

POSITRON CORP  
Form 10KSB  
April 14, 2008

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U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

ANNUAL REPORT  
UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007  
Commissions file number: 0-24092

Positron Corporation  
A Texas Corporation  
1304 Langham Creek Drive, Suite 300, Houston, Texas 77084  
(281) 492-7100

IRS Employer Identification Number: 76-0083622

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: NONE

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: COMMON STOCK, \$.01 PAR VALUE

Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes

No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

Issuer's revenues for fiscal year ended December 31, 2007: \$3,309,000.

Aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant as of April 11, 2008: \$3,777,765.

As of April 14, 2007, there were 102,555,302 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes  No



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## PART I

## Item 1. Description of Business

## General

Positron Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Texas on December 20, 1983, and commenced commercial operations in 1986. The Company designs, manufactures, markets and services advanced medical imaging devices utilizing positron emission tomography ("PET") technology under the trade-name POSICAM™ systems. POSICAM(TM) systems incorporate patented and proprietary software and technology for the diagnosis and treatment of patients in the areas of cardiology, oncology and neurology. Positron Corporation offers unique combination of low cost technology and disease specific software solutions differentiating themselves from all other medical device manufacturers. Unlike other currently available imaging technologies, PET technology permits the measurement of the biological processes of organs and tissues as well as producing anatomical and structural images. POSICAM™ systems, which incorporate patented and proprietary technology, enable physicians to diagnose and treat patients in the areas of cardiology, neurology and oncology. The Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") approved the initial POSICAM™ system for marketing in 1985, and as of December 31, 2005, the Company has sold twenty eight (28) POSICAM™ systems, of which eleven (11) are in leading medical facilities in the United States and six (6) are installed in international medical institutions. The Company has reacquired one system, which is being held in inventory for resale.

PET technology is an advanced imaging technique, which permits the measurement of the biological processes of organs and tissues, as well as producing anatomical and structural images. Other advanced imaging techniques, such as magnetic resonance imaging ("MRI") and computed tomography ("CT"), produce anatomical and structural images, but do not image or measure biological processes. The ability to measure biological abnormalities in tissues and organs allows physicians to detect disease at an early stage, and provides information, which would otherwise be unavailable, to diagnose and treat disease. The Company believes that PET technology could lower the total cost of diagnosing and tracing certain diseases by providing a means for early diagnosis and reducing expensive, invasive or unnecessary procedures, such as angiograms or biopsies which, in addition to being costly and painful, may not be necessary or appropriate.

Commercialization of PET technology commenced in the mid-1980s and the Company is one of several commercial manufacturers of PET imaging systems in the United States. Although the other manufacturers are substantially larger, the Company believes that its POSICAM™ systems have proprietary operational and performance characteristics, which may provide certain performance advantages over other commercially available PET systems. Such performance advantages include: (i) high count-rate capability and high sensitivity, which result in faster, more accurate imaging; (ii) enhanced ability to use certain types of radiopharmaceuticals, which reduces reliance on a cyclotron and enhances patient throughput; (iii) ability to minimize patient exposure to radiation; and (iv) ability to minimize false positive and false negative diagnoses of disease. The medical imaging industry in which the Company is engaged is, however, subject to rapid and significant technological change. There can be no assurance that the POSICAM™ systems can be upgraded to meet future innovations in the PET industry or that new technologies will not emerge, or existing technologies will not be improved, which would render the Company's products obsolete or non-competitive. See "Item 1. Description of Business – Risks Associated with Business Activities—Substantial Competition and Effects of Technological Change".

The Company's initial focus was the clinical cardiology market, where its POSICAM™ systems have been used to assess the presence and extent of coronary artery disease, such as the effect of arterial blockages and heart damage due to heart attacks. In 1994 and 1995, the Company made technological advances which allowed it to market its products to

the neurological and oncological markets. Neurological applications of POSICAM™ systems include diagnoses of certain brain disorders, such as epileptic seizures, dementia, stroke, Alzheimer's disease, Pick's disease and Parkinson's disease. In oncology, POSICAM™ systems are used in the diagnosis and evaluation of melanoma and tumors of the bone and various organs and tissues such as the brain, lungs, liver, colon, breasts and lymphatic system.

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### Medical Imaging Industry Overview

Diagnostic imaging allows a physician to assess disease, trauma or dysfunction without the necessity of surgery. The diagnostic imaging industry includes ultrasound, X-ray, MRI, CT, and nuclear medicine (which include PET and Single-Photon Emission Computed Tomography (“SPECT”). MRI technology uses powerful magnetic fields to provide anatomical and structural images of the brain, the spine and other soft tissues, as well as determining the location and size of tumors. CT scans use X-ray beams to obtain anatomical and structural images of bones and organs. Nuclear medicine focuses on providing information about the function and biological processes of organs and tissues through the use of radiopharmaceuticals.

The first prototype PET scanner was developed in the mid 1970s and the first commercial PET scanner was constructed in 1978. Approximately 1,600 dedicated PET systems are currently operational in the United States and approximately 500 additional dedicated PET systems are in commercial use internationally.

### PET Technology

The PET imaging process begins with the injection of a radiopharmaceutical (a drug containing a radioactive agent) by a trained medical person into a patient’s bloodstream. After being distributed within the patient’s body, the injected radiopharmaceutical undergoes a process of radioactive decay, whereby positrons (positively charged electrons) are emitted and subsequently converted along with free electrons into two gamma rays or photons. These paired gamma events are detected by the POSICAM™ systems as coincidence events. The source of the photons is determined and is reconstructed into a color image of the scanned organ utilizing proprietary computer software. Since certain functional processes, such as blood flow, metabolism or other biochemical processes, determine the concentration of the radiopharmaceutical throughout the body, the intensity or color at each point in the PET image directly maps the vitality of the respective function at that point within an organ.

In cardiology, PET imaging is an accurate, non-invasive method of diagnosing or assessing the severity of coronary artery disease. Unlike other imaging technologies, PET technology allows a physician to determine whether blood flow to the heart muscle is normal, thereby identifying narrowed coronary arteries, and whether damaged heart muscle is viable and may benefit from treatment such as bypass surgery or angioplasty. In addition, dynamic and gated imaging can display and measure the ejection fraction and wall motion of the heart.

In neurology, PET imaging is now being used as a surgical planning tool to locate the source of epileptic disturbances in patients with uncontrollable seizures. In other neurological applications, PET is used in the diagnosis of dementia, Alzheimer’s disease, Pick’s disease and Parkinson’s disease, and in the evaluation of stroke severity.

In oncology, PET imaging has historically been used to measure the metabolism of tumor masses after surgery or chemotherapy. Clinical experience has shown that PET is more accurate than CT scans or MRI in determining the effectiveness of chemotherapy and radiotherapy in the treatment of cancer. PET scans are becoming commonly used to assess suspected breast cancer and whether the lymph system has become involved. Whole body PET scans are now routinely performed to survey the body for cancer. This application enables oncologists to see the total picture of all metastases in a patient, thereby allowing them to properly tailor the course of treatment.

The radiopharmaceuticals employed in PET imaging are used by organs in their natural processes, such as blood flow and metabolism, without affecting their normal function, and quickly dissipate from the body. Radiopharmaceuticals used in PET procedures expose patients to a certain amount of radiation, which is measured in units of milliRads. Exposure to radiation can cause damage to living tissue, and the greater the radiation exposure, the greater

the potential for damage. Certain PET procedures expose a patient to less radiation than would be associated with other imaging technologies. A PET cardiac scan, using the radiopharmaceutical Rubidium-82, results in exposure of approximately 96 milliRads, while a neurological PET scan using 18-FDG, results in exposure of approximately 390 milliRads. In contrast, a typical chest X-ray results in exposure of approximately 150 milliRads and a CT scan results in exposure of approximately 500 to 4,000 milliRads, depending on the procedure.

Radiopharmaceuticals used in PET technology can be created using many natural substances including carbon, oxygen, nitrogen and fluorine. The PET procedure to be performed determines the type of radiopharmaceutical used. Radiopharmaceuticals are made ready for use at a clinic, hospital, or commercial nuclear pharmacy by either a cyclotron or generator. Cyclotrons require an initial capital investment of up to \$2 million, an additional capital investment for site preparation, and significant annual operating expenses. Generators require an initial capital investment of approximately \$60,000, no additional capital investment for site preparation, and monthly operating expenses of approximately \$30,000. While POSICAM™ systems have been designed flexibly to be used with both cyclotron and generator-produced radiopharmaceuticals; they have proprietary design features that enhance their ability to use generator-produced radiopharmaceuticals. As a result, clinics or hospitals intending to focus on certain cardiac PET applications can avoid the significant capital and operating expenses associated with a cyclotron.

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## Marketing Strategy

The Company's initial marketing strategy targeted clinical cardiology based on research conducted at the University of Texas. This research showed the commercial potential of clinical cardiology applications of PET imaging. With the development of the POSICAM™ HZ, POSICAM™ HZL, mPower™, and the Company's upcoming technology from our joint venture partner in China, Positron will present to the market affordable technology that specializes in cardiac imaging. The Company believes that it can capture significant market share by leveraging its strong reputation in the cardiology marketplace with combining physician and patient concentric software applications.

To market its systems, Positron relies on referrals from users of its existing base of installed scanners, trade show exhibits, trade journal advertisements, clinical presentations at professional and industry conferences, and published articles in trade journals. The Company uses both sales personnel and key distributors who have geographic or market expertise. Positron incurs minimal expense for sales until there is a completed sale. Positron continued to broaden its communications with the market in support of sales through its developing distribution network and using the internet and directed mailings. We believe that this approach will be cost effective and allow Positron to compete cost effectively with larger competitors. There is no assurance that the Company's marketing strategy is sufficiently aggressive to compete against larger, better funded competitors.

## The POSICAM™ System

At the heart of the POSICAM™ system is its detector assembly, which detects the gammas from positron emissions, and electronic circuits that pinpoint the location of each emission. POSICAM™ systems are easy to use and are neither physically confining nor intimidating to patients. POSICAM™ scans are commonly performed on an outpatient basis.

The Company's POSICAM™ system compares favorably with PET systems produced by other manufacturers based upon count rate and sensitivity. The count-rate and sensitivity of an imaging system determine its ability to detect, register and assimilate the greatest number of meaningful positron emission events in the shortest period of time. The high count-rate capability and sensitivity of the POSICAM™ systems result in good diagnostic accuracy as measured by fewer false positives and false negatives. Further benefits of high count-rate and sensitivity include faster imaging and the ability to use short half-life radiopharmaceuticals, thereby reducing patient exposure to radiation and potentially reducing the capital cost to some purchasers by eliminating the need for a cyclotron for certain cardiac applications.

The detector assembly consists of crystals, which scintillate (emit light) when exposed to gamma photons from positron-electron annihilations, in combination with photomultiplier tubes, which are coupled to the crystals and convert the scintillations into electrical impulses. The Company employs its own patented staggered crystal array design for the POSICAM™ detectors. Unlike competing PET systems, this feature permits the configuration of the detector crystals to collect overlapping slices and more accurately measure the volume of interest by eliminating image sampling gaps. This is important since under-sampling, or gaps in sampling, can contribute to an inaccurate diagnosis. The crystal design also reduces "dead time" - the time interval following the detection and registration of an event during which a subsequent event cannot be detected. The basic unit of identification within each crystal module is small, thereby reducing the probability of multiple hits during a dead period for higher levels of radioactive flux (activity in the patient).

The POSICAM™ system creates a high number of finely spaced image slices. An image slice is a cross-sectional view that is taken at an arbitrary angle to the angle of the organ being scanned, and not necessarily the angle a physician wishes to view. The POSICAM™ computer can then adjust the cross-sectional view to create an image from any

desired angle. The high number of finely spaced image slices created by the POSICAM™ system enhances the accuracy of the interpreted image set.

An integral part of a POSICAM™ system is its proprietary data acquisition microprocessor and its application system software. The Company's software can reconstruct an image in five seconds or less. The Company has expended substantial effort and resources to develop computer software that is user-friendly and clinically oriented. The only personnel needed to perform clinical studies with the POSICAM™ systems are a trained nurse, a trained technician and an overseeing physician for patient management and safety.

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### Customer Service and Warranty

The Company has three (3) field service engineers in the United States who have primary responsibility for supporting and maintaining the Company's installed equipment base. In addition, the Company has field engineers involved in site planning, customer training, sales of hardware upgrades, sales and administration of service contracts, telephone technical support and customer service.

The Company typically provides a one-year warranty to purchasers of POSICAM™ systems. However, in the past, the Company offered multi-year warranties to facilitate sales of its systems. Following the warranty period, the Company offers purchasers a comprehensive service contract under which the Company provides all parts and labor, system software upgrades and unlimited service calls. The Company offers to provide service to all of its POSICAM™ systems; however at year end 2007, the company had ten (10) service contracts in force and one (1) system under manufacturer's warranty.

The Company's service goal is to maintain maximum system uptime. Success of a clinical site is largely dependent on patient volume during normal working hours and, therefore, equipment uptime and reliability are key factors in this success. Records compiled by the Company show an average uptime of more than 95% for all installed POSICAM™ systems during 2007 and 2006.

### Competition

The Company faces competition primarily from three very large commercial manufacturers of PET systems and from other imaging technologies. The Company does not believe that MRI and CT scan imaging represent significant competing technologies, but rather complementary technologies to PET, since PET, MRI and CT scans each provide information not available from the others. However, computed tomography angiography ("CTA") is seen by some cardiologists to be competitive with PET myocardial perfusion imaging ("MPI").

The Company's primary competition from commercial manufacturers of PET systems comes from General Electric Medical Systems ("GEMS") a division of General Electric Company ("GE"), Siemens Medical Systems, Inc. ("Siemens") and Philips Medical ("Philips"). GE, Siemens and Philips have substantially greater financial, technological and personnel resources than the Company. See "Item 1. Description of Business—Risk Associated with Business Activities—Substantial Competition and Effects of Technological Change.

GE, Siemens and Philips have introduced a scanner that combines CT scanning and PET in one unit. In collaboration with its joint venture partner, Neusoft Medical Systems, Positron will introduce a PET/CT scanner. High field MRI technology, an advanced version of MRI, is in the development stage, but is a potential competitor to PET in certain neurology and oncology applications. Presently, high field MRI may be useful in performing certain research (non-clinical) applications such as blood flow studies to perform "brain mapping" to localize the portions of the brain associated with individual functions (such as motor activities and vision). However, high field MRI does not have the capability to assess metabolism. The Company cannot presently predict the future competitiveness of high field MRI or CT.

### Third-Party Reimbursement

POSICAM™ systems are primarily purchased by medical institutions and clinics, which provide health care services to their patients. Such institutions or patients typically bill or seek reimbursement from various third-party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, other governmental programs and private insurance carriers for the charges associated with

the provided healthcare services. The Company believes that the market success of PET imaging depends largely upon obtaining favorable coverage and reimbursement policies from such programs and carriers.

Medicare/Medicaid reimbursement. Prior to March 1995, Medicare and Medicaid did not provide reimbursement for PET imaging. Decisions as to such policies for major new medical procedures are typically made by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (“CMS”) formerly the U.S. Health Care Financing Administration, based in part on recommendations made to it by the Office of Health Technology Assessment (“OHTA”). Historically, OHTA has not completed an evaluation of a procedure unless all of the devices and/or drugs used in the procedure have received approval or clearance for marketing by the FDA. Decisions as to the extent of Medicaid coverage for particular technologies are made separately by the various state Medicaid programs, but such programs tend to follow Medicare national coverage policies. In 1999, CMS approved reimbursement on a trial basis for limited cardiac, oncological, and neurological diagnostic procedures. In December 2000, CMS expanded its coverage in cardiology, oncology and neurology for centers utilizing true PET scanners. In July 2001, CMS further expended its coverage of these procedures and virtually eliminated reimbursement for SPECT imagers performing PET scans. This helped to strengthen the market for “true” PET scanners. In 2001, CMS also implemented its procedures to differentiate hospital based outpatient services from free-standing outpatient services. Under this new program, hospital based PET centers are to be paid less for providing PET services than free-standing centers. Through 2004, CMS has continued to approve additional procedures for reimbursement. Effective January 30, 2005, CMS announced PET coverage for cervical cancer. Although expanding, Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement for PET imaging continues to be restrictive. The Company believes that restrictive reimbursement policies have had a very significant adverse affect on widespread use of PET imaging and have, therefore, adversely affected the Company’s business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

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In 1995, CMS approved reimbursement for one PET procedure in cardiology. In 1998, four additional procedures in cardiology, oncology and neurology were approved. In February 1999, three additional procedure reimbursements were approved in oncology. In December 2000, six additional procedure reimbursements were approved in oncology, one in cardiology and one in neurology. In 2001, further refinements of the reimbursement policies were introduced with expansion in oncology. Whether CMS will continue to approve additional reimbursable procedures, and whether private insurers will follow CMS's lead are unknown at this time. PET scanner demand in the US increased markedly after the announcement of increasing reimbursement. It is unknown at this time if the increase in demand will be sustained as reimbursement expands.

Private insurer reimbursement. Until the expansion of coverage of CMS, most insurance carriers considered PET imaging to be an investigational procedure and did not reimburse for procedures involving PET imaging. However, this perspective has begun to change as a result of Medicare's expanding acceptance of reimbursements for certain PET procedures. The Company believes that certain private insurance carriers are expanding coverage as experience is gained with PET imaging procedures. While they may not have broad PET reimbursement policies in place today, those providing some reimbursement for PET scans do so on a case-by-case basis.

Any limitation of Medicare, Medicaid or private payer coverage for PET procedures using the POSICAM™ system will likely have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

#### Manufacturing

##### Joint Venture with Neusoft Medical Systems Co., Ltd.

On June 30, 2005 the Company entered into a Joint Venture Contract with Neusoft Medical Systems Co., Inc. of Shenyang, Lianoning Province, People's Republic of China ("Neusoft"). Pursuant to the Joint Venture Contract the parties formed a jointly-owned company, Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. (the "JV Company"), to engage in the manufacturing of PET and CT/PET medical imaging equipment. The JV Company received its business license and was organized in September 2005.

The Company and Neusoft are active in researching, developing, manufacturing, marketing and/or selling Positron Emission Tomography ("PET") and both parties seek to mutually benefit from each other's strengths, and intend to cooperate in the research, development and manufacturing of PET technology. The purpose and scope of the JV Company's technology business is to research, develop and manufacture Positron Emission Tomography systems (PET), and an integrated X-ray Computed Tomography system (CT) and PET system (PET/CT), and to otherwise provide relevant technical consultation and services.

