

RICHARDSON ELECTRONICS LTD/DE  
Form 10-Q/A  
August 31, 2006  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q/A**

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(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 3, 2005

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 0-12906

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# RICHARDSON ELECTRONICS, LTD.

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

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**Delaware**  
*(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)*

**36-2096643**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**40W267 Keslinger Road, P.O. Box 393 LaFox, Illinois 60147-0393**  
*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (630) 208-2200**

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

As of October 11, 2005, there were outstanding 14,290,918 shares of Common Stock, \$.05 par value, inclusive of 1,328,961 shares held in treasury, and 3,109,697 shares of Class B Common Stock, \$.05 par value, which are convertible into Common Stock of the registrant on a share for share basis.

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**EXPLANATORY NOTE (Amendment No. 1)**

Richardson Electronics, Ltd. (the Company) is filing this first amendment to its Form 10-Q for the three month period ended September 3, 2005, which was previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on October 11, 2005, to amend and restate its condensed consolidated financial statements and other financial information for the Company's three month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004.

On April 4, 2006, the Company concluded that its previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements, including those for its three month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004, should not be relied upon as a result of errors discovered by the Company in the accounts of an Italian subsidiary, RES S.r.l. (Ingenium). The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004, included herein, have been restated to correct these errors and certain other errors (see Note B of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements). The restatement changed net income for the three months ended September 3, 2005 from \$1,562,000 to \$1,820,000, and the net income for the three months ended August 28, 2004 from \$807,000 to \$904,000.

For the convenience of the reader, this Form 10-Q/A sets forth the original Form 10-Q in its entirety and no attempt has been made in this Form 10-Q/A to modify or update the disclosures in the original Form 10-Q except as required to reflect the effects of the restatement described in Note B to the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements and to amend certain disclosures in response to comments received from the SEC staff arising from their review of the Company's filings on Form S-1 as filed on February 7, 2006 since the date of the filing of the original Form 10-Q. Except as otherwise noted herein, this Form 10-Q/A continues to describe conditions of the Company as of the date of the Form 10-Q, and the disclosures contained herein have not been updated to reflect events, results or developments that occurred after the original Form 10-Q, or to modify or update those disclosures affected by subsequent events. Among other things, forward-looking statements made in the original Form 10-Q have not been revised to reflect events, results or developments that occurred or facts that became known to the Company after the date of the original Form 10-Q (other than those directly affected by the restatement), and such forward-looking statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's filings with the SEC subsequent to the filing of the original Form 10-Q.

Part I Item 1 (Financial Statements), and Part I Item 2 (Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations) have been amended from the original Form 10-Q as a result of the restatement and the SEC's comments resulting from its periodic review of the Company's filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the date of the original Form 10-Q.

**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Richardson Electronics, Ltd.****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets***(in thousands, except per share amounts)*

	<b>Unaudited</b>	
	<b>September 3, 2005</b>	<b>May 28, 2005</b>
	<b>(restated)</b>	<b></b>
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,706	\$ 24,301
Receivables, less allowance of \$1,924 and \$1,934	104,195	106,152
Inventories	112,082	101,555
Prepaid expenses	5,188	3,380
Deferred income taxes	4,911	4,911
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Total current assets	246,082	240,299
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Other assets:		
Property, plant and equipment, net	31,455	31,712
Goodwill	12,861	6,149
Other intangible assets, net	1,402	1,045
Assets held for sale	160	
Other assets	4,483	4,735
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Total other assets	50,361	43,641
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Total assets	\$ 296,443	\$ 283,940
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 47,287	\$ 40,392
Accrued liabilities	24,512	23,762
Current portion of long-term debt	23,451	22,305
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Total current liabilities	95,250	86,459
	<b>_____</b>	<b>_____</b>
Non-current liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current portion	99,046	98,028
Non-current deferred income taxes	673	656

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Non-current liabilities	975	1,401
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>100,694</b>	<b>100,085</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>195,944</b>	<b>186,544</b>
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Common stock, \$.05 par value; issued 15,608 shares at September 3, 2005 and 15,597 shares at May 28, 2005	780	780
Class B common stock, convertible, \$.05 par value; issued 3,120 shares at September 3, 2005 and May 28, 2005	156	156
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, no shares issued		
Additional paid-in capital	120,978	121,591
Common stock in treasury, at cost; 1,329 shares at September 3, 2005 and 1,332 shares at May 28, 2005	(7,876)	(7,894)
Accumulated deficit	(14,586)	(16,406)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,047	(831)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>100,499</b>	<b>97,396</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 296,443</b>	<b>\$ 283,940</b>

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*

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**Richardson Electronics, Ltd.**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
**and Comprehensive Income**

*(Unaudited) (in thousands, except per share amounts)*

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 3, 2005</b>	<b>August 28, 2004</b>
	<b>(restated)</b>	<b>(restated)</b>
<b>Statements of Operations</b>		
<b>Net sales</b>	\$ 158,145	\$ 138,447
Cost of sales	119,613	104,592
<b>Gross margin</b>	38,532	33,855
Selling, general and administrative expenses	32,981	29,476
Gain on disposal of assets	(140)	(10)
<b>Operating income</b>	5,691	4,389
Other (income) expense:		
Interest expense	2,277	2,257
Investment income	(108)	
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(137)	901
Other, net	44	37
<b>Total other expense</b>	2,076	3,195
Income before income taxes	3,615	1,194
Income tax provision	1,795	290
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
<b>Net income per share - basic:</b>		
Common stock	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.06
Common stock average shares outstanding	14,264	12,703
Class B common stock	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Class B common stock average shares outstanding	3,120	3,169
<b>Net income per share - diluted:</b>		
Common stock	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06

Common stock average shares outstanding	17,488	16,124
Class B common stock	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Class B common stock average shares outstanding	3,120	3,169
<b>Dividends per common share</b>	<b>\$ 0.040</b>	<b>\$ 0.040</b>
<b>Dividends per Class B common share</b>	<b>\$ 0.036</b>	<b>\$ 0.036</b>
<b>Statements of Comprehensive Income</b>		
Net income	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
Foreign currency translation	1,207	4
Fair value adjustments on investments, net of income tax effect	(68)	74
Cash flow hedges, net of income tax effect		41
<b>Comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$ 2,959</b>	<b>\$ 1,023</b>

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*



**Table of Contents****Richardson Electronics, Ltd.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows***(Unaudited) (in thousands)*

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 3, 2005</b>	<b>August 28, 2004</b>
	<b>(restated)</b>	<b>(restated)</b>
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,516	1,386
Gain on disposal of assets	(140)	(10)
Deferred income taxes	23	402
Receivables	4,005	805
Inventories	(7,403)	(10,609)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,746	2,819
Other liabilities	(419)	(4,921)
Other	(1,348)	(265)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>4,800</b>	<b>(9,489)</b>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Capital expenditures	(1,070)	(2,298)
Proceeds from sale of assets	241	7
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(6,524)	(545)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	401	144
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(401)	(144)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(7,353)</b>	<b>(2,836)</b>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from borrowings	22,270	20,000
Payments on debt	(23,520)	(38,756)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	86	27,893
Cash dividends	(682)	(679)
Other	(272)	
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(2,118)</b>	<b>8,458</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	76	(109)
<b>Decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(4,595)</b>	<b>(3,976)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	24,301	16,572
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 19,706</b>	<b>\$ 12,596</b>

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****RICHARDSON ELECTRONICS, LTD.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(UNAUDITED)****(in thousands, except per share amounts and except where indicated)****Note A Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-K. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and notes required by United States generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results of interim periods have been made and such adjustments were of a normal and recurring nature. The results of operations and cash flows for the three-month period ended September 3, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ended June 3, 2006.

