

CYTRX CORP
Form 10-Q/A
May 22, 2006

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q/A
Amendment No. 1**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-15327

CYTRX CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

58-1642740

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11726 San Vicente Blvd.

Suite 650

Los Angeles, CA

(Address of principal executive offices)

90049

(Zip Code)

(310) 826-5648

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12(b)-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Number of shares of CytRx Corporation Common Stock, \$.001 par value, issued and outstanding as of August 10, 2005: 58,824,537.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

CytRx Corporation (the Company) is amending in certain respects its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter year ended June 30, 2005. The purpose of this amendment is to restate our condensed consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 as described below.

The restatement of our condensed consolidated financial statements is related to the pro forma amounts disclosed in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, which were calculated incorrectly as set forth in the stock-based compensation footnote contained in our original Form 10-Q. The restatement also includes a correction in the accounting for antidilution features in certain of our outstanding warrants.

On May 20, 2006, the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors approved management's recommendation to restate our condensed consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 to reflect the corrected disclosures in our stock-based compensation footnote and the correction in the accounting for antidilution features in certain of our outstanding warrants.

The following Items and Exhibits of our original Form 10-Q are amended by this amendment:

Part I Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Part I Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Part II Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

Except for the foregoing Items and Exhibits, this amendment does not modify any disclosures contained in our original Form 10-Q. Additionally, this amendment, except for the restatement information, speaks as of the filing date of the original Form 10-Q and does not attempt to update the disclosures in our original Form 10-Q or to discuss any developments subsequent to the date of the original filing. In accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the information contained in the original Form 10-Q and this amendment is subject to updated or supplemental information contained in reports filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission subsequent to the filing dates of the original Form 10-Q and this amendment.

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CYTRX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
	(restated)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 15,772,758	\$ 2,999,409
Prepaid and other current assets	419,073	956,146
Total current assets	16,191,831	3,955,555
Property and equipment, net	411,493	447,579
Molecular library, net	417,730	447,567
Goodwill	183,780	
Prepaid insurance and other assets	147,326	198,055
Total assets	\$ 17,352,160	\$ 5,048,756
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 410,477	\$ 1,661,104
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	2,379,688	1,074,146
Total current liabilities	2,790,165	2,735,250
Accrued loss on facility abandonment	154,033	206,833
Deferred gain on sale of building	51,948	65,910
Deferred revenue	275,000	275,000
Total liabilities	3,271,146	3,282,993
Minority interest in subsidiary		170,671
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, including 5,000 shares of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 58,824,000 and 40,190,000 shares issued at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	58,824	40,190
Additional paid-in capital	131,606,809	110,028,327
Treasury stock, at cost (633,816 shares, at cost, held at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004)	(2,279,238)	(2,279,238)
Accumulated deficit	(115,305,381)	(106,194,187)

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Total stockholders' equity	14,081,014	1,595,092
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 17,352,160	\$ 5,048,756

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CYTRX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:				
License fees	\$	\$ 228,164	\$ 1,500	\$ 328,164
Other				
 Total revenues		228,164	1,500	328,164
 Expenses:				
Research and development (includes \$38,000 and \$90,000 of non-cash stock-based expense for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and \$167,000 and \$1,294,000 of non-cash stock-based expense for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004, respectively)	2,915,969	1,356,876	4,829,989	3,641,880
Depreciation and amortization	62,288	25,478	100,412	41,808
Common stock, stock options and warrants issued for general and administrative services	77,012	374,511	316,064	805,287
Selling, general and administrative	1,537,683	2,582,904	2,955,843	3,782,699
	4,592,952	4,339,769	8,202,308	8,271,674
Loss before other income (expense)	(4,592,952)	(4,111,605)	(8,200,808)	(7,943,510)
Other income:				
Interest income	41,066	16,447	83,730	39,753
Minority interest in losses of subsidiary	42,753	34,329	81,452	69,257
 Net loss	\$ (4,509,133)	\$ (4,060,829)	\$ (8,035,626)	\$ (7,834,500)
 Basic and diluted:				
Loss per common share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.23)
 Weighted average shares outstanding	57,542,340	34,954,360	55,509,421	34,641,735

