ACCURAY INC Form 10-Q November 05, 2015 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number: 001-33301

# **ACCURAY INCORPORATED**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

#### 1310 Chesapeake Terrace

#### Sunnyvale, California 94089

(Address of Principal Executive Offices Including Zip Code)

#### (408) 716-4600

(Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer O

Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer O (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). O Yes x No

As of October 28, 2015, there were 79,869,955 shares of the Registrant s Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

# **Accuray Incorporated**

# Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2015

## **Table of Contents**

<u>PART I.</u>	Financial Information	Page No.
Item 1.	<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:</u>	3
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	<u>Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	17
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	25
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	26
PART II.	Other Information	26
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	26
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	26
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	30
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	30
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	30
Item 5.	Other Information	30
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	31
<u>Signatures</u>		32

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **Item 1.** Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# **Accuray Incorporated**

## **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(in thousands, except share amounts and par value)

(Unaudited)

	s	eptember 30, 2015	June 30, 2015 (1)
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	85,584	\$ 79,551
Short-term investments		67,513	64,306
Restricted cash		3,795	3,734
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$745 and \$709 as of			
September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively		56,636	77,727
Inventories		113,798	106,151
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16,527	15,991
Deferred cost of revenue		6,799	6,869
Total current assets		350,652	354,329
Property and equipment, net		29,482	31,829
Goodwill		57,965	58,054
Intangible assets, net		13,576	15,564
Deferred cost of revenue		2,264	1,500
Other assets		7,863	8,695
Total assets	\$	461,802	\$ 469,971
Liabilities and stockholders equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	13,652	\$ 13,096
Accrued compensation		18,377	21,934
Other accrued liabilities		22,503	18,720
Short-term debt		95,134	
Customer advances		22,949	19,385
Deferred revenue		90,719	96,780
Total current liabilities		263,334	169,915
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term other liabilities		10,761	10,934
Deferred revenue		13,938	10,489
Long-term debt		109,639	202,853
Total liabilities		397,672	394,191
Commitment and contingencies (Note 5)			
Stockholders Equity:			

Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized: 5,000,000 shares; no shares issued and		
outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized: 200,000,000 shares as of September 30,		
2015 and June 30, 2015 respectively; issued and outstanding: 79,864,804 and		
79,477,838 shares at September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively	80	79
Additional paid-in capital	473,025	471,430
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(646)	(426)
Accumulated deficit	(408,329)	(395,303)
Total stockholders equity	64,130	75,780
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 461,802 \$	469,971

<sup>(1)</sup> The condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2015 has been derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# **Accuray Incorporated**

# **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014		
Net revenue:			
Products	\$ 39,995	\$	33,015
Services	49,636		49,366
Total net revenue	89,631		82,381
Cost of revenue:			
Cost of products	23,017		20,665
Cost of services	32,716		33,915
Total cost of revenue	55,733		54,580
Gross profit	33,898		27,801
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	14,296		14,149
Selling and marketing	13,417		17,974
General and administrative	13,416		10,950
Total operating expenses	41,129		43,073
Loss from operations	(7,231)		(15,272)
Other expense, net	(5,091)		(5,461)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(12,322)		(20,733)
Provision for income taxes	704		917
Net loss	\$ (13,026)	\$	(21,650)
Net loss per share basic and diluted	\$ (0.16)	\$	(0.28)
Weighted average common shares used in computing loss per share			
Basic and diluted	79,760		77,290
Net loss	\$ (13,026)	\$	(21,650)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(258)		(442)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net of tax	38		(141)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (13,246)	\$	(22,233)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# **Accuray Incorporated**

