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Tax refunds received before closing of the merger

\$

1,583

Other specified tax refunds

4,797

Tax indemnity obligation

1,868

Legal receivable

2,400

Interest income from Michigan tax refund

607

Other specified tax related liabilities

(53

)  
Costs incurred to collect tax refunds and by stockholders representative

(430

)  
Total CVR liability

10,772

September 2010 payment

(1,106

)  
June 2011 payment

(1,993

)  
June 2013 payment

(7,673

)  
Remaining CVR liability

\$

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Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are as follows:

(in thousands)

Description	As of September 30, 2013	Fair Value at Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets		
		for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Goodwill	\$ 47,404	\$	\$	\$ 47,404
Property, equipment and software	21,008			21,008
Pre-publication costs, net	13,949			13,949
Acquired curriculum and technology intangibles, net	6,508			6,508
Acquired publishing rights, net	5,429			5,429
Other intangible assets, net	6,481			6,481

(in thousands)

Description	As of December 31, 2012	Fair Value at Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets		
		for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Goodwill	\$ 47,404	\$	\$	\$ 47,404
Property, equipment and software	21,021			21,021
Pre-publication costs, net	11,660			11,660
Acquired curriculum and technology intangibles, net	9,320			9,320
Acquired publishing rights, net	7,602			7,602
Other intangible assets, net	7,836			7,836

(in thousands) Description	Total Gains (Losses) for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
Goodwill	\$	\$ (14,700)
Property, equipment and software		(3,347)
Pre-publication costs, net		
Acquired curriculum and technology intangibles, net		
Acquired publishing rights, net		
Other intangible assets, net		

There were no significant remeasurements of these assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2012, an Impairment of Long-Lived Assets charge of \$2.8 million was recorded primarily due to the Company's decision to outsource its warehouse operations to Ozburn Hesse Logistics and to cease use of its leased facility in Frederick, Colorado. During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, an Impairment of Long-Lived Assets charge of \$0.3 million was recorded for the impairment of previously capitalized development costs that, as a result of certain actions in our restructuring and reengineering initiative, were determined to have no ongoing value. During the quarter ended September 30, 2012, an Impairment of Long-Lived Assets charge of \$0.2 million was recorded for the impairment of certain warehouse equipment as a result of the Company's restructuring and reengineering initiatives.

#### Goodwill Impairment

In accordance with applicable accounting guidance, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized but are instead reviewed for impairment at least annually and if a triggering event is determined to have occurred in an interim period. The Company's annual impairment testing is performed as of October 1 of each year. During the quarter ended June 30, 2012, significant sustained sales declines in the Company's Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment caused the Company to re-evaluate the forecasts for this reporting unit. The Company determined that future sales for Kurzweil/IntelliTools were not expected to achieve previous forecasts. This adverse change in expected future cash flows triggered the need for an interim goodwill impairment analysis for this reporting unit. As a result of our interim impairment test, the goodwill balance for the Kurzweil/IntelliTools reporting unit was determined to be partially impaired, and an impairment charge of \$14.7 million was recorded as of June 30, 2012. The goodwill impairment charge was primarily the result of lowered forecasts of future sales.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company did not identify any triggering events that would warrant an interim goodwill impairment test.

#### Class.com

In late 2011, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets of Class.com, a provider of online learning solutions and courseware. To better align its product portfolio with the Company's strategic focus, the Voyager Sopris Learning segment is considering strategic alternatives which could include a sale of the Class.com assets. The Company is actively pursuing a sale transaction, but it is unknown at this time whether a transaction will be completed. If the strategic alternative process does result in a sale transaction, it would most likely be completed in the fourth quarter of 2013 or the first quarter of 2014. The Class.com product line was not recorded as held for sale or discontinued operations at September 30, 2013 as it was reasonably possible that the plan to sell the Class.com assets could significantly change or be withdrawn.

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The Company determined that the potential sale of the Class.com assets was a trigger event for performing a review of the recoverability of the related assets. After reviewing the recoverability of the assets and the fair values, as necessary, it was determined that no impairment was present at September 30, 2013. The related product line assets include intangible assets of \$0.6 million, capitalized software of \$0.3 million, and developed curriculum of \$0.2 million. The Company will continue to monitor any changes to its strategic alternatives process and the related impact to its asset values.

### Note 6 Other Current Assets

Other current assets at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	As of	
	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Deferred costs	\$ 4,399	\$ 4,132
Prepaid expenses	1,656	1,599
Deferred taxes	261	137
Other current assets		24
Total	\$ 6,316	\$ 5,892

## Note 7 Other Assets

Other assets at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	As of	
	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Deferred financing costs	\$ 4,939	\$ 6,121
Collateral investments	1,971	1,969
Other	2,415	1,542
Total	\$ 9,325	\$ 9,632

The deferred financing costs represent costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the \$175 million aggregate principal amount of 9.75% senior secured notes as described in Note 14 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Note 8 Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	As of	
	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Salaries, bonuses and benefits	\$ 12,814	\$ 7,593
Accrued interest	2,202	6,490
Accrued royalties	1,505	1,399
Pension and post-retirement medical benefits	1,221	1,218
Deferred compensation	21	57
Other	2,827	3,773
Total	\$ 20,590	\$ 20,530

Accrued interest primarily relates to the 9.75% senior secured notes. The notes require semi-annual interest payments in arrears on each February 15 and August 15 over the life of the notes.

## Note 9 Other Liabilities

Other liabilities at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2013	As of December 31, 2012
Pension and post-retirement medical benefits, long-term portion	\$ 10,812	\$ 11,392
Deferred rent	1,262	1,457
Long-term income tax payable	889	852
Long-term deferred compensation	488	503
Long-term deferred tax liability	397	273
Other	153	654
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 14,001</b>	<b>\$ 15,131</b>

#### Note 10 Pension Plan

The net pension costs of the Company's defined benefit pension plan were primarily comprised of interest costs and totaled \$0.1 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 and \$0.4 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. The net pension costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 also included immaterial accumulated net loss amortization.

## Note 11 Restructuring

In late 2011, the Company launched a reengineering and restructuring initiative to align its organizational and cost structure to its strategic goals. Reengineering and restructuring activities were completed during 2012 and included:

- Obtaining new leadership and employee skill sets that support the transformation of the Company to focus more heavily on technology solutions and services and other strategic objectives;
- Outsourcing warehouse operations to a third party logistics provider, which will allow the Company to take advantage of a lower and more variable cost structure for its print based products, as well as locate operations closer to the geographic center of its nationwide customer base;
- Rationalizing facilities space by consolidating facilities and subleasing entire or partial facilities where feasible;
- Assessing and implementing optimization projects to improve cost efficiencies and enhance the customer experience throughout the order to cash, professional service delivery, procurement processes, and sales channel structure;
- Reduction of job positions that do not support the Company's key strategic goals; and
- Other reductions and costs to improve the Company's cost structure.

The total expense for all reengineering and restructuring initiatives from the fourth quarter of 2011 through the end of 2012 was \$9.6 million, including both cash and non-cash items, and capital expenditures were \$0.7 million.

The following table summarizes the amounts incurred in connection with the reengineering and restructuring initiative:

(in thousands)	Incurred in Year Ended December 31, 2011	Incurred in Year Ended December 31, 2012	Total Amount Incurred Under the Plan
One-time termination benefits	\$ 1,189	\$ 2,507	\$ 3,696
Impairment of long-lived assets		4,448	4,448
Warehouse transition costs		1,003	1,003
Facility rationalization costs		209	209
Process reengineering costs		203	203
	\$ 1,189	\$ 8,370	\$ 9,559

Reengineering and restructuring charges were recorded to the following line items in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months, respectively, ended September 30, 2012: \$0.1 million and \$1.5 million to Cost of Revenues; zero and \$0.3 million to Research and Development Expense; zero and \$0.5 million to Sales and Marketing Expense; \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million to General and Administrative Expense; zero and \$0.4



million to Shipping and Handling Costs; and \$0.2 million and \$3.3 million to Impairment of Long-Lived Assets. All of these charges were recorded in unallocated shared services.

(in thousands)	One-Time Termination Benefits
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ 828
Accrual changes	(18)
Payments made	(757)
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$ 53

#### Note 12 Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company recognizes the financial statement impacts of a tax return position when it is more likely than not, based on technical merits, that the position will ultimately be sustained. For tax positions that meet this recognition threshold, the Company applies judgment, taking into account applicable tax laws, experience managing tax audits and relevant GAAP, to determine the amount of tax benefits to recognize in its financial statements. For each position, the difference between the benefit realized on the Company's tax return and the benefit reflected in its financial statements is recorded on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as an unrecognized tax benefit ( UTB ). The Company updates its UTBs at each financial statement date to reflect the impacts of audit settlements and other resolution of audit issues, expiration of statutes of limitation, developments in tax law and ongoing discussions with tax authorities. The balance of UTBs was \$7.1 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. All U.S. tax years prior to 2008 related to the VLCY acquired entities have been audited by the Internal Revenue Service. Cambium and its subsidiaries have been examined by the Internal Revenue Service through the end of 2006. The Company has been audited by the various state tax authorities through 2007.

#### Note 13 Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings incidental to its business. Management believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated operations or financial condition and the Company has recognized appropriate liabilities as necessary based on facts and circumstances known to management. The Company expenses legal costs related to legal contingencies as incurred.

In March 2013, the Company's Board of Directors announced that they had accepted the resignations of Ron Klausner, Chief Executive Officer; Vernon Johnson, President of Voyager Sopris Learning; and Brad Almond, Chief Financial Officer. These resignations were not the result of any disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the Company's operations, policies or practices. Severance charges of \$1.5 million were recorded in the first quarter of 2013 in connection with these resignations.

