GREATBATCH, INC. Form 10-Q May 08, 2007

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the Quarter ended March 30, 2007

Commission File Number 1-16137

GREATBATCH, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State of incorporation)

16-1531026

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

9645 Wehrle Drive Clarence, New York 14031

(Address of principal executive offices)

(716) 759-5600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2 (check one):

Large accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer [X]	Non-accelerated filer []

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes [] No [X]

The number of shares outstanding of the Company's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, as of May 7, 2007 was: 22,327,572 shares.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREATBATCH, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - Unaudited
(in thousands except share and per share data)

As of

March 30, December 2 2007 2006

ASSETS

\$	147,128	\$	71,
	78,614		71,
	38,505		31,
	54,483		57,
	· –		1,
	6,021		5,
	1,523		2,
	326,274		241,
	89 , 674		91,
	27,130		28,
	28,252		28,
	155,039		155,
	6,159		3,
\$ ===			547 , ======
	10 101		1.0
Ş		Ş	12,
	32,373		29,
	51,534		42,
	240 111		170,
			35,
	317,135		248,
	_		
	232,239		227,
6	_		(
			69,
	3,298		3,
	315 , 393		299 ,
Ş			547 ,
	 \$	\$ 19,161 32,373	\$ 19,161 \$ 32,373 \$ 19,161 \$ 32,373 \$ 17,135 \$ 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statement

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GREATBATCH, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - Unaudited

(in thousands except per share data)

	Three months ended				
	March 30, 2007			•	
Sales	\$	76,860		68 ,	
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of sales - excluding amortization of intangible assets		47,288		39,	
Cost of sales - amortization of intangible assets		948			
Selling, general and administrative expenses		10,033		9,	
Research, development and engineering costs, net		6 , 452		5,	
Other operating expense, net		1,533		2,	
Operating income		10,606		10,	
Interest expense		1,144		1,	
Interest income		(1,856)		(1,	
Gain on extinguishment of debt		(4,473)			
Other income, net		(16)			
Income before provision for income taxes		15 , 807		10,	
Provision for income taxes		5,138		3,	
Net income	\$	10,669	\$	6,	
Earnings per share:					
Basic	\$	0.48		0	
Diluted	\$	0.43	\$	0	
Weighted average shares outstanding:					
Basic		22,014		21,	
Diluted		26,470		26,	
Comprehensive income:					
Net income	\$	10,669	\$	6,	
Net unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments available for		400.61			
sale, net of tax		(226)			
Comprehensive income	\$	10,443	\$	6,	
Net unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments available for sale, net of tax		(226)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statement

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GREATBATCH, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - Unaudited (in thousands)

	Three mo	onths ended	d
	March 30, 2007	March 20	1 31 106
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to	\$ 10,669) \$	6,

net cash provided by operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization

Stock-based compensation Gain on extinguishment of debt

(10,369) (251) (7,220) 3,184 820 6,617 (13,266) 15,370 8,618		1, (9, (3, (2, (9,
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75,981		(7,
		46,
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147,128	\$	38,
	75,981 71,147 	75,981 71,147

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statement

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Unaudited

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left($ (Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting) and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of

4,

2,

4,989 2,548

(4,473)

operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the fiscal year as a whole. In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of Greatbatch, Inc. and its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary Greatbatch, Ltd. (collectively the "Company") for the periods presented. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, sales, expenses, and related disclosures at the date of the financial statements and during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The December 29, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2006. The Company utilizes a fifty-two, fifty-three week fiscal year ending on the Friday nearest December 31st. For 52-week years, each quarter contains 13 weeks. The first quarter of 2007 and 2006 ended on March 30 and March 31, respectively.

2. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Three months ended			
		March 30, 2007	Mar	
Noncash investing and financing activities: Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale		(in tho	usands	3)
securities	\$	(226)	\$	26
Common stock contributed to 401(k) Plan Property, plant and equipment purchases included in		2,956		2 , 780
accounts payable Deferred financing fees and acquisition costs included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities		695		1,647
(note 6)		4,495		530
Exchange of convertible subordinated notes (note 6)		117,782		-
Cash paid (received) during the period for:				
Interest	\$	337	\$	16
Income taxes		105		(13)

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments available for sale at March 30, 2007 and December 29, 2006 are comprised of the following (in thousands):

		Cost		Gross unrealized losses	
March 30, 2007					
Equity securities Auction rate securities and other	\$			\$ (34)\$	
Total available for sale securities	\$ ==	74,374	\$ 4,274 =======	\$ (34)\$	78,614
December 29, 2006					
Equity securities Auction rate securities and other	\$		\$ 4,588	\$ - \$	
Total available for sale securities	\$	•	•	\$ (4)\$	•

In April 2007, the Company sold an equity security investment which resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$4.0\$ million.

4. INVENTORIES

Inventories are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	h 30, 007	December 29, 2006			
Raw materials Work-in-process Finished goods	\$ 27,755 13,500 13,228	\$	28,568 13,528 15,571		
Total	\$ 54 , 483	\$ ======	57 , 667		

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

5. AMORTIZING INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Amortizing intangible assets are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Gross	carrying amount	 Accumulated amortization	Net	carrying amount
March 30, 2007					
Patented technology Unpatented technology Other	\$	21,462 30,886 1,340	\$ (13,711) (11,531) (1,316)	\$	7,751 19,355 24
Total amortizing intangible assets	\$	53 , 688	\$ (26,558)	\$	27 , 130

December 29, 2006					
Patented technology	\$	21,462	\$	(13,320) \$	8,142
Unpatented technology		30,886		(10,975)	19,911
Other		1,340		(1,315)	25
Total amortizing intangible					
assets	\$	53,688	\$	(25,610) \$	28,078
	=====		====		

Aggregate amortization expense for the first quarter of 2007 and 2006 was \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. As of March 30, 2007, annual amortization expense is estimated to be \$2.8 million for the remainder of 2007, \$3.8 million for 2008, \$3.2 million for 2009 and \$2.7 million for 2010, 2011 and 2012. The above amounts do not contemplate the intangible assets that will be recorded in connection with the acquisitions of BIOMEC, Inc. and Enpath Medical, Inc. (See note 14).

6. DEBT

Long-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	M 	arch 30, 2007	Dec	2006
2.25% convertible subordinated notes I, due20132.25% convertible subordinated notes II, due	\$	52,218	\$	170,000
2013		197,782		_
Unamortized discount		(9 , 889)		_
Total long-term debt	\$	240,111	\$	170,000
	==	=======	===	

Convertible Subordinated Notes - In May 2003, the Company completed a private placement of \$170.0 million of 2.25% convertible subordinated notes, due 2013 ("CSN I"). In November 2003 the Company had a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") declared effective with respect to these notes and the underlying common stock. In March 2007, the Company entered into separate, privately negotiated agreements to exchange \$117.8 million of CSN I for an equivalent principal amount of a new series of 2.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2013 ("CSN II") (collectively the "Exchange").

The primary purpose of the Exchange was to eliminate the June 15, 2010 call and put option that is included in the terms of CSN I. In connection with the Exchange, the Company issued an additional \$80 million aggregate principal amount of CSN II at a price of \$950 per \$1,000 of principal. In April 2007, the Company filed a registration statement with the SEC with respect to these notes and has 90 days from March 28, 2007 to have such registration statement declared effective. In the event that the Company fails to comply with this requirement it is obligated to make additional payments equal to 0.5% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

The Exchange was accounted for as an extinguishment of debt and resulted in

a pre-tax gain of \$4.5 million (\$2.9 million net of tax) or \$0.11 per diluted share. As a result of the extinguishment, the Company had to recapture the tax interest expense that was previously deducted on the extinguished debentures. This resulted in an additional current income tax liability of approximately \$11.3 million, which is payable in 2007. This amount was previously recorded as a non-current deferred tax liability on the balance sheet. The following is a summary of the significant terms of CSN I and CSN II:

CSN I - The notes bear interest at 2.25 percent per annum, payable semiannually. Holders may convert the notes into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of 24.8219 shares per \$1,000 of principal, subject to adjustment, before the close of business on June 15, 2013 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any fiscal quarter commencing after July 4, 2003, if the closing sale price of the Company's common stock exceeds 120% of the \$40.29 conversion price for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the preceding fiscal quarter; (2) subject to certain exceptions, during the five business days after any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 of principal for each day of such period was less than 98% of the product of the closing sale price of the Company's common stock and the number of shares issuable upon conversion of \$1,000 of principal; (3) if the notes have been called for redemption; or (4) upon the occurrence of certain corporate events.