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CYTRX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (8,035,626)	\$ (7,834,500)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	100,412	41,808
Minority interest in losses of subsidiary	(81,452)	(69,257)
Common stock, stock options and warrants issued for services	406,483	2,099,260
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	575,956	938,445
 Total adjustments	 1,001,399	 3,010,256
 Net cash used in operating activities	 (7,034,227)	 (4,824,244)
 Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(34,489)	(319,242)
 Net cash used in investing activities	 (34,489)	 (319,242)
 Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	251,619	418,589
Net proceeds from issuances of common stock	19,590,446	184,000
 Net cash provided by financing activities	 19,842,065	 602,589
 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 12,773,349	 (4,540,897)
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of period	2,999,409	11,644,446
 Cash and short-term investments at end of period	 \$ 15,772,758	 \$ 7,103,549

Non-cash financing activities:

In connection with the Company's adjustment to terms of certain outstanding warrants on January 20, 2005, the Company recorded a deemed dividend of \$1,075,568, which was recorded as a charge to retained earnings with a corresponding credit to additional paid-in-capital.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CYTRX CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2005
(Unaudited)

1. Description of Company and Basis of Presentation

CytRx Corporation (CytRx or the Company) is a biopharmaceutical research and development company, based in Los Angeles, California, with a subsidiary, CytRx Laboratories, Inc. (the Subsidiary), based in Worcester, Massachusetts (see Note 11 to our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004). On June 30, 2005, the Company purchased the remaining 5% interest in the Subsidiary owned by Dr. Michael Czech, a member of the Company s Scientific Advisory Board, and as a result the Subsidiary is now wholly owned by the Company. The Company s small molecule therapeutics efforts include the clinical development of three oral drug candidates that it acquired in October 2004, as well as a drug discovery operation conducted by the Subsidiary. The Company owns the rights to a portfolio of technologies, including ribonucleic acid interference (RNAi or gene silencing) technology in the treatment of specified diseases, including those within the areas of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS or Lou Gehrig s disease), obesity and type 2 diabetes and human cytomegalovirus (CMV), as well as a DNA-based HIV vaccine technology. In addition, the Company has entered into strategic alliances with third parties to develop several of the Company s other products.

On October 4, 2004, CytRx acquired all of the clinical and pharmaceutical and related intellectual property assets of Biorex Research & Development, RT, or Biorex, a Hungary-based company focused on the development of novel small molecules with broad therapeutic applications in neurology, diabetes and cardiology. The acquired assets include three oral, clinical stage drug candidates and a library of 500 small molecule drug candidates. The acquisition positions CytRx as a clinical-stage drug development company with a Phase II trial for ALS with one of its new compounds, arimoclomol, planned to be initiated subject to and promptly following the clearance of the clinical trial by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA. The Company anticipates that this trial could be initiated before the end of 2005 and possibly within the third quarter of this year.

To date, the Company has relied primarily upon selling equity securities and, to a lesser extent, upon payments from its strategic partners and licensees, to generate the funds needed to finance its operations. Management believes the Company s cash and cash equivalents balances at June 30, 2005 are sufficient to meet projected cash requirements into the second quarter of 2006. The Company will be required to obtain additional funding in order to execute its long-term business plans, although it does not currently have commitments from any third parties to provide it with capital. The Company cannot assure that additional funding will be available on favorable terms, or at all. If the Company fails to obtain significant additional funding when needed, it may not be able to execute its business plans and its business may suffer, which would have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2005 and for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 are unaudited, but include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring entries, which the Company s management believes to be necessary for a fair presentation of the periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. Balance sheet amounts as of December 31, 2004 have been derived from our audited financial statements as of that date, but do not include all of the footnote disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. for a complete presentation of our financial statements. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 financial statement presentation. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited financial statements in its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. The Company s operating results will fluctuate for the foreseeable future. Therefore, period-to-period comparisons should not be relied upon as predictive of the results in future periods.

2. Adoption of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) revised and issued SFAS 123, Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123(R)).

The Company is currently determining what impact the new statement will have on its results of operations and financial position for future periods. SFAS 123(R) eliminates the alternative of using the APB 25 intrinsic value method of accounting for stock options. This revised statement will require recognition of the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the fair value of the award at the grant date. This cost is required to be recognized over the vesting period of the award. The

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stock-based compensation table in Note 4 to the Company's financial statements illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to stock-based employee compensation. SFAS 123(R) is effective with respect to our financial statements as of the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins after June 15, 2005.