The Company had a potential contingent liability related to state income taxes and related interest that had been assessed against a former subsidiary. On August 27, 2010, the former subsidiary received a decision and order of determination from the Michigan taxing authority. According to the determination of the Michigan taxing authority, the former subsidiary was liable to the State of Michigan for unpaid taxes and interest in the amount of approximately \$10.4 million. In order to expedite resolution of this matter and access the Michigan Court of Claims, the Company paid this liability to the state of Michigan on behalf of the former subsidiary on September 7, 2010 and filed an action in the Michigan Court of Claims to pursue a refund of the assessment. On November 16, 2011, the Michigan Court of Claims ruled in the Company's favor. The Michigan state taxing authority then appealed the decision of the Court of Claims to the Michigan Court of Appeals. On January 16, 2013, the Michigan Court of Appeals affirmed the verdict of the Court of Claims. As the Michigan state taxing authority declined to appeal the case to the Michigan Supreme Court, the matter was closed and the Company received \$11.7 million related to this claim in the second quarter of 2013.

This liability was identified as an agreed contingency for purposes of the CVRs issued as part of a 2009 merger. In accordance with the terms of the merger agreement, dated June 20, 2009, fifty percent (50%) of any amount that is paid or due and payable with respect to each agreed contingency would offset payments due under the CVRs from an amount held for such payments by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as escrow agent, in an escrow account. Upon payment of the approximately \$10.4 million, the Company requested a disbursement to the Company from the escrow account in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the payment, or approximately \$5.2 million. This cash disbursement was received by the Company during the third quarter of 2010. On September 20, 2010, the Company amended the merger agreement and the escrow agreement to extend the term of the escrow agreement until the later of the full distribution of the escrow funds or the final resolution of the agreed contingency. The final resolution of the tax litigation resulted in a total refund from the taxing authority to the Company of \$11.7 million of which \$5.8 million was paid to the holders of the CVRs. The total payment to the holders of the CVRs during the second quarter of 2013 also included \$1.9 million related to a potential tax indemnity obligation.

The Michigan Court of Appeals also ruled in the Company's favor on two other tax matters that resulted in a refund of \$0.6 million. These tax refunds were retained by the Company and were not subject to payment to the holders of the CVRs.

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From time to time, the Company may enter into firm purchase commitments for printed materials included in inventory which the Company expects to use in the ordinary course of business. These commitments are typically for terms less than one year and require the Company to buy minimum quantities of materials with specific delivery dates at a fixed price over the term. These open purchase commitments totaled \$0.3 million as of September 30, 2013.

The Company has letters of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2013 in the amount of \$2.9 million to support workers compensation insurance coverage, certain credit card programs, the build-to-suit lease, and performance bonds for certain contracts. The Company maintains a \$1.1 million certificate of deposit as collateral for the workers compensation insurance and credit card program letters of credit and for Automated Clearinghouse (ACH) programs. The Company also maintains a \$0.9 million money market fund investment as collateral for a travel card program. The certificate of deposit and money market fund investment are recorded in Other Assets.

## Note 14 Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
\$175.0 million of 9.75% senior secured notes due February 15, 2017, interest payable semiannually	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000
Less: Unamortized discount	(550)	(672)
<b>Total long-term debt</b>	<b>\$ 174,450</b>	<b>\$ 174,328</b>

In February 2011, the Company closed an offering of \$175 million aggregate principal amount of 9.75% senior secured notes due 2017 (the Notes) and entered into an asset-based revolving credit facility with potential for up to \$40 million in borrowing capacity. Deferred financing costs are capitalized in Other Assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, net of accumulated amortization, and are to be amortized over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method. Unamortized capitalized deferred financing costs at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were \$4.9 million and \$6.1 million, respectively.

Interest on the Notes accrues at a rate of 9.75% per annum from the date of original issuance and is payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15 to the holders of record of the Notes on the immediately preceding February 1 and August 1. No principal repayments are due until the maturity date of the Notes.

The Notes are secured by (i) a first priority lien on substantially all of the Company's assets (other than inventory and accounts receivable and related assets of the ABL Credit Parties in connection with the ABL Facility (each as defined and discussed below) and subject to certain exceptions), including capital stock of the guarantors (which are certain of the Company's subsidiaries), and (ii) a second-priority lien on substantially all of the inventory and accounts receivable and related assets of the ABL Credit Parties, in each case, subject to certain permitted liens. The Notes also contain customary covenants, including limitations on the Company's ability to incur debt, and events of default as defined by the agreement. The Company may, at its option, redeem the Notes prior to their maturity based on the terms included in the agreement.

**ABL Facility.** In February 2011, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Cambium Learning, Inc. (together with its wholly owned subsidiaries, the ABL Credit Parties), entered into a credit facility (the ABL Facility) pursuant to a Loan and Security Agreement (the ABL Loan Agreement), by and among the ABL Credit Parties, Harris N.A., individually and as Agent (the Agent) for any ABL Lender (as hereinafter defined) which is or becomes a party to said ABL Loan Agreement, certain other lenders party thereto (together with Harris N.A. in its capacity as a lender, the ABL Lenders), Barclays Bank PLC, individually and as Collateral Agent, and BMO Capital Markets and Barclays Capital, as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners. The ABL Facility consists of a four-year \$40.0 million revolving credit facility, which includes a \$5.0 million subfacility for swing line loans and a \$5.0 million subfacility for letters of credit. In addition, the ABL Facility provides that the ABL Credit Parties may increase the aggregate principal amount of the ABL Facility by up to an additional \$20.0 million, subject to the consent of the Agent (whose consent shall not be unreasonably withheld) and subject to the satisfaction of certain other conditions.

The interest rate for the ABL Facility will be, at the ABL Credit Parties' option, either an amount to be determined (ranging from 2.75% to 3.25%, depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) above the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or at an amount to be determined (ranging from 1.75% to 2.25%, depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) above the base rate. On any day, the base rate will be the greatest of (i) the Agent's then-effective prime commercial rate, (ii) an average federal funds rate

plus 0.50% and (iii) the LIBOR quoted rate plus 1.00%. The ABL Facility is, subject to certain exceptions, secured by a first-priority lien on the ABL Credit Parties' inventory and accounts receivable and related assets and a second-priority lien (junior to the lien securing the ABL Credit Parties' obligations with respect to the Notes) on substantially all of the ABL Credit Parties' other assets.

As of September 30, 2013, the balances of accounts receivable and inventory collateralizing the ABL Facility were \$31.6 million and \$10.6 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had a borrowing base under the ABL Loan Agreement of up to \$24.3 million.

Revolving loans under the ABL Facility may be used solely for (i) the satisfaction of existing indebtedness of the ABL Credit Parties under their prior senior secured credit facility and outstanding pursuant to their prior existing senior unsecured notes, (ii) general operating capital needs of the ABL Credit Parties in a manner consistent with the provisions of the ABL Facility and all applicable laws, (iii) working capital and other general corporate purposes in a manner consistent with the provisions of the ABL Facility and all applicable laws, (iv) the payment of certain fees and expenses incurred in connection with the ABL Facility and/or the Notes, and (v) other purposes permitted under the ABL Loan Agreement.

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The ABL Facility contains a financial covenant that generally requires the ABL Credit Parties to maintain, on a consolidated basis, either (i) excess availability of at least the greater of \$8 million and 15% of the revolver commitment or (ii) a fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.1 to 1.0. The ABL Credit Parties will be required to pay, quarterly in arrears, an unused line fee equal to the product of (x) either 0.375% or 0.50% (depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) and (y) the average daily unused amount of the revolver. As of September 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with this covenant.

### Note 15 Segment Reporting

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company's Board of Directors announced that they had accepted the resignation of Ron Klausner, the Company's Chief Executive Officer. In response to Mr. Klausner's resignation, John Campbell was promoted from President of the Company's Cambium Learning Technologies segment to Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Based on the Company's organizational structure and management reporting and resource allocation practices subsequent to the management change, the Company has identified four reportable segments with separate management teams and infrastructures that offer various products and services:

#### Voyager Sopris Learning:

Voyager Sopris Learning (VSL) is a comprehensive provider of research-based education solutions and online learning tools including curriculum products, personalized professional development, assessment, and school improvement/turnaround services. With the ultimate goal of advancing student achievement, VSL partners with PreK-12 schools to build teaching and leadership capacity, keep students on track, and accelerate struggling students to grade-level proficiency. VSL's products include the work of world-renowned researchers and education leaders.

#### Learning A-Z:

Founded in 2002, Learning A-Z is an educational resource company specializing in online delivery of leveled readers and other supplementary curriculum resources for PreK-6. Learning A-Z's resources are currently used in nearly half of the districts in the U.S. and Canada and over 165 countries worldwide. In addition to general classroom use, Learning A-Z serves a wide range of student need, including English Language Learners, Response to Intervention, Special Education, and more. Learning A-Z's value proposition focuses on three key things:

- Saving teachers time, giving them all the resources they need, all online, all accessible at the click of a mouse
- Saving teachers money, delivering thousands of resources for a fraction of the cost of print and other online providers
- Supporting student achievement through differentiated instruction, ensuring the right high-quality resources for every PreK-6 student

Winner of more than 15 industry awards in 2013 alone, Learning A-Z's five subscription-based websites provide online supplemental books, lessons, assessments, and other instructional resources for individual classrooms, schools, and districts. They include: Reading A-Z, Raz-Kids, Science A-Z, Writing A-Z, and Vocabulary A-Z.

#### ExploreLearning:

ExploreLearning develops online solutions to improve student learning in math and science. ExploreLearning currently has two products: Gizmos, the world's largest library of interactive, online simulations for math and science in grades 3-12; and Reflex, a powerful solution available for math fact fluency development. Gizmos and Reflex bring research-proven instructional strategies to classrooms around the world.

Kurzweil/IntelliTools:

The Kurzweil/IntelliTools reporting segment includes the Kurzweil Educational Systems and IntelliTools product lines.

Kurzweil Educational Systems is recognized as the leading developer of literacy software for people with learning differences such as dyslexia, attention deficit disorder, and those who are English Language Learners as well as those who are blind or visually impaired. Kurzweil provides complete reading, study skills, writing, and test taking support for students. For over 30 years the company has been driven by the vision to serve the needs of struggling learners to enable them to reach their full potential. We offer products that bring the power and pleasure of reading and learning to the lives of users, striving to enhance learning and expand literacy. Kurzweil Educational Systems is committed to providing research-based solutions that help educators raise the achievement levels of preK 12 students as well as adult learning communities.

