

ELOYALTY CORP  
Form 10-K  
March 13, 2007

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**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-K**

(Mark One)

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006**

**or**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from        to**

**Commission file number 0-27975**

**eLoyalty Corporation**

*(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)*

**Delaware**

*(State or other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)*

**36-4304577**

*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**150 Field Drive, Suite 250**

**Lake Forest, Illinois 60045**

*(Address of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)*

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (847) 582-7000**

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

**Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share**

**Preferred Stock Purchase Rights**  
**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):  
Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, based upon the closing price per share of registrant's Common Stock on July 1, 2006, as reported by The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC, is approximately \$107,312,558.

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding as of March 8, 2007 was 9,334,249.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Portions of eLoyalty's Proxy Statement for its 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed within 120 days after the end of eLoyalty's fiscal year, are incorporated herein by reference into Part III where indicated.

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**PART I**

**Item 1. *Business.***

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (this Form 10-K ) contains forward-looking statements that are based on current management expectations, forecasts and assumptions. These include, without limitation, statements containing the words believes , anticipates , estimates , expects , plans , intends , projects , future , should , could , se continue to , predicts , forecasts , potential , guidance , outlook and similar expressions, references to plans, strate objectives and anticipated future performance and other statements that are not strictly historical in nature. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such a difference include, without limitation, those noted under Risk Factors included in Item 1A, Part I of this Form 10-K, as well as the following:

Uncertainties associated with the attraction of new clients, the continuation of existing and new engagements with existing clients and the timing of related client commitments; reliance on a relatively small number of customers for a significant percentage of our revenue, reliance on major suppliers, including Customer Relationship Management ( CRM ) software providers and other alliance partners, and maintenance of good relations with key business partners;

Risks involving the variability and predictability of the number, size, scope, cost, and duration of and revenue from client engagements;

Management of the other risks associated with increasingly complex client projects and new service offerings, including execution risk;

Management of growth and development and introduction of new service offerings;

Challenges in attracting, training, motivating and retaining highly skilled management, strategic, technical, product development and other professional employees in a competitive information technology labor market;

Continuing intense competition in the information technology services industry generally and, in particular, among those focusing on the provision of CRM services and software;

The rapid pace of technological innovation in the information technology services industry;

The ability to raise sufficient amounts of debt or equity capital to meet our future operating and financial needs;

Protection of our technology, proprietary information and other intellectual property rights from challenges by third parties;

Future legislative or regulatory actions relating to the information technology or information technology service industries, including those relating to data privacy;

Risks associated with global operations, including those relating to the economic conditions in each country, potential currency exchange and credit volatility, compliance with a variety of foreign laws and regulations and

management of a geographically dispersed organization;

General economic, business and market conditions;

Changes by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) of authoritative accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or policies or changes in the application or interpretation of those rules or regulations;

Acts of war or terrorism, including, but not limited to, the events taking place in the Middle East, the current military action in Iraq and the continuing war on terrorism, as well as actions taken or to be taken by the United States and other governments as a result of further acts or threats of terrorism, and the impact of these acts on economic, financial and social conditions in the countries where we operate; and

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The timing and occurrence (or non-occurrence) of transactions and events which may be subject to circumstances beyond our control.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. They reflect opinions, assumptions and estimates only as of the date they are made, and eLoyalty Corporation undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise.

Our executive office is located at 150 Field Drive, Suite 250, Lake Forest, Illinois 60045 (telephone number 847-582-7000).

**Overview**

eLoyalty is a leading management consulting, systems integration, and managed services company focused on optimizing customer interactions. With professionals throughout North America and an additional presence in Europe, eLoyalty offers a broad range of enterprise CRM services and solutions that include: creating customer strategies; defining technical architectures; improving sales, service and marketing processes; and selecting, implementing, integrating, supporting and hosting best-of-breed CRM and analytics software applications.

eLoyalty is focused on growing and developing its business through two primary Service Lines: Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and Converged Internet Protocol Contact Center ( CIPCC ) Solutions. Through these Service Lines and through our traditional CRM business, the Company generates three types of revenue: Consulting services revenue is generally project-based and sold on a time and materials or fixed-fee basis. Managed services revenue is recurring, annuity revenue that is secured through long-term (generally one to five year) contracts. Product revenue is generated through the resale of third-party software and hardware. The chart below shows the relationship between these Service Lines and the types of revenue generated from each.

	<b>Consulting Services Revenue</b>	<b>Managed Services Revenue</b>	<b>Product Revenue</b>
<b>Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> Service Line</b>	Assessments and follow-on consulting	Subscription revenue and amortized deployment revenue	None
<b>CIPCC Service Line</b>	Implementation and follow-on consulting	Contact Center monitoring, support and hosting	Hardware and software resale, primarily products from Cisco Systems
<b>Traditional CRM</b>	Consulting and systems integration engagements	Marketing application hosting, email fulfillment, and remote application support	None

In recent years, eLoyalty has invested heavily to develop the following differentiated capabilities in our primary Service Lines:

***Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup>***



eLoyalty pioneered this solution, which applies human behavioral modeling to analyze and improve customer interactions. Using its Behavioral Analytics™ solution, eLoyalty can help clients:

Automatically measure customer satisfaction and agent performance on every call;

Identify and understand customer personality;

Improve rapport between agent and customer;

Reduce call handle times while improving customer satisfaction;

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Identify opportunities to improve self-service applications; and

Improve cross-sell and up-sell success rates.

eLoyalty has designed a scalable application platform to enable the Company to rapidly implement Behavioral Analytics™ solutions for its clients. The Behavioral Analytics™ solution is delivered as a subscription service, primarily in a remote-hosted model.

**Converged Internet Protocol Contact Center Solutions**

eLoyalty's CIPCC Service Line focuses on helping clients realize the benefits of transitioning their contact centers to a single network infrastructure from the traditional two-network (voice network and separate data network) model. These benefits include cost savings, remote agent flexibility and application enhancements. eLoyalty has developed a set of tools and methodologies to help clients financially model, plan migration paths, and configure, integrate and support Converged Internet Protocol ( IP ) network solutions within their contact center environments.

The following table and the sections below further describe the various types of revenue we drive from the services we provide to our clients for each of the last three fiscal years:

	2006		2005		2004	
	Dollars	Percentage of Revenue	Dollars	Percentage of Revenue	Dollars	Percentage of Revenue
	(In thousands)					
<b>Revenue:</b>						
Consulting services	\$ 44,332	49%	\$ 46,013	58%	\$ 50,185	69%
Managed services	27,648	31%	19,543	25%	14,905	21%
<b>Services revenue</b>	<b>71,980</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>65,556</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>65,090</b>	<b>90%</b>
Product	13,579	15%	9,710	12%	3,153	4%
<b>Net revenue</b>	<b>85,559</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>75,266</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>68,243</b>	<b>94%</b>
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	5%	3,742	5%	4,330	6%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 89,828</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 79,008</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 72,573</b>	<b>100%</b>

Consulting services, Managed services and the resale of Product are frequently sold and delivered together. It is not uncommon for a Consulting services engagement surrounding the design and implementation of customer service or marketing solutions to lead to the sale of both Product and Managed services, including a long-term maintenance and support or hosting relationship. These services and products are packaged and marketed through a common business development team. Our Consulting services and Managed services delivery teams often work together and leverage common tools and methodologies to deliver this spectrum of solutions to our clients.

**Consulting Services**

In addition to the Consulting services revenue generated by our Behavioral Analytics<sup>™</sup> and CIPCC engagements, we derive a substantial portion of our revenue from a broad range of CRM consulting work with long-standing accounts, as well as newer accounts more recently obtained through our Behavioral Analytics<sup>™</sup> and CIPCC Service Lines. Our Consulting services are billed on a time and materials basis or on a fixed-fee basis and generally include a combination of the following:

Evaluating our clients' efficiency and effectiveness in handling customer interactions. We observe, measure, and analyze the critical aspects of each customer interaction, including the number of legacy systems used to handle the situation, interaction time, reason for interaction and actions taken to resolve any customer issues.

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Performing detailed financial analysis to calculate the expected return on investment for the implementation of various CRM solutions. This process helps our clients establish goals, alternatives and priorities and assigns client accountability throughout resulting projects.

Designing integrated architectures for enterprise-wide contact center environments. Our architects optimize cost efficiency with reliability, functionality, and effectiveness as we help our clients migrate to state-of-the-art infrastructure.

Implementing the functional, technical, and human performance aspects of CRM solutions. This often involves the integration of a variety of infrastructure and application hardware and software from third-party vendors.

### ***Managed Services***

Growth in Managed services revenue is primarily driven by Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC engagements. These Managed services consist of the following:

Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> Managed Services ( BAMS ) include the deployment and ongoing operation of our proprietary Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> solution. Based on each client's business requirements, the applications are configured and integrated into the client's environment and then deployed in either a remote-hosted or, in some cases, on-premise hosted environment. The service is provided on a subscription basis and the contract duration generally is three to five years. The fees and costs related to the initial deployment are deferred and amortized over the life of the contract.

Contact Center Managed Services ( CCMS ) include monitoring, support, and hosting services related to complex IP and traditional contact center voice architectures. These services include routine maintenance and technology upgrades, the resolution of highly complex issues that involve multiple technology components and vendors, and, in some cases, the deployment and operation of hosted environments. Our support and monitoring services reduce the cost and impact of contact center downtime and anticipate problems before they occur.

In addition, we also generate Managed services revenue from two other sources. Marketing Managed Services revenue is generated from the accounts we obtained through the acquisition of the assets of Interelate, Inc. in 2004. The services provided to these accounts include hosted customer and campaign data management and mass email fulfillment. We also continue to provide remote call center application support and maintenance services to a small number of long-term clients. These two sources of Managed services revenue are likely to diminish over time as we focus on growth through the Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC Service Lines.

### ***Product***

We also generate revenue from the resale of Product, which consists of software and hardware primarily sold through our CIPCC Service Line. The vast majority of this revenue relates to reselling products from Cisco Systems, Inc.

### **Business Segments**

We operate in two reportable geographic business segments – North America (consisting of the U.S. and Canada) and International. In 2001, we globalized and centralized our delivery, business development and infrastructure organizations and processes. Accordingly, there are no material distinctions between the character and nature of the

two segments, other than financial results as discussed herein.

Our international operations create special risks, including those relating to the economic conditions in each country, potential currency exchange and credit volatility, restrictions on the movement of cash and certain technologies across national borders, tax issues resulting from multiple tax laws, compliance with a variety of other foreign national and local laws and regulations, political instability and management of a geographically dispersed

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organization. If not adequately addressed, these risks may adversely affect our business. See **Risk Factors** included in Item 1A, Part I of this Form 10-K.

For information regarding our segment reporting, including domestic and foreign revenue, operating income and total assets, see Note Fifteen **Segment Information** of the **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**, appearing under Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K.

## **Methods of Distribution**

A substantial majority of our Consulting services, Managed services and Product are provided to our clients through direct contractual relationships. A portion of our revenue, approximately 9% in 2006, is generated from ongoing relationships with other companies, through which we make our services and third party products available to the clients of such companies.

## **Intellectual Property Rights**

We view as proprietary the intellectual property that underlies our work product resulting from our services for clients, including the intellectual property rights to any custom software developed in the course of an engagement. We protect our intellectual property rights with patents, copyrights, and trademarks, applicable trade secret laws and contractual restrictions on disclosure, licensing and transferring title. In addition, we rely upon a combination of trade secret and common law, employee nondisclosure policies and third-party confidentiality agreements.

A majority of our clients require that we grant to them some or all proprietary and intellectual property rights with respect to the original work product resulting from our services, including the intellectual property rights to any custom software developed for them. Absent agreement to the contrary, each grant of proprietary and intellectual property rights limits our ability to reuse work product components with other clients. As a result, it is our practice to retain the rights in the underlying core intellectual property on which it is based, including methodologies, workplans and software. Further, it is our policy to obtain from our clients a license to permit us to market custom software and other original materials to other clients. These arrangements may be nonexclusive or exclusive, and licensors to us may retain the right to sell products and services that compete with those of eLoyalty.

## **Seasonality**

We typically experience declines in seasonal revenue and earnings globally in the fourth quarter, as the total number of effective billing days on Consulting services engagements are reduced due to holidays and vacations. Additionally, our European operations historically have experienced decreased revenue and earnings in the third quarter because of extended summer vacation periods.

## **Clients**

During fiscal year 2006, our 5 and 20 largest clients accounted for 42% and 79%, respectively, of our total revenue. One client, United HealthCare Services, Inc., accounted for 20% of our 2006 total revenue. For fiscal year 2006, 18 clients each accounted for over \$1 million of total revenue. While our focus, consistent with the nature of our Managed services offering, is on developing long-term relationships with our clients, the nature of our business is such that our activities with specific clients will fluctuate periodically as individual Consulting services projects are initiated and progress through their lifecycle. As a result, the percentage of total revenue contributed by any particular client can be expected to vary, perhaps significantly, among periods. See Note Two **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** of the **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements** included in Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K.

**Competition**

We operate in a highly competitive and rapidly changing market and compete with a variety of organizations that offer services similar to ours. The market includes a variety of participants that compete with us at various levels of our business, including strategic consulting firms, systems integrators, web-consulting firms, software vendors, online agencies and firms that provide both consulting and systems integration services, including certain of our

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vendors. In our opinion, few competitors offer the full range and depth of CRM services that we can provide. We believe that our principal competitors are the Big 5 consultancies: Accenture, Cap Gemini, Deloitte Consulting, Bearing Point Consulting and IBM IGS.

Many of our competitors have longer operating histories, more clients, longer relationships with their clients, greater brand or name recognition and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and public relations resources than we do. As a result, our competitors may be in a better position to respond quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in client requirements. They may also develop and promote their products and services more effectively than we do. New market entrants also pose a threat to our business. Existing or future competitors may develop or offer solutions that are comparable or superior to ours at a lower price.

## **Employees**

As of December 30, 2006, we employed 406 people. None of our employees are represented by a union.

## **Available Information and Other**

Our principal internet address is [www.loyalty.com](http://www.loyalty.com). Our Annual, Quarterly and Current Reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K, and any amendments thereto, as well as the Forms 3, 4 and 5 beneficial ownership reports filed with respect to our stock, are made available free of charge on our website as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. However, the information found on our website is not part of this or any other report filed by us with the SEC.

## **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

There is a range of risks and uncertainties that could adversely affect our business and our overall financial performance. In addition to the matters discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-K, we believe the more significant of such risks and uncertainties include the following:

***We depend on a limited number of clients for a significant portion of our revenue, and the loss of a significant customer or a substantial decline in the number or scope of projects we do for a significant customer would have a material adverse effect on our business.***

We derive and expect to continue to derive for the foreseeable future a significant portion of our total revenue from a limited number of clients. See Business and Clients in Item 1, Part I and Year Ended December 30, 2006 Compared with the Year Ended December 31, 2005 included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Item 7, Part II of this Form 10-K. With the exception of our Behavioral Analytics<sup>SM</sup> subscription clients, the volume of services that we provide for a specific client is likely to vary from year to year, and a major client in one year might not use our services in a subsequent year. To the extent that any significant client uses less of our services or terminates its relationship with us, as may occur as clients respond to conditions affecting their own business, our total revenue could decline substantially, which could seriously harm our business.

***We depend on good relations with our major clients, and any harm to these good relations may materially and adversely harm our business or our ability to compete effectively.***

To attract and retain clients, we depend to a large extent on our relationships with our customers and our reputation for high quality Consulting services and Managed services. We design, create, implement, host, maintain and support applications and solutions that are often critical to our clients' businesses. We believe that we generally enjoy good relations with our clients. If a client is not satisfied with our services, products or solutions, including those of



subcontractors we employ, it may be damaging to our reputation and business. Any defects or errors in our services or solutions or failure to meet our clients' expectations could result in:

Delayed or lost revenue due to adverse client reaction;

Requirements to provide additional services to a client at a reduced fee or at no charge;

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Negative publicity, which could damage our reputation and adversely affect our ability to attract or retain clients; and

Claims for damages against us, regardless of our responsibility for such failure.

If we fail to meet our contractual obligations with our clients, we could be subject to legal liabilities or loss of clients. Although our contracts typically include provisions to limit our exposure to legal claims for the services and solutions we provide and the applications and systems we develop or integrate, these provisions may not protect us in all cases.

***We have not realized a profit in seven years and there is no guarantee that we will realize a profit in the foreseeable future.***

As of December 30, 2006, we had an accumulated deficit of \$139.8 million. We incurred net losses of \$12.6 million in 2006 and \$9.1 million in 2005, and may continue to incur net losses in the future.

***If we do not effectively manage the risks associated with increasingly complex client projects and new service offerings, our profit margins and our financial results may suffer.***

We may fail to accurately estimate the time and resources necessary for the performance of our services. It can be difficult to judge the time and resources necessary to complete Consulting services projects, to deploy, support and operate hosted solutions, or to support and maintain complex contact center architectures. A number of different risks must be accounted for, including, without limitation, the variability and predictability of the number, size, scope, cost, and duration of and revenue from client engagements, unanticipated cancellations or deferrals of client contracts or follow-on phases of engagements in process, collection of revenue, variable employee utilization rates, project personnel costs and engagement requirements. Accurate estimates as to the costs and timing of completion of engagements is particularly important for the limited number that are performed on a fixed-price or not-to-exceed basis. Our failure to accurately estimate these risks could reduce the profitability of, or result in a loss on, our engagements and could damage our client relationships and our reputation.

***Our ability to recruit talented professionals and retain our existing professionals, are critical to the success of our business.***

We believe that our success will depend substantially on our ability to attract, train, motivate and retain highly skilled management, strategic, technical, product development and other key professional employees. The information technology services industry continues to be people-intensive and faces a shortage of qualified personnel, especially those with specialized skills or experience. We compete with other companies to recruit and hire from this limited pool. If we cannot hire and retain qualified personnel, or if a significant number of our current employees leave, we may be unable to complete or retain existing engagements or bid for new engagements of similar scope and revenue.