# **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended		
		Septem 2015	2014	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		2013		2014
Net loss	\$	(13,026)	\$	(21,650)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Ψ	(13,020)	Ψ	(21,030)
Depreciation and amortization		4,559		4,978
Share-based compensation		2,514		3,273
Amortization of debt issuance costs		403		363
Amortization and accretion of discount and premium on investments		270		266
Accretion of interest on debt		1,920		1,759
Recovery of (provision for) bad debt, net		36		(127)
Provision for write-down of inventories		424		259
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		8		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		20,902		17,726
Inventories		(7,193)		(13,147)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(65)		3,233
Deferred cost of revenue		(704)		1,468
Accounts payable		710		9
Accrued liabilities		(13)		(13,237)
Customer advances		3,609		751
Deferred revenue		(2,098)		(643)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		12,256		(14,719)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Purchases of property and equipment, net		(1,544)		(2,691)
Purchases of investments		(15,439)		(45,739)
Sales and maturities of investments		12,000		79,470
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(4,983)		31,040
Cash Flows From Financing Activities				
Proceeds from employee stock plans		1,034		1,886
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards		(1,060)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(26)		1,886
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,214)		(3,258)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,033		14,949
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		79,551		92,346
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	85,584	\$	107,295

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Accuray Incorporated**

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Unaudited)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Description of Business**

Accuray Incorporated (together with its subsidiaries, the Company or Accuray ) is incorporated in Delaware. The Company designs, develops and sells advanced radiosurgery and radiation therapy systems for the treatment of tumors throughout the body. The Company conducts its business worldwide. The Company has its headquarters in Sunnyvale, California, with additional locations worldwide.

#### **Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Certain information and note disclosures have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual financial statements and, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the periods presented. The results for the three months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending June 30, 2016, for any other interim period or for any future year.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended June 30, 2015 included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on August 28, 2015. The Company s significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to those audited consolidated financial statements and there have been no material changes to such policies.

#### Recent Accounting Standard Update Not Yet Effective

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606* (ASU 2014-09), to supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is to recognize revenues when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 defines a five step process to achieve this core principle and, in doing so, it is possible more judgment and estimates may be required within the revenue recognition process than required under existing GAAP including identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. On July 9, 2015, FASB approved a one-year deferral of the effective period for ASU 2014-09. The standard will be effective for the Company for the first quarter of fiscal 2019, but entities will be permitted to early adopt the standard as of the original effective date, which would be the first quarter of fiscal 2018 for the Company. The Company may adopt either of two methods:

(i) retrospective to each prior reporting period presented with the option to elect certain practical expedients as defined within ASU 2014-09; or

(ii) retrospective with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASU 2014-09 recognized at the date of initial application and providing certain additional disclosures as defined per ASU 2014-09. The Company has not yet selected a transition method, has not yet determined whether it will select early adoption and is currently evaluating the impact of pending adoption of ASU 2014-09 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures at the date of the financial statements. Key estimates and assumptions made by the Company relate to revenue recognition, assessment of recoverability of goodwill and intangible assets, valuation of inventories, share-based compensation expense, income taxes, allowance for doubtful accounts, loss contingencies and corporate bonus expenses. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

6

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Concentration of Credit and Other Risks**

The Company s cash, cash equivalents and investments are deposited with several major financial institutions. At times, deposits in these institutions exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant risk of loss on these balances.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, there was one customer that represented 15% of total net revenue. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, there were no customers that represented 10% or more of total net revenue. One customer accounted for 17% and 18% of the Company s total accounts receivable as of September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Accounts receivable are typically not collateralized. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and maintains reserves for potential credit losses. Accounts receivable are deemed past due in accordance with the contractual terms of the agreement. Accounts are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts once collection efforts are unsuccessful.

Single source suppliers presently provide the Company with several components. In most cases, if a supplier was unable to deliver these components, the Company believes that it would be able to find other sources for these components subject to any regulatory qualifications, if required.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company earns revenue from the sale of products and related services. The Company records its revenues net of any value added or sales tax. For arrangements with multiple elements, the Company allocates arrangement fees to products and services based upon Vendor Specific Objective Evidence ( VSOE ) of fair value of the respective elements, Third-Party Evidence ( TPE ), or Best Estimate of Selling Price ( BESP ), using the relative selling price method.

Product and Service Revenue

The majority of product revenue is generated from sales of CyberKnife and TomoTherapy systems. If the Company is responsible for installation, the Company recognizes revenue after installation and acceptance of the system. Otherwise, revenue is recognized upon delivery, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria are met.

