assignment of dividends payable on the shares, net of withholding tax, and (iii) a commitment to support the application of our standards to the operation of the Batu Hijau mine. Under the terms of the transaction, we have no powers of attorney or other right to vote PTIMI's shares. Based on the above transactions, we recognize an additional 17% effective economic interest in PTNNT. Combined with our 56.25% ownership in NTPBV, we have a 48.5% effective economic interest in PTNNT and continue to consolidate Batu Hijau in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Under the Contract of Work executed in 1986 between the Indonesian government and PTNNT (the Contract of Work), 51% of PTNNT's shares were required to be offered for sale, first, to the Indonesian government or, second, to Indonesian nationals by March 31, 2010. On May 6, 2011, we announced that a definitive agreement was signed with an agency

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of the Indonesian Government's Ministry of Finance for the sale of the final 7% divestiture stake in PTNNT. Subsequently, a dispute over the legality of the purchase under relevant laws and regulations has arisen between certain members of parliament and the Ministry of Finance, and the transaction has not yet closed. Upon closing of the transaction, our ownership interest in the Batu Hijau mine's production, assets and proven and probable equity reserves will be reduced to a 27.56% direct ownership interest of NTPBV's ownership interest in PTNNT will be reduced to 49%, thus potentially reducing our ability to control the operation at Batu Hijau. In addition, we will have a 17% effective economic interest in PTNNT following the closing of the transaction through financing arrangements with existing shareholders, and we have identified Variable Interest Entities in connection with our economic interests in PTNNT due to certain funding arrangements and shareholder commitments. Therefore, we expect to continue to consolidate PTNNT in our Consolidated Financial Statements after the final 7% sale is completed. Loss of control over PTNNT operations may result in our deconsolidation of PTNNT for accounting purposes, which would reduce our reported consolidated sales, total assets and operating cash flows. See Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about the PTNNT share divestiture in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

As part of the negotiation of the divestiture share sale agreements with PT Multi Daerah Bersaing ( PTMDB ), the nominee of the local governments, the parties executed an operating agreement (the Operating Agreement ), under which each recognizes the rights of Newmont and Sumitomo to apply their operating standards to the management of PTNNT's operations, including standards for safety, environmental stewardship and community responsibility. The Operating Agreement became effective in February 2010 and will continue for so long as Newmont and Sumitomo collectively own more shares of PTNNT than PTMDB. If the Operating Agreement terminates, then we may lose control over the applicable operating standards for Batu Hijau and will be at risk for operations conducted in a manner that either detracts from value or results in safety, environmental or social standards below those adhered to by Newmont and Sumitomo.

***The Contract of Work has been and may continue to be the subject of dispute, legal review, or requests for renegotiation by the Indonesian government, and is subject to termination by the Indonesian government if we do not comply with our obligations, which would result in the loss of all or much of the value of Batu Hijau.***

The divestiture provisions of the Contract of Work have been the subject of dispute. In 2008, the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Indonesian government (the MEMR ) alleged that PTNNT was in breach of its divestiture requirements under the Contract of Work and threatened to terminate the Contract of Work if PTNNT did not agree to divest shares in accordance with the direction of the MEMR. The matter was resolved by an international arbitration panel in March 2009. The arbitration decision led to NTPBV divesting 24% of PTNNT's shares to PTMDB, the party nominated by the MEMR.

Although the Indonesian government has acknowledged that PTNNT is currently in compliance with the Contract of Work, future disputes may arise under the Contract of Work. Moreover, there have been statements, from time to time, by some within the Indonesian government who advocate elimination of Contracts of Work and who may try to instigate future disputes surrounding the Contract of Work, particularly given that Batu Hijau is one of the largest businesses within the country. Although any dispute under the Contract of Work is subject to international arbitration, there can be no assurance that we would prevail in any such dispute and any termination of the Contract of Work could result in substantial diminution in the value of our interests in PTNNT. See Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference, for more information about the disputes involving the Contract of Work.

In January 2009, the Indonesian Government passed a new mining law. While the law preserves the right of PTNNT to operate our Batu Hijau operations pursuant to the Contract of Work, the Indonesian government is seeking to renegotiate certain provisions of the Contract of Work to conform to certain provisions of the new mining law, which could include requests for, among other things, higher royalty rates. In January 2012, the President of Indonesia appointed a committee to evaluate the process of conforming Contracts of Work to the 2009 mining law.

***Our operations at Yanacocha and the development of our Conga Project in Peru are subject to political and social unrest risks, which have resulted most recently in the suspension of construction activities in our Conga project.***

During the last several years, Minera Yanacocha S.R.L. ( Yanacocha ), in which we own a 51.35% interest, and whose properties include the mining operations at Yanacocha and the Conga project in Peru, has been the target of local political and community protests, some of which blocked the road between the Yanacocha mine and Conga project complexes and the City

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of Cajamarca in Peru and resulted in vandalism and equipment damage. We cannot predict whether similar or more significant incidents will occur in the future. The recurrence of significant political or community opposition or protests could adversely affect Conga's development and the continued operation of Yanacocha.

Most recently, construction activities on our Conga project were suspended on November 30, 2011 at the request of Peru's central government following increasing protests in Cajamarca by anti-mining activists led by the regional president. At the request of the Peruvian central government, the environmental impact assessment prepared in connection with the project, which was previously approved by the central government in October 2010, will be reviewed by independent experts, in an effort to resolve allegations around the environmental viability of Conga. Construction will remain suspended for the duration of the review or longer, except for sediment control works that are being conducted in the project area. However, progress continues on engineering and procurement work. Should we be unable to continue with the current development plan at Conga, we may in the future reprioritize and reallocate capital to development alternatives in Nevada, Australia, Ghana and Indonesia, which may result in a potential impairment of the Conga project.

In the second quarter of 2011, Presidential and Congressional elections resulted in a change in government in Peru. While the new government has ratified its intention to support mining as a driver for continued growth and future development of Peru, we are unable to predict the positions that will be taken by the new administration or new laws that will be passed by the recently elected Congress, whether the regional government of Cajamarca will support or oppose such positions or laws, or how any change in such position or law will affect Yanacocha or Conga. Such changes may include increased labor regulations, environmental and other regulatory requirements, and additional taxes and royalties. For example, during the third quarter of 2011, the new government enacted four new tax laws. We cannot predict future positions of either the Central or regional government on foreign investment, mining concessions, land tenure or other regulation. Any change in government positions or laws on these issues could adversely affect the assets and operations of Yanacocha or Conga, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. Additionally, any inability to continue to develop the Conga project or operate at Yanacocha could have an adverse impact on our growth if we are not able to replace its expected production.

***Our Company and the mining industry are facing continued geotechnical challenges, which could adversely impact our production and profitability.***

Newmont and the mining industry are facing continued geotechnical challenges due to the older age of certain of our mines and a trend toward mining deeper pits and more complex deposits. This leads to higher pit walls, more complex underground environments and increased exposure to geotechnical instability and hydrological impacts. As our operations are maturing, the open pits at many of our sites are getting deeper and we have experienced certain geotechnical failures at some of our mines, including, without limitation, in Indonesia at the Batu Hijau open-pit mine and at our operations in Nevada and Peru.

No assurances can be given that unanticipated adverse geotechnical and hydrological conditions, such as landslides and pit wall failures, will not occur in the future or that such events will be detected in advance. Geotechnical instabilities can be difficult to predict and are often affected by risks and hazards outside of our control, such as severe weather and considerable rainfall, which may lead to periodic floods, mudslides, wall instability, and seismic activity, which may result in slippage of material.

Geotechnical failures could result in limited or restricted access to mine sites, suspension of operations, government investigations, increased monitoring costs, remediation costs, loss of ore and other impacts, which could cause one or more of our projects to be less profitable than currently anticipated and could result in a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

***Currency fluctuations may affect our costs.***

Currency fluctuations may affect the costs that we incur at our operations. Gold and copper are sold throughout the world based principally on the U.S. dollar price, but a portion of our operating expenses are incurred in local currencies. The appreciation of those local currencies against the U.S. dollar increases our costs of production in U.S. dollar terms at mines located outside the United States.

The foreign currency that primarily impacts our results of operations is the Australian dollar. We estimate that every \$0.10 increase in the U.S. dollar/Australian dollar exchange rate increases annually the U.S. dollar *Costs applicable to sales*

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by approximately \$90 for each ounce of gold sold from operations in Australia before taking into account the impact of currency hedging. During the majority of 2011, the Australian dollar was relatively stronger than the U.S. dollar compared to 2010. The annual average Australia dollar exchange rate appreciated by approximately 12% from 2010 to 2011. We hedge up to 90% of our future forecasted Australian dollar denominated operating expenditures to reduce the variability of our Australian dollar exposure. At December 31, 2011, we have hedged 76%, 62%, 46%, 26% and 10% of our forecasted Australian denominated operating costs in 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively. Our Australian dollar derivative programs will limit the benefit to Newmont of future decreases, if any, in the U.S. dollar/Australian dollar exchange rates. For additional information, see Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Results of Consolidated Operations, Foreign Currency Exchange Rates, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference. For a more detailed description of how currency exchange rates may affect costs, see the discussion in Foreign Currency in Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Discussions About Market Risk, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

*To the extent that we seek to expand our operations and increase our reserves through acquisitions, we may experience issues in executing acquisitions or integrating acquired operations.*

From time to time, we examine opportunities to make selective acquisitions in order to expand our operations and reported reserves. The success of any acquisition would depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to:

identifying suitable candidates for acquisition and negotiating acceptable terms;

obtaining approval from regulatory authorities and potentially Newmont's shareholders;

maintaining our financial and strategic focus and avoiding distraction of management during the process of integrating the acquired business;

implementing our standards, controls, procedures and policies at the acquired business and addressing any pre-existing liabilities or claims involving the acquired business; and

to the extent the acquired operations are in a country in which we have not operated historically, understanding the regulations and challenges of operating in that new jurisdiction.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to conclude any acquisitions successfully, or that any acquisition will achieve the anticipated synergies or other positive results. Any material problems that we encounter in connection with such an acquisition could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

### ***Our operations may be adversely affected by energy shortages.***

Our mining operations and development projects require significant amounts of energy. Our principal energy sources are electricity, purchased petroleum products, natural gas and coal. Some of our operations are in remote locations requiring long distance transmission of power, and in some locations we compete with other companies for access to third party power generators or electrical supply networks. A disruption in the transmission of energy, inadequate energy transmission infrastructure or the termination of any of our energy supply contracts could interrupt our energy supply and adversely affect our operations.

We have periodically experienced power shortages in Ghana resulting primarily from drought, increasing demands for electricity and insufficient hydroelectric or other generating capacity which caused curtailment of production at our Ahafo operations. As a result of the mining industry's agreement to construct and install an 80 mega-watt power plant during 2007, the Ghanaian government has agreed, if required, to curtail power consumption as a result of power shortages and to distribute available power proportionately between participating mines and other industrial and commercial users. The need to use alternative sources of power may result in higher than anticipated costs, which will affect operating costs. Continued power shortages and increased costs may adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.



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***Continuation of our mining production is dependent on the availability of sufficient water supplies to support our mining operations.***

Our mining operations require significant quantities of water for mining, ore processing and related support facilities. Our operations in North and South America and Australia are in areas where water is scarce and competition among users for continuing access to water is significant. Continuous production at our mines is dependent on our ability to maintain our water rights and claims and defeat claims adverse to our current water uses in legal proceedings. Although each of our operations currently has sufficient water rights and claims to cover its operational demands, we cannot predict the potential outcome of pending or future legal proceedings relating to our water rights, claims and uses. The loss of some or all water rights for any of our mines, in whole or in part, or shortages of water to which we have rights could require us to curtail or shut down mining production and could prevent us from pursuing expansion opportunities. Laws and regulations may be introduced in some jurisdictions in which we operate which could limit our access to sufficient water resources in our operations, thus adversely affecting our operations.

***We are dependent upon information technology systems, which are subject to disruption, damage, failure and risks associated with implementation and integration.***

We are dependent upon information technology systems in the conduct of our operations. Our information technology systems are subject to disruption, damage or failure from a variety of sources, including, without limitation, computer viruses, security breaches, cyber attacks, natural disasters and defects in design. Damage, disruption, or failure of one or more information technology systems may result in interruptions to our operations in the interim or may require a significant investment to fix or replace them. Various measures have been implemented to manage our risks related to the information technology systems and network disruptions, but our business, financial position or results of our operations could be adversely impacted by such interruptions or such investments.

We could also be adversely affected by system or network disruptions if new or upgraded information technology systems are defective, not installed properly or not properly integrated into our operations. We have begun the implementation of new enterprise software that we will use for various operational functions, financial reporting and controls management. The implementation of this new system carries risks such as cost overruns, delays and interruptions. If we are not able to successfully implement our new system in a timely manner, we will have to rely on manual reporting processes and controls over financial reporting that have not been planned, designed or tested. Various measures have been implemented to manage our risks related to the system implementation, but system implementation failures could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and results of operations and could, if not successfully implemented, adversely impact the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting.

***The occurrence of events for which we are not insured may affect our cash flow and overall profitability.***

We maintain insurance policies that mitigate against certain risks related to our operations. This insurance is maintained in amounts that we believe are reasonable depending upon the circumstances surrounding each identified risk. However, we may elect not to have insurance for certain risks because of the high premiums associated with insuring those risks or for various other reasons; in other cases, insurance may not be available for certain risks. Some concern always exists with respect to investments in parts of the world where civil unrest, war, nationalist movements, political violence or economic crises are possible. These countries may also pose heightened risks of expropriation of assets, business interruption, increased taxation or unilateral modification of concessions and contracts. We do not maintain insurance policies against political risk. Occurrence of events for which we are not insured may affect our results of operations and financial position.

***Our business depends on good relations with our employees.***

Production at our mines is dependent upon the efforts of our employees and, consequently, our maintenance of good relationships with our employees. Due to union activities or other employee actions, we could experience labor disputes, work stoppages or other disruptions in production that could adversely affect us. At December 31, 2011, union represented employees constituted approximately 42% of our worldwide work force. There can be no assurance that any future disputes will be resolved without disruptions to operations.

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### ***We rely on contractors to conduct a significant portion of our operations and construction projects.***

A significant portion of our operations and construction projects are currently conducted in whole or in part by contractors. As a result, our operations are subject to a number of risks, some of which are outside our control, including:

negotiating agreements with contractors on acceptable terms;

the inability to replace a contractor and its operating equipment in the event that either party terminates the agreement;

reduced control over those aspects of operations which are the responsibility of the contractor;

failure of a contractor to perform under its agreement;

interruption of operations or increased costs in the event that a contractor ceases its business due to insolvency or other unforeseen events;

failure of a contractor to comply with applicable legal and regulatory requirements, to the extent it is responsible for such compliance; and

problems of a contractor with managing its workforce, labor unrest or other employment issues.

In addition, we may incur liability to third parties as a result of the actions of our contractors. The occurrence of one or more of these risks could adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.

### ***We are subject to litigation and may be subject to additional litigation in the future.***

We are currently, or may in the future become, subject to litigation, arbitration or other legal proceedings with other parties. If decided adversely to Newmont, these legal proceedings, or others that could be brought against us in the future, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position or prospects. For a more detailed discussion of pending litigation, see Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

In the event of a dispute arising at our foreign operations, we may be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of foreign courts or arbitral panels, or may not be successful in subjecting foreign persons to the jurisdiction of courts or arbitral panels in the United States. Our inability to enforce our rights and the enforcement of rights on a prejudicial basis by foreign courts or arbitral panels could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position.

### ***Title to some of our properties may be defective or challenged.***

Although we have conducted title reviews of our properties, title review does not preclude third parties from challenging our title or related property rights. While we believe that we have satisfactory title to our properties, some titles may be defective or subject to challenge. In addition, certain of our Australian properties could be subject to native title or traditional landowner claims, and our ability to use these properties is dependent on agreements with traditional owners of the properties. For information regarding native title or traditional landowner claims, see the discussion under the Australia/New Zealand section of Item 2, Properties, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

### ***Competition from other natural resource companies may harm our business.***

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We compete with other natural resource companies to attract and retain key executives, skilled labor, contractors and other employees. We also compete with other natural resource companies for specialized equipment, components and supplies, such as drill rigs, necessary for exploration and development, as well as for rights to mine properties containing gold, copper and other minerals. We may be unable to continue to attract and retain skilled and experienced employees, to obtain the services of skilled personnel and contractors or specialized equipment or supplies, or to acquire additional rights to mine properties.