The Company's fiscal quarter ends on the Saturday nearest the end of the quarter ending month. The first quarter of fiscal 2006 contains 14 weeks, and the first quarter of fiscal 2005 contains 13 weeks.

The financial information contained in this report should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No.2) ( 10-K/A ) for the fiscal year ended May 28, 2005. Certain amounts in prior periods' financial statements and related notes have been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2006 presentation. Customer cash discounts were reclassified from selling, general and administrative expenses to net sales. The reclassifications had no impact on net income or stockholders' equity for any reportable period presented.

**Note B Restatement**

On April 4, 2006, the Company concluded that its previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements, including those for its three month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004, should not be relied upon as a result of errors discovered by the Company in the accounts of an Italian subsidiary, RES S.r.l. ( Ingenium ). The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004 have been amended and restated to correct these errors. In addition, the Company has amended and restated the three month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004 condensed consolidated financial statements for certain other errors. The following table summarizes the effects of the restatement adjustments as described above on net income:

	<b>First Quarter</b>	
	<b>FY 2006</b>	<b>FY 2005</b>
Net income as previously reported	\$ 1,562	\$ 807

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Increased (decreased) income:		
Ingenium adjustments	(338)	156
Other adjustments	596	(59)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Net income, as restated	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The following tables summarize the significant effects of the restatement:

Balance Sheet	September 3, 2005		May 28, 2005	
	As		As	
	Reported	As Restated	Reported	As Restated
Cash	\$ 20,285	\$ 19,706	\$ 24,530	\$ 24,301
Receivables	104,121	104,195	106,928	106,152
Inventories	112,936	112,082	102,272	101,555
Prepaid expenses	5,188	5,188	3,293	3,380
Deferred income taxes	6,644	4,911	6,644	4,911
Total current assets	249,174	246,082	243,667	240,299
Property, plant and equipment, net	31,597	31,455	31,821	31,712
Other intangible assets, net	1,375	1,402	1,018	1,045
Non-current deferred income taxes	411		428	
Total assets	300,061	296,443	287,818	283,940
Accounts payable	45,962	47,287	39,305	40,392
Accrued liabilities	23,738	24,512	22,731	23,762
Total current liabilities	93,151	95,250	84,341	86,459
Non-current deferred income taxes		673		656
Total liabilities	193,172	195,944	183,770	186,544
Accumulated deficit	(8,380)	(14,586)	(9,942)	(16,406)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1,231	1,047	(643)	(831)
Total stockholders' equity	106,889	100,499	104,048	97,396
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	300,061	296,443	287,818	283,940

Statement of Income (Loss)	For the three months ended			
	September 3, 2005		August 28, 2004	
	As Reported	As Restated	As Reported	As Restated
Cost of sales	\$ 119,329	\$ 119,613	\$ 104,918	\$ 104,592
Gross margin	38,816	38,532	33,529	33,855
Selling, general & administrative expenses	33,067	32,981	29,216	29,476
Operating income	5,889	5,691	4,323	4,389
Interest expense	2,321	2,277	2,257	2,257
Income before income taxes	3,769	3,615	1,128	1,194
Income tax provision	2,207	1,795	321	290
Net income	1,562	1,820	807	904
Net income per common share - basic (as restated):				
Common stock	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.06
Class B common stock	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.05

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Net income per share - diluted ( <i>as restated</i> ):								
Common stock	\$	0.09	\$	0.10	\$	0.05	\$	0.06
		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>
Class B common stock	\$	0.08	\$	0.10	\$	0.04	\$	0.05
		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>		<u>          </u>

For the three months ended

Statement of Cash Flows	September 3, 2005		August 28, 2004					
	As		As					
	Reported	As Restated	Reported	As Restated				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	5,150	\$	4,800	\$	(9,601)	\$	(9,489)
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,352)		(7,353)		(2,917)		(2,836)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		75		76		(109)		(109)

**Note C Investment in Marketable Equity Securities**

The Company's investments are primarily equity securities, all of which are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at their fair value based on the quoted market prices. Proceeds from the sale of the securities were \$401 and \$144 during the first quarter of fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively, all of which were subsequently reinvested. Gross realized gains on those sales were \$51 and \$22 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. Gross realized losses on those sales were \$1 and \$17 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. Net unrealized holding losses of \$68 and net unrealized holding gains of \$119 have been included in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The following table is the disclosure under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*, for the investment in marketable equity securities with fair values less than cost basis:

Description of Securities	Marketable Security Holding Length											
	Less Than 12 Months		More Than 12 Months		Total							
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized						
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses						
September 3, 2005												
Common Stock	\$	737	\$	97	\$	192	\$	11	\$	929	\$	108
May 28, 2005												
Common Stock	\$	2,044	\$	33	\$		\$		\$	2,044	\$	33

**Note D Assets Held for Sale**

On August 4, 2005, the Company entered into a contract to sell approximately 1.5 acres of real estate and a building located in Geneva, Illinois for \$3,000. The contract is subject to a number of conditions, including inspections, environmental testing, and other customary conditions.

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Although the sale of the real estate and building is expected to close within one year from the date of the agreement, the Company cannot give any assurance as to the timing or successful completion of the transaction.

**Table of Contents****Note E Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

The Company performed its annual impairment test during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005. The same methodology was employed in completing the annual impairment test as in applying transitional accounting provisions of SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. The Company did not find any indication that additional impairment existed, and therefore, no additional impairment loss was recorded as a result of completing the annual impairment test.

The table below provides changes in carrying value of goodwill by reportable segment which includes RF & Wireless Communications Group (RFGC), Industrial Power Group (IPG), Security Systems Division (SSD), and Display Systems Group (DSG):

	Goodwill				
	Reportable Segments				
	RFGC	IPG	SSD	DSG	Total
Balance at May 28, 2005	\$	\$ 1,126	\$ 1,577	\$ 3,446	\$ 6,149
Additions				6,598	6,598
Foreign currency translation		3	111		114
Balance at September 3, 2005	\$	\$ 1,129	\$ 1,688	\$ 10,044	\$ 12,861

The addition to goodwill in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 represents the acquisition of A.C.T. Kern GmbH & Co. KG ( Kern ) located in Germany, effective June 1, 2005. The cash outlay for Kern was \$6,524, net of cash acquired. Kern is one of the leading display technology companies in Europe with world wide customers in manufacturing, OEM, medicine, multimedia, IT trading, system houses, and other industries.