The Company offers its systems with post-contract customer support (PCS) contracts, installation services, training, and professional services. PCS contracts provide planned and corrective maintenance services, software updates, bug fixes, as well as call-center support. Service revenue is generated primarily from PCS (warranty period services and post warranty services), installation services, training, parts and upgrades that are

sold under service contracts, and professional services. PCS revenue is deferred and recognized over the service period. Installation service revenue is recognized concurrent with system revenue. Training and professional service revenues that are not deemed essential to the functionality of the systems are recognized as such services are performed.

Costs associated with service revenue are expensed when incurred, except when those costs are related to parts or system upgrades where revenue recognition has been deferred. In those cases, the costs are deferred and are recognized over the period of revenue recognition.

#### **Net Loss Per Common Share**

Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the calculation of basic and diluted net loss per share follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
		2015		2014
Numerator:				
Net loss used in computing net loss per share	\$	(13,026)	\$	(21,650)
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares used in computing basic and diluted loss per share		79,760		77,290

#### Table of Contents

The potentially dilutive shares of the Company's common stock resulting from the assumed exercise of outstanding stock options, the vesting of Restricted Stock Units (RSU), Market Stock Units (MSU) and Performance Stock Units (PSU), and the purchase of shares under the Employee Stock Purchase Program (ESPP), as determined under the treasury stock method, are excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. Additionally, the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due August 1, 2016 (the 3.75% Convertible Notes), the 3.50% Convertible Senior Notes due February 1, 2018 (the 3.50% Convertible Notes) and the 3.50% Series A Convertible Notes (the 3.50% Series A Convertible Notes) due February 1, 2018 (together, the Convertible Notes) are included in the calculation of diluted net income per share only if their inclusion is dilutive. For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the potentially dilutive shares under the Convertible Notes were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. The following table sets forth all potentially dilutive securities excluded from the computation in the table above because their effect would have been anti-dilutive (in thousands):

	As of September	30,
	2015	2014
Stock options	2,458	3,032
RSUs, PSUs and MSUs	4,095	4,024
3.50% Convertible Notes	8,378	8,378
3.50% Series A Convertible Notes		3,352
	14,931	18,786

#### **Outstanding Convertible Notes Diluted Share Impact**

The 3.75% Convertible Notes and 3.50% Series A Convertible Notes have an optional physical (share), cash or combination settlement feature and contain certain conditional conversion features. Due to the optional cash settlement feature and management s intent to settle the principal amount thereof in cash, the conversion shares underlying the outstanding principal amount of the 3.75% Convertible Notes and 3.50% Series A Convertible Notes, totaling approximately 10.6 million shares and 13.2 million shares, respectively, were not included in the potentially diluted share count table above. The Company s average stock price did not exceed the conversion price of the 3.75% Convertible Notes as of September 30, 2015 and 2014. The zero and 3.4 million potentially dilutive shares of the 3.50% Series A Convertible Notes as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, included in the table above represent the premium over the principal amount due to the higher average share price above the conversion price. The number of premium shares included in the Company s diluted share count will vary with fluctuations in the Company s share price. Higher actual share prices result in a greater number of premium shares.

#### **Segment Information**

The Company has determined that it operates in only one segment, as it only reports profit and loss information on an aggregate basis to its chief operating decision maker. Revenue by geographic region is based on the shipping addresses of the Company s customers. The following summarizes revenue by geographic region (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2015		2014	
Americas	\$ 45,290	\$	38,478	
Europe, Middle East, India and Africa	23,034		30,937	
Asia-Pacific (excluding Japan and India)	16,982		4,882	

Japan	4,325	8,084
Total	\$ 89,631	\$ 82.381

Information regarding geographic areas in which the Company has long lived tangible assets is as follows (in thousands):

	Se	ptember 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Americas	\$	25,980	\$ 28,182
Europe, Middle East, India and Africa		793	929
Asia-Pacific (excluding Japan and India)		527	455
Japan		2,182	2,263
Total	\$	29,482	\$ 31,829