Beginning June 20, 2010, the Company may redeem any of the notes at a redemption price of 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued interest. Note holders may require the Company to repurchase their notes on June 15, 2010 or at any time prior to their maturity following a fundamental change at a repurchase price of 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued interest. The notes are subordinated in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness and effectively subordinated to all debts and other liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries.

Beginning with the six-month interest period commencing June 15, 2010, the Company will pay additional contingent interest during any six-month interest period if the trading price of the notes for each of the five trading days immediately preceding the first day of the interest period equals or exceeds 120% of the principal amount of the notes.

CSN II - The notes bear interest at 2.25 percent per annum, payable semiannually. The holders may convert the notes into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$34.70 per share, which is equivalent to a conversion ratio of 28.8219 shares per \$1,000 of principal. The conversion price and the conversion ratio will adjust automatically upon certain changes to the Company's capitalization.

The notes are convertible at the option of the holders at such time as: (i) the closing price of the Company's common stock exceeds 150% of the conversion price of the notes for 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days; (ii) the trading price per \$1,000 of principal is less than 98% of the product of the closing sale price of common stock for each day during any five consecutive trading day period and the conversion rate per \$1,000 of principal; (iii) the notes have been called for redemption; (iv) the Company distributes to all holders of common stock rights or warrants entitling them to purchase additional shares of common stock at less than

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

the average closing price of common stock for the ten trading days immediately preceding the announcement of the distribution; (v) the Company distributes to all holders of common stock any form of dividend which has a per share value exceeding 5% of the price of the common stock on the day prior to such date of distribution; (vi) the Company affects a consolidation, merger, share exchange or sale of assets pursuant to which its common stock is converted to cash or other property; (vii) the period beginning 60 days prior to but excluding June 15, 2013; and (viii) certain fundamental changes occur or are approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

Conversions in connection with corporate transactions that constitute a fundamental change require the Company to pay a premium make-whole amount whereby the conversion ratio on the notes may be increased by up to 8.2 shares per \$1,000 of principal. The premium make-whole amount will be paid in shares of common stock upon any such conversion, subject to the net share settlement feature of the notes described below.

The notes contain a net share settlement feature that requires the Company to pay cash for each \$1,000 of principal. Any amounts in excess of \$1,000 will be settled in shares of the Company's common stock, or at the Company's option, cash. The Company has a one-time irrevocable election to pay the holders in shares of its common stock, which it currently does not plan to exercise.

The notes are redeemable by the Company at any time on or after June 20, 2012, or at the option of a holder upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes affecting the Company. The notes are subordinated in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness and effectively subordinated to all debts and other liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries.

The following is a reconciliation of deferred financing fees for the first quarter of 2007, which are included in other assets:

Balance at December 29, 2006	\$ 2,305
Financing costs deferred	4,331
Write off during the period due to extinguishment	(1,416)
Amortization during the period	(180)
Balance at March 30, 2007	\$ 5,040

The \$4.3 million of financing fees deferred in connection with the Exchange and new CSN II notes issued will be paid in the second quarter of 2007.

Revolving Line of Credit - The Company maintains a three-year \$50 million Revolving Credit Facility (the "Revolver"), which contains a \$10.0 million sub-limit for the issuance of commercial or standby letters of credit. The Revolver is secured by the Company's non-realty assets including cash, accounts and notes receivable, and inventories and has an expiration date of May 31, 2008. The Revolver requires compliance with two quarterly financial covenants, as defined. The first relates to the ratio of consolidated net earnings or loss before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") to fixed charges. The second is a leverage ratio, which is calculated based on the ratio of consolidated funded debt less cash, cash equivalent investments and short-term investments to consolidated EBITDA. Interest rates under the Revolver vary with the

GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

Company's leverage. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee of between 0.125% and 0.250% per annum on the unused portion of the Revolver based on the Company's leverage. As of March 30, 2007, the Company had no balance outstanding on the Revolver.

In April 2007, the Company signed a commitment letter for a new five-year senior credit facility (the "Credit Facility") consisting of a \$235 million revolving credit facility, which can be increased to \$335 million upon the Company's request. The Credit Facility also contains a \$15 million letter of credit subfacility and a \$15 million swingline subfacility. This Credit Facility will replace the \$50 million Revolver and has similar financial covenants, interest rates, commitment fees and prioritization as the Revolver. The Company expects that this agreement will become effective in the second quarter of 2007.

7. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Compensation costs related to share-based payments for the three months ended March 30, 2007 totaled \$1.7 million, \$1.1 million net of tax, or \$0.04 per diluted share. This compares to \$1.4 million, \$0.9 million net of tax, or \$0.03 per diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

The following table summarizes stock option activity related to the Company's stock-based incentive plans:

		Weighted average exercise price	contractual life (in	intrinsic value(1) (
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	1,397,160 \$			
Granted(2)		23.92		
Exercised	· · ·	12.97		
Forfeited or Expired	(93,291)	24.94		
Outstanding at December 29, 2006	1,626,529 \$	24.27	7.4	\$ 6
Granted	164,832	25.50		
Exercised	(32,748)	18.63		
Forfeited or Expired	(44,115)	29.92		
Outstanding at March 30, 2007	• • •	24.36		\$ 4
Exercisable at March 30, 2007		25.30		\$ 2
	===========			

(1) Intrinsic value is calculated for in-the-money options (exercise price less than market price) outstanding and/or exercisable as the difference between the market price of our common shares as of March 30, 2007 (\$25.50) and the weighted average exercise price of the underlying options, multiplied by the number of options outstanding

and/or exercisable.

(2) Includes 183,648 performance based stock options which had a weighted average exercise price of \$22.38 per share.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

The weighted-average fair value and assumptions used to value options granted are as follows:

	Three months ended				
	March 30, 2007	March 31, 2006			
Weighted-average fair value	\$10.33	\$10.41			
Risk-free interest rate	4.48%	4.63%			
Expected volatility	39%	40%			
Expected life (in years)	5	5			
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%			

The following table summarizes restricted stock and restricted stock unit activity related to the Company's plans:

	Activity	_	ed average r value
Nonvested at January 1, 2006 Shares granted Shares vested Shares forfeited	93,956 145,126 (25,911) (9,015)	\$	22.46 23.25 20.00 22.63
Nonvested at December 29, 2006 Shares granted Shares vested Shares forfeited	204,156 63,338 (9,436)	\$	23.32 25.50 25.50
Nonvested at March 30, 2007	258 , 058	\$	23.78

On March 6, 2007, the Board of Directors awarded 50,193 shares of restricted stock to executives of the Company. These awards had a value of \$1.3 million as of the grant date and are subject to approval by stockholders, at the Company's 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders which will be held on May 22, 2007, of an amendment to the Company's 2005 Stock Incentive Plan to increase the number of shares available for grant by 1,450,000 shares.

8. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE

The following were recorded in other operating expense, net in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (in thousands):

Three months ended

		March 30, 2007			rch 31, 2006
(a)	Alden facility consolidation	\$		\$	515
(b)	Carson City facility shutdown and Tijuana				
	facility consolidation No. 1		386		1,228
(C)	Columbia facility shutdown, Tijuana facility				
	consolidation No. 2 and RD&E consolidation		1,303		922
(d)	ECP expansion		137		_
(e)	Asset dispositions and other		(293)		4
		\$	1,533	\$	2,669
		===		===	

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

(a) Alden Facility consolidation — Beginning in the first quarter of 2005 and ending in the second quarter of 2006 the Company consolidated the medical capacitor manufacturing operations in Cheektowaga, NY, and the implantable medical battery manufacturing operations in Clarence, NY, into the advanced power source manufacturing facility in Alden, NY ("Alden Facility"). The Company also consolidated the capacitor research, development and engineering operations from the Cheektowaga, NY facility into the Technology Center in Clarence, NY.