The joint venture hopes to be able to obtain FDA 510k regulatory approval by the end of 2008.

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The parties to the joint venture contributed an aggregate of US \$2,000,000 in capital contributions. Neusoft's aggregate contribution to the capital of the JV Company is 67.5% of the total registered capital of the Company, or US\$ 1,350,000, and was made in cash. The Company's aggregate contribution to the capital of the JV Company is 32.5% of the total registered capital of the Company, or US\$ 650,000, of which US\$ 250,000 was made in cash, and US\$ 400,000 was made in the form of a technology license. Positron has transferred to the JV Company certain of its PET technology, while Neusoft made available to the JV Company certain CT technology for the development and production of an integrated PET/CT system. The parties share the profits, losses and risks of the JV Company in proportion to and, in the event of losses, to the extent of their respective contributions to the registered capital of the JV Company.

#### Sales of Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. Products

The joint venture will sell products manufactured by the JV Company to both joint venture parties for further resale in the marketplace. After the ramp-up period of the JV Company, each party has rights to and risk obligations for its capacity of products required from the JV Company. The parties intend that the manufacturing capacity of the JV Company will be shared on an equivalent basis to each party's contribution to the registered capital of the JV Company, as measured by the manufacturing work and resources needed by the JV Company for the resulting products.

Under its Joint Venture Contract with Neusoft, the Company has the exclusive right to sell PET system products developed by the JV Company in Canada, the U.S. and Mexico under its registered trademarks, and PET/CT products developed by the JV Company in Canada and under the trademark of "Neusoft Positron." The Company and Neusoft have equal rights to sell PET/CT products developed by the JV Company in the U.S. and Mexico under the trademark of "Neusoft Positron." Neusoft has the exclusive right to sell products developed by the JV Company in China under its registered trademarks. Each of Neusoft and the Company has the right to sell products developed by the JV Company in the countries and regions worldwide with the exception of China, Canada, the U.S. and Mexico where select exclusive rights apply.

While the parties believe that the joint venture will meet their objectives, there can be no assurance that the joint venture will meet such objectives, including the development, production and timely delivery of PET and PET/CT systems.

The Company believes that although manufacturing and select research and development has been outsourced, if necessary, it has the ability to assemble its POSICAM™ scanners in its facility located in Houston, Texas. Scanners are generally produced by assembling parts furnished to the Company by outside suppliers. The Company believes that it can assemble and test a typical POSICAM™ system in two to three months.

There are several essential components of the Company's POSICAM™ and mPower™ systems which are obtained from limited or sole sources, including bismuth germinate oxide ("BGO") crystals, which detect gamma photons from positron emissions, and photomultiplier tubes, which convert light energy emitted by such crystals into electrical impulses for use in the image reconstruction process. During 2000, the Company qualified a second vendor for BGO crystal assemblies. This has reduced the Company's exposure in this critical component. While the Company attempts to make alternate supply arrangements for photomultiplier tubes and other critical components, in the event that the supply of any of these components is interrupted, there is no assurance that those arrangements can be made and will provide sufficient quantities of components on a timely or uninterrupted basis. Further, there is no assurance that the cost of supplies will not rise significantly or that components from alternate suppliers will continue to meet the Company's needs and quality control requirements.

Research and Development

The Company's POSICAM™ systems are based upon proprietary technology initially developed at the University of Texas Health Science Center ("UTHSC") in Houston, Texas, under a \$24 million research program begun in 1979 and funded by UTHSC and The Clayton Foundation for Research ("Clayton Foundation"), a Houston-based, non-profit organization. Since that time, the Company has funded further product development and commercialization of the system. These research and development activities are costly and critical to the Company's ability to develop and maintain improved systems. The Company's research and development expenses were approximately \$1,361,000 and \$1,165,000 for the years 2007 and 2006, respectively. The Company's inability to conduct such activities in the future may have a material adverse affect on the Company's business as a whole.

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The Company's recent advances have been focused on introducing a solid-state alternative to traditional photomultiplier technology. The transition to solid-state will allow for the company to offer smaller, less expensive and organ specific medical devices. The development of solid-state technology will also allow for the licensing of their technology to non-medical sectors,

#### Patent and Royalty Arrangements

The Company acquired the know-how and patent rights for positron imaging from three entities: the Clayton Foundation, K. Lance Gould (formerly a director) and Nizar A. Mullani (also formerly a director.) Pursuant to agreements with each of them, the Company was obligated to pay royalties of up to 4.0% in the aggregate of gross revenues from sales, uses, leases, licensing or rentals of the relevant technology. Royalty obligations amounting to approximately \$373,000 were included in liabilities at December 31, 2007.

The Company has several historic domestic and international patents pertaining to positron emission tomography technology and currently maintains one active U.S. patent relating to the unique construction and arrangement of the photo detector module array used in its devices. This was issued in May 1993 and expires in December of 2011.

The Company seeks to protect its trade secrets and proprietary know-how through confidentiality agreements with its consultants. The Company requires each consultant to enter into a confidentiality agreement containing provisions prohibiting the disclosure of confidential information to anyone outside the Company, and requiring disclosure to the Company of any ideas, developments, discoveries or investigations conceived during service as a consultant and the assignment to the Company of patents and proprietary rights to such matters related to the business and technology of the Company.

#### Backlog

As of December 31, 2007, the Company had no outstanding orders for mPower™ systems and one outstanding order for a Pulse CDC system.

#### Product Liability and Insurance

Medical device companies are subject to a risk of product liability and other liability claims in the event that the use of their products results in personal injury claims. The Company has not experienced any product liability claims to date. The Company maintains comprehensive liability insurance coverage for its products and premises exposures with an A++ industry leading insurance carrier.

#### Employees

As of December 31, 2007, the Company employed ten (10) full-time employees and three (3) consultants: four (4) in engineering, one (1) in customer support, four (4) in manufacturing, four (4) in the executive and administration department. None of the Company's employees are represented by a union.

#### Risks Associated with Business Activities

History of Losses. To date the Company has been unable to sell POSICAM™ systems in quantities sufficient to be operationally profitable. Consequently, the Company has sustained substantial losses. During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company had a net loss of approximately \$7,780,000, compared to a net loss of \$6,586,000

during 2006. At December 31, 2007, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$76,605,000. There can be no assurances that the Company will ever achieve the level of revenues needed to be operationally profitable in the future and if profitability is achieved, that it will be sustained. Due to the sizable sales price of each POSICAM™ system and the limited number of systems that have been sold or placed in service in each fiscal period, the Company's revenues have fluctuated, and may likely continue to fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter and from year to year. The opinion of the Company's independent auditors for the year ended December 31, 2007 expressed substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company will need to increase system sales to become profitable and/or obtain additional capital.

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**Recruiting and Retention of Qualified Personnel.** The Company's success is dependent to a significant degree upon the efforts of its executive officers and key employees. The loss or unavailability of the services of any of its key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company. The Company's success is also dependent upon its ability to attract and retain qualified personnel in all areas of its business, particularly management, research and development, sales and marketing and engineering. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to hire and retain a sufficient number of qualified personnel. If the Company is unable to retain and attract such qualified personnel, its business, operating results and cash flows could be adversely affected.

**Working Capital** The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$192,000 at December 31, 2007. The Company received \$3,937,000 and \$2,478,000 in proceeds from private placements of securities and financings in 2007 and 2006, respectively. In spite of the proceeds, the Company believes that it is possible that it may continue to experience operating losses and accumulate deficits in the foreseeable future. If we are unable to obtain financing to meet our cash needs we may have to severely limit or cease our business activities or may seek protection from our creditors under the bankruptcy laws.

#### Penny Stock Rules

If the shares of the Registrant's common stock are listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market or certain other national securities exchanges and the price thereof is below \$5.00, then subsequent purchases of such securities will be subject to the requirements of the penny stock rules absent the availability of another exemption. The SEC has adopted rules that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in "penny stocks." Penny stocks generally are equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 (other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on The Nasdaq Stock Market). The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document required by the SEC, to provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction, monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account, to make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for a stock that becomes subject to the penny stock rules.

**Substantial Competition and Effects of Technological Change.** The industry in which the Company is engaged is subject to rapid and significant technological change. There can be no assurance that POSICAM™ systems can be upgraded to meet future innovations in the PET industry or that new technologies will not emerge, or existing technologies will not be improved, which would render the Company's products obsolete or non-competitive. The Company faces competition in the United States PET market primarily from GE, CTI/Siemens and ADAC/Philips, each of which has significantly greater financial and technical resources and production and marketing capabilities than the Company. In addition, there can be no assurance that other established medical imaging companies, any of which would likely have greater resources than the Company, will not enter the market. The Company also faces competition from other imaging technologies, which are more firmly established and have a greater market acceptance, including SPECT. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully against any of its competitors.

**No Assurance of Market Acceptance.** The POSICAM™ systems involve new technology that competes with more established diagnostic techniques. The purchase and installation of a PET system involves a significant capital expenditure on the part of the purchaser. A potential purchaser of a PET system must have an available patient base that is large enough to provide the utilization rate needed to justify such capital expenditure. There can be no assurance that PET technology or the Company's POSICAM™ systems will be accepted by the target markets, or that the



Company's sales of POSICAM™ systems will increase or that the Company will be profitable.

Patents and Proprietary Technology. The Company holds certain patent and trade secret rights relating to various aspects of its PET technology, which are of material importance to the Company and its future prospects. There can be no assurance, however, that the Company's patents will provide meaningful protection from competitors. Even if a competitor's products were to infringe on patents held by the Company, it would be costly for the Company to enforce its rights, and the efforts at enforcement would divert funds and resources from the Company's operations. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Company's products will not infringe on any patents of others.

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In addition, the Company requires each of its consultants to enter into a confidentiality agreement designed to assist in protecting the Company's proprietary rights. There can be no assurance that these agreements will provide meaningful protection or adequate remedies for the Company's trade secrets or proprietary know-how in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of such information, or that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to the Company's trade secrets and proprietary know-how.

**Government Regulation.** Various aspects of testing, remanufacturing, labeling, selling, distributing and promoting our systems and the radiopharmaceuticals used with them are subject to regulation on the federal level by the FDA and in Texas by the Texas Department of Health and other similar state agencies. In addition, sales of medical devices outside the United States may be subject to foreign regulatory requirements that vary widely from country to country. The FDA regulates medical devices based on their device classification. Positron's device is listed as a Class II medical device, the safety and effectiveness for which are regulated by the use of special controls such as published performance standards. To date, the FDA has not published performance standards for PET systems. If the FDA does publish performance standards for PET systems, there can be no assurance that the standards will not have a potentially adverse effect on our product, including substantial delays in manufacturing or disrupting the Company's marketing activities. Other FDA controls, reporting requirements and regulations also apply to manufacturers of medical devices, including: reporting of adverse events and injuries, and the mandatory compliance with the Quality System Regulations commonly known as Good Manufacturing Practices.

In addition to the regulatory requirements affecting the day-to-day operations of the Company's product, the FDA requires medical device manufacturers to submit pre-market clearance information about their proposed new devices and/or proposed significant changes to their existing device prior to their introduction into the stream of commerce. This process, commonly referred to as a 510(k) Clearance, is an extensive written summary of performance information, comparative information with existing medical devices, product labeling information, safety and effectiveness information, intended use information, and the like. Until the FDA has had the opportunity to thoroughly review and "clear" the submission, commercial distribution of the product is specifically disallowed. Although the FDA is required to respond to all pre-market notifications within ninety days of receiving them, the FDA often takes longer to respond. Once the FDA has cleared the device, it notifies the manufacturer in terms of a "substantial equivalence" letter. The manufacturer may begin marketing the new or modified device when it receives the substantial equivalence letter. If the FDA requires additional information or has specific questions, or if the Company is notified that the device is not "substantially equivalent" to a device that has already been cleared, the Company may not begin to market the device. A non-substantial equivalence determination or request for additional information of a new or significantly modified product could materially affect the Company's financial results and operations. There can be no assurance that any additional product or enhancement that the Company may develop will be approved by the FDA. Delays in receiving regulatory approval could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. The Company submitted an application for such a 510(k) clearance on June 18, 2002 and was granted a new 510(k) on July 12, 2002, number K022001.

In addition to complying with federal requirements, the Company is required under Texas state law to register with the State Department of Health with respect to maintaining radiopharmaceuticals on premises for testing, research and development purposes. Positron submitted a new application to the Texas Department of Health for a Radioactive Material License on July 10, 2000 and was granted a Radioactive Material License with an expiration date of July 31, 2008. During a July 2005 Radiation audit, the company was noted for minor violations, which were addressed and corrected. At this time the company is in full compliance with Texas Radiation Codes, however, there is no assurance that violations may not occur in the future which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations. In addition, Texas state law requires a safety evaluation of devices that contain radioactive materials. The

Company submitted an application for such an evaluation to the Texas Department of Health, Bureau of Radiation Control. As a result, Positron's medical diagnostic scanner has been placed on the Registry of Radioactive Sealed Sources and Devices as of September 20, 2001.

The Company's operations and the operations of PET systems are subject to regulation under federal and state health safety laws, and purchasers and users of PET systems are subject to federal and state laws and regulations regarding the purchase of medical equipment such as PET systems. All laws and regulations, including those specifically applicable to the Company, are subject to change. The Company cannot predict what effect changes in laws and regulations might have on its business. Failure to comply with applicable laws and regulatory requirements could have material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows.

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Further, sales of medical devices outside the country may be subject to foreign regulatory requirements. These requirements vary widely from country to country. There is no assurance that the time and effort required to meet those varying requirements may not adversely affect Positron's ability to distribute its systems in some countries.

**Product Liability and Insurance.** The use of the Company's products entails risks of product liability. There can be no assurance that product liability claims will not be successfully asserted against the Company. The Company maintains product liability insurance coverage for the POSICAM™ systems in the amount of \$1 million per occurrence and an annual aggregate maximum of \$2 million. Separate coverage is maintained for the nuclear imaging devices sold by IPT (through IS2) in the amount of \$2 million aggregate plus a \$1 million excess policy. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to maintain such insurance in the future or, if maintained, that such insurance will be sufficient in amount to cover any successful product liability claims. Any uninsured liability could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

**No Dividends.** The Company has never paid cash dividends on its common stock and does not intend to pay cash dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future.

**Significant Transactions.**

**Imaging Pet Technologies**

The Company and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals Inc., a Canadian radiopharmaceutical corporation ("QMP") acquired all of the operating assets of IS2 Medical Systems Inc., a developer and manufacturer of nuclear imaging devices based in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada ("IS2") through a minority-owned subsidiary of the Company, Imaging PET Technologies, Inc. ("IPT"). The Company and QMP hold 49.9% and 50.1%, respectively, of the capital stock of IPT. On May 8, 2006, to finalize certain obligations of QMP related to the Quantum Molecular Technologies Joint Venture, the Company agreed to issue 650,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B"), convertible into 65,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, to IPT in exchange for a promissory note in the amount of \$1,300,000. See, Quantum Molecular Technologies, below.

On June 5, 2006, IPT completed the acquisition of IS2 through a series of events which resulted in the net assets of IS2 being transferred to IPT. On April 28, 2006, debenture holders and promissory note holders of IS2 were put on notice that the IS2 was in default of its covenants relating to revenue targets. In turn, the debenture/note holders demanded payment. On May 29, 2006, the debentures and notes totaling \$1,435,727 were assigned to IPT by the holders in exchange for \$1,000,000. The original holders assigned their security agreements to IPT who exercised those agreements immediately and assumed the net assets of IS2. In addition to the net assets, the Company assumed leases and contracts. Employment contracts were established with the Company upon acquisition.

**Acquisition of Imagin Interest in IPT**

On January 26, 2007, the Company executed and consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc. ("IMAGIN"), to acquire 11,523,000 shares of common stock of IPT. The Shares represented approximately a 50.1% of IPT's issued and outstanding common stock. As a result of the acquisition of the Shares, the Company owns 100% of the common stock of IPT. As consideration for the shares, the Company and IMAGIN agreed to cancel a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,400,000 made by IMAGIN subsidiary, QMP and later assigned to IMAGIN. As of the date of the Agreement, the Company had been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of QMP's interest in IPT as well as QMP's other holdings of the Company's related securities.

Quantum Molecular Technologies

On December 28, 2005, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc. ("IIDC") and QMP.

The joint venture was formed to develop a new generation of PET technologies using concepts and research and development activities conceived and to be implemented by Dr. Irving Weinberg. QMT will continue these development efforts. The Company will have the right to manufacture and sell any PET products developed by the joint venture in exchange for royalty payments still to be negotiated.

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Dr. Weinberg has been at the forefront of the evolution of PET, tracing his roots back to the UCLA group that created the PET industry. Later, as a practicing radiologist and entrepreneur, Dr. Weinberg designed and built the first breast-specific PET scanner, which was able to detect the earliest form of breast cancer better than any other modality.

The Memorandum provides that the parties will form a joint venture to be called Quantum Molecular Technologies JV (the "QMT JV"). Initially, the joint venture was owned 20%, 29% and 51% by the Company, IDC and QMP, respectively. The Company had the right to increase its interest in the joint venture to a maximum of 51% by the issuance to QMP of up to 150 million shares of the Company's common stock. In consideration for the Company's 20% interest in the joint venture, the Company was obligated to loan to the joint venture sufficient funds, in the form of senior debt, to meet the joint venture's capital requirements as determined by the Company. In turn, IDC and QMP have committed to purchase up to \$4 million in preferred equity in the Company.

On May 8, 2006, the Company amended certain aspects of the QMT JV. Whereas the Company originally held 20% of the interests of the QMT JV, Quantum and IDC assigned 100% of their interest to the Company. Additionally, the investment amount Quantum and IDC originally committed to in the amount of \$4,000,000 was restated to \$2,400,000 to reflect the assignment of the QMT JV interests and participation by the Company in the IPT joint venture acquisition and subsequent financing. The \$2,400,000 investment is in the form of a promissory note to the Company. In exchange for the assignment of QMT JV interests and the investment, the Company issued Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible into 345,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock to Quantum and IDC, pro rata.

On April 13, 2006, the QMT JV was incorporated under the name Quantum Molecular Technologies, Inc. ("QMT") and acquired certain intangible assets in the form of capitalized research and development costs from IDC for a note payable in the amount of \$368,755. As discussed above, on May 8, 2006 the Company acquired 100% of the IDC and QMP interests in QMT. QMT had limited operating activity during the period between April 13, 2006 and May 8, 2006, as such the Company has consolidated 100% of the operations of QMT from the date of acquisition.