The following table provides changes in carrying value of other intangible assets not subject to amortization:

	Other Intangible Assets Not Subject to Amortization				
	Reportable Segments				
	RFGC	IPG	SSD	DSG	Total
Balance at May 28, 2005	\$	\$ 9	\$ 278	\$	\$ 287
Foreign currency translation			20		20
Balance at September 3, 2005	\$	\$ 9	\$ 298	\$	\$ 307

Intangible assets subject to amortization, as well as amortization expense are as follows:

	<b>Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization</b>			
	<b>September 3, 2005</b>		<b>May 28, 2005</b>	
	<b>Gross</b>	<b>Accumulated</b>	<b>Gross</b>	<b>Accumulated</b>
	<b>Amounts (restated)</b>	<b>Amortization (restated)</b>	<b>Amounts</b>	<b>Amortization</b>
Debenture costs	\$ 108	\$	\$	\$
Deferred financing costs	3,243	2,286	2,968	2,241
Patents and trademarks	558	528	554	523
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,909</b>	<b>\$ 2,814</b>	<b>\$ 3,522</b>	<b>\$ 2,764</b>



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Deferred financing costs increased during the first quarter of fiscal 2006 due to the amendment of the Company's multi-currency revolving credit agreement executed on August 24, 2005.

Amortization expense for the three-month periods ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004 is as follows:

	Amortization Expense for	
	First Quarter	
	FY 2006	FY 2005
Deferred financing costs	\$ 45	\$ 42
Patents and trademarks	1	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 46</b>	<b>\$ 45</b>

The amortization expense associated with the intangible assets subject to amortization is expected to be \$204, \$201, \$201, \$201, \$113, \$53, and \$29 in fiscal 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012, respectively. The weighted average number of years of amortization expense remaining is 5.02.

**Note F Restructuring Charges**

As a result of the Company's fiscal 2005 restructuring initiative, a restructuring charge, including severance and lease termination costs of \$2,152, was recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) in the third quarter of fiscal 2005. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, the employee severance and related costs were adjusted resulting in a \$183 decrease in SG&A due to the difference between estimated severance costs and the actual payouts. Severance costs of \$1,108 were paid in fiscal 2005. During the first quarter of fiscal 2006, severance costs of \$342 were paid. The remaining balance payable during fiscal 2006 has been included in accrued liabilities. Terminations affected over 60 employees across various business functions, operating units, and geographic regions. As of September 3, 2005, the following table depicts the amounts associated with the activity related to restructuring by reportable segment:

	Restructuring	For the three months ended			Restructuring
	Liability	September 3, 2005			Liability
	May 28,	Reserve	Adjustment	September 3,	
Fiscal 2006	2005	Recorded	Payment	to Reserve	2005
Employee severance and related costs:					
RFWC	\$ 318	\$	\$ (134)	\$	\$ 184
IPG	183		(35)		148

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SSD	25	(22)	3
DSG	230	(98)	132
Corporate	70	(53)	17
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total	826	(342)	484
Lease termination costs:			
SSD	35	(35)	
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
Total	\$ 861	\$ (377)	\$ 484
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

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The Company offers warranties for specific products it manufactures. The Company also provides extended warranties for some products it sells that lengthen the period of coverage specified in the manufacturer's original warranty. Terms generally range from one to three years.

The Company estimates the cost to perform under its warranty obligation and recognizes this estimated cost at the time of the related product sale. The Company reports this expense as an element of cost of sales in its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Each quarter, the Company assesses actual warranty costs incurred, on a product-by-product basis, as compared to its estimated obligation. The estimates with respect to new products are based generally on knowledge of the products, are extrapolated to reflect the extended warranty period, and are refined each quarter as better information with respect to warranty experience becomes known.

Warranty reserves are established for costs that are expected to be incurred after the sale and delivery of products under warranty. The warranty reserves are determined based on known product failures, historical experience, and other currently available evidence.

Changes in the warranty reserve for the three months ended September 3, 2005 were as follows:

	<b>Warranty</b>
	<b>Reserve</b>
	<u>          </u>
Balance at May 28, 2005	\$ 1,439
Accruals for products sold	352
Utilization	(144)
	<u>          </u>
Balance at September 3, 2005	<u>\$ 1,647</u>

The increase in the warranty accrual represents warranties primarily related to products covered under a three year warranty offered by the Company's Display Systems Group.

**Note H - Debt**

Long-term debt consists of the following:

<u>September 3,</u>	<u>May 28,</u>
<u>2005</u>	<u>2005</u>

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8¼% convertible debentures, due June 2006	\$ 17,538	\$ 17,538
7¼% convertible debentures, due December 2006	4,753	4,753
7¾% convertible notes, due December 2011	44,683	44,683
Floating-rate multi-currency revolving credit agreement, due October 2009 (4.76% at September 3, 2005)	54,334	53,314
Other	1,189	45
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total debt	122,497	120,333
Less: current portion	(23,451)	(22,305)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Long-term debt	\$ 99,046	\$ 98,028

At September 3, 2005, the Company maintained \$99,046 in long-term debt, primarily in the form of one issuance of convertible notes and a multi-currency credit agreement. The Company maintains two issuances of convertible debentures in short-term debt at September 3, 2005 in the amount of \$17,538 and \$4,753 for the 8¼% convertible senior subordinated debentures (8¼% debentures) and the 7¼% convertible subordinated debentures (7¼% debentures), respectively. This short-term classification resulted from the amended and restated credit agreement requiring the 8¼% and 7¼% debentures to be refinanced prior to February 28, 2006. On August 24, 2005, the Company executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement which extended the refinancing requirement for the 8¼% and 7¼% debentures to June 10, 2006.

In October 2004, the Company's multi-currency revolving credit agreement is in the amount of approximately \$109,000 (the size of the credit line varies based on fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates). The agreement expires in October 2009, and the outstanding balance at that time will become due. At September 3, 2005, \$54,334 was outstanding under the amended and restated credit agreement. The amended and restated credit agreement is principally secured by the Company's trade receivables and inventory. The amended and restated credit agreement bears interest at applicable LIBOR rates plus a margin, varying with certain financial performance criteria. At September 3, 2005, the applicable margin was 2.25%. Outstanding letters of credit were \$1,643 at September 3, 2005, leaving an unused line of \$54,231 under the total amended and restated credit agreement; however, this amount was reduced to \$1,161 due to maximum permitted leverage ratios. The commitment fee related to the amended and restated credit agreement is 0.25% per annum payable quarterly on the average daily unused portion of the aggregate commitment. The Company's amended and restated credit agreement consists of the following facilities as of September 3, 2005:

	Capacity	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate
US Facility	\$ 70,000	\$ 23,100	5.53%
Canada Facility	14,367	8,800	4.25%
Sweden Facility	8,614	8,614	3.45%
UK Facility	8,249	5,866	6.37%
Euro Facility	6,247	6,133	3.86%
Japan Facility	2,731	1,821	1.85%
	<hr/>	<hr/>	
Total	\$ 110,208	\$ 54,334	4.78%

*Note: Due to maximum permitted leverage ratios, the amount of the unused line cannot be calculated on a facility-by-facility basis.*

On August 24, 2005, the Company executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the maximum permitted leverage ratios and the minimum required fixed charge coverage ratios for each of the first three quarters of fiscal 2006 to provide the Company additional flexibility for these periods. In addition, the amendment also provides that the Company will maintain excess availability on the borrowing base of not less than \$23,000 until June 30, 2006 if a default or event of default does not exist on or before this date. The applicable margin pricing was increased by 25 basis points. In addition, the amendment extended the Company's requirement to refinance the remaining \$22,291 aggregate principal amount of the Company's 7¼% debentures and the 8¼% debentures from February 28, 2006 to June 10, 2006.