The total cost for these consolidation efforts was \$3.4 million, which was below the Company's original estimate of \$3.5 to \$4.0 million. The expenses for the Alden Facility consolidation are included in the IMC business segment and included the following:

- o Production inefficiencies and revalidation \$0.3 million;
- o Moving and facility closures \$2.7 million; and
- o Other \$0.4 million.
- (b) Carson City Facility shutdown and Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1. On March 7, 2005, the Company announced its intent to close the Carson City, NV facility ("Carson City Facility") and consolidate the work performed at that facility into the Tijuana, Mexico facility ("Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1").

The Company delayed the anticipated final closing of the Carson City Facility until the second quarter of 2007 in order to accommodate a customer's regulatory approval. If this closing is delayed further, additional costs could be incurred. The total revised estimate for this plan is anticipated to be between \$7.7 million and \$7.9 million of which \$7.6 million has been incurred through March 30, 2007. The major categories of costs include the following:

- o Costs related to the shutdown of the Carson City Facility:
 - a. Severance and retention \$3.9 million;
 - b. Accelerated depreciation \$0.6 million; and
 - c. Other \$0.5 million.
- o Costs related to the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1:
 - a. Production inefficiencies and revalidation \$0.4 million;
 - b. Relocation and moving \$0.2 million;
 - c. Personnel (including travel, training and duplicate wages) \$1.5

to \$1.7 million; and d. Other - \$0.6 million.

All categories of costs are considered to be cash expenditures, except accelerated depreciation. Once the moves are completed, the Company anticipates annual cost savings in the range of \$2.5 million to \$3.1 million. The expenses for the Carson City Facility shutdown and the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1 are included in the IMC business segment.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

Accrued liabilities related to the Carson City Facility shutdown are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Se	verance and retention	celerated epreciation	 Other	 Total
Restructuring charges Cash payments Write-offs	\$	3,551 (2,394) -	\$ 600 - (600)	\$ 278 (278) -	\$ 4,429 (2,672) (600)
Balance, December 29, 2006	\$	1,157	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 1,157
Restructuring charges Cash payments		279 (134)	- -		279 (134)
Balance, March 30, 2007	\$	1,302	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,302

Accrued liabilities related to the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1 are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Production inefficiencies and revalidation		Relocation and moving		Personnel		Other
Restructuring charges Cash payments	\$ 293 (293)	\$	124 (124)	\$	1,701 (1,701)	\$	6 (6
Balance, December 29, 2006	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	
Restructuring charges Cash payments	107 (107)		- -		- -		
Balance, March 30, 2007	\$ - -	\$ ===	- -	\$ ===	- -	\$ ====	

(c) Columbia Facility shutdown, Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2 and RD&E consolidation. On November 16, 2005, the Company announced its intent to close both the Columbia, MD facility ("Columbia Facility") and the Fremont, CA Advanced Research Laboratory ("ARL"). The manufacturing operations at the Columbia Facility will be moved into the Tijuana Facility ("Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2"). The research, development and engineering ("RD&E") and product development functions at the Columbia

Facility and at ARL will relocate to the Technology Center in Clarence, NY.

The total estimated cost for this facility consolidation plan is anticipated to be between \$8.4 million and \$8.9 million of which \$7.6 million has been incurred through March 30, 2007. The ARL move and closure portion of this consolidation project is complete. The Company expects to incur and pay the remaining cost for the other portions of the consolidation project in 2007.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

The major categories of costs include the following:

- o Costs related to the shutdown of the Columbia Facility and ARL and the move and consolidation of the RD&E functions to Clarence, NY:
 - a. Severance and retention \$2.8 to \$3.0 million;
 - b. Personnel (including travel, training and duplicate wages) \$1.5 million
 - c. Accelerated depreciation/asset write-offs \$0.5 million; and
 - d. Other \$0.3 to \$0.4 million.
- o Costs related to Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2:
 - a. Production inefficiencies and revalidation \$0.4 to \$0.5 million;
 - b. Relocation and moving \$0.2 million;
 - c. Personnel (including travel, training and duplicate wages) \$2.6 to \$2.7 million; and
 - d. Other (including asset write-offs) \$0.1 million.

All categories of costs are considered to be cash expenditures, except for accelerated depreciation and asset write-offs. Once the moves are completed, the Company anticipates annual cost savings in the range of \$5.0 million to \$6.0 million. The expenses for the Columbia Facility and ARL shutdowns, the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2 and the RD&E consolidation are included in the IMC business segment.

Accrued liabilities related to the Columbia Facility and ARL shutdowns and the RD&E consolidation are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Se	everance and retention	 Accelerated depreciation / Personnel asset write-offs				Other		
Restructuring charges Cash payments Write-offs	\$	2,297 (550) –	\$ 701 (701) -	\$	509 - (509)	\$	428 (428) -	\$	
Balance, December 29, 2006	\$	1,747	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
Restructuring charges Cash payments		510 (257)	72 (72)		- -		4 (4)		
Balance, March 30, 2007	\$ ===	2,000	\$ - - -	\$ ======		\$	-	\$	

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

Accrued liabilities related to Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2 are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Production inefficiencies and revalidation	elocation and moving	Personnel	Other
Restructuring charges Cash payments	\$ 264 (264)	\$ 149 (149)	1,594 (1,594)	\$
Balance, December 29, 2006	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Restructuring charges Cash payments	60 (60)	7 (7)	433 (433)	
Balance, March 30, 2007	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$

- (d) Electrochem Commercial Power ("ECP") expansion. In February 2007, the Company announced that it will close its current manufacturing facility in Canton, MA and construct a new 80,000 square foot facility in the Massachusetts area to perform those operations in. The expected completion of this \$28 million expansion project is mid-2008. The total expense to be recognized for this relocation is estimated to be \$2.2 million to \$2.4 million. Costs related to this move are included in the ECP business segment and include the following:
- o Production inefficiencies and revalidation \$0.6 million;
- o Moving and facility closure \$0.9 million to \$1.0 million;
- o Accelerated depreciation \$0.4 million; and
- Other \$0.3 million to \$0.4 million.
- (e) Asset dispositions and other. During the first quarter of 2007, the Company received \$0.3 million of insurance proceeds related to equipment damaged during transportation to the Tijuana Facility in the second quarter of 2006. The remaining expense is for property, plant and equipment dispositions.

9. INCOME TAXES

Effective in the first quarter of 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Standards Accounting Board ("FASB") Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109. FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized under SFAS 109. FIN No. 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and also provides guidance on various related matters such as derecognition, interest and penalties, and disclosure.

Upon adoption of FIN No. 48, the Company did not recognize any adjustment

to its \$1.8 million of unrecognized tax benefits, all of which would favorably impact the effective tax rate (net of federal benefit on state issues), if recognized. The Company's unrecognized tax benefits consist of refund claims which did not meet the more likely than not threshold under FIN No. 48. At the end of the first quarter, there was no change in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits. The Company anticipates that the total unrecognized tax benefits could significantly change within the next twelve months due to the settlement of audits/appeals currently in process, however, quantification of an estimated range cannot be made at this time.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

The Company will recognize interest expense related to uncertain tax positions as Interest Expense. Penalties, if incurred, would be recognized as a component of Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. At the end of the first quarter, there was no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The tax years 2003-2006 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The 2001 and 2002 tax years remain open in certain jurisdictions as a result of audits/appeals currently in process.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation - The Company is a party to various legal actions arising in the normal course of business including actions brought by former employees who were terminated in connection with our consolidation initiatives. While the Company does not believe that the ultimate resolution of any such pending activities will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties. If an unfavorable ruling were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact in the period in which the ruling occurs.