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**Table of Contents*****Our ability to recognize the benefits of deferred tax assets is dependent on future cash flows and taxable income.***

We recognize the expected future tax benefit from deferred tax assets when the tax benefit is considered to be more likely than not of being realized, otherwise, a valuation allowance is applied against deferred tax assets. Assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets requires management to make significant estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, our ability to realize the deferred tax assets could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws could limit our ability to obtain the future tax benefits represented by our deferred tax assets. At December 31, 2011, Newmont's current and long-term deferred tax assets were \$396 million and \$1,605 million, respectively.

***Returns for investments in pension plans are uncertain.***

We maintain pension plans for certain employees which provide for specified payments after retirement. The ability of the pension plans to provide the specified benefits depends on our funding of the plans and returns on investments made by the plans. Returns, if any, on investments are subject to fluctuations based on investment choices and market conditions. A sustained period of low returns or losses on investments could require us to fund the pension plans to a greater extent than anticipated. During the second half of 2008 and early 2009, market conditions caused the value of the investments in our pension plans to decrease significantly. As a result, we contributed \$27 million and \$161 million to the pension plans in 2011 and 2010, respectively. If future plan investment returns are not sufficient, we may be required to increase the amount of future cash contributions. For a more detailed discussion of the funding status and expected benefit payments to plan participants, see the discussion in Employee Related Benefits, Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

**Risks Related to the Notes*****The notes and the guarantees will be effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured debt and to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries other than Newmont USA Limited, which may affect your ability to receive payments on the notes.***

The notes will be general unsecured obligations of Newmont and only one of our subsidiaries, Newmont USA Limited, initially will guarantee our obligations under the notes. The guarantee of Newmont USA Limited will be released if Newmont USA Limited ceases to guarantee more than \$75 million of other debt of Newmont. As of December 31, 2011, Newmont USA Limited guaranteed \$600 million of other debt of Newmont that did not contain a similar fall-away provision. See "Description of Debt Securities—Subsidiary Guarantees of Newmont USA Limited" in the accompanying prospectus. None of our other subsidiaries will guarantee our obligations under, or have any obligation to pay any amounts due on, the notes. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to claims of our secured creditors as well as to the liabilities of our non-guarantor subsidiaries, and the subsidiary guarantees will be effectively subordinated to the claims of the secured creditors of Newmont USA Limited. We currently conduct a significant portion of our operations through our subsidiaries and our subsidiaries have significant liabilities. At December 31, 2011, our non-guarantor subsidiaries had indebtedness of \$55 million and additional liabilities, including substantial liabilities to trade creditors. Our cash flow and our ability to service our debt, including the notes, therefore partially depends upon the earnings of our subsidiaries, and we depend on the distribution of earnings, loans or other payments by those subsidiaries to us.

Our subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities. Except for Newmont USA Limited, our subsidiaries will have no obligation to pay any amounts due on the notes or, subject to existing or future contractual obligations between us and our subsidiaries, to provide us with funds for our payment obligations, whether by dividends, distributions, loans or other payments. In addition, any payment of dividends, distributions, loans or advances by our subsidiaries to us could be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions and taxes on distributions. Payments to us by our subsidiaries will also be contingent upon our subsidiaries' earnings and business considerations.

Our right to receive any assets of any of our non-guarantor subsidiaries upon liquidation or reorganization, and, as a result, the right of the holders of the notes to participate in those assets, will be effectively subordinated to the claims of that subsidiary's creditors, including trade creditors and preferred stockholders, if any. The notes do not restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional liabilities. In addition, even if we were a creditor of any of our subsidiaries, our rights as a creditor would be subordinate to any security interest in the assets of our subsidiaries and any indebtedness of our subsidiaries senior to indebtedness held by us.

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In addition, the notes are not secured by any of our assets or those of our subsidiaries. As a result, the notes are effectively subordinated to any secured debt we or our subsidiaries may incur. At December 31, 2011, Newmont USA Limited had indebtedness of approximately \$166 million, which was secured. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, holders of our secured debt may assert rights against any assets securing such debt in order to receive full payment of their debt before those assets may be used to pay the holders of the notes. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the notes.

***The notes do not contain restrictive covenants and we may incur substantially more debt or take other actions which may affect our ability to satisfy our obligations under the notes.***

The indenture governing the notes does not contain any financial or operating covenants or restrictions on the incurrence of indebtedness, the payments of dividends, which are currently determined in accordance with our policy based upon the average realized gold price for the preceding quarter, or the issuance or repurchase of securities by us or any of our subsidiaries. In addition, the limited covenants applicable to the notes do not require us to achieve or maintain any minimum financial results relating to our financial position or results of operations.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes could have the effect of diminishing our ability to make payments on the notes when due, and require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, which would reduce the availability of cash flow to fund our operations, working capital and capital expenditures.

***An active trading market for the notes may not develop.***

Each series of the notes is a new issue of securities for which there is currently no public market. Any trading of the notes may be at a discount from their initial offering price, depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, the price and volatility in the price of our shares of common stock, our performance and other factors. In addition, we do not know whether an active trading market will develop for the notes of either series. To the extent that an active trading market does not develop, the liquidity and trading prices for the notes may be harmed. We do not intend to apply for the notes of either series to be listed on any securities exchange or to arrange for the notes to be quoted on any quotation system.

The underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to make a market in the notes. However, they are not obligated to do so, and they may discontinue any market making with respect to the notes of either series at any time, for any reason or for no reason, without notice. If any or all of the underwriters cease to act as market makers for the notes, we cannot assure you another firm or person will make a market in the notes.

The liquidity of any market for the notes will depend upon the number of holders of the notes, our results of operations and financial condition, the market for similar securities, the interest of securities dealers in making a market in the notes and other factors. An active or liquid trading market for the notes may not develop.

***We may be unable to purchase the notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.***

If we experience a change of control and the notes experience a specified credit rating decline, we will be required to offer to purchase the notes for cash at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase in order to avoid an event of default under the indenture. See Description of Notes Change of Control Repurchase Event. A change of control may also require us to purchase certain of our other indebtedness and give rise to the early termination of our primary bank credit facility. In the event of a change of control and, in certain prescribed circumstances a specified credit rating decline relating to our debt, we may not have sufficient funds to purchase all of the affected indebtedness and to repay the amounts owing under our primary bank credit facility.

***Our business requires substantial capital investment and we may be unable to raise additional funding on favorable terms.***

The construction and operation of potential future projects including the Akyem project in Ghana, the Conga project in Peru and various exploration projects will require significant funding. Our operating cash flow and other sources of funding may become insufficient to meet all of these requirements, depending on the timing and costs of development of these and other projects. As a result, new sources of capital may be needed to meet the funding requirements of these investments, fund

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our ongoing business activities and pay dividends. Our ability to raise and service significant new sources of capital will be a function of macroeconomic conditions, future gold and copper prices, our operational performance and our current cash flow and debt position, among other factors. In the event of lower gold and copper prices, unanticipated operating or financial challenges, or a further dislocation in the financial markets as experienced in recent years, our ability to pursue new business opportunities, invest in existing and new projects, fund our ongoing operations, retire or service all of our outstanding debt and pay dividends could be significantly constrained.

***The notes may receive a lower rating than anticipated.***

If one or more rating agencies assign the notes of either series a rating lower than the rating expected by investors, or reduce their rating in the future, the market price of the notes of that series would be harmed.

***Any downgrade in the credit ratings assigned to our debt securities could increase our future borrowing costs and adversely affect the availability of new financing.***

There can be no assurance that any rating currently assigned by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. to Newmont Mining Corporation will remain unchanged for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered if, in that rating agency's judgment, future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating so warrant. If we are unable to maintain our outstanding debt and financial ratios at levels acceptable to the credit rating agencies, or should our business prospects deteriorate, our ratings could be downgraded by the rating agencies, which could adversely affect the value of our outstanding securities, including the notes, our existing debt and our ability to obtain new financing on favorable terms, if at all, and increase our borrowing costs, which in turn could impair our results of operations and financial position. See also Our business requires substantial capital investment and we may be unable to raise additional funding on favorable terms and Current global financial conditions could adversely affect the availability of new financing and our operations.

***Current global financial conditions could adversely affect the availability of new financing and our operations.***

Current global financial conditions have been characterized by increased market volatility and uncertainty. These factors may adversely affect our ability to obtain equity or debt financing in the future on terms favorable to us. Additionally, these factors, as well as other related factors, may cause decreases in asset values that are deemed to be other than temporary, which may result in impairment losses. If such increased levels of volatility and market turmoil continue, our operations could be adversely impacted.

***The subsidiary guarantee could be voided if it constitutes a fraudulent transfer under U.S. bankruptcy or similar state law, which would prevent the holders of the notes from relying on the subsidiary guarantor to satisfy claims.***

Under U.S. bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, a guarantee can be voided, or claims under the guarantee may be subordinated to all other debts of that guarantor if, among other things, the guarantor, at the time it incurred the indebtedness evidenced by its guarantee or, in some states, when payments become due under the guarantee, received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for the incurrence of the guarantee and:

was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of such incurrence;

was engaged in a business or transaction for which the guarantor's remaining assets constituted unreasonably small capital; or

intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay those debts as they mature.

A guarantee may also be voided, without regard to the above factors, if a court found that the guarantor entered into the guarantee with the actual intent to hinder, delay or defraud its creditors. A court would likely find that a guarantor did not receive reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for its guarantee if the guarantor did not substantially benefit directly or indirectly from the issuance of the notes. If a court were to void the subsidiary guarantee with respect to the notes, the holders of the notes would no longer have a claim against the subsidiary guarantor. Sufficient funds to repay the notes may not be available from other sources. In addition, the court might direct you to repay any amounts that you already received from the subsidiary guarantor.



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The measures of insolvency for purposes of fraudulent transfer laws vary depending upon the governing law. Generally, a guarantor would be considered insolvent if:

the sum of its debts, including contingent liabilities, was greater than the fair saleable value of all its assets;

the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing debts, including contingent liabilities, as they became absolute and mature; or

it could not pay its debts as they became due.

The subsidiary guarantee for the notes will contain a provision intended to limit the subsidiary guarantor's liability to the maximum amount that it could incur without causing the incurrence of obligations under the subsidiary guarantee to be a fraudulent transfer. This provision may not be effective to protect the subsidiary guarantees from being voided under fraudulent transfer law.

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**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from this offering will be approximately \$ \_\_\_\_\_ million, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated expenses of this offering payable by us. We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering for:

repayment of the outstanding balance under our senior revolving credit facility, as discussed further below;

settlement of certain forward starting swaps contracts, which were entered into in 2011 to hedge movements in treasury rates related to the expected offering of the notes, for an aggregate amount of approximately \$350 million;

remaining payments by Newmont USA Limited aggregating approximately \$60 million to be made during 2012 in connection with the exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback agreement relating to our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada; and

general corporate purposes (which may include funding associated with exploration, the development of our project pipeline or dividends or other forms of capital return to our shareholders).

We intend to place the remaining proceeds we will receive from this offering in short-term liquid investments.

At February 29, 2012, \$795 million was outstanding under our senior revolving credit facility. Our senior revolving credit facility, which was amended and restated on May 20, 2011, provides for a total commitment of \$2.5 billion and matures on May 20, 2016. Borrowings under our senior revolving credit facility generally bear interest at an annual rate equal to either (i) LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 0.900% to 1.575% or (ii) the greatest of the lead bank's prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.50% and one-month LIBOR plus 1.00% plus, in each case, a margin ranging from 0.000% to 0.575%. Based on our election as of December 31, 2011 to have borrowings under our senior revolving credit facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 1.075%, at December 31, 2011, the weighted average interest rate on borrowings under our senior revolving credit facility was 1.327%. During 2012, the amounts we borrowed under our senior revolving credit facility were principally used to repay our 2012 convertible senior notes and to pay a portion of the payments in connection with the exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback for our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada. Affiliates of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, the underwriters in this offering, are lenders under our senior revolving credit facility. These affiliates will receive approximately 5.6% and 6.4%, respectively, of the amount of our senior revolving credit facility to be repaid. For a more detailed discussion of the senior revolving credit facility, see Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Liquidity and Capital Resources, Corporate Revolving Credit Facility, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

**Table of Contents****CAPITALIZATION**

The following table summarizes our cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and other short-term investments and our capitalization at December 31, 2011 on:

an actual basis; and

as adjusted to give effect to the sale of the notes offered hereby and the application of the net proceeds thereof as described under Use of Proceeds.

You should read the following table in conjunction with the section entitled Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and incorporated by reference in this document and with the section entitled Description of Notes in this prospectus supplement.

	Actual	December 31, 2011 (\$ millions)	As Adjusted
Cash, cash equivalents	\$ 1,760		\$ (1)
<b>Long-Term Debt, Including Current Portion</b>			
Newmont Mining Corporation <sup>(2)</sup> :			
Senior revolving credit facility due 2016	\$ 33		\$
2012 convertible senior notes, net of discount <sup>(3)</sup>	514		
2014 convertible senior notes, net of discount	512		512
2017 convertible senior notes, net of discount	452		452
2019 senior notes, net of discount	896		896
2035 senior notes, net of discount	598		598
2039 senior notes, net of discount	1,087		1,087
20 senior notes, net of discount, offered hereby			
20 senior notes, net of discount, offered hereby			
Total	4,092		
Newmont USA Limited:			
Sale-leaseback of refractory ore treatment plant <sup>(4)</sup>	165		
Subsidiary company facilities:			
Ahafo project facility	55		55
Other capital leases	1		1
Total long-term debt	\$ 4,313		\$
<b>Equity</b>			
Common stock, \$1.60 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 490,335,910 shares issued and outstanding (less 273,334 treasury shares)	\$ 784		\$ 784
Additional paid in capital <sup>(3)</sup>	8,408		8,237
Accumulated other comprehensive income	652		652
Retained earnings	3,052		3,052
Newmont stockholders' equity	12,896		12,725
Noncontrolling interests	2,875		2,875
Total equity	\$ 15,771		\$ 15,600

Total capitalization	\$ 20,084	\$
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- (1) Reflects the net proceeds of the sale of the notes offered hereby after net proceeds are applied to (1) the repayment of the outstanding balance under our senior revolving credit facility (\$795 million at February 29, 2012), (2) the settlement of certain forward starting swaps contracts for an aggregate amount of approximately \$350 million, and (3) the remaining payments by Newmont USA Limited aggregating approximately \$60 million to be made during 2012 in connection with the exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback agreement relating to our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada. See Use of Proceeds.
- (2) All outstanding indebtedness of Newmont Mining Corporation, including indebtedness under the senior revolving credit facility, is unsecured and guaranteed by Newmont USA Limited.
- (3) On February 15, 2012, our 2012 convertible senior notes matured. We elected to pay all conversion premiums of \$171 million with cash, and therefore no common shares were issued.
- (4) Exercise of the early purchase option under the sale-leaseback agreement relating to our refractory ore treatment plant in Nevada resulted in a series of payments totaling \$105 million in January and February 2012 and will result in remaining payments totaling \$60 million to be made with the net proceeds of the sale of the notes offered hereby.

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**Table of Contents****DESCRIPTION OF NOTES****General**

The following description of the particular terms of the notes of each series offered by this prospectus supplement supplements the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities included in the accompanying prospectus. The 20 notes and the 20 notes will be issued under an indenture, dated as of September 18, 2009, among Newmont Mining Corporation, Newmont USA Limited and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, as supplemented by the second supplemental indenture thereto, to be dated as of March , 2012, among Newmont Mining Corporation, Newmont USA Limited and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee. The terms of the notes of each series include those expressly set forth in the indenture, as supplemented, and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act ). Although, for convenience, the 20 notes and the 20 notes are referred to as the notes, the 20 notes and the 20 notes will be issued each as a separate series and will not together have any class voting or other rights. All references in this description of notes to the notes and to holders of the notes mean (i) in the case of the 20 notes, the 20 notes and the holders of the 20 notes and (ii) in the case of the 20 notes, the 20 notes and the holders of the 20 notes. The following summary of the notes is qualified in its entirety by reference to the description of the debt securities and indenture contained in the accompanying prospectus.