On January 26, 2007, IPT acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of QMT from Positron for the purchase price of \$2,800,000 in the form of a promissory note. The non-interest bearing promissory note is payable on or before July 1, 2008 and is secured by a pledge of all of the issued and outstanding shares of QMT.

The joint venture was formed to develop a new generation of PET technologies using concepts and research and development activities conceived and to be implemented by Dr. Irving Weinberg. QMT will continue these development efforts. The Company will have the right to manufacture and sell any PET products developed by the joint venture in exchange for royalty payments still to be negotiated.

Dr. Weinberg has been at the forefront of the evolution of PET, tracing his roots back to the UCLA group that created the PET industry. Later, as a practicing radiologist and entrepreneur, Dr. Weinberg designed and built the first breast-specific PET scanner, which was able to detect the earliest form of breast cancer better than any other modality.

#### Secured Convertible Notes Payable

On May 26, 2006, the Company consummated a financing agreement for \$2,000,000 (the "Financing") with private investors (the "Investors") in the form of secured convertible debentures in the aggregate amount of \$2,000,000, with interest at the rate of 6% and a maturity date of May 23, 2009 (the "Debentures"). The Debentures are convertible into shares of the Company's Common Stock at the product of the Applicable Percentage and the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) trading day period prior to conversion. The

“Applicable Percentage” is the equivalent of 50%; provided, however, that the Applicable Percentage shall be increased to (i) 55% in the event that a Registration Statement is filed within thirty days of the closing and (ii) 65% in the event that the Registration Statement becomes effective within one hundred and twenty days from the Closing. The Company has the right to repay principal and interest in cash, if the price of the Company’s Common Stock is below \$.20 on the last business day of a month. The Company simultaneously issued to the Investors warrants to purchase 30,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$.15 per share (the “Warrants”). The Warrants are exercisable for seven (7) years following the Closing.

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The Company agreed to filing a Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for the shares of Common Stock underlying the Debentures and Warrants within 30 days from the Closing Date. The Company received the second tranch of the funding when the Registration Statement was filed with the SEC and will receive the third and final tranch of the funding when the Registration Statement is declared effective by the SEC. There are penalty provisions for the Company should the filing not become effective within 120 days of the Closing Date. The Company, to satisfy the initial filing requirement, filed a registration statement on behalf of the Investors on June 20, 2006, which was subsequently withdrawn, re-filed on Form SB2 and amended. While the registration statement has not yet been declared effective, the Investors have not given notice to the Company that is in default of the requirements of the Registration Rights Agreement. The Debentures are secured by the Company’s assets and intellectual property.

#### Item 2. Description of Property

The Company is headquartered in Houston, Texas, where it currently leases an office and warehouse . This facility lease is on a month-to-month basis at a monthly rental rate of \$4,671 monthly. The Company anticipates that the facility will be sufficient for its 2008 operating activities.

IPT leases a facility in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada under an operating lease that expires on July 31, 2008. Monthly rent for the Ottawa facility is approximately \$8,300.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is involved in legal proceedings arising out of the regular conduct of its business; none of which we deem to be material. The Company is not currently a party to any legal proceedings, the adverse outcome of which, in management’s opinion would have a materially adverse effect on our results of operations or financial position.

#### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

### PART II

#### Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

The Company’s common stock is currently traded and quoted on the NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol POSC. The Company’s common stock was previously traded on the NASDAQ SmallCap Market but was delisted in 1997 because the Company was unable to comply with various financial and compliance requirements for continued inclusion on the NASDAQ SmallCap Market. See “Item 1. Description of Business – Risks Associated with Business Activities.”

The following range of the high and low reported closing sales prices for the Company’s common stock for each quarter in 2007 and 2006, all as reported on the NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board. These quotations reflect interdealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions.



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	2007		2006	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.08
Second Quarter	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.11
Third Quarter	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.07
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.06

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There were approximately 270 shareholders of record of common stock as of April 10, 2007, including broker-dealers holding shares beneficially owned by their customers.

The Company has never paid cash dividends on its common stock. The Company does not intend to pay cash dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future. The Series A, B and G Preferred Stock Statements of Designation prohibit the Company from paying any common stock dividends until all required dividends have been paid on the Series A and any outstanding Series B and G Preferred Stock. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, stated dividends that are undeclared and unpaid on the Series A Preferred Stock totaled \$524,000 and \$485,000. Stated dividends that are undeclared and unpaid on the Series G Preferred Stock totaled \$89,000 and \$44,000 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### Series G Preferred

In 2006, the Company issued 204,482 Units in a private placement. Each Unit consisted of one share of a new series of preferred stock designated Series G Preferred Stock and a warrant exercisable for 50 shares of common stock (the "Units"). The purchase price was \$5.50 per Unit, with \$5.00 of the Unit purchase price allocated to the purchase of the share of Series G Preferred Stock and \$0.50 allocated to the purchase of the warrant, for a total offering amount of \$1,124,650. The net proceeds of the private placement were approximately \$1,096,000.

Each share of Series G Preferred Stock is convertible into 100 shares of common stock. Eight percent dividends accrue on the Series G Preferred Stock and may be paid in cash or in Common Stock in the Company's discretion. The Series G Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's common stock and junior in priority to the Registrant's Series A Preferred Stock in liquidation. Except as required by law and in the case of various actions affecting the rights of the Series G Preferred Stock, holders of the Series G Preferred Stock are not entitled to vote on matters requiring shareholder vote. While the Series G Preferred Stock is outstanding or any dividends thereon remain unpaid, no common stock dividends may be paid or declared by the Company. The holders of shares of Series G Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company at the annual rate of \$0.40 per annum on each outstanding share of Series G Preferred. Such dividends shall cumulate from the date issued and be paid when, as and if declared, annually on November 1st of each year commencing on November 1, 2006. The Series G Preferred Stock may be redeemed in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, at any time at a price of \$5.00 per share plus any undeclared and/or unpaid dividends to the date of redemption.

On April 11, 2007, holders of Series G Preferred Stock converted 93,091 shares into 9,390,100 shares of Positron Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share. At December 31, 2007 111,391 shares of Series G Preferred Stock remain outstanding.

#### Series B Preferred Stock

On September 30, 2006 the Board of Directors authorized a new series of preferred stock designated Series B Preferred Stock. The number of shares authorized was 9,000,000. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock \$1.00 par value is convertible into 100 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Series B Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's Common Stock and junior in priority to the Company's A and G Preferred Stock in liquidation. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock are entitled to 100 votes per share on all matters requiring shareholder vote. While Series B Preferred Stock is outstanding no Common Stock dividends may be paid or declared by the Company. The Series B Preferred Stock may be redeemed in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, at any time at a price of \$1.00 per share. .

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The Company and Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc converted principal and interest of \$1,164,192 outstanding upon the Series E Convertible Promissory Notes and principal and interest of \$877,669 of Convertible Secured Notes into 690,930.5 shares of Series B Preferred Stock.

The Company and Positron Acquisition Corp. converted principal and interest of \$818,066 outstanding upon the Series D Secured Convertible Promissory Notes and 770,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock into 762,358 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. Positron Acquisition Corp. subsequently converted 40,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock into 4,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock.

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The Company and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("QMP") converted principal and interest of \$453,144 outstanding upon the Series F Secured Convertible Promissory Notes into 226,572 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. The Company has been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of the Company's securities owned by QMP.

On August 15, 2007, the Company consummated an exchange with holders of the Class A Preferred Shares (the "Class A Shares") of the Registrant's wholly-owned subsidiary, Imaging PET Technologies, Inc., an Ontario corporation ("IPT"). The Company issued 186,250 shares of its Series B Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Series B"), and IPT exchanged 650,000 shares of its previously issued shares of Series B, to holders of IPT's Class A Shares (the "Class A Holders"). The Class A Holders had previously subscribed for the Class A Preferred Shares in an offering pursuant to the exemptions under the Canadian securities law.

As of December 31, 2007, 5,926,111 shares of Series B Preferred Stock were outstanding

The Company's equity plan information required by this item is set forth under Item 11 of Part III below.

#### Item 6.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

##### General

Positron Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated in 1983 and commenced commercial operations during 1986. The Company designs, markets and services its POSICAM™ system advanced medical imaging devices, utilizing positron emission tomography ("PET") technology. Since the commencement of commercial operations, revenues have been generated primarily from the sale and service contract revenues derived from the Company's POSICAM™ system, 11 of which are currently in operation in certain medical facilities in the United States and 6 are operating in international medical institutions. The Company has never been able to sell its POSICAM™ systems in sufficient quantities to achieve operating profitability.

The Company's joint venture with Neusoft Medical Systems Co., Inc. of Shenyang, Lianoning Province, People's Republic of China ("Neusoft"), named Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. ("NPMS"), is active in the development and manufacture of Positron Emission Tomography systems (PET), and an integrated X-ray Computed Tomography system (CT) and PET system (PET/CT). These systems utilize the Company's patented and proprietary technology, an imaging technique which assesses the biochemistry, cellular metabolism and physiology of organs and tissues, as well as producing anatomical and structural images. Targeted markets include medical facilities and diagnostic centers located throughout the world. POSICAM™ systems are used by physicians as diagnostic and treatment evaluation tools in the areas of cardiology, neurology and oncology. The Company faces competition principally from three other companies which specialize in advanced medical imaging equipment. To date NPMS has not produced a PET or CT system for sale.

In June 2006, the Company and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals Inc., a Canadian radiopharmaceutical corporation ("QMP") acquired all of the operating assets of IS2 Medical Systems Inc., a developer and manufacturer of nuclear imaging devices based in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada ("IS2") through a minority-owned subsidiary of the Company, Imaging PET Technologies, Inc. ("IPT"). The Company and Quantum held 49.9% and 50.1%, respectively, of the total registered capital of IPT. However, in January 2007, the Company acquired Quantum's interest in IPT in exchange for preferred stock and the extinguishment of a note payable due the Company from QMP.

IS2 develops, builds and services gamma cameras that offer clinical users high quality performance specifications in the industry. IS2's signature product is its PulseCDC™ compact digital cardiac camera. Over 150 cameras have been sold, primarily in Canada.

On December 28, 2005, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc. ("IMAGIN") and QMP. The Memorandum provided for the parties to form a joint venture to be called Quantum Molecular Technologies JV (the "QMT JV"). Initially, the joint venture was owned 20%, 29% and 51% by the Company, IMAGIN and QMP, respectively. On May 8, 2006, the Company amended certain aspects of the QMT JV. Whereas the Company originally held 20% of the interests of the QMT JV, Quantum and IMAGIN assigned 100% of their interest to the Company in exchange for the preferred stock of the Company. On April 13, 2006, the QMT JV incorporated under the name Quantum Molecular Technologies, Inc. ("QMT") and acquired certain intangible assets in the form of capitalized research and development costs from IMAGIN for a note payable. On January 26, 2007, IPT acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of QMT from Positron for the purchase price of \$2,800,000 in the form of a promissory note.

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Using concepts and research and development activities conceived and to be implemented by Dr. Irving Weinberg, an exclusive consultant to QMP, QMT is developing certain next generation technologies including PET-enabled surgical tools and solid-state photo detector technology, which have implications in both molecular imaging and PET and which could have further application in the military and aerospace segments. The first solid-state detector technology patent has been filed by QMT. The Company will have the right to manufacture and sell any PET products developed by QMT in exchange for royalty payments still to be negotiated.

#### Results of Operations

Consolidated results of operations for the year ending December 31, 2007 include Positron and its wholly-owned subsidiary IPT, including IPT's wholly-owned subsidiary QMT.

Consolidated results of operations for the year ending December 31, 2006 include; full year operations of Positron; the operations of Positron's wholly-owned subsidiary, IPT, for the period October 1 – December 31, 2006; and the operations of Positron's wholly-owned subsidiary, QMT, from April 13 – December 31, 2006.

Revenues - The Company generated revenues of \$3,309,000 in 2007, of which \$1,991,000 were from sales of IS2 gamma cameras. Service revenue totaled \$1,215,000 of which \$762,000 was for service of Positron's PET systems. In 2006 service revenue of PET systems was \$720,000. The increase in service revenue is attributed to two additional maintenance contracts for refurbished machines, one of which was sold in the current year and the other in 2006. Total revenues also include the \$80,000 sales of parts and materials to NPMS.

Costs of Sales - Costs of sales increased by \$1,505,000 to \$2,928,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$1,423,000 for the year ended December 31, 2006. Cost of sales related to gamma cameras sold was \$1,892,000 in 2007. The Company incurred service revenue costs of \$1,036,000 and \$721,000 in 2007 and 2006, respectively. Cost of service for PET systems was \$690,000 and \$819,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The decrease can be attributed to three customers that did not renew maintenance agreements for their systems during 2007. Cost of service of gamma cameras approximated \$450,000. Cost of sales includes a write down of obsolete inventory of \$267,000.

Operating Expenses - The Company's operating expenses increased \$2,990,000 to \$7,593,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007 compared to \$4,603,000 in 2006. The increase is attributable in large part to an impairment charge of \$2,592,000 taken against goodwill recorded related to the acquisition of the remaining 50.1% of IPT in January of 2007. (See additional discussion below).

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$571,000 to \$3,640,000 from \$3,069,000 in the prior year. The acquisition of the remainder of IPT and inclusion of twelve month's of its expenses is the primary reason for the increase. IPT's selling, general and administrative expenses in 2007 were \$1,758,000 compared to \$1,008,000 in 2006. Positron's recorded selling, general and administrative costs of \$1,882,000 in 2007 compared to \$2,104,000 in 2006, a decrease of 10.6% from the prior year. A large part of the decrease is due to a drop in amounts paid to marketing consultants. During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company incurred marketing consulting expenses of \$308,000 compared to \$90,000 in the current year. Stock based compensation expense related to stock options issued and included in selling, general and administrative expense in 2007 and 2006 was \$412,000 and \$430,000, respectively. The Company did not issue any stock options during 2007.

Research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2007 increased \$196,000 to \$1,361,000 from \$1,165,000 for the year ended December 31, 2006. IPT's research and developments costs, which include QMT, were

\$822,000 in 2007 compared \$584,000 for the combined companies in 2006. IPT continues improvement and development of the IS2 gamma cameras. QMT is developing certain next generation technologies including PET-enabled surgical tools and solid-state photo detector technology, which have implications in both molecular imaging and PET and which could have further application in the military and aerospace segments. Positron's research and development were \$538,000 and \$581,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The decrease is due primarily to drops in salary and related expense. Modernization expense related to NPMS joint venture totaled \$81,000 and \$95,000 in 2007 and 2006, respectively.

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Operating expenses in 2007 include a charge for impairment of the intangible asset recorded related to the acquisition of the remaining 50.1% of IPT during the first quarter of 2007. At the date of acquisition the Company recorded the excess of purchase price over the fair value of the net assets as goodwill. Total goodwill recorded was \$2,592,000.

SFAS 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment annually, utilizing the "fair value" methodology. Since the acquisition was made in January, the Company elected to adopt December 31 as the date for the annual impairment test. The Company used an income approach to determine the fair value of IPT (the reporting unit). Under the income approach, the fair value of a reporting unit is calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. After performing the tests required under SFAS 142, it was determined that the carrying value exceeded the fair value of the reporting unit and resulted in the full impairment of goodwill balance.

Operating expenses in 2006 include a charge for impairment of the intangible asset recorded upon the acquisition of QMT. The impaired asset acquired consisted of capitalized patent and research and development costs. The Company wrote off the entire asset totaling \$369,000.

Other Income (Expenses) - Interest expense was \$199,000 and \$860,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Interest expense in 2006 included interest on convertible debentures to affiliated entities including IMAGIN, PAC, Solaris and Quantum. The debentures were all converted to shares of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock in September 2006. The Company also issued \$1,500,000 of new convertible secured debentures in 2006. Interest expense in 2006 includes amortization of loan costs, debt discounts and beneficial conversion features of the new convertible debenture.

Derivative losses for the year ended December 31, 2007 totaled \$386,000 compared to \$1,784,000 in 2006 when the debentures were issued and the fair value of the embedded derivatives was initially determined and recorded.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company recorded equity in the losses of the NPMS joint venture in the amount of \$23,000. As of December 31, 2007 the Company's investment in NPMS had been written down to zero. For the year ended December 31, 2006 the Company recorded equity in the losses of two joint ventures, IPT and NPMS, of \$373,000. IPT is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Positron and its results of operations are included in the consolidated statement of operations.

Income Taxes – There is no provision for income taxes due to ongoing operating losses. As of December 31, 2007, we had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$22,000,000 for Federal reporting purposes. These amounts expire at various times through 2027. See Note 14 to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company has provided a full valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

Under the provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code the greater than 50% ownership changes that occurred in the Company in connection with the Imatron Transaction and in connection with the private placement of the Company's common stock limited the Company's ability to utilize its NOL carryforward to reduce future taxable income and related tax liabilities.

Extraordinary Gain – The Company recorded an extraordinary gain on the acquisition of IS2 by IPT. The extraordinary gain is the excess of the net assets acquired over the purchase price paid for IS2. The extraordinary gain recognized during the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$241,000.





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Net Operating Loss - For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company had a net loss of \$7,780,000, or \$0.08 per share, of which \$5,408,000 was from domestic operations and \$2,372,000 was generated in Canada, compared to a net loss of \$6,586,000, or \$0.06 per share, for the year ended December 31, 2006, of which \$5,657,000 was from domestic operations and \$929,000 was generated in Canada. The increase is due primarily to the impairment charge for the full write-down of goodwill recorded upon the acquisition of IPT in January 2007 and the inclusion of the Canadian operations for a full year.

#### Liquidity and Capital Reserves

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$192,000 on December 31, 2007. On the same date, accounts payable and accrued liabilities outstanding totaled \$2,314,000. The Company sold \$1,991,000 of gamma cameras through IPT but did not sell any PET imaging systems during the year ended December 31, 2007. Increased camera sales, sales of imaging systems and/or additional debt or equity financings will be necessary to resolve the Company's liquidity issues and allow it to continue to operate as a going concern. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in selling new systems or securing additional debt or equity financing.