During 2002, a former non-medical customer commenced an action alleging that the Company had used proprietary information of the customer to develop certain products. We have meritorious defenses and are vigorously defending the matter. The potential risk of loss is between \$0.0\$ and \$1.7\$ million.

Product Warranties - The Company generally warrants that its products will meet customer specifications and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship. The Company accrues its estimated exposure to warranty claims based upon recent historical experience and other specific information as it becomes available.

The change in aggregate product warranty liability for the quarter ended March 30, 2007 is as follows (in thousands):

Beginning balance at December 29, 2006	\$	1 , 993
Additions to warranty reserve		452
Warranty claims paid		(721)
Ending balance at March 30, 2007	\$	1,724
	====	

Purchase Commitments - Contractual obligations for purchase of goods or services are defined as agreements that are enforceable and legally binding on the Company and that specify all significant terms, including: fixed or

minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transaction. Our purchase orders are normally based on our current manufacturing needs and are fulfilled by our vendors within short time horizons. We enter into blanket orders with vendors that have preferred pricing and terms, however these orders are normally cancelable by us without penalty. As of March 30, 2007, the total contractual obligation related to such expenditures is approximately \$10.5 million and will be financed by existing cash, short-term investments or cash generated from operations. We also enter into contracts for outsourced services; however, the obligations under these contracts were not significant and the contracts generally contain clauses allowing for cancellation without significant penalty.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table reflects the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended				
	Mai	rch 30, 2007			
Numerator for basic earnings per share: Net Income Effect of dilutive securities: Interest expense on convertible notes and related	\$	10,669	\$	6,650	
deferred financing fees, net of tax		727		733	
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$	11,396 	\$	7 , 383	
Denominator for basic earnings per share: Weighted average shares outstanding Effect of dilutive securities: Convertible notes		4,219		21,738	
Stock options and unvested restricted stock				146	
Dilutive potential common shares		4 , 456		4 , 365	
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	====:	26 , 470		26 , 103	
Basic earnings per share				0.31	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.43	\$	0.28	

The diluted weighted average share calculations do not include 786,716 and 1,123,903 of stock options for the three months ended March $30,\ 2007$ and March $31,\ 2006$, respectively, as they are not dilutive to the earnings per share calculations.

12. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company's comprehensive income includes net income and the net unrealized gain (loss) on its short-term investments available for sale. The net unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments available for sale reported on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income are shown net of a deferred income tax benefit of \$122 thousand and tax expense of \$8 thousand for the three month periods ended March 30, 2007 and March 31, 2006, respectively.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

13. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates its business in two reportable segments: Implantable Medical Components ("IMC") and Electrochem Commercial Power ("ECP"). The IMC segment designs and manufactures critical components used in implantable medical devices. The principal components are batteries, capacitors, filtered feedthroughs, enclosures and precision components. Additionally, the IMC business includes value-added assembly of products that incorporate these components. The principal medical devices are pacemakers, defibrillators and neurostimulators. The ECP segment designs and manufactures high performance batteries and battery packs; principal markets for these products are for oil and gas exploration, pipeline inspection, telematics, oceanography equipment, seismic, communication, military and aerospace applications.

The Company defines segment income from operations as sales less cost of sales, including amortization, and expenses attributable to segment-specific selling, general, administrative, research, development, engineering and other operating expenses. Segment income also includes a portion of non-segment specific selling, general, administrative, research, development and engineering expenses based on allocations appropriate to the expense categories. The remaining unallocated operating expenses are primarily corporate headquarters and administrative function expenses. The unallocated operating expenses along with other income and expense are not allocated to reportable segments. Transactions between the two segments are not significant.

An analysis and reconciliation of the Company's business segment information to the respective information in the consolidated financial statements is as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended						
Sales:	March 30, 2007		Ma	rch 31, 2006			
IMC							
ICD batteries	\$	11,651	\$	12 , 679			
Pacemaker and other batteries		5,845		5 , 787			
ICD capacitors		8,514		3,568			
Feedthroughs		18,393		16,288			
Enclosures		5,706		6,340			
Other medical		15,087		12,918			
Total IMC		65 , 196		57 , 580			
ECP		11,664		10,527			

Total sales	\$	76,860 \$	68,107
Segment income from operations: IMC ECP	\$	11,721 \$ 2,722	10,900 2,843
Total segment income from operations Unallocated operating income (expenses)		14,443	13,743
Operating income as reported Unallocated other income		10,606 5,201	10,052 101
Income before provision for income taxes as reported	\$ =====	15,807 \$	10,153

The carrying amount of goodwill at March 30, 2007 and December 29, 2006 for IMC was \$152.4 million and \$2.6 million for ECP.

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GREATBATCH, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (con't) - Unaudited

14. ACQUISITIONS (Subsequent Event)

On April 3, 2007, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of BIOMEC, Inc. ("BIOMEC") for \$11.4 million in cash and future additional consideration. BIOMEC has grants in place that will fund substantially all of its development costs through 2008. Currently, the engineering team is working on various projects, including a novel-polymer coating (biomimetic) that mimics the surface of endothelial cells of blood vessels. Additionally, BIOMEC has a product development agreement and a 20% investment partnership in IntElect Medical, Inc., an early stage neurostimulation device company that works in conjunction with the Cleveland Clinic. This transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting.

On April 30, 2007, the Company jointly announced with Enpath Medical, Inc. ("Enpath") that they have entered into a definitive merger agreement under which the Company will acquire Enpath for \$14.38 per share in cash, or approximately \$102 million, including assumption of debt. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will commence a tender offer for all of Enpath's outstanding shares no later than May 8, 2007. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals and the tender of a majority of Enpath's outstanding shares, on a fully diluted basis. The purchase price will be funded out of the Company's available cash and short-term investments. The transaction is expected to close in late June. Enpath is a medical products company engaged in designing, developing, manufacturing and marketing single use medical device products for the cardiac rhythm management, neuromodulation and interventional radiology markets.

15. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities——Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. This Statement provides entities with an option to

choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. If elected, an entity must report unrealized gains and losses on the item in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option: may be applied instrument by instrument, with a few exceptions, such as investments otherwise accounted for by the equity method; is irrevocable (unless a new election date occurs); and is applied only to entire instruments and not to portions of instruments. The Company is still evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 159 on its financial statements, which is effective beginning in fiscal year 2008.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value while applying generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from independent sources and (2) the reporting entity's own assumptions developed based on unobservable inputs. The Company is still evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on its financial statements, which is effective beginning in fiscal year 2008.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our Business

We are a leading developer and manufacturer of batteries, capacitors, feedthroughs, enclosures, and other components used in implantable medical devices ("IMDs") through our Implantable Medical Components ("IMC") business. We offer technologically advanced, highly reliable and long lasting products that enable our customers to introduce IMDs that are progressively smaller, longer lasting, more efficient and more functional. Additionally, through our manufacturing facility in Tijuana Mexico, our IMC business includes value-added assembly of products that incorporates the components we manufacture. We also leverage our core competencies in technology and manufacturing through our Electrochem Commercial Power ("ECP") business to develop and produce cells and battery packs for commercial applications that demand high performance and reliability, including oil and gas exploration, pipeline inspection, telematics, oceanographic equipment, seismic, communication, military and aerospace applications. Most of the IMC products that we sell are utilized by customers in cardiac rhythm management ("CRM") devices. The CRM market comprises devices utilizing high-rate batteries and capacitors such as implantable cardioverter defibrillators ("ICDs") and cardiac resynchronization therapy ("CRT") with backup defibrillation devices ("CRT-D") and devices utilizing low or medium rate batteries but no capacitors (pacemakers and CRTs). All CRM devices utilize other components such as enclosures and feedthroughs, and certain CRM devices utilize electromagnetic interference ("EMI") filtering technology.