At September 3, 2005, the Company was not in compliance with its amended and restated credit agreement covenants with respect to the tangible net worth covenant due solely to the additional goodwill recorded as a result of the Kern acquisition. On October 12, 2005, the Company received a waiver from its lending group for the default and executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the minimum tangible net worth requirement to adjust for the goodwill associated with the Kern acquisition.

#### **Note I Income Taxes**

The effective income tax rates for the first quarters ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004 were 49.7% and 24.3%, respectively. The difference between the effective tax rate as compared to the U.S. federal statutory rate of 34% primarily results from the Company's geographical distribution of taxable income and losses and, in the quarter ended September 3, 2005, subject to valuation allowances related to net operating losses. For the three months ended September 3, 2005, the tax benefit primarily related to net operating losses was limited by the requirement for a valuation allowance of \$290, which increased the effective income tax rate by 8%.

#### **Note J Calculation of Earnings Per Share**

The Company has authorized 30,000 shares of common stock, 10,000 shares of Class B common stock, and 5,000 shares of preferred stock. The Class B common stock has ten votes per share. The Class B common stock has transferability restrictions; however, it may be converted into common stock on a share-for-share basis at any time. With respect to dividends and distributions, shares of common stock and Class B common stock rank equally and have the same rights, except that Class B common stock cash dividends are limited to 90% of the amount of common stock cash dividends.

The Company has determined that, under Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 03-6, Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method under FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings per Share, a two-class method of computing earnings per share is required. According to the EITF Issue No. 03-6, the Company's Class B common stock is considered a participating security requiring the use of the two-class method for the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share. The two-class computation method for each period reflects the cash dividends paid per share for each class of stock, plus the amount of allocated undistributed earnings per share computed using the participation percentage which reflects the dividend rights of each class of stock. Basic and diluted earnings per share reflect the application of EITF Issue No. 03-6 and was computed using the two-class method. Prior periods have been restated to reflect this change. The shares of Class B common stock are considered to be participating convertible securities since the shares of Class B common stock are convertible on a share-for-share basis into shares of common stock and may participate in dividends with common stock according to a predetermined formula (90% of the amount of common stock cash dividends).

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income, adjusted for interest savings, net of tax, on assumed conversion of convertible debentures and notes, by the actual shares outstanding and share equivalents that would arise from the exercise of stock options, certain restricted stock awards, and the assumed conversion of convertible debentures and notes when dilutive. The Company's 8¼% and 7¼% debentures and its 7¾% notes are excluded from the calculation for the first quarter of fiscal 2006, and the Company's 8¼% and 7¼% debentures are excluded from the calculation for the first quarter of fiscal 2005, as assumed conversion and the effect of the interest savings would be anti-dilutive. The per share amounts presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 and 2005 are based on the following amounts:

**First Quarter**

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	FY 2006 (restated)	FY 2005 (restated)
<b><u>Numerator for basic and diluted EPS:</u></b>		
Net income	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
Less dividends:		
Common stock	571	565
Class B common stock	112	114
Undistributed earnings	\$ 1,137	\$ 225
Common stock undistributed earnings	\$ 950	\$ 184
Class B common stock undistributed earnings - basic	187	41
Total undistributed earnings - common stock and Class B common stock - basic	\$ 1,137	\$ 225
Common stock undistributed earnings	\$ 951	\$ 184
Class B common stock undistributed earnings - diluted	186	41
Total undistributed earnings - Class B common stock - diluted	\$ 1,137	\$ 225
<b><u>Denominator for basic and diluted EPS:</u></b>		
Denominator for basic EPS:		
Common stock weighted average shares	14,264	12,703
Class B common stock weighted average shares, and shares under if-converted method for diluted earnings per share	3,120	3,169
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Unvested restricted stock awards	4	21
Dilutive stock options	100	231
Denominator for diluted EPS adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions	17,488	16,124
<b><u>Net income per share (as restated):</u></b>		
Common stock basic	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.06
Class B common stock basic	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Common stock diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06
Class B common stock diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05

As of the first quarter of fiscal 2006, 1,619 common stock options were anti-dilutive and were not included in the dilutive earnings per common share calculation. As of the first quarter of fiscal 2005, 1,268 common stock options were anti-dilutive and were not included in the dilutive earnings per common share calculation.

**Table of Contents****Note K Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for its stock option plans and stock purchase plan in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related interpretations. As such, compensation expense would be recorded on the date of grant only if the current market price of the underlying stock exceeded the exercise price. However, the exercise price of all grants under the Company's option plans has been equal to the fair market value on the date of grant. SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, requires estimation of the fair value of options granted to employees. Had the Company's option plans and stock purchase plan been treated as compensatory under the provisions of SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income and net income per share would have been affected as follows:

	First Quarter	
	FY 2006 (restated)	FY 2005 (restated)
Net income, as reported	\$ 1,820	\$ 904
Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of income tax	1	51
Deduct: Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value-based method for all awards, net of income tax	(183)	(216)
<b>Pro-forma net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,638</b>	<b>\$ 739</b>
Net income per share, as reported ( <i>as restated</i> ):		
Common stock - basic	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.06
Class B common stock - basic	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Common stock - diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06
Class B common stock - diluted	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Net income per share, pro forma ( <i>as restated</i> ):		
Common stock - basic	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.05
Class B common stock - basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04
Common stock - diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.05
Class B common stock - diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04

**Note L Segment Information**

The following disclosures are made in accordance with the SFAS No. 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*. The Company's strategic business units (SBUs) in fiscal 2006 are: RF & Wireless Communications Group (RWC), Industrial

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Power Group (IPG), Security Systems Division (SSD), and Display Systems Group (DSG).

RFCW serves the voice and data telecommunications market and the radio and television broadcast industry predominately for infrastructure applications.

IPG serves a broad range of customers including the steel, automotive, textile, plastics, semiconductor manufacturing, broadcast, and transportation industries.



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SSD provides security systems and related design services which includes such products as closed circuit television, fire, burglary, access control, sound, and communication products and accessories.

DSG provides system integration and custom display solutions for the public information, financial, point-of-sale, and medical imaging markets.

Each SBU is directed by a Vice President and General Manager who reports to the President and Chief Operating Officer. The President evaluates performance and allocates resources, in part, based on the direct operating contribution of each SBU. Direct operating contribution is defined as gross margin less product management and direct selling expenses.

Accounts receivable, inventory, and goodwill are identified by SBU. Cash, net property, and other assets are not identifiable by SBU. Operating results for each SBU are summarized in the following table:

	Sales	Gross Margin (restated)	Contribution (restated)	Assets (restated)
<u>First Quarter Fiscal 2006</u>				
RFWC	\$ 72,473	\$ 16,024	\$ 9,236	\$ 90,895
IPG	32,522	9,904	6,532	58,432
SSD	26,904	7,014	2,248	36,304
DSG	24,450	6,015	2,794	31,901
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 156,349</b>	<b>\$ 38,957</b>	<b>\$ 20,810</b>	<b>\$ 217,532</b>
<u>First Quarter Fiscal 2005</u>				
RFWC	\$ 64,427	\$ 14,996	\$ 8,297	\$ 92,641
IPG	29,647	9,107	6,240	51,974
SSD	25,761	6,498	2,577	35,095
DSG	16,980	4,133	1,807	24,872
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 136,815</b>	<b>\$ 34,734</b>	<b>\$ 18,921</b>	<b>\$ 204,582</b>

A reconciliation of net sales, gross margin, direct operating contribution, and assets to the relevant consolidated amounts is as follows. Other assets not identified include miscellaneous receivables, manufacturing inventories, and other assets.