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IntelliTools offers hardware products that target students with physical, visual and cognitive disabilities that make using a standard keyboard and mouse difficult. IntelliTools also offers software products that target elementary and middle school special education students struggling with reading and math.

Other:

This consists of unallocated shared services, such as accounting, legal, human resources and corporate related items. Depreciation and amortization expense, goodwill impairment, interest income and expense, other income and expense, and income taxes are also included in Other, as the Company and its chief operating decision maker evaluate the performance of operating segments excluding these captions.

Prior Period Reclassifications:

Certain prior period reclassifications have been made to conform to the current period segment presentation.

Prior to the first quarter of 2013, the Cambium Learning Technologies segment included: Learning A-Z; ExploreLearning; Kurzweil/IntelliTools; and certain management charges related to the entire Cambium Learning Technologies segment. In the current presentation, Learning A-Z, ExploreLearning, and Kurzweil/IntelliTools are presented in separate segments. The management charges that were related to the overall Cambium Learning Technologies segment, which did not directly relate to any of the three new segments, are included in Other consistent with the 2013 presentation.

In late 2012, the management teams and infrastructures for the former Voyager Learning and Sopris Learning segments were merged into a combined VSL business unit. Prior to the fourth quarter of 2012, the Company reported segment results separately for Voyager Learning and Sopris Learning. The Company's historical segment reporting results have been restated for comparative purposes to reflect the current organizational structure.

The following table represents the revenue, operating expenses, income (loss) from operations, and capital expenditures which are used by the Company's chief operating decision maker to measure the segment's operating performance. The Company does not track assets directly by segment and the chief operating decision maker does not use assets to measure a segment's operating performance, and therefore this information is not presented.

(in thousands)	Voyager Sopris		Kurzweil/		Other	Consolidated
	Learning	Learning A-Z	ExploreLearning	IntelliTools		
Quarter ended						
September 30, 2013						
Net revenues	\$ 28,212	\$ 8,362	\$ 3,700	\$ 2,683	\$	\$ 42,957
Cost of revenues	11,434	167	670	679		12,950
Amortization					4,692	4,692
Total cost of revenues	11,434	167	670	679	4,692	17,642
Other operating expenses	8,589	3,512	2,322	1,038	3,811	19,272
Embezzlement-related expense					3	3
Depreciation and amortization					1,227	1,227
Net interest expense					4,773	4,773



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Other income, net					(215)	(215)
Income tax expense					127	127
Segment net income						
(loss)	\$ 8,189	\$ 4,683	\$ 708	\$ 966	\$ (14,418)	\$ 128
Capital expenditures	\$ 2,007	\$ 1,112	\$ 382	\$ 154	\$ 754	\$ 4,409

Quarter ended						
September 30, 2012						
Net revenues	\$ 32,957	\$ 6,520	\$ 3,637	\$ 2,844	\$	\$ 45,958
Cost of revenues	13,069	91	542	478	94	14,274
Amortization					7,035	7,035
Total cost of revenues	13,069	91	542	478	7,129	21,309
Other operating expenses	10,292	2,753	1,813	1,409	3,727	19,994
Embezzlement-related expense					493	493
Depreciation and amortization					1,592	1,592
Impairment of long-lived assets					236	236
Net interest expense					4,628	4,628
Other income, net					(163)	(163)
Income tax expense					104	104
Segment net income						
(loss)	\$ 9,596	\$ 3,676	\$ 1,282	\$ 957	\$ (17,746)	\$ (2,235)
Capital expenditures	\$ 2,775	\$ 1,167	\$ 272	\$ 66	\$ 610	\$ 4,890

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(in thousands)	Voyager Sopris			Kurzweil/		Other	Consolidated
	Learning	Learning A-Z Explore	Learning	IntelliTools			
Nine months ended September 30, 2013							
Net revenues	\$ 74,032	\$ 24,047	\$ 11,497	\$ 7,596	\$		\$ 117,172
Cost of revenues	32,934	646	1,693	1,727			37,000
Amortization						12,680	12,680
Total cost of revenues	32,934	646	1,693	1,727		12,680	49,680
Other operating expenses	25,032	10,211	6,662	3,348		13,297	58,550
Embezzlement-related expense						118	118
Depreciation and amortization						3,663	3,663
Net interest expense						14,028	14,028
Other income, net						(645)	(645)
Income tax expense						297	297
Segment net income (loss)	\$ 16,066	\$ 13,190	\$ 3,142	\$ 2,521	\$ (43,438)		\$ (8,519)
Capital expenditures	\$ 5,627	\$ 3,320	\$ 1,070	\$ 279	\$ 2,087		\$ 12,383
Nine months ended September 30, 2012							
Net revenues	\$ 76,074	\$ 18,864	\$ 10,558	\$ 8,746	\$		\$ 114,242
Cost of revenues	34,705	266	1,364	1,978		1,524	39,837
Amortization						19,984	19,984
Total cost of revenues	34,705	266	1,364	1,978		21,508	59,821
Other operating expenses	30,461	8,007	5,778	4,677		13,079	62,002
Goodwill impairment						14,700	14,700
Embezzlement-related expense						452	452
Depreciation and amortization						4,842	4,842
Impairment of long-lived assets						3,347	3,347
Net interest expense						14,032	14,032
Other income, net						(236)	(236)
Income tax expense						258	258
Segment net income (loss)	\$ 10,908	\$ 10,591	\$ 3,416	\$ 2,091	\$ (71,982)		\$ (44,976)
Capital expenditures	\$ 6,890	\$ 2,885	\$ 825	\$ 281	\$ 2,436		\$ 13,317
	Voyager Sopris Learning	Learning A-Z Explore	Learning	Kurzweil/IntelliTools		Other	Consolidated

(in thousands)

Year ended

December 31, 2012

Product revenues	\$ 78,463	\$ 26,189	\$ 14,283	\$ 10,812	\$	\$ 129,747
Service revenues	18,399			413		18,812
Net revenues	96,862	26,189	14,283	11,225		148,559
Cost of product revenues	26,406	659	1,929	2,056	1,578	32,628
Cost of service revenues	17,679			656		18,335
Amortization					24,716	24,716
Total cost of revenues	44,085	659	1,929	2,712	26,294	75,679
Other operating expenses	38,551	10,920	7,747	5,646	18,671	81,535
Goodwill impairment					66,893	66,893
Embezzlement-related expense					516	516
Depreciation and amortization					6,182	6,182
Impairment of long-lived assets	1,496				32,211	33,707
Net interest expense					18,683	18,683
Other income, net					(1,125)	(1,125)
Income tax expense					272	272
Segment net income (loss)	\$ 12,730	\$ 14,610	\$ 4,607	\$ 2,867	\$ (168,597)	\$ (133,783)
Capital expenditures	\$ 9,618	\$ 4,039	\$ 1,090	\$ 365	\$ 3,033	\$ 18,145

The capital expenditures disclosed for each segment represent development expenses, primarily developed curriculum and capitalized software. The capital expenditures disclosed for Other represent general capital expenditures that benefit the entire Company such as back-office systems, computer equipment or office furniture. The capital expenditures recorded in Other in 2012 also include capitalized costs from our re-engineering and restructuring initiatives described in Note 11 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 16 Embezzlement

On April 26, 2008, the Company began an internal investigation that revealed irregularities over the control and use of cash and certain other general ledger accounts of the Company, revealing a misappropriation of assets, or embezzlement. These irregularities were perpetrated by a former employee over more than a three-year period beginning in 2004 and continuing through April 2008 with total embezzlement losses of approximately \$14.0 million. Charges included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations after April 2008 represent expenses incurred by the Company to recover property purchased by the former employee using the embezzled funds, net of any recoveries.

The final recovered property related to the employee embezzlement matter was sold during the third quarter of 2013. The net expense recorded in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 was primarily due to a reduction in the carrying value of the recovered property to the final sales price.

The number of shares of common stock issuable under a warrant held by VSS-Cambium Holdings III, LLC is increased based on the cash recoveries, net of related expenses, that the Company receives or received on and after June 1, 2009. The number of shares to be issued under the warrant equals 0.45 multiplied by the quotient of the net cash recovery divided by \$6.50. As a result of the recoveries of \$0.3 million during the third quarter of 2013, shares under the warrant were increased by 17,864. Additionally, as the final number of shares exercisable under the warrant is now set and no other contingencies remain, these awards have been reclassified from Other Liabilities to Capital Surplus in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet in accordance with relevant GAAP.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the net expenses represented a reduction in the fair value of the recovered properties partially offset by a decline in the estimated fair value of the warrants expected to be issued upon the sale of the recovered properties.

Note 17 Related Party Transactions

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Joe Walsh, Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors. For his services as Chairman and as a consultant to the Company, Mr. Walsh will receive total annual compensation of \$300,000, comprised of the compensation to which he is entitled as Chairman and the balance comprised of fees received pursuant to the consulting agreement. This agreement was subsequently amended to name Mr. Walsh an employee of the Company rather than a consultant. With the exception of the fact that Mr. Walsh is eligible for employee benefits, the terms of the amended agreement are substantially the same as the original agreement.

Note 18 Subsequent Events

On November 4, 2013, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with an investor pursuant to its share repurchase program. As previously announced, on March 19, 2013 the Company's board of directors authorized the extension of the Company's \$5 million share repurchase program for an additional one year period (through July 5, 2014) and increased the remaining \$2.2 million available for repurchases of shares thereunder up to \$5 million. The transaction settled on November 6, 2013 with the Company purchasing 1,861,969 shares for a total cost of \$4.4

million. Upon repurchase these treasury shares are no longer registered under the Securities Act of 1933.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This section should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of Cambium Learning Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company, we, us, or our ) and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws that involve risks and uncertainties, and which are based on beliefs, expectations, estimates, projections, forecasts, plans, anticipations, targets, outlooks, initiatives, visions, objectives, strategies, opportunities, drivers and intents of our management. Such statements are made in reliance upon the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this report, including statements regarding our future financial position, economic performance and results of operations, as well as our business strategy, objectives of management for future operations, and the information set forth under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, are forward-looking statements.

Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by, among other things, the use of forward-looking language, such as believes, expects, estimates, projects, forecasts, plans, anticipates, targets, outlooks, visions, objectives, strategies, opportunities, drivers, intends, scheduled to, seeks, may, will, or of those terms, or other variations of those terms or comparable language, or by discussions of strategy, plans, targets, models or intentions. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and except for our ongoing obligations under the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date made, expectations may prove to have been materially different from the results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, as it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described in Risk Factors in Part II, Item 1A and elsewhere in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the SEC. Unless otherwise required by law, we also disclaim any obligation to update our view of any such risks or uncertainties or to announce publicly the results of any revisions to the forward-looking statements made in this report.

Our Company

We are a leading educational solutions and services company that is committed to helping every student reach their full potential by providing evidence-based solutions and expert professional services to empower educators and raise the achievement levels of all students. Our brands include: Voyager Learning ([www.voyagerlearning.com](http://www.voyagerlearning.com)) and Sopris Learning ([www.soprislearning.com](http://www.soprislearning.com)), Learning A-Z ([www.learninga-z.com](http://www.learninga-z.com)), ExploreLearning® ([www.explorelearning.com](http://www.explorelearning.com) [www.reflexmath.com](http://www.reflexmath.com)), and Kurzweil Educational Systems® ([www.kurzweilededu.com](http://www.kurzweilededu.com)) and IntelliTools® ([www.intellitools.com](http://www.intellitools.com)). Together, these business units provide best-in-class intervention and supplemental instructional materials; gold-standard professional development and school-improvement services; breakthrough technology solutions for online learning and professional support; valid and reliable assessments; and proven materials to support a positive and safe school environment.

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Our products have continued to receive awards and accolades from industry publications including the Best Educational Software (BESSIE) awards from the ComputED Gazette, the CODiE awards from the Software and Information Industry Association and the Education Software Review Awards (EDDIES) by The ComputED Gazette.

The following products were winners of the 19th annual BESSIE awards:

- Kurzweil 3000 firefly
- ExploreLearning Reflex
- ExploreLearning Gizmos
- Learning A-Z ReadingA-Z.com
- Learning A-Z ScienceA-Z.com

The following products were winners of the 2013 CODiE awards:

- Learning A-Z ReadingA-Z.com
- Learning A-Z Raz-Kids.com
- ExploreLearning Gizmos

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The following products were winners of the 18th annual EDDIES:

- Kurzweil 3000 firefly
- ExploreLearning Reflex
- ExploreLearning Gizmos
- Learning A-Z Raz-Kids.com
- Learning A-Z ReadingA-Z.com
- Learning A-Z ScienceA-Z.com

### Management Changes

In March 2013, the Company's Board of Directors announced that they had accepted the resignations of Ron Klausner, Chief Executive Officer; Vernon Johnson, President of Voyager Sopris Learning; and Brad Almond, Chief Financial Officer. These resignations were not the result of any disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the Company's operations, policies or practices.

The Company made the following promotions in response to these resignations:

- John Campbell was promoted from President of Cambium Learning Technologies to President and Chief Executive Officer of Cambium Learning Group.
- George Logue was promoted from President of Sopris to President of Voyager Sopris Learning.
- Barbara Benson was promoted from Controller of Cambium Learning Group to Chief Financial Officer of Cambium Learning Group
- Paul Fonte was promoted from Vice President of Technology for Cambium Learning Technologies to Chief Technology Officer for Cambium Learning Group.

### Overview

Order volume is an internal metric that is a leading indicator of revenues. For the first nine months of 2013, company-wide order volumes were flat compared to the same period of 2012, and order volume changes by segment were as follows:

- Voyager Sopris Learning decreased 10%
- Learning A-Z increased 27%
- ExploreLearning increased 32%
- Kurzweil/IntelliTools decreased 15%

Learning A-Z and ExploreLearning continued their trend of double-digit growth rates. Offsetting this growth, Voyager Sopris Learning and Kurzweil/IntelliTools continued to show order volume declination as reductions in legacy products are currently outpacing gains from newer online and technology-enabled solutions.

School district funding continues to undergo significant change and uncertainty, and most of our public school district customers are largely dependent on federal, state and local funding to purchase our products. Additionally, the digitalization of education content and delivery is driving a substantial shift in the education market. The demand for these products has developed rapidly over the past several years and has led to changes in the way that providers develop, produce, market and distribute products.

The education market is also changing in response to the adoption of the Common Core State Standards by a majority of the states. Common Core State Standards define the knowledge and skills students should have within their K-12 education careers so that they will graduate high school able to succeed in entry-level, credit-bearing academic college



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courses and in workforce training programs. These standards are the product of a state-led effort to establish a single set of clear educational standards for grades K-12. Most of the states that have adopted the Common Core State Standards also belong to one of two multistate testing consortia that are developing common state assessments in English language arts and mathematics, aligned to the new standards. These assessments, which will be designed to replace existing statewide tests, are expected to be administered beginning in the 2014-15 school year. Schools in these states may need to augment or replace instructional materials to align to the Common Core State Standards and to prepare students for the new state assessments.

Overall, GAAP net revenues for the first nine months of 2013 increased by 3% to \$117.2 million, compared with \$114.2 million in the first nine months of 2012. GAAP net revenues by segment for the first nine months of 2013, and the percentage change from the first nine months of 2012, were as follows:

- Voyager Sopris Learning: \$74.0 million, decreased 3%
- Learning A-Z: \$24.0 million, increased 28%
- ExploreLearning: \$11.5 million, increased 9%
- Kurzweil/IntelliTools: \$7.6 million, decreased 13%

Costs in 2013 have benefited from the reengineering and restructuring activities which were completed in 2012.

While the Company has reinvested some of the savings in growth areas such as its online subscription businesses, cost reductions made in slower growing areas such as Voyager Sopris Learning's print-based solutions are providing year over year earnings growth. We will continue to review and assess our cost structure to ensure that resources are allocated to areas of the business providing the highest earnings opportunity. Results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 include costs of \$6.2 million related to the Company's reengineering and restructuring activities, including impairment of long-lived assets of \$3.3 million.

## Segment Results of Operations

Our brands comprise four reportable segments with separate management teams and infrastructures that offer various products and services: Voyager Sopris Learning, Learning A-Z, ExploreLearning and Kurzweil/IntelliTools.

Segment change from prior year: Prior to the first quarter of 2013, the Cambium Learning Technologies segment included: Learning A-Z; ExploreLearning; Kurzweil/IntelliTools; and certain management charges related to the entire Cambium Learning Technologies segment. In the current presentation, Learning A-Z, ExploreLearning, and Kurzweil/IntelliTools are presented in separate segments. The management charges that were related to the overall Cambium Learning Technologies segment, which did not directly relate to any of the three new segments, are included in Other consistent with the 2013 presentation.

### Voyager Sopris Learning

Voyager Sopris Learning is a comprehensive provider of research-based education solutions and online learning tools including curriculum products, personalized professional development, assessment, and school improvement/turnaround services. With the ultimate goal of advancing student achievement, Voyager Sopris Learning partners with PreK-12 schools to build teaching and leadership capacity, keep students on track, and accelerate struggling students to grade-level proficiency. Voyager Sopris Learning's products include the work of world-renowned researchers and education leaders.

During the second quarter of 2013, Voyager Sopris Learning announced the release of LANGUAGE!@Live and We Can®: Early Learning Curriculum, Second Edition. As the next iteration of LANGUAGE! Comprehensive Literacy Curriculum, LANGUAGE! Live is a technology-enabled comprehensive adolescent intervention literacy solution for middle and high school students based on nearly two decades of classroom implementation and is proven to accelerate the literacy growth of nonreaders, struggling readers, and English language learners. This Common Core State Standards-aligned product is a blended model which combines technology-based learning solutions with our print-based products. The product is designed such that half of the time will be led by a teacher in a traditional classroom setting and the other half will be focused on student directed learning. This solution has received positive reviews since its release and the second level of LANGUAGE! Live is expected to be released in the spring of 2014.

The fundamental goal of We Can is to prepare students for academic success in kindergarten and beyond. The robust, multidisciplinary curriculum provides a clear roadmap for early childhood success featuring easy-to-implement lesson plans, cross-curricular content addressing 10 early childhood domains, innovative learning tools, reinforced routines and procedures, a prewriting kit, and fully integrated assessments. Teachers can maximize multiple opportunities to observe children, identify their capabilities and needs, and monitor their progress.

During the third quarter of 2013, Voyager Sopris Learning announced the release of Edplicity, an all-in-one solution for content storage and collaboration that provides teachers the ability to deliver instruction in an online format using

the evidence-based reading programs Voyager Passport® and Passport Reading Journeys®. As an advanced cloud-based solution, this digital platform creates an interactive online learning community where teachers can assign student work, track participation and performance, provide targeted feedback, collaborate with other teachers and share best practices, all online and in real-time.

#### Results of Operations

Order volumes in the Voyager Sopris Learning segment declined 10% in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012. We believe that a significant portion of the Voyager Sopris Learning order volume decline is attributable to slow execution of our strategy to transition to technology-based learning solutions, as well as some confusion in the marketplace concerning solutions designed to assist districts in achieving Common Core State Standards.

We expect sales of purely print-based products to continue to decline. Therefore, to stabilize order volumes and enable growth in future years, the company will focus its development efforts on technology solutions, especially those opportunities that help school districts implement the new Common Core State Standards or other State-based curriculum or assessment standards. We believe that the efficacy of our products and the transition of our existing content to technology-based learning solutions will eventually offset the weakness in our legacy print-based offerings and return the segment to growth. However, these products take a significant amount of time to develop and gain customer acceptance.

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GAAP net revenues for Voyager Sopris Learning were down \$2.0 million, or 2.7%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012 as a result of the order volume declines. Through the second quarter 2013, net revenues had been higher versus prior year due to the recognition of prior period technology and services sales that were delivered in 2013. Generally, deferred revenues for Voyager Sopris Learning follow a September through July school year cycle, increasing during the highest selling period at the start of a school year and declining as those revenues are recognized over the school year and summer school periods. Sales of print materials are generally recognized when the product is shipped to or received by the customer. With the start of the new school year in the third fiscal quarter, GAAP net revenues are expected to follow more closely with the current year order volume trends.