If one or more of our key personnel were unable or unwilling to continue in their present positions, they could be difficult to replace and our business could be seriously harmed. This would result not only in the loss of key employees, but also potentially in the loss of client relationships or new business opportunities. In addition, there is no guarantee that the employee and customer non-solicitation and non-competition agreements we have entered into with our senior professionals would deter them from departing us for our competitors or that such agreements would be upheld and enforced by a court or other arbiter across all jurisdictions where we engage in business.

***We rely heavily on our senior management team for the success of our business.***

Given the highly specialized nature of our services, senior management must have a thorough understanding of our service offerings as well as the skills and experience necessary to manage the organization. If one or more members of our senior management team leaves and we cannot replace them with a suitable candidate quickly, we could experience difficulty in managing our business properly, and this could harm our business prospects, client relationships, employee morale and results of operations.

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***Our industry is very competitive and, if we fail to compete successfully, our market share and business will be adversely affected.***

We operate in a highly competitive and rapidly changing market and compete with a variety of organizations that offer services similar to those we offer. The market includes a variety of participants that compete with us at various levels of our business, including strategic consulting firms, systems integrators, general information technology services providers, web consulting firms, application service providers, and other firms that provide both consulting and systems integration services and solutions. New market entrants also pose a threat to our business.

Many of our competitors have longer operating histories, more clients, and longer relationships with their clients, greater brand or name recognition and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and public relations resources than we do. As a result, our competitors may have enhanced abilities to compete for specific clients and market share generally, including through substantial economic incentives to clients to secure contracts. Existing or future competitors may develop or offer solutions that are comparable or superior to ours at a lower price. In addition, our competitors may be in a better position to respond quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in client requirements or expectations. They may also develop and promote their products and services more effectively than we do and be better able to compete for skilled professionals by offering substantial compensation incentives.

***We must keep pace with the rapid rate of technological innovation and change, as well as evolving industry standards, in order to build our business.***

Our industry is characterized by rapid and continually changing technologies, the introduction of many new products and services and evolving industry standards and client preferences. Our solutions must meet the requirements of and achieve significant acceptance among our current and prospective clients within this environment. Our future business will depend on our continuing ability to adapt to and incorporate changing technologies and emerging industry standards and to remain knowledgeable with respect to emerging CRM technology, customer loyalty research and applied CRM solutions.

In addition, our future business depends upon continued growth in the acceptance and use of CRM methodologies and technologies by our current and prospective clients and their customers and suppliers. Their acceptance and usage in turn may depend upon factors such as: the actual or perceived benefits of adoption and implementation of CRM methodologies and technologies, including the predictability of a meaningful return on investment, cost efficiencies or other measurable economic benefits; their actual or perceived ease of use and access to such new technologies and methodologies; and their willingness to adopt new business methods incorporating a customer-centric approach.

We cannot assure that we will be successful in anticipating or responding to these developments and challenges on a timely or competitive basis or at all, or that our ideas and solutions will be successful in the marketplace. In addition, new or disruptive technologies and methodologies by our competitors may make our service or solution offerings uncompetitive. Any of these circumstances could adversely affect our ability to obtain and successfully complete substantial new client engagements that are important to maintain and grow our business. The recent growth of and intensifying competition within the CRM market may increase these challenges.

***We depend on our ability to rapidly learn, use and integrate software and other technology developed by third parties to successfully compete in the CRM market, and our ability to maintain and grow our business may be affected by our ability to maintain strong relationships with CRM software providers and other alliance partners.***

To provide certain of our solutions and services, we rely on third party software, telephony and other infrastructure and related services. If we are unable to integrate these components in a fully functional manner, we may experience

difficulties that could delay or prevent the successful development, introduction or marketing of new solutions. We could also incur substantial costs if we need to modify our services or infrastructure to adapt to changes in these third party products and services.

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We have invested time and resources in seeking to maintain strong relationships with applicable software and technology providers and we plan to make additional investments in the future. The benefits we anticipate from these relationships play an important role in our future growth strategies. We rely on these relationships with third party vendors and alliance partners to allow us to rapidly learn about their existing and next generation technologies, to develop appropriate methods to integrate their products and services into our solutions and to obtain joint sponsorship of solution offerings. If we are unable to initiate and successfully maintain these relationships, we may fail to obtain the future benefits we hope to derive from them and significantly reduce our ability to successfully create and deploy new solution offerings incorporating their technologies. In addition, we may be adversely affected by the failure of one or more of our vendors or alliance partners, which could lead to reduced marketing exposure, fewer sales leads or joint marketing opportunities and a diminished ability to gain access to or develop leading-edge solutions. As our most important alliance relationships are non-exclusive, our alliance partners are also free to establish similar or preferred relationships with our competitors. These circumstances could adversely impact the success of our growth strategies that, in turn, could adversely affect our results of operations.

***If growth in the use of CRM technologies declines, demand for our services may decrease.***

CRM application and infrastructure technologies are central to many of our solutions. Our business depends upon continued growth in the use of these technologies by our clients, prospective clients and their customers and suppliers. If the number of users of this technology does not increase and commerce using this technology does not become more accepted and widespread, demand for our services may decrease. Factors that may affect the usage of this technology include:

- Actual or perceived lack of security of information;
- Lack of access and ease of use;
- Congestion of Internet traffic or other usage delays;
- Inconsistent quality of service;
- Uncertainty regarding intellectual property ownership;
- Reluctance to adopt new business methods; and
- Costs associated with the obsolescence of existing infrastructure.

***It may be difficult for us to access debt or equity markets to meet our financial needs.***

We may need to raise additional funds in the future, through public or private debt or equity financings, which may not be available on terms favorable to us or at all. While we believe that existing cash resources will be sufficient to satisfy our operating cash needs for the next 12 months, any substantial decline in our revenue would likely cause us to use cash more rapidly than anticipated. Future decreases in our operating results, cash flow or stockholders' equity may impair our future ability to raise these funds as and when needed. As a result, we may not be able to maintain adequate liquidity to support our operations, take advantage of new service or solution offerings or business expansion opportunities or respond to competitive pressures.

***We have a limited ability to protect our intellectual property rights, which are important to our success and competitive position.***

Our ability to protect our software, methodologies and other intellectual property is important to our success and our competitive position. We regard our intellectual property rights as proprietary and attempt to protect them with patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade secret laws, confidentiality agreements and other methods. Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property rights from unauthorized use or disclosure, parties may attempt to disclose, obtain or use our rights. The steps we take may not be adequate to prevent or deter infringement or other misappropriation of our intellectual property rights. In addition, we may not detect unauthorized use of, or take timely and effective actions to enforce and protect, our intellectual property rights. Existing laws of some countries in which we provide services or solutions afford more limited protection of intellectual property rights than laws in the United States.

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We may be required to obtain licenses from others to refine, develop, market and deliver current and new services and solutions. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain any of these licenses on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or that rights granted by these licenses ultimately will be valid and enforceable.

***Others could claim that our services, software or solutions infringe upon their intellectual property rights or violate contractual protections.***

We believe that our services, software and solutions do not infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others. However, we or our clients may be subject to claims that our services, products or solutions, or the products of others that we offer to our clients, infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others. Any infringement claims may result in substantial costs, divert management attention and other resources, harm our reputation and prevent us from offering some services, software or solutions. A successful infringement claim against us could materially and adversely affect our business.

In our contracts, we generally agree to indemnify our clients for expenses and liabilities resulting from claimed infringement by our services, software or solutions, excluding third party components, of the intellectual property rights of others. In some instances, the amount of these indemnities may be greater than the revenue we receive from the client. In addition, our business includes the development of customized software modules in connection with specific client engagements, particularly in our systems integration business. We often assign to clients the copyright and, at times, other intellectual property rights in and to some aspects of the software and documentation developed for these clients in these engagements. Although our contracts with our clients generally provide that we also retain rights to our intellectual property, it is possible that clients may assert rights to, and seek to limit our ability to resell or reuse, this intellectual property.

***Increasing government regulation could cause us to lose clients or impair our business.***

We are subject not only to regulations applicable to businesses generally, but we and the solutions we offer to our clients also may be subject to United States and foreign laws and regulations directly applicable to electronic commerce, the Internet and data privacy. Laws and regulations in the United States, as well as legislative initiatives that may be considered in the future, may increase regulation of the Internet and impose additional restrictions relating to the privacy of personal data. We may be affected indirectly by any such legislation to the extent that it decreases acceptance or growth of the Internet or otherwise impacts our existing and prospective clients. Any such laws and regulations therefore could affect our existing business relationships or prevent us from getting new clients.

***Our financial results are subject to significant fluctuations because of many factors, any of which could adversely affect our stock price.***

It is possible that in some future periods our operating results may be below the expectations of public market analysts and investors. In this event, the price of our common stock may fall. Our revenue and operating results may vary significantly due to a number of factors, many of which are not in our control. These factors include:

- Unanticipated cancellations or deferrals of, or reductions in the scope of, major engagements;
- Our ability to deliver complex projects;
- The number, size and scope of our projects;
- Our client retention and acquisition rate;



The length of the sales cycle associated with our solutions;

The efficiency with which we utilize our employees;

How we plan and manage our existing and new engagements;

Our ability to manage future growth;

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Changes in pricing policies by us or our competitors;

Number of billing days; and

Availability of qualified employees.

***We must maintain our reputation and expand our name recognition to remain competitive.***

We believe that establishing and maintaining a good reputation and brand name is critical for attracting and expanding our targeted client base. If our reputation is damaged or if potential clients do not know what solutions we provide, we may become less competitive or lose our market share. Promotion and enhancement of our name will depend largely on our success in providing high quality services, software and solutions, which cannot be assured. If clients do not perceive our solutions to be effective or of higher quality, our brand name and reputation could be materially and adversely affected.

Our clients use our solutions for critical applications. Any errors, defects or other performance problems, including those in our proprietary software or products supplied by third party vendors, could result in financial or other damages. In addition to any liability we might have, performance problems could also adversely affect our brand name and reputation.

**Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments.***

As of December 30, 2006, we have no unresolved comments from the SEC.

**Item 2. *Properties.***

Our principal physical properties employed in our business consist of our leased office facilities in Lake Forest, Illinois; Eden Prairie, Minnesota; and Austin, Texas. Our total employable leased square footage is approximately 48,000. This excludes properties where we remain as the lessee but where the property has been closed as part of cost-reduction efforts and the anticipated costs therefore have been reserved for as part of severance and related costs. See Note Four Severance and Related Costs of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K. We do not own any real estate. We believe that our leased facilities are appropriate for our current and anticipated business requirements.

**Item 3. *Legal Proceedings.***

eLoyalty, from time to time, has been subject to legal claims arising in connection with its business. While the results of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty, there are no asserted claims against eLoyalty that, in the opinion of management, if adversely decided, would have a material effect on eLoyalty's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**Item 4. *Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.***

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders, through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise, during the fourth quarter of our fiscal year 2006.

**Table of Contents****Item 4A. *Executive Officers of the Company.***

The following table includes the name, age (as of March 13, 2007), current position and term of office of each of our executive officers.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Current Position</b>	<b>Executive Officer Since</b>
Kelly D. Conway*	50	President and Chief Executive Officer	1999
Karen Bolton	42	Vice President, Client Services	2003
Christopher J. Danson	39	Vice President, Delivery	2004
Steven C. Pollema	47	Vice President, Operations and Chief Financial Officer	2001
Steven H. Shapiro	49	Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary	2006

\* Member of the Board of Directors

Except as required by individual employment agreements between executive officers and the Company, there exists no arrangement or understanding between any executive officer and any other person pursuant to which such executive officer was elected. Each executive officer serves until his or her successor is elected and qualified or until his or her earlier removal or resignation.

The principal business experience of the executive officers for at least the last five years is as follows:

Kelly D. Conway has been the President and Chief Executive Officer and a Director of eLoyalty since its incorporation in May 1999. Mr. Conway joined Technology Solutions Company ( TSC ) in November 1993 as Senior Vice President, assumed the position of Executive Vice President in July 1995 and became Group President in October 1998. Prior to joining TSC, Mr. Conway served as a Partner in the management consulting firm of Spencer, Shenk and Capers and held various positions, including President and Chief Executive Officer with Telcom Technologies, a manufacturer of automatic call distribution equipment.

Karen Bolton has been Vice President, Client Services of eLoyalty since December 2004. Ms. Bolton joined TSC in 1998 as a Vice President of its Australian subsidiary, which became a subsidiary of eLoyalty prior to its spin off from TSC. She relocated to the United States in 2002, becoming a Vice President of eLoyalty, and was appointed Vice President, Global Accounts in 2003.

Christopher J. Danson has been Vice President, Delivery of eLoyalty since December 2004. From February 1993 until joining eLoyalty as Senior Vice President, Research & Development in February 2000, Mr. Danson held various positions with TSC in its ECM/Call Center practice, including Senior Vice President from September 1998 until February 2000, Vice President from June 1996 until September 1998 and Senior Principal for TSC Europe from June 1995 until June 1996. From 2002 until 2004, Mr. Danson served as a Vice President and Delivery Team Leader for eLoyalty s Technology Delivery Team.

Steven C. Pollema has been Vice President, Operations and Chief Financial Officer of eLoyalty since December 2004. Prior to that Mr. Pollema served as Vice President, Delivery and Operations of eLoyalty since August 2001, after joining eLoyalty in June 2001 as Senior Vice President, Operations. Prior to joining eLoyalty, Mr. Pollema had been with MarchFirst, Inc. and its predecessor, Whittman-Hart, Inc., since June 1997, most recently as its President from

March 2001 to May 2001. Prior to assuming the office of President, Mr. Pollema was Executive Vice President-Global Operations of MarchFirst from October 2000 through March 2001 and Managing Executive Chicago Office/Region from October 1998 to October 2000. Prior to July 1997, Mr. Pollema was with Andersen Consulting, LLC, most recently as an Associate Partner.

Steven H. Shapiro has been Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of eLoyalty since April 2006. Prior to joining eLoyalty, Mr. Shapiro served as Executive Vice President and Corporate Secretary of First Midwest Bancorp, Inc. from January 2003 until April 2006. Prior to January 2003, Mr. Shapiro was Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary of FMC Technologies, Inc.

Please note that, in February 2002, we ceased using the title Senior Vice President for any of our officers. All persons previously holding that title currently hold the title of Vice President. For simplicity, the current office of each of the executive officers, other than Mr. Conway, is characterized as that of Vice President with respect to his or her current role in the organization. Certain of the executive officers were Senior Vice Presidents at the time they assumed those roles.

**Table of Contents****PART II.****Item 5. *Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.***

Our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, is traded on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol ELOY. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the quarterly high and low sales prices of the common stock on the NASDAQ Global Market.

	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
Fiscal Year 2006		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 19.80	\$ 17.20
Third Quarter	19.36	11.66
Second Quarter	18.25	12.44
First Quarter	16.50	9.63
Fiscal Year 2005		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 11.54	\$ 6.25
Third Quarter	7.60	5.29
Second Quarter	6.93	4.11
First Quarter	8.37	5.98

There were approximately 300 owners of record of our common stock as of March 5, 2007.

**Table of Contents****Stock Performance Graph**

The following graph compares the cumulative total stockholder return on eLoyalty Common Stock with the cumulative total return of (i) the NASDAQ Global Market Index, and (ii) a peer group of other publicly traded information technology consulting companies selected by the Company (the Peer Group Index). Cumulative total stockholder return is based on the period from December 28, 2001 through eLoyalty's fiscal year end on Saturday, December 30, 2006. The comparison assumes that \$100 was invested on December 28, 2001 in each of eLoyalty Common Stock, the NASDAQ Global Market Index and the Peer Group Index, and that any and all dividends were reinvested.

**Comparative Cumulative Total Return  
For eLoyalty Corporation,  
NASDAQ Global Market Index and Peer Group Index**

	<b>12/28/01</b>	<b>12/27/02</b>	<b>12/26/03</b>	<b>12/31/04</b>	<b>12/30/05</b>	<b>12/29/06</b>
eLoyalty Corporation	\$ 100.00	\$ 72.31	\$ 72.12	\$ 113.08	\$ 197.88	\$ 360.58
Peer Group Index <sup>(1)</sup>	100.00	29.80	69.44	94.07	66.42	68.45
NASDAQ Global Market Index	100.00	69.75	104.88	113.70	116.19	128.12

<sup>(1)</sup> The Peer Group Index consists of AnswerThink Inc., Diamond Management & Technology Consultants, Inforte Corporation and Sapient Corporation.

**Table of Contents****Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

The following table provides information relating to the Company's purchase of shares of its common stock in the fourth quarter of 2006. All of these purchases reflect shares withheld upon vesting of restricted stock or installment stock, to satisfy tax-withholding obligations.

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid Per Share</b>
<b>October 1, 2006 – November 1, 2006</b> Common stock	190	\$ 18.31
<b>November 2, 2006 – December 30, 2006</b> Common stock	44,330	\$ 17.94
<b>Total</b>	44,520	\$ 17.94

See "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters" included in Item 12, Part III of this Form 10-K for more information about securities authorized for issuance under our various compensation plans.

**Dividends**

Historically, we have not paid cash dividends on our common stock, and do not expect to do so in the future. However, cash dividends of approximately \$1.5 million, in the aggregate, were paid in January and July of 2006 on the Company's Series B convertible preferred stock (the "Series B stock"), which accrues dividends at the rate of 7% per year, payable semi-annually. A dividend payment of approximately \$0.7 million was paid in January 2007 on the Series B stock. In addition, a semi-annual dividend payment of approximately \$0.7 million is expected to be paid in future periods on the Series B stock. The amount of each such dividend would decrease by any conversions of the Series B stock into common stock, although such conversions would require us to pay accrued but unpaid dividends at time of conversion. Conversions of Series B stock became permissible at the option of the holder after June 19, 2002.