The 20 notes will mature on , 20 and the 20 notes will mature on , 20 . The notes will be our unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes will be issued in fully registered form without coupons only, in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

Newmont USA Limited will guarantee on an unsubordinated basis the full and punctual payment of the principal of, and any interest on the notes, when and as these payments become due and payable, whether at maturity, declaration of acceleration, or otherwise. The guarantee of the notes will rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of Newmont USA Limited.

**Further Issues**

We may, without the consent of the then existing holders of the notes of a series, re-open the series and issue additional notes, which additional notes will have the same terms as the notes of the same series offered hereby except for the issue price, issue date and under some circumstances, the first interest payment date. We will not issue any additional notes of a series unless the additional notes will be fungible with the notes of the same series offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

**Interest**

We will pay interest on the 20 notes at a rate of % per annum and on the 20 notes at a rate of % per annum, each semi-annually in arrears on and of each year, commencing , 2012, to the persons in whose names the notes are registered at the close of business on or , as the case may be (whether or not a business day), immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date falls on a day that is not a business day, the interest payment will be postponed to the next day that is a business day, and no interest on such payment will accrue for the period from and after such interest payment date to such date of payment. If the maturity date of the notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of interest and principal may be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment will accrue for the period from and after the maturity date to such date of payment.

As used in this prospectus supplement, business day means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is not a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or executive order to close in The City of New York.

**Optional Redemption**

The notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at our option at any time or from time to time. We will notify the trustee of our decision to redeem the notes, in whole or in part, as provided in the indenture. Prior to , 20 (three

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months prior to the maturity date of the 20 notes) in the case of the 20 notes and prior to , 20 (six months prior to the maturity date of the 20 notes) in the case of the 20 notes, the notes will be redeemable at a redemption price calculated by us equal to the greater of the following amounts:

100% of the principal amount of the notes being redeemed on the redemption date; or

the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the notes being redeemed on that redemption date (not including any portion of any payments of interest accrued to the redemption date) discounted to the redemption date on a semiannual basis at the Treasury Rate (as defined below), as determined by the Reference Treasury Dealer (as defined below), plus basis points for the 20 notes or basis points for the 20 notes, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the notes to the redemption date.

At any time on or after , 20 (three months prior to their maturity date), the 20 notes will be redeemable, in whole or in part, at our option at any time or from time to time, at a redemption price calculated by us equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 20 notes to be redeemed plus accrued interest on the notes to the redemption date. At any time on or after , 20 (six months prior to their maturity date), the 20 notes will be redeemable, in whole or in part, at our option at any time or from time to time, at a redemption price calculated by us equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 20 notes to be redeemed plus accrued interest on the notes to the redemption date.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, installments of interest on notes that are due and payable on interest payment dates falling on or prior to a redemption date will be payable on the interest payment date to the registered holders as of the close of business on the relevant record date according to the notes and the indenture.

We will mail notice of any redemption at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each registered holder of the notes to be redeemed. Once notice of redemption is mailed, the notes called for redemption will become due and payable on the redemption date and at the applicable redemption price, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

*Treasury Rate* means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue, assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such redemption date.

*Comparable Treasury Issue* means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the notes.

*Comparable Treasury Price* means, with respect to any redemption date, (A) the average of the Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for such redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (B) if the Independent Investment Banker obtains fewer than three such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such Quotations, or (C) if only one Reference Treasury Dealer Quotation is received, such Quotation.

*Independent Investment Banker* means Citigroup Global Markets Inc. or J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and their respective successors, or if all of such firms are unwilling or unable to select the Comparable Treasury Issue, an independent investment banking institution of national standing appointed by us.

*Reference Treasury Dealer* means (A) Citigroup Global Markets Inc. or J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (or their respective affiliates which are Primary Treasury Dealers), and their respective successors; provided, however, that if any of the foregoing shall cease to be a primary U.S. Government securities dealer in the United States (a Primary Treasury Dealer), we will substitute therefor another Primary Treasury Dealer; and (B) any other Primary Treasury Dealer(s) selected by us.

*Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations* means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the Independent Investment Banker, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Independent Investment Banker by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the third business day preceding such redemption date.



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On and after the redemption date, the notes will cease to bear interest (unless we default in the payment of the redemption price and accrued interest). On or before the redemption date, we will deposit with a paying agent (or the trustee) money sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest on the notes to be redeemed on that date. If less than all of the notes of any series are to be redeemed, the notes to be redeemed shall be selected by lot by DTC, in the case of notes represented by a global security, or by the trustee by a method the trustee deems to be fair and appropriate, in the case of notes that are not represented by a global security.

### **Change of Control Repurchase Event**

If a change of control repurchase event occurs in respect of the notes, unless we have exercised our right to redeem all the notes as described under **Optional Redemption**, we will be required to make an offer to each holder of the notes to repurchase all or any part (in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof) of that holder's notes at a repurchase price in cash equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes repurchased to the date of repurchase. Within 30 days following any change of control repurchase event or, at our option, prior to any change of control, but after the public announcement of the proposed change of control, we will mail a notice to each holder, with a copy to the trustee, describing the transaction or transactions that constitute or may constitute the change of control repurchase event and offering to repurchase notes on the payment date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed, other than as may be required by law. The notice shall, if mailed prior to the date of consummation of the change of control, state that the offer to purchase is conditioned on a change of control repurchase event occurring on or prior to the payment date specified in the notice. Holders of notes electing to have their notes purchased pursuant to a change of control repurchase event offer will be required to surrender their notes, with the form entitled **Option of Holder to Elect Purchase** on the reverse of the note completed, to the paying agent at the address specified in the notice, or transfer their notes to the paying agent by book-entry transfer pursuant to the applicable procedures of the paying agent, prior to the close of business on the third business day prior to the repurchase payment date. We will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the notes as a result of a change of control repurchase event. To the extent that the provisions of any applicable securities or corporate laws or regulations conflict with the change of control repurchase event provisions of the notes, we will comply with the applicable securities or corporate laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under the change of control repurchase event provisions of the notes by virtue of such conflict.

On the repurchase date following a change of control repurchase event, we will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all notes or portions of the notes properly tendered pursuant to our offer;
- (2) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the aggregate purchase price in respect of all the notes or portions of the notes properly tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the notes properly accepted, together with an officers' certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of notes being purchased by us.

The paying agent will promptly mail to each holder of notes properly tendered the purchase price for the notes (or make payment through the Depository), and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book-entry) to each holder a new note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of any notes surrendered; provided that each new note will be in a minimum principal amount of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

We will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the notes issued by us upon a change of control repurchase event if a third party makes such an offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for an offer made by us and such third party purchases all notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer.

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For purposes of the foregoing discussion of a repurchase at the option of holders, the following definitions are applicable:

*change of control* means the occurrence of any of the following:

- (1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of Newmont and our subsidiaries taken as a whole to any person (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) other than to Newmont or one of our subsidiaries;
- (2) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any person (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than a subsidiary of Newmont) becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the combined voting stock of Newmont or other voting stock into which Newmont's voting stock is reclassified, consolidated, exchanged or changed measured by voting power rather than number of shares;
- (3) Newmont consolidates with, or merges with any person (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), or any person consolidates with, or merges with or into, Newmont, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of the outstanding voting stock of Newmont or such other person is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the shares of the voting stock of Newmont outstanding immediately prior to such transaction constitute, or are converted into or exchanged for, a majority of the voting stock of the surviving person or any direct or indirect parent company of the surviving person immediately after giving effect to such transaction;
- (4) the first day on which the majority of the members of the board of directors of Newmont are not continuing directors; or
- (5) the adoption of a plan relating to the liquidation or dissolution of Newmont.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a transaction will not be deemed to involve a change of control if (1) Newmont becomes a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a holding company and (2)(A) the direct or indirect holders of the voting stock of such holding company immediately following that transaction are substantially the same as the holders of Newmont's voting stock immediately prior to that transaction or (B) immediately following that transaction, no person (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than a holding company satisfying the requirements of this sentence) is the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the voting stock of such holding company.

The definition of change of control includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of Newmont's and its subsidiaries' assets taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase substantially all, there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of notes to require Newmont to repurchase such holder's notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of Newmont's and its subsidiaries' assets taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

*change of control repurchase event* means, with respect to a change of control and provided the notes carry an investment grade credit rating from both rating agencies immediately prior to the first public announcement of the occurrence of the change of control or of the intention of Newmont to effect the change of control, the notes are rated below investment grade by both rating agencies on any date within the 60-day period (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of the notes is under publicly announced consideration for a possible downgrade by either of the rating agencies) after the earlier of the occurrence of the change of control and the first public announcement of the intention to effect the change of control; provided that a change of control purchase event shall be deemed not to have occurred if (A) a rating agency that has reduced its rating of the notes below investment grade during that period does not announce or publicly confirm or inform the trustee in writing at Newmont's request that the reduction was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised from or arising as a result of the applicable change of control (regardless of whether that change of control shall then have occurred) or (B) a rating of the notes by one of the rating agencies is within that period subsequently upgraded to an investment grade credit rating. For greater certainty, a change of control repurchase event will be deemed not to have occurred in connection with any particular change of control unless and until that change of control has actually been consummated.

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*continuing director* means, as of any date of determination, any member of the board of directors of Newmont who:

- (1) was a member of such board of directors on the date of the closing of this offering; or
- (2) was nominated for election, elected or appointed to such board of directors with the approval of a majority of the continuing directors who were members of such board of directors at the time of such nomination, election or appointment (either by a specific vote or by approval of Newmont's proxy statement in which such member was named as a nominee for election as a director, without objection to such nomination).

*investment grade* means a rating of Baa3 or better by Moody's (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of Moody's); a rating of BBB- or better by S&P (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of S&P); and the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any additional rating agency or rating agencies selected by Newmont as a replacement rating agency or replacement ratings agencies.

*Moody's* means Moody's Investors Service, Inc., a subsidiary of Moody's Corporation, and its successors.

*rating agency* means each of Moody's and S&P; provided, that if either Moody's or S&P ceases to rate the notes or fails to make a rating of the notes publicly available for reasons outside of Newmont's control, Newmont may select (as certified by a resolution of Newmont's board of directors) a nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of Rule 15c3-1(c)(2)(vi)(F) under the Exchange Act, as a replacement agency for Moody's or S&P, or both of them, as the case may be.

*S&P* means Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., and its successors.

*voting stock* of any specified person (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) as of any date means the capital stock of such person that is at the time entitled to vote generally in the election of the board of directors of such person.

The change of control repurchase event feature of the notes may in certain circumstances make more difficult or discourage a sale or takeover of Newmont and, thus, the removal of incumbent management. Subject to the limitations discussed below, Newmont could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including acquisitions, refinancing or other recapitalizations, that would not constitute a change of control repurchase event under the notes, but that could increase the amount of indebtedness outstanding at such time or otherwise affect Newmont's capital structure or credit ratings on the notes. Restrictions on Newmont's ability to incur liens are contained in the covenants as described under "Description of Debt Securities and the Guarantees - Certain Covenants - Limitation on Liens" in the accompanying prospectus.

Newmont may not have sufficient funds to repurchase all the notes upon a change of control repurchase event.

**Book-Entry, Delivery and Form**

The notes initially will be evidenced by one or more global notes deposited with the trustee as custodian for The Depository Trust Company (which we sometimes refer to as DTC), and registered in the name of Cede & Co. as DTC's nominee.

Unless a global note is exchanged in whole or in part for debt securities in definitive form, a global note may generally be transferred only as a whole and only to another nominee of the depository or to a successor depository or its nominee.

DTC currently limits the maximum denomination of any single global note to \$500 million. Beneficial interests in global notes will be shown on, and transfers of global notes will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its participants.

DTC has provided us the following information: DTC is a limited purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the United States Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial

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Code and a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. DTC holds securities that its participants deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the clearance and recording of the settlement among its participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through computerized records for participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical exchange of certificates. Direct participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. Other organizations such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that work through a participant either directly or indirectly use DTC's book-entry system. The rules that apply to DTC and its participants are on file with the SEC.

Pursuant to DTC's procedures, upon issuance of debt securities represented by a global note in connection with the sale of the debt securities to one or more underwriters, DTC will credit the accounts of the participants designated by the underwriters with the principal amount of the debt securities purchased by the underwriters. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global note will be shown

on DTC's records with respect to participants;

by the participants with respect to indirect participants and certain beneficial owners; and

by the indirect participants with respect to all other beneficial owners.

The laws of some states require that certain persons take physical delivery in definitive form of the securities which they own. Consequently, the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global note may be limited.

Under the indenture, if the nominee of DTC is the registered owner of a global note, the nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the debt securities. Except as provided below, owners of a global note will not be entitled to have debt securities registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of debt securities in definitive form, and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the indentures for any purpose, including with respect to the giving of any directions, instructions or approval to the trustee. However, DTC has advised us that pursuant to its customary practice with respect to the giving of consents and votes, it will deliver an omnibus proxy to the trustee assigning the related holder's voting rights to the participant to whose account the debt securities are credited on the record date. Each proxy will include a list of participants' positions in the relevant security as of the record date for a consent or vote.

We will wire to DTC's nominee principal and interest payments with respect to global notes. We and the trustee will treat DTC's nominee as the owner of the global notes for all purposes. Accordingly, we, the trustee and any paying agent will have no direct responsibility or liability to pay amounts due on the global notes to owners of beneficial interests in the global notes or for maintaining and reviewing any records relating to the beneficial ownership interest.

It is DTC's current practice, upon receipt of any payment of principal or interest, to credit participants' accounts on the payment date according to their holdings of beneficial interests in the global notes as shown on DTC's records. DTC's current practice is to credit such accounts, as to interest, in next-day funds and, as to principal, in same-day funds. Payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in the global notes will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices between the participants and the owners of beneficial interests in the global notes, as is the case with securities held for the account of customers registered in street name. However, payments will be the responsibility of the participants and not of DTC, the underwriters, the trustee or us.

Debt securities represented by a global note will be exchangeable for debt securities registered with the same terms in authorized denominations only if:

DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository or has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act;

an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to such global note; or



certain circumstances exist, as specified in the indenture.

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If any of these events occur, DTC will generally notify all direct participants of the availability of definitive debt securities. These securities will be issued in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, in registered form only, and without coupons. We will maintain one or more offices or agencies in New York City to facilitate the transfer or exchange of the global notes. You will not be required to pay any service charges for any transfer or exchange, but we may require you to pay any tax, other governmental charge or payment in connection with the exchange or transfer.

Links have been established among DTC, Euroclear, as operator of the Euroclear System and Clearstream, which are two European book-entry depositories similar to DTC, to facilitate the initial issuance of the notes sold outside of the United States and cross-market transfers of the notes associated with secondary market trading.

Although DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear have agreed to the procedures provided below in order to facilitate transfers, they are under no obligation to perform these procedures, and these procedures may be modified or discontinued at any time.

Clearstream and Euroclear will record the ownership interests of their participants in much the same way as DTC, and DTC will record the total ownership of each of the U.S. agents of Clearstream and Euroclear, as participants in DTC.

When notes are to be transferred from the account of a DTC participant to the account of a Clearstream participant or a Euroclear participant, the purchaser must send instructions to Clearstream or Euroclear through a participant at least one day prior to settlement. Clearstream or Euroclear, as the case may be, will instruct its U.S. agent to receive notes against payment. After settlement, Clearstream or Euroclear will credit its participant's account. Credit for the notes will appear on the next day (European time).

Because settlement is taking place during New York business hours, DTC participants will be able to employ their usual procedures for sending notes to the relevant U.S. agent acting for the benefit of Clearstream or Euroclear participants. The sale proceeds will be available to the DTC seller on the settlement date. As a result, to the DTC participant, a cross-market transaction will settle no differently than a trade between two DTC participants.