Voyager Sopris Learning costs have benefited from the reengineering and restructuring activities which were completed in 2012 and from ongoing efforts to right-size the business to ensure that resources are allocated to areas providing the highest earnings opportunity.

### Learning A-Z

Founded in 2002, Learning A-Z is an educational resource company specializing in online delivery of leveled readers and other supplementary curriculum resources for PreK-6. Learning A-Z's resources are currently used in nearly half of the districts in the U.S. and Canada and over 165 countries worldwide. In addition to general classroom use, Learning A-Z serves a wide range of student need, including English Language Learners, Response to Intervention, Special Education, and more. Learning A-Z's value proposition focuses on three key things:

- Saving teachers time, giving them all the resources they need, all online, all accessible at the click of a mouse
- Saving teachers money, delivering thousands of resources for a fraction of the cost of print and other online providers
- Supporting student achievement through differentiated instruction, ensuring the right high-quality resources for every PreK-6 student

Winner of more than 15 industry awards in 2013 alone, Learning A-Z's five subscription-based websites provide online supplemental books, lessons, assessments, and other instructional resources for individual classrooms, schools, and districts. They include: Reading A-Z, Raz-Kids, Science A-Z, Writing A-Z, and Vocabulary A-Z.

### Results of Operations

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, Learning A-Z order volume exceeded the same period in 2012 by 27%. Learning A-Z has realized double-digit order volume growth for several years and we believe this unit will continue to deliver strong growth. We believe that the value proposition offered by the Learning A-Z products will continue to be compelling due to quality content and award-winning technology. To facilitate this expected growth, we will make significant investments in our sales force and product development efforts. Learning A-Z products are aligned with the Common Core State Standards and this will continue to be a focus in future development.

GAAP net revenues for Learning A-Z were higher by \$5.2 million, or 27.5%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012, which was consistent with its order volume trends. Learning A-Z revenues are recognized pro rata over their subscription periods, which are generally for one year but can be for longer periods. Costs as a percentage of net revenues are higher in 2013 due to investments being made to fuel growth, primarily in sales and marketing.

### ExploreLearning

ExploreLearning develops online solutions to improve student learning in math and science. ExploreLearning currently has two products: Gizmos, the world's largest library of interactive, online simulations for math and science

in grades 3-12; and Reflex, a powerful solution available for math fact fluency development. Gizmos and Reflex bring research-proven instructional strategies to classrooms around the world.

#### Results of Operations

Through the third quarter of 2013, ExploreLearning has continued its trend of significant growth with order volumes exceeding prior year levels by 32%. To ensure that this trend continues, we will make significant investments in this segment for the enhancement of existing products, the development of new products, and the expansion of the sales force. We believe that the value proposition offered by the ExploreLearning products will continue to be compelling due to quality content and award-winning technology and we expect strong growth in the coming years.

GAAP net revenues for ExploreLearning were higher by \$0.9 million, or 8.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012. ExploreLearning revenues are recognized pro rata over their subscription periods, which are generally for one year but can be for longer periods. Due to an increase in the amount of multi-year agreements at ExploreLearning, the growth in GAAP net revenues is lagging order volume growth.

Costs as a percentage of net revenues are higher in 2013 due to investments being made to fuel growth, primarily in sales and marketing.

## Kurzweil/IntelliTools

The Kurzweil/IntelliTools reporting segment includes the Kurzweil Educational Systems and IntelliTools product lines.

Kurzweil Educational Systems is recognized as the leading developer of literacy software for people with learning differences such as dyslexia, attention deficit disorder, and those who are English Language Learners as well as those who are blind or visually impaired. Kurzweil provides complete reading, study skills, writing, and test taking support for students. For over 30 years the company has been driven by the vision to serve the needs of struggling learners to enable them to reach their full potential. We offer products that bring the power and pleasure of reading and learning to the lives of users, striving to enhance learning and expand literacy. Kurzweil Educational Systems is committed to providing research-based solutions that help educators raise the achievement levels of preK-12 students as well as adult learning communities.

IntelliTools offers hardware products that target students with physical, visual and cognitive disabilities that make using a standard keyboard and mouse difficult. IntelliTools also offers software products that target elementary and middle school special education students struggling with reading and math.

## Results of Operations

Order volumes in the Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment declined 15% in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012. The decline is due in part to a change in mix toward a subscription solution rather than a perpetual model (which would provide more first year revenues). Additionally, management believes that customers are increasingly meeting their special education and text-to-speech needs with free and low-priced, but less comprehensive, solutions. The Company plans to continue to invest in improving the firefly offering which brings many of the capabilities of the Kurzweil 3000 product to the web. This subscription solution has shown strong year over year growth and high renewal rates and will continue to be the focus of the business unit.

GAAP net revenues for Kurzweil/IntelliTools declined by \$1.2 million, or 13.1%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 from the same period in 2012, which was consistent with its order volume trends. Costs have benefited from ongoing efforts to right-size the business to ensure that resources are allocated to areas of the business providing the highest earnings opportunity.

## Shared Services and Other

Shared services and other include accounting, legal, human resources and corporate related items, as well as depreciation and amortization expense, goodwill impairment, interest income and expense, other income and expense, and income taxes. The Company does not allocate any of these costs to its segments, and our chief operating decision maker evaluates the performance of operating segments excluding these items.

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Third Quarter of Fiscal 2013 Compared to the Third Quarter of Fiscal 2012

(in thousands)	Quarter Ended				Year Over Year Change	
	September 30, 2013		September 30, 2012		Favorable/(Unfavorable)	
	Amount	% of Revenues	Amount	% of Revenues	\$	%
<b>Net revenues:</b>						
Voyager Sopris Learning	\$ 28,212	65.7%	\$ 32,957	71.7%	\$ (4,745)	(14.4)%
Learning A-Z	8,362	19.5%	6,520	14.2%	1,842	28.3%
ExploreLearning	3,700	8.6%	3,637	7.9%	63	1.7%
Kurzweil/IntelliTools	2,683	6.2%	2,844	6.2%	(161)	(5.7)%
<b>Total net revenues</b>	<b>42,957</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>45,958</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>(3,001)</b>	<b>(6.5)%</b>
<b>Cost of revenues:</b>						
Voyager Sopris Learning	11,434	26.6%	13,069	28.4%	1,635	12.5%
Learning A-Z	167	0.4%	91	0.2%	(76)	(83.5)%
ExploreLearning	670	1.6%	542	1.2%	(128)	(23.6)%
Kurzweil/IntelliTools	679	1.6%	478	1.0%	(201)	(42.1)%
Shared Services		0.0%	94	0.2%	94	100.0%
Amortization expense	4,692	10.9%	7,035	15.3%	2,343	33.3%
<b>Total cost of revenues</b>	<b>17,642</b>	<b>41.1%</b>	<b>21,309</b>	<b>46.4%</b>	<b>3,667</b>	<b>17.2%</b>
Research and development expense	2,486	5.8%	2,622	5.7%	136	5.2%
Sales and marketing expense	10,943	25.5%	11,331	24.7%	388	3.4%
General and administrative expense	5,122	11.9%	4,837	10.5%	(285)	(5.9)%
Shipping costs	721	1.7%	1,204	2.6%	483	40.1%
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,227	2.9%	1,592	3.5%	365	22.9%
Embezzlement-related expense	3	0.0%	493	1.1%	490	99.4%
Impairment of long-lived assets		0.0%	236	0.5%	236	100.0%
Income before interest, other income (expense) and income taxes	4,813	11.2%	2,334	5.1%	2,479	106.2%
Net interest expense	(4,773)	(11.1)%	(4,628)	(10.1)%	(145)	(3.1)%
Other income, net	215	0.5%	163	0.4%	52	31.9%
Income tax expense	(127)	(0.3)%	(104)	(0.2)%	(23)	(22.1)%
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 128</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>\$ (2,235)</b>	<b>(4.9)%</b>	<b>\$ 2,363</b>	<b>105.7%</b>

Net Revenues.

Our total net revenues decreased \$3.0 million, or 6.5%, to \$43.0 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. Although our overall order volume increased 5.7% from the third quarter of 2012, net revenues decreased as the mix of sales continued to shift to our online offerings which are recognized over the subscription period.

·The Voyager Sopris Learning segment's net revenues decreased \$4.7 million, or 14.4%, to \$28.2 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·The Learning A-Z segment's net revenues increased \$1.8 million, or 28.3%, to \$8.4 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·The ExploreLearning segment's net revenues increased \$0.1 million, or 1.7%, to \$3.7 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·The Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment's net revenues decreased \$0.2 million, or 5.7%, to \$2.7 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.



#### Cost of Revenues.

Cost of revenues includes expenses to print, purchase, handle and warehouse our products, as well as order processing and royalty costs, and to provide services and support to customers. Cost of revenues, excluding amortization, decreased \$1.3 million, or 9.3%, to \$13.0 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

This decline was primarily due to lower order volumes in our Voyager Sopris Learning segment. Additionally, the charges incurred in the third quarter of 2012 include \$0.1 million of expenses related to our re-engineering and restructuring initiatives.

· Cost of revenues for the Voyager Sopris Learning segment decreased \$1.6 million, or 12.5%, to \$11.4 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This decline was primarily due to lower order volumes.

· Cost of revenues for the Learning A-Z segment increased \$0.1 million, or 83.5%, to \$0.2 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

· Cost of revenues for the ExploreLearning segment increased \$0.1 million, or 23.6%, to \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

· Cost of revenues for the Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment increased \$0.2 million, or 42.1%, to \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

· Cost of revenues for Shared Services for the third quarter of 2012 of \$0.1 million relate to our reengineering and restructuring initiative.

#### Amortization Expense.

Amortization expense included in cost of revenues includes amortization for acquired pre-publication costs and technology, acquired publishing rights, and developed pre-publication and technology. Amortization for the third quarter of 2013 decreased \$2.3 million compared to the third quarter of 2012, or 33.3%, primarily due to impairment losses that were recorded in the fourth quarter of 2012 which reduced the value of the assets being amortized. Additionally, a majority of our intangible assets are amortized using accelerated methodologies.