Since inception, the Company has expended substantial resources on research and development. Consequently, we have sustained substantial losses. Due to the limited number of systems sold or placed into service each year, revenues have fluctuated significantly from year to year. The Company had an accumulated deficit of \$76,605,000 at December 31, 2007. The Company will need to increase system sales and apply the research and development advancements to achieve profitability in the future. Through the Company's joint venture with Neusoft Medical Systems, PET system material cost of goods and labor costs will be significantly lower. In addition, the Company expects increased revenue from its IPT SPECT camera subsidiary to come from new sales campaigns and the service division. The Company expects that these developments will have a positive impact on the PET, PET/CT and SPECT device products, sales & service volumes and increased net margins.

The Company's current financial condition raises doubt as to its ability to continue as a going concern. The report of the Company's independent public accountants, which accompanied the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, was qualified with respect to that risk. If the Company is unable to obtain debt or equity financing to meet its cash needs it may have to severely limit or cease business activities or may seek protection from creditors under the bankruptcy laws

#### Related Party Transactions

##### Advance from Related Party

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company received non-interest bearing advances from IMGGM totaling \$1,346,000. Positron's President and Director, Joseph Oliverio and its Chief Financial Officer and Director, Corey Conn are both officers and directors of IMGGM.

##### Acquisition of IMAGIN Interest in IPT

On January 26, 2007, the Company executed and consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with IDC, to acquire 11,523,000 shares of common stock of Imaging Pet Technologies, Inc. ("IPT"). The Shares represented approximately a 50.1% of IPT's issued and outstanding common stock. As a result of the acquisition of the Shares, the Company owns 100% of the common stock of IPT. As consideration for the shares, the Company and IMAGIN agreed to cancel a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,400,000 made by IMAGIN subsidiary,

Quantum and later assigned to IDC. As of the date of the Agreement, the Company had been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of QMP's interest in IPT as well as QMP's other holdings of the Company's related securities.

Immediately following the acquisition of the Shares, IPT acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, QMT. The purchase price of the acquisition was \$2,800,000, in the form of a promissory note made in favor of the Company, payable on or before July 1, 2008, and secured by a pledge of all of the issued and outstanding shares of QMT

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### New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. SFAS No. 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. The standard also requires expanded disclosures about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 157 to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "fair value option"). A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements". . The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 159 to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), 'Business Combinations - Revised,' that improves the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about a business combination and its effects. To accomplish that, this statement establishes principles and requirements how the acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The changes to current practice resulting from the application of SFAS No. 141(R) are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) before December 15, 2008 is prohibited. The Company has not determined the effect, if any, that may result from the adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) on its financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

### Critical Accounting Policies

In response to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Release No. 33-8040, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies," we have identified critical accounting policies based upon the significance of the accounting policy to our overall financial statement presentation, as well as the complexity of the accounting policy and our use of estimates and subjective assessments. We have concluded our critical accounting policies are as follows:

#### Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of inventory valuation.

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### Impairment of Intangible Assets

Under FASB Statement No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (“SFAS 142”), goodwill and certain intangible assets are deemed to have indefinite lives and are no longer amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment. Other identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. SFAS 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment annually, utilizing the “fair value” methodology. The Company has adopted December 31st as the date of the annual impairment test for goodwill.

Based on the Company’s annual review of goodwill in 2007, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$2,592,256, for the IPT reporting unit and represented the entire goodwill balance.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenues from POSICAM™ system contracts and other nuclear imaging devices are recognized when all significant costs have been incurred and the system has been shipped to the customer. Revenues from maintenance contracts are recognized over the term of the contract. Service revenues are recognized upon performance of the services.

### Information Regarding and Factors Affecting Forward Looking Statements

The Company is including the following cautionary statement in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB to make applicable and take advantage of the safe harbor provision of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for any forward looking statements made by, or on behalf of the Company. Forward looking statements include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions and other statements which are other than statements of historical facts. Certain statements contained herein are forward looking statements and, accordingly, involve risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward looking statements.

The Company’s expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed by the Company to have a reasonable basis, including without limitations, management’s examination of historical operating trends, data contained in the Company’s records and other data available from third parties, but there can be no assurance that management’s expectations, beliefs or projections will result or be achieved or accomplished. In addition to other factors and matters discussed elsewhere herein, the following are important factors that, in the view of the Company, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward looking statements: the ability of the Company to attain widespread market acceptance of its POSICAM™ systems; the ability of the Company to obtain acceptable forms and amounts of financing to fund future operations; demand for the Company’s services; and competitive factors. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof.

### Item 7. Financial Statements

The required Financial Statements and the notes thereto are contained in a separate section of this report beginning with the page following the signature page.

### Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 8A(T). Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure based closely on the definition of "disclosure controls and procedures" in applicable securities laws.

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As required by Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report Form 10-KSB report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that material information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.

Management is aware that there is a lack of segregation of duties due to the small number of employees dealing with general administrative and financial matters. However, at this time, management has decided that considering the employees involved, the control procedures in place, and the outsourcing of certain financial functions, the risks associated with such lack of segregation are low and the potential benefits of adding additional employees to clearly segregate duties do not justify the expenses associated with such increases. Management will periodically reevaluate this situation. If the volume of the business increases and sufficient capital is secured, it is our intention to increase staffing to mitigate the current lack of segregation of duties within the general administrative and financial functions.

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, if any, within a company have been detected. Such limitations include the fact that human judgment in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns in internal control can occur because of human failures, such as simple errors or mistakes or intentional circumvention of the established process.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting; Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, these controls.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our management, including our principal financial officer, has, with the assistance of external consultant, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Based on our evaluation, we have concluded that our internal controls over financial reporting were effective as of December 31, 2007.

This Annual Report on Form 10-KSB does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB.

#### Item 8B. Other Information

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Imaging Pet Technologies were advanced funds from Imagin Molecular Corporation, a publicly owned Delaware corporation and affiliate of the Company ("Imagin"). Imagin's Chief Executive Officer and Director, Joseph Oliverio and its Chief Financial Officer and Director, Corey Conn are both officers and directors of Positron Corporation. At December 31, 2007 the



outstanding amount due to Imagin from Positron is \$1,346,000. On April 10, 2008, the Company executed a promissory note in favor of Imagin for the full amount of the advances with interest at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum, due and payable on December 31, 2008. The repayment of the note is secured by a pledge of 100,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Pledged Stock"). If we are unable to repay the note, Imagin may sell a portion or all of the Pledged Stock to recover any unpaid principal, interest, fees and disbursement. The sale of such a large number of shares would likely have a material and adverse affect upon the price of our Common Stock.

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## PART III

Item 9. Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons;  
Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

The following table sets forth: (1) names and ages of all persons who presently are and who have been selected as directors of the Registrant; (2) all positions and offices with the Registrant held by each such person; (3) any period during which he or she has served a such:

Name	Age	Position with the Company
Patrick G. Rooney	45	Chairman of the Board – Elected 2004
Joseph G. Oliverio	38	President and Director – Elected 2006
Corey N. Conn	46	Chief Financial Officer and Director – Elected 2008
Timothy M. Gabel	38	Vice President of Operations
Sachio Okamura	56	Director – Elected 2001
Dr. Anthony (Tony) C. Nicholls	59	Director – Elected 2005
Joseph C. Sardano	57	Director – Elected 2008

Directors are elected annually and serve until the next annual meeting and until his successor has been elected and qualified, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal.

Patrick G. Rooney. Mr. Rooney has served as Chairman of the Company since July 26, 2004. Since March 2003, Mr. Rooney has been the Managing Director of Solaris Opportunity Fund L.P., an investing/trading hedge fund. Through years 1985-2000, Patrick G. Rooney and/or Rooney Trading was a member of The Chicago Board of Options Exchange, The Chicago Board of Trade and The Chicago Mercantile Exchange. In September 1998 through March 2003, Mr. Rooney was the Managing Director of Digital Age Ventures, Ltd., a venture capital investment company. Mr. Rooney attended Wagner College of New York from 1980 through 1984.

Joseph G. Oliverio. Mr. Oliverio has served as President of the Company since December 27, 2005. Mr. Oliverio also serves as the Chief Executive Officer of Imagin Molecular Corporation, a publicly-owned Delaware corporation, and affiliate of the Registrant. Mr. Oliverio has also joined the Board of Directors of Neusoft-Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd., a joint venture with Neusoft Medical Systems of China that will manufacture the Company's PET and PET/CT products. Prior to becoming President of the Company, Mr. Oliverio was the Chief Operating Officer of Michael E. Merhige, M.D., LLC, a well known coronary disease reversal and prevention center. Mr. Oliverio earned an MBA from the University of Phoenix and a BS in Nuclear Medicine Technology from State University of New York at Buffalo, and is a certified nuclear medicine technologist. Mr. Oliverio has performed more than 13,000 combined heart and cancer PET scans using Positron devices and brings to the Company a valuable combination of business, clinical and technical skill sets. Mr. Oliverio has been involved with the Company in various capacities since 1995. Mr. Oliverio has also joined the Board of Directors of Neusoft-Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd., a joint venture with Neusoft Medical Systems of China that will manufacture the Company's PET and PET/CT products. Mr. Oliverio earned an MBA from the University of Phoenix and a BS in Nuclear Medicine Technology from State University of New York at Buffalo, and is a certified nuclear medicine technologist.

Corey N. Conn. Mr. Conn was appointed by the Board of Directors to serve as Chief Financial Officer in 2005 and was elected as a Director on January 2, 2008. Mr. Conn also serves as the Chief Financial Officer of Imagin Molecular

Corporation, a publicly-owned Delaware corporation, and affiliate of the Registrant. Mr. Conn was Vice President of Business Development at iXL, an e-business and e-transformations services provider from 1995 - 1999 and also served as Managing Director of Virtual Partnerships, LLC, a business development and business strategy consulting firm from 1999 - 2004. Mr. Conn served as a member of the Board of Directors of Uniloc, Inc., from April 2000 to July 2002. Mr. Conn received a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from Bradley University

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Timothy M. Gabel has served at the Vice President of Operations for Positron Corporation since March of 2006. Prior hereto and from 1996, Mr. Gabel specialized in international business, international technical project management, product research and development, lean manufacturing implementation, and product design with the automotive components supplier, Delphi Corporation. His experience includes technology transfer, and joint venture partnership development with companies in China, Japan, Mexico and Europe. Mr. Gabel holds four U.S. patents, and earned his Bachelor's of Science in Mechanical Engineering from the State University of New York at Buffalo.

Sachio Okamura. Mr. Okamura has served as a director since his appointment to the Board of the Company on April 1, 2001. Mr. Okamura has performed bio-medical consulting services for Okamura Associates, Inc. from 1993 through the present date. These consulting services have included regulatory, distribution, licensing, joint venture, investment, merger and acquisition activities involving businesses in the United States and Japan. Mr. Okamura was in charge of bio-medical business development for various offices of Mitsubishi Corporation from 1978 through 1993. Mr. Okamura received a BS in Biochemistry in 1975 from the University of California, Davis and a Master of International Business from the American Graduate School of International Management in 1978.

Dr. Anthony (Tony) C. Nicholls. Dr. Nicholls was nominated for election to the Board of Directors by the vote of the Board of Directors. Dr. Nicholls is currently CEO of L3Technology Ltd in England, a company formed to commercialize patented medical technology developed in UK government research laboratories. Additionally, he is Chairman of the Alpha Omega Hospital Management Trust Ltd (London, UK) which undertakes the construction and management of cancer treatment "Centres of Excellence" and a Director of European Diagnostics plc (London UK) a company developing products for patient point-of-care testing. Until 2002, Dr Nicholls was Chairman and CEO of FAS Medical Ltd, a company primarily involved in the management of central venous catheterization complications. Prior to working with FAS Medical Ltd., Dr. Nicholls was the Head of Microbiology and Immunology at the Midhurst Medical Research Institute in the UK. Dr. Nicholls is a graduate of the University of Birmingham School of Medical Sciences and has a Ph.D. in Immunology.

Joseph C. Sardano – Director: Mr. Sardano served as a Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing at Siemens Medical Solutions and CTI Molecular Imaging before becoming a strategic industry consultant and serving on the board of directors of various medical imaging companies. Mr. Sardano has served as CTI's Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing since September 2004. In this capacity, he led the sales and marketing activities for all business units of CTI, including the sales of scanners under the sales agency agreement with Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc. Previously, Mr. Sardano served as Vice President of Sales for CTI Solutions from September 2002 to September 2004. Prior to joining CTI, Mr. Sardano held several key positions in the medical industry. He was with GE Medical Systems where he served as Region Sales Manager from 1999 to 2000 and as P.E.T. Americas Sales Manager from 2001 to 2002. Prior to that, Mr. Sardano served as Vice President Sales for Elscint Inc., and Vice President and General Sales Manager for Fisher Scientific. He has also served in various management capacities with Toshiba America Medical Systems, Medstone International and Xerox Corporation. Mr. Sardano holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from Concordia University in Montreal, Canada and an Executive Business Development Diploma from McGill University.

## Item 10. Executive Compensation

### Summary Compensation Table

The following Summary Compensation Table shows certain compensation information for each of the Named Executive Officers. Compensation data is shown for the years ended December 31, 2007, and 2006. This information

includes the dollar value of base salaries, bonus awards, the number of stock options granted, and certain other compensation, if any, whether paid or deferred.

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Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (a)	Bonus	Restricted Stock Awards	Option Awards	Nonequity incentive plan comp	All Other Compensation	Total
Patrick G. Rooney Chairman of the Board	2007	\$ 86,629	--	--	\$ 143,556	--	--	\$ 230,185
	2006	--	--	--	\$ 111,290	--	\$ 110,000	\$ 221,290
Joseph G. Oliverio President	2007	\$ 156,250	--	--	\$ 93,348	--	--	\$ 249,598
	2006	\$ 135,000	--	--	\$ 228,179	--	--	\$ 363,179
Corey N. Conn Chief Financial Officer	2007	\$ 103,158	--	--	\$ 114,800	--	--	\$ 217,958
	2006	\$ 96,000	--	--	\$ 89,032	--	--	\$ 185,032
Timothy M. Gabel Vice President of Operations	2007	\$ 102,833	--	--	\$ 57,400	--	--	\$ 160,233
	2006	\$ 74,000	--	--	\$ 22,858	--	--	\$ 96,858
Griffith L. Miller II (b) President, and COO	2007	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	2006	\$ 55,000	--	--	--	--	--	\$ 55,000

(a) Amounts shown include cash compensation earned with respect to the year shown above.

(b) Mr. Miller resigned in August 2006.

#### Employment Agreements

The Company has an employment agreement with Joseph G. Oliverio, President of the Company. Mr. Oliverio receives a base salary of \$150,000. Mr. Oliverio has an option grant exercisable for 7,500,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share. On the date of grant of the option 2,000,000 shares vested, with an additional 2,000,000 shares vesting on December 27, 2006 and the remainder vesting on December 27, 2007. Mr. Oliverio is entitled to 6 months severance upon a termination "without cause".

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## Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table summarizes share and exercise information about the Company's equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2007.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities included in 1st column)
All Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	19,425,000	\$ 0.06	25,525,000(1)

(1)Includes 3,725,000 shares available for issuance under the 1999 Stock Option Plan, 300,000 shares available for issuance under the 1999 Non-Employee Directors' Plan, 684,000 shares available for issuance under the 1999 Stock Bonus Incentive Plan, 500,000 shares available under the 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan and 21,000,000 shares available under the 2005 Amended and Restated Stock Incentive Plan.

## SUMMARY OF EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

## Equity-Based Compensation

## Key Employee Incentive Compensation.

The Company has an incentive compensation plan for certain key employees and its Chairman. The incentive compensation plan provides for annual bonus payments based upon achievement of certain corporate objectives as determined by the Company's Compensation Committee, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. During 2007, the Company did not pay any bonus pursuant to the incentive compensation plan.

## 1999 Employee Stock Option Plan

Positron's Board administers the 1999 Employee Stock Option Plan ("1999 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective June 15, 1999. The 1999 Plan provides for the grant of options to officers, employees (including employee directors) and consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each option granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Options granted under the plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The exercise price of incentive stock options may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock as of the date of grant (110% of the fair market value in the case of an optionee who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Company's capital stock). Options may not be exercised more than ten years after the date of grant (five years in the case of 10% shareholders). Upon termination of employment for any reason other than death or disability, each option may be exercised for a period of 90 days, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. In the case of a termination

due to death or disability, an option will remain exercisable for a period of one year, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. The Board has authorized up to an aggregate of 4,000,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the 1999 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, 225,000 options are outstanding, of which 203,646 are vested.

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### Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan

The 1999 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan ("Directors' Plan") provides for the automatic grant of an option to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock to non-employee directors upon their election or appointment to the Board, and subsequent annual grants also in the amount of 25,000 shares of Common Stock. The exercise price of the options is 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant. The Directors' Plan is administered by the Board. Options granted under the Directors' Plan become exercisable in one of two ways: either in four equal annual installments, commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant, or immediately but subject to the Company's right to repurchase, which repurchase right lapses in four equal annual installments, commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant. To the extent that an option is not exercisable on the date that a director ceases to be a director of the Company, the unexercisable portion terminates. The Board has authorized up to an aggregate of 500,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the Directors' Plan. As of December 31, 2007, 200,000 fully vested options remain outstanding under the Directors' Plan.

### 1999 Stock Bonus Incentive Plan

In October 1999, the Board adopted an Employee Stock Bonus Incentive Plan, which provides for the grant of bonus shares to any Company employee or consultant to recognize exceptional service and performance beyond the service recognized by the employee's salary or consultant's fee. The Board has authorized up to an aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance as bonus awards under the Stock Bonus Plan. The Stock Bonus Plan is currently administered by the Board. Each grant of bonus shares is in an amount determined by the Board, up to a maximum of the participant's salary. The shares become exercisable according to a schedule to be established by the Board at the time of grant. As of December 31, 2007, 316,000 shares of Common Stock have been granted under the 1999 Stock Bonus Incentive Plan.

### 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Company's 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("Purchase Plan") was adopted by the Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders in 1999. A total of 500,000 shares of Common Stock have been reserved for issuance under the Purchase Plan, none of which has yet been issued. The Purchase Plan permits eligible employees to purchase Common Stock at a discount through payroll deductions during offering periods of up to 27 months. Offering periods generally will begin on the first trading day of a calendar quarter. The initial offering period began on January 1, 2000. The price at which stock is purchased under the Purchase Plan will be equal to 85% of the fair market value of Common Stock on the first or last day of the offering period, whichever is lower. No shares have been issued under the Purchase Plan at December 31, 2007.