When a Clearstream or Euroclear participant wishes to transfer notes to a DTC participant, the seller will be required to send instructions to Clearstream or Euroclear through a participant at least one business day prior to settlement. In these cases, Clearstream or Euroclear will instruct its U.S. agent to transfer these notes against payment for them. The payment will then be reflected in the account of the Clearstream or Euroclear participant the following day, with the proceeds back-valued to the value date, which would be the preceding day, when settlement occurs in New York. If settlement is not completed on the intended value date, that is, the trade fails, proceeds credited to the Clearstream or Euroclear participant's account will instead be valued as of the actual settlement date.

### **Same-Day Settlement in respect of Global Notes**

Secondary trading in definitive long-term notes and debentures of corporate issuers is generally settled in clearing-house or next-day funds. In contrast, debt securities represented by global notes held by DTC will trade in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System until maturity, and DTC therefore will require that secondary market trading activity in such debt securities settle in immediately available funds. No assurance can be given as to the effect, if any, of settlement in immediately available funds on trading activity in debt securities represented by global notes.

**Table of Contents****CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

This section describes certain U.S. federal income tax considerations associated with acquiring, owning and disposing of the notes. The discussion does not address any state, local or non-U.S. taxes or the U.S. federal estate or gift tax or alternative minimum tax. The discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), Treasury Regulations issued thereunder, and judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, each as in effect on the date hereof, and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. We have not sought any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) with respect to any of the statements made in this summary, and we cannot assure you that the IRS will agree with such statements.

This discussion does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to a holder in light of such holder's particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, such as certain financial institutions, U.S. expatriates, insurance companies, dealers in securities or currencies, traders in securities, U.S. holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, tax-exempt organizations, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, partnerships or other pass through entities or investors in such entities, persons liable for alternative minimum tax, and persons holding the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated transaction. In addition, this discussion is limited to persons who purchase the notes for cash at original issue and at their issue price (i.e., the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes are sold to investors for cash, excluding sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers) and who hold the notes as capital assets within the meaning of section 1221 of the Code.

For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. holder is a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation, or any entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State thereof or the District of Columbia; (iii) any estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or (iv) any trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or if a valid election is in place to treat the trust as a U.S. person.

For purposes of this discussion, a non-U.S. holder is a beneficial owner of a note (other than a partnership or other entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) that is not a U.S. holder.

If a partnership (including any entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds the notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A holder that is a partnership, and partners in such partnerships, should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

**Prospective purchasers of the notes should consult their tax advisors concerning the tax consequences of acquiring, holding, and disposing of the notes in light of their particular circumstances, including the application of the U.S. federal income tax considerations discussed below, as well as the application of other U.S. federal tax laws and state, local and foreign tax laws and any recent or prospective changes in applicable tax laws.**

**U.S. Holders*****Payments of Interest***

It is expected and this discussion assumes that either the issue price of the notes will be equal to the stated principal amount of the notes or the notes will be issued with no more than a de minimis amount of original issue discount. Therefore, payments of interest on the notes generally will be taxable to a U.S. holder as ordinary income at the time that such payments are received or accrued, in accordance with such U.S. holder's method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

***Certain Additional Payments***

It is possible that the IRS could assert that our potential payment of 101% of the principal amount of the notes under the circumstances described above under the heading Description of Notes Change of Control Repurchase Event is a contingent payment for purposes of the original issue discount rules. It is also possible that the IRS could assert that our potential payment of an amount in excess of the accrued interest and principal on the notes as described above under the



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heading Description of Notes Optional Redemption is a contingent payment for purposes of the original issue discount rules. If any such payments are treated as contingent payments, the notes may be treated as contingent payment debt instruments ( CPDIs ), in which case the timing and amount of income inclusions and the character of income recognized may be different from that discussed herein. The Treasury Regulations regarding debt instruments that provide for one or more contingent payments state that, for purposes of determining whether a debt instrument is a CPDI, remote or incidental contingencies are ignored. We believe that the possibility of our making these payments is remote or that, if made, the amount of such payments would be incidental and, accordingly, we will not treat the notes as CPDIs. Our determination will be binding on all U.S. holders except a U.S. holder that discloses its differing position in a statement attached to its timely filed U.S. federal income tax return for the taxable year during which a note was acquired. Our determination is not, however, binding on the IRS, and if the IRS were to challenge such determination and if such challenge were ultimately upheld, a U.S. holder might be required to accrue income on a note using a method different than the method described herein, and might also be required to treat as ordinary income, rather than as capital gain, any income recognized on the taxable disposition of a note before the resolution of the contingencies. In the event a change of control repurchase event or optional redemption actually occurs, it would affect the timing (and possibly character) of the income that a U.S. holder will recognize. This discussion assumes our determination that these contingencies are remote or incidental is correct and assumes that the notes will not be treated as CPDIs.

***Sale, Exchange, Retirement, Redemption or Other Taxable Disposition of Notes***

Upon the sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. holder generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other disposition (less any amount attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which will be taxable as ordinary interest income as discussed above to the extent not previously included in income by the U.S. holder) and the adjusted tax basis of the note. A U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in a note will, in general, be its cost for such note.

Any gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss. Capital gains of non-corporate U.S. holders (including individuals) derived in respect of capital assets held for more than one year are generally eligible for reduced rates of taxation (for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013). The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

***Information Reporting and Backup Withholding***

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of interest on the notes and to the proceeds of the sale or other disposition (including a redemption or retirement) of a note paid to a U.S. holder unless such U.S. holder is an exempt recipient, such as a corporation. Backup withholding may apply to such payments if the U.S. holder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or a certification that it is not subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax and any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. holder's U.S. federal income tax liability provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

***Non-U.S. Holders******Certain Additional Payments***

As noted above under U.S. Holders Certain Additional Payments, we expect to take the position for U.S. federal income tax purposes that the likelihood that we will be obligated to pay additional payments with respect to the notes in connection with a change of control repurchase event or optional redemption is remote or that, if made, the amount of such payments would be incidental, and the discussion below herein assumes that our determination in this regard is correct.

***Payment of Interest***

Generally, subject to the discussion of backup withholding below, if you are a non-U.S. holder, interest income that is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business will not be subject to a U.S. withholding tax under the portfolio interest exemption provided that:

you do not actually or constructively own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock;



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you are not a controlled foreign corporation related to us;

you are not a bank which acquired the debt securities in consideration for an extension of credit made pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of business; and

either (a) you provide an IRS Form W-8BEN (or a suitable substitute form) signed under penalties of perjury that includes your name and address and certifies as to your non-U.S. holder status, or (b) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business, provides a statement to us or our agent under penalties of perjury in which it certifies that an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8IMY (or a suitable substitute form) has been received by it from you or a qualifying intermediary and furnishes us or our agent with a copy of such form.

Treasury Regulations provide alternative methods for satisfying the certification requirement described in the paragraph above.

If you cannot satisfy the above requirements, interest income that is not effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business generally will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a 30% rate, except where an applicable tax treaty provides for the reduction or elimination of this withholding tax. We may be required to report annually to the IRS and to each non-U.S. holder the amount of interest paid to, and the tax withheld, if any, with respect to, each non-U.S. holder.

Interest income that is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business will be taxed generally in the same manner as if you were a U.S. holder, unless an applicable treaty provides otherwise. If you are a corporate non-U.S. holder, you may also, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional branch profits tax on any effectively connected earnings and profits attributable to such interest at a 30% rate (or, if applicable, a lower treaty rate). Such effectively connected interest income will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax if you deliver proper documentation (e.g., IRS Form W-8ECI). To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, the non-U.S. holder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN. Under applicable Treasury Regulations, a non-U.S. holder claiming treaty benefits may under certain circumstances be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and make certain certifications to us. Special procedures are provided in these Treasury Regulations for payments through qualified intermediaries. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of these Treasury Regulations.

***Sale, Exchange, Retirement, or Other Taxable Disposition of Notes***

In general, you will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax or U.S. withholding tax on any gain realized on the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement or other disposition of a note, unless:

the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a U.S. trade or business, in which case you will be subject to U.S. federal income tax generally in the same manner as if you were a U.S. holder with respect to the gain and if you are a corporation, you may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax on any effectively connected earnings and profits attributable to such gain, unless reduced by an applicable income tax treaty; or

you are an individual present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the taxable year (as determined under the Code) of the disposition and certain other conditions are met, in which case you will be subject to 30% U.S. federal income tax with respect to the gain (net of certain U.S. source capital losses).

***Information Reporting and Backup Withholding***

U.S. backup withholding and related information reporting requirements generally will not apply to payments of interest on a note if you provide the statement described in the fourth bullet under the heading *Non-U.S. Holders - Payment of Interest*, provided that the payor does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. person. However, interest paid to non-U.S. holders generally will be subject to annual reporting on IRS Form 1042-S (Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding).

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Backup withholding and related information reporting will generally not apply to any payment of the proceeds of the sale (including a retirement or redemption) of a note effected outside the United States by a foreign office of a broker (as defined in applicable Treasury Regulations), unless such broker is a:

U.S. person;

foreign person that derives 50% or more of its gross income for certain periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States;

controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

foreign partnership, if at any time during its tax year, one or more of its partners are United States persons (as defined in the applicable Treasury Regulations) who in the aggregate hold more than 50% of the income or capital interests in the partnership or if, at any time during its tax year, such foreign partnership is engaged in a United States trade or business.

Payment of the proceeds of any such sale effected outside the United States by a foreign office of any broker that is described in the preceding sentence will be subject to information reporting (but not backup withholding requirement) unless such broker has documentary evidence in its records that you are a non-U.S. holder and certain other conditions are met, or you otherwise establish an exemption. Payment of the proceeds of any such sale to or through the U.S. office of a broker is generally subject to information reporting and backup withholding requirements, unless the broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a United States person and you provide the statement described in the fourth bullet under the heading *Non-U.S. Holders Payment of Interest* or otherwise establish an exemption.

Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are generally not an additional tax and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability provided you furnish the required information to the IRS in a timely manner.

### ***Medicare Tax***

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, a U.S. holder that is an individual or estate, or a trust that does not fall into a special class of trusts that is exempt from such tax, will be subject to a 3.8% tax on the lesser of (1) the U.S. holder's net investment income for the relevant taxable year and (2) the excess of the U.S. holder's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year over a certain threshold (which in the case of individuals will be between \$125,000 and \$250,000, depending on the individual's circumstances). A holder's net investment income will generally include its interest income and its net gains from the disposition of notes, unless such interest income or net gains are derived in the ordinary course of the conduct of a trade or business (other than a trade or business that consists of certain passive or trading activities). If you are a U.S. holder that is an individual, estate or trust, you are urged to consult your tax advisors regarding the applicability of the Medicare tax to your income and gains in respect of your investment in the notes.



**Table of Contents****CERTAIN BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR CONSIDERATIONS**

The following is a summary of certain considerations associated with the purchase, holding and disposition of the notes by employee benefit plans that are subject to Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ( ERISA ), individual retirement accounts and other arrangements that are subject to the prohibited transactions rules under Section 4975 of the Code or provisions under any federal, state, local, non-U.S. or other laws or regulations that are similar to such provisions of ERISA or the Code (collectively, similar laws ), and entities whose underlying assets are considered to include plan assets (within the meaning of ERISA and any similar laws) of such plans, accounts and arrangements (each, a plan ).

**General Fiduciary Matters**

ERISA and the Code impose certain duties on persons who are fiduciaries of a plan subject to Title I of ERISA or a plan subject to the prohibited transactions rules under Section 4975 of the Code (an ERISA plan ) and prohibit certain transactions involving the assets of an ERISA plan and its fiduciaries or other interested parties. Under ERISA, any person who exercises any discretionary authority or control over the administration of an ERISA plan or the management or disposition of the assets of an ERISA plan, or who renders investment advice for a fee or other compensation to an ERISA plan, is generally considered to be a fiduciary of the ERISA plan.

In considering an investment in the notes of the assets of any plan, a fiduciary should determine whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan and the applicable provisions of ERISA, the Code or any similar laws relating to a fiduciary's duties to the plan including, without limitation, the prudence, diversification, delegation of control and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA, the Code and any other applicable similar laws, as well as whether the investment will result in unrelated business taxable income. ERISA plan fiduciaries must make their own determinations regarding the investment, taking into consideration all of the specific facts and circumstances of the plan and an investment in the notes.

**Prohibited Transaction Issues**

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit ERISA plans from engaging in specified transactions involving plan assets with persons or entities who are parties in interest, within the meaning of ERISA, or disqualified persons, within the meaning of Section 4975 of the Code, unless an exemption is available. A party in interest or disqualified person, including a fiduciary, of an ERISA plan who engages in a non-exempt prohibited transaction may be subject to excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and the Code, and the transaction may have to be rescinded.

The acquisition and/or holding of notes by an ERISA plan with respect to which we or the underwriters or any respective affiliates are considered a party in interest or a disqualified person may constitute or result in a direct or indirect prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code, unless the investment is acquired and is held in accordance with an applicable statutory, class or individual prohibited transaction exemption. In this regard, the U.S. Department of Labor has issued prohibited transaction class exemptions ( PTCEs ) that may apply to the acquisition and holding of the notes. These class exemptions include, without limitation, PTCE 84-14, for specified transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers, PTCE 90-1, for specified transactions involving insurance company pooled separate accounts, PTCE 91-38, for specified transactions involving bank collective investment funds, PTCE 95-60, for specified transactions involving life insurance company general accounts and PTCE 96-23, for specified transactions determined by in-house asset managers, although there can be no assurance that all of the conditions of any such exemptions will be satisfied.

In addition, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code provide an exemption for the purchase and holding of the notes by an ERISA plan with respect to which we or the underwriters, or certain affiliates, are a party in interest or a disqualified person, provided that neither the party in interest or disqualified person, nor certain of its affiliates, have or exercise any discretionary authority or control or render any investment advice with respect to the assets of any ERISA plan involved in the transaction, and provided further that the ERISA plan pays no more and receives no less than adequate consideration in connection with the transaction.

Because of the foregoing, the notes may not be purchased or held by any person investing plan assets of any plan, unless the purchase, holding and disposition of the notes will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA and the Code or violate any applicable similar laws.

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**Representation and Warranty**

Accordingly, by its acceptance of a note, each purchaser and subsequent transferee will be deemed to have represented and warranted that either (i) no portion of the assets used by such purchaser or transferee to acquire and hold the notes constitutes assets of any plan or (ii) the purchase, holding and disposition of the notes by such purchaser or transferee will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or a violation of any applicable similar laws.

The foregoing discussion is general in nature and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties and taxes that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering investing in the notes on behalf of, or with the assets of, any plan, consult with their counsel regarding the potential applicability of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code and any similar laws to such transactions and whether an exemption would be available.

Purchasers and transferees of the notes have exclusive responsibility for ensuring that their purchase, holding and disposition of the notes do not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, the Code or any similar laws. The sale of any notes to any plan is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by such plans generally or any particular plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for such plans generally or any particular plan.

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**Table of Contents****UNDERWRITING**

Newmont has entered into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters for which Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC are acting as representatives. The underwriting agreement, dated the date hereof, provides that the several obligations of the underwriters are subject to certain conditions as therein set forth. The underwriters named below have severally agreed to purchase, and Newmont has agreed to sell to them, severally, the principal amounts of the notes indicated below. The underwriters will be obligated to purchase all the notes being underwritten or sold by them if any of the notes are purchased.

<b>Underwriter</b>	<b>Principal Amount of 20 Notes</b>	<b>Principal Amount of 20 Notes</b>
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	\$	\$
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>

Newmont has been advised by the underwriters that the underwriters propose to offer the notes to the public initially at the offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and may offer the notes to certain dealers at such price less a selling concession of % and % of the principal amount of the 20 notes and the 20 notes, respectively. The underwriters may allow and each such dealer may reallocate to other dealers a concession not exceeding % and % of the principal amount of the 20 notes and the 20 notes, respectively. After the initial public offering, such public offering price and such concessions and reallocations may be changed.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts to be paid to the underwriters by Newmont in connection with the offering:

	<b>20 Notes Per Note</b>	<b>20 Notes Total</b>	<b>20 Notes Per Note</b>	<b>20 Notes Total</b>
Underwriting discounts payable by us	%	\$	%	\$

Expenses associated with this offering, excluding the underwriting discounts, to be paid by Newmont are estimated to be \$ .