#### Research and Development Expense.

Research and development expenditures include costs to research, evaluate and develop educational products, net of capitalization. Research and development expense for the third quarter of 2013 decreased \$0.1 million, or 5.2%, to \$2.5 million compared to the third quarter of 2012.

#### Sales and Marketing Expense.

Sales and marketing expenditures include all costs to maintain our various sales channels, including the salaries and commissions paid to our sales force, and costs related to our advertising and marketing efforts. Sales and marketing expense for the third quarter of 2013 decreased \$0.4 million, or 3.4%, as savings from our re-engineering and restructuring initiatives in 2012 were slightly offset by an increase in commissions.

#### General and Administrative Expense.

General and administrative expenses for the third quarter of 2013 increased \$0.3 million, or 5.9%, from the third quarter of 2012 to \$5.1 million. This variance is primarily due to an increase in expense related to the Company's annual bonus plan as estimated achievement levels were significantly reduced in the third quarter of 2012.

Additionally, general and administrative expenses in the third quarter of 2013 include costs related to the former Voyager Learning Company entity acquired in 2009 of \$0.2 million and stock based compensation and expense of \$0.2 million. General and administrative expenses in the third quarter of 2012 include re-engineering and restructuring charges of \$0.2 million, costs related to mergers and acquisitions, including the former Voyager Learning Company entity acquired in 2009, of \$0.2 million, stock based compensation and expense of \$0.2 million and a loss to reflect an increase in the estimated fair value of the contingent value rights ( CVR ) liability of \$0.1 million.

#### Shipping and Handling Costs.

Shipping and handling costs recognized in the third quarter of 2013 decreased \$0.5 million, or 40.1%, from the third quarter of 2012 to \$0.7 million primarily due to a reduction in order volume in our Voyager Sopris Learning segment.

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.

The impairment expense recorded in the third quarter of 2012 of \$0.2 million relates to charges from the impairment of warehouse equipment in connection with our reengineering and restructuring initiative.

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Net Interest Expense.

Net interest expense increased by \$0.1 million, or 3.1%, to \$4.8 million in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

Income Tax Provision.

During the third quarter of 2013 and 2012, we recorded state income tax expense of \$0.1 million. We continue to maintain a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets, which eliminated the deferred tax benefit generated.

First Nine Months of Fiscal 2013 Compared to the First Nine Months of Fiscal 2012

(in thousands)	Nine Months Ended				Year Over Year Change	
	September 30, 2013		September 30, 2012		Favorable/(Unfavorable)	
	Amount	% of Revenues	Amount	% of Revenues	\$	%
<b>Net revenues:</b>						
Voyager Sopris Learning	\$ 74,032	63.2%	\$ 76,074	66.6%	\$ (2,042)	(2.7)%
Learning A-Z	24,047	20.5%	18,864	16.5%	5,183	27.5%
ExploreLearning	11,497	9.8%	10,558	9.2%	939	8.9%
Kurzweil/IntelliTools	7,596	6.5%	8,746	7.7%	(1,150)	(13.1)%
<b>Total net revenues</b>	<b>117,172</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>114,242</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>2,930</b>	<b>2.6%</b>
<b>Cost of revenues:</b>						
Voyager Sopris Learning	32,934	28.1%	34,705	30.4%	1,771	5.1%
Learning A-Z	646	0.6%	266	0.2%	(380)	(142.9)%
ExploreLearning	1,693	1.4%	1,364	1.2%	(329)	(24.1)%
Kurzweil/IntelliTools	1,727	1.5%	1,978	1.7%	251	12.7%
Shared Services		0.0%	1,524	1.3%	1,524	100.0%
Amortization expense	12,680	10.8%	19,984	17.5%	7,304	36.5%
<b>Total cost of revenues</b>	<b>49,680</b>	<b>42.4%</b>	<b>59,821</b>	<b>52.4%</b>	<b>10,141</b>	<b>17.0%</b>
<b>Research and development expense</b>	<b>7,345</b>	<b>6.3%</b>	<b>8,606</b>	<b>7.5%</b>	<b>1,261</b>	<b>14.7%</b>
<b>Sales and marketing expense</b>	<b>32,991</b>	<b>28.2%</b>	<b>35,268</b>	<b>30.9%</b>	<b>2,277</b>	<b>6.5%</b>
<b>General and administrative expense</b>	<b>16,795</b>	<b>14.3%</b>	<b>15,643</b>	<b>13.7%</b>	<b>(1,152)</b>	<b>(7.4)%</b>
<b>Shipping costs</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>1.2%</b>	<b>2,485</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>1,066</b>	<b>42.9%</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization expense</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>3.1%</b>	<b>4,842</b>	<b>4.2%</b>	<b>1,179</b>	<b>24.3%</b>
<b>Goodwill impairment</b>		<b>0.0%</b>	<b>14,700</b>	<b>12.9%</b>	<b>14,700</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Embezzlement-related expense</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>0.1%</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>73.9%</b>
<b>Impairment of long-lived assets</b>		<b>0.0%</b>	<b>3,347</b>	<b>2.9%</b>	<b>3,347</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Income (loss) before interest, other income (expense) and income taxes</b>	<b>5,161</b>	<b>4.4%</b>	<b>(30,922)</b>	<b>(27.1)%</b>	<b>36,083</b>	<b>116.7%</b>

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Net interest expense	(14,028)	(12.0)%	(14,032)	(12.3)%	4	0.0%
Other income, net	645	0.6%	236	0.2%	409	173.3%
Income tax expense	(297)	(0.3)%	(258)	(0.2)%	(39)	(15.1)%
Net loss	\$ (8,519)	(7.3)%	\$ (44,976)	(39.4)%	\$ 36,457	81.1%

Net Revenues.

Our total net revenues increased \$2.9 million, or 2.6%, to \$117.2 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. Although our overall order volume was consistent with the first nine months of 2012, net revenues increased as we recognized revenue on prior period technology and service sales that were delivered in the period.

The Voyager Sopris Learning segment's net revenues decreased \$2.0 million, or 2.7%, to \$74.0 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. The decline in revenues in the Voyager Sopris Learning segment was not as significant as the decline in order volume as we recognized revenue on prior period technology and service sales that were delivered in the period.

The Learning A-Z segment's net revenues increased \$5.2 million, or 27.5%, to \$24.0 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 due to continued order volume growth.

·The ExploreLearning segment's net revenues increased \$0.9 million, or 8.9%, to \$11.5 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 due to continued order volume growth.

·The Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment's net revenues decreased \$1.2 million, or 13.1%, to \$7.6 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 due to a decline in order volume and a shift in mix to subscription based products for which revenue is recognized over the subscription period.

#### Cost of Revenues.

Cost of revenues includes expenses to print, purchase, handle and warehouse our products, as well as order processing and royalty costs, and to provide services and support to customers. Cost of revenues, excluding amortization, decreased \$2.8 million, or 7.1%, to \$37.0 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. The charges incurred in the first nine months of 2012 include \$1.5 million of expenses related to our re-engineering and restructuring initiatives.

·Cost of revenues for the Voyager Sopris Learning segment decreased \$1.8 million, or 5.1%, to \$32.9 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 due to continued declines in sales of our legacy print-based products and a reduction in inventory reserves.

·Cost of revenues for the Learning A-Z segment increased \$0.4 million, or 142.9%, to \$0.6 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·Cost of revenues for the ExploreLearning segment increased \$0.3 million, or 24.1%, to \$1.7 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·Cost of revenues for the Kurzweil/IntelliTools segment decreased \$0.3 million, or 12.7%, to \$1.7 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

·Cost of revenues for Shared Services in the first nine months of 2012 of \$1.5 million was related to our re-engineering and restructuring efforts, primarily the outsourcing of our warehouse operations to a third party logistics firm.

#### Amortization Expense.

Amortization expense included in cost of revenues includes amortization for acquired pre-publication costs and technology, acquired publishing rights, and developed pre-publication and technology. Amortization for the first nine months of 2013 decreased \$7.3 million compared to the first nine months of 2012, or 36.5%, primarily due to impairment losses that were recorded in the fourth quarter of 2012 which reduced the value of the assets being amortized. Additionally, a majority of our intangible assets are amortized using accelerated methodologies.

#### Research and Development Expense.

Research and development expenditures include costs to research, evaluate and develop educational products, net of capitalization. Research and development expense for the first nine months of 2013 decreased \$1.3 million, or 14.7%, to \$7.3 million compared to the first nine months of 2012 due to a reduction in employee costs as a result of the re-engineering and restructuring initiatives in 2012. Additionally, the first nine months of 2012 includes charges of \$0.3 million related to our re-engineering and restructuring efforts.

#### Sales and Marketing Expense.

Sales and marketing expenditures include all costs to maintain our various sales channels, including the salaries and commissions paid to our sales force, and costs related to our advertising and marketing efforts. Sales and marketing expense for the first nine months of 2013 decreased \$2.3 million, or 6.5%, compared to the first nine months of 2012. This decline was primarily due to cost reductions in the Voyager Sopris Learning segment in connection with efforts to right size the business partially offset by an increase in commissions. Sales and marketing expenses in the first nine months of 2012 includes charges of \$0.5 million related to our re-engineering and restructuring efforts.

#### General and Administrative Expense.

General and administrative expenses for the first nine months of 2013 increased \$1.2 million, or 7.4%, from the first nine months of 2012 to \$16.8 million. General and administrative expenses in the first nine months of 2013 include severance charges related to the March 2013 management changes of \$1.5 million, costs related to the former Voyager Learning Company entity acquired in 2009 of \$0.5 million, stock based compensation and expense of \$0.7 million and a loss to reflect an increase in the estimated fair value of the CVR liability of \$0.1 million. General and administrative expenses in the first nine months of 2012 include re-engineering and restructuring charges of \$0.3 million, costs related to mergers and acquisitions, including the former Voyager Learning Company entity acquired in 2009, of \$0.7 million, stock based compensation and expense of \$0.3 million and a loss to reflect an increase in the estimated fair value of the CVR liability of \$0.2 million. As a result of the re-engineering and restructuring

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efforts in 2012, savings were realized in the first nine months of 2013 in employee costs, travel expenses and rent. These savings were slightly offset due to an increase in bonus accruals.