### Amended and Restated 2005 Stock Incentive Plan

Positron's Board administers the Amended and Restated 2005 Stock Incentive Plan ("2005 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective November 18, 2005. The 2005 Plan provides for the grant of options and stock to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Options granted under the plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The exercise price of incentive stock options may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock as of the date of grant (110% of the fair market value in the case of an optionee who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Company's capital stock). Options may not be exercised more than ten years after the date of grant (five years in the case of 10% shareholders). Upon termination of employment for any reason other than death or disability, each option may be

exercised for a period of 90 days; to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. In the case of a termination due to death or disability, an option will remain exercisable for a period of one year; to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. A total of 40,000,000 shares of Common Stock have been authorized for issuance under the 2005 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, a total of 19,000,000 options have been granted under the 2005 Plan, none of which have been exercised, and of which 18,500,000 are fully vested.

#### 2006 Stock Incentive Plan

Positron's Board administers the 2006 Stock Incentive Plan ("2006 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective April 10, 2006. The 2006 Plan provides for the direct issuance of stock and grants of nonqualified stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Stock and options may be granted for services rendered or to be rendered. Options may not be exercised more than ten years after the date of grant. Upon termination of employment for any reason other than death or disability, each option may be exercised for a period of 90 days, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. In the case of a termination due to death or disability, an option will remain exercisable for a period of one year, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. A total of 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock have been authorized for issuance under the 2006 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, all shares available under the 2006 Plan had been issued to.

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#### 2007 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan

Positron's Board of Directors (the "Board") administers the 2007 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan ("2007 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective July 1, 2007. The 2007 Plan provides for the direct issuance of Awards including any Distribution Equivalent Right, Option, Performance Share Award, Performance Unit Award, Restricted Stock Award, Stock Appreciation Right or Unrestricted Stock Award to key management employees, non-employee directors and non-employee consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Stock and options may be granted for services rendered or to be rendered. A total of 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock have been authorized for issuance under the 2007 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, all shares under the 2007 Plan had been issued to consultants.

#### 401(k) Savings Plan

The Company has a 401(k) Retirement Plan and Trust (the "401(k) Plan") which became effective as of January 1, 1989. Employees of the Company who have completed one-quarter year of service and have attained age 21 are eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan. Subject to certain statutory limitations, a participant may elect to have his or her compensation reduced by up to 20% and have the Company contribute such amounts to the 401(k) Plan on his or her behalf ("Deferral Contributions"). The Company makes contributions in an amount equal to 25% of the participant's Deferral Contributions up to 6% of his/her compensation ("Employer Contributions"). Additionally, the Company may make such additional contributions, as it shall determine each year in its discretion. All Deferral and Employer Contributions made on behalf of a participant are allocated to his/her individual accounts and such participant is permitted to direct the investment of such accounts.

A participant is fully vested in the current value of that portion of his/her accounts attributable to Deferral Contributions. A participant's interest in that portion of his/her accounts attributable to Employer Contributions is generally fully vested after five years of employment. Distributions under the 401(k) Plan are made upon termination of employment, retirement, disability and death. In addition, participants may make withdrawals in the event of severe hardship or after the participant attains age fifty-nine and one-half. The 401(k) Plan is intended to qualify under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, so that contributions made under the 401(k) Plan, and income earned on contributions, are not taxable to participants until withdrawal from the 401(k) Plan.

The Company did not make any contributions to the 401(k) Plan on behalf of employees in the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### Policy with Respect to \$1 Million Deduction Limit

It is the Company's policy, where practical, to avail itself of all proper deductions under the Internal Revenue Code. Amendments to the Internal Revenue in 1993, limit, in certain circumstances, the deductibility of compensation in excess of \$1 million paid to each of the five highest paid executives in one year. The total compensation of the executive officers did not exceed this deduction limitation in fiscal year 2007 or 2006.

#### Compensation of Directors

Directors who are also employees of the Company receive no fees for services provided in that capacity, but are reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees.



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## Non-Employee Director Compensation

Beginning January 22, 1999 through current date, non-employee directors were not separately compensated for their services on the Board although they continued to be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses associated with attending board and committee meetings.

Historically, each non-employee director was eligible to receive an initial option to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock under the Company's 1999 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan upon their election or appointment to the Board. The exercise price is equal to 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant. In addition, so long as the Plan is in effect and there are shares available for grant, each director in service on January 1 of each year (provided the director has served continuously for at least the preceding 30 days) is eligible to receive an option to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price equal to 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant. Initial options as well as annual options granted under the Plan are subject to one or two schedules, either vesting over four years or vesting fully on the date of grant. In the latter event, the Common Stock acquired upon exercise of such options are subject to a right of repurchase in favor of the Company which lapses in four equal annual installments, beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant. The Company anticipates, subject to shareholder approval, that future grants to non-employee directors may be made under the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan with exercise prices for such grants equal to 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant.

## Item 11. Security Ownership of Directors, Officers and Certain Beneficial Owners

The following tables, based in part upon information supplied by officers, directors and principal shareholders, set forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of the Company's voting securities by (i) all those known by the Company to be beneficial owners of more than 5% of the Company's voting securities; (ii) each director (iii) the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the four other highest paid executive officers (the "Named Executive Officers"); and (iv) the directors and executive officers as a group.

## Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners(a)

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares of Common Stock	% of Outstanding Common Stock(b)(c)
IMAGIN Diagnostic Centres, Inc.	460,299,250(d)	66.2%
Positron Acquisition Corp.	80,261,800(e)	11.5%

(a) Security ownership information for beneficial owners is taken from statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Sections 13(d), 13(g) and 16(a) and/or information made known to the Company.

(b) Based on 102,555,302 shares of Common Stock outstanding on April 14, 2008.

(c) The percentage of outstanding Common Stock assumes full conversion Convertible Series A and B Preferred Stock into Common Stock and is based on the Company's outstanding shares of Common Stock as of April 14, 2007.

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- (d) Includes 18,974,000 shares owned directly, shares issuable upon full conversion of 4,367,503 shares of Series B Preferred Stock into Common Stock, and 4,575,000 shares that may be acquired pursuant to warrants that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 10, 2007. The address for IMAGIN is 5160 Yonge Street, Suite 300, Toronto, Ontario, M2N 6L9.
- (e) Includes 8,026,000 shares owned directly and shares issuable upon full conversion of 722,358 shares of Series B Preferred Stock into Common Stock. The address for Positron Acquisition Corp. is 104 W. Chestnut Street #315, Hinsdale, Illinois 60521.

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## Security Ownership of Directors, Director Nominees and Executive Officers

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Beneficial Ownership (aa) (cc)	Percent of Class (bb)
Common	Joseph G. Oliverio	7,500,000 (cc)	6.2%
Common	Sachio Okamura	625,000 (dd)	*
Common	Patrick G. Rooney	5,075,000 (ee)	4.2%
Common	Dr. Anthony C. Nicholls	550,000 (ff)	*
Common	Corey N. Conn	4,000,000 (gg)	3.3%
Common	Timothy M. Gabel	1,000,000 (hh)	*
Common	All Directors and Executive Officers as a Group	18,750,000	15.4%

\* Does not exceed 1% of the referenced class of securities.

(aa) Ownership is direct unless indicated otherwise.

(bb) Calculation based on 102,555,302 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of April 14, 2008 plus stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

(cc) Includes 7,500,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Oliverio pursuant to stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

(dd) Includes 625,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Okamura pursuant to stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

(ee) Includes 5,075,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Rooney pursuant to stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

(ff) Includes 550,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Nicholls pursuant to options that are or will be exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

(gg) Includes 4,000,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Conn pursuant to stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 10, 2008.

(hh) Includes 1,000,000 shares that may be acquired by Mr. Gabel pursuant to stock options that are or will become exercisable within 60 days of April 14, 2008.

The address for all officers and directors of the Company is 1304 Langham Creek Drive, Suite 300, Houston Texas, 77084.

## Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Imaging Pet Technologies were advanced funds from Imagin Molecular Corporation, a publicly owned Delaware corporation and affiliate of the Company ("Imagin"). Imagin's Chief Executive Officer and Director, Joseph Oliverio and its Chief Financial Officer and Director, Corey Conn are both officers and directors of Positron Corporation. At December 31, 2007 the

outstanding amount due the Imagin from Positron is \$1,346,000. On April 10, 2008, the Company executed a promissory note in favor of Imagin for the full amount of the advances with interest at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum, due and payable on December 31, 2008. The repayment of the note is secured by a pledge of 100,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Pledged Stock"). If we are unable to repay the note, Imagin may sell a portion or all of the Pledged Stock to recover any unpaid principal, interest, fees and disbursement. The sale of such a large number of shares would likely have a material and adverse affect upon the price of our Common Stock.

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## Item 13. Exhibits

(a)

Exhibits

10.1 Promissory Note in favor of Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008  
 10.2 Stock Pledge Agreement with Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008.

31.1\* Chairman of the Board Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

31.2\* Chief Financial Officer Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.1# Chairman of the Board Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.2# Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

† Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement identified pursuant to Item 13(a).

\*

Filed herewith

#

Furnished herewith

(b)

Reports on Form 8-K

There were no current reports on Form 8-K for the quarter ending December 31, 2007.

## Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

On May 30, 2006, Ham, Langston & Brezina, L.L.P. ("HLB"), the Registrant's accountants informed the Registrant that they were resigning as the Registrant's certifying independent accountants.

On July 10, 2006, Positron Corporation (the "Registrant") engaged Frank L. Sasseti & Co. to be its independent registered public accounting firm. The Registrant's engagement of Frank L. Sasseti & Co. was approved by the Registrant's Board of Directors.

The following table shows the fees billed to the Company for the audits and other services provided by Frank L. Sasseti & Co. and Ham, Langston & Brezina, L.L.P. for fiscal 2007 and 2006.

	Fiscal 2007	Fiscal 2006
Audit fees (1)	\$ 36,573	\$ 25,511
Audit-related fees	--	--

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Tax fees	--	--
All other fees	--	--

1) Audit fees represent fees for professional services provided in connection with the audit of our financial statements and review of our quarterly financial statements and audit services provided in connection with other statutory or regulatory filings.

All audit related services, tax services and other services are and were pre-approved by the Company's Board of Directors, which concluded that the provision of such services by Frank L. Sasseti & Co. were compatible with the maintenance of that firm's independence in the conduct of its auditing functions.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

POSITRON CORPORATION

Date: April 14, 2008

By: /s/ Patrick G. Rooney  
Patrick G. Rooney  
Chairman of the Board

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints Patrick G. Rooney, his attorney-in-fact, with the power of substitution, for him in any and all capacities, to sign any amendments to this Report on Form 10-KSB, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting to said attorney-in-fact, or his substitute or substitutes, the power and authority to perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact, or his substitute or substitutes, may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Patrick G. Rooney  
Patrick G. Rooney  
Chairman of the Board  
April 14, 2008

/s/ Joseph G. Oliverio  
Joseph G. Oliverio  
President  
(principal executive officer)  
April 14, 2008

/s/ Corey N. Conn  
Corey N. Conn  
Chief Financial Officer  
(principal accounting officer)  
Director  
April 14, 2008

/s/ Sachio Okamura  
April 14, 2008

Sachio Okamura  
Director

/s/ Dr. Anthony C. Nicholls  
Dr. Anthony C. Nicholls  
Director

April 14, 2008

/s/ Joseph C. Sardano  
Joseph C. Sardano  
Director

April 14, 2008

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Frank L. Sasseti & Co.  
Certified Public Accountants

The Board of Directors  
Positron Corporation

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Positron Corporation as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Positron Corporation as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company has a significant accumulated deficit which raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Frank L. Sasseti & Co.

April 11, 2008  
Oak Park, Illinois

6611 W. North Avenue \* Oak Park, Illinois 60302 \* Phone (708) 386-1433 \* Fax (708) 386-0139

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POSITRON CORPORATION

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2007 and 2006  
(In thousands, except share data)

ASSETS	2007	2006
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192	\$ 115
Accounts receivable	222	208
Inventories	1,172	1,493
Due from affiliates	355	2,955
Prepaid expenses	106	115
Other current assets	24	63
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2,071</b>	<b>4,949</b>
Investment in Joint Venture	--	23
Property and equipment, net	56	64
Other assets	150	235
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,277</b>	<b>\$ 5,271</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable, trade and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,314	\$ 2,627
Customer deposits	397	241
Unearned revenue	90	146
Due to affiliates	1,346	507
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>4,147</b>	<b>3,521</b>
Obligation under capital lease	13	7
Convertible notes payable, less discount of \$1,165 and \$1,272	135	28
Deposits for unissued preferred stock	375	850
Derivative liabilities for convertible debentures	2,550	2,165
Majority interest in income of consolidated subsidiary	--	(168)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>7,220</b>	<b>6,403</b>
Stockholders' deficit:		
Series A Preferred Stock: \$1.00 par value; 8% cumulative, convertible, redeemable; 5,450,000 shares authorized; 464,319 shares issued and outstanding.	464	464
Series B Preferred Stock: \$1.00 par value; convertible, redeemable; 9,000,000 shares authorized; 5,926,111 and 5,739,861 shares issued and outstanding	5,926	5,740



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Series C Preferred Stock: \$1.00 par value; 6% cumulative, convertible, redeemable; 840,000 shares authorized	--	--
Series G Preferred Stock: \$1.00 par value; 8% cumulative, convertible, redeemable; 3,000,000 shares authorized; 111,391 and 204,482 shares issued and outstanding	29	52
Common stock: \$0.01 par value; 800,000,000 shares authorized; 102,555,302 and 86,205,202 shares outstanding.	1,026	862
Additional paid-in capital	64,314	60,552
Other comprehensive income	(82)	38
Accumulated deficit	(76,605)	(68,825)
Treasury Stock: 60,156 shares at cost	(15)	(15)
Total stockholders' deficit	(4,943)	(1,132)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 2,277	\$ 5,271

See notes to financial statements

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POSITRON CORPORATION

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006  
(In thousands, except per share data)

	2007	2006
Sales	3,309	2,213
Costs of sales	2,928	1,423
Gross profit	381	790
Selling, general and administrative	3,640	3,069
Research and development	1,361	1,165
Impairment of intangible asset	2,592	369
Total operating expenses	7,593	4,603
Loss from operations	(7,212)	(3,813)
Other income (expenses):		
Interest expense	(199)	(860)
Equity in losses of unconsolidated subsidiaries	(23)	(373)
Derivative losses	(386)	(1,784)
Other income	15	--
	(593)	(3,017)
Loss before income taxes, majority interest and extraordinary gain	(7,805)	(6,830)
Majority interest in loss of consolidated subsidiary	25	3
Loss before income taxes and extraordinary gain	(7,780)	(6,827)
Income taxes	--	--
Loss before extraordinary gain	(7,780)	(6,827)
Extraordinary gain on acquisition of business	--	241
Net loss	\$ (7,780)	\$ (6,586)
Other comprehensive (loss) income		
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain	(120)	38
Comprehensive loss	\$ (7,900)	\$ (6,548)

Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.08)
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding		95,875		81,508

See notes to financial statements

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  
For the year ended December 31, 2006  
(In thousands, except share data)

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Series C Preferred Stock		Series G Preferred Stock		Common Stock	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Balance December 31, 2005	464,319	\$ 464	--	\$ --	770,000	\$ 770	--	\$ --	77,835,202	\$ 778
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exercise of options	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	500,000	5
Compensation related to Issuance options	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Conversion of debt Series C Preferred to new series of Preferred stock	--	--	1,679,861	1,680	(770,000)	(770)	--	--	--	--
Conversion of preferred stock Into common stock	--	--	(40,000)	(40)	--	--	--	--	4,000,000	40
Issuance of preferred stock through Private placement net of total Offering costs of 28,975	--	--	--	--	--	--	204,482	52	--	--
Issuance of common stock For services	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,870,000	39

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Issuance of preferred stock for Acquisition of subsidiary	--	--	4,100,000	4,100	--	--	--	--	--	--
Loan discount	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Change in foreign currency Translation gain	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cancelled subscriptions	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Balance December 31, 2006	464,319	\$ 464	5,732,861	\$ 5,740	--	--	204,482	\$ 52	86,205,202	\$ 862

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POSITRON CORPORATION

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

For the year ended December 31, 2006

(In thousands, except share data)

(Continued)

	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscription Receivable	Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance December 31, 2005	\$ 57,364	\$ (30)	\$ --	\$ (62,239)	\$ (15)	\$ (2,908)
Net loss	--	--	--	(6,586)	--	(6,586)
Exercise of options	20	--	--	--	--	25
Compensation related to Issuance options	430	--	--	--	--	430
Conversion of debt Series C Preferred to new series of Preferred stock	2,074	--	--	--	--	2,984
Conversion of preferred stock Into common stock	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of preferred stock Through private placement Net of total offering Costs of 28,975	1,043	--	--	--	--	1,095
Issuance of common stock For services	432	--	--	--	--	471
Issuance of preferred stock for Acquisition of subsidiary	(1,700)	--	--	--	--	2,400
Loan discount	919	--	--	--	--	919
Change in foreign currency Translation gain	--	--	38	--	--	38
Cancelled subscriptions	(30)	30	--	--	--	--
Balance December 31, 2006	\$ 60,552	\$ --	\$ 38	\$ (68,825)	\$ (15)	\$ (1,132)



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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  
For the year ended December 31, 2007  
(In thousands, except share data)

	Series A		Series B		Series C Preferred		Series G		Common Stock	
	Preferred Stock Shares	Amount	Preferred Stock Shares	Amount	Stock Shares	Amount	Preferred Stock Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Balance December 31, 2006	464,319	\$ 464	5,739,861	\$ 5,740	--	--	204,482	\$ 52	86,205,202	\$ 862
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Compensation related to Issuance options	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Conversion of Series G preferred stock Into common stock	--	--	--	--	--	--	(93,091)	(23)	9,390,100	94
Issuance of Series B preferred stock through private placement	--	--	186,250	186	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of common stock For services	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6,960,000	70
Change in foreign currency Translation gain	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Balance December 31, 2007	464,319	\$ 464	5,926,111	\$ 5,926	--	--	111,391	\$ 29	102,555,302	\$ 1,026



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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

For the year ended December 31, 2007

(In thousands, except share data)

(Continued)