In connection with the offering made hereby, the underwriters may purchase and sell the notes in the open market. These transactions may include stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover short positions created by the underwriters in connection with the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes, and short positions created by the underwriters involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater aggregate principal amount of the notes than they are required to purchase from Newmont. The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid, whereby selling concessions allowed to broker-dealers in respect of the notes sold in the offering may be reclaimed by the underwriters if such notes are repurchased by the underwriters in stabilizing or covering transactions. These activities may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the notes, which may be higher than the price that might otherwise prevail in the opening market. These activities, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The notes are new issues of securities with no established trading market. Newmont has been advised by the underwriters that they intend to make a market in the notes, but they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of the trading market for the notes.

Newmont has agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of any of these liabilities.

In the ordinary course of their respective businesses, the underwriters and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in commercial banking and/or investment banking transactions (including acting as underwriters, initial purchasers or dealers with respect to other securities offerings) with Newmont and its affiliates, for which they have received, and in the future expect to receive, customary compensation.

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In addition, affiliates of the underwriters from time to time have acted or in the future may continue to act as lenders to Newmont and its affiliates, for which they have received or expect to receive customary compensation.

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Affiliates of certain of the underwriters are lenders under our revolving credit facility and borrowings under that facility are being repaid with the proceeds of this offering. See Use of Proceeds.

**Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area**

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a Relevant Member State ), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the Relevant Implementation Date ) no offer of notes may be made to the public in that Relevant Member State other than:

to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the representatives; or

in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, provided that no such offer of notes shall require us or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

Each person in a Relevant Member State who initially acquires any notes or to whom any offer is made will be deemed to have represented, acknowledged and agreed that (A) it is a qualified investor within the meaning of the law in that Relevant Member State implementing Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive, and (B) in the case of any notes acquired by it as a financial intermediary, as that term is used in Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, the notes acquired by it in the offering have not been acquired on behalf of, nor have they been acquired with a view to their offer or resale to, persons in any Relevant Member State other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive, or in circumstances in which the prior consent of the representatives has been given to the offer or resale. In the case of any notes being offered to a financial intermediary as that term is used in Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, each such financial intermediary will be deemed to have represented, acknowledged and agreed that the notes acquired by it in the offer have not been acquired on a non-discretionary basis on behalf of, nor have they been acquired with a view to their offer or resale to, persons in circumstances which may give rise to an offer of any notes to the public other than their offer or resale in a Relevant Member State to qualified investors as so defined or in circumstances in which the prior consent of the representatives has been obtained to each such proposed offer or resale.

We, the underwriters and their affiliates will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing representation, acknowledgement and agreement.

This prospectus supplement has been prepared on the basis that any offer of notes in any Relevant Member State will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of notes. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated in this prospectus supplement may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for us or any of the underwriters to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive in relation to such offer. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized, nor do they authorize, the making of any offer of notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for us or the underwriters to publish a prospectus for such offer.

For the purpose of the above provisions, the expression an offer to the public in relation to any notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the notes, as the same may be varied in the Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in the Relevant Member State, the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC (including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member States) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State, and the expression 2010 PD Amending Directive means Directive 2010/73/EU.

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**Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom**

In addition, in the United Kingdom, this document is being distributed only to, and is directed only at, and any offer subsequently made may only be directed at persons who are qualified investors (as defined in the Prospectus Directive) (i) who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19 (5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the Order) and/or (ii) who are high net worth companies (or persons to whom it may otherwise be lawfully communicated) falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as relevant persons). This document must not be acted on or relied on in the United Kingdom by persons who are not relevant persons. In the United Kingdom, any investment or investment activity to which this document relates is only available to, and will be engaged in with, relevant persons.

See Plan of Distribution on page 20 of the accompanying prospectus for further information regarding the distribution of the notes.

**EXPERTS**

The financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 have been so incorporated in reliance on the reports of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

Ian Douglas, Newmont's Group Executive, Reserves, is the Qualified Person responsible for the preparation of the scientific and technical information concerning our mineral properties in this prospectus supplement. The reserves disclosed and incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement have been prepared in compliance with Industry Guide 7 published by the SEC. We have determined that such reserves would be substantively the same as those prepared using the Guidelines established by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum. For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves on our material properties, as well as a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant factors, please see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, as filed from time to time, with the SEC in the United States.

**VALIDITY OF THE SECURITIES**

The validity of the notes will be passed upon for us by White & Case LLP, New York, New York, and for the underwriters by Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, New York, New York.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public from our website at <http://www.newmont.com> or from the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. The information on our website is not incorporated by reference into and is not made a part of this prospectus supplement or accompanying prospectus. You may also read and copy any document we file at the SEC's public reference room located at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room.

As required by the Securities Act, we have filed a registration statement on Form S-3 relating to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus with the SEC. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are parts of that registration statement, which includes additional information. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus to a contract or other document of ours, please be aware that the reference is only a summary and that you should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement for a copy of the contract or other document. You may review a copy of the registration statement at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C., as well as through the SEC's website.

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We incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement certain information that we file with the SEC, which means that we disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus supplement, and information in documents that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and, where applicable, supersede information contained in documents filed earlier with the SEC or contained in this prospectus supplement. We incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement the documents listed below that have been previously filed with the SEC. These documents contain important information about us and our financial condition.

**Newmont SEC Filings (File No. 001-31240)**

**Period**

Annual Report on Form 10-K (and the portions of our proxy statement for our 2011 annual meeting of stockholders incorporated by reference in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010)

Current Report on Form 8-K

Filed January 4, 2012

We also incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement any future filings that we may make with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Exchange Act until we sell all of the securities that may be offered by this prospectus supplement. However, we are not incorporating by reference any information furnished under Item 2.02 or 7.01 (or corresponding information furnished under Item 9.01 or included as an exhibit) of any Current Report on Form 8-K.

You may request a copy of these filings at no cost to you, by writing or telephoning us as follows:

Newmont Mining Corporation

6363 South Fiddlers Green Circle

Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111

Attn: Office of the Secretary

(303) 863-7414

This prospectus supplement incorporates documents by reference which are not presented in or delivered with this prospectus supplement. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents. You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and in the documents that we have incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of the securities described in this prospectus supplement in any state or jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted.

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**COMMON STOCK**

**PREFERRED STOCK**

**DEBT SECURITIES**

**GUARANTEES OF DEBT SECURITIES**

**WARRANTS**

We or selling securityholders may from time to time offer to sell common stock, preferred stock, debt securities (which may be guaranteed by our wholly owned subsidiary, Newmont USA Limited) or warrants. Each time we or a selling securityholder sells securities pursuant to this prospectus, we will provide a supplement to this prospectus that contains specific information about the offering and the specific terms of the securities offered. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our securities.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol NEM.

**Investing in our securities involves risks. See the Risk Factors section of our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) and the applicable prospectus supplement.**

**Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

If any agents or underwriters are involved in the sale of any of these securities, the applicable prospectus supplement will provide the names of the agents or underwriters and any applicable fees, commissions or discounts.

The date of this prospectus is September 15, 2009.



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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and in any supplement to this prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate as of the date on their respective covers. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

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**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS**

This prospectus is part of a registration statement we filed with the SEC using a shelf registration process. We may sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus from time to time.

The types of securities that we may offer and sell from time to time pursuant to this prospectus are:

debt securities;

common stock;

preferred stock;

guarantees; and

warrants.

The debt securities may be guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Newmont USA Limited.

Each time we sell securities pursuant to this prospectus, we will describe in a prospectus supplement, which we will deliver with this prospectus, specific information about the offering and the terms of the particular securities offered. In each prospectus supplement we will include the following information, if applicable:

the type and amount of securities that we propose to sell;

the initial public offering price of the securities;

the names of any underwriters or agents through or to which we will sell the securities;

any compensation of those underwriters or agents; and

information about any securities exchanges or automated quotation systems on which the securities will be listed or traded.

In addition, the prospectus supplement may also add, update or change the information contained in this prospectus.

Wherever references are made in this prospectus to information that will be included in a prospectus supplement, to the extent permitted by applicable law, rules or regulations, we may instead include such information or add, update or change the information contained in this prospectus by means of a post-effective amendment to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, through filings we make with the SEC that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus or by any other method as may then be permitted under applicable law, rules or regulations.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

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Certain statements contained in this prospectus (including information incorporated by reference in this prospectus) are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided for under these sections. Our forward-looking statements include, without limitation:

estimates regarding future earnings;

estimates of future mineral production and sales, for specific operations and on a consolidated or equity basis;

estimates of future costs applicable to sales, other expenses and taxes for specific operations and on a consolidated basis;

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estimates of future cash flows;

estimates of future capital expenditures, construction, production or closure activities and other cash needs, for specific operations and on a consolidated basis, and expectations as to the funding or timing thereof;

estimates as to the projected development of certain ore deposits, including the timing of such development, the costs of such development and financing plans for these deposits;

estimates of reserves and statements regarding future exploration results and reserve replacement and the sensitivity of reserves to metal price changes;

statements regarding the availability, terms and costs related to future borrowing, debt repayment and financing;

estimates regarding future exploration expenditures, results and reserves;

statements regarding fluctuations in financial and currency markets;

estimates regarding potential cost savings, productivity, operating performance, and ownership and cost structures;

expectations regarding the completion and timing of the acquisition of acquisitions or divestitures;

expectations regarding the start-up time, design, mine life, production and costs applicable to sales and exploration potential of our projects;

statements regarding modifications to hedge and derivative positions;

statements regarding political, economic or governmental conditions and environments;

statements regarding future transactions;

statements regarding the impacts of changes in the legal and regulatory environment in which we operate; and

estimates of future costs and other liabilities for certain environmental matters.

Where we express an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, our forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by those forward-looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to:

the price of gold, copper and other commodities;

currency fluctuations;

geological and metallurgical assumptions;

operating performance of equipment, processes and facilities;

labor relations;

timing of receipt of necessary governmental permits or approvals;

domestic and foreign laws or regulations, particularly relating to the environment and mining;

domestic and international economic and political conditions;

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our ability to obtain or maintain necessary financing; and

other risks and hazards associated with mining operations.

More detailed information regarding these factors is included in the sections titled *Business*, *Risk Factors* and *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in our reports and other documents on file with the SEC. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Newmont or to persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

**THE COMPANY**

Newmont Mining Corporation is primarily a gold producer with significant assets or operations in the United States, Australia, Peru, Indonesia, Ghana, Canada, New Zealand and Mexico. At December 31, 2008, we had proven and probable gold reserves of 85.0 million equity ounces and an aggregate land position of approximately 38,840 square miles (100,600 square kilometers). Newmont is also engaged in the production of copper, principally through its Batu Hijau operation in Indonesia. Our original predecessor corporation was incorporated in 1921 under the laws of Delaware.

Newmont's principal executive offices are located at 6363 South Fiddlers Green Circle, Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111. Our telephone number is (303) 863-7414. In this prospectus, Newmont, the Company, our and we refer to Newmont Mining Corporation and/or our affiliates and subsidiaries. Our website is located at [www.newmont.com](http://www.newmont.com). Information contained on our website is not a part of this prospectus or any accompanying prospectus supplement.

**RISK FACTORS**

Before you invest in any of our securities, in addition to the other information in this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, you should carefully consider the risk factors under the heading *Risk Factors* in our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 19, 2009, as amended, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, as the same may be updated from time to time by our future filings under the Exchange Act.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We intend to use the net proceeds we receive from the sale of securities by us as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will not receive any proceeds from the sale of securities by selling securityholders.

**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

The following table sets forth our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,			
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	9.0	7.3	(1)	8.3	7.3	10.3

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- (1) Earnings for 2007 were inadequate to cover fixed charges by \$419 million due to a non-cash write-off of goodwill (\$1,122 million) and a pre-tax loss on settlement of price-capped forward sales contracts (\$531 million).

For these ratios, earnings are computed by adding income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and fixed charges (excluding capitalized interest) and excluding our share of income/losses in our equity method affiliates. Fixed charges consist of interest expense, including capitalized interest, amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness and estimated interest included in rental expense.

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In January 2009, we issued \$518 million in aggregate principal amount of 3.00% convertible senior notes due 2012 (including \$68 million principal amount of convertible senior notes sold pursuant to an over-allotment option granted by us to the underwriters). The aggregate net proceeds from the sale of these notes amounted to approximately \$504 million after deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock (or, at our election, in lieu of such shares of common stock, cash or any combination of cash and shares of our common stock), under certain circumstances.

### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We declared a dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock outstanding in each quarter of 2008, 2007 and 2006, for a total of \$0.40 per share during each year. Additionally, Newmont Mining Corporation of Canada Limited, a subsidiary of Newmont ( Newmont Canada ), paid annual dividends of C\$0.43, C\$0.43 and C\$0.46 per share during 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The exchangeable shares issued by Newmont Canada are exchangeable at the option of the holders into Newmont common stock. Holders of exchangeable shares are therefore entitled to receive dividends equivalent to those that we declare on our common stock. For more information on the exchangeable shares, see Description of Capital Stock Special Voting Stock. We declared regular quarterly dividends totaling \$0.20 per common share through each of the six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. Additionally, Newmont Canada declared regular quarterly dividends on its exchangeable shares totaling C\$0.2461 per share through June 30, 2009 and C\$0.2022 per share through June 30, 2008.

The determination of the amount of future dividends will be made by our board of directors from time to time and will depend on our future earnings, capital requirements, financial condition and other relevant factors.

### **DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

The rights of our stockholders are governed by Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation and our by-laws. The following is a summary of the material terms of our capital stock. For additional information regarding our capital stock, please refer to the applicable provisions of Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation and by-laws.

At July 15, 2009, we had 755,000,000 shares of authorized capital stock. Those shares consisted of:

5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$5.00 per share, of which one share of special voting stock was outstanding; and

750,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$1.60 per share, of which (1) 479,717,438 shares were outstanding, including shares evidenced by Australian CHESS depository interests which represent beneficial ownership of shares of our common stock on a ten-for-one basis and (2) 10,280,382 shares were issuable upon conversion of the exchangeable shares of Newmont Canada, have economic rights equivalent to those of our common stock and are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis with shares of our common stock.

The holder of the outstanding share of special voting stock exercises the voting and other rights attached to the share as trustee for and on behalf of the registered holders of outstanding exchangeable shares.

#### **Common Stock**

The following is a summary of the terms of our common stock. For additional information regarding our common stock, please refer to our certificate of incorporation, our by-laws and the applicable provisions of Delaware law.

#### ***Dividend Rights***

Holders of our common stock may receive dividends when, as and if declared by our board of directors out of funds of Newmont legally available for the payment of dividends. Subject to the terms of any outstanding preferred stock, holders of our common stock may not receive dividends until we have satisfied our obligations to any holders of our preferred stock.

As a Delaware corporation, we may pay dividends out of surplus capital or, if there is no surplus capital, out of net profits for the fiscal year in which a dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year. Section 170 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware also provides that dividends may not be paid out of net profits if, after the payment of the dividend, capital is less than the capital represented by the



outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of assets.

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Currently, we pay dividends on our common stock each quarter. The determination of the amount and timing of future dividends will be made by our board of directors from time to time and will depend on our future earnings, capital requirements, financial conditions and other relevant factors.

### ***Voting and Other Rights***

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share and, in general, a majority of votes cast with respect to a matter will be sufficient to authorize action upon routine matters.