### Shipping and Handling Costs.

Shipping and handling costs recognized in the first nine months of 2013 decreased \$1.1 million, or 42.9%, from the first nine months of 2012 to \$1.4 million primarily due to a reduction in order volume in our Voyager Sopris Learning segment. Additionally, shipping and handling costs in the first nine months of 2012 included re-engineering and restructuring charges of \$0.4 million.

### Goodwill Impairment.

We determined during the second quarter of 2012 that the goodwill balance for the Kurzweil/IntelliTools reporting unit was partially impaired. As such an impairment charge of \$14.7 million was recorded. The goodwill impairment charge was primarily the result of lowered forecasts of future sales for that reporting unit.

### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.

In connection with our reengineering and restructuring initiative mentioned above, during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 we recorded an impairment charge of \$3.3 million primarily related to our leased facility in Frederick, Colorado and warehouse related assets. We completed the outsourcing of our warehouse operations to a third party logistics provider during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. The impairment expense recorded in the first nine months of 2012 also included \$0.3 million of charges from the impairment of previously capitalized development costs that, as a result of certain actions in our restructuring and reengineering initiative, were determined to have no ongoing value.

### Net Interest Expense.

Net interest expense was \$14.0 million in the nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

### Income Tax Provision.

During the first nine months of 2013 and 2012, we recorded state income tax expense of \$0.3 million. We continue to maintain a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets, which eliminated the deferred tax benefit generated.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Because sales seasonality affects operating cash flow, we normally incur a net cash deficit from all of our activities through the early part of the third quarter of the year. We typically fund these seasonal deficits through the drawdown of cash, which also could be supplemented by borrowings on a revolving credit facility, if needed. The cash balance as of September 30, 2013 was \$53.8 million. The primary sources of liquidity are our current cash balances and our annual cash flow from operations and the primary liquidity requirements relate to interest on our long-term debt, pre-publication costs, capital investments and working capital. We believe that based on current and anticipated levels of operating performance, cash flow from operations and availability under a revolving credit facility, we will be able to make required interest payments on our debt and fund our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for the next 12 months.

### Long-term debt

In February 2011, the Company closed an offering of \$175 million aggregate principal amount of 9.75% senior secured notes due 2017 (the Notes ) and entered into an asset-based revolving credit facility with potential for up to

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\$40 million in borrowing capacity. Deferred financing costs are capitalized in Other Assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, net of accumulated amortization, and are to be amortized over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method. Unamortized capitalized deferred financing costs at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were \$4.9 million and \$6.1 million, respectively.

Interest on the Notes accrues at a rate of 9.75% per annum from the date of original issuance and is payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15, to the holders of record of the Notes on the immediately preceding February 1 and August 1. No principal repayments are due until the maturity date of the Notes.

The Notes are secured by (i) a first priority lien on substantially all of the Company's assets (other than inventory and accounts receivable and related assets of the ABL Credit Parties in connection with the ABL Facility (each as defined and discussed below) and subject to certain exceptions), including capital stock of the guarantors (which are certain of the Company's subsidiaries), and (ii) a second-priority lien on substantially all of the inventory and accounts receivable and related assets of the ABL Credit Parties, in each case, subject to certain permitted liens. The Notes also contain customary covenants, including limitations on the Company's ability to



incur debt, and events of default as defined by the agreement. The Company may, at its option, redeem the Notes prior to their maturity based on the terms included in the agreement.

ABL Facility. In February 2011, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Cambium Learning, Inc. (together with its wholly owned subsidiaries, the ABL Credit Parties), entered into a credit facility (the ABL Facility) pursuant to a Loan and Security Agreement (the ABL Loan Agreement), by and among the ABL Credit Parties, Harris N.A., individually and as Agent (the Agent) for any ABL Lender (as hereinafter defined) which is or becomes a party to said ABL Loan Agreement, certain other lenders party thereto (together with Harris N.A. in its capacity as a lender, the ABL Lenders), Barclays Bank PLC, individually and as Collateral Agent, and BMO Capital Markets and Barclays Capital, as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners. The ABL Facility consists of a four-year \$40.0 million revolving credit facility, which includes a \$5.0 million subfacility for swing line loans and a \$5.0 million subfacility for letters of credit. In addition, the ABL Facility provides that the ABL Credit Parties may increase the aggregate principal amount of the ABL Facility by up to an additional \$20.0 million, subject to the consent of the Agent (whose consent shall not be unreasonably withheld) and subject to the satisfaction of certain other conditions.

The interest rate for the ABL Facility will be, at the ABL Credit Parties' option, either an amount to be determined (ranging from 2.75% to 3.25%, depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) above the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or at an amount to be determined (ranging from 1.75% to 2.25%, depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) above the base rate. On any day, the base rate will be the greatest of (i) the Agent's then-effective prime commercial rate, (ii) an average federal funds rate plus 0.50% and (iii) the LIBOR quoted rate plus 1.00%. The ABL Facility is, subject to certain exceptions, secured by a first-priority lien on the ABL Credit Parties' inventory and accounts receivable and related assets and a second-priority lien (junior to the lien securing the ABL Credit Parties' obligations with respect to the Notes) on substantially all of the ABL Credit Parties' other assets.

As of September 30, 2013, the balances of accounts receivable and inventory collateralizing the ABL Facility were \$31.6 million and \$10.6 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had a borrowing base under the ABL Loan Agreement of up to \$24.3 million.

Revolving loans under the ABL Facility may be used solely for (i) the satisfaction of existing indebtedness of the ABL Credit Parties under their prior senior secured credit facility and outstanding pursuant to their prior existing senior unsecured notes, (ii) general operating capital needs of the ABL Credit Parties in a manner consistent with the provisions of the ABL Facility and all applicable laws, (iii) working capital and other general corporate purposes in a manner consistent with the provisions of the ABL Facility and all applicable laws, (iv) the payment of certain fees and expenses incurred in connection with the ABL Facility and/or the Notes, and (v) other purposes permitted under the ABL Loan Agreement.

The ABL Facility contains a financial covenant that generally requires the ABL Credit Parties to maintain, on a consolidated basis, either (i) excess availability of at least the greater of \$8 million and 15% of the revolver commitment or (ii) a fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.1 to 1.0. The ABL Credit Parties will be required to pay, quarterly in arrears, an unused line fee equal to the product of (x) either 0.375% or 0.50% (depending upon the ABL Credit Parties' fixed charge coverage ratio at the time) and (y) the average daily unused amount of the revolver. As of September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with this covenant.

#### Cash flows

Cash from operations is seasonal, with more cash generated in the second half of the year than in the first half of the year. Cash is historically generated during the second half of the year because the buying cycle of school districts generally starts at the beginning of each new school year in the fall. Cash provided by (used in) our operating, investing and financing activities is summarized below:

For the nine months ended September  
30,

(in thousands)	2013	2012
Operating activities \$	23,250	\$ (12,781)
Investing activities	(20,056)	(13,053)
Financing activities	(1,305)	(2,218)

Operating activities. Cash provided by (used in) operations was \$23.3 million and (\$12.8) million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Overall, cash flow from operations improved by \$36.0 million. A significant portion of the 2013 cash flow is related to the tax refunds received from the state of Michigan and the release of funds from escrow for a potential tax indemnity obligation which totaled \$12.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. A portion of these receipts were issued as the final payment to the holders of the CVRs as noted below in investing activities. Cash flow from operations was also positively impacted by earnings improvement, including the benefit of prior year cost reduction activities, and the absence in 2013 of the reengineering and restructuring activities which resulted in cash outflows of \$3.5 million in the first nine months of 2012. Improved inventory management practices and the timing of accounts receivable collections also increased operating cash flows in the first nine months of 2013 relative to the same period in 2012.

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Investing activities. Cash used in investing activities was \$20.1 million in the first nine months of 2013 compared to \$13.1 million in the first nine months of 2012. The increase in investing cash flows is primarily due to the final CVR payment of \$7.7 million offset partially by a reduction in capital expenditures of \$0.9 million.

Financing activities. Cash used in financing activities was \$1.3 million in the first nine months of 2013 and \$2.2 million in the first nine months of 2012. The cash flows in each period represent principal payments under capital lease obligations and share repurchases.

Outlook. On November 4, 2013, we entered into a stock purchase agreement with an investor pursuant to our share repurchase program. The transaction settled on November 6, 2013 with the Company purchasing 1,861,969 shares for a total cost of \$4.4 million. After the completion of this transaction, we have \$0.6 million remaining under the existing share repurchase authorization.

As an update to our previously disclosed estimate, capital expenditures for the full year 2013 are expected to range between \$15.5 million and \$16.0 million.

### Contingency

The Company had a potential contingent liability related to state income taxes and related interest that had been assessed against a former subsidiary. On August 27, 2010, the former subsidiary received a decision and order of determination from the Michigan taxing authority. According to the determination of the Michigan taxing authority, the former subsidiary was liable to the State of Michigan for unpaid taxes and interest in the amount of approximately \$10.4 million. In order to expedite resolution of this matter and access the Michigan Court of Claims, the Company paid this liability to the state of Michigan on behalf of the former subsidiary on September 7, 2010 and filed an action in the Michigan Court of Claims to pursue a refund of the assessment. On November 16, 2011, the Michigan Court of Claims ruled in the Company's favor. The Michigan state taxing authority then appealed the decision of the Court of Claims to the Michigan Court of Appeals. On January 16, 2013, the Michigan Court of Appeals affirmed the verdict of the Court of Claims. As the Michigan state taxing authority declined to appeal the case to the Michigan Supreme Court, the matter was closed and the Company received \$11.7 million related to this claim in the second quarter of 2013.