Our Customers

Our products are designed to provide reliable, long lasting solutions that meet the evolving requirements and needs of our customers and the end users of their products. Our medical customers include leading IMD manufacturers such as Boston Scientific, St. Jude Medical, Medtronic, Biotronik, Cyberonics and the Sorin Group. A substantial part of our business is conducted with a limited number of customers. For the first quarter of 2007, Boston Scientific, Medtronic and St. Jude Medical collectively accounted for approximately 69% of our total sales compared to 70% for the first quarter of 2006. The nature and extent of our selling relationships with each CRM customer are different in terms of breadth

of component products purchased, purchased product volumes, length of contractual commitment, ordering patterns, inventory management and selling prices. Our ECP customers are primarily companies involved in oil and gas exploration, pipeline inspection, telematics, oceanographic equipment, seismic, communication, military and aerospace applications industries. We have entered into long-term supply agreements with some of our customers. For each of our products, we recognize revenue when the products are shipped and title passes.

Business Highlights

- o Total Company record sales of \$76.9 million, an increase of 13% compared to \$68.1 million in 2006.
 - >> IMC record sales of \$65.2 million, an increase of 13% compared to \$57.6 million in 2006, driven by growth of ICD capacitors, feedthroughs and assembly products partially offset by a decrease in ICD battery sales.
 - >> ECP sales of \$11.7 million, an increase of 11% compared to \$10.5 million in 2006, driven by growth in oil & gas, pipeline inspection, and military products.
- o Earnings per share increased by 54% to \$0.43, inclusive of a \$0.11 gain on the exchange of \$117.8 million of convertible debentures.
- o Final production run for Carson City plant is scheduled for June 2007.

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- o Columbia, Maryland shutdown scheduled to be completed in the second half of 2007.
- o ECP expansion on track for completion in mid 2008.
- o Completed the exchange of \$117.8 million of the existing \$170 million convertible subordinated debentures outstanding. Issued an additional \$80 million of new convertible subordinated debentures and received cash of \$74 million (net of fees and discount).
- o Received commitments for a new revolving bank credit facility of \$235 million with the ability to expand to \$335 million.
- o Completed the acquisition of BIOMEC, Inc. for \$11.4\$ million on April 3, 2007.
- o Announced on April 30, 2007 that we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Enpath Medical, Inc.

Our CEO's View

We had a solid start to the year achieving sales of \$76.9 million, a 13% increase over last years first quarter. Medical sales were at \$65.2 million and the Commercial business achieved growth of 11%. We earned 43 cents in the quarter compared with 28 cents last year. This result is inclusive of a one-time gain of 11 cents from the exchange of \$117.8 million of our subordinated convertible debentures.

Our ICD capacitor sales more than doubled in the quarter to \$8.5 million, a \$4.9 million increase over the prior year first quarter. Our lean manufacturing systems enabled reduced lead times to capture this revenue opportunity. Approximately half of the increase in the quarter was due to inventory replenishment by our customers. In addition to inventory related demand, sales increased as a result of a customer supply issue. We anticipate this higher level of demand continuing into the second quarter.

We also continue to experience growth in our feedthrough business with sales increasing by 13% over last years first quarter. The majority of this growth has come from domestic market share penetration.

Other medical products sales increased by \$2.2 million, or 17% from last year. Other medical sales consists of assembly, coatings and machined components. The

growth in this quarter was split evenly between the coatings and assembly products.

ICD battery sales declined by 8% and pacemaker and other battery volume increased slightly from the first quarter of last year. However, on a sequential basis, ICD sales were up 16% from the fourth quarter of 2006. The first quarter 2006 represented our toughest year-over-year comparison. ICD battery sales softened through the balance of 2006 reflecting the general slowdown in the ICD market.

On the commercial side of the business, sales were up 11% from last years first quarter. The growth in the quarter primarily came from oil & gas, pipeline inspection and military markets. Oil and gas drilling activity remains strong and continues to drive the core growth of the business. The growth over the last two years has resulted in launching our capacity expansion plan. We are in the process of developing facility plans which will more than double our existing capacity. We plan to begin construction of a new 80,000 square foot manufacturing facility in the Massachusetts area in June of this year. We expect to complete this important expansion project by mid- 2008. In addition to a new expanded facility, we will also be investing in semi-automation equipment.

We have recently completed several important transactions. First, we refinanced \$117.8 million of our existing convertible debentures and issued \$80 million in new debentures. Second, on April 3rd we completed the acquisition of BIOMEC which expands our offerings to include design service capabilities, and third, we received customer clearance to complete the closure of our Carson City facility, which is now scheduled for June 2007. Additionally, on April 30, 2007

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we announced that we signed a definitive agreement to acquire Enpath Medical, a developer, manufacturer and marketer of single use medical device products for the cardiac rhythm management, neuromodulation and interventional radiology markets. We view the acquisition of Enpath as another long-term growth platform and is consistent with our stated goal of broadening both our market and product reach.

Product Development

Currently, the company is developing a series of new products for customer applications in the CRM, neurostimulation and commercial markets.

Some of the key development initiatives are as follows:

- 1. Continue the evolution of our Q series high rate ICD batteries.
- Complete the development of a high voltage and high energy density capacitor system.
- 3. Develop Q series medium rate battery for neurostimulation and pacemaker applications.
- Augment our existing rechargeable battery with a new rechargeable battery offering for use in neurostimulation applications.
- 5. Develop rechargeable battery packs for use in commercial applications.
- Continue development of the batteries and capacitors used in intravascular ICD devices.

IMC. Our near term focus for growth in the medical battery market, a portion of our IMC business, is the introduction of our Q-Series batteries. Initially they will be available in two configurations - QHR (High Rate) and QMR (Medium Rate). These batteries hold the promise of unparalleled performance in a wide range of implantable device and neurostimulation applications and allow our customers to incorporate advanced power-hungry features into these devices. It delivers advanced performance criteria to an industry that historically embraces new

products. We believe the Q-Series will represent a major breakthrough by combining a smaller size with greater energy density (more power). The first ICD device implant with our new QHR technology occurred in the third quarter of 2006. We expect a second customer to begin implanting our QHR technology in the near term. We also released a new, non-proprietary model of medium-rate implantable "Q" series battery.

In addition to primary batteries, our rechargeable battery program also continues to make progress in qualification and is receiving tremendous interest from Neurostimulation customers.

In addition to our battery programs, we continue to advance our ICD capacitor technology with the development of a higher energy capacitor expected for release in 2008. Furthermore, we continue to develop the technology for a next generation higher voltage capacitor.

Finally, enabling safe MRI device interaction continues to remain a key focus and represents a potential growth opportunity for the company. We anticipate unveiling a series of new technologies in this area in the near future.

ECP. ECP continues to develop new and innovative power solutions for the world's most demanding commercial applications. ECP has developed a new high energy lithium cell for a customer in the telematics market. Due to their exceptional high energy, two of these new cells are capable of providing power for the entire 10-year life of the telematics device. ECP also has developed a battery pack capable of withstanding the customer's harsh operating conditions such as high vibration, high shock, salt spray, high temperature, low temperature, and high humidity.

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Finally, ECP has developed a modular battery pack for a customer's fleet of underwater sonabuoys which measure water characteristics. The long life of ECP cells, coupled with their ability to withstand harsh conditions, make them ideally suited for buoys. The customer's expense of commissioning a ship to replace the batteries in each buoy is reduced when using ECP batteries due to their long life.

Cost Savings and Consolidation Efforts

During 2005, we initiated several significant cost savings and consolidation efforts, the implementation of which continued during 2006 and the first three months of 2007.

Alden Facility Consolidation. Beginning in the first quarter of 2005 and ending in the second quarter of 2006 we consolidated our medical capacitor manufacturing operations in Cheektowaga, NY, and our implantable medical battery manufacturing operations in Clarence, NY, into our advanced power source manufacturing facility in Alden, NY ("Alden Facility"). We also consolidated our capacitor research, development and engineering operations from our Cheektowaga, NY facility into our Technology Center in Clarence, NY.