The holder of our special voting share, on behalf of the holders of the exchangeable shares of Newmont Canada, is entitled to vote, as a single class, together with the holders of shares of our common stock on all matters on which our stockholders are entitled to vote as to a number of votes equal to the number of outstanding exchangeable shares at the relevant time, subject to certain limits as described below under **Special Voting Stock** **Voting Rights**. The holders of record of a majority of the outstanding shares of our capital stock entitled to vote at the meeting of our stockholders must be present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting in order to constitute a quorum for all matters to come before the meeting. For purposes of determining the presence of a quorum, shares of our capital stock includes shares of our common stock (including shares represented by Australian CHESSE depository interests), as well as the maximum number of shares of our common stock that the holder of the special voting share is entitled to vote at the meeting on behalf of the holders of the outstanding exchangeable shares. For additional information regarding our special voting share, please see the discussion in **Special Voting Stock** below.

Special meetings of our stockholders may be called by our board of directors or by the chairman of the board or by our president, and will be called by the chairman of the board or by our president or secretary upon a written request stating the purposes of the proposed meeting and signed by a majority of our board of directors or stockholders owning at least 25% of our outstanding capital stock entitled to vote at the meeting.

Written notice of a meeting of our stockholders is given personally or by mail, not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days before the date on which the meeting is held, to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. The notice must state the time, place and purposes of the meeting. In the event of a special meeting called upon the written request of our stockholders, the notice will describe any business set forth in the statement of purpose in the written stockholder request, as well as any additional business that our board of directors proposes to be conducted at the meeting. If mailed, the notice will be sent to our stockholders at their respective addresses appearing on our stock records or to such other addresses as they may designate in writing, and will be deemed given when mailed. A waiver of any notice, signed by a stockholder before or after the time for the meeting, will be deemed equivalent to that stockholder having received the notice.

Our board of directors is not classified. Directors are to be elected by a plurality of those shares of our capital stock present and entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders, and our stockholders do not have the right to cumulate their votes in the election of directors.

### ***Liquidation***

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Newmont, holders of our common stock would be entitled to receive proportionately any assets legally available for distribution to our stockholders with respect to shares held by them, subject to any prior rights of the holders of any of our preferred stock then outstanding. Immediately prior to any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Newmont, all holders of exchangeable shares would become holders of our common stock pursuant to the terms of the exchangeable shares and would therefore be entitled to share ratably in any distribution to other holders of common stock.

### ***Redemption***

Our common stock is not redeemable or convertible.

### ***Other Provisions***

All of the issued and outstanding shares of our common stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Holders of our common stock have no preemptive rights with respect to any of our securities.

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### ***Listing***

Our common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol NEM. ChaseMellon Stockholder Services, L.L.C. is the registrar, transfer agent, conversion agent and dividend disbursing agent for our common stock.

Our common stock also trades in the form of Australian CHESS depositary interests on the Australian Stock Exchange under the symbol NEM.

### **Australian CHESS Depositary Interests (CDIs)**

The CDIs are units of beneficial ownership in shares of our common stock that are held by CHESS Depositary Nominees Pty Ltd. (ACN 071346506) (CDN), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 008624691). The CDIs entitle holders to dividends and other rights economically equivalent to our common stock on a ten-for-one basis, including the right to attend meetings of our stockholders. The CDIs are convertible at the option of the holders into shares of our common stock held by CDN on a ten-for-one basis. CDN, as the stockholder of record, will vote the underlying shares of our common stock in accordance with the directions of the CDI holders.

### **Preferred Stock General**

Our preferred stock is issuable in series. Our board of directors has the power to fix various terms for each series of preferred stock, including the following:

voting powers,

designations,

preferences,

the relative participating and option or other rights,

qualifications, and

limitations and restrictions.

### **Special Voting Stock**

The following is a summary of our special voting stock, which consists of a share of preferred stock with special voting rights. For additional information regarding our special voting stock, please refer to the certificate of designations setting forth the terms of the special voting stock.

Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as trustee under a voting and exchange trust agreement, holds the outstanding share of special voting stock. The holder of the special voting share exercises the voting and other rights attached to the share as trustee for and on behalf of the registered holders of the exchangeable shares of our wholly-owned subsidiary, Newmont Canada. The exchangeable shares have economic rights equivalent to those of our common stock and are exchangeable on a one-for-one basis with shares of our common stock. Upon the unanimous approval of our board of directors, Newmont Canada may from time to time issue additional exchangeable shares. The following is a summary description of the material provisions of the rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attaching to the special voting share and the related exchangeable shares as they affect us.

### ***Ranking***

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With respect to distributions of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Newmont, the special voting share ranks (1) senior to our common stock, (2) on parity with our other preferred stock and (3) junior to any other class or series of our capital stock.

### *Dividend Rights*

The special voting share is not entitled to receive dividends.

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Holders of exchangeable shares are entitled to receive dividends from Newmont Canada which are equivalent to any declared by our board of directors on our common stock. These dividends will be paid out of money, assets or property of Newmont Canada properly applicable to the payment of dividends, or out of authorized but unissued shares of Newmont Canada, as applicable. Holders of exchangeable shares are not entitled to any dividends other than or in excess of the foregoing dividends. The record date for the determination of the holders of exchangeable shares entitled to receive payment of, and the payment date for, any dividend declared on the exchangeable shares will be the same dates as the record date and payment date, respectively, for the corresponding dividend declared on shares of our common stock.

### ***Voting Rights***

Holders of exchangeable shares are not holders of our common stock and, therefore, do not have the direct right to vote on matters relating to us on which our stockholders are entitled to vote.

The holder of the special voting share has the right to vote together with the holders of our common stock on all matters on which holders of our common stock are entitled to vote. The holder of the special voting share is entitled to cast a number of votes equal to the lesser of (1) the number of exchangeable shares outstanding from time to time (except those exchangeable shares held by us or our affiliates) and (2) 10% of the total number of votes attached to the shares of our common stock then outstanding. The holder of the special voting share will exercise the voting and others rights attached to the share only on the basis of instructions received from holders of exchangeable shares, as trustee for and on behalf of the registered holders of the exchangeable shares.

### ***Certain Restrictions***

So long as any of the exchangeable shares not owned by us or our affiliates are outstanding:

(1) without the approval of the holders of the exchangeable shares and Newmont Canada (unless in each case the economic equivalent is simultaneously issued, distributed or made, as the case may be, to the holders of exchangeable shares), we will not:

issue or distribute shares of our common stock, or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or carrying rights to acquire shares of our common stock, to the holders of all or substantially all of the then outstanding shares of our common stock by way of stock dividend or other distribution, other than an issue of shares of our common stock, or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or carrying rights to acquire shares of our common stock, to holders of shares of our common stock (a) who exercise an option to receive dividends in shares of our common stock or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or carrying rights to acquire shares of our common stock, in lieu of receiving cash dividends, or (b) pursuant to any dividend reinvestment plan or similar arrangement;

issue or distribute rights, options or warrants to the holders of all or substantially all of the then outstanding shares of our common stock entitling them to subscribe for or to purchase shares of our common stock, or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or carrying rights to acquire shares of our common stock;

issue or distribute to the holders of all or substantially all of our then outstanding shares of common stock (a) shares or securities (including evidences of indebtedness) of Newmont of any class (other than shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for or carrying rights to acquire shares of our common stock), or (b) rights, options, warrants or other assets other than those referred to above;

subdivide, redivide or change our then outstanding shares of common stock into a greater number of shares of our common stock;

reduce, combine, consolidate or change our then outstanding shares of common stock into a lesser number of shares of our common stock; or

reclassify or otherwise change shares of our common stock or effect an amalgamation, merger, reorganization or other transaction affecting shares of our common stock.

(2) in the event that a tender offer, share exchange offer, issuer bid, takeover bid or similar transaction with respect to shares of our common stock is proposed by us or is proposed to us or our stockholders and is

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recommended by our board, or is otherwise effected or to be effected with the consent or approval of the our board, and the exchangeable shares are not redeemed by Newmont Canada or purchased by us (or our wholly-owned subsidiary, Newmont Holdings ULC), we will expeditiously and in good faith take all actions and do all things as are reasonably necessary or desirable to enable and permit holders of exchangeable shares (other than us and our affiliates) to participate in the transaction to the same extent and on an economically equivalent basis as the holders of shares of our common stock, without discrimination. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, we will take all actions and do all things as are reasonably necessary or desirable to ensure that holders of exchangeable shares may participate in each similar transaction without being required to retract exchangeable shares as against Newmont Canada or, if so required, to ensure that any retraction, shall be effective only upon, and shall be conditional upon, the closing of that transaction and only to the extent necessary to participate in the transaction.

### ***Liquidation Rights***

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of Newmont, (1) the holder of the special voting share will be entitled to receive an amount equal to \$0.001 and (2) all of the exchangeable shares will automatically be exchanged for shares of our common stock. We will purchase each exchangeable share on the fifth business date prior to the liquidation, dissolution or winding up for a purchase price per share to be satisfied by the delivery of one share of our common stock, together with all declared and unpaid dividends on the exchangeable shares, if any.

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of Newmont Canada, we (or Newmont Holdings ULC) have the right to purchase all, but not less than all, of the outstanding exchangeable shares from the holders thereof upon payment of a liquidation amount. The liquidation amount will be the amount per exchangeable share that a holder of exchangeable shares is entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions attached to the exchangeable shares on the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of Newmont Canada, to be satisfied by the delivery of one share of our common stock, together with all declared and unpaid dividends on the exchangeable shares, if any.

### ***Redemption and Retraction***

The special voting share is not redeemable or convertible, except, if no exchangeable shares, other than exchangeable shares held by us or our affiliates, or securities which could give rise to the issuance of any exchangeable shares to any person, are outstanding, the special voting share will automatically be redeemed for \$0.001.

Holders of exchangeable shares are entitled at any time, upon delivery of a certificate representing their exchangeable shares and a duly executed retraction request, to require Newmont Canada to redeem their exchangeable shares. The retraction price will be the amount per exchangeable share that a holder of exchangeable shares is entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions attached to the exchangeable shares on a retraction of an exchangeable share, to be satisfied by the delivery of one share of our common stock, together with all declared and unpaid dividends on the exchangeable shares, if any. Newmont Canada must deliver all retraction requests to us (or Newmont Holdings ULC), whereupon we (or Newmont Holdings ULC), instead of Newmont Canada, will have the right to purchase for the retraction price the exchangeable shares that are the subject of the request. If we do not exercise this right, Newmont Canada is required to effect the redemption.

On or at any time after the twelfth anniversary of the date on which the exchangeable shares were first issued, subject to acceleration in some circumstances, Newmont Canada is required to redeem all the outstanding exchangeable shares. The redemption price will be the amount per exchangeable share that a holder of exchangeable shares is entitled to receive pursuant to the provisions of the exchangeable shares on a redemption of exchangeable shares, to be satisfied by the delivery of one share of our common stock, together with all declared and unpaid dividends, if any. In this event, we (or Newmont Holdings ULC) will have the overriding right to acquire the outstanding exchangeable shares in exchange for the redemption price on the redemption date. If we exercise this right, Newmont Canada's obligation to redeem the exchangeable shares will terminate.

### ***Listing***

The exchangeable shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol NMC.

### ***Anti-Takeover Provisions***

Article Ninth of our certificate of incorporation may make it more difficult for various corporations, entities or persons to acquire control of us or to remove management.





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Article Ninth of our certificate of incorporation requires us to get the approval of the holders of 80% of all classes of our capital stock who are entitled to vote in elections of directors, voting together as one class, to enter into the following types of transactions:

a merger or consolidation between us and another corporation that holds 10% or more of our outstanding shares;

the sale or lease of all or a substantial part of our assets to another corporation or entity that holds 10% or more of our outstanding shares; or

any sale or lease to us of assets worth more than \$10 million in exchange for our securities by another corporation or entity that holds 10% or more of our outstanding shares.

However, Article Ninth does not apply to any transaction if:

our board of directors approves the transaction before the other corporation, person or entity becomes a holder of 10% or more of our outstanding shares; or

we or our subsidiaries own a majority of the outstanding voting shares of the other corporation.

Article Ninth can only be altered or repealed with the approval of the holders of 80% of all classes of our capital stock who are entitled to vote in elections of directors, voting together as one class.

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**DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES**

The debt securities are to be issued under an Indenture (the "Indenture"), to be entered into by and among the Company, Newmont USA Limited and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (the "Trustee"), a form of which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. The securities may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The particular terms of each series, or of securities forming a part of a series, which are offered by a prospectus supplement will be described in such prospectus supplement.

The following summaries of certain provisions of the Indenture do not purport to be complete and are subject, and are qualified in their entirety by reference, to all the provisions of the Indenture, including the definitions therein of certain terms, and, with respect to any particular securities, to the description of the terms thereof included in the prospectus supplement relating thereto. Wherever particular sections or defined terms of the Indenture are referred to herein or in a prospectus supplement, such sections or defined terms are incorporated by reference herein or therein, as the case may be.

For purposes of this description, references to the Company, we, our and us refer only to Newmont Mining Corporation and do not include any of the Company's current or future subsidiaries.

**General**

The Indenture will provide that securities in separate series may be issued thereunder from time to time without limitation as to aggregate principal amount. The Company may specify a maximum aggregate principal amount for the securities of any series. The securities are to have such terms and provisions which are not inconsistent with the Indenture, including as to maturity, principal and interest, as the Company may determine. The securities will be unsecured obligations of the Company and, unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, will rank on a parity with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of the Company.

The applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the price or prices at which the securities to be offered will be issued and will describe the following terms of such securities:

- (1) the title of such securities;
- (2) any limit on the aggregate principal amount of such securities or the series of which they are a part;
- (3) the date or dates on which the principal of any of such securities will be payable;
- (4) the rate or rates at which any of such securities will bear interest, if any, the date or dates from which any such interest will accrue, the interest payment dates on which any such interest will be payable and the regular record date for any such interest payable on any interest payment date;
- (5) the place or places where the principal of and any premium and interest on any of such securities will be payable;
- (6) the period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions on which any of such securities may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company;
- (7) the obligation, if any, of the Company to redeem or purchase any of such securities pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of the holder thereof, and the period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions on which any of such securities will be redeemed or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to any such obligation;
- (8) the denominations in which any of such securities will be issuable, if other than denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof;
- (9) if the amount of principal of or any premium or interest on any of such securities may be determined with reference to an index or pursuant to a formula, the manner in which such amounts will be determined;

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(10) if other than the currency of the United States of America, the currency, currencies or currency units in which the principal of or any premium or interest on any of such securities will be payable (and the manner in which the equivalent of the principal amount thereof in the currency of the United States of America is to be determined for any purpose, including for the purpose of determining the principal amount deemed to be outstanding at any time);

(11) if the principal of or any premium or interest on any of such securities is to be payable, at the election of the Company or the holder thereof, in one or more currencies or currency units other than those in which such securities are stated to be payable, the currency, currencies or currency units in which payment of any such amount as to which such election is made will be payable, the periods within which and the terms and conditions upon which such election is to be made and the amount so payable (or the manner in which such amount is to be determined);

(12) if other than the entire principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of any of such securities which will be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof;

(13) if the principal amount payable at the stated maturity of any of such securities will not be determinable as of any one or more dates prior to the stated maturity, the amount which will be deemed to be such principal amount as of any such date for any purpose, including the principal amount thereof which will be due and payable upon any maturity other than the stated maturity or which will be deemed to be outstanding as of any such date (or, in any such case, the manner in which such deemed principal amount is to be determined);

(14) if applicable, that such securities, in whole or any specified part, are defeasible pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture described under Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance Defeasance and Discharge or Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance Covenant Defeasance , or under both such captions;

(15) whether any of such securities will be issuable in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities and, if so, the respective Depositaries for such global securities, the form of any legend or legends to be borne by any such global security in addition to or in lieu of the legend referred to under Form, Exchange and Transfer Global Securities and, if different from those described under such caption, any circumstances under which any such global security may be exchanged in whole or in part for securities registered, and any transfer of such global security in whole or in part may be registered, in the names of persons other than the depository for such global security or its nominee;

(16) any addition to or change in the Events of Default applicable to any of such securities and any change in the right of the Trustee or the holders to declare the principal amount of any of such securities due and payable;

(17) any addition to or change in the covenants in the Indenture applicable to any of such securities;

(18) any other terms of such securities not inconsistent with the provisions of the Indenture; and

(19) if applicable, that such securities are to be guaranteed by Newmont USA Limited.