This liability was identified as an agreed contingency for purposes of the CVRs issued as part of a 2009 merger. In accordance with the terms of the merger agreement, dated June 20, 2009, fifty percent (50%) of any amount that is paid or due and payable with respect to each agreed contingency would offset payments due under the CVRs from an amount held for such payments by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as escrow agent, in an escrow account. Upon payment of the approximately \$10.4 million, the Company requested a disbursement to the Company from the escrow account in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the payment, or approximately \$5.2 million. This cash disbursement was received by the Company during the third quarter of 2010. On September 20, 2010, the Company amended the merger agreement and the escrow agreement to extend the term of the escrow agreement until the later of the full distribution of the escrow funds or the final resolution of the agreed contingency. The final resolution of the tax litigation resulted in a total refund from the taxing authority to the Company of \$11.7 million of which \$5.8 million was paid to the holders of the CVRs.

The Michigan Court of Appeals also ruled in the Company's favor on two other tax matters that resulted in a refund of \$0.6 million. These tax refunds were retained by the Company and were not subject to payment to the holders of the CVRs.

### Non-GAAP Measures

The net income (loss) as reported on a GAAP basis includes material non-operational and non-cash items. We believe that earnings (loss) from operations before interest, income taxes, and depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, and

Adjusted EBITDA, which further excludes non-operational and non-cash items, provide useful information for investors to assess the results of the ongoing business of the Company.

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Revenues are not prepared in accordance with GAAP and may be different from similarly named, non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to investors because they reflect the underlying performance of the ongoing operations of the Company and provide investors with a view of the Company's operations from management's perspective. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Revenues remove significant purchase accounting, non-operational or certain non-cash items from earnings. We use Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Revenues to monitor and evaluate the operating performance of the Company and as the basis to set and measure progress towards performance targets, which directly affect compensation for employees and executives. We generally use these non-GAAP measures as measures of operating performance and not as measures of liquidity. Our presentation of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Revenues should not be construed as an indication that our future results will be unaffected by unusual, non-operational or non-cash items.

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Below are reconciliations between net income (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

Reconciliation Between Net Revenues and Adjusted Net Revenues and Between Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted EBITDA for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
	(In thousands) (Unaudited)	
Total net revenues	\$ 42,957	\$ 45,958
Non-operational or non-cash costs included in net revenues but excluded from adjusted net revenues: Adjustments related to purchase accounting <sup>(a)</sup>	57	58
Adjusted net revenues	\$ 43,014	\$ 46,016
Net income (loss)	\$ 128	\$ (2,235)
Reconciling items between net income (loss) and EBITDA:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,919	8,627
Net interest expense	4,773	4,628
Income tax expense	127	104
Income from operations before interest, income taxes, and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	10,947	11,124
Non-operational or non-cash costs included in EBITDA but excluded from Adjusted EBITDA:		
Other income, net	(215)	(163)
Re-engineering and restructuring costs <sup>(b)</sup>		491
Merger and acquisition activities <sup>(c)</sup>	171	160
Stock-based compensation and expense <sup>(d)</sup>	384	313
Embezzlement-related expense <sup>(e)</sup>	3	493
Adjustments related to purchase accounting <sup>(a)</sup>	57	49
Adjustments to CVR liability <sup>(f)</sup>		54
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 11,347	\$ 12,521

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Reconciliation Between Net Revenues and Adjusted Net Revenues and Between Net Loss and Adjusted EBITDA for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
	(In thousands)	
	(Unaudited)	
Total net revenues	\$ 117,172	\$ 114,242
Non-operational or non-cash costs included in net revenues but excluded from adjusted net revenues: Adjustments related to purchase accounting <sup>(a)</sup>	75	313
Adjusted net revenues	\$ 117,247	\$ 114,555
Net loss	\$ (8,519)	\$ (44,976)
Reconciling items between net loss and EBITDA:		
Depreciation and amortization	16,343	24,826
Net interest expense	14,028	14,032
Income tax expense	297	258
Income (loss) from operations before interest, income taxes, and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	22,149	(5,860)
Non-operational or non-cash costs included in EBITDA but excluded from Adjusted EBITDA:		
Other income, net	(645)	(236)
Re-engineering and restructuring costs <sup>(b)</sup>		6,240
Management transition <sup>(g)</sup>	1,501	
Merger and acquisition activities <sup>(c)</sup>	485	684
Stock-based compensation and expense <sup>(d)</sup>	975	518
Embezzlement-related expense <sup>(e)</sup>	118	452
Adjustments related to purchase accounting <sup>(a)</sup>	95	247
Adjustments to CVR liability <sup>(f)</sup>	74	161
Goodwill impairment <sup>(h)</sup>		14,700
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 24,752	\$ 16,906

Adjusted EBITDA by segment was as follows:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012

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Voyager Sopris Learning	\$ 8,298	\$ 9,701	\$ 16,326	\$ 11,268
Learning A-Z	4,760	3,705	13,301	10,697
ExploreLearning	792	1,314	3,262	3,542
Kurzweil/IntelliTools	974	958	2,529	2,095
Shared Services	(3,477)	(3,157)	(10,666)	(10,696)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 11,347	\$ 12,521	\$ 24,752	\$ 16,906

(a) Under applicable accounting guidance for business combinations, an acquiring entity is required to recognize all of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition date fair value. Net revenues have been reduced by \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million, and \$0.3 million, respectively, for the quarters ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 and the nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 in the historical financial statements due to the write-down of deferred revenue to its estimated fair value as of the merger date. The write-down was determined by estimating the cost to fulfill the related future customer obligations plus a normal profit margin. Partially offsetting this impact, cost of revenues were reduced for other purchase accounting adjustments, primarily a write-down of deferred costs to zero at the acquisition date. The adjustment of deferred revenue and deferred costs to fair value is required only at the purchase accounting date; therefore, its impact on net revenues and cost of revenues is non-recurring.

(b) In late 2011, we launched a reengineering and restructuring initiative to align our organizational and cost structure to our strategic goals. The financial goal of these actions is to provide savings to both improve earnings and to fund re-investment in growth areas of the business. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 we recorded reengineering and

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restructuring charges of \$0.5 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, including impairment charges of \$0.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, related to our leased facility in Frederick, Colorado and warehouse related assets and previously capitalized amounts that were determined to have no ongoing value.

(c) Costs are related to merger and acquisition activities including due diligence and other non-operational charges such as pension and severance costs for former employees.

(d) Stock-based compensation and expense is related to our outstanding options, restricted stock awards and warrants. This total also includes legal fees incurred in connection with the Company's exchange offer which were recorded as consulting expenses and therefore were not included in stock-based compensation and expense as detailed in Note 3 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

(e) Embezzlement-related expense includes changes in the fair value of the recovered properties and warrant liability based on the estimated cash sales price of certain properties recovered as a result of an embezzlement discovered in 2008.

(f) Adjustments to the CVR liability as a result of changes in the likelihood of collecting potential tax receivables and related interest income included in the estimate of the fair value of the CVRs.

(g) Severance charges recorded in connection with the management transition completed in the first quarter of 2013.

(h) For additional information on goodwill impairment charges, see Note 5 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2013 that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial conditions, sales or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

### Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes in the contractual obligations disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

### Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards

In February 2013, new guidance was issued which requires companies to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income ( AOCI ) by component. In addition, companies are required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the accompanying notes, significant amounts reclassified out of AOCI by the respective line items of net income, but only if the amount reclassified is required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, companies are required to cross-reference to other disclosures that provide additional detail on those amounts. This guidance is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.



In July 2013, new guidance was issued which states that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. This guidance is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Interest Rate Risk

As described in Note 14 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, we have outstanding a \$175 million aggregate principal amount of Notes (fixed rate) due 2017 and have available an asset-based revolving credit facility of up to \$40 million. We have no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility, which is our only variable interest debt. Therefore, as of September 30, 2013 we have no material interest rate risk.

## Foreign Currency Risk

The Company does not have material exposure to changes in foreign currency rates. As of September 30, 2013, the Company does not have any outstanding foreign currency forwards or option contracts.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis and that such information is communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and its Board of Directors, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2013.

### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II. Other Information

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

As previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company was involved in a tax litigation matter related to a Michigan state tax issue. The resolution of the tax litigation resulted in a total net refund from the taxing authority to the Company of \$12.3 million. Of this amount, \$5.8 million was distributed to the holders of the CVRs in June 2013 and the remainder was retained by the Company.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors, in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, as such factors could materially affect the Company's business, financial condition, or future results. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, there were no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The risks described in the Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks the Company faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company, or that the Company currently deems to be immaterial, also may have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, financial condition, or results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following is a description of the Company's securities that were issued or sold by the Company during the period covered by this report and which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act).

Warrant to Purchase Common Stock

During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the number of shares of common stock of the Company underlying the warrant issued to VSS-Cambium Holdings III, LLC, the sole stockholder of VSS-Cambium Holdings II Corp. (Cambium) immediately prior to the Company's acquisition of Cambium, as part of the merger consideration payable to such stockholder in connection with the Cambium merger, was increased by 17,864 shares. The increase resulted from cash recoveries during the quarter in connection with the employee embezzlement matter, in accordance with the terms of the warrant. The warrant is exercisable for shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, and expires on December 8, 2014. The issuance of these securities to VSS-Cambium Holdings III, LLC was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

## Item 5. Other Information.

On November 4, 2013, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with an investor pursuant to its share repurchase program. As previously announced, on March 19, 2013 the Company's board of directors authorized the extension of the Company's \$5 million share repurchase program for an additional one year period (through July 5, 2014) and increased the remaining \$2.2 million available for repurchases of shares thereunder up to \$5 million. The transaction settled on November 6, 2013 with the Company purchasing 1,861,969 shares for a total cost of \$4,375,627. Upon repurchase these treasury shares are no longer registered under the Securities Act of 1933.

The summary above is not intended to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the stock purchase agreement attached hereto as Exhibit 10.1 and incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report.

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Stock Purchase Agreement.
31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.ins	XBRL Instance Document.*
101.def	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.*
101.sch	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.*
101.cal	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.*
101.lab	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.*
101.pre	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.*

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\*Furnished herewith. Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of any registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned duly authorized officer of the registrant.

Date: November 7, 2013 /s/ Barbara Benson  
Barbara Benson,  
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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