#### 2. Balance Sheet Components

#### Financing receivables

A financing receivable is a contractual right to receive money, on demand or on fixed or determinable dates, that is recognized as an asset in the Company's balance sheet. The Company's financing receivables, consisting of its accounts receivable with contractual maturities of more than one year, totaled \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million at September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively and are included in Other Assets in the consolidated balance sheets. There was no balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts related to such financing receivables as of September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively, as revenue is recognized on a cash basis for these receivables.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Raw materials	\$ 50,336	\$ 46,356
Work-in-process	17,802	15,445
Finished goods	45,660	44,350
Inventories	\$ 113,798	\$ 106,151

## Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2015					
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 4,677	4,674				
Computer and office equipment	12,085	11,808				
Software	11,088	10,992				
Leasehold improvements	20,898	19,428				
Machinery and equipment	48,750	47,031				
Construction in progress	4,097	8,273				
	101,595	102,206				
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(72,113)	(70,377)				
Property and equipment, net	\$ 29,482	31,829				

Depreciation expense related to property and equipment for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$2.6 million and \$3.0 million, respectively.

# 3. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Activity related to goodwill consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Ei Septer	Months nded nber 30,	Year Ended June 30, 2015
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$	58,054 \$	58,091
Currency translation		(89)	(37)
Balance at the end of the period	\$	57,965 \$	58,054

In the second quarter of fiscal 2015, the Company performed its annual goodwill impairment test. Based on this analysis, the Company determined that there was no impairment to goodwill. The Company will continue to monitor its recorded goodwill for indicators of impairment. In the three months ended September 30, 2015, there were no indicators of impairment.

#### Table of Contents

Intangible Assets

The Company s unamortized intangible assets associated with completed acquisitions at September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

		<b>September 30, 2015</b>						June 30, 2015				
	Useful Liv (in years	Gross Carrying Amount		cumulated nortization		Net Amount		Gross Carrying Amount		cumulated nortization		Net Amount
Developed												
technology	5 6	\$ 46,746	\$	(33,170)	\$	13,576	\$	46,700	\$	(31,136)	\$	15,564

The Company did not identify any triggering events that would indicate potential impairment of its definite-lived intangible and long-lived assets as of September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015.

Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$2.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased intangible assets as of September 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2016 (remaining 9 months)	\$ 5,96	55
2017	7,56	58
2018	4	43
	\$ 13,57	76

#### 4. Financial Instruments

The Company considers all highly liquid investments held at major banks, certificates of deposit and other securities with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company classifies all of its investments as available-for-sale at the time of purchase because it is management s intent that these investments are available for current operations and includes these investments on its balance sheet as short-term investments. Investments with original maturities longer than three months include commercial paper, U.S. agency securities, non-U.S. government securities and investment-grade corporate debt securities. Investments classified as available-for-sale are recorded at fair market value with the related unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), a component of stockholders equity. Realized gains and losses are recorded based on specific identification of each security s cost basis.

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy contains three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value, as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 Other observable inputs available at the measurement date, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, either directly or indirectly, including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data and reflect the use of significant management judgment. These values are generally determined using pricing models for which the assumptions utilize management s estimates of market participant assumptions.

10

#### Table of Contents

The following tables summarize the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value by significant investment category for cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (in thousands):

					Septen	nber 30, 2015				
	Amortized Cost		Gross Gross Unrealized Unrealized Gains Losses		realized			Market Value Short-term Investments		
Cash	\$	84,458	\$		\$		\$	84,458	\$	
Level 1										
Money market funds		1,126						1,126		
		1,126						1,126		
Level 2										
Commercial paper		11,991								11,991
U.S. Agency securities		25,000		6		(2)				25,004
Non-U.S. government securities		1,500								1,500
Corporate notes		29,060		3		(45)				29,018
		67,551		9		(47)				67,513
Total	\$	153,135	\$	9	\$	(47)	\$	85,584	\$	67,513