In March 2005, the SEC staff issued a Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB 107) which expressed views of the staff regarding the interaction between SFAS No. 123R and certain SEC rules and regulations and provide the staff's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment arrangements for public companies. In particular, SAB 107 provides guidance related to share-based payment transactions with non-employees, the transition from nonpublic to public entity status, valuation methods (including assumptions such as expected volatility and expected term), the accounting for certain redeemable financial instruments issued under share-based payment arrangements, the classification of compensation expense, non-GAAP financial measures, first-time adoption of SFAS No. 123R in an interim period, capitalization of compensation cost related to share-based payment arrangements, the accounting for income tax effects of share-based payment arrangements upon adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the modification of employee share options prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123R and disclosures in Management's Discussion and Analysis subsequent to adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

FAS 154 relates to the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle and applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principles. The reporting of corrections of an error by restating previously issued financial statements is also addressed by this statement. FAS 154 applies to pronouncements in the event they do not include specific transition provisions. When a pronouncement includes specific transition provisions, those provisions should be followed. FAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless the period specific effects or cumulative effects of an accounting change are impracticable to determine, in which case the new accounting principle is required to be applied to the assets and liabilities as of the earliest period practicable, with a corresponding adjustment made to opening retained earnings. Prior to FAS 154, most accounting changes were recorded effective at the beginning of the year of change, with the cumulative effect at the beginning of the year of change recorded as a charge or credit to earnings in the period a change was adopted. FAS 154 will be effective for us on accounting changes and corrections of errors beginning in 2006. FAS 154 does not change the transition provisions of any existing accounting pronouncements, including those that are in the transition phase as of the effective date of FAS 154.

3. Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted loss per common share are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Common share equivalents (which may consist of options and warrants) are excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share since the effect would be anti-dilutive. Common share equivalents which potentially could dilute basic earnings per share in the future, and which were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share, totaled approximately 24,890,000 and 10,425,000 shares at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

4. Stock Based Compensation

The Company uses the intrinsic value method of APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25), in accounting for its employee stock options, and presents disclosure of pro forma information required under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-based Compensation* (SFAS 123), as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure* (SFAS 148).

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The following table illustrates the effect on net loss and loss per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to stock-based employee compensation (amounts in thousands except per share data):

	(restated) Three Months Ended June 30,		(restated) Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net loss, as reported	\$ (4,509)	\$ (4,061)	\$ (8,036)	\$ (7,835)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net loss				
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair-value based method for all awards	(350)	(483)	(657)	(812)
Pro forma net loss	\$ (4,859)	\$ (4,544)	\$ (8,693)	\$ (8,647)
Loss per share, as reported (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.23)
Loss per share, pro forma (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.25)

5. Liquidity and Capital Resources

Based on the Company's currently planned level of expenditures, it believes that has adequate working capital to allow it to operate at its currently planned levels into the second quarter of 2006. The Company is pursuing several sources of potential capital, although it does not currently have commitments from any third parties to provide capital. The Company will be required to obtain significant additional funding in order to execute its business plans. Certain recent developments, including the FDA's placing the Company's arimoclomol Phase II trial on clinical hold and the Company's receipt of notice from the Nasdaq Stock Market that the Company's shares will be subject to delisting from Nasdaq if the Company's shares do not satisfy that market's minimum bid price requirement, may adversely affect the Company's ability to obtain its required financing or the terms or timing of securing that financing.

6. Equity Transactions

On January 20, 2005, the Company completed a \$21.3 million private equity financing in which it issued 17,334,494 shares of its common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 8,667,247 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. Net of investment banking commissions, legal, accounting and other fees related to the transaction, the Company received proceeds of approximately \$19.4 million. In connection with the financing, the Company adjusted the price and number of underlying shares of warrants to purchase approximately 2.8 million shares that had been issued in prior equity financings in May and September 2003. The adjustment was made as a result of antidilution provisions in those warrants that were triggered by the Company's issuance of common stock in that financing at a price below the closing market price on the date of the transaction. Consistent with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue (EITF) No. 98-5, *Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios*, and EITF 00-27, *Application of 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments*, the Company accounted for the antidilution adjustments as deemed dividends, which were recorded as an approximately \$1.1 million charge to retained earnings and a corresponding credit to additional paid-in capital.

In addition, during the three-month period ended March 31, 2005, the Company received \$252,000 upon the exercise of stock options and warrants and approximately \$158,000 upon the sale of shares of its common stock.

On June 30, 2005, the Company issued 650,000 shares of its common stock to Dr. Michael Czech as part of a transaction in which the Company purchased Dr. Czech's 5% interest in the Subsidiary, which, as a result of the purchase, is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of CytRx. The purchase of Dr. Czech's interest in the Subsidiary was consummated pursuant to the terms of a Stockholders Agreement dated September 17, 2003, by and among CytRx, the Subsidiary and Dr. Czech, 300,000 of the shares of CytRx common stock issued to Dr. Czech were unrestricted and in exchange for his 5% interest in the Subsidiary. That stock was valued at \$0.91 per share for financial statement

purposes. The transaction was accounted for using purchase accounting, and resulted in \$184,000 of goodwill for financial statement purposes, which represents the difference between the market value of the 300,000 unrestricted shares issued to Dr. Czech and the fair value of the minority interest at June 30, 2005.