	<u>First Quarter</u>	
	<u>FY 2006</u>	<u>FY 2005</u>
Segment net sales	\$ 156,349	\$ 136,815
Corporate	1,796	1,632

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Net sales	\$ 158,145	\$ 138,447
Segment gross margin (restated)	\$ 38,957	\$ 34,734
Manufacturing variances and other costs	(425)	(879)
Gross margin (restated)	\$ 38,532	\$ 33,855
Segment contribution (restated)	\$ 20,810	\$ 18,921
Manufacturing variances and other costs	(425)	(879)
Regional selling expenses	(5,388)	(4,539)
Administrative expenses (restated)	(9,446)	(9,124)
Gain on disposal of assets	140	10
Operating income (restated)	\$ 5,691	\$ 4,389

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	<b>First Quarter</b>	
	<b>FY 2006</b> <b>(restated)</b>	<b>FY 2005</b>
Segment assets	\$ 217,532	\$ 202,223
Cash and cash equivalents	19,706	24,301
Other current assets	22,013	20,211
Net property	31,455	31,712
Other assets	5,737	5,493
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 296,443</b>	<b>\$ 283,940</b>

Geographic net sales information is primarily grouped by customer destination into five areas: North America, Europe, Asia/Pacific, Latin America, and Corporate. Europe includes sales to the Middle East and Africa. Net sales to Mexico are included as part of Latin America. Corporate consists of freight and non-area specific sales.

Net sales and gross margin by geographic region are presented in the table below:

	<b>First Quarter</b>	
	<b>FY 2006</b>	<b>FY 2005</b>
<b>Net Sales</b>		
North America	\$ 82,121	\$ 74,340
Europe	32,806	29,502
Asia/Pacific	37,200	28,789
Latin America	6,000	4,865
Corporate	18	951
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 158,145</b>	<b>\$ 138,447</b>
<b>Gross Margin</b>		
North America	\$ 21,489	\$ 18,969
Europe (restated)	9,326	8,753
Asia/Pacific	9,138	6,716
Latin America	1,522	1,294
Corporate	(2,943)	(1,877)
<b>Total (restated)</b>	<b>\$ 38,532</b>	<b>\$ 33,855</b>

The Company sells its products to companies in diversified industries and performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition. Terms are generally on open account, payable net 30 days in North America, and vary throughout Europe, Asia/Pacific, and Latin America. Estimates of credit losses are recorded in the financial statements based on periodic reviews of outstanding accounts, and actual losses have been consistently within management's estimates.

**Note M Recently Issued Pronouncements**

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) revised SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. This Statement establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS No. 123(R) is effective at the beginning of the next fiscal year that begins after June 15, 2005, or the Company's fiscal year 2007. The Company is evaluating the impact of the adoption of SFAS No.123(R) on the financial statements.

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**Note N Subsequent Events**

During the second quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company implemented a reorganization plan encompassing the Company's RFWC and IPG business units. Effective for the second quarter of fiscal 2006, IPG will be designated as the Electron Device Group (EDG) and RFWC will be designated as RF, Wireless & Power Division (RFPD). The reorganization was implemented to increase efficiencies by integrating the IPG power conversion sales and product management into RFWC, improving the geographic sales coverage and driving sales growth by leveraging RFWC's larger sales resources. In addition, EDG will benefit from an increased focus on the high-margin tube business with a simplified global sales and product management structure to work more effectively with customers and vendors.

At September 3, 2005, the Company was not in compliance with its amended and restated credit agreement covenants with respect to the tangible net worth covenant due solely to the additional goodwill recorded as a result of the Kern acquisition. On October 12, 2005, the Company received a waiver from its lending group for the default and executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the minimum tangible net worth requirement to adjust for the goodwill associated with the Kern acquisition.

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share amounts and except where indicated)**

As discussed in Note B of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been amended and restated. The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis gives effect to the restatement.

Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A are forward-looking statements relating to future events, which involve certain risks and uncertainties. Further, there can be no assurance that the trends reflected in historical information will continue in the future.

Investors should consider carefully the following risk factors, in addition to the other information included and incorporated by reference in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report are statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words expect, estimate, anticipate, predict, believe, and similar expressions and variations thereof are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements appear in a number of places in this report and include statements regarding the intent, belief, or current expectations of the Company, its directors, or its officers with respect to, among other things: (i) trends affecting the Company's financial condition or results of operations; (ii) the Company's financing plans; (iii) the Company's business and growth strategies, including potential acquisitions; and (iv) other plans and objectives for future operations. Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ materially from those predicted in the forward-looking statements or which may be anticipated from historical results or trends.

In addition to the information contained in the Company's other filings with the Securities Exchange Commission, factors that could affect future performance include, among others, the following:

*The Company has had significant operating and net losses in the past and may have future losses.*

*The Company maintains a significant investment in inventory and has incurred significant charges for inventory obsolescence and overstock, and may incur similar charges in the future.*

*If the Company does not maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting, it could be unable to provide timely and reliable financial information.*

*Because the Company derives a significant portion of its revenue by distributing products designed and manufactured by third parties, it may be unable to anticipate changes in the marketplace and, as a result, could lose market share.*

*The Company has exposure to economic downturns and operates in cyclical markets.*

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*The Company has significant debt, which could limit its financial resources and ability to compete and may make it more vulnerable to adverse economic events.*

*The Company's ability to service its debt and meet its other obligations depends on a number of factors beyond its control.*

*The Company's success depends on its executive officers and other key personnel.*

*The Company's amended and restated credit facility and the indentures for its outstanding debentures impose restrictions with respect to various business matters.*

*The Company was not in compliance with one of the financial covenants of its amended and restated credit facility for the quarter ended September 3, 2005, and may not be able to comply with these financial covenants in the future.*

*Recent changes in accounting standards regarding stock option plans could limit the desirability of granting stock options, which could harm the Company's ability to attract and retain employees, and could also negatively impact its results of operations.*

*The Company faces intense competition in the markets it serves and, if it does not compete effectively, it could significantly harm its operating results.*

*The Company may not be able to continue to make the acquisitions necessary for it to realize its growth strategy or integrate acquisitions successfully.*

*If the Company does not continue to reduce its costs, it may not be able to compete effectively in its markets.*

*The Company's Industrial Power Group is dependent on a limited number of vendors to supply it with essential products.*

*Economic, political, and other risks associated with international sales and operations could adversely affect the Company's business.*

*The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk.*

*Because the Company generally does not have long-term contracts with its vendors, it may experience shortages of products that could harm its business and customer relationships.*

*The Company may have underpaid taxes in foreign countries where it has operations.*

For more discussion of such risks, see "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 31, 2006.

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These risks are not exhaustive. Other sections of this report may include additional factors, which could adversely affect the Company's business and financial performance. Moreover, the Company operates in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as predictions of actual results.

Investors should also be aware that while the Company does, from time to time, communicate with securities analysts, it is against the Company's policy to disclose to them any material non-public information or other confidential commercial information. Accordingly, stockholders should not assume that the Company agrees with any statement or report issued by any analyst irrespective of the content of the statement or report. Thus, to the extent that reports issued by securities analysts contain any projections, forecasts, or opinions, such reports are not the responsibility of the Company.