					Jui	ne 30, 2015			
	A	mortized Cost	ļ	Gross Unrealized Gains	Uı	Gross nrealized Losses	Estimated M Cash and Cash Juivalents	S	Value Short-term nvestments
Cash	\$	73,444	\$		\$		\$ 73,444	\$	
Level 1									
Money market funds		6,107					6,107		
		6,107					6,107		
Level 2									
Commercial paper		11,989							11,989
U.S. Agency securities		21,999		6		(14)			21,991
Non-U.S. government securities		1,504				(3)			1,501
Corporate notes		28,891				(66)			28,825
		64,383		6		(83)			64,306
Total	\$	143,934	\$	6	\$	(83)	\$ 79,551	\$	64,306

The Company s Level 2 investments in the table above are classified as Level 2 items because quoted prices in an active market are not readily accessible for those specific financial assets, or the Company may have relied on alternative pricing methods that do not rely exclusively on quoted prices to determine the fair value of the investments.

The Company had investments that were in an unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2015. The Company determined that (i) it does not have the intent to sell any of these investments and (ii) it is not likely that it will be required to sell any of these investments before recovery of the entire amortized cost basis. The Company reviews its investments quarterly to identify and evaluate investments that have an indication of possible impairment. As of September 30, 2015, the Company anticipates that it will recover the entire carrying value of such investments and has determined that no other-than-temporary impairments associated with credit losses were required to be recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Contractual maturities of available-for-sale securities at September 30, 2015 were as follows (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2015</b>					
	Amortized					
	Cost		Fair Value			
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 55,551	\$	55,529			
Due in 1-2 years	12,000		11,984			
Due in 2-3 years						
	\$ 67,551	\$	67,513			

The following table summarizes the carrying values and estimated fair values of our short-term and long-term debt (in thousands):

		Septembe	r 30, 201	15	June 30, 2015					
	Carr	ying Value		Fair Value	Car	rying Value		Fair Value		
3.75% Convertible Notes	\$	95,134	\$	100,910	\$	93,739	\$	102,645		
3.50% Convertible Notes		44,654		49,424		44,654		65,230		
3.50% Series A Convertible Notes		64,985		77,861		64,460		102,760		
Total	\$	204,773	\$	228,195	\$	202,853	\$	270,635		

The short-term and long-term debt is measured on a non-recurring basis using Level 2 inputs based upon observable inputs of the Company s underlying stock price and the time value of the conversion option, since an observable quoted price of the Convertible Notes is not readily available.

#### 5. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company s contractual obligations were presented in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the previous annual reporting period ended June 30, 2015. There have been no material changes outside of the ordinary course of business in those obligations during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

#### Litigation

From time to time, the Company is involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business. The Company records a provision for a loss when it believes that it is both probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Currently, management believes the Company does not have any probable and estimable losses related to any current legal proceedings and claims. Although occasional adverse decisions or settlements may occur, except as described in the matters below, management does not believe that an adverse determination with respect to any of these claims would individually or in the aggregate materially and adversely affect the Company s financial condition or operating results. For certain legal proceedings, management believes that there is a reasonable possibility that material losses may be incurred; however, the Company is unable to reasonably estimate a range of reasonably possible losses with respect to these matters. Litigation is inherently unpredictable and is subject to significant uncertainties, some of which are beyond the Company s control. Should any of these estimates and assumptions change or prove to have been incorrect, the Company could incur significant charges related to legal matters that could have a material impact on its results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

#### Rotary Systems

On April 28, 2011, a former supplier to TomoTherapy, Rotary Systems Incorporated (Rotary Systems), filed suit in Minnesota state court, Tenth Judicial District, Anoka County, against TomoTherapy alleging misappropriation of trade secrets, as well as several other counts alleging various theories of injury. Rotary Systems alleges TomoTherapy misappropriated Rotary Systems trade secrets pertaining to a component previously purchased from Rotary Systems, which component TomoTherapy now purchases from a different supplier. The suit alleges

TomoTherapy improperly supplied the alleged trade secrets to its present supplier, Dynamic Sealing Technologies Inc. (also a named defendant in the suit). Rotary Systems has made an unspecified claim for damages of greater than \$50,000. TomoTherapy moved to dismiss the case and, on August 29, 2011, the court granted the motion to dismiss with respect to all counts other than the count alleging misappropriation of trade secrets. On May 21, 2012, the court gave Rotary Systems sixty days to identify the alleged trade secrets with specificity or face dismissal of its claim with prejudice. The court held a hearing on September 20, 2012 to review Rotary Systems amended complaint. TomoTherapy filed a motion for summary judgment on the trade secret claim, the court ruled in favor of TomoTherapy on December 5, 2013, and Rotary Systems appealed. On December 22, 2014, the Minnesota Court of Appeals reversed the district court's dismissal of Rotary Systems trade secrets claim and remanded it to the district court but affirmed the dismissal of Rotary Systems other claims. In late October 2015, a final scheduling order was confirmed for the remanded claims.