**Table of Contents****Item 6. Selected Financial Data.**

The following tables summarize our selected financial data. This information should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and the Consolidated Financial Statements of eLoyalty and notes thereto, which are included elsewhere in this Form 10-K. The statements of operations data for the fiscal years ended 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002 and the balance sheet data as of December 30, 2006, December 31, 2005, January 1, 2005, December 27, 2003 and December 28, 2002, below, are derived from our audited financial statements. Fiscal year 2004 consisted of fifty-three weeks instead of fifty-two weeks, which did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

**Consolidated Statements of Operations Data**  
**(In thousands, except share and per share data)**

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>				
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
Revenue					
Services	\$ 71,980	\$ 65,556	\$ 65,090	\$ 56,579	\$ 76,605
Product	13,579	9,710	3,153	2,198	2,194
Revenue before reimbursed expenses (net revenue)	85,559	75,266	68,243	58,777	78,799
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	3,742	4,330	3,802	7,899
Total revenue	89,828	79,008	72,573	62,579	86,698
Operating expenses:					
Cost of services <sup>(1)</sup>	58,604	49,477	46,468	43,087	48,362
Cost of product	10,183	7,331	2,434	1,778	1,550
Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses	68,787	56,808	48,902	44,865	49,912
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	3,742	4,330	3,802	7,899
Total cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below:	73,056	60,550	53,232	48,667	57,811
Selling, general and administrative <sup>(1)</sup>	25,328	20,385	19,482	23,727	29,110
Severance and related costs <sup>(1)</sup>	737	411	947	2,405	9,075
Depreciation	2,095	5,151	5,247	5,299	5,483
Amortization of intangibles	370	532	350	63	
Goodwill impairment <sup>(2)</sup>				557	
Total operating expenses	101,586	87,029	79,258	80,718	101,479
Operating loss	(11,758)	(8,021)	(6,685)	(18,139)	(14,781)
Interest and other income (expense), net	681	374	231	256	758
Loss before income taxes	(11,077)	(7,647)	(6,454)	(17,883)	(14,023)



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Income tax (provision) benefit	(71)	17	587	(388)	(21,381) <sup>(3)</sup>
Net loss	(11,148)	(7,630)	(5,867)	(18,271)	(35,404)
Dividends and accretion related to Series B preferred stock	(1,464)	(1,471)	(1,499)	(1,508)	(5,371)
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (12,612)	\$ (9,101)	\$ (7,366)	\$ (19,779)	\$ (40,775)
Basic net loss per common share	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)	\$ (3.48)	\$ (7.86)
Diluted net loss per common share	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)	\$ (3.48)	\$ (7.86)
(In millions)					
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	6.77	6.36	6.03	5.69	5.19
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	11.70	10.90	10.44	9.86	9.17

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(1) Noncash compensation, primarily restricted stock, included in individual line items above:

	For the Fiscal Year				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Cost of services	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,154	\$ 1,063	\$ 834	\$ 872
Selling, general and administrative	2,386	1,462	1,697	2,101	2,917
Severance and related costs		(25)	176		

(2) The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually. For the year ended December 27, 2003, the analysis indicated that goodwill associated with our International reporting unit was fully impaired and an adjustment of \$557 was recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

(3) Includes an income tax expense of \$26,693 to establish a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets in fiscal year 2002.

**Consolidated Balance Sheet Data**  
(In thousands)

	As of				
	December 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	January 1, 2005	December 27, 2003	December 28, 2002
Total cash <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 31,928	\$ 18,375	\$ 20,793	\$ 28,002	\$ 58,458
Short-term investments <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	\$ 4,000	\$ 6,975	\$ 9,850	\$
Working capital <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 32,640	\$ 25,341	\$ 28,565	\$ 33,869	\$ 47,859
Total assets	\$ 64,568	\$ 45,228	\$ 55,367	\$ 59,805	\$ 88,827
Short-term debt	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 8,600
Long-term obligations	\$ 5,471	\$ 1,145	\$ 1,438	\$ 1,144	\$ 2,358
Redeemable preferred stock	\$ 20,902	\$ 20,910	\$ 21,169	\$ 21,197	\$ 22,153
Stockholders' equity	\$ 18,614	\$ 11,475	\$ 18,963	\$ 24,018	\$ 40,303

(1) Total cash consists of cash and cash equivalents of \$31,645, \$17,851, \$20,095, \$27,103 and \$48,879 and restricted cash of \$283, \$524, \$698, \$899 and \$9,579 as of December 30, 2006, December 31, 2005, January 1, 2005, December 27, 2003 and December 28, 2002, respectively.

(2) Revision of auction rate securities that had previously been presented in Total cash.

(3) Represents current assets less current liabilities.

**Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to the costs and timing of completion of client projects, our ability to collect accounts receivable, the timing and amounts of expected payments associated with cost reduction activities, the ability to realize our net deferred tax assets, contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following critical accounting policies affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

***Revenue Recognition***

eLoyalty derives a majority of its revenue from professional services. Almost half of this revenue is from Consulting services that involve operational consulting and integrating or building of a system for clients. eLoyalty

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provides Consulting services on a time and materials basis or on a fixed-fee basis. For the integration or the building of a system and the performance of a Behavioral Analytics™ Assessment, eLoyalty recognizes revenue based on services performed with performance generally assessed on the ratio of actual hours incurred to date compared to the total estimated hours over the entire contract. For all other Consulting services, we recognize revenue as the service is performed for the client.

Revenue from fixed price Managed services contracts is recognized ratably over the contract period. As an example, many of our CCMS support and maintenance agreements are priced at a fixed amount for a specific period. For all other Managed services, we recognize revenue and bill customers as the work is performed for the client as the amount billed is based upon the customer usage each month. For example, revenue related to Behavioral Analytics™ subscriptions would be recognized as the service is provided to the client, based on the number of customer service representatives and/or hours of calls analyzed.

Revenue associated with the installation or set-up of long-term Managed services contracts is deferred until the installation is complete and is then recognized over the estimated life of the related Managed services engagement. Engagements related to our Behavioral Analytics™ offering typically require this accounting treatment as installation activities are performed prior to the commencement of the subscription services. As of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we had deferred revenue totaling \$5.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, related to Behavioral Analytics™ engagements. This deferred revenue is recognized over the term of the applicable subscription contract. The terms of these subscription contracts generally range from three to five years. Installation costs incurred are deferred up to an amount not to exceed the amount of deferred installation revenue and additional amounts that are recoverable based on the contractual arrangement. Such costs are amortized over the term of the subscription contract. Costs in excess of the foregoing revenue amounts are expensed in the period incurred. The deferred costs included in our consolidated balance sheet totaled \$3.7 million at December 30, 2006 compared to \$1.2 million at December 31, 2005.

For fixed price Managed service contracts where we provide support for third-party software and hardware, revenue is recorded at the gross amount of the sale because the contracts satisfy the requirements of Emerging Issues Task Force ( EITF ) 99-19 Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent . If the contract does not meet the requirements of EITF 99-19, Managed services revenue is recorded at the net amount of the sale. Historically, very few transactions did not satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19. However in 2006, the Company signed a new reseller agreement with its largest vendor that may increase the number of transactions that require the revenue to be recognized for the net amount of the sale.

Revenue from the sale of Product, which consists primarily of third-party software and hardware resold by eLoyalty, is recorded at the gross amount of the sale because the contracts satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19.

Software revenue is recognized in accordance with Statement of Position 97-2 Software Revenue Recognition . If sufficient vendor-specific objective evidence ( VSOE ) does not exist for the allocation of revenue to the various elements of the arrangement, all revenue from the arrangement is deferred until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered, unless the undelivered elements are post contract support ( PCS ) or other deliverables with similar attribution periods. Contract revenue is then recognized ratably over the remaining PCS period. As of December 30, 2006, \$2.1 million of revenue has been deferred due to the lack of VSOE for PCS within these arrangements. This revenue is being recognized ratably over the remaining term of the PCS period.

In accordance with EITF 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Elements , arrangements containing multiple services are segmented into separate elements when the services represent separate earning processes. Revenue related to contracts with multiple elements is allocated based on the fair value of the elements and is recognized in accordance with our accounting policies for each element, as described above. If fair value for each element cannot be established,

revenue is deferred until all elements, other than PCS activities, have been delivered to the client. Contract revenue is then recognized ratably over the service period.

Reimbursed expenses revenue includes billable costs related to travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred while performing services for our clients. The cost of third-party product and support may be included within this category if the transaction does not satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19 and the net revenue is

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recognized as Product or Managed services revenue. An equivalent amount of reimbursable expenses are included in Cost of revenue.

Payments received for Managed services contracts in excess of the amount of revenue recognized for these contracts are recorded as Unearned revenue until revenue recognition criteria are met.

Our Consulting services and Managed services contracts may contain early termination provisions. In both cases, any amounts payable upon termination of such contracts are recognized when the recognition is probable and estimable.

Losses on engagements, if any, are recognized when they are probable and estimable.

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments and customers indicating their intention to dispute their obligation to pay for contractual services provided by us. If the financial condition of our customers was to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

We have recorded full income tax valuation allowances on our net deferred tax assets to account for the unpredictability surrounding the timing of realization of our U.S. and non-U.S. net deferred tax assets due to uncertain economic conditions. The valuation allowances may be reversed at a point in time when management determines realization of these tax assets has become more likely than not, based on a return to predictable levels of profitability.

We recorded accruals for severance and related costs associated with our cost reduction efforts undertaken during fiscal years 2001 through 2006. A substantial portion of the accruals relate to office space reductions, office closures and associated contractual lease obligations that are based in part on assumptions and estimates of the timing and amount of sublease rentals that are affected by overall economic and local market conditions. That portion of the accruals relating to employee severance represents contractual severance for identified employees and generally is not subject to a significant revision. To the extent estimates of the success of our sublease efforts change in the future, adjustments increasing or decreasing the related accruals will be recognized.

### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

We adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 123R, Share-Based Payment , beginning January 1, 2006, using the modified prospective method. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations. SFAS No. 123R requires entities to recognize compensation expense from all share-based payment transactions in the financial statements after the adoption date. SFAS No. 123R establishes fair value as the measurement objective in accounting for share-based payment arrangements and requires all companies to apply a fair-value-based measurement method in accounting for all share-based payment transactions with employees. Historical Company information is the primary basis for the selection of expected life, expected volatility, expected dividend yield assumptions and anticipated forfeiture rates. The risk-free interest rate is selected based on the yields from U.S. Treasury Strips with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the options being valued. Under the modified prospective method, financial statements for periods prior to the date of adoption are not adjusted for the change in accounting.

Prior to January 1, 2006, we used the intrinsic value method to account for stock-based employee compensation under Accounting Principles Board Opinion ( APB ) No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and therefore we did not recognize compensation expense in association with options granted at or above the market price of our common stock at the date of grant (see Note Thirteen Stock-Based Compensation ).

### ***Other Significant Accounting Policies***

For a description of the Company's other significant accounting policies, see Note Two - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K.

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### **Forward-Looking Statements**

For information about forward-looking statement, see discussion under **Business** included in Item 1, Part I of this Form 10-K.

### **Background**

For background information, see discussion under **Overview** included in Item 1, Part I of this Form 10-K.

### **Business Outlook**

In fiscal year 2007, we anticipate solid growth in Services revenue as a result of moderate improvement expected in Consulting services revenue and strong growth in our Managed services revenue. This anticipated growth is due to our continued focus on our primary Service Lines, CIPCC and Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup>, and the shifting of selling and delivery resources toward those areas. We expect growth in Managed services revenue as a result of higher CIPCC support and maintenance revenue and substantially higher Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> deployment and subscription revenue. The increase in Consulting services revenue should result from strong growth in Consulting revenue from our CIPCC and Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> Service Lines partially offset by a slight decline in revenue from traditional CRM consulting services. Other sources of Managed services revenue, such as remote application maintenance and support and Marketing Managed services, are likely to experience a decline in 2007. We expect to significantly increase our Managed services backlog in 2007 as a result of this growth in these Service Lines. See **Managed Services Backlog** below.

Product revenue is likely to increase moderately in 2007 as it is driven by the growth within our CIPCC Service Line. However, there are significant variances in size among the individual engagements within this Service Line and eLoyalty is not always selected as the product supplier for the engagement. As a result, Product revenue levels may fluctuate significantly in each fiscal quarter.

We continue to be encouraged by the significant growth of our Managed services backlog described below, the strength of our new business pipeline, and the improvement in our revenue mix that are being driven by our Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC Service Lines. Gross margins should improve in fiscal year 2007 as we begin to recognize the subscription and deferred deployment revenue associated with an increasing number of Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> clients. We will continue to invest in the personnel required to sell and manage complex, long-term relationships and in the resources required to develop, deliver and support our innovative Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> solution. These investments should continue to put pressure on our profitability and cash resources in 2007, but we feel they are required to continue to build a significant Managed services backlog and to build and maintain a competitive advantage.

### ***Near-Term Liquidity***

Our near-term capital resources consist of our current cash balances together with anticipated future cash flows. Our balance of cash and cash equivalents was \$31.6 million and \$17.9 million as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. The Company has financing in place with LaSalle Bank National Association (the **Bank**). The maximum principal amount of the secured line of credit under the agreement remained at \$2.0 million through fiscal year 2006 (the **Facility**). In addition, our restricted cash of \$0.3 million at December 30, 2006 is available to support letters of credit issued under the Facility for operational commitments, and to accommodate a Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. We anticipate that our current unrestricted cash resources, together with other expected internally generated funds, should be sufficient to



satisfy our working capital and capital expenditure needs for the next twelve months.

***Managed Services Backlog***

As a result of the strategic and long-term nature of Managed services revenue, we believe it is appropriate to monitor the level of backlog associated with these agreements. The Managed services backlog was \$60.7 million and \$26.7 million as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. Of the December 30, 2006 backlog, approximately 63% is related to our Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> offering, 26% is related to our CIPCC

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offerings and the remaining balance is from other Managed services. eLoyalty uses the term backlog with respect to its Managed services engagements to refer to the expected revenue to be received under the applicable contract, based on its currently contracted terms and, when applicable, currently anticipated levels of usage and performance. Actual usage and performance might be greater or less than anticipated. In general, eLoyalty's Managed services contracts may be terminated by the customer without cause, but early termination by a customer usually requires a substantial early termination payment. Managed services contracts range from one to five years in duration.

**Year Ended December 30, 2006 Compared with the Year Ended December 31, 2005*****Net Revenue***

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>			
	<b>2006</b>		<b>2005</b>	
	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>			
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Consulting services	\$ 44,332	49%	\$ 46,013	58%
Managed services	27,648	31%	19,543	25%
<b>Services revenue</b>	<b>71,980</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>65,556</b>	<b>83%</b>
Product	13,579	15%	9,710	12%
<b>Net revenue</b>	<b>85,559</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>75,266</b>	<b>95%</b>
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	5%	3,742	5%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 89,828</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 79,008</b>	<b>100%</b>

Net revenue is total revenue excluding reimbursable expenses that are billed to our clients. Our net revenue increased 14% to \$85.6 million in fiscal year 2006, up \$10.3 million from \$75.3 million in fiscal year 2005.

Revenue from Consulting services decreased 4% to \$44.3 million in fiscal year 2006, down from \$46.0 million in fiscal year 2005. Consulting services revenue represented 49% and 58% of total revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. The decrease in Consulting services revenue is primarily due to decreased demand for our traditional CRM Consulting services, partially offset by the 37% growth of our CIPCC Service Line. Spending by our Consulting services clients fluctuates between periods primarily due to the short-term nature of these agreements, which may result in gaps in client spending due to timing differences between the completion of existing projects and the start of new projects.

Revenue from Managed services increased to \$27.6 million in fiscal year 2006 from \$19.5 million in fiscal year 2005. Managed services revenue represented 31% and 25% of total revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in Managed services revenue resulted from the continued growth in our CIPCC Service Line and the transition of several Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> projects to the subscription phase of their respective arrangements.

Revenue from the sale of Product increased \$3.9 million, or 40%, to \$13.6 million in fiscal year 2006 from \$9.7 million in fiscal year 2005. Revenue from the sale of Product represented 15% and 12% of total revenue for

fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. This increase is primarily driven by the growth in our CIPCC Service Line. There are significant variances in size among individual engagements within this Service Line and eLoyalty is not always selected as the Product supplier for the engagement. As a result, annual and quarterly Product revenue may fluctuate significantly.

Net revenue from North American operations increased 16% to \$81.5 million in fiscal year 2006, up \$11.5 million from \$70.0 million in fiscal year 2005. International operations net revenue (which primarily represents net revenue from Europe and Australia) decreased \$1.2 million, or 23%, to \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2006 from \$5.3 million in fiscal year 2005. As a percentage of consolidated net revenue, net revenue from International operations represented 5% and 7% of net revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively.

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Utilization of billable consulting personnel was 73% for fiscal year 2006, compared to 72% for fiscal year 2005. Utilization is defined as billed time as a percentage of total available time. We continue to experience pricing pressures that resulted in an average hourly billing rate of \$151 for fiscal year 2006 and \$154 for fiscal year 2005.

Our revenue concentration has increased as our top 5 customers accounted for 42% and 37% of total revenue in fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. The top 10 customers accounted for 62% and 56% of total revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. In addition, the top 20 customers accounted for 79% of total revenue for fiscal year 2006 and 72% of total revenue for fiscal year 2005. One customer accounted for 10% or more of total revenue in fiscal year 2006. United HealthCare Services, Inc. accounted for 20% of total revenue for fiscal year 2006 and 13% of total revenue for fiscal year 2005, respectively. Higher concentration of revenue with a single customer or a limited group of customers can result in increased revenue risk should one of these clients significantly reduce its demand for our services.

***Cost of Revenue Before Reimbursed Expenses, Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization***

Our most significant operating cost is the cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses, which is primarily comprised of labor costs including salaries, fringe benefits, and incentive compensation of our delivery personnel, third-party pass through costs related to our Managed services and the cost of third-party product. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses also includes employee costs for travel expenses, training, laptop computer leases and other expenses of a non-billable nature. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses excludes depreciation and amortization.

Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses as a percentage of net revenue is driven primarily by the prices we obtain for our solutions and services, the billable utilization of our Consulting services delivery personnel and the relative mix of business between Consulting services, Managed services and Product. The cost of Product is impacted by our ability to qualify for rebates from our largest Product vendor. The amount of the rebates will vary with the size of our Product revenue, as the rebates are calculated as a percentage of the specific Product cost. Eligibility for these rebates is determined by our ability to meet vendor-established performance criteria, some of which are outside our control. Prior to the third quarter of 2006, we recognized these rebates in our financial statements in the period when any contingency associated with the contractual payment was resolved. In the third quarter of 2006, we began to recognize the value of these rebates in the period we purchase the product because of our historical performance of meeting all required criteria and our ability to reasonably estimate the value of these rebates. The impact of this change resulted in a \$0.5 million reduction of Product cost in 2006.

Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses increased \$12.0 million, or 21%, to \$68.8 million in fiscal year 2006 from \$56.8 million in fiscal year 2005. The increase is primarily due to our investment in personnel to develop and support our Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC solutions, higher third-party support costs driven by growth in our CIPCC related Managed services revenue and increased Product costs, net of rebates, due to higher Product revenue. Product rebates recognized in fiscal year 2006 totaled \$2.6 million compared to \$1.2 million in fiscal year 2005. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased to 80% in fiscal year 2006 compared to 75% in fiscal year 2005. The increase in the percentage in fiscal year 2006 is primarily due to our investment in personnel to develop and support our Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC solutions and higher third-party support costs driven by growth in our CIPCC related Managed services revenue.

***Selling, General and Administrative***

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, incentive compensation and employee benefits for business development, marketing, administrative personnel, facilities cost, a provision for uncollectible

amounts and costs for our technology infrastructure and applications.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$4.9 million, or 24%, to \$25.3 million in fiscal year 2006 from \$20.4 million in fiscal year 2005. This increase was primarily the result of increased personnel costs required to support our Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and CIPCC Service Lines.

**Table of Contents*****Severance and Related Costs***

In fiscal years 2006 and 2005, in response to the current business environment and shifting skill and geographic requirements, a number of cost reduction activities were undertaken, principally consisting of personnel reductions. Annual savings related to the cost reduction actions in fiscal year 2006 were \$2.4 million and will be realized in fiscal year 2007. Annual savings related to the cost reduction actions in fiscal year 2005 were \$1.6 million and were realized in fiscal year 2006. Facility costs related to office space reductions and office closures in fiscal years 2002 and 2001 should be paid pursuant to contractual lease terms through fiscal year 2007. We expect substantially all severance and related costs associated with cost reduction activities to be paid out by the end of the first quarter of 2007, pursuant to agreements entered into with affected employees.

Severance and related costs increased \$0.3 million, to \$0.7 million in fiscal year 2006 compared to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2005. The \$0.7 million of expense recorded in fiscal year 2006 is primarily related to employee severance and related costs for the elimination of twelve positions in both our North American and International segments. In fiscal year 2005, severance and related costs of \$0.4 million reflects \$0.6 million of employee severance and related costs for the elimination of nine positions in both our North American and International segments, offset by favorable adjustments of \$0.2 million primarily related to previously estimated facility and severance cost accruals.

***Depreciation***

Depreciation expense decreased by \$3.1 million, or 60%, to \$2.1 million in fiscal year 2006 compared to \$5.2 million in fiscal year 2005. The decrease in depreciation is primarily related to assets from our information technology infrastructure and our Marketing Managed services becoming fully depreciated.

***Amortization of Intangibles***

Amortization of intangibles decreased \$0.1 million, or 20%, to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2006 compared to \$0.5 million in fiscal year 2005. The decrease is primarily due to intangible assets related to the Interelate Acquisition being fully amortized.

***Operating Loss***

Primarily as a result of the previously-described business conditions, we experienced an operating loss of approximately \$11.8 million for fiscal year 2006, compared to an operating loss of approximately \$8.0 million for fiscal year 2005.

***Interest and Other Income (Expense), net***

Non-operating interest and other income (expense) increased \$0.3 million, or 75%, to \$0.7 million in fiscal year 2006 compared to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2005. The \$0.3 million increase was primarily related to higher yields on our investments.

***Income Tax (Provision) Benefit***

Income tax provision was \$0.1 million in fiscal year 2006 compared to almost \$0 in fiscal year 2005. As of December 30, 2006, total deferred tax assets of \$56.6 million are fully offset by a valuation allowance. The level of uncertainty in predicting when we will return to acceptable levels of profitability, sufficient to utilize our net U.S. and non-U.S. operating losses and realize our deferred tax assets requires that a full income tax valuation allowance be

recognized in the financial statements.

***Net Loss Available to Common Stockholders***

We reported a net loss available to common stockholders of \$12.6 million in fiscal year 2006 as compared with a net loss available to common stockholders of \$9.1 million in fiscal year 2005. We reported a net loss of \$1.86 per share on a basic and diluted basis in fiscal year 2006 compared to a net loss of \$1.43 per share on a basic and diluted basis in fiscal year 2005.

**Table of Contents****Year Ended December 31, 2005 Compared with the Year Ended January 1, 2005*****Net Revenue***

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>			
	<b>2005</b>		<b>2004</b>	
	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>			
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Consulting services	\$ 46,013	58%	\$ 50,185	69%
Managed services	19,543	25%	14,905	21%
<b>Services revenue</b>	<b>65,556</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>65,090</b>	<b>90%</b>
Product	9,710	12%	3,153	4%
<b>Net revenue</b>	<b>75,266</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>68,243</b>	<b>94%</b>
Reimbursed expenses	3,742	5%	4,330	6%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 79,008</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 72,573</b>	<b>100%</b>

Net revenue is total revenue excluding reimbursable expenses that are billed to our clients. Our net revenue increased 10% to \$75.3 million in fiscal year 2005, up \$7.1 million from \$68.2 million in fiscal year 2004.

Revenue from Consulting services decreased \$4.2 million, or 8%, to \$46.0 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$50.2 million in fiscal year 2004. Consulting services revenue represented 58% and 69% of total revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease in Consulting services revenue was primarily due to lower spending by our top five clients, partially offset by increased spending at various new and existing clients. Spending by our Consulting services clients fluctuated between periods primarily due to the short-term nature of these agreements, which may have resulted in gaps in client spending due to timing differences between the completion of existing projects and the start of new projects.

Revenue from Managed services increased \$4.6 million, or 31%, to \$19.5 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$14.9 million in fiscal year 2004. Managed services revenue represented 25% and 21% of total revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. Of the increased Managed services revenue from 2004 to 2005, \$3.2 million reflected the full year impact of the Interrelate Acquisition; \$1.5 million was driven by growth in Contact Center Managed services through our CIPCC Service Line; and \$0.6 million was from growth in Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> Managed services. The growth in these areas was partially offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in revenue from legacy remote application maintenance and support Managed services.

Revenue from the sale of Product increased \$6.5 million, to \$9.7 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2004. Revenue from the sale of Product represented 12% and 4% of total revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. While this revenue was primarily driven by the growth in our CIPCC Service Line, there were significant variances in size among individual engagements within this Service Line and eLoyalty was not always selected as the Product supplier for the engagement. As a result, annual and quarterly Product revenue may have fluctuated



significantly.

Net revenue from North American operations increased \$8.3 million, or 13%, to \$70.0 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$61.7 million in fiscal year 2004. International operations revenue (which primarily represented revenue from Europe and Australia) decreased \$1.2 million, or 18%, to \$5.3 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2004. As a percentage of consolidated net revenue, net revenue from International operations represented 7% and 10% of net revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease in International operations revenue was driven by reduced demand for our services at our largest international client.

Utilization of billable consulting personnel was 72% and 74% for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. Utilization is defined as billed time as a percentage of total available time. We continue to experience pricing pressures that resulted in an average hourly billing rate of \$154 and \$161 for fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively.

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Our revenue concentration has decreased as our top 5 customers accounted for 37% and 52% of total revenue in fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. The top 10 customers accounted for 56% and 66% of total revenue in fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. In addition, the top 20 customers accounted for 72% of total revenue in fiscal year 2005 and 80% of total revenue in fiscal year 2004. One customer accounted for 10% or more of total revenue in fiscal year 2005. United HealthCare Services, Inc. accounted for 13% of total revenue in fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively. Higher concentration of revenue with a single customer or a limited group of customers can result in increased revenue risk should one of these clients significantly reduce its demand for our services.

### ***Cost of Revenue Before Reimbursed Expenses, Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization***

Our most significant operating cost is the cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses, which is primarily comprised of labor costs including salaries, fringe benefits, and incentive compensation of our delivery personnel, third-party pass through costs related to our Managed services and the cost of third-party product. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses also includes employee costs for travel expenses, training, laptop computer leases and other expenses of a non-billable nature. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses excludes depreciation and amortization.

Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses as a percentage of net revenue is driven primarily by the prices we obtain for our solutions and services, the billable utilization of our Consulting services delivery personnel and the relative mix of business between Consulting services, Managed services and Product.

Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses increased \$7.9 million, or 16%, to \$56.8 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$48.9 million in fiscal year 2004. The increase was primarily due to additional product costs, net of vendor rebates, of \$4.9 million, and increased personnel costs primarily associated with our investment in the Behavioral Analytics™ offering and the full year impact of the Interrelate Acquisition, of \$2.5 million. Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased to 75% in fiscal year 2005 compared to 72% in fiscal year 2004. This percentage increase was primarily due to the impact of lower billing rates and lower billable utilization in fiscal year 2005 when compared to fiscal year 2004 experience.

### ***Selling, General and Administrative***

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, incentive compensation and employee benefits for business development, marketing, administrative personnel, facilities cost, a provision for uncollectible amounts and costs for our technology infrastructure and applications.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.9 million, or 5%, to \$20.4 million in fiscal year 2005 from \$19.5 million in fiscal year 2004. This increase was primarily the result of increased personnel costs associated with supporting our Service Line offering. In addition, fiscal year 2004 included the impact of a \$0.5 million favorable adjustment resulting from the final determination of a previous estimate related to the collection of a receivable.

### ***Severance and Related Costs***

In fiscal years 2005 and 2004, in response to the current business environment and shifting skill and geographic requirements, a number of cost reduction activities were undertaken, principally consisting of personnel reductions. These actions were designed to shape the workforce to meet eLoyalty's expected business requirements. Severance and related costs associated with cost reduction activities in fiscal year 2005 were paid out by the end of the first quarter of 2006, pursuant to agreements entered into with affected employees. Facility costs related to office space reductions and office closures in fiscal years 2002 and 2001 will be paid pursuant to contractual lease terms through fiscal year

2007.

Severance and related costs decreased \$0.5 million, or 56%, to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2005 compared to \$0.9 million in fiscal year 2004. In fiscal year 2005, severance and related costs of \$0.4 million reflected \$0.6 million of employee severance and related costs for the elimination of nine positions in both our North American and International segments, offset by favorable adjustments of \$0.2 million primarily related to previously estimated

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facility and severance cost accruals. In fiscal year 2004, severance and related costs of \$0.9 million included \$1.3 million of severance and related costs associated with the elimination of fourteen positions in both our North American and International segments, offset by a favorable adjustment of \$0.4 million primarily related to a favorable settlement of employment litigation in the International segment. Annual savings related to the cost reduction actions in fiscal year 2005 were \$1.6 million and were realized in fiscal year 2006. Annual savings related to the cost reduction actions in fiscal year 2004 were \$2.4 million and were realized in fiscal year 2005.

### ***Depreciation***

Depreciation expense remained constant at \$5.2 million in fiscal years 2005 and 2004, respectively, as the incremental depreciation associated with the assets from the Interelate Acquisition were offset by reduced depreciation from assets that became fully depreciated in fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

### ***Amortization of Intangibles***

Amortization of intangibles increased \$0.1 million, or 25%, to \$0.5 million in fiscal year 2005 compared to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2004. This increase was primarily due to the amortization of the intangibles related to the Interelate Acquisition.

### ***Operating Loss***

Primarily as a result of the previously-described business conditions, we experienced an operating loss of approximately \$8.0 million for the fiscal year 2005, compared to an operating loss of approximately \$6.7 million for the fiscal year 2004.

### ***Interest and Other Income (Expense), net***

Non-operating interest and other income (expense) increased \$0.2 million, or 100%, to \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2005 compared to \$0.2 million in fiscal year 2004. The \$0.2 million increase was primarily related to higher yields on our investments.

### ***Income Tax (Provision) Benefit***

Income taxes were almost \$0 in fiscal year 2005 compared to a benefit of \$0.6 million in fiscal year 2004. The \$0.6 million benefit in fiscal year 2004 related to a favorable adjustment to a previous estimate of a foreign income tax liability. As of December 31, 2005, total deferred tax assets of \$54.7 million were fully offset by a valuation allowance. The level of uncertainty in predicting when we will return to acceptable levels of profitability, sufficient to utilize our net U.S. and non-U.S. operating losses and realize our deferred tax assets required that a full income tax valuation allowance be recognized in the financial statements.

### ***Net Loss Available to Common Stockholders***

We reported a net loss available to common stockholders of \$9.1 million in fiscal year 2005 as compared with a net loss available to common stockholders of \$7.4 million in fiscal year 2004. We reported a net loss of \$1.43 per share on a basic and diluted basis in fiscal year 2005 compared to a net loss of \$1.22 per share on a basic and diluted basis in fiscal year 2004.

### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

***Introduction***

Our principal capital requirements are to fund working capital needs, capital expenditures, other investments in support of revenue generation and growth and payment of Series B stock dividends. At December 30, 2006, our principal current capital resources consist of our cash and cash equivalent balances of approximately \$31.6 million and restricted cash of approximately \$0.3 million. Our cash and cash equivalents position increased \$13.7 million, or 77%, to \$31.6 million as of December 30, 2006 compared to \$17.9 million as of December 31, 2005. The increase reflects our completion in December 2006 of a rights offering that resulted in net proceeds to the Company of

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\$17.8 million, partially offset by capital expenditures, dividend payments and working capital requirements. Restricted cash decreased \$0.2 million, to \$0.3 million as of December 30, 2006 compared to \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2005. The \$0.2 million decrease in restricted cash was primarily due to reducing the amount of outstanding letters of credit offset by an additional reserve to accommodate a Bank credit requirement associated with accepting credit card payments. As of December 30, 2006, we liquidated all of our short-term investments compared to \$4.0 million as of December 31, 2005. See Note Two Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K.

***Cash Flows from Operating Activities***

The Company used approximately \$3.0 million and \$2.0 million of cash during fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively, for operating activities. Net cash outflows of \$3.0 million in fiscal year 2006 arose primarily from operating losses, payment of deferred Managed services costs (including Behavioral Analytics™ deployment costs and third-party maintenance contracts), and an increase in accounts receivable, annual corporate insurance payments and incentive compensation largely offset by prepayments by our clients related to our Managed services contracts. Net cash outflows of \$2.0 million in fiscal year 2005 arose primarily from operating losses, payment of accrued 2004 non-VP bonuses, annual corporate insurance payments, prepaid third-party maintenance contracts and payments with respect to severance and related costs. DSO of 49 days at December 30, 2006 represented a decrease of 3 days compared to 52 days at December 31, 2005. We do not expect any significant collection issues with our clients. At December 30, 2006, there remained \$0.3 million of unpaid severance and related costs. See Note Four Severance and Related Costs of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8, Part II of this Form 10-K.

***Cash Flows from Investing Activities***

Cash flows from investing activities decreased \$1.5 million, and was a nominal source of cash during fiscal year 2006 from \$1.5 million during fiscal year 2005. During fiscal year 2006, the sale of short-term investments provided \$4.0 million, which was offset by capital expenditures and other of \$4.0 million. During fiscal year 2005, the net sale of short-term investments provided \$3.0 million, which was offset by \$1.5 million of capital expenditures and other. The level of capital expenditures for fiscal year 2007 is highly dependent upon the number of new hosted Behavioral Analytics™ contracts we enter. We currently expect our capital expenditures to be less than \$15.0 million for fiscal year 2007.

***Cash Flows from Financing Activities***

Cash flows from financing activities increased by \$17.9 million, to a source of cash of \$16.6 million during fiscal year 2006 from a use of cash of \$1.3 million during fiscal year 2005. Net cash flows of \$16.6 million during fiscal year 2006 are primarily attributable to \$17.8 million of net proceeds from the issuance of 1,001,342 shares in connection with the Rights Offering, \$0.2 million decrease in the required deposit of cash security for the Facility, \$0.1 million of cash from option exercises offset by cash dividend payments of approximately \$1.5 million, paid in January and July on the Series B stock.

Net cash outflows of \$1.3 million during fiscal year 2005 were attributable to cash dividends of \$1.5 million, paid in January and July on the Series B stock, offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in the required deposit of cash security for the Facility.

In addition, a semi-annual dividend payment of approximately \$0.7 million is expected to be paid in future periods on the Series B stock. The amount of each such dividend would decrease by any conversions of the Series B stock into common stock, although any such conversions would require that we pay accrued but unpaid dividends at time of conversion.

*Near-Term Liquidity*

Our near-term capital resources consist of our current cash balances together with anticipated future cash flows. Our balance of cash and cash equivalents was \$31.6 million and \$17.9 million as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. In addition, our restricted cash of \$0.3 million at December 30, 2006 is available

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to support letters of credit issued under our LaSalle credit facility (as described below) for operational commitments, and to accommodate a LaSalle Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. As of December 30, 2006, we no longer held short-term investments compared to \$4.0 million held at December 31, 2005, respectively.

***Bank Facility***

The Company maintains the Facility with the Bank. The maximum principal amount of the secured line of credit under the agreement remained at \$2.0 million through fiscal year 2006. The Facility requires eLoyalty to maintain a minimum cash and cash equivalent balance within a secured bank account at the Bank. The balance in the secured account cannot be less than the outstanding balance drawn on the line of credit, and letter of credit obligations under the Facility, plus a de minimis reserve to accommodate a Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. Available credit under the Facility has been reduced by approximately \$0.3 million related to letters of credit issued under the Facility for operational commitments and a Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. As a result, approximately \$1.7 million remains available under the Facility at December 30, 2006. Loans under the Facility bear interest at the Bank's prime rate or, at eLoyalty's election, an alternate rate of LIBOR (London InterBank Offering Rate) plus 0.75%. We did not have any borrowings or interest expense under the Facility in fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively.

***Accounts Receivable Customer Concentration***

At December 30, 2006, we had one customer, United HealthCare Services, Inc., that accounted for 31% of total net accounts receivable. Of this amount, we have collected 99% from United HealthCare Services, Inc. through March 7, 2007. Of the total December 30, 2006 gross accounts receivable, we have collected approximately 79% as of March 7, 2007. Because we have a high percentage of our revenue dependent on a relatively small number of customers, delayed payments by a few of our larger clients could result in a reduction of our available cash.