	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscription Receivable	Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance December 31, 2006	\$ 60,552	--	\$ 38	\$ (68,825)	\$ (15)	\$ (1,132)
Net loss	--	--	--	(7,780)	--	(7,780)
Compensation related to Issuance options	412	--	--	--	--	412
Conversion of Series G preferred stock Into common stock	(69)	--	--	--	--	2
Issuance of Series B preferred stock through private placement	2,978	--	--	--	--	3,164
Issuance of common stock For services	441	--	--	--	--	511
Change in foreign currency Translation gain	--	--	(120)	--	--	(120)
Balance December 31, 2007	\$ 64,314	--	\$ ( 82)	\$ (76,605)	\$ (15)	\$ (4,943)

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POSITRON CORPORATION

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

(In thousands)

	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (7,780)	\$ (6,586)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Derivative losses	385	1,784
Compensation related to re-pricing of warrants and options	--	--
Compensation related to issuance of options	412	430
Depreciation expense	31	49
Amortization of intangible assets	10	8
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	4	(53)
Issuance of common stock for services	511	471
Equity in losses of joint venture	23	373
Amortization of loan costs, debt discount and beneficial conversion feature	181	644
Majority interest in income of consolidated subsidiary	(25)	(3)
Extraordinary gain on acquisition of business	--	(241)
Impairment of intangible asset	2,592	369
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	12	(7)
Inventories	516	555
Prepaid expenses	24	49
Other current assets	46	235
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(503)	187
Customer deposits	117	43
Unearned revenue	(56)	80
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,500)	(1,613)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment in subsidiary, net of cash received	--	(534)
Purchase of property and equipment	(23)	(18)
Proceeds from disposal of assets	--	77
Purchase of intangible assets	--	(434)
Net cash used in investing activities	(23)	(909)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of Series G Preferred Stock	--	901
Proceeds from issuance of convertible securities	--	1,080
Proceeds from notes payable to affiliated entities	1,281	200
Repayment of notes payable to affiliated entities	(547)	--
Advance to affiliated entities	(72)	(39)

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Repayment of advances to affiliated entities	363	--
Capital lease obligation	9	(3)
Proceeds from private placement	2,656	297
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,690	2,436
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(90)	(8)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	77	(94)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	115	209
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 192	\$ 115
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	--	--
Income taxes paid	--	--
Non-cash disclosures		
Issuance of common stock to satisfy severance obligation	--	\$ 25
Convertible debenture discount with corresponding increase to paid in capital for value of warrants	--	\$ 919
Convertible debenture discount with corresponding increase to derivative liabilities for beneficial conversion feature	--	\$ 2,268
Issuance of Series B Preferred Stock to satisfy accrued interest obligation	--	\$ 380
Conversion of debentures to Series B Preferred Stock	--	\$ 2,934
Conversion of Series C Preferred Stock to Series B Preferred Stock	--	\$ 770
Conversion of Series G Preferred to Common Stock	\$ 23	--

See notes to financial statements

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POSITRON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

Positron Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated on December 20, 1983 in the state of Texas and commenced commercial operations during 1986. The Company designs, markets and services its POSICAM™ system advanced medical imaging devices, utilizing positron emission tomography ("PET") technology, and has the ability to participate in manufacturing through its' joint venture with Neusoft Medical Systems Co., LTD. These systems utilize the Company's patented and proprietary technology, an imaging technique which assesses the biochemistry, cellular metabolism and physiology of organs and tissues, as well as producing anatomical and structural images. Targeted markets include medical facilities and diagnostic centers located throughout the world. POSICAM™ systems are used by physicians as diagnostic and treatment evaluation tools in the areas of cardiology, neurology and oncology. The Company faces competition principally from three other companies which specialize in advanced medical imaging equipment.

On June 5, 2006, the Company, through a minority-owned subsidiary of the Company, Imaging PET Technologies, Inc. ("IPT"), and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals Inc., a Canadian radiopharmaceutical corporation ("QMP") acquired all of the operating assets of IS2 Medical Systems Inc., a developer and manufacturer of nuclear imaging devices based in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada ("IS2"). Initially, the Company and QMP held 49.9% and 50.1%, respectively, of the total outstanding capital stock of IPT. On January 26, 2007, the Company acquired the remaining 50.1% of the capital stock of IPT from Imagin Diagnostic Centers, Inc. ("IMAGIN"), which had acquired the shares from QMP, in exchange for the cancellation of a promissory note in the amount of \$2,400,000 IMAGIN had made in favor of the Company.

On January 26, 2007, the Company executed and consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with IMAGIN, to acquire 11,523,000 shares of common stock of IPT. The Shares represented the remaining 50.1% of IPT's issued and outstanding common stock. As a result of the acquisition of the Shares, the Company owns 100% of the common stock of IPT. As consideration for the shares, the Company and IMAGIN agreed to cancel a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,400,000 made by IMAGIN subsidiary, QMP and later assigned to IMAGIN. As of the date of the Agreement, the Company had been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of QMP's interest in IPT as well as QMP's other holdings of the Company's related securities.

The acquisition of the remaining 50.1% of IPT on January 26, 2007 was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The excess of the purchase price over the amounts allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been recorded as goodwill. Total goodwill recorded for this acquisition was \$2,592,256. Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"), goodwill and certain intangible assets are deemed to have indefinite lives and are no longer amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment using the "fair value" methodology. During the fourth quarter, the Company assessed the fair value of the intangible asset using an income approach. Under the income approach, the fair value of a reporting unit is calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. In performing the the fiscal impairment test, management determined there impairment to the IPT goodwill since the carrying value exceeded its estimated fair value. Accordingly, during the fourth quarter the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$2,592,256.



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### Principles of Consolidation

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the financial statements include the transactions of Positron Corporation and its wholly-owned Imagin Pet Technologies, Inc. ("IPT"). IPT's financial statements include the operations of QMT.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the financial statements include the transactions of Positron Corporation, Imaging Pet Technologies, Inc. from October 1, 2006 and Quantum Molecular Technologies, from its date of Incorporation of April 13, 2006. From the date of acquisition of June 5, 2006 through September 30, 2006, the transactions of IPT were accounted for by the Company under the equity method with the Company recording its proportionate share of IPT's losses as expense in the period incurred. All Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

### Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Such principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Affiliated Entities

Affiliated entities of Positron include companies with common significant shareholders, joint venture companies, joint venture partners and companies with common management or control. Such companies include Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc. ("IMAGIN"), Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("QMP"), Imagin Molecular Corporation ("IMGM"), Solaris Opportunity Fund ("Solaris"), Neusoft Medical Systems Co. ("NMS"), Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. ("NPMS"), Positron Acquisition Corporation ("PAC") and Imagin Nuclear Partners ("INP"). PAC and INP are wholly-owned subsidiaries of IMGM.

### Foreign Currency Translation

As of December 31, 2007 the accounts of the Company's subsidiaries, IPT and QMT were maintained, and their consolidated financial statements were expressed in Canadian dollars. Such consolidated financial statements were translated into U.S. Dollars (USD) in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation." According to the Statement, all assets and liabilities were translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, stockholder's equity are translated at the historical rates and statement of operations items are translated at the weighted average exchange rates. The resulting translation adjustments are reported under other comprehensive income in accordance with SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income".

### Cash Equivalents and Short-term Investments

For the purposes of reporting cash flows, the Company considers highly liquid, temporary cash investments with an original maturity period of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Short-term investments include certificates of deposits, commercial paper and other highly liquid investments that do not meet the criteria of cash equivalents. Cash equivalents and short-term investments are stated at cost plus accrued interest which approximates fair value.

### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash and accounts receivables are the primary financial instruments that subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk. The Company maintains its cash in banks or other financial institutions selected based upon management's assessment of the bank's financial stability. Cash balances periodically exceed the \$100,000 federal depository insurance limit.

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Accounts receivable arise primarily from transactions with customers in the medical industry located throughout the world, but concentrated in the United States and Canada. The Company provides a reserve for accounts where collectibility is uncertain. Collateral is generally not required for credit granted.

#### Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of inventory valuation.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated for financial statement purposes using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of three to seven years, and declining balance methods for IPT's computer software. Gains or losses on dispositions are included in the statement of operations in the period incurred. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Periodically, the Company evaluates the carrying value of its plant and equipment, and long-lived assets, which includes patents and other intangible assets, by comparing the anticipated future net cash flows associated with those assets to the related net book value. If an impairment is indicated as a result of such reviews, the Company would remove the impairment based on the fair market value of the assets, using techniques such as projected future discounted cash flows or third party valuations.



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### Revenue Recognition

Revenues from POSICAMTM system contracts and other nuclear imaging devices are recognized when all significant costs have been incurred and the system has been shipped to the customer. Revenues from maintenance contracts are recognized over the term of the contract. Service revenues are recognized upon performance of the services.

### Advertising

Indirect-response advertising costs are charged to operations the first time the advertising takes place. The cost of direct-response advertising is not significant. Advertising expenses for 2007 and 2006 were \$95,000 and \$92,000, respectively.

### Research and Development Expenses

All costs related to research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred.

### Stock Based Compensation

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," a revision of SFAS Statement No. 123. The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) effective January 1, 2006, using the modified prospective application method, and beginning with the first quarter of 2006, the Company measures all employee share-based compensation awards using a fair value based method and record share-based compensation expense in its financial statements if the requisite service to earn the award is provided.

### Warranty Costs

The Company accrues for the cost of product warranty on POSICAMTM systems, Pulse CDC gamma cameras and other nuclear imaging devices at the time of shipment. Warranty periods generally range up to a maximum of one year but may extend for longer periods. After warranty expiration many customers execute service contracts to cover their systems. Service contract periods vary with some customers on month to month contracts and others on quarterly and annual contracts. Revenue collected in advance of the service period is deferred and recognized over the term of the contract. Service costs under the contracts are expensed as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, service costs charged to expense were \$1,036,000 and \$721,000, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 the Company did not have any Posicam systems under warranty. Warranty expense for Pulse CDC gamma systems sold by IS2 Medical Systems, Inc. was \$196,000 and \$221,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

### Loss Per Common Share

Basic loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Stock options and warrants are not included in the computation of the weighted average number of shares outstanding for dilutive net loss per common share during each of the period presented in the Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income, as the effect would be antidilutive.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company includes fair value information in the notes to the financial statements when the fair value of its financial instruments is different from the book value. When the book value approximates fair value, no additional disclosure is made.

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## New Accounting Pronouncement

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. SFAS No. 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. The standard also requires expanded disclosures about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 157 to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "fair value option"). A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements". . The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 159 to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), 'Business Combinations - Revised,' that improves the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about a business combination and its effects. To accomplish that, this statement establishes principles and requirements how the acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The changes to current practice resulting from the application of SFAS No. 141(R) are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) before December 15, 2008 is prohibited. The Company has not determined the effect, if any, that may result from the adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) on its financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

2.

## Going Concern Consideration

Since its inception the Company has been unable to sell POSICAMTM or Pulse systems in quantities sufficient to be operationally profitable. Consequently, the Company has sustained substantial losses. At December 31, 2007, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$76,605,000 and a stockholders' deficit of \$4,943,000. Due to the sizable prices of the Company's systems and the limited number of systems sold or placed in service each year, the Company's revenues have fluctuated significantly year to year.

The Company utilized proceeds of \$2,656,000 from issuance of Series B Preferred to fund operating activities in 2007. The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$192,000 at December 31, 2007. At the same date, the

Company had accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$2,314,000. In addition, debt service and working capital requirements for the upcoming year may reach current cash balances.

The Company plans to continue to raise funds as required through equity and debt financing to sustain business operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in implementing its business plan and ultimately achieving operational profitability. The Company's long-term viability as a going concern is dependent on its ability to 1) achieve adequate profitability and cash flows from operations to sustain its operations, 2) control costs and expand revenues from existing or new business and 3) meet current commitments and fund the continuation of its business operation in the near future.

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## 3. Imaging Pet Technologies – Business Acquisition

On December 31, 2005 the Company and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceuticals Inc., a Canadian radiopharmaceutical corporation (“QMP”) formed a joint venture, Imaging Pet Technologies (“IPT”). The Company and QMP hold 49.9% and 50.1%, respectively, of the total registered capital of IPT. acquired all of the operating assets of IS2 Medical Systems Inc., a developer and manufacturer of nuclear imaging devices based in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada (“IS2”) through a minority-owned subsidiary of the Company, Imaging PET Technologies, Inc. (“IPT”). On May 8, 2006, to finalize certain obligations of QMP related to the Quantum Molecular Technologies Joint Venture, the Company agreed to issue Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series B”), convertible into 65,000,000 shares of the Company’s common stock, to IPT in exchange for a promissory note in the amount of \$1,300,000. See, Quantum Molecular Technologies, below.

On June 5, 2006, IPT completed the acquisition of IS2 through a series of events which resulted in the net assets of IS2 being transferred to IPT. On April 28, 2006, debenture holders and promissory note holders of IS2 were put on notice that IS2 was in default of its covenants relating to revenue targets. In turn, the debenture/note holders demanded payment. On May 29, 2006, the debentures and notes totaling \$1,435,727 were assigned to IPT by the holders in exchange for \$1,000,000. The original holders assigned their security agreements to IPT who exercised those agreements immediately and assumed the net assets of IS2. In addition to the net assets, the Company assumed leases and contracts. Employment contracts were established with the Company upon acquisition.

The net assets acquired include the following (in thousands):

Cash and equivalents	\$	605
Accounts receivable		65
Investment tax credits		340
Prepaid expenses		51
Inventories		1,319
Property and equipment		105
Deferred patent costs		74
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(754)
Customer deposits		(364)
Capital lease obligations		(14)
Net value of assets acquired		1,427
Purchase Price		1,000
Excess of net assets acquired over purchase price	\$	427

The excess of the net assets acquired over the purchase price was allocated as follows:

Write-down of property and equipment	\$	105
Write-down of deferred patent costs		74
Extraordinary gain before currency translation adjustment		241
Effect of currency translation		7
	\$	427

In applying the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board No. 46, as revised, ("FIN 46(R)), upon IPT's acquisition of IS2, the Company considered several facts in determining whether the operations of IPT warrant consolidation under the guidelines of FIN 46(R). These facts and the Companies accounting treatment of the operations of the variable interest entity are discussed below.

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During the initial months following the acquisition, IS2 continued to operate under its existing pre-acquisition management while QMP and the Company formulated operational plans for their joint venture and more specifically IS2. At this point, the Company did not deem itself to be the primary beneficiary as defined by FIN 46(R) and therefore accounted for its investment in IPT under the equity method by recording its proportionate share of IPT's losses as a reduction of its investment. The equity method was applied consistently from the date of acquisition through September 30, 2006.

During the fourth quarter of 2006 Positron's management significantly increased their involvement in the operations of IPT and IS2 after the termination of IS2's Chief Executive Officer. Additionally, the Company began funding its operations and those of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Quantum Molecular Technologies, Inc., with the assets of IPT through loans and cash advances. Finally, in January 2007 Positron acquired QMP's entire interest in IPT, giving it 100% ownership. Due to the increase in management control by Positron over IPT and the subsequent acquisition of QMP's interest, reconsideration has been given to Positron's relationship with IPT under the guidance of FIN 46(R), and the Company believes itself to be the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entity. As such, IPT's results of operations for the period October 1 to December 31, 2006 and its balance sheet at December 31, 2006 are consolidated in the Company's financial statements presented herein.

On January 26, 2007, the Company executed and consummated a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with IMAGIN, to acquire 11,523,000 shares of common stock of IPT. The Shares represented the remaining 50.1% of IPT's issued and outstanding common stock. As a result of the acquisition of the Shares, the Company owns 100% of the common stock of IPT. As consideration for the shares, the Company and IMAGIN agreed to cancel a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,400,000 made by IMAGIN subsidiary, QMP and later assigned to IMAGIN. As of the date of the Agreement, the Company had been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of QMP's interest in IPT as well as QMP's other holdings of the Company's related securities.

The acquisition of the remaining 50.1% of IPT on January 26, 2007 was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Initially, the excess of the purchase price over the amounts allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been recorded as goodwill. Total goodwill recorded for this acquisition was \$2,592,256. Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"), goodwill and certain intangible assets are deemed to have indefinite lives and are no longer amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment using the "fair value" methodology.

#### Goodwill Impairment

Under FASB Statement No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ("SFAS 142"), goodwill and certain intangible assets are deemed to have indefinite lives and are no longer amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment. Other identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. SFAS 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment annually, utilizing the "fair value" methodology. The Company has adopted December 31st as the date of the annual impairment test for goodwill.

Goodwill impairment is determined using a two-step process. The first step of the goodwill impairment test is used to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with the net book value (of carrying amount), including goodwill. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds the carrying amount, goodwill of the reporting unit is considered not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is unnecessary. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds the fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is performed to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. If the carrying amount of the

reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill recognized in a business combination. Accordingly, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of that unit as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination and the fair value of the reporting unit was the purchase price paid to acquire the reporting unit. The fair value of the IPT reporting unit was determined using an income approach. Under the income approach, the fair value of a reporting unit is calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. The present value of future cash flows uses our estimates of revenue for the reporting unit, driven by assumed growth rates and estimated costs as well as appropriate discount rates.



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In performing the first step of the fiscal 2007 goodwill impairment test, management determined there was an indicator of impairment in the IPT goodwill because the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeded its estimated fair value.

In performing the second step of the goodwill impairment test, the Company allocated the estimated fair values of the IPT reporting unit determined in step one of the impairment test, to the assets and liabilities as if a new acquisition were being accounted for in accordance with SFAS 141.

Determining the fair value of the reporting unit under the first step of the goodwill impairment test and determining the fair value of individual assets and liabilities of a reporting unit under the second step of the goodwill impairment test is judgmental in nature and often involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions. Since the fair value of the IPT reporting unit was derived from projected revenues associated solely with developed technologies, which were identified as intangible assets in the original purchase accounting allocation, the fair value of the reporting unit was hypothetically all allocated to developed technologies, with no remaining value to assign to goodwill. Based on the Company's annual review of goodwill in 2007, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$2,592,256, for the IPT reporting unit which represented the entire goodwill balance.

#### 4. Quantum Molecular Technologies

On December 28, 2005, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Imagin Diagnostic Centres, Inc. ("IMAGIN") and Quantum Molecular Pharmaceutical, Inc. ("QMP"), a Canadian company and majority-owned subsidiary of IMAGIN. The Memorandum provides that the parties will form a joint venture to be called Quantum Molecular Technologies JV (the "QMT JV"). Initially, the joint venture would be owned 20%, 29% and 51% by the Company, IMAGIN and QMP, respectively. The Company had the right to increase its interest in the joint venture to a maximum of 51% by the issuance to QMP of up to 150 million shares of the Company's common stock. In consideration for the Company's 20% interest in the joint venture, the Company was obligated to loan to the joint venture sufficient funds, in the form of senior debt, to meet the joint venture's capital requirements as determined by the Company. In turn, IMAGIN and QMP had committed to purchase up to \$4 million in preferred equity in the Company.