The total cost for these consolidation efforts was \$3.4 million, which was below the Company's original estimate of \$3.5 to \$4.0 million. Expenses of \$2.8 million were incurred in 2005 and \$0.6 million were incurred during the first two quarters of 2006. In total, \$1.8 million was paid in cash and \$0.8 million was for assets written-off in 2005. Approximately \$0.8 million was paid in cash during 2006. The expenses for the Alden Facility consolidation were included in the IMC business segment.

Carson City Facility shutdown and Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1. On March

7, 2005, we announced our intent to close the Carson City, NV facility ("Carson City Facility") and consolidate the work performed at our Carson City Facility into our Tijuana, Mexico facility ("Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1").

The Company delayed the anticipated final closing of the Carson City Facility until the second quarter of 2007 in order to accommodate a customer's regulatory approval. If this closing is delayed further, additional costs could be incurred. The total revised estimate for this plan is anticipated to be between \$7.7 million and \$7.9 million of which \$7.6 million has been incurred and is comprised of \$5.0 million for the Carson City Facility shutdown and \$2.7 million to \$2.9 million for the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1. To date, \$7.6 million of expenses has been recorded. All categories of costs are considered to be cash expenditures, except for accelerated depreciation.

Carson City Facility shutdown expenses of \$4.7 million have been incurred to date, of which \$4.4 million were recorded in 2005 and 2006, and \$0.3 million were incurred in the first three months of 2007. In 2005 and 2006, \$2.6 million were paid in cash and \$0.6 million were recorded as accelerated depreciation. In 2007, \$0.1 million were paid in cash. To date, \$2.5 million of the \$3.8 million of severance and retention recorded to date was paid. Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1 expenses of \$2.8 million were incurred and paid in 2005 and 2006, and \$0.1 million were incurred and paid in 2007.

Once the moves are completed, we anticipate annual cost savings in the range of \$2.5 to \$3.1 million. The expenses for the Carson City Facility shutdown and the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 1 are included in the IMC business segment.

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Columbia Facility & ARL shutdown, Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2, and RD&E Consolidation. On November 16, 2005, we announced our intent to close both our Columbia, MD facility ("Columbia Facility") and our Fremont, CA Advanced Research Laboratory ("ARL"). The manufacturing operations at our Columbia Facility will be moved into our Tijuana Facility ("Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2"). The research, development and engineering ("RD&E") and product development functions at our Columbia Facility have begun to relocate to the Technology Center in Clarence, NY. The ARL relocation to the Technology Center in Clarence, NY is complete.

The total revised estimated cost for this facility consolidation plan is anticipated to be between \$8.4 million and \$8.9 million. To date, we have expensed \$7.6 million related to these projects and expect to incur the remaining costs in 2007. All categories of costs are considered to be future cash expenditures, except for accelerated depreciation and asset write-offs.

Approximately \$3.9 million of the Columbia Facility and ARL shutdown costs were incurred in 2005 and 2006 (\$0.5 million for assets written-off), and \$0.6 million were incurred in the first three months of 2007. Approximately \$0.3 million was paid in cash during the first three months of 2007. Tijuana Facility consolidation plan No. 2 expenses of \$2.3 million were incurred and paid in cash in 2006 and \$0.7 million in the first quarter of 2007.

Once the moves are completed, the Company anticipates annual cost savings in the range of \$5.0 to \$6.0 million. The expenses for the Columbia Facility and ARL shutdowns, the Tijuana Facility consolidation No. 2 and the RD&E consolidation are included in the IMC business segment.

ECP Expansion. In February 2007, the Company announced that it will close its current manufacturing facility in Canton, MA and construct a new 80,000 square foot facility in the Massachusetts area to perform those operations in. The expected completion of this \$28 million expansion project is mid-2008. The total

expense to be recognized for this relocation is estimated to be \$2.2 million to \$2.4 million. During the first three months of 2007, approximately \$0.1 million of costs were incurred related to this project, which were primarily non-cash items. Costs related to this move are included in the ECP business segment.

Our Financial Results

We utilize a fifty-two, fifty-three week fiscal year ending on the Friday nearest December 31st. For 52-week years, each quarter contains 13 weeks. The first quarter of 2007 and 2006 ended on March 30, and March 31, respectively. The commentary that follows should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and with the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2006.

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Results	$^{-}$	()nor:	at i on

	Th	Three months ended					
In thousands, except per share data		March 30, 2007		March 31, 2006			
IMC							
ICD batteries					(1,02		
Pacemaker and other batteries			5,				
ICD capacitors							139%
Feedthroughs					2,10		
Enclosures		5 , 706	6,	,340	(63	34)	-10%
Other medical		15,087	12,	918	2,16	59	17%
Total IMC							13%
ECP		11,664	10,	527	1,13	37	11%
Total sales Cost of sales – excluding amortization		76 , 860	68 ,	.107	8,75	53	13%
of intangible assets Cost of sales - amortization		47,288	39 ,	515	7,77	73	20%
of intangible assets		948		958	(1	0)	-1%
Total Cost of Sales (1)		48,236	40 ,	 , 473	7,76	 53	19%
Cost of sales as a % of sales							3.4%
Selling, general, and administrative							
expenses (SG&A)		10,033	9,	015	1,01	. 8	11%
SG&A as a % of sales			8 1				-0.1%
Research, development and engineering							
costs, net (RD&E)		6,452	5,	,898	5.5	54	9%
RD&E as a % of sales		8.49	0	8.7%			-0.3%
Other operating expense, net		1,533	2,	, 669	(1,13	36)	-43%
Operating income		10,606	10,	.052	 55	 54	6%
Operating margin		13.89	8 1	14.8%			-1.0%
Interest expense		1,144	1,	135		9	1%
Interest income		(1,856)	(1,	192)	(66	54)	
Other (income) expense, net		(4,489))	(44)	(4,44	15)	-56% -10102%

Provision for income taxes Effective tax rate		5,138 32.5%	3,503 34.5%	1,635	47% -2.0%
Net income	 \$	10 , 669 \$	6,650 \$	4,019	60%
Net margin Diluted earnings per share	==: \$	======================================	9.8% 0.28 \$	0.15	4.1% 54%

Sales

IMC. The nature and extent of our selling relationship with each CRM customer is different in terms of component products purchased, selling prices, product volumes, ordering patterns and inventory management. We have pricing arrangements with our customers that at times do not specify minimum order quantities. Our visibility to customer ordering patterns is over a relatively short period of time. Our customers may have inventory management programs and alternate supply arrangements of which we are unaware. Additionally, the relative market share among the CRM device manufacturers changes periodically. Consequently, these and other factors can significantly impact our sales in any given period.

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Our customers may initiate field actions with respect to market-released products. These actions may include product recalls or communications with a significant number of physicians about a product or labeling issue. The scope of such actions can range from very minor issues affecting a small number of units to more significant actions. There are a number of factors, both short-term and long-term related to these field actions that may impact our results. In the short-term, if product has to be replaced, or customer inventory levels have to be restored, this will result in increased component demand. Also, changing customer order patterns due to market share shifts or accelerated device replacements may also have a positive impact on our sales results in the near-term. These same factors may have longer-term implications as well. Customer inventory levels may ultimately have to be rebalanced to match demand.

The increase in IMC sales of 13% for the three month period ending March 30, 2007 was driven by growth of ICD capacitors, feedthroughs and coatings and assembly products, which are included in the other medical category. Our ICD capacitor sales more than doubled in the quarter, to \$8.5 million, a \$4.9 million increase over the prior year. Approximately half of the increase was due to our customers replenishing inventory in the current quarter. In addition to inventory related demand, sales increased as a result of a customer supply issue, which we anticipate continuing into the second quarter. We also continued to experience growth in our feedthrough business with sales increasing by 13% from last year. The majority of this growth has come from domestic market share penetration.

This growth was partially offset by lower sales from ICD batteries as well as medical enclosures. ICD battery sales declined by 8%. However, ICD sales were up 16% from fourth quarter of 2006. ICD battery sales softened through the balance of 2006 reflecting the general slowdown in the ICD market but began to rebound in the first quarter of 2007.