***Summary***

We anticipate that our current unrestricted cash resources, together with other expected internally generated funds, should be sufficient to satisfy our working capital and capital expenditure needs for the next twelve months. If, however, our operating activities or net cash needs for the next twelve months were to differ materially from current expectations due to uncertainties surrounding the current capital market, credit and general economic conditions, competition, potential for suspension or cancellation of a large project, there is no assurance that we would have access to additional external capital resources on acceptable terms.

**Contractual Obligations**

As of December 30, 2006, our remaining required payment obligations under lease and certain other commitments are shown in the following table:

<b>Contractual Obligations (In thousands)</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Less Than 1 Year</b>	<b>1-3 Years</b>	<b>3-5 Years</b>	<b>More Than 5 Years</b>
Letters of credit	\$ 108	\$ 108	\$	\$	\$



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Operating leases	\$ 3,014	\$ 1,197	\$ 1,492	\$ 325	\$
Severance and related costs	\$ 428	\$ 428	\$	\$	\$
Purchase obligations	\$ 7,641	\$ 7,641	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$ 11,191	\$ 9,374	\$ 1,492	\$ 325	\$

***Letters of Credit***

Letters of credit reflect standby letters of credit issued as collateral for operational leases.

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### ***Operating Leases***

Operating leases reflect leases entered into by the Company for technology and office equipment as well as office space.

### ***Severance and Related Costs***

Severance and related costs reflect payments the Company intends to make in future periods for severance and other related costs due to cost reduction activities in fiscal year 2006 and prior years. The amounts listed have not been reduced by minimum sublease rentals of \$0.1 million due in fiscal year 2007, under non-cancelable subleases.

### ***Purchase Obligations***

Purchase obligations reflect the costs of goods or services eLoyalty had procured prior to December 30, 2006, but for which eLoyalty had not tendered payment. Purchase orders for third-party support costs associated with Managed services support agreements are also included.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ( SAB ) No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Current Year Misstatements*. SAB No. 108 requires analysis of misstatements using both an income statement approach and a balance sheet approach in assessing materiality and provides for a one-time cumulative effect transition adjustment. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006 and was adopted by the Company on December 30, 2006. The adoption of SAB No. 108 had no effect on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of the information. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact that SFAS No. 157 may have on our financial position or results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. This interpretation prescribes the recognition threshold and measurement attribute of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. This Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. eLoyalty has reviewed FIN 48 and believes the impact of adoption of FIN 48 will be immaterial to the financial statements.

### **Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.***

We provide solutions to clients in a number of countries including the United States, Australia, Canada, Germany, Ireland and the United Kingdom. For the fiscal years ended December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, 11% and 14%, respectively, of our net revenue was denominated in foreign currencies. Historically, we have not experienced material fluctuations in our results of operations due to foreign currency exchange rate changes. As a result of our exposure to foreign currencies, future financial results could be affected by factors such as changes in foreign currency

exchange rates or weak economic conditions in those foreign markets. We do not currently engage, nor is there any plan to engage, in hedging foreign currency risk.

We also have interest rate risk with respect to changes in variable rate interest on our revolving line of credit, as well as interest rate risk related to our cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. Interest on the line of credit is currently based on either the bank's prime rate, or LIBOR, which varies in accordance with prevailing market conditions. A change in interest rate impacts the interest expense on the line of credit and cash flows, but does not impact the fair value of the debt. This interest rate risk will not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

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**Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.***

**INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Board of Directors and eLoyalty Corporation

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying *Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*, that eLoyalty Corporation (the Company) maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 30, 2006, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that eLoyalty Corporation maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 30, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 30, 2006, based on *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the balance sheet of the Company as of December 30, 2006 and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and comprehensive loss, and cash flows for the year ended December 30, 2006 and our report dated February 22, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Chicago, Illinois

March 9, 2007

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Board of Directors and Stockholders

eLoyalty Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of eLoyalty Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 30, 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and comprehensive loss and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of eLoyalty Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 30, 2006, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note thirteen to the financial statements, the Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payments* (SFAS 123R) in 2006.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of eLoyalty Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 30, 2006, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated February 22, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment and the effectiveness of the company's control over financial reporting.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Chicago, Illinois

March 9, 2007

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of eLoyalty Corporation:

In our opinion, the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and comprehensive loss and cash flows, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of eLoyalty Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company) at December 31, 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2005 presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chicago, Illinois

March 13, 2006, except for the 2005 and 2004 stock based compensation disclosures in Note Thirteen to the consolidated financial statements, as to which the date is March 9, 2007



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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	<b>December 30, 2006</b>	<b>December 31, 2005</b>
<b>ASSETS:</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,645	\$ 17,851
Restricted cash	283	524
Short-term investments		4,000
Receivables, net	12,816	10,801
Prepaid expenses	5,352	3,661
Other current assets	2,125	202
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>52,221</b>	<b>37,039</b>
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	4,793	3,131
Goodwill	2,643	2,643
Intangibles, net	1,034	1,181
Other long-term assets	3,877	1,234
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 64,568</b>	<b>\$ 45,228</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 4,247	\$ 1,974
Accrued compensation and related costs	3,479	3,102
Unearned revenue	7,435	3,576
Other current liabilities	4,420	3,046
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>19,581</b>	<b>11,698</b>
Long-term unearned revenue	5,411	864
Other long-term liabilities	60	281
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>25,052</b>	<b>12,843</b>
Commitments and contingencies		
Redeemable Series B convertible preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized and designated; 4,098,369 and 4,099,968 shares issued and outstanding with a liquidation preference of \$21,633 and \$21,642 at December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	20,902	20,910
Stockholders Equity:		

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Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 35,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 9,078,794 and 7,611,915 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		91	76
Additional paid-in capital		162,059	149,949
Accumulated deficit		(139,810)	(128,662)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,726)	(3,947)
Unearned compensation			(5,941)
Total stockholders' equity		18,614	11,475
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	64,568	\$ 45,228

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial information.

**Table of Contents****eLOYALTY CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(In thousands, except per share data)**

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Revenue:			
Services	\$ 71,980	\$ 65,556	\$ 65,090
Product	13,579	9,710	3,153
Revenue before reimbursed expenses (net revenue)	85,559	75,266	68,243
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	3,742	4,330
Total revenue	89,828	79,008	72,573
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of services	58,604	49,477	46,468
Cost of product	10,183	7,331	2,434
Cost of revenue before reimbursed expenses	68,787	56,808	48,902
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	3,742	4,330
Total cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below:	73,056	60,550	53,232
Selling, general and administrative	25,328	20,385	19,482
Severance and related costs	737	411	947
Depreciation	2,095	5,151	5,247
Amortization of intangibles	370	532	350
Total operating expenses	101,586	87,029	79,258
Operating loss	(11,758)	(8,021)	(6,685)
Interest and other income (expense), net	681	374	231
Loss before income taxes	(11,077)	(7,647)	(6,454)
Income tax (provision) benefit	(71)	17	587
Net loss	(11,148)	(7,630)	(5,867)
Dividends related to Series B preferred stock	(1,464)	(1,471)	(1,499)
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (12,612)	\$ (9,101)	\$ (7,366)
Basic net loss per common share	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)

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Diluted net loss per common share	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)
Shares used to calculate basic net loss per share	6,769	6,359	6,027
Shares used to calculate diluted net loss per share	6,769	6,359	6,027
Noncash compensation, primarily restricted stock, included in individual line items above:			
Cost of services	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,154	\$ 1,063
Selling, general and administrative	2,386	1,462	1,697
Severance and related costs		(25)	176

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial information.

**Table of Contents****eLOYALTY CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(In thousands)**

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>			
Net loss	\$ (11,148)	\$ (7,630)	\$ (5,867)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	2,465	5,683	5,597
Noncash compensation	4,018	2,616	2,760
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisition:			
Receivables	(1,977)	344	(2,395)
Prepaid expenses	(5,314)	(319)	(1,979)
Accounts payable	2,266	457	(1,409)
Accrued compensation and related costs	(1,962)	(1,958)	(1,271)
Unearned revenue	8,306	(800)	3,773
Other liabilities	1,113	(726)	(2,141)
Other assets	(771)	332	2
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,004)	(2,001)	(2,930)
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>			
Interelate acquisition		7	(5,587)
Sale of short-term investments	4,000	3,772	11,225
Purchase of short-term investments		(797)	(8,350)
Capital expenditures and other	(3,979)	(1,509)	(475)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	21	1,473	(3,187)
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>			
Proceeds from rights offering, net	17,754		
Decrease in restricted cash	241	174	201
Payment of Series B dividends	(1,464)	(1,480)	(1,483)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	67		1
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	16,598	(1,306)	(1,281)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	179	(410)	390
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	13,794	(2,244)	(7,008)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	17,851	20,095	27,103
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 31,645	\$ 17,851	\$ 20,095

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

Cash refunded for income taxes, net	\$	\$	17	\$	10
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The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are  
an integral part of this financial information.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY  
AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
(In thousands, except share data)**

	<b>Common Stock Shares</b>	<b>Common Stock Amount</b>	<b>Additional Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>(Accumulated Deficit)</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>Unearned Compensation</b>	<b>Total Stockholders Equity</b>
<b>Balance, December 27, 2003</b>	6,919,599	\$ 69	\$ 149,140	\$ (115,165)	\$ (3,832)	\$ (6,194)	\$ 24,018
Net loss				(5,867)			(5,867)
Foreign currency translation					381		381
Comprehensive loss							(5,486)
Issuance of restricted common stock	738,027	7	4,309			(4,316)	
Issuance of common stock for option awards exercised	312		1				1
Amortization/forfeitures of unearned compensation	(256,291)	(2)	(1,320)			3,223	1,901
Series B conversions	5,418		28				28
Preferred stock dividend			(1,499)				(1,499)
<b>Balance, January 1, 2005</b>	7,407,065	\$ 74	\$ 150,659	\$ (121,032)	\$ (3,451)	\$ (7,287)	\$ 18,963
Net loss				(7,630)			(7,630)
Foreign currency translation					(496)		(496)
Comprehensive loss							(8,126)
Issuance of restricted common stock	373,734	4	1,992			(1,996)	
Amortization/forfeitures of unearned compensation	(219,719)	(2)	(1,490)			3,342	1,850
Series B conversions	50,835		259				259
Preferred stock dividend			(1,471)				(1,471)

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<b>Balance, December 31, 2005</b>	7,611,915	\$ 76	\$ 149,949	\$ (128,662)	\$ (3,947)	\$ (5,941)	\$ 11,475
Net loss				(11,148)			(11,148)
Foreign currency translation					221		221
Comprehensive loss							(10,927)
Reclassification of unearned compensation			(5,941)			5,941	
Rights offering, net	1,001,342	10	17,744				17,754
Issuance of common stock for option awards exercised	11,963		67				67
Issuance of common stock related to employee stock programs	754,718	7	407				414
Amortization/forfeitures of unearned compensation	(302,743)	(2)	1,289				1,287
Series B conversions	1,599		8				8
Preferred stock dividend			(1,464)				(1,464)
<b>Balance, December 30, 2006</b>	9,078,794	\$ 91	\$ 162,059	\$ (139,810)	\$ (3,726)	\$	\$ 18,614

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial information.



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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)**

**Note One Description of Business**

eLoyalty is a leading management consulting, systems integration, and managed services company focused on optimizing customer interactions. With professionals throughout North America and an additional presence in Europe, eLoyalty offers a broad range of enterprise Customer Relationship Management ( CRM ) services and solutions that include creating customer strategies; defining technical architectures; improving sales, service and marketing processes; and selecting, implementing, integrating, supporting and hosting best-of-breed CRM and analytics software applications. eLoyalty is focused on growing and developing its business through two primary Service Lines: Behavioral Analytics<sup>tm</sup> and Converged Internet Protocol Contact Center Solutions.

**Note Two Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Fiscal Year-End* The fiscal year-end dates for 2006, 2005 and 2004 were December 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and January 1, 2005, respectively. Fiscal year 2004 consisted of fifty-three weeks instead of fifty-two weeks, which did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

*Consolidation* The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of eLoyalty and all of its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

*Use of Estimates* The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

*Reclassifications and Revisions* Certain amounts reported in previous years were reclassified to conform to the fiscal year 2006 presentation. These revisions include separate presentation for Reimbursed expenses in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and the inclusion of categories Prepaid expenses, including long-term and short-term prepayments, and Other assets in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. A revision in the classification of certain securities was made in fiscal year 2005. Auction rate municipal bonds and auction rate preferred funds were classified as short-term investments. Previously, such investments had been classified as cash and cash equivalents. Accordingly, these securities were classified as short-term investments in a separate line item on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of January 1, 2005. Corresponding adjustments to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows were made for the reported periods, to reflect the gross purchases and sales of these securities as investing activities rather than as a component of cash and cash equivalents. This change in classification did not affect previously reported cash flows from operations or from financing activities in previously reported Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, or previously reported Consolidated Statements of Operations for any period.

	<b>For the Year Ended January 1, 2005</b>		
	<b>Previously Reported</b>	<b>Revision Amount</b>	<b>As Revised</b>
Short-term investments	\$	\$ 6,975	\$ 6,975
Sale of short-term investments	\$	\$ 11,225	\$ 11,225
Purchase of short-term investments	\$	\$ (8,350)	\$ (8,350)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	\$ (6,062)	\$ 2,875	\$ (3,187)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (9,883)	\$ 2,875	\$ (7,008)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 36,953	\$ (9,850)	\$ 27,103
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 27,070	\$ (6,975)	\$ 20,095

*Revenue Recognition* eLoyalty derives a majority of its revenue from professional services. Almost half of this revenue is from Consulting services that involve operational consulting and integrating or building of a system

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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

for clients. eLoyalty provides Consulting services on a time and materials basis or on a fixed-fee basis. For the integration or the building of a system and the performance of a Behavioral Analytics™ Assessment, eLoyalty recognizes revenue based on services performed with performance generally assessed on the ratio of actual hours incurred to date compared to the total estimated hours over the entire contract. For all other Consulting services, we recognize revenue as the service is performed for the client.

Revenue from fixed price Managed services contracts is recognized ratably over the contract period. As an example, many of our Contact Center Managed services support and maintenance agreements are priced at a fixed amount for a specific period. For all other Managed services, we recognize revenue and bill customers as the work is performed for the client as the amount billed is based upon the customer usage each month. For example, revenue related to Behavioral Analytics™ subscriptions would be recognized as the service is provided to the client, based on the number of customer service representatives and/or hours of calls analyzed.

Revenue associated with the installation or set-up of long-term Managed services contracts is deferred until the installation is complete and is then recognized over the estimated life of the related Managed services engagement. Engagements related to our Behavioral Analytics™ offering typically require this accounting treatment as installation activities are performed prior to the commencement of the subscription services. As of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we had deferred revenue totaling \$5,506 and \$1,228, respectively, related to Behavioral Analytics™ engagements. This deferred revenue is recognized over the term of the applicable subscription contract. The terms of these subscription contracts generally range from three to five years. Installation costs incurred are deferred up to an amount not to exceed the amount of deferred installation revenue and additional amounts that are recoverable based on the contractual arrangement. Such costs are amortized over the term of the subscription contract. Costs in excess of the foregoing revenue amounts are expensed in the period incurred. The deferred costs included in our consolidated balance sheet totaled \$3,713 at December 30, 2006 compared to \$1,225 at December 31, 2005.

For fixed price Managed service contracts where we provide support for third-party software and hardware, revenue is recorded at the gross amount of the sale because the contracts satisfy the requirements of Emerging Issues Task Force ( EITF ) 99-19 Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent . If the contract does not meet the requirements of EITF 99-19, Managed services revenue is recorded at the net amount of the sale. Historically, very few transactions did not satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19. However in 2006, the Company signed a new reseller agreement with its largest vendor that may increase the number of transactions that require the revenue to be recognized for the net amount of the sale.

Revenue from the sale of Product, which consists primarily of third-party software and hardware resold by eLoyalty, is recorded at the gross amount of the sale because the contracts satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19.

Software revenue is recognized in accordance with Statement of Position 97-2 Software Revenue Recognition . If sufficient vendor-specific objective evidence ( VSOE ) does not exist for the allocation of revenue to the various elements of the arrangement, all revenue from the arrangement is deferred until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered, unless the undelivered elements are post contract support ( PCS ) or other deliverables with similar attribution periods. Contract revenue is then recognized ratably over the remaining PCS period. As of December 30, 2006, \$2,141 of revenue has been deferred due to the lack of VSOE for PCS within these arrangements. This revenue is being recognized ratably over the remaining term of the PCS period.

In accordance with EITF 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Elements , arrangements containing multiple services are segmented into separate elements when the services represent separate earning processes. Revenue related to contracts with multiple elements is allocated based on the fair value of the elements and is recognized in accordance with our accounting policies for each element, as described above. If fair value for each element cannot be established, revenue is deferred until all elements, other than PCS activities, have been delivered to the client. Contract revenue is then recognized ratably over the service period.

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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Reimbursed expenses revenue includes billable costs related to travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred while performing services for our clients. The cost of third-party product and support may be included within this category if the transaction does not satisfy the requirements of EITF 99-19 and the net revenue is recognized as Product or Managed services revenue. An equivalent amount of reimbursable expenses are included in Cost of revenue.

Payments received for Managed services contracts in excess of the amount of revenue recognized for these contracts are recorded as Unearned revenue until revenue recognition criteria are met.

Our Consulting services and Managed services contracts may contain early termination provisions. In both cases, any amounts payable upon termination of such contracts are recognized when the recognition is probable and estimable.

Losses on engagements, if any, are recognized when they are probable and estimable.

*Cost of Revenue Before Reimbursed Expenses, Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization* Cost of revenue consists primarily of salaries, incentive compensation, non-billable expenses, employee benefits for eLoyalty personnel available for client assignments, third-party software and support costs and fees paid to subcontractors for work performed on client projects. Cost of revenue excludes depreciation and amortization.

*Selling, General and Administrative* Selling expense is driven primarily by business development activities, the ongoing marketing of our Service Lines, other targeted marketing programs, and CRM thought leadership publications. General and administrative costs primarily include costs for our global support functions, technology infrastructure and applications and office space.