On May 8, 2006, the Company amended certain aspects of the QMT JV transaction. Whereas the Company originally held 20% of the interests of the QMT JV, QMP and IMAGIN assigned 100% of their interest to the Company. Additionally, the investment amount QMP and IMAGIN originally committed to in the amount of \$4,000,000 was restated to \$2,400,000 to reflect the assignment of the QMT JV interests and participation by the Company in the IPT joint venture acquisition and subsequent financing. The \$2,400,000 investment is in the form of a promissory note to the Company. In exchange for the assignment of QMT JV interests and the investment, the Company issued 3,450,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible into 345,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock to QMP and IMAGIN, pro rata.

On April 13, 2006, the QMT JV was incorporated under the name Quantum Molecular Technologies, Inc. ("QMT") and acquired certain intangible assets in the form of capitalized research and development costs from IMAGIN for a note payable in the amount of \$368,755. As discussed above, on May 8, 2006 the Company acquired 100% of the IMAGIN and QMP interests in QMT. QMT had limited operating activity during the period between April 13, 2006 and May 8, 2006, as such the Company has consolidated 100% of the operations of QMT from the date of acquisition.

On January 26, 2007, IPT acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of QMT from Positron for the purchase price of \$2,800,000 in the form of a promissory note. The non-interest bearing promissory note is payable on or before July 1, 2008 and is secured by a pledge of all of the issued and outstanding shares of QMT.

Using concepts and research and development activities conceived and to be implemented by Dr. Irving Weinberg, QMT is developing certain next generation technologies including PET-enabled surgical tools and solid-state photo detector technology, which have implications in both molecular imaging and PET and which could have further application in the military and aerospace segments. The first solid-state detector technology patent has been filed by QMT. The Company will have the right to manufacture and sell any PET products developed by QMT in exchange for royalty payments still to be negotiated.

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## 5. Inventories

Inventories at December 31, 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Raw materials and service parts	\$ 1,004	\$ 966
Work in progress	379	577
	1,383	1,543
Less: Reserve for obsolete inventory	(211)	(50)
	\$ 1,172	\$ 1,493

## 6. Due From Affiliates

Due from affiliates at December 31, 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006
INP	\$ 320	\$ 185
NPMS	24	179
Solaris	--	191
IMAGIN	11	2,400
Total	\$ 355	\$ 2,955

## 7. Investment in Joint Venture

On June 30, 2005 the Company entered into a Joint Venture Contract with Neusoft Medical Systems Co., Inc. of Shenyang, Lianoning Province, People's Republic of China ("Neusoft"). Pursuant to the Joint Venture Contract the parties formed a jointly-owned company, Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. (the "NPMS"), to engage in the manufacturing of PET and CT/PET medical imaging equipment. NPMS received its business license and was organized in September 2005.

The Company and Neusoft are active in researching, developing, manufacturing, marketing and/or selling Positron Emission Tomography ("PET") technology and both parties seek to mutually benefit from each other's strengths, and intend to cooperate in the research, development and manufacturing of PET technology. The purpose and scope of NPMS's technology business is to research, develop and manufacture Positron Emission Tomography systems (PET), and an integrated X-ray Computed Tomography system (CT) and PET system (PET/CT), and to otherwise provide relevant technical consultation and services.

The parties to the joint venture contributed an aggregate of US \$2,000,000 in capital contributions. Neusoft's aggregate contribution to the capital of NPMS is 67.5% of the total registered capital of the Company, or US\$ 1,350,000, and was made in cash. The Company's aggregate contribution to the capital of NPMS is 32.5% of the total registered capital of the Company, or US\$ 650,000, of which US\$ 250,000 was made in cash, and US\$ 400,000 was made in the form of a technology license. Positron has transferred to NPMS certain of its PET technology, while Neusoft made available to NPMS certain CT technology for the development and production of an integrated PET/CT system. The parties share the profits, losses and risks of NPMS in proportion to and, in the event of losses, to the extent of their respective contributions to the registered capital of NPMS. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and

2006, the Company's expense related its share of NPMS losses were \$208,000 and \$23,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2007, the Company's investment in NPMS was zero. The Company's share of NPMS losses in excess of its investment approximates \$325,000 as of December 31, 2007.

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Following are the condensed financial statements of Neusoft Positron Medical Systems Co., Ltd. for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

NEUSOFT POSITRON MEDICAL SYSTEMS CO., LTD.  
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS  
DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006  
(In thousands)

	2007	2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 604	\$ 220
Other current assets	573	504
Total current assets	1,177	724
Intangibles and other assets	620	653
Total assets	\$ 1,797	\$ 1,377
Current liabilities:		
Current liabilities	1,352	(55)
Total current liabilities	1,352	(55)
Capital	445	1,432
Total liabilities and capital	\$ 1,797	\$ 1,377

NEUSOFT POSITRON MEDICAL SYSTEMS CO., LTD.  
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006  
(in thousands)

	2007	2006
Revenue	\$ --	\$ --
Expense		
General and administrative expense	1,048	575
Total operating expense	1,048	575
Interest income	(3)	--
Net loss	\$ (1,045)	\$ (575)



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## 8. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 130	\$ 130
Computer equipment	89	74
Machinery and equipment	32	26
	251	230
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(195)	(166)
	\$ 56	\$ 64

## 9. Other Assets

Other assets at December 31, 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Intangible assets	\$ 45	\$ 57
Deferred loan costs	105	178
Total	\$ 150	\$ 235

## 10. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Trade accounts payable	\$ 1,529	\$ 1,431
Accrued royalties	311	373
Accrued interest	139	44
Sales taxes payable	103	260
Accrued compensation	63	249
Accrued property taxes	45	65
Accrued professional fees	25	92
Accrued warranty costs	84	113
Other	15	--
Total	\$ 2,314	\$ 2,627

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## 11. Notes Payable/Due to Affiliated Entities

## Advance from Related Party

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company received non-interest bearing advances from its affiliate, Imagin Molecular Corporation, (“IMGM”) totaling \$1,346,000. Positron’s President and Director, Joseph Oliverio and its Chief Financial Officer and Director, Corey Conn are both officers and directors of IMGGM.

On April 10, 2008, the Company and its affiliate, IMGGM, formalized the advances of \$1,346,000 from IMGGM in the form of a promissory note bearing interest at 8% per annum, due on December 31, 2008 ( the “Note”). The Note is secured by a pledge of 100,000,000 shares of Positron’s common stock, par value \$0.001, (the “Pledged Shares”) in accordance with a Stock Pledge Agreement (the “Pledge”). Upon a default of the Note or the Pledge, IMGGM may sell the Pledged Shares to repay any and all amounts due under the Note.

## Conversion of Notes Payable to Series B Preferred Stock

In 2006, the Company converted all outstanding convertible notes payable and accrued interest due to affiliated entities to Series B Preferred Stock (see note 13). Following is a description of each conversion:

The Company and IMAGIN converted principal and interest of \$1,164,192 outstanding upon the Series E Convertible Promissory Notes and principal and interest of \$877,669 of Convertible Secured Notes into 690,930.5 shares of Series B Preferred Stock.

The Company and Positron Acquisition Corp. converted principal and interest of \$818,066 outstanding upon the Series D Secured Convertible Promissory Notes and 770,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock into 762,358 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. Positron Acquisition Corp. subsequently converted 40,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock into 4,000,000 shares of the Company’s Common Stock.

The Company and QMP converted principal and interest of \$453,144 outstanding upon the Series F Secured Convertible Promissory Notes into 226,572 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. The Company has been advised by IMAGIN that it had acquired all of QMP’s interest in the securities of the Company.

## 12. Secured Convertible Notes Payable

Pursuant to the terms of a Security Agreement and a Registration Rights Agreement (the “Agreements”) dated May 23, 2006, the Company agreed to issue to private investors (the “Investors”) callable secured convertible notes (the “Debentures”) in the amount of \$2,000,000, with interest at the rate of 6% annually. The Debentures are convertible into shares of the Company’s Common Stock as the product of the “Applicable Percentage” and the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) day period prior to conversion. Applicable Percentage is 50%; provided, however that the percentage shall be increased to (i) 55% in the event that a Registration Statement is filed within thirty days of the closing of the transaction and (ii) 65% in the event the Registration Statement becomes effective within one hundred and twenty days of the closing of the transaction. The Company filed a Registration Statement on June 20, 2006. The Company may repay principal and interest in cash in the event that the price of the Company’s Common Stock is below \$0.20 on the last business day of a month. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreements, the Company issued to the Investors warrants to purchase 30,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.15 per share. These warrants are exercisable seven (7) years from the closing of the transaction.



On May 23, 2006 the Company issued Debentures in the amount of \$700,000 with a maturity date of May 23, 2009. On June 21, 2006 the Company issued Debentures in the amount of \$600,000 with a maturity date of June 21, 2009. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreements, the Company shall issue Debentures and receive the third tranche in the amount of \$700,000 when the Registration Statement is declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Legal and other fees incurred in conjunction with the Debentures issued on May 23, 2006 and June 21, 2006 were \$130,000 and \$90,000, respectively and are being amortized over the maturity periods of the Debentures. The Company, to satisfy the initial filing requirement, filed a registration statement on behalf of the Investors on June 20, 2006, which was subsequently withdrawn, re-filed on Form SB2 and amended. While the registration statement has not yet been declared effective, the Investors have not given notice to the Company that is in default of the requirements of the Registration Rights Agreement.

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At the dates of issuance, the warrants issued with the Convertible Debentures had a combined estimated initial fair value of \$919,000 which was recorded as a discount to the debt (debt was written down to zero). The warrants were valued using the Black Sholes Valuation Method based on the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.125; an exercise price of \$0.15; a 7 year term; risk free rate of return of 5.125%; dividend yield of 0%; and a volatility factor of 168%. The discount, which was recorded as an increase to additional paid-in capital, is being amortized over the term of the Convertible Debentures using the effective interest method.

The beneficial conversion features included in the Convertible Debentures warrant separate accounting as embedded derivatives under SFAS No. 133. The derivative financial instrument is recorded as a liability in the consolidated balance sheet, and is marked-to-market each quarter with the change in fair value recorded in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

At the dates of issuance, the beneficial conversion features had a combined estimated initial fair value of \$2,268,000, of which \$381,000 was recorded as a discount to the debt (debt was written down to zero) and \$1,887,000 was immediately charged to derivative losses and recorded as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. The estimated fair value of the beneficial conversion features was determined using the Black Sholes Valuation Method based on the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.125; risk free rate of return of 5.125%; dividend yield of 0%; the conversion price as defined in the debt agreement; 3 year term to maturity; and a volatility factor of 168%. The debt discount is being amortized over the term of the Convertible Debentures using the effective interest method.

At December 31, 2007, the beneficial conversion features had an estimated fair value of \$2,550,000. In valuing the beneficial conversion features at December 31, 2007, the Company used the closing price of its common stock of \$0.07, risk free rate of return of 3.25%; dividend yield of 0%; the conversion price as defined in the debt agreement; remaining term to maturity; and a volatility factor of 235%. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company had derivative losses from the beneficial conversion features in the Convertible Debentures of \$386,000 and \$1,784,000, respectively.

On May 24, 2007 the Investors executed a Notice of Conversion to convert \$40,985 of debentures into Positron common shares. In accordance with the Agreement's, the conversion price of \$0.047 per share represents 55% of the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) day period prior to conversion. Based on the conversion price of \$0.047, the debentures shall be converted to 872,052 shares of Positron Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share. However, the shares were not issued until January 2008 and therefore the conversion is not reflected in the financial statements at December 31, 2007.

On February 15, 2008 holders of convertible debentures issued by the Company executed a Notice of Conversion to convert \$5,500 of debentures into Positron common shares. In accordance with the debenture agreement, the conversion price of \$0.022 per share represents 55% of the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) day period prior to conversion. Based on the conversion price of \$0.022, the debentures shall be converted to 250,000 shares of Positron Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

#### Related Party Advances

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Imaging Pet Technologies were advanced funds from Imagin Molecular Corporation, a publicly owned Delaware corporation and affiliate of the Company. Imagin's Chief Executive Officer and Director, Joseph Oliverio and its Chief Financial Officer and Director, Corey Conn are both officers and directors of Positron Corporation. At December 31, 2007 the outstanding amount due to Imagin from Positron is \$1,346,000. On April 10, 2008, the Company executed a promissory note in

favor of Imagin for the full amount of the advances with interest at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum, due and payable on December 31, 2008. The repayment of the note is secured by a pledge of 100,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Pledged Stock"). If we are unable to repay the note, Imagin may sell a portion or all of the Pledged Stock to recover any unpaid principal, interest, fees and disbursement. The sale of such a large number of shares would likely have a material and adverse affect upon the price of our Common Stock.

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## 13. Stock Options and Warrants

## Options

## 1999 Employee Stock Option Plan

Effective June 15, 1999, the shareholders of the Company adopted the 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "1999 Plan") and terminated the 1994 Stock Option Plan, effective October 6, 1999. The 1994 Plan provided for the grant of options to officers, directors, key employees and consultants of the Company. The 1999 Plan provides for the grant of options to officers, employees (including employee directors) and consultants. The 1999 Plan is administered by the Board of Directors. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each option granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Options granted under the plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The exercise price of incentive stock options may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock as of the date of grant (110% of the fair market value in the case an optionee owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of Positron capital stock). Options may not be exercised more than ten years after the date of grant (five years in the case of 10% stockholders). The Board has authorized 4,000,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the 1999 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, 225,000 options are outstanding, of which 203,646 are vested.

## Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan

Effective October 6, 1999, the shareholders of the Company approved the 1999 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Directors' Plan") which provides for the automatic grant of an option to purchase 25,000 shares of common stock to non-employee directors upon their election or appointment to the Board, and subsequent annual grants also in the amount of 25,000 shares of common stock. The exercise price of the options is 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. The Directors' Plan is administered by the Board. Options granted under the Directors' Plan become exercisable in one of two ways: either in four equal annual installments, commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant, or immediately but subject to the Company's right to repurchase, which repurchase right lapses in four equal annual installments, commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant. To the extent that an option is not exercisable on the date that a director ceases to be a director of the Company, the unexercisable portion terminates. The Board has authorized 500,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the 1999 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, 200,000 fully vested options remain outstanding under the Directors' Plan.

## 1999 Stock Bonus Incentive Plan

In October 1999 the Board adopted an Employee Stock Bonus Incentive Plan (the "Stock Bonus Plan"), effective November 1, 1999. The Stock Bonus Plan provides for the grant of bonus shares to any Positron employee or consultant to recognize exceptional service and performance beyond the service recognized by the employee's salary or consultant's fee. The Board has authorized up to an aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance as bonus awards under the Stock Bonus Plan. The Stock Bonus Plan is currently administered by the Board. Each grant of bonus shares is in an amount determined by the Board, up to a maximum of the participant's salary. The shares become exercisable according to a schedule to be established by the Board at the time of grant. A total of 316,000 shares have been issued under the Stock Bonus Plan at December 31, 2007.



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#### 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The shareholders of the Company approved the 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Purchase Plan") in October 1999. A total of 500,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the Purchase Plan, none of which has yet been issued. The Purchase Plan permits eligible employees to purchase common stock at a discount through payroll deductions during offering periods of up to 27 months. Offering periods generally will begin on the first trading day of a calendar quarter. The initial offering period began on January 1, 2000. The price at which stock is purchased under the Purchase Plan will be equal to 85% of the fair market value of common stock on the first or last day of the offering period, whichever is lower. No shares have been issued under the Purchase Plan at December 31, 2007.

#### Amended and Restated 2005 Stock Incentive Plan

Positron's Board administers the Amended and Restated 2005 Stock Incentive Plan ("2005 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective November 18, 2005 and approved by the shareholders at the 2006 Annual Meeting. The 2005 Plan provides for the grant of options and stock to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Options granted under the plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The exercise price of incentive stock options may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock as of the date of grant (110% of the fair market value in the case of an optionee who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Company's capital stock). Options may not be exercised more than ten years after the date of grant (five years in the case of 10% shareholders). Upon termination of employment for any reason other than death or disability, each option may be exercised for a period of 90 days, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. In the case of a termination due to death or disability, an option will remain exercisable for a period of one year, to the extent it is exercisable on the date of termination. A total of 40,000,000 shares of Common Stock have been authorized for issuance under the 2005 Plan. As of December 31, 2006, a total of 19,000,000 options have been granted under the 2005 Plan, none of which have been exercised, and of which 18,500,000 are fully vested.

#### 2006 Stock Incentive Plan

On April 10, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors adopted a 2006 Stock Incentive Plan ("2006 Plan"). The 2006 Plan is administered by the Board and provides for the direct issuance of stock and grants of nonqualified stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Stock and options may be granted for services rendered or to be rendered. A total of 5,000,000 shares of common stock have been authorized for issuance under the 2006 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, all shares available under the 2006 Plan had been issued.

#### 2007 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan

Positron's Board of Directors (the "Board") administers the 2007 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan ("2007 Plan"), which was adopted by the Board effective July 1, 2007. The 2007 Plan provides for the direct issuance of Awards including any Distribution Equivalent Right, Option, Performance Share Award, Performance Unit Award, Restricted Stock Award, Stock Appreciation Right or Unrestricted Stock Award to key management employees, non-employee directors and non-employee consultants. The administrator is authorized to determine the terms of each award granted under the plan, including the number of shares, exercise price, term and exercisability. Stock and options may be granted for services rendered or to be rendered. A total of 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock have been authorized

for issuance under the 2007 Plan. As of December 31, 2007, all shares available under the 2007 Plan had been issued.