**Table of Contents****Overview****Description of Business**

The Company is a global provider of engineered solutions and a distributor of electronic components to the radio frequency (RF) and wireless communications, industrial power conversion, security, and display systems markets. Utilizing its core engineering and manufacturing capabilities, the Company is committed to a strategy of providing specialized technical expertise and value-added products, or engineered solutions, in response to customers' needs. These solutions consist of products which the Company manufactures or modifies and products which are manufactured to its specifications by independent manufacturers under the Company's own private labels. Additionally, the Company provides solutions and adds value through design-in support, systems integration, prototype design and manufacturing, testing, and logistics for its customers' end products. Design-in support includes component modifications or the identification of lower-cost product alternatives or complementary products.

The Company's products include RF and microwave components, power semiconductors, electron tubes, microwave generators, data display monitors, and electronic security products and systems. These products are used to control, switch or amplify electrical power or signals, or as display, recording, or alarm devices in a variety of industrial, communication, and security applications.

The Company's marketing, sales, product management, and purchasing functions are organized as four strategic business units (SBUs): RF & Wireless Communications Group (RWC), Industrial Power Group (IPG), Security Systems Division (SSD), and Display Systems Group (DSG), with operations in the major economic regions of the world: North America, Europe, Asia/Pacific, and Latin America.

**Results of Operations***Net Sales and Gross Margin Analysis*

In the first quarter of fiscal 2006, consolidated net sales increased 14.2% to \$158,145 as all four SBU's increased net sales over the prior year's first quarter with strong demand for custom displays and wireless products. Effective June 1, 2005, the Company acquired A.C.T. Kern GmbH & Co. KG (Kern), a leading display technology company in Europe. Net sales for Kern, included in DSG and the Europe region, in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 were \$3,413. The first quarter of fiscal 2006 contained 14 weeks as compared to 13 weeks for the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Net sales by SBU are presented as follows (in thousands):

Net Sales

First Quarter	FY 2006	FY 2005	% Change
RWC	\$ 72,473	\$ 64,427	12.5%
IPG	32,522	29,647	9.7%

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SSD	26,904	25,761	4.4%
DSG	24,450	16,980	44.0%
Corporate	1,796	1,632	
Total	\$ 158,145	\$ 138,447	14.2%

*Note: The fiscal 2005 data has been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2006 presentation. The modification includes reclassifying customer cash discounts from selling, general and administrative expenses to net sales. Corporate consists of freight, other non-specific net sales, and customer cash discounts.*

Consolidated gross margins increased 13.8% to \$38,532 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with \$33,855 in the same period last fiscal year due mainly to an increase in sales volume. Consolidated gross margin as a percentage of net sales was 24.4% in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 versus 24.5% in the first quarter of last fiscal year. Gross margin for each SBU and gross margin as a percentage of net sales are presented in the following table. Gross margin reflects the distribution and manufacturing product margin less manufacturing variances, customer returns, scrap and cycle count adjustments, engineering costs, inventory overstock charges, and other provisions. Gross margin on freight, general inventory obsolescence provisions, and miscellaneous costs are included under the caption Corporate.

**Table of Contents**Gross Margin

<b>First Quarter</b>	<b>FY 2006 (restated)</b>	<b>% of Net Sales</b>	<b>FY 2005 (restated)</b>	<b>% of Net Sales</b>
RFWC	\$ 16,024	22.1%	\$ 14,996	23.3%
IPG	9,904	30.5%	9,107	30.7%
SSD	7,014	26.1%	6,498	25.2%
DSG	6,015	24.6%	4,133	24.3%
Corporate	(425)		(879)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 38,532</b>	<b>24.4%</b>	<b>\$ 33,855</b>	<b>24.5%</b>

*Note: The fiscal 2005 data has been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2006 presentation. The modification includes reclassifying customer cash discounts from selling, general and administrative expenses to net sales. Corporate consists of freight, other non-specific gross margins, and customer cash discounts.*

Net sales and gross margin trends are analyzed for each strategic business unit in the discussion below.

*RF & Wireless Communications Group*

RFWC net sales increased 12.5% in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 to \$72,473 as compared with \$64,427 in the same period last fiscal year. The sales growth was due mainly to an increase in sales of the network access and infrastructure product lines with growth of 24.4% and 22.2% to \$30,616 and \$21,355, respectively, offset by lower net sales of passive/interconnect products. The sales growth was the main contributor to the gross margin increase of 6.9% to \$16,024; however, RFWC gross margin percentage declined to 22.1% from 23.3% due mainly to product mix.

*Industrial Power Group*

IPG net sales increased in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 to \$32,522, 9.7% higher than \$29,647 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Tube sales increased 10.3% in the first three months of fiscal 2006 to \$17,546 versus \$15,905 in the same period last fiscal year, and power components sales grew to \$11,167, 7.7% higher than \$10,367 in the same period last fiscal year. Gross margin for IPG increased 8.8% to \$9,904 due to sales volume increases in these product lines in the first quarter of fiscal 2006, while gross margin percentage remained relatively flat with the first quarter of fiscal 2005.

*Security Systems Division*

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Net sales for SSD increased 4.4% in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 to \$26,904 as compared with \$25,761 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Net sales of private label products increased 22.1% to \$8,491 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with \$6,956 in the same period last fiscal year. Gross margin for SSD increased 7.9% to \$7,014 in the first three months of fiscal 2006 versus the same period last fiscal year and SSD gross margin percentage increased to 26.1% due primarily to improvement in the private label product line gross margin.

### *Display Systems Group*

DSG net sales grew 44.0% in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 to \$24,450 as compared with \$16,980 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The sales growth was mainly due to the Kern acquisition and to an increase in sales of the custom display and medical monitor product lines with increases of 135.1% and 15.9% to \$9,138 and \$8,849, respectively. Net sales for Kern in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 were \$3,413. DSG gross margin increased 45.5% to \$6,015 and the gross margin percentage increased to 24.6% from 24.3%.

**Table of Contents***Sales by Geographic Area*

On a geographic basis, the Company categorizes its sales by destination: North America, Europe, Asia/Pacific, Latin America, and Corporate. Net sales and gross margin, as a percent of net sales, by geographic area are as follows (in thousands):

Net Sales

<u>First Quarter</u>	<u>FY 2006</u>	<u>FY 2005</u>	<u>% Change</u>
North America	\$ 82,121	\$ 74,340	10.5%
Europe	32,806	29,502	11.2%
Asia/Pacific	37,200	28,789	29.2%
Latin America	6,000	4,865	23.3%
Corporate	18	951	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 158,145</b>	<b>\$ 138,447</b>	<b>14.2%</b>

Gross Margin

<u>First Quarter</u>	<u>FY 2006</u> <u>(restated)</u>	<u>% of</u> <u>Net Sales</u>	<u>FY 2005</u> <u>(restated)</u>	<u>% of</u> <u>Net Sales</u>
North America	\$ 21,489	26.2%	\$ 18,969	25.5%
Europe	9,326	28.4%	8,753	29.7%
Asia/Pacific	9,138	24.6%	6,716	23.3%
Latin America	1,522	25.4%	1,294	26.6%
Corporate	(2,943)		(1,877)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 38,532</b>	<b>24.4%</b>	<b>\$ 33,855</b>	<b>24.5%</b>

*Note: The fiscal 2005 data has been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2006 presentation. The modification includes reclassifying customer cash discounts from selling, general and administrative expenses to net sales. Europe includes sales and gross margins to Middle East and Africa. Latin America includes sales and gross margins to Mexico. Corporate consists of freight and other non-specific sales and gross margins.*

Net sales in North America increased 10.5% to \$82,121 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with \$74,340 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The sales growth was due mainly to higher demand for display systems in the U.S. and security systems in Canada. In addition, net sales in Canada experienced an overall gain of 23.2% to \$21,121 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 versus \$17,150 in the prior fiscal year. An increase in net sales of higher margin products resulted in gross margin improvement in North America to 26.2% for the first quarter of fiscal 2006.