*Loss Per Common Share* eLoyalty calculates loss per share in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 128, Earnings per Share. Basic net loss per common share has been computed by dividing the net loss available to common stockholders for each period presented by the weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted loss per common share has been computed by dividing the net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, which consist of convertible preferred stock, restricted stock awards and options, using the treasury stock method. In periods in which there was a loss, the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, which is primarily related to Series B stock, unvested restricted stock, unissued installment stock awards and stock options, was not included in the diluted loss per share calculation as it was antidilutive.

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments* The carrying values of current assets and liabilities approximated their fair values as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents* eLoyalty considers all highly liquid investments readily convertible into known amounts of cash (with purchased maturities of three months or less) to be cash equivalents.

*Restricted Cash* Restricted cash principally represents cash as security for eLoyalty's line of credit, letters of credit, plus a de minimis reserve to accommodate a LaSalle Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments.

*Short-term Investments* As of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we held \$0 and \$4,000 of short-term investments. Short-term investments consisted of auction rate municipal bonds and auction rate preferred funds. All of these short-term investments were classified as available-for-sale securities. These auction rate securities were recorded at cost, which approximated fair market value due to their variable interest rates, which typically reset at the regular auctions every 7 to 35 days. Despite the long-term nature of their stated contractual maturities, we liquidated these securities primarily through the auction process. As a result, we had no material cumulative gross unrealized holding gains (losses) or gross realized gains (losses) from short-term investments. All income generated from these short-term investments was recorded as interest income.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

*Concentration of Credit Risk* Financial instruments that potentially subject eLoyalty to a concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and receivables. Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are deposited with high credit quality financial institutions. The Company's receivables are derived from revenue earned from customers located primarily in the U.S. and are denominated in U.S. dollars. For the fiscal years ended 2006 and 2005, eLoyalty had one client accounting for 10% or more of total revenue, United HealthCare Services, Inc. accounted for 19% and 13% of total revenue, respectively. For the fiscal year ended 2004, eLoyalty had three clients each accounting for 10% or more of total revenue. These clients were Crowe, Chizek and Company LLP at 14%, United HealthCare Services, Inc. at 13% and Allstate Insurance Company at 10% of total revenue. At December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we had one customer accounting for 10% or more of total net receivables. United HealthCare Services, Inc. accounted for 31% and 18% of total net receivables, respectively.

*Equipment and Leasehold Improvements* Computers, software, furniture and equipment are carried at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the useful life or the lease term. The useful life for computers and software is three years. For enterprise software applications where a longer useful life is deemed appropriate, five years is used. For furniture and equipment, a useful life of five years is used. Maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or disposed of are eliminated from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of operations. The carrying value of equipment and leasehold improvements is periodically reviewed to assess recoverability based on future undiscounted cash flows. An impairment loss, if any, would be measured as the excess of the carrying value over the fair value.

eLoyalty accounts for software developed for internal use in accordance with Statement of Position 98-1, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use. As such, costs incurred that relate to the planning and post-implementation phases of development are expensed. Costs incurred during application development stage are capitalized and amortized over the asset's estimated useful life, generally three to five years.

*Goodwill* Goodwill is tested annually for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 142 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. The provisions of SFAS 142 require that a two-step test be performed to assess goodwill for impairment. In the first step, the fair value of each reporting unit is compared with its carrying value. If the fair value exceeds the carrying value, goodwill is not impaired and no further testing is performed. The second step is performed if the carrying value exceeds the fair value. The implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill must be determined and compared to the carrying value of the goodwill. If the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss equal to the difference will be recorded.

There has been no impairment identified as a result of the annual review of goodwill as of December 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and January 1, 2005.

The carrying value of goodwill was as follows as of December 31, 2005 and December 30, 2006:

	<b>Total</b>
Goodwill balance as of January 1, 2005	\$ 2,650

Interelate Acquisition	(7)
Goodwill balance as of December 31, 2005	\$ 2,643
Goodwill balance as of December 30, 2006	\$ 2,643

*Intangible Assets* Intangible assets reflect intangibles related to the Interelate Acquisition (as discussed in Note Three) and the 2003 purchase of a license for certain intellectual property. These assets are amortized over 12 months to 60 months. Unamortized intangible assets as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were \$1,034 and \$1,181, respectively. Accumulated amortization of intangible assets as of December 30, 2006 and



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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

December 31, 2005 were \$1,314 and \$944, respectively. Amortization expense of intangible assets will be \$320, \$320 and \$171 for the fiscal years ended 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

During fiscal year 2006, the Company included \$223 of cost related to patent applications as intangibles assets. This intangible asset will not be amortized until the patents are approved and the life of the intangible asset has been established by the Company.

*Income Taxes* eLoyalty uses an asset and liability approach, as required under SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, for financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided when tax laws and financial accounting standards differ with respect to the amount of income for the year, the basis of assets and liabilities and for tax loss carryforwards. eLoyalty does not provide U.S. deferred income taxes on earnings of U.S. or foreign subsidiaries, which are expected to be indefinitely reinvested.

*Stockholders Equity* Stockholders equity includes common stock issued, additional paid-in capital, accumulated deficit and accumulated other comprehensive loss related to foreign currency translation. The 4.1 million shares of Series B stock are not classified as permanent equity or a liability in the accompanying balance sheets. These shares of Series B stock are conditionally redeemable and do not meet the definition of a mandatorily redeemable financial instrument as defined in SFAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity, as the preferred stockholders have the ability to initiate a redemption upon the occurrence of certain events that are considered outside eLoyalty's control.

*Foreign Currency Translation* The functional currencies for eLoyalty's foreign subsidiaries are their local currencies. All assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated to U.S. dollars at end of period exchange rates. The resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a component of stockholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss). Income and expense items are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the period. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions of these subsidiaries are included in interest and other income (expense) within the consolidated statements of operations.

*Stock-Based Compensation* eLoyalty adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment, beginning January 1, 2006, using the modified prospective method. SFAS No. 123R requires entities to recognize compensation expense from all share-based payment transactions in the financial statements after the adoption date. SFAS No. 123R establishes a fair value as the measurement objective in accounting for share-based payment arrangements and requires all companies to apply a fair-value-based measurement method in accounting for all share-based payment transactions with employees. Historical Company information is the primary basis for the selection of expected life, expected volatility, expected dividend yield assumptions and anticipated forfeiture rates. The risk-free interest rate is selected based on the yields from U.S. Treasury Strips with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the options being valued. Under the modified prospective method, financial statements for periods prior to the date of adoption are not adjusted for the change in accounting.

Prior to January 1, 2006, we used the intrinsic value method to account for stock-based employee compensation under Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and therefore we did not recognize compensation expense in association with options granted at or above the market price of our common stock at the date of grant (see Note Thirteen Stock-Based Compensation).

*New Accounting Standards* In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ( SAB ) No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Current Year Misstatements. SAB No. 108 requires analysis of misstatements using both an income statement approach and a balance sheet approach in assessing materiality and provides for a one-time cumulative effect transition adjustment. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006 and was adopted by the Company on December 30, 2006. The adoption of SAB No. 108 had no effect on the Company s financial statements.

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In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements , which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of the information. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact that SFAS No. 157 may have on our financial position or results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. This interpretation prescribes the recognition threshold and measurement attribute of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. This Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. eLoyalty has reviewed FIN 48 and believes the impact of adoption of FIN 48 will be immaterial to the financial statements.

**Note Three Acquisition**

On July 16, 2004, eLoyalty acquired substantially all of the net assets and business of Interelate, Inc. ( Interelate ) for approximately \$5,377 of cash consideration (before transaction costs of \$203) (the Interelate Acquisition ). The acquired business, employees, customers and net assets have been integrated into eLoyalty and it operates as eLoyalty s Marketing Managed Services group.

The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction, and accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the acquired entity were recorded at their fair values as of the date of acquisition.

The purchase price allocation was as follows:

Accounts receivable and other current assets	\$ 1,387
Computer equipment and furniture	1,167
Software	989
Goodwill	972
Intangible asset, client relationships	1,800
Assets	6,315
Liabilities assumed	(735)
Net assets acquired	\$ 5,580

The weighted average life of the computer equipment and furniture was approximately one and six tenths years, with approximately 80% of this asset having been fully depreciated in the first year following the Interelate Acquisition. Software has a weighted average life of approximately three years for amortization purposes.

The primary items that generated goodwill were the value of the assembled workforce, as well as the value of future expected earnings, neither of which qualified as an amortizable intangible asset. Although the goodwill is deductible for U.S. income tax purposes, the prospective value may be limited due to the uncertainty regarding the realization of eLoyalty's net deferred tax assets. The amortizable intangible asset resulting from the transaction is Client Relationships, which has a weighted average life of approximately four and a half years.

The fixed assets (inclusive of software), intangible asset and goodwill are reported as components of our North American segment.

Pro forma results of operations are not presented for the Interelate Acquisition because the effect of the acquisition was immaterial to the consolidated sales and net income.

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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Note Four Severance and Related Costs**

Severance costs are comprised primarily of contractual salary and related fringe benefits over the severance payment period. Facility costs include losses on contractual lease commitments, net of estimated sublease recoveries, and impairment of leasehold improvements and certain office assets. Other costs include laptop costs, contractual computer lease termination costs and employee related expenses.

In fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004, in response to the business environment, shifting skill and geographic requirements, a number of cost reduction activities were undertaken, principally consisting of personnel reductions and in prior periods personnel reductions, office space reductions and office closures. These actions were designed to shape the workforce to meet eLoyalty's expected business requirements. During fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004, eLoyalty recognized pre-tax charges (including adjustments) of \$737, \$411 and \$947, respectively. The \$737 of expense recorded during 2006 is primarily related to \$785 of employee severance and related costs for the elimination of twelve positions in the North American and International segments, offset by a favorable adjustment of \$48 primarily related to previously estimated severance and facility cost accruals. Severance and related costs for fiscal year 2005 included \$617 of employee severance and related costs for the elimination of nine positions in both the North American and International segments, offset by favorable adjustments of \$206 primarily related to previously estimated severance cost and facility accruals. Severance and related costs for fiscal year 2004 included \$1,318 for employee severance and related costs associated with the elimination of fourteen positions, in both the North American and International segments. Total 2004 adjustments of \$371 consisted of \$362 primarily related to a favorable settlement of employment litigation in the International segment and \$9 related to changes in estimated sublease rental income from previous office space reductions.

During fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004, eLoyalty made cash payments of \$1,123, \$1,654 and \$2,637 related to cost reduction actions initiated in 2006 and earlier periods. eLoyalty expects substantially all severance and other charges to be paid out by the first quarter of 2007 pursuant to agreements entered into with affected employees. Facility costs related to office space reductions and office closures, reserved for in fiscal years 2002 and 2001, are to be paid pursuant to contractual lease terms through 2007.

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The severance and related costs and their utilization for the fiscal years ended 2004, 2005 and 2006 are as follows:

	<b>Employee Severance</b>	<b>Facilities</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Balance, December 27, 2003</b>	\$ 1,656	\$ 1,863	\$ 116	\$ 3,635
Charges	1,240		78	1,318
Adjustments	(362)	(9)		(371)
Charged to severance and related costs	878	(9)	78	947
Payments	(1,820)	(651)	(166)	(2,637)
<b>Balance, January 1, 2005</b>	714	1,203	28	1,945
Charges	592		25	617
Adjustments	(115)	(92)	1	(206)
Charged to severance and related costs	477	(92)	26	411
Payments	(1,147)	(457)	(50)	(1,654)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2005</b>	44	654	4	702
Charges	777		8	785
Adjustments	(18)	(31)	1	(48)
Charged to severance and related costs	759	(31)	9	737
Payments	(779)	(331)	(13)	(1,123)
<b>Balance, December 30, 2006</b>	\$ 24	\$ 292	\$	\$ 316

Of the \$316 that remained reserved as of December 30, 2006, \$24 related to severance payments is recorded in Accrued compensation and related costs and the balance of \$292 is recorded in Other current liabilities. Of the balance in Other current liabilities, \$292 relates to facility lease payments, net of estimated sublease recoveries, and is expected to be paid over the next twelve months.

**Note Five Receivables, Net**

Receivables consist of the following:

	<b>As of</b>	
	<b>December 30, 2006</b>	<b>December 31, 2005</b>
Amounts billed to clients	\$ 11,774	\$ 10,711
Unbilled revenue	1,135	278
	12,909	10,989
Allowances for doubtful accounts	(93)	(188)
Receivables, net	\$ 12,816	\$ 10,801

Amounts billed to clients represent fees and reimbursable project-related expenses. Unbilled revenue represents fees, project-related expenses, materials and subcontractor costs performed in advance of billings in accordance with contract terms. Unbilled revenue at December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 consists of amounts due from customers and is anticipated to be collected within normal terms. We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments and customers indicating their intention to dispute their obligation to pay for contractual services provided by us. If the

**Table of Contents****eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

**Note Six Equipment and Leasehold Improvements**

Equipment and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

	As of	
	December 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Computers and software	\$ 25,697	\$ 26,557
Furniture and equipment	1,947	2,436
Leasehold improvements	1,625	1,219
	29,269	30,212
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(24,476)	(27,081)
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	\$ 4,793	\$ 3,131

Depreciation expense was \$2,095, \$5,151 and \$5,247 for the fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

**Note Seven Income Taxes**

Loss before income taxes consisted of the following:

	For the Fiscal Years Ended		
	2006	2005	2004
United States	\$ (12,505)	\$ (5,889)	\$ (5,127)
Foreign	1,428	(1,758)	(1,327)
Total	\$ (11,077)	\$ (7,647)	\$ (6,454)

The income tax (provision) benefit consists of the following:

For the Fiscal Years Ended		
2006	2005	2004



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Current:			
Federal	\$	\$	\$
State		(1)	25
Foreign	(10)	18	562
Total current	(10)	17	587
Deferred:			
Federal	(55)		
State	(6)		
Foreign			
Total deferred	(61)		
Income tax (provision) benefit	\$ (71)	\$ 17	\$ 587

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Total income tax (provision) benefit differed from the amount computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate due to the following:

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Federal tax benefit, at statutory rate	\$ 3,877	\$ 2,677	\$ 2,259
State tax (provision) benefit, net of federal benefit	(6)	317	256
Foreign tax rate differences	(20)	93	(1,269)
Nondeductible expenses	(618)	(94)	(94)
Other	(95)		159
Valuation allowance	(3,209)	(2,976)	(724)
Income tax (provision) benefit	\$ (71)	\$ 17	\$ 587

Deferred tax assets and liabilities were comprised of the following:

	<b>As of</b>	
	<b>December 30, 2006</b>	<b>December 31, 2005</b>
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 53,900	\$ 50,474
Receivable allowances	36	73
Other accruals	1,558	1,654
Depreciation and amortization	2,729	3,103
Non-deductible reserves	237	274
Tax credit carry forwards	600	594
Valuation allowance	(56,628)	(54,666)
Total deferred tax assets	2,432	1,506
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(2,493)	(1,506)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(2,493)	(1,506)
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (61)	\$

Deferred income taxes are not provided on certain undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries that are expected to be permanently reinvested in those companies. These earnings aggregate to an immaterial amount at December 31, 2006.

During fiscal year 2002, eLoyalty established a valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets for the U.S. This is in addition to the valuation allowance established in 2001 for non-U.S. deferred tax assets. The decision to establish a valuation allowance for the remaining U.S. deferred tax assets was made after assessing financial results and forecasting financial performance for future fiscal years. As of December 30, 2006, total net deferred tax assets of \$56,628 without regard to deferred tax liabilities related to indefinite lived intangibles were fully offset by a valuation allowance. The Company's U.S. Federal NOLs (net operating losses) of \$143,061 and U.S. State NOLs of \$92,885 expire beginning in 2021 and 2016, respectively. The Company's non-U.S. NOLs of \$11,072 are subject to various expiration dates beginning in 2008. The Company also carries \$594 in Research and Development credit carryforwards that expire beginning in 2020.

eLoyalty's ability to utilize its NOLs could become subject to significant limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code if eLoyalty were to undergo an ownership change. An ownership change would occur if the

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stockholders who own or have owned, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of eLoyalty's common stock or are otherwise treated as 5% stockholders under Section 382 and the regulations promulgated thereunder increase their aggregate percentage ownership of eLoyalty's stock by more than 50 percentage points over the lowest percentage of the stock owned by these stockholders at any time during the testing period, which is generally the three-year period preceding the potential ownership change. In the event of an ownership change, Section 382 imposes an annual limitation on the amount of taxable income a corporation may offset with NOL carryforwards. Any unused annual limitation may be carried over to later years until the applicable expiration date for the respective NOL carryforwards.

eLoyalty was spun off from TSC into a separate, publicly traded company on February 15, 2000. Pursuant to the Tax Sharing and Disaffiliation Agreement between TSC and eLoyalty, TSC will generally be liable to eLoyalty for any income tax benefits realized by TSC related to the exercise of eLoyalty stock options by TSC employees. With respect to the realizability of these tax benefits, if any, eLoyalty is dependent on TSC's ability to realize the benefits, and accordingly, eLoyalty does not recognize these benefits until realized by TSC.

**Note Eight Other Long-Term Assets**

Other long-term assets consisted of the following:

	<b>December 30, 2006</b>	<b>As of December 31, 2005</b>
Long-term prepaid expenses	\$ 3,877	\$ 211
Long-term receivables		1,023
Total	\$ 3,877	\$ 1,234

Long-term prepaid expenses include deferred costs associated with deployment of our Behavioral Analytics™ solution and payments related to third-party support contracts. These costs are recognized ratably over the term of the associated contracts. Long-term receivables primarily consisted of an anticipated tax refund in Europe. This receivable has been reclassified to Other current assets as eLoyalty anticipates receipt of this refund during 2007.