Securities, including original issue discount securities, may be sold at a substantial discount below their principal amount. Certain special United States federal income tax considerations (if any) applicable to securities sold at an original issue discount may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. In addition, certain special United States federal income tax or other considerations (if any) applicable to any securities which are denominated in a currency or currency unit other than United States dollars may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

**Further Issues**

Newmont may, without the consent of the then existing holders of the debt securities of any series, re-open a series and issue additional debt securities of that series, which additional debt securities will have the same terms as the debt securities of the same series except for the issue price, issue date and under some circumstances, the first interest payment date. Newmont will not issue any additional debt securities of a series unless the additional debt securities will be fungible with the debt securities of the same series previously issued for U.S. Federal income tax purposes.

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### **Form, Exchange and Transfer**

The securities of each series will be issuable only in fully registered form, without coupons, and, unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, only in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

At the option of the holder, subject to the terms of the Indenture and the limitations applicable to global securities, securities of each series will be exchangeable for other securities of the same series of any authorized denomination and of a like tenor and aggregate principal amount.

Subject to the terms of the Indenture and the limitations applicable to global securities, securities may be presented for exchange as provided above or for registration of transfer (duly endorsed or with the form of transfer endorsed thereon duly executed) at the office of the security registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated by the Company for such purpose. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of securities, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith. Such transfer or exchange will be effected upon the security registrar or such transfer agent, as the case may be, being satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. The Company has appointed the Trustee as security registrar. Any transfer agent (in addition to the security registrar) initially designated by the Company for any securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. The Company may at any time designate additional transfer agents or rescind the designation of any transfer agent or approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts, except that the Company will be required to maintain a transfer agent in each place of payment for the securities of each series.

If the securities of any series (or of any series and specified terms) are to be redeemed in part, the Company will not be required to:

(i) issue, register the transfer of or exchange any security of that series (or of that series and specified terms, as the case may be) during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before the day of mailing of a notice of redemption of any such security that may be selected for redemption and ending at the close of business on the day of such mailing; or

(ii) register the transfer of or exchange any security so selected for redemption, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any such security being redeemed in part.

### **Global Securities**

Some or all of the securities of any series may be represented, in whole or in part, by one or more global securities which will have an aggregate principal amount equal to that of the securities represented thereby. Each global security will be registered in the name of a depositary or a nominee thereof identified in the applicable prospectus supplement, will be deposited with such depositary or nominee or a custodian therefor and will bear a legend regarding the restrictions on exchanges and registration of transfer thereof referred to below and any such other matters as may be provided for pursuant to the Indenture.

Notwithstanding any provision of the Indenture or any security described herein, no global security may be exchanged in whole or in part for securities registered, and no transfer of a global security in whole or in part may be registered, in the name of any person other than the depositary for such global security or any nominee of such depositary unless (i) the depositary has notified the Company that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for such global security or has ceased to be qualified to act as such as required by the Indenture, (ii) there shall have occurred and be continuing an Event of Default with respect to the securities represented by such global security or (iii) there shall exist such circumstances, if any, in addition to or in lieu of those described above as may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. All securities issued in exchange for a global security or any portion thereof will be registered in such names as the depositary may direct.

As long as the depositary, or its nominee, is the registered holder of a global security, the depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner and holder of such global security and the securities represented thereby for all purposes under the securities and the Indenture. Except in the limited circumstances referred to above, owners of beneficial interests in a global security will not be entitled to have such global security or any securities

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represented thereby registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated securities in exchange therefor and will not be considered to be the owners or holders of such global security or any securities represented thereby for any purpose under the securities or the Indenture. All payments of principal of and any premium and interest on a global security will be made to the depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, as the holder thereof. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of such securities in definitive form. These laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global security.

Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be limited to institutions that have accounts with the depositary or its nominee ( participants ) and to persons that may hold beneficial interests through participants. In connection with the issuance of any global security, the depositary will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the respective principal amounts of securities represented by the global security to the accounts of its participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be shown only on, and the transfer of those ownership interests will be effected only through, records maintained by the depositary (with respect to participants' interests) or any such participant (with respect to interests of persons held by such participants on their behalf). Payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to beneficial interests in a global security may be subject to various policies and procedures adopted by the depositary from time to time. None of the Company, the Trustee or any agent of the Company or the Trustee will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the depositary's or any participant's records relating to, or for payments made on account of, beneficial interests in a global security, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial interests.

Secondary trading in notes and debentures of corporate issuers is generally settled in clearing-house or next-day funds. In contrast, beneficial interests in a global security, in some cases, may trade in the depositary's same-day funds settlement system, in which secondary market trading activity in those beneficial interests would be required by the depositary to settle in immediately available funds. There is no assurance as to the effect, if any, that settlement in immediately available funds would have on trading activity in such beneficial interests. Also, settlement for purchases of beneficial interests in a global security upon the original issuance thereof may be required to be made in immediately available funds.

### **Payment and Paying Agents**

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, payment of interest on a security on any interest payment date will be made to the person in whose name such security (or one or more predecessor securities) is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for such interest.

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, principal of and any premium and interest on the securities of a particular series will be payable at the office of such paying agent or paying agents as the Company may designate for such purpose from time to time, except that at the option of the Company payment of any interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as such address appears in the security register. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the corporate trust office of the Trustee will be designated as the Company's sole paying agent for payments with respect to securities of each series. Any other paying agents initially designated by the Company for the securities of a particular series will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. The Company may at any time designate additional paying agents or rescind the designation of any paying agent or approve a change in the office through which any paying agent acts, except that the Company will be required to maintain a paying agent in each place of payment for the securities of a particular series.

All moneys paid by the Company to a paying agent for the payment of the principal of or any premium or interest on any security which remain unclaimed at the end of two years after such principal, premium or interest has become due and payable will be repaid to the Company, and the holder of such security thereafter may look only to the Company for payment thereof.

### **Subordination**

The prospectus supplement, if any, relating to any offering of subordinated debt securities will describe the specific subordination provisions, including the extent of subordination of payments by the Company of the principal of, premium, if any, on and interest on such subordinated debt securities.

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### **Restrictive Covenants Required by the Indenture**

The Indenture requires us to comply with certain restrictive covenants. Some of the provisions are described below. All series of debt securities issued under the Indenture will be entitled to the benefits of the covenants described below except for any series of debt securities that provides that they are not entitled to the benefits of the covenants described below.

#### ***Definition of Attributable Debt***

Attributable Debt means, with respect to any lease, the present value of the total net rental payments during the remaining term of the lease. The present value will be determined by using the discount rate implicit in the terms of the lease as determined by two of our officers and will be compounded semiannually. The net amount of rent we may pay under any lease for any period is the amount of rent payable for the period but excluding payments for maintenance, repairs, insurance, taxes, assessments, water rates or similar charges. For any lease which we may terminate by paying a penalty, the net amount of rent will include the penalty, but no rent will be included after the first date that the lease may be terminated.

#### ***Definition of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets***

Consolidated Net Tangible Assets means the aggregate amount of assets minus the following:

applicable reserves and other properly deductible items,

all current liabilities excluding (1) those that the borrower may extend or renew to a time more than 12 months after the time the amount of the liability is being computed, (2) current maturities of long-term indebtedness and (3) capital lease obligations and

all goodwill shown on our balance sheet.

#### ***Definition of Funded Debt***

Funded Debt means all indebtedness for money borrowed having a maturity of more than 12 months from the determination date or having a maturity of less than 12 months but that the borrower may renew or extend beyond 12 months.

#### ***Definition of Principal Property***

Principal Property means any mine, plant or other facility, the land upon which it stands and the fixtures that are a part of it, (1) which is used primarily for mining and processing and is located in the U.S. and (2) the net book value of which exceeds 5% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets. Principal Property does not include (1) any mine, plant or facility which, in the opinion of our board of directors, is not of material importance to our total business or (2) any portion of a particular mine, plant or facility which is not of material importance to the use or operation of the mine, plant or facility.

#### ***Definition of Restricted Subsidiary***

Restricted Subsidiary means any Subsidiary (1) with substantially all of its property located, or carrying on substantially all of its business, within the U.S. and (2) which owns a Principal Property. Restricted Subsidiary, however, does not include any Subsidiary whose primary business consists of (1) financing operations in connection with leasing and conditional sales transactions on behalf of us and our Subsidiaries, (2) purchasing accounts receivable or making loans secured by accounts receivable or inventory or (3) being a finance company.

#### ***Definition of Subsidiary***

Subsidiary is defined as any corporation or entity in which we or one or more of our Subsidiaries directly or indirectly owns a majority of the voting interests.



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***Limitation on Liens***

The Indenture will prohibit us and any of our Restricted Subsidiaries from incurring, issuing, assuming or guarantying any debt for money borrowed or any debt evidenced by notes, bonds, debentures or other similar documents ( Debt ) secured by any mortgage, security interest or other liens (collectively, Mortgages ) on any Principal Property or shares of stock or indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary, without securing all outstanding series of debt securities under the Indenture (other than any series of debt securities that provide that the debt securities of the series are not entitled to the benefit of this covenant) equally and ratably with (or prior to) the secured Debt to be incurred, issued, assumed or guaranteed. This restriction, however, will not apply if the sum of the following does not exceed 10% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets:

the aggregate principal amount of such secured Debt,

all secured Debt which would otherwise be prohibited, and

all of our and our Restricted Subsidiary s Attributable Debt in respect of sale and leaseback transactions which would otherwise be prohibited by the covenant limiting sale and leaseback transactions described below.

The restriction described above also will not apply to debt for borrowed money secured by the following:

Mortgages on property, stock or Debt of any entity existing at the time it becomes a Restricted Subsidiary,

Mortgages to secure indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary to us or to another Restricted Subsidiary,

Mortgages for taxes, assessments or governmental charges or levies (1) that are not yet due and delinquent or (2) the validity of which is being contested in good faith,

Mortgages of materialmen, mechanics, carriers, workmen, repairmen, landlords or other similar Mortgages, or deposits to obtain the release of these Mortgages,

Mortgages arising under attachment or restraint or similar legal process and the execution or enforcement of which is stayed and which are being contested in good faith,

Mortgages (1) to secure public or statutory obligations, (2) to secure payment of workmen s compensation, (3) to secure performance in connection with tenders, leases of real property, bids or contracts or (4) to secure (or in lieu of) surety or appeal bonds, and Mortgages made in the ordinary course of business for similar purposes,

Mortgages in favor of the United States, any state in the United States, or any foreign governmental entity to secure payments pursuant to any contract or statute (including Debt of the pollution control or industrial revenue bond type) or to secure any debt incurred to finance the purchase price or the cost of construction of the property subject to the Mortgage,

Mortgages on property (including capitalized leases), stock or Debt of a corporation (1) existing at the time we or our Restricted Subsidiary acquired the entity, (2) that secure the payment of the purchase price, construction cost or improvement cost of the



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property, stock or Debt or (3) that secure any Debt incurred prior to, at the time of, or within one year after we or our Restricted Subsidiary acquired the property, shares or Debt, completed the construction on or commenced commercial operation of the property for the purpose of financing the purchase price or construction cost,

Mortgages existing at the date of the Indenture and

any extension, renewal or replacement of any of the Mortgages enumerated above that does not increase the Debt and that is limited to all or a part of the same property, stock or Debt that secured the original mortgage.

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The restrictions discussed above also will not apply to (1) any gold-based loan or forward sale arrangement and (2) Mortgages on property that we or any Restricted Subsidiary own or lease to secure our or a Restricted Subsidiary's proportionate share of any payments required to be made to any Person incurring the expense of developing, exploring or conducting operations for the recovery, processing or sale of the mineral resources of the property.

***Limitation on Sales and Leasebacks***

The Indenture will prohibit us and any of our Restricted Subsidiaries from entering into any arrangement with any third party lender or investor under which we or any Restricted Subsidiary will lease for a period, including renewals, in excess of three years, any Principal Property if we or the Restricted Subsidiary sold or will sell or transfer the Principal Property more than 270 days after the acquisition of the Principal Property or after completion of construction and commencement of full operation of the Principal Property, to the lender or investor or to any person to whom funds have been or will be advanced by the lender or investor on the security of the Principal Property (herein referred to as a sale and lease-back transaction), unless:

we or any Restricted Subsidiary could create Debt secured by a mortgage on the Principal Property to be leased back in an amount equal to the Attributable Debt with respect to such sale and leaseback transaction without equally and ratably securing the debt securities of all series pursuant to the provisions of the covenant on limitation on liens described above or

we apply within 180 days after the sale or transfer an amount equal to the greater of (1) the net proceeds of the sale of the Principal Property sold and leased back pursuant to the arrangement or (2) the fair market value of the Principal Property so sold and leased back at the time of entering into the arrangement to:

- (a) the purchase of different property, facilities or equipment which has a value at least equal to the net proceeds of the sale or
- (b) the retirement of our Funded Debt or that of a Restricted Subsidiary (other than as a result of payment at maturity or pursuant to any mandatory sinking fund or prepayment provision).

The amount to be applied to the retirement of Funded Debt, however, will be reduced by:

the principal amount of any debt securities of any series delivered within 180 days after such sale to the trustee for retirement and cancellation,

if the debt securities of any series are original issue discount debt securities or provide that an amount other than the face value is payable upon maturity or a declaration of acceleration, the amount that is due and payable with respect to such series pursuant to the Indenture delivered within 180 days after such sale to the trustee for retirement and cancellation and

the principal amount of Funded Debt, other than the debt securities, voluntarily retired within 180 days after such sale.

**Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets**

The Company may not consolidate with or merge into, or convey, transfer or lease its properties and assets substantially as an entirety to, any person (a successor person), and may not permit any person to merge into, or convey, transfer or lease its properties and assets substantially as an entirety to, the Company, unless:

- (i) the successor person (if any) is a corporation, partnership, trust or other entity organized and validly existing under the laws of any domestic jurisdiction and assumes the Company's obligations on the securities and under the Indenture;

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(ii) immediately after giving effect to the transaction, no Event of Default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would become an Event of Default, shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(iii) certain other conditions are met.

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### **Events of Default**

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, each of the following will constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture with respect to securities of any series:

- (a) failure to pay principal of or any premium on any security of that series when due, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture;
- (b) failure to pay any interest on any securities of that series when due, continued for 30 days, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture;
- (c) failure to deposit any sinking fund payment, when due, in respect of any security of that series, whether or not such deposit is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture;
- (d) failure to perform any other covenant of the Company in the Indenture (other than a covenant included in the Indenture solely for the benefit of a series other than that series), continued for 90 days after written notice has been given by the Trustee, or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding securities of that series, as provided in the Indenture;
- (e) acceleration of any indebtedness (other than indebtedness under the securities) of any one or both of the Company and Newmont USA Limited in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$75,000,000, if such indebtedness has not been discharged, or such acceleration has not been rescinded or annulled; and
- (f) certain events in bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization; and
- (g) except as permitted by the Indenture, (i) the Subsidiary Guarantee of Newmont USA Limited shall be held in any judicial proceeding to be unenforceable or invalid or shall cease for any reason to be in full force and effect, or (ii) the Newmont USA Limited shall deny or disaffirm its obligation under the Subsidiary Guarantee.

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default described in clause (f) above) with respect to the securities of any series at the time outstanding shall occur and be continuing, either the Trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of that series by notice as provided in the Indenture may declare the principal amount of the securities of that series (or, in the case of any security that is an original issue discount security or the principal amount of which is not then determinable, such portion of the principal amount of such security, or such other amount in lieu of such principal amount, as may be specified in the terms of such security) to be due and payable immediately.

If an Event of Default described in clause (f) above with respect to the securities of any series at the time outstanding shall occur, the principal amount of all the securities of that series (or, in the case of any such original issue discount security or other security, such specified amount) will automatically, and without any action by the Trustee or any holder, become immediately due and payable. After any such acceleration, but before a judgment or decree based on acceleration, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of that series may, under certain circumstances, rescind and annul such acceleration if all Events of Default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal (or other specified amount), have been cured or waived as provided in the Indenture. For information as to waiver of defaults, see Modification and Waiver .