Net sales in Europe grew to \$32,806 in the first three months of fiscal 2006, 11.2% higher than \$29,502 in the same period a year ago due mainly to the Kern acquisition. Gross margin as a percentage of sales in Europe decreased in the first three months of fiscal 2006 to 28.4% from 29.7% in the prior year, primarily due to lower RFWC gross margins in Europe and a shift in product mix.

Net sales in Asia/Pacific increased 29.2% to \$37,200 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 versus \$28,789 in the same period last fiscal year led by continued strong demand for wireless products. Net sales in Korea increased 52.0% to \$11,976 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 due mainly to higher sales of wireless products. Gross margins for all strategic business units in Asia/Pacific improved in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared to last fiscal year's first quarter due mainly to improved product mix.

Net sales in Latin America improved 23.3% to \$6,000 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with \$4,865 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The net sales growth was mainly driven by an increase in sales of industrial power products. Gross margin in Latin America declined to 25.4% in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 versus 26.6% in the year ago period primarily due to product mix.

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### ***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses***

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) increased 11.9% to \$32,981 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with \$29,476 in same period last fiscal year. The increase in expenses was primarily due to the acquisition of Kern and the additional week of payroll included in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2005. For the first quarter of fiscal 2006, total SG&A decreased to 20.9% of net sales compared to 21.3% in last fiscal year's first quarter.

### ***Other (Income) Expense***

In the first quarter of fiscal 2006, other (income) expense decreased to \$2,076 from \$3,195 the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Other (income) expense included a foreign exchange gain of \$137 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 as compared with a foreign exchange loss of \$901 last year. The foreign exchange variance was due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar, primarily related to intercompany receivables held by the U.S. parent company and denominated in foreign currencies. Interest expense of \$2,277 was relatively flat with the prior year's first quarter.

### ***Income Tax Provision***

The effective income tax rates for the fiscal years ended September 3, 2005 and August 28, 2004 were 49.7% and 24.3%, respectively. The difference between the effective tax rate as compared to the U.S. federal statutory rate of 34% primarily results from the Company's geographical distribution of taxable income and losses, and, in the quarter ended September 3, 2005, subject to valuation allowances related to net operating losses. For the three months ended September 3, 2005, the tax benefit primarily related to net operating losses was limited by the requirement for a valuation allowance of \$290, which increased the effective income tax rate by 8.0%.

### ***Net Income and Per Share Data***

Net income for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 was \$1,820, or \$0.10 per diluted common share or \$0.10 per diluted Class B common share, as compared with \$904, or \$0.06 per diluted common share or \$0.05 per diluted Class B common share in the first quarter of fiscal 2005.

### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

The Company has financed its growth and cash needs largely through income from operations, borrowings under the revolving credit facilities, an equity offering, issuance of convertible senior subordinated notes, and sale of assets. Liquidity provided by operating activities is reduced by working capital requirements, debt service, capital expenditures, dividends, and business acquisitions. Liquidity is increased by proceeds from borrowings and dispositions of businesses and assets.

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Cash and cash equivalents were \$19,706 at September 3, 2005, a decrease of \$4,595 from fiscal 2005 year end. Cash provided by operating activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 was \$4,800 versus cash utilization of \$9,489 in the same period last year. The increase was mainly due to lower accounts receivables and higher accounts payable and accrued liabilities, offset by higher inventory levels needed for stocking requirements due to anticipated sales growth.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$7,353 was a result of the acquisition, effective June 1, 2005, of Kern located in Donaueschingen in southern Germany. The cash outlay for Kern was \$6,524, net of cash acquired. Kern is one of the leading display technology companies in Europe with world wide customers in manufacturing, OEM, medicine, multimedia, IT trading, system houses, and other industries.



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Net cash used in financing activities of \$2,118 was primarily due to payments of debt during the first quarter of fiscal 2006.

In October 2004, the Company renewed its multi-currency revolving credit agreement with the current lending group in the amount of \$109,000 (the size of the credit line varies based on fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates). The agreement expires in October 2009, and the outstanding balance at that time will become due. At September 3, 2005, \$54,334 was outstanding under the amended and restated credit agreement. The amended and restated credit agreement is principally secured by the Company's trade receivables and inventory. The amended and restated credit agreement bears interest at applicable LIBOR rates plus a margin, varying with certain financial performance criteria. At September 3, 2005, the applicable margin was 2.25%. Outstanding letters of credit were \$1,643 at September 3, 2005, leaving an unused line of \$54,231 under the total amended and restated credit agreement; however, this amount was reduced to \$1,161 due to maximum permitted leverage ratios. The commitment fee related to the amended and restated credit agreement is 0.25% per annum payable quarterly on the average daily unused portion of the aggregate commitment. The Company's amended and restated credit agreement consists of the following facilities as of September 3, 2005:

	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
US Facility	\$ 70,000	\$ 23,100	5.53%
Canada Facility	14,367	8,800	4.25%
Sweden Facility	8,614	8,614	3.45%
UK Facility	8,249	5,866	6.37%
Euro Facility	6,247	6,133	3.86%
Japan Facility	2,731	1,821	1.85%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 110,208</b>	<b>\$ 54,334</b>	<b>4.78%</b>

*Note: Due to maximum permitted leverage ratios, the amount of the unused line cannot be calculated on a facility-by-facility basis.*

On August 24, 2005, the Company executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the maximum permitted leverage ratios and the minimum required fixed charge coverage ratios for each of the first three quarters of fiscal 2006 to provide the Company additional flexibility for these periods. In addition, the amendment also provides that the Company will maintain excess availability on the borrowing base of not less than \$23,000 until June 30, 2006 if a default or event of default does not exist on or before this date. The applicable margin pricing was increased by 25 basis points. In addition, the amendment extended the Company's requirement to refinance the remaining \$22,291 aggregate principal amount of the Company's 7¼% debentures and the 8¼% debentures from February 28, 2006 to June 10, 2006.

At September 3, 2005, the Company was not in compliance with its amended and restated credit agreement covenants with respect to the tangible net worth covenant due solely to the additional goodwill recorded as a result of the Kern acquisition. On October 12, 2005, the Company received a waiver from its lending group for the default and executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the minimum tangible net worth requirement to adjust for the goodwill associated with the Kern acquisition.

**New Accounting Pronouncements**

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In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) revised Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. This Statement establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS No. 123(R) is effective at the beginning of the next fiscal year that begins after June 15, 2005, or the Company's fiscal year 2007. The Company is evaluating the impact of the adoption of SFAS No.123(R) on the financial statements.