ECP. Similar to IMC customers, we have pricing arrangements with our customers that many times do not specify minimum quantities. Our visibility to customer ordering patterns is over a relatively short period of time.

ECP sales increased 11% from last year. The growth in the quarter primarily came

from oil & gas, pipeline inspection and military markets. Oil and gas drilling activity remains strong and continues to drive the core growth of the business.

Cost of Sales

Changes from the prior year to cost of sales as a percentage of sales were primarily due to the following:

	Three months ended March 30, 2007
Production inefficiencies primarily associated with	
lower volumes (a)	3.2%
Excess capacity at Tijuana Facility (b)	-1.1%
Mix change (c)	0.7%
Other	0.6%
Total percentage point change to cost of sales as a	
percentage of sales	3.4%
	=======================================

(a) This increase in cost of sales is primarily due to lower production of ICD batteries, which absorb a greater amount of fixed costs such as plant overhead and depreciation. In the prior year period, ICD production volume was 9% higher in response to increased sales and replenishment of safety stock.

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- (b) The Tijuana Facility was fully operational in the first quarter of 2006 but was not being fully utilized as it was only producing sub-assemblies. In 2007, the facility was producing increased volumes of sub-assemblies and the majority of the filtered feedthroughs reducing the excess capacity from the prior year. In accordance with the Company's inventory accounting policy, excess capacity costs were expensed.
- (c) The revenue increase from 2006 was primarily in capacitors, which generally have lower margins.

We expect cost of sales as a percentage of sales to decrease over the next several years as the result of the consolidation efforts and the elimination of excess capacity. Excess capacity for the Tijuana Facility is not expected to be eliminated until mid-2007 when the last announced consolidation effort is anticipated to be completed (see the "cost savings and consolidation efforts" section for additional information).

SG&A expenses

Changes from the prior year to SG&A expenses were due to the following (in thousands):

Three months ended March 30, 2007
\$ 250 230 150 130 258
\$ 1,018

- (a) Increase in stock-based compensation related to our leadership succession planning transition. The increase in stock-based compensation expense is expected to continue into the future.
- (b) The increased workforce expense was a result of the Company's efforts to increase the marketing and sales of its products as well as general and administrative costs related to finance personnel additions in 2006.
- (c) Increase in director fees is consistent with the approved plan as disclosed in our most recent proxy. (d) Increase in legal fees is due to customer contract negotiations and the financing transactions discussed above.

RD&E expenses

Net research, development and engineering costs are as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended					
	March 30, 2007		arch 31, 2006			
Research and development costs	\$	3,631 \$ 	3 , 973			
Engineering costs Less cost reimbursements		3,131 (310)	2,356 (431)			
Engineering costs, net		2 , 821	1,925			
Total research and development and engineering costs, net	\$	6,452 \$	5 , 898			

The increase in RD&E expenses for the three month period ended March 30, 2007 is primarily due to the planned increase in engineering personnel costs (headcount), as we continue to invest substantial resources to develop new products. In terms of the development costs billed, reimbursements were lower due to lower volume and timing of reimbursable development projects. Reimbursements for achieving certain development milestones are netted against gross spending.

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Other operating expense

Other operating expense for 2007 and 2006 are comprised of the following costs (in thousands):

		Three months ended				
			ch 30, 2007	March 31, 2006		
(a)	Alden facility consolidation	\$	-	\$	515	
(a)	Carson City facility shutdown and Tijuana facility consolidation No. 1		386		1,228	
(a)	Columbia facility shutdown, Tijuana facility					
	consolidation No. 2 and RD&E consolidation		1,303		922	
(a)	ECP expansion		137		_	
(b)	Asset dispositions and other		(293)		4	
		\$	1,533	\$	2 , 669	

- (a) Refer to the "Cost Savings and Consolidation Efforts" discussion for disclosure related to the timing and level of remaining expenditures for these items as of March 30, 2007.
- (b) During the first quarter of 2007, the Company received \$0.3 million of insurance proceeds related to equipment damaged during transportation to the Tijuana Facility in the second quarter of 2006. The remaining expense is for property, plant and equipment dispositions.

Interest expense and interest income

Interest expense for the three months ended March 30, 2007 is consistent with prior year periods, and is primarily related to our outstanding convertible notes. Interest expense is expected to increase in the future as a result of the additional \$80.0 million of 2.25% convertible subordinated notes issued during the first quarter of 2007 and additional amortization of deferred fees and discounts associated with these notes and the notes exchanged during the quarter (See Gain on extinguishment of debt).

Interest income for the three months ended March 30, 2007 increased in comparison to the same periods of 2006 primarily due to increased cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment balances.

Gain on extinguishment of debt

In March 2007, the Company entered into separate, privately negotiated agreements to exchange \$117.8 million of the original \$170.0 million of 2.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2013 ("CSN I") for an equivalent principal amount of a new series of 2.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2013. The primary purpose of this transaction was to eliminate the June 15, 2010 call and put option that is included in the terms of CSN I. This exchange was accounted for as an extinguishment of debt and resulted in a net pre-tax gain of \$4.5 million (\$2.9 million net of tax) or \$0.11 per diluted share.

Provision for income taxes

Our effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2007 was 32.5% compared to 34.5% for the same period of 2006. This decrease was primarily a result of our estimated increase in R&D tax credits and the Qualified Production Activities Deduction for 2007.

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Subsequent Events

On April 3, 2007, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of BIOMEC, Inc. ("BIOMEC") for \$11.4 million in cash and future additional consideration. BIOMEC has grants in place that will fund substantially all of its development costs through 2008. Currently, the engineering team is working on various projects, including a novel-polymer coating (biomimetic) that mimics the surface of endothelial cells of blood vessels. Additionally, BIOMEC has a product development agreement and a 20% investment partnership in IntElect Medical, Inc., an early stage neurostimulation device company that works in conjunction with the Cleveland Clinic. This transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting.

On April 30, 2007, the Company jointly announced with Enpath Medical, Inc. ("Enpath") that they have entered into a definitive merger agreement under which the Company will acquire Enpath for \$14.38 per share in cash, or approximately \$102 million, including assumption of debt. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will commence a tender offer for all of Enpath's outstanding shares

no later than May 8, 2007. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals and the tender of a majority of Enpath's outstanding shares, on a fully diluted basis. The purchase price will be funded out of the Company's available cash and short-term investments. The transaction is expected to close in late June. Enpath is a medical products company engaged in designing, developing, manufacturing and marketing single use medical device products for the cardiac rhythm management, neuromodulation and interventional radiology markets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

(Dollars in millions)		March 30, 2007		ember 29, 2006
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments				
(a) (b)	\$	225.7	\$	142.6
Working capital (b)	\$	274.7	\$	199.1
Current ratio		6.3 : 1.0	5.	.7 : 1.0

- (a) Short-term investments consist of investments acquired with maturities that exceed three months and are less than one year at the time of acquisition, equity securities classified as available-for-sale, and auction rate securities.
- (b) Cash and cash equivalents and working capital increased primarily due to \$76.0 million of net cash received from the issuance of additional 2.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2013 in March 2007.

Revolving Line of Credit

The Company maintains a three-year \$50 million Revolving Credit Facility (the "Revolver"), which contains a \$10.0 million sub-limit for the issuance of commercial or standby letters of credit. The Revolver is secured by the Company's non-realty assets including cash, accounts and notes receivable, and inventories and has an expiration date of May 31, 2008. The Revolver requires compliance with two quarterly financial covenants, as defined. The first relates to the ratio of consolidated net earnings or loss before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") to fixed charges. The second is a leverage ratio, which is calculated based on the ratio of consolidated funded debt less cash, cash equivalent investments and short-term investments to consolidated EBITDA. Interest rates under the Revolver vary with the Company's leverage. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee of between 0.125% and 0.250% per annum on the unused portion of the Revolver based on the Company's leverage. As of March 30, 2007, the Company had no balance outstanding on the Revolver.