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A summary of stock option activity is as follows:

	Shares Issuable Under Outstanding Options	Price Range or Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2005	8,750,000	\$ 0.05
Granted	11,575,000	\$ 0.05 - \$0.06
Forfeited	(325,000)	\$ 0.01 - \$2.63
Exercised	(500,000)	\$ 0.05
Balance at December 31, 2006	19,500,000	\$ 0.06
Granted	--	--
Forfeited	(75,000)	\$ 0.10 - \$0.12
Exercised	--	--
Balance at December 31, 2007	19,425,000	\$ 0.06

Following is a summary of stock options outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

Range of Exercise Price	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Shares	Weighted Average Remaining Term (in Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
\$ 0.05	7,500,000	3.00	\$ 0.05	7,500,000	\$ 0.05	
\$ 0.06	11,500,000	3.00	\$ 0.06	11,000,000	\$ 0.06	
\$ 0.11	25,000	3.25	\$ 0.11	25,000	\$ 0.11	
\$ 0.08	25,000	4.00	\$ 0.08	25,000	\$ 0.08	
\$ 0.01	25,000	5.00	\$ 0.01	25,000	\$ 0.01	
\$ 0.05	20,000	5.33	\$ 0.05	20,000	\$ 0.05	
\$ 0.03	25,000	6.00	\$ 0.03	25,000	\$ 0.03	
\$ 0.02	205,000	6.42	\$ 0.02	183,646	\$ 0.02	
\$ 0.04 - \$0.12	100,000	7.06	\$ 0.09	100,000	\$ 0.09	
Balance at 12/31/2007	,19,425,000		\$ 0.06	18,903,646	\$ 0.06	
	19,500,000		\$ 0.06	10,427,396	\$ 0.06	



Balance at  
12/31/2006

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For each of the Company's stock-based compensation plans, the fair value of each grant was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Black-Scholes utilizes assumptions related to volatility, the risk-free interest rate, the dividend yield (which is assumed to be zero, as the Company has not paid cash dividends to date and does not currently expect to pay cash dividends) and the expected term of the option. Expected volatilities utilized in the model are based mainly on the historical volatility of the Company's stock price over a period commensurate with the expected life of the share option as well as other factors. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the zero-coupon U.S. government issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life at the time of grant. Fair market value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for the year ended December 31, 2006 was determined using the following assumptions:

Expected life (years)	3-10
Risk free rate of return	4.65%-4.75%
Dividend yield	0
Expected volatility	230%

The Company did not grant any stock options during the year ended December 31, 2007.

Stock-based compensation included in general and administrative expense is \$412,000 and \$430,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table below is before income taxes, based on the Company's closing stock price of \$0.068 as of the last business day of the year ended December 31, 2007. There were no options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2007. Total intrinsic value of those options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$51,842.

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Options Outstanding	19,425,000	\$ 0.06	\$ 155,400
Options Exercisable	18,903,646	\$ 0.06	\$ 151,229

#### Warrants

Pursuant to the terms of a Security Agreement and a Registration Rights Agreement (the "Agreements") dated May 23, 2006, the Company agreed to issue to private investors (the "Investors") callable secured Convertible Debentures (See Note 11). In accordance with the terms of the Agreements, the Company issued warrants to purchase 30,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.15 per share. These warrants are exercisable seven (7) years from the closing of the transaction. The warrants were valued using the Black Scholes Valuation Method based on the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.125; an exercise price of \$0.15; a 7 year term; risk free rate of return of 5.125%; dividend yield of 0%; and a volatility factor of 168%. The fair value of the warrants of \$919,000 was recorded as an increase to Additional paid-in capital – stock warrants.

In 2006, the Company issued 204,482 Units in a private placement. Each Unit consists of one share of a new series of preferred stock designated Series G Preferred Stock and a warrant exercisable for 50 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The warrants expire on April 11, 2008. The warrants were valued using the Black

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Sholes Valuation Method based on the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.13; an exercise price of \$0.10; a 2 year term; risk free rate of return of 5.125%; dividend yield of 0%; and a volatility factor of 159%. The fair value of the warrants of \$1,043,093 was recorded as an increase to Additional paid-in capital – stock warrants.

A summary of warrant activity is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2005	18,150,000		\$ 0.23
New warrants issued with Series G Preferred Stock	10,224,100	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10
New warrants issued with secured convertible debentures	30,000,000	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.15
Balance at December 31, 2006	58,374,100		\$ 0.12
Warrants expired in 2007	(750,000)	\$ 0.03 - \$2.40	\$ 0.81
Balance at December 31, 2006	57,624,100		\$ 0.11

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All outstanding warrants are currently exercisable. A summary of outstanding stock warrants at December 31, 2007 follows:

Number of Common Stock Equivalents	Expiration Date	Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Exercise Price
3,825,000	(a)	--	\$ 0.02
	March		
1,250,000	2008	0.3	\$ 0.25
10,224,100	April 2008	0.3	\$ 0.10
3,750,000	June 2009	1.5	\$ 0.02
8,575,000	May 2010	2.4	\$ 0.02
30,000,000	May 2013	5.4	\$ 0.15
57,624,100			

(a) Warrants expire six months after the date on which a registration statement is filed and accepted by the Securities Exchange Commission permitting a sale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the warrant.

#### 14. Preferred Stock

The Company's Articles of Incorporation authorize the Board of Directors to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock from time to time in one or more series. The Board subsequently authorized an additional 9,000,000 shares designated as Series B Preferred Stock. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine, prior to issuing any such series of preferred stock and without any vote or action by the shareholders, the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of the shares of such series, including dividend rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, the provisions of any purchase, retirement or sinking fund to be provided for the shares of any series, conversion and exchange rights, the preferences upon any distribution of the assets of the Company, including in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, and the preferences and relative rights among each series of preferred stock.

##### Series A Preferred Stock

In February, March and May of 1996, the Company issued 3,075,318 shares of Series A 8% Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock \$1.00 par value ("Series A Preferred Stock") and Redeemable common stock Purchase Warrants to purchase 1,537,696 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The net proceeds of the private placement were approximately \$2,972,000. Subject to adjustment based on issuance of shares at less than fair market value, each share of the Series A Preferred Stock was initially convertible into one share of common stock. Each Redeemable common stock Purchase Warrant is exercisable at a price of \$2.00 per share of common stock. Eight percent (8%) dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock may be paid in cash or in Series A Preferred Stock at the discretion of the Company. The Series A Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's common stock in liquidation. Holders of the Series A Preferred stock may vote on an as if converted basis on any matter requiring shareholder vote. While the Series A Preferred Stock is outstanding or any dividends thereon remain unpaid, no common stock dividends may be paid or declared by the Company. The Series A Preferred Stock may be redeemed in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, at any time subsequent to March 1998 at a price of \$1.46 per share plus any undeclared and/or unpaid dividends to the date of redemption. Redemption requires at least 30 days advanced notice and notice may only be given if the Company's common stock has closed above \$2.00 per share for the twenty consecutive trading days prior

to the notice.

As of December 31, 2007 stated dividends that are undeclared and unpaid on the Series A Preferred Stock total approximately \$524,000. As of December 31, 2007, 464,319 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were outstanding.

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#### Series B Preferred Stock

On September 30, 2006 the Board of Directors authorized a new series of preferred stock designated Series B Preferred Stock. The number of shares authorized was 9,000,000. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock \$1.00 par value is convertible into 100 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Series B Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's Common Stock and junior in priority to the Company's A, C, D, E and G Preferred Stock in liquidation. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock are entitled to 100 votes per share on all matters requiring shareholder vote. While Series B Preferred Stock is outstanding no Common Stock dividends may be paid or declared by the Company. The Series B Preferred Stock may be redeemed in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, at any time at a price of \$1.00 per share. As of December 31, 2007, 5,926,111 shares of Series B Preferred Stock were outstanding.

#### Series G Preferred Stock

In 2006, the Company issued 204,482 Units in a private placement. Each Unit consists of one share of a new series of preferred stock designated Series G Preferred Stock and a warrant exercisable for 50 shares of common stock (the "Units"). The purchase price was \$5.50 per Unit, with \$5.00 of the Unit purchase price allocated to the purchase of the share of Series G Preferred Stock and \$0.50 allocated to the purchase of the warrant, for a total offering amount of \$1,124,650. The net proceeds of the private placement were approximately \$1,096,000.

At the dates of issuance, the warrants issued with the Series G Preferred Stock had an initial fair value of \$1,044,000 and was recorded as additional paid-in capital. The warrants were valued using the Black Scholes Valuation Method based on the fair value of the Company's common stock of \$0.13; an exercise price of \$0.10; a 2 year term; risk free rate of return of 5.125%; dividend yield of 0%; and a volatility factor of 159%.

The Company has designated 3,000,000 shares of preferred stock as Series G Preferred Stock \$1.00 par value. Each share of Series G Preferred Stock is convertible into 100 shares of common stock. Eight percent dividends accrue on the Series G Preferred Stock and may be paid in cash or in Common Stock in the Company's discretion. The Series G Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's common stock and junior in priority to the Registrant's Series A, C, D, E and F Preferred Stock in liquidation. Except as required by law and in the case of various actions affecting the rights of the Series G Preferred Stock, holders of the Series G Preferred Stock are not entitled to vote on matters requiring shareholder vote. While the Series G Preferred Stock is outstanding or any dividends thereon remain unpaid, no common stock dividends may be paid or declared by the Company. The Series G Preferred Stock may be redeemed in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, at any time at a price of \$5.00 per share plus any undeclared and/or unpaid dividends to the date of redemption.

The holders of shares of Series G Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company at the annual rate of \$0.40 per annum on each outstanding share of Series G Preferred Stock. Such dividends shall cumulate from the date issued and be paid when, as and if declared, annually on November 1st of each year commencing on November 1, 2006. As of December 31, 2007, stated dividends that are undeclared and unpaid on the Series G Preferred Stock total approximately \$89,000. As of December 31, 2007, 111,391 shares of Series G Preferred Stock were outstanding.

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#### Income Taxes

The Company has incurred losses since its inception and, therefore, has not been subject to federal income taxes. As of December 31, 2007, the Company had net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards for income tax purposes of

approximately \$22,000,000, which expire in 2008 through 2027. Under the provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code the greater than 50% ownership changes that occurred in the Company in connection with the Imatron Transaction and in connection with the private placement of the Company's common stock limited the Company's ability to utilize its NOL carryforward to reduce future taxable income and related tax liabilities.

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The composition of deferred tax assets and the related tax effects at December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating losses:		
Domestic	\$ 7,606	\$ 5,835
Foreign	661	196
Stock option compensation	165	172
Accrued liabilities and reserves	192	198
Inventory basis difference	--	68
	8,624	6,469
Valuation allowance	( 8,624)	( 6,469)
Total deferred tax assets	\$ --	\$ --

The difference between the income tax benefit in the accompanying statement of operations and the amount that would result if the U.S. Federal statutory rate of 34% were applied to pre-tax loss is as follows (amounts in thousands):

	2007		2006	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Benefit for income taxes at federal statutory rate	\$ 2,645	34.0%	\$ 2,321	34.0%
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(170)	(2.2)	(901)	(13.2)
Statutory rate difference – foreign subsidiary	(365)	(4.7)	(203)	(3.0)
Other	45	.6	(74)	(1.1)
Change in valuation allowance	(2,155)	(25.1)	(1,143)	(16.7)
	\$ --	--%	\$ --	--%

The Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes” as of January 1, 2007. The Company has reviewed the status of possible tax uncertainties through 2007. The company’s review did not result in any uncertain tax positions requiring disclosure. Should the Company need to record interest and/or penalties related to uncertain tax positions or other tax authority assessments, it would classify such expenses as part of the income tax provision. The Company has not changed any of its tax policies nor adopted any new tax positions during 2007 and believes it has filed appropriate tax returns in all jurisdictions for which it has nexus. This review included the Company’s net deferred income tax assets and valuation allowance.

#### 16. 401(k) Plan

The Positron Corporation 401(k) Plan and Trust (the “Plan”) covers all of the Company’s employees who are United States citizens, at least 21 years of age and have completed at least one quarter of service with the Company. Pursuant to the Plan, employees may elect to reduce their current compensation by up to the statutorily prescribed annual limit and have the amount of such reduction contributed to the Plan. The Plan provides for the Company to make



contributions in an amount equal to 25 percent of the participant's deferral contributions, up to 6 percent of the employee's compensation, as defined in the Plan agreement. The Company made no contributions in 2007 and 2006. The Board of Directors of the Company may authorize additional discretionary contributions; however, no such contributions were by the Company in 2007 or 2006.

17. Related Party Transactions

Affiliated Companies

In September 2006, the Company sold a refurbished HZL PET Imaging machine to Imagin Nuclear Partners ("INP"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Imagin Molecular Corporation, an affiliate of the Company. The sales price of the machine was \$200,000. The Company also billed \$18,000 for time and expense related to installation. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company billed INP \$55,000 under a maintenance agreement for the machine.

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For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company recorded sales of parts and materials to NPMS of \$80,000 and \$180,000 respectively.

#### Key Employee Incentive Compensation

The Company has an incentive compensation plan for certain key employees and its Chairman. The incentive compensation plan provides for annual bonus payments based upon achievement of certain corporate objectives as determined by the Company's compensation committee, subject to the approval of the board of directors. During 2007 or 2006 the Company did not pay any bonus pursuant to the incentive compensation plan.

### 18. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Employment Agreement

Effective December 27, 2005, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Joseph G. Oliverio, President of the Company. Under the Agreement, Mr. Oliverio receives an initial base salary of \$100,000 per annum which increases to \$150,000 per annum on March 1, 2006. Mr. Oliverio also received an option grant exercisable for 7,500,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share. On the date of grant of the option 2,000,000 shares vested, with an additional 2,000,000 shares vesting on December 27, 2006 and the remainder on December 27, 2007. Mr. Oliverio is entitled to six months severance upon a termination "without cause".

#### Royalty Agreements

The Company acquired the know-how and patent rights for Positron Imaging from three entities: the Clayton Foundation, K. Lance Gould (formerly a director) and Nizar A. Mullani (also formerly a director.) Pursuant to agreements with each of them, the Company was obligated to pay royalties of up to 4.0% in the aggregate of gross revenues from sales, uses, leases, licensing or rentals of the relevant technology. In January 2008, the Company and the Clayton Foundation agreed to settle all outstanding royalty obligations for 1,296,108 shares of Positron common stock valued. As a result of the settlement with the Clayton Foundation, the Company recorded a reversal of royalty expense of approximately \$67,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007. Royalty obligations amounting to approximately \$311,000 and \$373,000 were included in current liabilities at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### Lease Agreements

The Company operates in leased facilities under two separate operating leases, one of which is on a month-to-month basis and the other, for the IS2 facility in Canada, expires July 31, 2008. The rental rate for the month-to-month leased facilities was \$8,800. Monthly rental charges for the IS2 facility were \$8,300. The cost of leasing the Company's operating facilities amounted to approximately \$167,000 and \$125,000 in 2007 and 2006, respectively.

At December 31, 2007, approximate future minimum rental payments under operating leases are as follows:

2008	\$ 66,850
	\$ 66,850

#### Litigation

From time to time the Company may be involved in various legal actions in the normal course of business for which the Company maintains insurance. The Company is currently not aware of any material litigation affecting the Company.

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## 19. Loss Per Share

The following information details the computation of basic and diluted loss per share:

	Year Ended December 31, (In thousands, except for per share data)	
	2007	2006
Numerator:		
Basic and diluted net loss:	\$ (7,780)	\$ (6,586)
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted average shares	95,875	81,508
Effect of dilutive securities		
Convertible Preferred Stock	--	--
Stock Warrants	--	--
Stock Options	--	--
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-adjusted weighted Average shares and assumed conversions	95,875	81,508
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.08)

All common stock equivalents in the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were excluded from the above calculation as their effect was anti-dilutive.

Anti-dilutive securities not included in net loss per share calculation (in thousands):

	2007	2006
Convertible Series A Preferred Stock	464	464
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock	592,611	573,986
Convertible Series G Preferred Stock	11,139	20,448
Stock Warrants	57,624	58,374
Stock Options	19,425	19,500
	681,263	672,772

## 20. Segment Information and Major Customers

The Company has operations in the United States and Canada. Selected financial data by geographic area was as follows (in thousands):

	2007	2006
United States		
Revenues	\$ 864	\$ 1,295
Operating expenses	5,012	3,114
Net loss	(5,408)	(5,657)
Canada		

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Revenues	\$	2,445	\$	918
Operating expenses		2,581		1,489
Net loss		(2,372)		(929)

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The Company believes that all of its material operations are conducted in the servicing and sales of medical imaging devices and it currently reports as a single segment.

During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 the Company had a limited number of customers as follows:

	2007	2006
Number of customers	69	18
Customers accounting for more than 10% of revenues	--	--
Percent of revenues derived from largest customer	12%	9%
Percent of revenues derived from second largest customer	8%	8%

## 21. Subsequent Events

### Debenture conversions

On May 24, 2007 holders of convertible debentures issued by the Company executed a Notice of Conversion to convert \$40,985 of debentures into Positron common shares. In accordance with the debenture agreement, the conversion price of \$0.047 per share represents 55% of the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) day period prior to conversion. Based on the conversion price of \$0.047, the debentures shall be converted to 872,052 shares of Positron Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share. However, the shares were not issued until January, 2008 and therefore the conversion is not reflected in the financial statements at December 31, 2007.

On February 15, 2008 holders of convertible debentures issued by the Company executed a Notice of Conversion to convert \$5,500 of debentures into Positron common shares. In accordance with the debenture agreement, the conversion price of \$0.022 per share represents 55% of the average of the lowest three (3) trading prices for the common stock during the twenty (20) day period prior to conversion. Based on the conversion price of \$0.022, the debentures shall be converted to 250,000 shares of Positron Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

### Convertible Note Payable – Imagin

On April 10, 2008, the Company and its affiliate, Imagin Molecular Corporation (“IMGM”), formalized the advances of \$1,346,000 from IMG M in the form of a promissory note bearing interest at 8% per annum, due on December 31, 2008 ( the “Note”). The Note is secured by a pledge of 100,000,000 shares of Positron’s common stock, par value \$0.001, (the “Pledged Shares”) in accordance with a Stock Pledge Agreement (the “Pledge”). Upon a default of the Note or the Pledge, IMG M may sell the Pledged Shares to repay any and all amounts due under the Note.

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## EXHIBITS

10.3	Promissory Note in favor of Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008
10.4	Stock Pledge Agreement with Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008.
31.1*	Chairman of the Board Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Chief Financial Officer Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1#	Chairman of the Board Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2#	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
†	Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement identified pursuant to Item 13(a).
*	Filed herewith
#	Furnished herewith

<u>10.3</u>	Promissory Note in favor of Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008
<u>10.4</u>	Stock Pledge Agreement with Imagin Molecular Corporation dated April 10, 2008.
<u>31.1</u>	Chairman of the Board Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
<u>31.2</u>	Chief Financial Officer Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
<u>32.1</u>	Chairman of the Board Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002#
<u>32.2</u>	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002#

\* Filed herewith  
# Furnished herewith