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**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

**Risk Management and Market Sensitive Financial Instruments**

The Company's foreign denominated assets and liabilities are cash, accounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable, and intercompany receivables and payables, primarily in Canada and member countries of the European community and, to a lesser extent, in Asia/Pacific and Latin America. The Company has not entered into any forward contracts to hedge significant transactions in fiscal 2006 or fiscal 2005. Other tools that may be used to manage foreign exchange exposures include the use of currency clauses in sales contracts and the use of local debt to offset asset exposures.

As discussed above, the Company's debt financing, in part, varies with market rates exposing the Company to the market risk from changes in interest rates. Certain operations, assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies subjecting the Company to foreign currency exchange risk. In order to provide the user of these financial statements guidance regarding the magnitude of these risks, the Securities and Exchange Commission requires the Company to provide certain quantitative disclosures based upon hypothetical assumptions. Specifically, these disclosures require the calculation of the effect of a uniform 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies on the reported net earnings and financial position of the Company.

Had the U.S. dollar strengthened 10% against various foreign currencies, sales would have been lower by an estimated \$6,100 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 and \$5,200 in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Total assets would have declined by an estimated \$11,800 as of the quarter ended September 3, 2005 and an estimated \$10,600 as of the fiscal year ended May 28, 2005, while the total liabilities would have decreased by an estimated \$4,800 as of the quarter ended September 3, 2005 and an estimated \$4,200 as of the fiscal year ended May 28, 2005.

The interpretation and analysis of these disclosures should not be considered in isolation since such variances in interest rates and exchange rates would likely influence other economic factors. Such factors, which are not readily quantifiable, would likely also affect the Company's operations.

For an additional description of the Company's market risk, see Item 7A Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk Risk Management and Market Sensitive Financial Instruments in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended May 28, 2005.

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**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of September 3, 2005. Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 3, 2005 due to material weaknesses in the Company's internal control over financial reporting disclosed in Item 9A. Controls and Procedures of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended May 28, 2005. The weaknesses were (1) deficiencies in the Company's control environment, (2) inadequate controls associated with the accounting for income taxes, (3) inadequate financial statement preparation and review procedures, and (4) deficiency related to the application of accounting literature. To address these material weaknesses, the Company has expanded its disclosure controls and procedures to include additional analysis and other post-closing procedures. Accordingly, management believes that the financial statements included in this report fairly present in all material respects the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were six changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 that occurred during the first quarter of fiscal 2006 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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In June 2005, the Company hired a Director of Tax to increase its focus on processes and procedures associated with accounting for income taxes;

The Company has developed a program to provide training for accounting personnel in the Company's foreign subsidiaries;

The Company has enhanced its account reconciliation process to ensure that accounts are being reconciled on a timely basis, the reconciliations are independently reviewed, and any reconciling items are cleared on a timely basis;

The Company has developed a plan to strengthen its procedures regarding the review and approval of journal entries through system automation;

The Company has implemented formal procedures for financial statement variance analysis and balance sheet reconciliations. The monthly closing schedule is formally communicated to all subsidiaries; and

The Company has improved documentation of management review and reconciliation performance through policies, education and re-enforcement, a listing of employees who reconcile and approve balance sheet account reconciliations, and the implementation of key financial manager checklists.

### (c) Remediation Efforts to Address Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In order to remediate the material weaknesses identified in internal control over financial reporting and ensure the integrity of our financial reporting processes, the Company has implemented or is in the process of implementing the measures described in Item 4(b) above, as well as the following additional actions:

The Company has engaged outside tax professionals to provide global compliance and reporting services to ensure that the Company has appropriate resources to conduct timely reviews and evaluations of the Company's current and deferred tax provisions, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and related complex tax issues;

The Company trained accounting personnel in the Company's European subsidiaries and will continue training its other foreign subsidiaries throughout fiscal 2006;

The Company has developed a policy related to controls over end-user computing; and

The Company is recruiting for a Director of Internal Audit to assist the Company in its ongoing evaluation and monitoring of internal control over financial reporting.

In addition, in an effort to improve internal control over financial reporting, the Company continues to emphasize the importance of establishing the appropriate environment in relation to accounting, financial reporting, and internal control over financial reporting and the importance of identifying areas for improvement and to create and implement new policies and procedures where material weaknesses or significant deficiencies exist.

It should be noted the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, do not expect that the Company's internal controls will prevent all error and all fraud, even after completion of the described remediation efforts. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and

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there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

**Table of Contents****PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

The following table provides information with respect to purchases by the Company of shares of its common stock during the quarter ended September 3, 2005.

<u>Period</u>	<u>(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)</u>	<u>(b) Average Price Paid per Share (1)</u>	<u>(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>(d) Maximum Number (or Appropriate Dollar Value) of Shares  That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</u>
5/29/05 to 7/2/05		\$		
7/3/05 to 7/30/05	163	8.73		
7/31/05 to 9/3/05	351	8.10		
<b>Total</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>\$ 8.30</b>		

- (1) All transactions involved the delivery to the Company of shares of the Company's common stock to satisfy the purchase price in connection with the exercising of incentive stock options by the Company's employees, as provided in the incentive stock option agreements.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

At September 3, 2005, the Company was not in compliance with its amended and restated credit agreement covenants with respect to the tangible net worth covenant due solely to the additional goodwill recorded as a result of the Kern acquisition. On October 12, 2005, the Company received a waiver from its lending group for the default and executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement. The amendment changed the minimum tangible net worth requirement to adjust for the goodwill associated with the Kern acquisition.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

At September 3, 2005, the Company was not in compliance with its amended and restated credit agreement covenants with respect to the tangible net worth covenant due solely to the additional goodwill recorded as a result of the Kern acquisition. On October 12, 2005, the Company received a waiver from its lending group for the default and executed an amendment to the amended and restated credit agreement (the "Waiver and Third Amendment"). The amendment changed the minimum tangible net worth requirement to adjust for the goodwill associated with the Kern acquisition. A description of the material terms of the amended and restated credit agreement is provided in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 1, 2004.



The description of this Waiver and Third Amendment is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Waiver and Third Amendment, a copy of which is filed as Exhibit 10(ac)(3) to this Form 10-Q/A and incorporated by reference herein.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

See exhibit index.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

RICHARDSON ELECTRONICS, LTD.

By: /s/ David J. DeNeve

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David J. DeNeve

Senior Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

(on behalf of the Registrant and

as Principal financial and accounting officer)

Date: August 31, 2006

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**Exhibit Index**

(c) EXHIBITS

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
3(a)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Appendix B to the Proxy Statement / Prospectus dated November 13, 1986, incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Commission File No. 33-8696.
3(b)	By-laws of the Company, as amended, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(b) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 1997, Commission File No. 000-12906.
10(ac)(3)	Waiver and Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated October 12, 2005, by and among the Company, Burtek Systems, Inc., Richardson Electronics Canada, Ltd., Richardson Electronics Limited, RESA, SNC, Richardson Electronique SNC, Richardson Electronics Iberica, S.A., Richardson Electronics GmbH, Richardson Electronics Benelux B.V., Richardson Sweden Holding AB, Richardson Electronics KK, JP Morgan Bank, N.A., London Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Canada Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Tokyo Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(ac)(3) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 3, 2005, Commission File No. 000-12906.
31.1	Certification of Edward J. Richardson pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed pursuant to Part I).
31.2	Certification of David J. DeNeve pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed pursuant to Part I).
32	Certifications pursuant to the Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed pursuant to Part I).