In April 2007, the Company signed a commitment letter for a new five-year senior credit facility (the "Credit Facility") consisting of a \$235 million revolving credit facility, which can be increased to \$335 million upon the Company's request. The Credit Facility also contains a \$15 million letter of credit subfacility and a \$15 million swingline subfacility. This Credit Facility will replace the \$50 million Revolver and has similar financial covenants, interest rates, commitment fees and prioritization as the Revolver. The Company expects that this agreement will become effective in the second quarter of 2007.

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Our principal sources of liquidity are our operating cash flow combined with our working capital of \$225.7 million at March 30, 2007 and availability under our Revolver. Historically we have generated cash from operations sufficient to meet our capital expenditure and debt service needs, other than for

acquisitions. At March 30, 2007, our current ratio was 6.3:1.0. As discussed above, subsequent to the end of the first quarter, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of BIOMEC for \$11.4 million in cash and future additional consideration and entered into a definitive merger agreement to acquire Enpath for approximately \$102 million in cash, including the assumption of debt. These transactions will be funded with the Company's cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments available for sale. The Company regularly engages in discussions relating to potential acquisitions and may announce additional acquisition transactions at any time.

Operating activities

Net cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended March 30, 2007 increased \$12.2 million over the comparable period in 2006. This was primarily the result of a decrease in inventory levels due to increased sales and a decreased accounts receivable change compared to the first quarter of 2006. The \$4.5 million (\$2.9 million net of tax) non-cash gain on the extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2007 resulted in a reclassification of approximately \$11.3 million of income tax liability, which is payable in 2007. This amount was previously recorded as a non-current deferred tax liability on the balance sheet.

Investing activities

The majority of the acquisition of property, plant and equipment for the first three months of 2007 was related to routine purchases made in order to support our internal growth and to maintain our technology leadership. We expect these purchases to increase in the future as we begin construction of a new 80,000 square foot manufacturing facility in the Massachusetts area in June of this year. In addition to a new expanded facility, we will also be investing in semi-automation equipment. The expected completion of this \$28 million expansion project is mid-2008. We expect to use \$113.4 million of cash and cash equivalents and short term investments available for sale to fund the acquisition of BIOMEC and Enpath in the second quarter of 2007.

Net cash invested in short-term instruments during the first three months of 2007 of \$7.5 million is primarily a result of the investment of excess cash flow from operations.

Financing activities

Cash flow from financing activities for the first quarter of 2007 was primarily related to the issuance of \$80.0 million of additional 2.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2013 at a price of \$950 per \$1,000 of principal. The Company has incurred approximately \$4.3 million of financing fees related to this transaction which will be paid in the second quarter of 2007. Additionally, cash flows from financing activities included cash received from non-qualified stock option exercises for both 2007 and 2006.

Capital Structure

At March 30, 2007, our capital structure consisted of \$240.1 million of convertible subordinated notes and our 22.3 million shares of common stock outstanding. We have \$225.7 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments and are in a position to finance our future acquisitions. We are also authorized to issue 100 million shares of common stock and 100 million shares of preferred stock. The market value of our outstanding common stock since our IPO has exceeded our book value; accordingly, we believe that if needed we can access public markets to sell additional common or preferred stock assuming conditions are appropriate. Our capital structure allows us to support our internal growth and provides liquidity for corporate development initiatives. Our current expectation for 2007 is that capital spending will be

in the range of \$35.0 million to \$45.0 million, of which \$20.0 million is attributable to the ECP expansion.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements within the meaning of Item $303\,(a)\,(4)$ of Regulation S-K.

Contractual Obligations

In the normal course of business, the Company makes routine purchase commitments (primarily equipment and raw material purchases) in order to maintain the technological leadership of its manufacturing facilities and meet the needs of its customers. As of March 30, 2007, total contractual obligations related to such expenditures are approximately \$10.5 million and will be financed by existing cash, short-term investments, or cash generated from operations.

Inflation

We do not believe that inflation has had a significant effect on our operations.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities—Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. This Statement provides entities with an option to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. If elected, an entity must report unrealized gains and losses on the item in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option: may be applied instrument by instrument, with a few exceptions, such as investments otherwise accounted for by the equity method; is irrevocable (unless a new election date occurs); and is applied only to entire instruments and not to portions of instruments. The Company is still evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 159 on its financial statements, which is effective beginning in fiscal year 2008.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value while applying generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from independent sources and (2) the reporting entity's own assumptions developed based on unobservable inputs. The Company is still evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on its financial statements, which is effective beginning in fiscal year 2008.

Application of Critical Accounting Estimates

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are based on the selection of accounting policies and the application of significant accounting estimates, some of which require management to make significant assumptions. We believe that some of the more critical estimates and related assumptions that affect our financial condition and results of operations are in the areas of inventories, goodwill and other indefinite lived intangible assets, long-lived assets, share-based compensation and income taxes. For further information, refer to Item 7 "Managements Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29,

2006.

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During the three months ended March 30, 2007, we did not change or adopt new accounting policies that had a material effect on our consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

Effective in the first quarter of 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB SFAS No. 109. FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized under SFAS 109. FIN No. 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and also provides guidance on various related matters such as derecognition, interest and penalties, and disclosure.

Upon adoption of FIN No. 48, the Company did not recognize any adjustment to its \$1.8 million of unrecognized tax benefits, all of which would favorably impact the effective tax rate (net of federal benefit on state issues), if recognized. The Company's unrecognized tax benefits consist of refund claims which did not meet the more likely than not threshold under FIN No. 48. At the end of the first quarter, there was no change in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits. The Company anticipates that the total unrecognized tax benefits could significantly change within the next twelve months due to the settlement of audits/appeals currently in process, however, quantification of an estimated range cannot be made at this time.

The Company will recognize interest expense related to uncertain tax positions as Interest Expense. Penalties, if incurred, would be recognized as a component of Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. At the end of the first quarter, there was no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The tax years 2003-2006 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject. The 2001 and 2002 tax years remain open in certain jurisdictions as a result of audits/appeals currently in process.

Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other written and oral statements made from time to time by us and our representatives are not statements of historical or current fact. As such, they are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations, which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions. They include statements relating to:

- o future sales, expenses and profitability;
- o the future development and expected growth of our business and the industries we operate in;
- o our ability to successfully execute our business model and our business strategy;
- o our ability to identify trends within the implantable medical devices, medical components, and commercial power sources industries and to offer products and services that meet the changing needs of those markets;
- o projected capital expenditures; and
- o trends in government regulation.

You can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may,"

"will," "should," "could," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates,"
"believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential" or "continue" or the negative
of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only
predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially from those suggested
by these forward-looking statements. In evaluating these statements and our
prospects generally, you should carefully consider the factors set forth below.
All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our
behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary factors and

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to others contained throughout this report. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report or to conform these statements to actual results.

Although it is not possible to create a comprehensive list of all factors that may cause actual results to differ from the results expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements or that may affect our future results, some of these factors include the following: dependence upon a limited number of customers, product obsolescence, inability to market current or future products, pricing pressure from customers, reliance on third party suppliers for raw materials, products and subcomponents, fluctuating operating results, inability to maintain high quality standards for our products, challenges to our intellectual property rights, product liability claims, inability to successfully consummate and integrate acquisitions, unsuccessful expansion into new markets, competition, inability to obtain licenses to key technology, regulatory changes or consolidation in the healthcare industry, and other risks and uncertainties that arise from time to time as described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and other periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Under our line of credit any borrowings bear interest at fluctuating market rates. At March 30, 2007, we did not have any borrowings outstanding under our line of credit and thus no interest rate sensitive financial instruments other than short-term investments. We do not believe that the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on our short-term investments will have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The company incurs certain expenses related to the Tijuana operations that are denominated in a foreign currency. We do not believe that the impact of foreign currency fluctuations will have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

a. Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) related to the recording, processing, summarization and reporting of information in our reports that we file with the SEC as of March 30, 2007. These disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to us, including our subsidiaries, is made known to our management, including these officers, by other of our employees, and that this information is reco