**Note Nine Other Current Liabilities**

Other current liabilities consisted of the following:

	<b>December 30, 2006</b>	<b>As of December 31, 2005</b>
Series B stock dividend payable	\$ 732	\$ 732

Income and other taxes	815	495
Other	2,873	1,819
Total	\$ 4,420	\$ 3,046

**Note Ten Line of Credit**

The Company maintains a Loan Agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the Bank ). The maximum principal amount of the secured line of credit under the agreement remained at \$2,000 through fiscal year 2006 (the Facility ). The Facility requires eLoyalty to maintain a minimum cash and cash equivalent balance within a secured bank account at the Bank. The balance in the secured account cannot be less than the outstanding balance drawn on the line of credit, and letter of credit obligations under the Facility, plus a de minimis reserve to

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accommodate a LaSalle Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. Available credit under the Facility has been reduced by approximately \$283 related to letters of credit issued under the Facility for operational commitments and a Bank credit requirement associated with the purchase and transfer of foreign currencies and credit card payments. As a result, approximately \$1,717 remains available under the Facility at December 30, 2006. Loans under the Facility bear interest at the Bank's prime rate or, at eLoyalty's election, an alternate rate of LIBOR (London InterBank Offering Rate) plus 0.75%. We did not have any borrowings or interest expense under the Facility during fiscal year 2006 or in fiscal year 2005.

**Note Eleven Employee Benefit Plans**

eLoyalty U.S. employees are eligible to participate in the eLoyalty Corporation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") on the first day of the month coinciding with or following their date of hire. The 401(k) Plan allows employees to contribute up to 20% of their eligible compensation and up to 100% of their bonus compensation, subject to Internal Revenue Service statutory limits. For fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, a non-discretionary matching contribution was made at the rate of 50% of the amount that a Plan participant contributed to the Plan during the year, up to 6% of the participants' qualifying compensation with a maximum match of 3% of eligible earnings. eLoyalty recognized expenses related to the 401(k) Plan of \$803, \$681 and \$506 for fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. In addition, the Company funds non-U.S. contributory plans as required by statutory regulations. Amounts funded by the Company were immaterial for the periods presented.

**Note Twelve Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock and Capital Stock**

eLoyalty's authorized capital stock consists of (i) 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and (ii) 40,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. eLoyalty had 9,078,794 and 7,611,915 shares of its common stock issued and outstanding as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. eLoyalty has designated 5,000,000 shares of its preferred stock as its redeemable 7% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B stock"), of which 4,098,369 and 4,099,968 shares are issued and outstanding as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

In December 2006, eLoyalty completed an \$18,000 Rights Offering. Under terms of the Rights Offering, persons who owned shares of eLoyalty's common stock or Series B Preferred Stock as of the close of business on November 20, 2006 (the record date for the Rights Offering) received the right to purchase 0.0910 shares of eLoyalty's common stock. These subscription rights expired on December 15, 2006. Pursuant to the terms of the Rights Offering, eLoyalty issued 1,001,342 shares of eLoyalty common stock at \$17.97 per share. eLoyalty intends to use the net proceeds of \$17,754 from the Rights Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

At the time of issuance of the Series B stock, a beneficial conversion adjustment was calculated (since the fair market value of a share of common stock at the time exceeded the purchase price of a share of Series B stock) aggregating \$4,015. The Series B stock was recorded at the date of issuance net of issuance costs and the beneficial conversion adjustment. The discount attributable to the issuance costs was fully accreted on the date of issuance by charging additional paid-in capital and increasing the recorded amount of Series B stock. The Series B stock was accreted to its full redemption value of \$23,268 on a straight line basis from the date of issuance to June 19, 2002 by charging additional paid-in capital \$669 per month and increasing the recorded amount of Series B stock by a like amount.

The Series B stock accrues dividends at a rate of 7% per annum, is entitled to a preference upon liquidation and is convertible on a one-for-one basis into shares of our common stock, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends and similar actions. The Series B stock generally votes on a one-for-one basis with the common stockholders, subject to adjustment for certain actions and specified matters as to which the Series B stock is entitled to a separate class vote.

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**eLOYALTY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

On March 17, 2000, the Board of Directors adopted a Stockholder Rights Plan (the Rights Plan). The Rights Plan is intended to assure fair and equal treatment for all of eLoyalty's stockholders in the event of a hostile takeover attempt.

Under the terms of the Rights Plan, each share of eLoyalty's common stock has associated with it ten rights (Rights). Each Right entitles the registered holder to purchase from eLoyalty one one-hundredth of a share of Series A junior participating preferred stock, without par value, at an exercise price of \$160 (subject to adjustment). The Rights become exercisable under certain circumstances: 10 days after the first public announcement that any person (an acquiring person) has acquired 15% or more of eLoyalty's common stock or the announcement that any person has commenced a tender offer for 15% or more of eLoyalty's common stock. On September 24, 2001, eLoyalty amended the Rights Plan in connection with the private placement described above. The amendment provides, among other things, that (i) TCV and certain related parties shall not become an acquiring person for purposes of the Rights Plan so long as they do not own more than 35% of eLoyalty's outstanding common stock (determined after giving effect to the conversion of the new Series B stock), and (ii) Sutter Hill and certain related parties shall not become an acquiring person for purposes of the Rights Plan so long as they do not own more than 20% of eLoyalty's outstanding common stock (determined after giving effect to the conversion of the Series B stock).

In general, eLoyalty may redeem the Rights in whole, but not in part, at a price of \$0.01 per Right at any time until 10 days after any person has acquired 15% or more of eLoyalty's common stock. The Rights will expire on March 17, 2010, unless earlier redeemed by eLoyalty or exchanged for other shares of eLoyalty's common stock.

Under specified conditions, each Right will entitle the holder to purchase eLoyalty's common stock (or if eLoyalty is acquired in a merger or other business combination, common stock of the acquiror) at the exercise price having a current market value of two times the exercise price. The terms of the Rights may be amended by eLoyalty's Board of Directors.

**Note Thirteen Stock-Based Compensation**

***Stock-Based Plans***

The Company issues stock awards under two stock incentive plans: the eLoyalty Corporation 1999 Stock Incentive Plan (the 1999 Plan) and the eLoyalty Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2000 Plan). Under the 1999 Plan and the 2000 Plan, awards of restricted stock or bonus (installment) stock, salary for stock, stock options, stock appreciation rights and performance shares may be granted to directors, officers, employees, consultants, independent contractors and agents of eLoyalty and its subsidiaries. Awards granted under the 1999 Plan and 2000 Plan are made at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of eLoyalty's Board of Directors or another duly constituted committee of the Board (the Compensation Committee). If shares or options awarded under the 1999 Plan and the 2000 Plan are not issued due to cancellation of unvested or unexercised options or shares, then those options or shares again become available for issuance under the plans. Under the 1999 Plan, on the first day of each fiscal year, beginning in 2000, the aggregate number of shares available for issuance under the Plan is automatically increased by an amount equal to 5% of the total number of shares of common stock that are outstanding. Under the 2000 Plan an aggregate of 280,000 shares of eLoyalty common stock were reserved for issuance. As of December 30, 2006, there were a total of 220,012 shares available for future grants under the 1999 and 2000 Plans.



Stock compensation expense was \$4,018, \$2,616 and \$2,585 for fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. eLoyalty recognized stock-based compensation under SFAS No. 123R Shared-Based Payment in 2006. Prior to 2006, eLoyalty recognized stock-based compensation under APB No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees . eLoyalty recognizes stock compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The Company has established its forfeiture rate based on historical experience. The cumulative effect adjustment related to future forfeitures was immaterial. eLoyalty did not recognize the windfall tax benefit related

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

to the excess tax deduction because we currently do not anticipate realizing the tax savings associated with this deduction. The amount of this excess tax deduction for the year ended December 30, 2006 totaled \$4,490.

As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, our financial results were lower than under our previous accounting method for stock-based compensation by the following amounts:

	<b>2006</b>
Loss before income taxes	\$ (197)
Net loss	\$ (197)
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.03)

***Restricted Stock***

Restricted stock awards are shares of eLoyalty common stock granted to an individual. During the restriction period, the holder of the restricted stock receives all of the benefits of ownership (right to dividends, voting rights, etc.), other than the right to sell or otherwise transfer any interest in the stock. Installment stock awards are grants to an individual of a contractual right to receive future grants of eLoyalty common stock in specified amounts on specified vesting dates, subject to the individual remaining an eLoyalty employee on the specified vesting dates.

On February 25, 2002, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved and ratified the Vice President Compensation Program (the Program), which has subsequently been amended. As part of the Program, each Vice President is assigned to one of ten tiers. Each tier has associated with it a target annual cash compensation amount (consisting of annual base salary component and a target annual bonus component) and a target equity position in eLoyalty that is the same for each Vice President within the tier. Under the Vice President Compensation Program equity targets were funded through restricted stock grants and supplemental equity grants made at the discretion of the Compensation Committee. Shares granted under the Vice President Program are and will continue to be issued under one of eLoyalty's stock incentive plans. Among the goals of the Program is to more closely align the interests of these senior level employees with those of the Company's stockholders.

Under the Vice President Compensation Program, for periods prior to May 2005, equity targets were funded through grants of restricted stock that vest either ratably over five years (for Vice Presidents at the time the program was adopted) or ratably over four years commencing on the anniversary of the grant date (for newly hired or promoted Vice Presidents). In both situations above, the compensation expense was recognized ratably over the vesting periods commencing with the initial grant date. Beginning in May 2005, the standard restricted stock grant procedure for new participants in the program was modified such that the participant is eligible to receive the grant one year following commencement of employment or promotion to Vice President, as the case may be, with restrictions lapsing immediately on 20% of the grant, and with the restrictions lapsing on the balance of the grant quarterly over a 16 quarter period. The grant at the one year anniversary is contingent upon approval by eLoyalty's Compensation Committee. For these grants, the compensation expense commenced on the grant date, with 20% of the grant value immediately being recognized and the balance recognized ratably over the remaining vesting periods. Non-U.S. Vice Presidents receive an installment stock award that provides for the issuance, in the aggregate, of the same number of shares of Common Stock as would have been issued to them as restricted stock had they been U.S. employees, in

quarterly installments corresponding to the vesting of the restricted stock grants.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Restricted and installment stock award activity was as follows for the years ended January 1, 2005, December 31, 2005 and December 30, 2006:

	Shares	Weighted Average Price
Nonvested balance at December 28, 2003	1,145,296	\$ 5.72
Granted	714,337	\$ 6.04
Vested	(387,972)	\$ 6.71
Forfeited	(140,209)	\$ 4.55
Nonvested balance at January 1, 2005	1,331,452	\$ 5.73
Granted	406,500	\$ 4.91
Vested	(465,727)	\$ 5.86
Forfeited	(92,268)	\$ 6.28
Nonvested balance at December 31, 2005	1,179,957	\$ 5.35
Granted	761,100	\$ 14.14
Vested	(525,221)	\$ 6.64
Forfeited	(152,729)	\$ 9.19
Nonvested balance at December 30, 2006	1,263,107	\$ 9.69

	2006	2005	2004
Total fair value of restricted and installment stock awards vested	\$ 8,049	\$ 3,214	\$ 2,199

As of December 30, 2006, there remains \$10,803 of unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted and installment stock awards. These costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.9 years.

***Stock Options***

Stock option awards may be in the form of incentive or non-qualified options. The Company has discontinued granting stock options to employees but retains the right to issue stock options under the Plans in the future. Stock options had been generally granted with an exercise price per share equal to the fair market value of a share of eLoyalty common stock on the date of grant and a maximum term of 10 years. The stock option terms were set by the Compensation Committee and generally became exercisable over a period of four years. The initial vesting occurred

after a one or two-year period, with the balance of the shares vesting in equal monthly installments over the remainder of the four-year period, or the entire award vested in equal monthly increments over the four-year period. For the year ended December 30, 2006, the Company recognized compensation expense of \$169 related to option awards.

In addition, the 1999 Plan provides that each non-employee director receive a non-qualified stock option to purchase 5,000 shares of eLoyalty common stock when he or she commences service as a director. Stock options granted to non-employee directors upon commencement of services vest ratably over a period of 48 months. The day after the annual stockholder's meeting, each non-employee director is granted a non-qualified stock option to purchase 1,200 shares of eLoyalty common stock. Stock options granted to non-employee directors following an annual stockholder's meeting vest ratably over a period of 12 months. Stock options granted to non-employee directors have an exercise price per share equal to the fair market value of a share of eLoyalty common stock on the grant date and are exercisable for up to 10 years.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The following table illustrates the pro forma effect on net loss available to common stockholders and net loss per share if eLoyalty had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation.

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>	
	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net loss available to common stockholders as reported	\$ (9,101)	\$ (7,366)
Stock-based compensation related to restricted and installment awards included in net loss available to common stockholders	2,616	2,585
Stock-based compensation expense related to options, restricted and installment awards determined under the fair value method	(2,839)	(5,108)
Pro forma	\$ (9,324)	\$ (9,889)
Basic net loss per share:		
As reported	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)
Pro forma	\$ (1.47)	\$ (1.64)
Diluted net loss per share:		
As reported	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)
Pro forma	\$ (1.47)	\$ (1.64)

The fair value for options granted during the twelve months ended December 30, 2006, was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model that used the following assumptions:

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>			
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	
Risk-free interest rates	5.0%	3.4%	1.8%	3.5%
Expected dividend yield				
Expected volatility	78%	101%	108%	114%
Expected lives	5.0 years	5.0 years	5.0 years	

Historical Company information is the primary basis for the selection of expected life, expected volatility and expected dividend yield assumptions. The risk-free interest rate is selected based on the yields from U.S. Treasury Strips with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the options being valued.



Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Option activity was as follows for the fiscal years ended 2004, 2005 and 2006:

	<b>Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)</b>	<b>Weighted Average Fair Value of Option Grants</b>
Outstanding as of December 27, 2003	636,040	\$ 30.18	7.6	
Exercisable as of December 27, 2003	431,469	\$ 41.09		
Granted	7,800	\$ 5.85		\$ 4.66
Exercised	(312)	\$ 4.15		
Forfeited	(54,206)	\$ 31.79		
Outstanding as of January 1, 2005	589,322	\$ 29.71	7.0	
Exercisable as of January 1, 2005	464,576	\$ 36.45		
Granted	4,800	\$ 4.63		\$ 3.52
Exercised		\$		
Forfeited	(41,757)	\$ 65.70		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2005	552,365	\$ 26.78	6.1	
Exercisable as of December 31, 2005	477,782	\$ 30.36		
Granted	4,800	\$ 13.50		\$ 8.92
Exercised	(11,963)	\$ 14.26		
Forfeited	(31,333)	\$ 66.01		
Outstanding as of December 30, 2006	513,869	\$ 24.75	5.4	
Exercisable as of December 30, 2006	470,635	\$ 26.63		
Outstanding intrinsic value at December 30, 2006	\$ 3,306			
Exercisable intrinsic value at December 30, 2006	\$ 2,683			



As of December 30, 2006, there remains \$132 of unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options. These costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.5 years.

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Total fair value of stock options vested	\$ 170	\$ 219	\$ 494
Intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$ 104	\$	\$ 1
Proceeds received from option exercises	\$ 67	\$	\$ 1

### ***Salary for Stock Program***

eLoyalty implemented a Salary for Stock Program in November 2006. Under the program, executives and Vice Presidents exchange a percentage of their salary in exchange for grants of shares of the Company's common stock. The salary reduction percentages range from 10% to 25% dependent on salary levels of impacted executives and Vice Presidents. The program began December 1, 2006 and has been authorized by the Board of Directors through December 31, 2007. During 2007, subject to quarterly Compensation Committee approval, the Company will issue common stock at fair market value commensurate to cash salary reductions. The Salary for Stock Program permits grants of shares of the Company's common stock up to an aggregate of 140,000 shares. As of December 30, 2006, under the Salary for Stock Program there remains 121,913 shares available for future issuance.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)*****Employee Stock Purchase Plan***

Effective March 31, 2002, eLoyalty froze its Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The Company retains the ability to reactivate this plan in the future. Under the Stock Purchase Plan, employees purchased 20,455 shares of eLoyalty common stock for the year ended December 28, 2002. The Stock Purchase Plan permitted eligible employees to purchase an aggregate of 125,000 shares of eLoyalty's common stock, of which 23,717 are still available for purchase should the plan be reactivated in future periods.

**Note Fourteen Loss Per Share**

The following table sets forth the computation of the loss and shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per common share:

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>		
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Net loss	\$ (11,148)	\$ (7,630)	\$ (5,867)
Series B preferred stock dividends	(1,464)	(1,471)	(1,499)
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (12,612)	\$ (9,101)	\$ (7,366)
Per common share			
Basic loss before Series B preferred stock dividends	\$ (1.65)	\$ (1.20)	\$ (0.97)
Basic net loss	\$ (1.86)	\$ (1.43)	\$ (1.22)

	<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>		
<b>(In thousands)</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic and diluted)	6,769	6,359	6,027
Currently anti-dilutive common stock equivalents <sup>(1)</sup>	4,927	4,536	4,408

<sup>(1)</sup> In periods in which there was a loss, the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, which is primarily related to the 7% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, was not included in the diluted loss per share calculation as they were antidilutive.



Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Note Fifteen Segment Information**

eLoyalty has two reportable geographic segments: North America (consisting of U.S. and Canada) and International. The following table reflects revenue, operating results and total assets by reportable segment for the fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>	<b>North America</b>	<b>International</b>	<b>Total</b>
Net Revenue			
2006	\$ 81,469	\$ 4,090	\$ 85,559
2005	\$ 69,955	\$ 5,311	\$ 75,266
2004	\$ 61,662	\$ 6,581	\$ 68,243
Operating (loss) income			
2006	\$ (12,010)	\$ 252	\$ (11,758)
2005	\$ (6,224)	\$ (1,797)	\$ (8,021)
2004	\$ (5,640)	\$ (1,045)	\$ (6,685)
Depreciation and amortization expense			
2006	\$ 2,435	\$ 30	\$ 2,465
2005	\$ 5,647	\$ 36	\$ 5,683
2004	\$ 5,558	\$ 39	\$ 5,597
Capital expenditures			
2006	\$ 3,979	\$	\$ 3,979
2005	\$ 1,509	\$	\$ 1,509
2004	\$ 475	\$	\$ 475
Total assets			
December 30, 2006	\$ 60,874	\$ 3,694	\$ 64,568
December 31, 2005	\$ 40,010	\$ 5,218	\$ 45,228

<b>For the Fiscal Years Ended</b>	<b>North America</b>			<b>International</b>				<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>United States</b>	<b>Canada</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>Ireland</b>	<b>Germany</b>	<b>Australia</b>		
Net Revenue									
2006	\$ 76,437	\$ 5,032	\$ 81,469	\$ 4	\$ 3,709	\$ 227	\$ 150	\$ 4,090	\$ 85,559
2005	\$ 64,953	\$ 5,002	\$ 69,955	\$ 1,219	\$ 3,329	\$ 610	\$ 153	\$ 5,311	\$ 75,266
2004	\$ 57,783	\$ 3,879	\$ 61,662	\$ 574	\$ 4,690	\$ 1,054	\$ 263	\$ 6,581	\$ 68,243

Total tangible long-lived assets for U.S. operations are \$4,784 and \$3,306 as of December 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

The increase in International operating income is due to a one-time favorable impact of \$841 to reflect revenue related to a minimum purchase agreement that expired at the end of the first quarter of 2006 and decreased management fees.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

	<b>2006</b>		<b>2005</b>		<b>2004</b>	
	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>	<b>Dollars</b>	<b>Percentage of Revenue</b>
<b>Revenue:</b>						
Consulting services	\$ 44,332	49%	\$ 46,013	58%	\$ 50,185	69%
Managed services	27,648	31%	19,543	25%	14,905	21%
<b>Services revenue</b>	<b>71,980</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>65,556</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>65,090</b>	<b>90%</b>
Product	13,579	15%	9,710	12%	3,153	4%
<b>Net revenue</b>	<b>85,559</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>75,266</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>68,243</b>	<b>94%</b>
Reimbursed expenses	4,269	5%	3,742	5%	4,330	6%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 89,828</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 79,008</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 72,573</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Note Sixteen Leases**

eLoyalty leases various office facilities under leases expiring at various dates through July 31, 2010. Additionally, eLoyalty leases various property and office equipment under operating leases expiring at various dates. Rental expense for all operating leases approximated \$1,358, \$1,818 and \$1,966 for the fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. These amounts exclude rental payments related to office space reductions, which were \$331, \$456 and \$643 in fiscal years 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Future minimum rental commitments under non-cancelable operating leases with terms in excess of one year are as follows:

<b>Year</b>	<b>Amount</b>
2007	\$ 1,197
2008	793
2009	699
2010	325
	\$ 3,014

The aforementioned amounts do not include facility costs that eLoyalty has accrued as part of the severance and related costs related to restructuring activities as discussed in Note Four of \$292 for fiscal year 2007. These amounts have been reduced by minimum sublease rentals of \$112 due in fiscal year 2007, under non-cancelable subleases.

**Note Seventeen    Legal Matters**

eLoyalty, from time to time, has been subject to legal claims arising in connection with its business. While the results of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty, there are no asserted claims against eLoyalty that, in the opinion of management, if adversely decided, would have a material effect on eLoyalty's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

eLoyalty is a party to various agreements, including substantially all major services agreements and intellectual property licensing agreements, under which it may be obligated to indemnify the other party with respect to certain matters, including, but not limited to, indemnification against third-party claims of infringement of intellectual property rights with respect to software and other deliverables provided by us in the course of our engagements. These obligations may be subject to various limitations on the remedies available to the other party, including, without limitation, limits on the amounts recoverable and the time during which claims may be made and

**Table of Contents****eLOYALTY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

may be supported by indemnities given to eLoyalty by applicable third parties. Payment by eLoyalty under these indemnification clauses is generally subject to the other party making a claim that is subject to challenge by eLoyalty and dispute resolution procedures specified in the particular agreement. Historically, eLoyalty has not been obligated to pay any claim for indemnification under its agreements and management is not aware of future indemnification payments that it would be obligated to make.

Under its bylaws, subject to certain exceptions, the Company has agreed to indemnify its officers and directors for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is, or was serving, at its request in such capacity or in certain related capacities. The Company has a separate indemnification agreement with its directors and officers that requires it, subject to certain exceptions, to indemnify him to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by its bylaws and the Delaware General Corporation Law. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification agreements is unlimited; however, the Company has a director and officer liability insurance policy that limits its exposure and enables it to recover a portion of any future amounts paid. As a result of its insurance policy coverage, the Company believes the estimated fair value of these indemnification agreements is minimal. The Company has no liabilities recorded for these agreements as of December 30, 2006.

**Note Eighteen Quarterly Data (Unaudited)**

	For the Fiscal Year Ended 2006				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Year
Total revenue	\$ 19,627	\$ 20,550	\$ 25,916	\$ 23,735	\$ 89,828
Operating loss	\$ (3,545) <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ (5,241) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (222) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (2,750) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (11,758) <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (3,803) <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ (5,507) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (370) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (2,932) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (12,612) <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.58)	\$ (0.82)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (1.86)
Diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.58)	\$ (0.82)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (1.86)
Shares used to calculate basic and diluted net loss per share (in millions)	6.60	6.70	6.79	7.00	6.77

	For the Fiscal Year Ended 2005				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Year
Total revenue	\$ 19,490	\$ 19,613	\$ 21,307	\$ 18,598	\$ 79,008
Operating loss	\$ (2,009)	\$ (3,012) <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ (557) <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ (2,443)	\$ (8,021)
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (2,301)	\$ (3,304) <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ (814) <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ (2,682)	\$ (9,101)
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.41)	\$ (1.43)
Diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.41)	\$ (1.43)
Shares used to calculate basic and diluted net loss per share (in millions)	6.22	6.31	6.71	6.50	6.36



- (1) Includes \$387, \$(42), \$385 and \$7 related to severance and related costs for the first, second, third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2006 associated with cost reduction plans.
- (2) Includes \$841 of income related to a minimum purchase agreement that expired at the end of the first quarter of 2006.
- (3) Includes a \$515 charge relating to severance and related costs associated with cost reduction plans.
- (4) Includes \$104 of income related to a favorable adjustment primarily related to a previous estimated severance cost accrual.

Table of Contents**eLOYALTY CORPORATION****SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS****(In thousands)**

<b>Description of Allowance and Reserves</b>	<b>Balance at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>Additions Charged to Costs and Expenses</b>	<b>Additions Charged to Other Accounts Deductions</b>	<b>Balance at End of Period</b>
Valuation allowance for doubtful accounts:				
Year ended December 30, 2006	\$ 188	(95)		\$ 93
Year ended December 31, 2005	\$ 389	(201) <sup>(1)</sup>		\$ 188
Year ended January 1, 2005	\$ 1,493	(502) <sup>(1)</sup>	(602)	\$ 389
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets:				
Year ended December 30, 2006	\$ 54,666	1,962		\$ 56,628
Year ended December 31, 2005	\$ 52,610	2,976	(920) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 54,666
Year ended January 1, 2005	\$ 53,334		(724)	\$ 52,610

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects recovery of previous reserved balance.

<sup>(2)</sup> The valuation allowance and deferred tax assets decreased \$920 in 2005 as a result of adjustments to the deferred tax accounts for the write-off of certain state net operating loss deferred tax assets, as well as revisions to the prior year deferred tax asset accounts and the related valuation allowance that were in offsetting amounts.

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**Item 9. *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.***

Not applicable.

**Item 9A. *Controls and Procedures.***

**(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Based on their evaluation for the period covered by this Form 10-K, eLoyalty's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 30, 2006, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are effective.

**(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

eLoyalty's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Due to its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate due to changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Company conducted its evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework*. Based on its evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K.

Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-K and, as part of their audit, has issued its reports, included herein, on (1) our management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and (2) the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. See "Report of Grant Thornton LLP Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" on page 32.

**(c) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in eLoyalty's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, eLoyalty's internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 9B. *Other Information.***

Not applicable.

**PART III**

**Item 10. *Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.***

For information about our executive officers, see Executive Officers of the Company included as Item 4A of Part I of this Form 10-K. The information contained under the captions Director Election and Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance in the Proxy Statement to be filed by eLoyalty for its 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

eLoyalty Corporation maintains a code of conduct, business principles and ethical behavior (the Code of Conduct ) applicable to all of our directors, officers and other employees including our Chief Executive Officer and

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Senior Financial Management. This Code of Conduct addresses ethical conduct, SEC disclosure, legal compliance and other matters as contemplated by Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. A copy of the Code of Conduct was filed as Exhibit 14.1 to the 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K and the Code of Conduct is on our internet website. We will make a copy of it available to any person, without charge, upon written request to eLoyalty Corporation, 150 Field Drive, Suite 250, Lake Forest, Illinois 60045, Attn: General Counsel. To the extent permitted by applicable rules of the NASDAQ Global Market, we intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding amendments to or waivers of this code of ethics for the Chief Executive Officer or Senior Financial Management by posting this information on our internet website.

**Item 11. Executive Compensation.**

The information under Compensation Discussion and Analysis, Executive Compensation and Director Compensation, in the Proxy Statement to be filed by eLoyalty for its 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.**

The information under the heading Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management Beneficial Ownership Information in the Proxy Statement to be filed by eLoyalty for its 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

The following table shows, as of December 30, 2006, information regarding outstanding awards under all compensation plans of eLoyalty (including individual compensation arrangements) under which equity securities of eLoyalty may be delivered:

<b>Plan Category</b>	<b>Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights</b>	<b>Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	498,203	\$ 24.39	136,034 <sup>(3)</sup>
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	15,666	\$ 36.34	83,978
Total <sup>(4)</sup>	513,869	\$ 24.75	220,012

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects number of shares of the Company's common stock.

<sup>(2)</sup> All of the securities available for future issuance listed herein may be issued other than upon the exercise of an option, warrant or similar right. All of these shares are available for award in the form of restricted stock, bonus stock, performance shares or similar awards under eLoyalty's applicable equity compensation plans.

- (3) eLoyalty's plan that has been approved by its stockholders is the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan. This plan includes an automatic increase feature whereby, as of the first day of each fiscal year, the number of shares available for awards, other than incentive stock options, automatically increases by an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the number of shares of common stock then outstanding.
- (4) Does not include (i) shares of restricted common stock held by employees, of which 1,108,017 shares were issued and outstanding as of December 30, 2006, which are included in the amount of issued and outstanding shares or (ii) 155,090 shares of common stock issuable pursuant to installment stock awards granted to employees, which (subject to specified conditions) will be issued in the future in consideration of the employees services to the Company.

The plan described above as not having been approved by eLoyalty's stockholders is the 2000 Stock Incentive Plan. This is a broadly based plan under which non-statutory stock options, restricted stock and bonus stock awards may be granted to officers, employees and certain consultants and independent contractors of eLoyalty and its subsidiaries. This plan may be administered by one or more committees of the Board of Directors that the Board has designated to carry out actions under the plan on its behalf, which is currently the Compensation Committee. All awards made under this plan are discretionary. The committee or, if applicable, the Board determines which eligible persons will receive awards and also determines all terms and conditions (including form, amount and timing) of each award. The plan terminates September 23, 2011, which is ten years after the effective date of the last

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amendment and restatement of the plan, unless terminated earlier by the Board. Termination of the plan will not affect the terms or conditions of any award granted prior to termination.

**Item 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.***

None.

**Item 14. *Principal Accounting Fees and Services.***

The information under the caption *Ratification of Selection of Independent Public Accountants* *Principal Accounting Fees and Services* in the Proxy Statement to be filed by eLoyalty for its 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

**PART IV**

**Item 15. *Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.***

(a) *Documents filed as part of this report:*

(1) Financial Statements.

The consolidated financial statements filed as part of this report are listed and indexed under Item 8 of this Form 10-K and such list is incorporated herein by reference.

(2) Financial Statement Schedule.

The financial statement schedule filed as part of this report is listed and indexed under Item 8 of this Form 10-K and is incorporated herein by reference. We have omitted financial statement schedules other than that listed under Item 8 because such schedules are not required or applicable.

(3) Exhibits.

The list of exhibits filed with or incorporated by reference into this report is contained in the Exhibit Index to this report on Page I-1, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on March 13, 2007.

eLoyalty Corporation

By /s/ Kelly D. Conway  
 Kelly D. Conway  
*President and Chief Executive Officer*

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Annual Report on Form 10-K has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the capacities indicated on this 13th day of March 2007.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Capacity</b>
/s/ Kelly D. Conway	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
Kelly D. Conway	
*	Chairman of the Board and Director
Tench Coxe	
*	Director
Jay C. Hoag	
*	Director
John T. Kohler	
*	Director
Michael J. Murray	
*	Director
John C. Staley	
/s/ Steven C. Pollema	Vice President, Operations and Chief Financial Officer
Steven C. Pollema	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)



\*By: /s/ Steven C. Pollema

Steven C. Pollema,  
Attorney-in-Fact

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We are including as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K certain documents that we have previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) as exhibits, and we are incorporating such documents as exhibits herein by reference from the respective filings identified in parentheses below. The management contracts and compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to Item 14(c) are those listed below as Exhibits and noted by an asterisk.

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of eLoyalty, as amended (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to eLoyalty's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-94293) (the S-1 )).
3.2	Certificate of Designation of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of the Company (included as Exhibit 4.2 to Amendment No. 1 to eLoyalty's Registration Statement on Form 8-A (File No. 0-27975) filed with the SEC on March 24, 2000 (the 8-A Amendment )).
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to eLoyalty's Certificate of Incorporation December 19, 2001 (filed as Exhibit 3.3 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to eLoyalty's Certificate of Incorporation December 19, 2001 (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
3.5	Certificate of Increase of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock of eLoyalty, filed December 19, 2001 (filed as Exhibit 3.5 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
3.6	Certificate of Designation of 7% Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of eLoyalty, filed December 19, 2001 (filed as Exhibit 3.6 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
3.7	By-Laws of eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the S-1).
4.1	Rights Agreement, dated as of March 17, 2000, between eLoyalty and ChaseMellon Shareholder Services, L.L.C., as Rights Agent (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the 8-A Amendment).
4.2	Amendment, dated as of September 24, 2001, to the Rights Agreement between eLoyalty and Mellon Investor Services LLC (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to eLoyalty's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 24, 2001, File No. 0-27975).
4.3	Certificate of Adjustment dated January 10, 2002 (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
4.4	Registration Statement filed on Form S-3 on November 8, 2006.
10.1	Form of Tax Sharing and Disaffiliation Agreement between Technology Solutions Company ( TSC ) and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to the S-1).
10.2	Amended and Restated Investor Rights Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2001, by and among eLoyalty and the stockholders named therein (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).
10.3*	eLoyalty Corporation 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (as Amended and Restated as of September 24, 2001) (filed as Exhibit (d)(2) to eLoyalty's Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO filed October 15, 2001).
10.4*	eLoyalty Corporation 1999 Stock Incentive Plan (as Amended and Restated as of May 16, 2002) (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 29, 2002).
10.5	Summary of eLoyalty Corporation's Vice President Compensation Program, as amended, May 11, 2005.
10.6*	

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- Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement between applicable participant and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.23 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005).
- 10.7\* Form of Installment Stock Award Agreement between applicable participant and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.24 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005).
- 10.8\*+ Form of Option Award Agreement between applicable participant and eLoyalty.
- 10.9 Loan Agreement, dated as of December 17, 2001, between eLoyalty Corporation and LaSalle Bank National Association, together with Amendment No. 1 to Loan Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2002 (filed as Exhibit 10.27 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2001).

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<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
10.10	Amendment No. 2 to Loan Agreement, dated as of March 18, 2002, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 30, 2002).
10.11	Amendment No. 3 to Loan Agreement, dated as of May 13, 2002, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 29, 2002).
10.12	Amendment No. 4 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2002, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.22 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2002).
10.13	Amendment No. 5 to Loan Agreement, dated as of May 14, 2003, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 28, 2003).
10.14	Amendment No. 6 to Loan Agreement, dated as of September 8, 2003, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 27, 2003).
10.15	Amendment No. 7 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 23, 2003, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.19 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 27, 2003).
10.16	Amendment No. 8 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2004, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.16 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005).
10.17	Amendment No. 9 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 2, 2005, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.16 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005).
10.18	Amendment No. 10 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2005, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.17 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005).
10.19	Amendment No. 11 to Loan Agreement, dated as of September 18, 2006, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006).
10.20+	Amendment No. 12 to Loan Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2006, between LaSalle Bank National Association and eLoyalty Corporation.
10.21*	Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into between eLoyalty Corporation and each of Tench Coxe and Jay C. Hoag (filed as Exhibit 10.15 to the S-1).
10.22*	Employment Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2002, between eLoyalty Corporation and Kelly D. Conway (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 28, 2002).
10.23*+	Indemnification Agreement, dated March 2, 2007, between Kelly D. Conway and eLoyalty.
10.24*	Employment Agreement, effective June 1, 2001, between Steven C. Pollema and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001, File No. 0-27975).
10.25*	Indemnification Agreement, dated June 11, 2001, between Steven C. Pollema and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to eLoyalty's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001, File No. 0-27975).
10.26*+	Amended Employment Agreement, dated January 8, 2007, between Karen Bolton and eLoyalty.

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- 10.27\* Employment Agreement, dated December 17, 2004, between Christopher Danson and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.25 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005).
- 10.28\* Indemnification Agreement, effective as of December 17, 2004, between Christopher Danson and eLoyalty (filed as Exhibit 10.26 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2005).

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<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
10.29*+	Employment Agreement, dated April 24, 2006, between Steven Shapiro and eLoyalty.
10.30*+	Indemnification Agreement, effective as of April 24, 2006, between Steven Shapiro and eLoyalty.
10.31*+	Summary of Director Compensation.
10.32*+	Summary of 2007 Named Executive Officer Compensation.
14.1	Code of Conduct (filed as Exhibit 14.1 to eLoyalty's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 27, 2003).
21.1+	Subsidiaries of eLoyalty Corporation.
23.1+	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP.
23.2+	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.
24.1+	Power of Attorney from Tench Coxe, Director.
24.2+	Power of Attorney from Jay C. Hoag, Director.
24.3+	Power of Attorney from John T. Kohler, Director.
24.4+	Power of Attorney from Michael J. Murray, Director.
24.5+	Power of Attorney from John C. Staley, Director.
31.1+	Certification of Kelly D. Conway under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2+	Certification of Steven C. Pollema under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1+	Certification of Kelly D. Conway and Steven C. Pollema under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

+ Filed herewith.

\* Represents a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.