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the Trustee in case an Event of Default shall occur and be continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders, unless such holders shall have offered to the Trustee indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee. Subject to such provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of any series will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to the securities of that series.

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No holder of a security of any series will have any right to institute any proceeding with respect to the Indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or a trustee, or for any other remedy thereunder, unless:

- (i) such holder has previously given to the Trustee written notice of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the securities of that series,
- (ii) the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of that series have made written request, and such holder or holders have offered indemnity satisfactory, to the Trustee to institute such proceeding as trustee; and
- (iii) the Trustee has failed to institute such proceeding, and has not received from the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of that series a direction inconsistent with such request, within 60 days after such notice, request and offer.

However, such limitations do not apply to a suit instituted by a holder of a security for the enforcement of payment of the principal of or any premium or interest on such security on or after the applicable due date specified in such security.

The Company will be required to furnish to the Trustee annually a statement by certain of its officers as to whether or not the Company, to their knowledge, is in default in the performance or observance of any of the terms, provisions and conditions of the Indenture and, if so, specifying all such known defaults.

## **Modification and Waiver**

Modifications and amendments of the Indenture may be made by the Company and the Trustee with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding securities of each series affected by such modification or amendment; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding security affected thereby:

- (i) change the stated maturity of the principal of, or any installment of principal of or interest on, any security, or
- (ii) reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest thereon or any premium payable upon the redemption thereof, or
- (iii) reduce the amount of the principal of an original issue discount security or any other security which would be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof, or
- (iv) change any place of payment where, or the coin or currency in which, any Security or any premium or interest thereon is payable, or
- (v) impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the stated maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption, on or after the redemption date), or
- (vi) reduce the percentage in principal amount of the outstanding securities of any series, the consent of whose holders is required for any such supplemental indenture, or the consent of whose holders is required for any waiver (of compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture or certain defaults thereunder and their consequences) provided for in the Indenture, or
- (vii) modify any such provisions with respect to modification and waiver, except to increase any such percentage or to provide that certain other provisions of the Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each outstanding security affected thereby.

The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding securities of any series may waive compliance by the Company with certain restrictive provisions of the Indenture. The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding securities of any series may waive any past default under the Indenture, except a default in the payment of

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principal, premium or interest and certain covenants and provisions of the Indenture which cannot be amended without the consent of the holder of each outstanding security of such series affected.

The Indenture will provide that in determining whether the holders of the requisite principal amount of the outstanding securities have given or taken any direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action under the Indenture as of any date:

(i) the principal amount of an original issue discount security that will be deemed to be outstanding will be the amount of the principal thereof that would be due and payable as of such date upon acceleration of the maturity thereof to such date;

(ii) if, as of such date, the principal amount payable at the stated maturity of a security is not determinable (for example, because it is based on an index), the principal amount of such security deemed to be outstanding as of such date will be an amount determined in the manner prescribed for such security; and

(iii) the principal amount of a security denominated in one or more foreign currencies or currency units that will be deemed to be outstanding will be the U.S. dollar equivalent, determined as of such date in the manner prescribed for such security, of the principal amount of such security (or, in the case of a security described in clause (i) or (ii) above, of the amount described in such clause).

Certain securities, including those for whose payment or redemption money has been deposited or set aside in trust for the holders and those that have been fully defeased pursuant to Section 1302 of the Trust Indenture Act, will not be deemed to be outstanding.

Except in certain limited circumstances, the Company will be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding securities of any series entitled to give or take any direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action under the Indenture, in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in the Indenture. If a record date is set for any action to be taken by holders of a particular series, such action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding securities of that series on the record date. To be effective, such action must be taken by holders of the requisite principal amount of such securities within a specified period following the record date. For any particular record date, this period will be 180 days or such other period as may be specified by the Company, and may be shortened or lengthened from time to time.

## **Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance**

If and to the extent indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Company may elect, at its option at any time, to have the provisions of Section 1302, relating to defeasance and discharge of indebtedness, or Section 1303, relating to defeasance of certain restrictive covenants in the Indenture, of the Trust Indenture Act applied to the securities of any series, or to any specified part of a series.

## ***Defeasance and Discharge***

The Indenture will provide that, upon the Company's exercise of its option (if any) to have Section 1302 of the Trust Indenture Act applied to any securities, the Company will be discharged from all its obligations with respect to such securities (except for certain obligations to exchange or register the transfer of securities, to replace stolen, lost or mutilated securities, to maintain paying agencies and to hold moneys for payment in trust) upon the deposit in trust for the benefit of the holders of such securities of money or U.S. Government obligations, or both, which, through the payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms, will provide money in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and any premium and interest on such securities on their respective stated maturities in accordance with the terms of the Indenture and such securities. Such defeasance or discharge may occur only if, among other things, the Company has delivered to the Trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that the Company has received from, or there has been published by, the United States Internal Revenue Service a ruling, or there has been a change in tax law, in either case to the effect that holders of such securities will not recognize gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit, defeasance and discharge and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amount, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit, defeasance and discharge were not to occur.

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### ***Defeasance of Certain Covenants***

The Indenture will provide that, upon the Company's exercise of its option (if any) to have Section 1303 of the Trust Indenture Act applied to any securities, the Company may omit to comply with certain restrictive covenants, including any that may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement, and the occurrence of certain Events of Default, which are described above in clause (e) under "Events of Default" and any that may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement, will be deemed not to be or result in an Event of Default with respect to such securities. The Company, in order to exercise such option, will be required to deposit, in trust for the benefit of the holders of such securities, money or U.S. Government obligations, or both, which, through the payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms, will provide money in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and any premium and interest on such securities on the respective stated maturities in accordance with the terms of the Indenture and such securities. The Company will also be required, among other things, to deliver to the Trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that holders of such securities will not recognize gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and defeasance of certain obligations and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amount, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and defeasance were not to occur. In the event the Company exercised this option with respect to any securities and such securities were declared due and payable because of the occurrence of any Event of Default, the amount of money and U.S. Government obligations so deposited in trust would be sufficient to pay amounts due on such securities at the time of their respective stated maturities but may not be sufficient to pay amounts due on such securities upon any acceleration resulting from such Event of Default. In such case, the Company would remain liable for such payments.

### **Notices**

Notices to holders of securities will be given by mail to the addresses of such holders as they may appear in the security register.

### **Title**

The Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the person in whose name a security is registered as the absolute owner thereof (whether or not such security may be overdue) for the purpose of making payment and for all other purposes.

### **Governing Law**

The Indenture and the securities will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

### **Regarding the Trustee**

The Trustee also serves as trustee under other indentures between it, the Company and Newmont USA Limited with respect to other series of debt securities. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default or an event which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would become an Event of Default, or upon the occurrence of a default under one or more of such other indentures, the Trustee may be deemed to have a conflicting interest with respect to the securities or one or more of such other indentures for purposes of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 and, accordingly, may be required to resign as Trustee under the Indenture. In that event, the Company would be required to appoint a successor Trustee.

### **Subsidiary Guarantees of Newmont USA Limited**

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, Newmont USA Limited will unconditionally guarantee our payment obligations under the securities. Newmont USA Limited's subsidiary guarantees will be general unsecured obligations of Newmont USA Limited that will rank senior in right of payment to any of its future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the subsidiary guarantees, and equally in right of payment with all existing and future unsecured indebtedness and liabilities of Newmont USA Limited that are not so subordinated. Financial information for Newmont USA Limited can be found in the Newmont SEC filings (File No. 001-31240) as listed in "Where You Can Find More Information." As of June 30, 2009, Newmont USA Limited had approximately \$3.0 billion of consolidated indebtedness (including guaranteed debt), which consisted of approximately \$2.3 billion of guarantees of indebtedness of Newmont, and approximately \$406 million of its own debt, approximately \$188 million of which is secured. The remaining debt of approximately \$346 million is non-recourse debt of subsidiary companies. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up of Newmont USA Limited, the assets of Newmont USA Limited that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations under the subsidiary guarantees only after all indebtedness under such

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secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. In addition to the holders of the securities, the holders of Newmont USA Limited's other equally ranking unsecured indebtedness and liabilities will have claims against any assets remaining after the payment of all such secured debt. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due under either of Newmont USA Limited's subsidiary guarantees.

Under the terms of Newmont USA Limited's full and unconditional guarantees, holders of the securities will not be required to exercise their remedies against us before they proceed directly against Newmont USA Limited.

Newmont USA Limited will be released and relieved from all its obligations under its subsidiary guarantees in the following circumstances, each of which is permitted by the Indenture:

upon the sale or other disposition (including by way of consolidation or merger), in one transaction or a series of related transactions, of a majority of the total voting power of the capital stock or other interests of Newmont USA Limited (other than to us or any of our affiliates);

upon the sale or disposition of all or substantially all the assets of Newmont USA Limited (other than to us or any of our affiliates); or

upon such time as Newmont USA Limited ceases to guaranty any of our indebtedness other than (i) indebtedness not exceeding \$75,000,000 in the aggregate (it being understood that indebtedness of Newmont that is guaranteed by Newmont USA Limited and that also provides that the guarantee of Newmont USA Limited under such indebtedness shall be released and relieved upon such time as Newmont USA Limited ceases to guaranty any of our indebtedness other than indebtedness not exceeding \$75,000,000 or more in the aggregate shall not be considered in calculating the amount of indebtedness under this clause (i)) and (ii) indebtedness under the securities.

The subsidiary guarantee for each series of the securities will contain a provision intended to limit Newmont USA Limited's liability to the maximum amount that it could incur without causing the incurrence of obligations under the subsidiary guarantee to be a fraudulent transfer. This provision may not be effective to protect the subsidiary guarantees from being voided under fraudulent transfer law.

**DESCRIPTION OF OTHER SECURITIES**

We will set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement a description of any warrants that may be offered pursuant to this prospectus.

**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

The securities being offered by this prospectus may be sold by us or by a selling securityholder:

through agents;

to or through underwriters;

through broker-dealers (acting as agent or principal);

directly by us or a selling securityholder to purchasers, through a specific bidding or auction process or otherwise;



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through a combination of any such methods of sale; or

through any other methods described in a prospectus supplement.

The distribution of securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions, including block transactions and transactions on the New York Stock Exchange or any other organized market where the securities may be traded. The securities may be sold at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, or at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices relating to the prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. The consideration may be cash or another

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form negotiated by the parties. Agents, underwriters or broker-dealers may be paid compensation for offering and selling the securities. That compensation may be in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions to be received from us or from the purchasers of the securities. Dealers and agents participating in the distribution of the securities may be deemed to be underwriters, and compensation received by them on resale of the securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts. If such dealers or agents were deemed to be underwriters, they may be subject to statutory liabilities under the Securities Act.

Agents may from time to time solicit offers to purchase the securities. If required, we will name in the applicable prospectus supplement any agent involved in the offer or sale of the securities and set forth any compensation payable to the agent. Unless otherwise indicated in the prospectus supplement, any agent will be acting on a best efforts basis for the period of its appointment. Any agent selling the securities covered by this prospectus may be deemed to be an underwriter, as that term is defined in the Securities Act, of the securities.

If underwriters are used in a sale, securities will be acquired by the underwriters for their own account and may be resold from time to time in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale, or under delayed delivery contracts or other contractual commitments. Securities may be offered to the public either through underwriting syndicates represented by one or more managing underwriters or directly by one or more firms acting as underwriters. If an underwriter or underwriters are used in the sale of securities, an underwriting agreement will be executed with the underwriter or underwriters at the time an agreement for the sale is reached. The applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the managing underwriter or underwriters, as well as any other underwriter or underwriters, with respect to a particular underwritten offering of securities, and will set forth the terms of the transactions, including compensation of the underwriters and dealers and the public offering price, if applicable. The prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement will be used by the underwriters to resell the securities.

If a dealer is used in the sale of the securities, we, a selling securityholder, or an underwriter will sell the securities to the dealer, as principal. The dealer may then resell the securities to the public at varying prices to be determined by the dealer at the time of resale. To the extent required, we will set forth in the prospectus supplement the name of the dealer and the terms of the transactions.

We or a selling securityholder may directly solicit offers to purchase the securities and we or a selling securityholder may make sales of securities directly to institutional investors or others. These persons may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 with respect to any resale of the securities. To the extent required, the prospectus supplement will describe the terms of any such sales, including the terms of any bidding or auction process, if used.

Agents, underwriters and dealers may be entitled under agreements which may be entered into with us to indemnification by us against specified liabilities, including liabilities incurred under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribution by us to payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. If required, the prospectus supplement will describe the terms and conditions of such indemnification or contribution. Some of the agents, underwriters or dealers, or their affiliates may be customers of, engage in transactions with or perform services for us or our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business.

Under the securities laws of some states, the securities offered by this prospectus may be sold in those states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

Any person participating in the distribution of common stock registered under the registration statement that includes this prospectus will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act, and the applicable SEC rules and regulations, including, among others, Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of our common stock by any such person. Furthermore, Regulation M may restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of our common stock to engage in market-making activities with respect to our common stock. These restrictions may affect the marketability of our common stock and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities with respect to our common stock.

Certain persons participating in an offering may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the offered securities. If any such activities will occur, they will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

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**SELLING SECURITYHOLDERS**

Information about selling securityholders, where applicable, will be set forth in a prospectus supplement, in a post-effective amendment, or in filings we make with the SEC under the Exchange Act that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

**VALIDITY OF THE SECURITIES**

The validity of the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Holme Roberts & Owen LLP, Denver, Colorado, and for any underwriters or agents by counsel named in the applicable prospectus supplement.

**EXPERTS**

The financial statements incorporated in this prospectus by reference to Newmont Mining Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2009, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to Newmont Mining Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2009, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public from our web site at <http://www.newmont.com> or from the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. The information on our website is not incorporated by reference into and is not made a part of this prospectus. You may also read and copy any document we file at the SEC's public reference room located at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms.

We incorporate by reference in this prospectus certain information that we file with the SEC, which means that we disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and information in documents that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede information contained in documents filed earlier with the SEC or contained in this prospectus. We incorporate by reference in this prospectus the documents listed below that have been previously filed with the SEC. These documents contain important information about us and our financial condition. The footnotes to the financial statements within certain of these documents contain financial information for Newmont USA Limited. Subsequent to filing our Annual Report on Form 10-K, we adopted new accounting standards, changed our reportable segments and recast Kori Kollo operations to discontinued operations, all of which require retrospective application. As a result, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 14, 2009 and filed on September 15, 2009 to revise our annual financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

**Newmont SEC Filings (File No. 001-31240)**

**Period**

Annual Report on Form 10-K (including the portions of our proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders incorporated by reference therein except for Item 6, Selected Financial Data, Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and Item 8, Financial Statements and Supplementary Data)

Year ended December 31, 2008, as amended by the Form 10-K/A filed on June 8, 2009 and the Form 8-K filed on September 15, 2009

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q

Quarters ended March 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009 Filed January 27, 2009 (two reports), January 28, 2009 (two reports), January 29, 2009, February 3, 2009 (two reports), April 1, 2009 and September 15, 2009

Current Reports on Form 8-K

Filed on February 15, 2005, including any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating that description

The description of our common stock contained in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A



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We also incorporate by reference in this prospectus any future filings that we may make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until we sell all of the securities that may be offered by this prospectus. However, we are not incorporating by reference any information furnished under Items 2.02 or 7.01 (or corresponding information furnished under Item 9.01 or included as an exhibit) of Form 8-K.

You may request a copy of these filings at no cost to you, by writing or telephoning us as follows:

Newmont Mining Corporation  
6363 South Fiddlers Green Circle  
Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111  
Attn: Office of the Secretary  
(303) 863-7414

This prospectus incorporates documents by reference which are not presented in or delivered with this prospectus. You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and in the documents that we have incorporated by reference into this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of the securities described in this prospectus in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents.

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\$

**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**\$ % Senior Notes due 20**

**\$ % Senior Notes due 20**

**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

*Joint Book-Running Managers*

**Citigroup**

**J.P. Morgan**

March , 2012