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The remaining 350,000 shares of CytRx common stock issued to Dr. Czech are restricted and will vest subject to the occurrence of certain events set forth in a Restricted Stock Agreement dated June 30, 2005, by and between Dr. Czech and CytRx.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company did not receive any funds from the exercise of stock options and warrants.

7. Subsequent Event

In July 2005, the Company amended its Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of its common stock from 100,000,000 to 125,000,000 shares.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) as of June 30, 2005, the end of the period covered by our original Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer previously concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2005 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2005 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Subsequently, in conjunction with the preparation of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, identified deficiencies, discussed below, that it considered to be material weaknesses in the effectiveness of our internal controls over footnote disclosures of stock-based compensation and accounting for certain antidilution adjustments to our outstanding warrants. Pursuant to standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, a material weakness is a significant deficiency or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be presented or detected.

In calculating pro forma amounts relating to our stock-based compensation for inclusion in our stock-based compensation footnote, we inadvertently utilized data relating to stock options granted to non-employees, rather than employee stock option data as called for by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. In March 2006, we purchased new, more sophisticated software for accounting for stock options, which we first implemented in connection with the preparation of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006. With the help of the new software, we were able to discover required adjustments in our historical calculations of these pro forma amounts.

Certain of our outstanding warrants to purchase common stock contain provisions for antidilution adjustments based upon sales of our common stock or common stock equivalents at an effective price per share below the prevailing market price of our common stock at the time of the sale. In January 2005 and recently in March 2006, we completed private placement transactions which triggered these antidilution adjustments to the warrants in question.

We accounted for these antidilution adjustments in accordance with SFAS No. 150, *Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments With Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity*. In connection with the preparation of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006, management reevaluated our historical accounting for these antidilution adjustments. Based upon our reevaluation, management determined that these antidilution adjustments should be accounted for by analogy to the guidance provided by Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 98-5, *Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios*, and EITF 00-27, *Application of 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments*, rather than under SFAS No. 150. Under the guidance provided in EITF 98-5 and EITF 00-27, these adjustments are treated as a deemed dividend and recorded as a decrease in retained earnings (i.e., an increase in our retained deficit) and a corresponding increase in additional paid-in capital.

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As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), as of the end of March 31, 2006, the period covered by our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the

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effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, and solely because of the corrections referred to above, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded in retrospect that our disclosure controls and procedures over the disclosure of stock-based compensation in accordance with SFAS No. 123 and accounting for antidilution adjustments to our outstanding warrants were not effective as of December 31, 2005 and as of the end of each quarter since the first quarter of 2005.

We are in the process of reviewing and strengthening our internal control procedures, and intend to pursue actions to ensure the effectiveness of all aspects of our controls related to the recording and disclosure of stock-based compensation and antidilution adjustment to outstanding warrants and other securities. Such actions include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

1. Fully implement our new software for accounting for stock options;
2. Re-assign certain duties related to the input and maintenance of stock options records; and
3. Enhanced internal review of all stock-based compensation awards and other equity transactions.

We are continuing our efforts to improve and strengthen our control processes and procedures to fully remedy this material deficiency and to ensure that all of our controls and procedures are adequate and effective. Any failure to implement and maintain improvements in the controls over our financial reporting could cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations under the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations. Any failure to improve our internal controls to address the weakness we have identified could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a negative impact on the trading price of our common stock.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the accompanying Index to Exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this amendment to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CYTRX CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: May 19, 2006

By: /s/ MATTHEW NATALIZIO
Matthew Natalizio
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1*	x Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated May 17, 2005 between CytRx Corporation and Steven A. Kriegsman
10.2*	x Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated May 17, 2005 between CytRx Corporation and Matthew Natalizio
10.3*	x Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated May 17, 2005 between CytRx Corporation and Dr. Jack Barber
10.4*	x Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated May 17, 2005 between CytRx Corporation and Benjamin S. Levin
10.5*	x Schedule of Non-Employee Director Compensation adopted on July 18, 2005
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 7241, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 15 U.S.C. Section 7241, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	x Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	x Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

* Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

x Previously filed.