#### Cowealth Medical

On February 27, 2014, Cowealth Medical Holding Co., Ltd. ( Cowealth ), Accuray s former distributor in China, submitted a request for binding arbitration with the International Chamber of Commerce International Court of Arbitration ( ICC ) alleging, among other matters, that Accuray breached its distributor agreement with Cowealth by wrongfully terminating Cowealth as its distributor and misappropriated certain of Cowealth s confidential information. Cowealth is seeking damages of approximately \$170.0 million and injunctive relief. Accuray has filed counterclaims for damages of approximately \$35.0 million. Accuray s answer and counterclaim were submitted to the ICC on May 12, 2014, and Cowealth served its reply on June 27, 2014. A hearing was held in Hong Kong between January 26, 2015 and February 6, 2015. The parties filed closing submissions and reply closing submissions in March 2015. On October 29, 2015, the ICC ruled that Accuray was liable for certain damages and awarded Cowealth approximately \$3.4 million. Interest on this amount will accrue at a rate of 5% per annum starting 30 days after the date of the award until payment. Accordingly, management has recorded a charge of \$3.4 million for the first fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2015. The ICC will subsequently issue a separate ruling as to legal costs and associated expenses; however, management does not believe the likelihood of an award of legal fees to Cowealth is probable or estimable as of September 30, 2015, so no additional amount has been recorded. Prior to the ruling of the ICC, no accrual was established in the Company s consolidated financial statements because management did not believe the likelihood of an award of damages to Cowealth was probable or estimable. In addition, the Company won several of its counterclaims including the right to be assigned the existing service contracts between Cowealth and Accuray customers, transfer to Accuray any regulatory clearances, licenses or permits obtained and held for the purposes of selling the CyberKnife System in China and deliver any consigned parts in their possession.

#### **Software License Indemnity**

Under the terms of the Company s software license agreements with its customers, the Company agrees that in the event the software sold infringes upon any patent, copyright, trademark, or any other proprietary right of a third-party, it will indemnify its customer licensees against any loss, expense, or liability from any damages that may be awarded against its customer. The Company includes this infringement indemnification in all of its software license agreements and selected managed services arrangements. In the event the customer cannot use the software or service due to infringement and the Company cannot obtain the right to use, replace or modify the license or service in a commercially feasible manner so that it no longer infringes, then the Company may terminate the license and provide the customer a refund of the fees paid by the customer for the infringing license or service. The Company has not recorded any liability associated with this indemnification, as it is not aware of any pending or threatened actions that represent probable losses as of September 30, 2015.

#### 6. Share-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes the share-based compensation charges included in the Company s condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss (in thousands):

	1	Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2	2015		2014				
Cost of revenue	\$	389	\$	395				
Research and development		549		894				
Selling and marketing		644		651				
General and administrative		932		1,333				

\$ 2,514 \$ 3,273

## 7. Debt

3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due August 2016

On August 1, 2011, the Company issued the 3.75% Convertible Notes to certain qualified institutional buyers, or QIBs. The 3.75% Convertible Notes were offered and sold to the QIBs pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ), or Rule 144A. The net proceeds from the \$100 million offering, after deducting the initial purchaser's discount and commission and the related offering costs, were approximately \$96.1 million. The offering costs and the initial purchaser's discount and commission (which are recorded in Other Assets) are both being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over five years. The 3.75% Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears in cash on February 1 and August 1 of each year, beginning on February 1, 2012. The 3.75% Convertible Notes will mature on August 1, 2016, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted.