

DARDEN RESTAURANTS INC
Form 10-Q
March 30, 2015
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended February 22, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
1-13666

Commission File Number
DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida 59-3305930
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1000 Darden Center Drive 32837
Orlando, Florida
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

407-245-4000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of March 13, 2015: 125,792,432 (excluding 1,270,694 shares held in our treasury).

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Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements set forth in or incorporated into this report regarding the expected net increase in the number of our restaurants, U.S. same-restaurant sales, total sales growth, food and beverage expenses, restaurant labor expenses, restaurant expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses, depreciation expenses, diluted net earnings per share growth and capital expenditures in fiscal 2015, potential monetization of our real estate and all other statements that are not historical facts, including without limitation statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of Darden Restaurants, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are preceded by, followed by or that include words such as “may,” “will,” “expect,” “intend,” “anticipate,” “continue,” “estimate,” “project,” “believe,” “plan” or similar expressions, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This statement is included for purposes of complying with the safe harbor provisions of that Act. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and we undertake no obligation to update such statements for any reason to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. The most significant of these uncertainties are described in Darden's Form 10-K, Form 10-Q (including this report) and Form 8-K reports.

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PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(In millions, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Sales | \$1,730.9 | \$1,618.5 | \$4,885.7 | \$4,635.5 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of sales: | | | | |
| Food and beverage | 530.7 | 485.5 | 1,518.2 | 1,386.6 |
| Restaurant labor | 535.6 | 508.9 | 1,550.7 | 1,491.9 |
| Restaurant expenses | 276.0 | 271.4 | 825.7 | 795.9 |
| Total cost of sales, excluding restaurant depreciation and amortization of \$73.8, \$70.8, \$219.8 and \$209.8, respectively | \$1,342.3 | \$1,265.8 | \$3,894.6 | \$3,674.4 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 134.2 | 154.2 | 484.6 | 494.3 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 79.6 | 76.3 | 238.4 | 226.0 |
| Interest, net | 23.3 | 33.1 | 168.3 | 98.8 |
| Asset impairment, net | 4.4 | — | 51.0 | 1.2 |
| Total costs and expenses | \$1,583.8 | \$1,529.4 | \$4,836.9 | \$4,494.7 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 147.1 | 89.1 | 48.8 | 140.8 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 18.7 | 2.5 | (29.5) | 5.9 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$128.4 | \$86.6 | \$78.3 | \$134.9 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense of \$3.1, \$9.4, \$322.4 and \$22.6, respectively | 5.4 | 23.1 | 525.9 | 64.8 |
| Net earnings | \$133.8 | \$109.7 | \$604.2 | \$199.7 |
| Basic net earnings per share: | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$1.03 | \$0.66 | \$0.61 | \$1.03 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | 0.04 | 0.18 | 4.10 | 0.50 |
| Net earnings | \$1.07 | \$0.84 | \$4.71 | \$1.53 |
| Diluted net earnings per share: | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$1.01 | \$0.65 | \$0.60 | \$1.02 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | 0.04 | 0.17 | 4.04 | 0.48 |
| Net earnings | \$1.05 | \$0.82 | \$4.64 | \$1.50 |
| Average number of common shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 124.6 | 131.3 | 128.2 | 130.7 |
| Diluted | 126.9 | 133.4 | 130.1 | 132.9 |
| Dividends declared per common share | \$0.55 | \$0.55 | \$1.65 | \$1.65 |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | |
| Net earnings | \$133.8 | \$109.7 | \$604.2 | \$199.7 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | |
| Foreign currency adjustment | (2.0 |) (1.7 |) 3.5 | (3.6 |) |
| Change in fair value of marketable securities, net of taxes of \$0.0, \$0.0, \$0.0 and \$(0.1), respectively | — | — | — | (0.1 |) |
| Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization of unrecognized gains and losses on derivatives, net of taxes of \$1.0, \$1.3, \$16.9 and \$3.4, respectively | 3.0 | — | 30.4 | 3.7 | |
| Net unamortized gain arising during period, including amortization of unrecognized net actuarial loss, net of taxes of \$0.6, \$1.0, \$10.4, and \$3.0, respectively | 1.0 | 1.6 | 16.4 | 4.8 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | \$2.0 | \$(0.1 |) \$50.3 | \$4.8 | |
| Total comprehensive income | \$135.8 | \$109.6 | \$654.5 | \$204.5 | |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In millions)

| | February 22, 2015 (Unaudited) | May 25, 2014 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$436.2 | \$98.3 |
| Receivables, net | 64.0 | 83.8 |
| Inventories | 172.8 | 196.8 |
| Prepaid income taxes | 15.5 | 10.9 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 73.5 | 72.3 |
| Deferred income taxes | 174.5 | 124.0 |
| Assets held for sale | 45.4 | 1,390.3 |
| Total current assets | \$981.9 | \$1,976.4 |
| Land, buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$2,258.3 and \$2,050.2, respectively | 3,288.5 | 3,381.0 |
| Goodwill | 872.4 | 872.5 |
| Trademarks | 574.6 | 574.6 |
| Other assets | 285.5 | 296.2 |
| Total assets | \$6,002.9 | \$7,100.7 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$186.0 | \$233.1 |
| Short-term debt | — | 207.6 |
| Accrued payroll | 125.7 | 125.7 |
| Accrued income taxes | 116.3 | — |
| Other accrued taxes | 49.1 | 64.5 |
| Unearned revenues | 379.8 | 299.7 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Other current liabilities | 478.9 | 457.4 |
| Liabilities associated with assets held for sale | — | 215.5 |
| Total current liabilities | \$1,350.8 | \$1,618.5 |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | 1,461.7 | 2,481.4 |
| Deferred income taxes | 321.0 | 286.1 |
| Deferred rent | 221.0 | 206.2 |
| Obligations under capital leases, net of current installments | 50.1 | 52.0 |
| Other liabilities | 360.5 | 299.6 |
| Total liabilities | \$3,765.1 | \$4,943.8 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock and surplus | \$1,338.8 | \$1,302.2 |
| Retained earnings | 989.0 | 995.8 |
| Treasury stock | (7.8) | (7.8) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (77.8) | (128.1) |
| Unearned compensation | (4.4) | (5.2) |
| Total stockholders' equity | \$2,237.8 | \$2,156.9 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$6,002.9 | \$7,100.7 |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

| | Common Stock And Surplus | Retained Earnings | Treasury Stock | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Unearned Compensation | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance at May 25, 2014 | \$ 1,302.2 | \$995.8 | \$(7.8) | \$(128.1) | \$(5.2) | \$2,156.9 |
| Net earnings | — | 604.2 | — | — | — | 604.2 |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | 50.3 | — | 50.3 |
| Dividends declared | — | (211.2) | — | — | — | (211.2) |
| Stock option exercises (2.8 shares) | 103.1 | — | — | — | — | 103.1 |
| Stock-based compensation | 21.3 | — | — | — | — | 21.3 |
| ESOP note receivable repayments | — | — | — | — | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Income tax benefits credited to equity | 9.1 | — | — | — | — | 9.1 |
| Repurchases of common stock (10.0 shares) | (102.5) | (399.8) | — | — | — | (502.3) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans (0.1 shares) | 5.6 | — | — | — | — | 5.6 |
| Balance at February 22, 2015 | \$ 1,338.8 | \$989.0 | \$(7.8) | \$(77.8) | \$(4.4) | \$2,237.8 |
| Balance at May 26, 2013 | \$ 1,207.6 | \$998.9 | \$(8.1) | \$(132.8) | \$(6.1) | \$2,059.5 |
| Net earnings | — | 199.7 | — | — | — | 199.7 |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | 4.8 | — | 4.8 |
| Dividends declared | — | (216.2) | — | — | — | (216.2) |
| Stock option exercises (1.4 shares) | 38.1 | — | 0.3 | — | — | 38.4 |
| Stock-based compensation | 20.4 | — | — | — | — | 20.4 |
| ESOP note receivable repayments | — | — | — | — | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Income tax benefits credited to equity | 9.5 | — | — | — | — | 9.5 |
| Repurchases of common stock (0.0 shares) | (0.1) | (0.4) | — | — | — | (0.5) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans (0.1 shares) | 5.4 | — | — | — | — | 5.4 |
| Balance at February 23, 2014 | \$ 1,280.9 | \$982.0 | \$(7.8) | \$(128.0) | \$(5.4) | \$2,121.7 |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Cash flows—operating activities | | |
| Net earnings | \$604.2 | \$199.7 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax | (525.9 |) (64.8 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings from continuing operations to cash flows: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 238.4 | 226.0 |
| Asset impairment charges | 51.0 | 1.2 |
| Amortization of loan costs and losses on interest-rate related derivatives | 6.7 | 10.3 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 41.3 | 33.2 |
| Change in current assets and liabilities | 34.0 | 87.3 |
| Contributions to pension and postretirement plans | (1.1 |) (0.9 |
| (Gain) loss on disposal of land, buildings and equipment | (0.6 |) 5.3 |
| Change in cash surrender value of trust-owned life insurance | (5.8 |) (10.7 |
| Deferred income taxes | (0.4 |) (21.7 |
| Change in deferred rent | 17.2 | 22.2 |
| Change in other assets and liabilities | 6.3 | 15.8 |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | 91.3 | — |
| Income tax benefits from exercise of stock-based compensation credited to goodwill | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Other, net | (0.7 |) 3.4 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations | \$556.0 | \$506.4 |
| Cash flows—investing activities | | |
| Purchases of land, buildings and equipment | (230.1 |) (337.5 |
| Proceeds from disposal of land, buildings and equipment | 24.8 | 1.6 |
| Purchases of marketable securities | — | (3.0 |
| Proceeds from sale of marketable securities | 9.7 | 8.7 |
| Increase in other assets | (13.2 |) (19.7 |
| Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations | \$(208.8 |) \$(349.9 |
| Cash flows—financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 107.1 | 43.8 |
| Income tax benefits credited to equity | 9.1 | 9.5 |
| Dividends paid | (209.3 |) (215.7 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (502.3 |) (0.5 |
| ESOP note receivable repayment | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Proceeds from issuance of short-term debt | 397.4 | 1,832.8 |
| Repayments of short-term debt | (605.0 |) (1,815.8 |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (1,065.9 |) — |
| Payment of debt issuance costs | — | (1.4 |
| Principal payments on capital leases | (1.7 |) (1.5 |
| Proceeds from financing lease obligation | 93.1 | — |
| Net cash used in financing activities of continuing operations | \$(1,776.7 |) \$(148.1 |
| Cash flows—discontinued operations | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities of discontinued operations | (216.6 |) 160.3 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations | 1,984.0 | (129.9 |

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| | | |
|---|-----------|---------|
| Net cash provided by discontinued operations | \$1,767.4 | \$30.4 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 337.9 | 38.8 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period | 98.3 | 88.2 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - end of period | \$436.2 | \$127.0 |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)
 (In millions)
 (Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Cash flows from changes in current assets and liabilities | | |
| Receivables, net | 18.7 | 16.7 |
| Inventories | 55.6 | (34.2) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | (5.0) | 1.5) |
| Accounts payable | (43.5) | 23.3) |
| Accrued payroll | 8.0 | 3.5 |
| Prepaid/accrued income taxes | (55.7) | (7.3) |
| Other accrued taxes | (2.3) | (2.5) |
| Unearned revenues | 75.0 | 63.1 |
| Other current liabilities | (16.8) | 23.2) |
| Change in current assets and liabilities | \$34.0 | \$87.3 |
| | | |
| Supplemental schedule of noncash investing activities: | | |
| Increase in land, buildings and equipment through accrued purchases | \$18.9 | \$34.2 |

See accompanying notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

Darden Restaurants, Inc. (we, our, Darden or the Company) owns and operates full-service dining restaurants in the United States and Canada under the trade names Olive Garden®, LongHorn Steakhouse®, The Capital Grille®, Yard House®, Bahama Breeze®, Seasons 52®, Eddie V's Prime Seafood® and Wildfish Seafood Grille®. We have prepared these consolidated financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally presented in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature. We operate on a 52/53 week fiscal year, which ends on the last Sunday in May and our fiscal year ending May 31, 2015 will contain 53 weeks of operation.

Operating results for the quarter ended February 22, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2015.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes to consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 25, 2014. The accounting policies used in preparing these consolidated financial statements are the same as those described in our Form 10-K.

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of sales and costs and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Red Lobster Sale

On May 15, 2014, we entered into an agreement to sell Red Lobster and certain related assets and associated liabilities and closed on the sale on July 28, 2014. For the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, all gains on disposition, impairment charges and disposal costs, along with the sales, costs and expenses and income taxes attributable to Red Lobster and two closed synergy locations, have been aggregated in a single caption entitled "Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense" in our consolidated statements of earnings for all periods presented. See Note 2 - Dispositions for additional information.

Note 2. Dispositions

On July 28, 2014, we closed on the sale of 705 Red Lobster restaurants, however, as of February 22, 2015, 17 of the properties remain subject to landlord consents and satisfaction of other contractual requirements, which are expected to be satisfied within the next six months. Therefore, the assets of these remaining restaurants continue to be classified as held for sale and recognition of the gain on the related proceeds was deferred. The proceeds of approximately \$53.2 million associated with landlord consents are classified as other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet as of February 22, 2015. As the landlord consents and remaining contractual requirements are satisfied, we will derecognize the related assets and record the commensurate gain on the transaction. In conjunction with the sale of Red Lobster, there were 19 locations where Red Lobster shared a land parcel with another Darden brand. The land and related buildings for these 19 Darden locations were included in the sale transaction and simultaneously leased back to Darden. The proceeds associated with the sale of these properties are classified as a financing lease obligation on our consolidated balance sheet as a component of other liabilities and the associated lease payments will amortize the obligation over the life of the properties. Additionally, in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, in connection with the expected sale of Red Lobster, we closed two of the six restaurants that housed both a Red Lobster and an Olive Garden in the same building (synergy restaurants). In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we completed the conversion of

the four remaining synergy restaurants to stand-alone Olive Garden restaurants.

As of February 22, 2015, we received \$2.08 billion in cash proceeds, net of transaction-related costs of approximately \$29.3 million. During the nine months ended February 22, 2015, we recognized a gain on the sale of Red Lobster of \$825.9 million, which is included in earnings from discontinued operations in our consolidated statement of earnings. For the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, all gains on disposition, impairment charges and disposal costs, along with the sales, costs and expenses and income taxes attributable to these restaurants, have been aggregated in a single caption entitled "Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense" in our consolidated statements of earnings for all periods presented. No amounts for shared general and administrative operating support expense or interest expense were allocated to discontinued operations. Assets associated with those restaurants not yet disposed of, that are considered held for sale, have been segregated from continuing operations and presented as assets held for sale on our

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

accompanying consolidated balance sheets. In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360), Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This update modifies the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. Under the amendments in ASU 2014-08, the definition of discontinued operation has been modified to only include those disposals of an entity that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. This update also expands the disclosure requirements for disposals that meet the definition of a discontinued operation and requires entities to disclose information about disposals of individually significant components that do not meet the definition of discontinued operations. We elected to early adopt these provisions in the third quarter of fiscal 2015. Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes in our accompanying consolidated statements of earnings are comprised of the following:

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Sales | \$— | \$614.5 | \$400.4 | \$1,805.9 |
| Total cost of sales | (0.6 |) 495.0 | 324.0 | 1,457.8 |
| Selling, general and administrative (1) | (7.9 |) 54.8 | (772.1 |) 164.8 |
| Depreciation and amortization | — | 32.2 | 0.2 | 95.9 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 8.5 | 32.5 | 848.3 | 87.4 |
| Income tax expense | 3.1 | 9.4 | 322.4 | 22.6 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$5.4 | \$23.1 | \$525.9 | \$64.8 |

(1) Amounts for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015 include the gain recognized on the sale of Red Lobster.

The following table presents the carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale on our accompanying consolidated balance sheets:

| (in millions) | February 22, 2015 | May 25, 2014 |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Current assets | \$— | \$241.0 |
| Land, buildings and equipment, net | 45.4 | 1,084.8 |
| Other assets | — | 64.5 |
| Total assets | \$45.4 | \$1,390.3 |
| Current liabilities | \$— | \$130.6 |
| Other liabilities | — | 84.9 |
| Total liabilities | \$— | \$215.5 |

During the quarter ended February 22, 2015, we divested all of our interest in our lobster aquaculture activities and we have no further commitments or obligations with respect to such activities. This divestiture did not represent a strategic shift in our operations, and, accordingly, it did not meet the definition to be reported as a discontinued operation.

Note 3. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

(in millions) Nine Months Ended

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| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized | \$107.9 | \$66.0 |
| Income taxes paid, net of refunds | 203.7 | 63.5 |

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the nine months ended February 22, 2015, interest paid includes payments associated with the retirement of long-term debt (see Note 14 - Long-Term Debt for further information), of \$44.0 million in addition to \$12.8 million of interest accrued through the date of the retirement. For the nine months ended February 22, 2015, income taxes paid includes tax payments associated with the gain on the sale of Red Lobster.

Note 4. Stock-Based Compensation

We grant stock options for a fixed number of shares to certain employees and directors with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. We also grant restricted stock, restricted stock units, and performance stock units with a fair value determined based on our closing stock price on the date of grant. In addition, we also grant cash settled stock units (Darden Stock Units) and cash settled performance stock units, which are classified as liabilities and are marked to market as of the end of each period.

The weighted-average fair value of non-qualified stock options and the related assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model were as follows:

| | Stock Options Granted Nine Months Ended | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|---|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | | |
| Weighted-average fair value | \$10.59 | \$12.05 | | |
| Dividend yield | 4.5 | % 4.4 | | % |
| Expected volatility of stock | 37.3 | % 39.6 | | % |
| Risk-free interest rate | 2.1 | % 1.9 | | % |
| Expected option life (in years) | 6.5 | 6.4 | | |

The following table presents a summary of our stock-based compensation activity for the nine months ended February 22, 2015:

| (in millions) | Stock Options | Restricted Stock/ Restricted Stock Units | Darden Stock Units | Performance Stock Units |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Outstanding beginning of period | 11.2 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| Awards granted | 1.2 | — | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Awards exercised | (2.8 |) (0.1 |) (0.4 |) (0.1 |
| Awards forfeited | (0.4 |) — | (0.7 |) (0.2 |
| Performance unit adjustment | — | — | — | 0.3 |
| Outstanding end of period | 9.2 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 0.4 |

We recognized expense from stock-based compensation as follows:

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Stock options (1) | \$2.4 | \$3.6 | \$17.1 | \$15.1 |
| Restricted stock/restricted stock units (1) | 0.5 | (0.3 |) 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Darden stock units | 4.1 | 2.2 | 8.9 | 10.1 |
| Performance stock units (1) | 3.6 | 0.2 | 11.6 | 4.3 |
| Employee stock purchase plan | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.4 |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Director compensation program/other | 0.5 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| Total stock-based compensation expense | \$11.4 | \$6.3 | \$41.3 | \$33.2 |

(1) The increase for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 is primarily attributable to the workforce reduction efforts further discussed in Note 12.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

As of the effective date of the Red Lobster sale, all outstanding, unvested stock options, restricted stock and Darden stock units held by Darden employees that transferred to Red Lobster were either vested on a pro-rata basis or canceled. Approximately 23.7 thousand performance stock units remain outstanding and are expected to be settled on a pro-rata basis on the scheduled dates in the first quarter of fiscal 2016 and 2017 when the applicable performance factors are determined.

Our stock plan award agreements in place prior to October 2014 contain a change-in-control provision, where, following a change-in-control, the awards fully vest upon a qualifying termination. Following our 2014 annual meeting of shareholders, qualifying terminations during the 24-month period ending October 2016 will require all unvested awards granted prior to the 2014 annual meeting to be immediately vested.

Note 5. Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015 was 12.7 percent and (60.5) percent, respectively, compared to an effective income tax rate of 2.8 percent and 4.2 percent for the quarter and nine months ended February 23, 2014, respectively. The change in the effective income tax rate for the quarter ended February 22, 2015 as compared to the quarter ended February 23, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in earnings before income taxes. The change in the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended February 23, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in the impact of FICA tax credits for employee reported tips on lower earnings before income taxes resulting from significant charges from debt breakage costs, asset impairments and workforce reduction costs. Excluding the impact of these costs, the related tax benefits and other discrete items, our effective income tax rate for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 would have been approximately 19.5 percent.

Included in our remaining balance of unrecognized tax benefits is \$30.0 million related to tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts could change within the next twelve months based on the outcome of examinations or as a result of the expiration of the statute of limitations for specific jurisdictions.

Note 6. Net Earnings per Share

Outstanding stock options and restricted stock granted by us represent the only dilutive effect reflected in diluted weighted average shares outstanding. Stock options and restricted stock do not impact the numerator of the diluted net earnings per share computation. Stock options and restricted stock excluded from the calculation of diluted net earnings per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive, are as follows:

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Anti-dilutive stock options and restricted stock | — | 4.5 | 1.5 | 4.1 |

Note 7. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Program

In July 2014, as part of the previously authorized share repurchase program, we entered into accelerated share repurchase (ASR) agreements with Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (Dealers). The ASR program provided for the repurchase of an aggregate of \$500.0 million of our common stock. Under the ASR agreements, we paid an aggregate of \$500.0 million to the Dealers in August 2014 and received an initial delivery of approximately 8.6 million shares on October 1, 2014. In December 2014, the ASR program was completed and we received the final delivery of approximately 1.3 million shares. The total number of shares we purchased in connection with the ASR transactions was based on a combined discounted volume-weighted average price (VWAP) of \$50.12 per share which was determined based on the average of the daily VWAP of our common stock over the duration of the program, less an agreed discount. Upon receipt, the repurchased shares were retired and restored to

authorized but unissued shares of common stock.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (AOCI)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, for the quarters ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014 are as follows:

| (in millions) | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Marketable Securities | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Derivatives | Benefit Plan Funding Position | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Balance at November 23, 2014 | \$0.8 | \$0.1 | \$(23.0) | \$(57.7) | \$(79.8) |
| Gain (loss) | (2.0) | — | 1.4 | — | (0.6) |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | — | — | 1.6 | 1.0 | 2.6 |
| Balance at February 22, 2015 | \$(1.2) | \$0.1 | \$(20.0) | \$(56.7) | \$(77.8) |
| Balance at November 24, 2013 | \$(3.7) | \$0.1 | \$(50.1) | \$(74.2) | \$(127.9) |
| Gain (loss) | (1.7) | — | (1.1) | — | (2.8) |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | — | — | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.7 |
| Balance at February 23, 2014 | \$(5.4) | \$0.1 | \$(50.1) | \$(72.6) | \$(128.0) |

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014 are as follows:

| (in millions) | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Marketable Securities | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Derivatives | Benefit Plan Funding Position | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Balance at May 25, 2014 | \$(4.7) | \$0.1 | \$(50.4) | \$(73.1) | \$(128.1) |
| Gain (loss) | (3.8) | — | 2.1 | 14.6 | 12.9 |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | 7.3 | — | 28.3 | 1.8 | 37.4 |
| Balance at February 22, 2015 | \$(1.2) | \$0.1 | \$(20.0) | \$(56.7) | \$(77.8) |
| Balance at May 26, 2013 | \$(1.8) | \$0.2 | \$(53.8) | \$(77.4) | \$(132.8) |
| Gain (loss) | (3.6) | (0.1) | (1.6) | — | (5.3) |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | — | — | 5.3 | 4.8 | 10.1 |
| Balance at February 23, 2014 | \$(5.4) | \$0.1 | \$(50.1) | \$(72.6) | \$(128.0) |

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

The following table presents the amounts and line items in our consolidated statements of earnings where adjustments reclassified from AOCI into net earnings were recorded:

| (in millions) | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings | Amount Reclassified from AOCI into Net Earnings | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| AOCI Components | | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Derivatives | | | | | |
| Commodity contracts | (1) | \$— | \$0.6 | — | (0.1) |
| Equity contracts | (2) | — | — | (0.9) | (0.7) |
| Interest rate contracts | Interest, net | (2.5) | (2.6) | (44.4) | (7.8) |
| Foreign currency contracts | (2) | — | 0.2 | — | 0.5 |
| Total before tax | | \$(2.5) | \$(1.8) | \$(45.3) | \$(8.1) |
| Tax benefit | | 0.9 | 0.7 | 17.0 | 2.8 |
| Net of tax | | \$(1.6) | \$(1.1) | \$(28.3) | \$(5.3) |
| Benefit plan funding position | | | | | |
| Recognized net actuarial loss - pension/postretirement plans | (3) | \$(0.6) | \$(2.2) | \$(1.9) | \$(6.8) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss - other plans(4) | | (1.0) | (0.4) | (1.3) | (1.0) |
| Total before tax | | \$(1.6) | \$(2.6) | \$(3.2) | \$(7.8) |
| Tax benefit | | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
| Net of tax | | \$(1.0) | \$(1.6) | \$(1.8) | \$(4.8) |

(1) Primarily included in cost of sales. See Note 9 for additional details.

(2) Primarily included in cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 9 for additional details.

(3) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit costs - pension and postretirement plans, which is a component of restaurant labor expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses. See Note 8 for additional details.

(4) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit costs - other plans, which is a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

Note 8. Retirement Plans

Components of net periodic benefit cost are as follows:

| (in millions) | Defined Benefit Plans | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Service cost | \$0.4 | \$1.1 | \$0.9 | \$3.3 |
| Interest cost | 2.5 | 2.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (3.8) | (4.3) | (11.4) | (12.9) |
| Recognized net actuarial loss | 0.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 6.8 |
| Net periodic benefit (credit) cost | \$(0.3) | \$1.6 | \$(1.1) | \$4.9 |

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

| (in millions) | Postretirement Benefit Plan | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Service cost | \$0.1 | \$0.2 | \$0.4 | \$0.6 |
| Interest cost | — | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Unrecognized prior service cost | (1.6 |) — | (1.6 |) — |
| Recognized net actuarial loss | 0.3 | — | 0.6 | — |
| Net periodic benefit (credit) cost | \$(1.2 |) \$0.6 | \$0.2 | \$1.6 |

During the second quarter of fiscal 2015, the retiree health care plan was changed from a self-insured plan to a retiree health exchange with a subsidy to eligible participants through a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA). As a result of these changes, the plan was remeasured resulting in a \$23.7 million pre-tax reduction in the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation which is reflected as a prior year service credit. This credit is being amortized into expense over the expected remaining service period of the fully eligible active participant population and is expected to reduce fiscal 2015 expense by \$3.4 million.

Note 9. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We enter into derivative instruments solely for risk management purposes, including derivatives designated as hedging instruments as required by ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and those utilized as economic hedges. We use financial and commodities derivatives to manage interest rate, compensation and commodities pricing and foreign currency exchange rate risks inherent in our business operations. To the extent our cash-flow hedging instruments are effective in offsetting the variability of the hedged cash flows, and otherwise meet the cash flow hedge accounting criteria required by ASC Topic 815, changes in the derivatives' fair value are not included in current earnings but are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. These changes in fair value will be reclassified into earnings at the time of the forecasted transaction. Ineffectiveness measured in the hedging relationship is recorded currently in earnings in the period in which it occurs. To the extent our fair-value hedging instruments are effective in mitigating changes in fair value, and otherwise meet the fair value hedge accounting criteria required by ASC Topic 815, gains and losses in the derivatives' fair value are included in current earnings, as are the gains and losses of the related hedged item. To the extent the hedge accounting criteria are not met, the derivative contracts are utilized as economic hedges and changes in the fair value of such contracts are recorded currently in earnings in the period in which they occur.

By using these instruments, we expose ourselves, from time to time, to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. We minimize this credit risk by entering into transactions with high quality counterparties. We currently do not have any provisions in our agreements with counterparties that would require either party to hold or post collateral in the event that the market value of the related derivative instrument exceeds a certain limit. As such, the maximum amount of loss due to counterparty credit risk we would incur at February 22, 2015, if counterparties to the derivative instruments failed completely to perform, would approximate the values of derivative instruments currently recognized as assets in our consolidated balance sheet. Market risk is the adverse effect on the value of a financial instrument that results from a change in interest rates, commodity prices, currency prices, or the market price of our common stock. We minimize this market risk by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken. We are currently party to interest-rate swap agreements with \$200.0 million of notional value to limit the risk of changes in fair value of \$100.0 million of the \$121.9 million 4.500 percent senior notes due October 2021 and \$100.0

million of the \$500.0 million 6.200 percent senior notes due October 2017. The swap agreements effectively swap the fixed-rate obligations for floating-rate obligations, thereby mitigating changes in fair value of the related debt prior to maturity. The swap agreements were designated as fair value hedges of the related debt and met the requirements to be accounted for under the short-cut method, resulting in no ineffectiveness in the hedging relationship. During each of the quarters ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, \$0.5 million was recorded as a reduction to interest expense related to the net swap settlements. During the nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, \$2.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, was recorded as a reduction to interest expense related to the net swap settlements.

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(Unaudited)

We enter into equity forward contracts to hedge the risk of changes in future cash flows associated with the unvested, unrecognized Darden stock units. The equity forward contracts will be settled at the end of the vesting periods of their underlying Darden stock units, which range between four and five years. The contracts were initially designated as cash flow hedges to the extent the Darden stock units are unvested and, therefore, unrecognized as a liability in our financial statements. As of February 22, 2015, we were party to equity forward contracts that were indexed to 0.8 million shares of our common stock, at varying forward rates between \$31.19 per share and \$52.66 per share, extending through August 2018. The forward contracts can only be net settled in cash. As the Darden stock units vest, we will de-designate that portion of the equity forward contract that no longer qualifies for hedge accounting and changes in fair value associated with that portion of the equity forward contract will be recognized in current earnings. We periodically incur interest on the notional value of the contracts and receive dividends on the underlying shares. These amounts are recognized currently in earnings as they are incurred.

We entered into equity forward contracts to hedge the risk of changes in future cash flows associated with cash-settled performance stock units and employee-directed investments in Darden stock within the non-qualified deferred compensation plan. The equity forward contracts are indexed to 0.2 million shares of our common stock at forward rates between \$46.17 and \$51.95 per share, can only be net settled in cash and expire between fiscal 2016 and 2019. We did not elect hedge accounting with the expectation that changes in the fair value of the equity forward contracts would offset changes in the fair value of the performance stock units and Darden stock investments in the non-qualified deferred compensation plan within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of earnings.

The notional values and fair value of our derivative contracts are as follows:

| (in millions) | Notional Values | | Balance Sheet Location | Derivative Assets | | Derivative Liabilities | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | May 25, 2014 | | February 22, 2015 | May 25, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | May 25, 2014 |
| Derivative contracts designated as hedging instruments | | | | | | | |
| Commodity contracts | \$— | \$0.9 | (1) | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Equity forwards | 13.6 | 20.6 | (1) | 0.2 | — | — | (0.5) |
| Interest rate related | 200.0 | 200.0 | (1) | 2.2 | 1.6 | — | — |
| Foreign currency forwards | — | 0.3 | (1) | — | 0.1 | — | — |
| | | | | \$2.4 | \$1.7 | \$— | \$(0.5) |
| Derivative contracts not designated as hedging instruments | | | | | | | |
| Equity forwards | \$49.6 | \$47.4 | (1) | 0.6 | — | — | (1.2) |
| | | | | \$0.6 | \$— | \$— | \$(1.2) |
| Total derivative contracts | | | | \$3.0 | \$1.7 | \$— | \$(1.7) |

(1) Derivative assets and liabilities are included in receivables, net, prepaid expenses and other current assets and other current liabilities, as applicable, on our consolidated balance sheets.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

The effects of derivative instruments in cash flow hedging relationships in the consolidated statements of earnings are as follows:

| (in millions) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (effective portion) | | Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings | Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings (effective portion) | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings (ineffective portion) | (1) Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings (ineffective portion) | |
|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Three Months Ended February 23, 2014 | | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Three Months Ended February 23, 2014 | | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Three Months Ended February 23, 2014 |
| Commodity | \$— | \$ 1.2 | (2) | \$— | \$ 0.6 | (2) | \$— | \$— |
| Equity | 1.4 | (2.1) | (3) | — | — | (3) | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Interest rate | — | — | Interest, net | (2.5) | (2.6) | Interest, net | — | — |
| Foreign currency | — | 0.4 | (4) | — | 0.2 | (4) | — | — |
| | \$ 1.4 | \$ (0.5) | | \$ (2.5) | \$ (1.8) | | \$ 0.2 | \$ 0.4 |

| (in millions) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (effective portion) | | Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings | Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings (effective portion) | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings (ineffective portion) | (1) Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings (ineffective portion) | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Nine Months Ended February 23, 2014 | | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Nine Months Ended February 23, 2014 | | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | Nine Months Ended February 23, 2014 |
| Commodity | \$— | \$ 0.9 | (2) | \$— | \$ (0.1) | (2) | \$— | \$— |
| Equity | 2.1 | (2.5) | (3) | (0.9) | (0.7) | (3) | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Interest rate | — | — | Interest, net | (44.4) | (7.8) | Interest, net | — | — |
| Foreign currency | — | 0.6 | (4) | — | 0.5 | (4) | — | — |
| | \$ 2.1 | \$ (1.0) | | \$ (45.3) | \$ (8.1) | | \$ 0.8 | \$ 1.0 |

Generally, all of our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges have some level of ineffectiveness, (1) which is recognized currently in earnings. However, as these amounts are generally nominal and our consolidated financial statements are presented “in millions,” these amounts may appear as zero in this tabular presentation.

Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings as well as the gain (loss) recognized in earnings for (2) the ineffective portion of the hedge is food and beverage costs and restaurant expenses, which are components of cost of sales.

Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings as well as the gain (loss) recognized in earnings for (3) the ineffective portion of the hedge is restaurant labor expenses, which is a component of cost of sales, and selling, general and administrative expenses.

Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings as well as the gain (loss) recognized in earnings for (4) the ineffective portion of the hedge is food and beverage costs, which is a component of cost of sales, and selling, general and administrative expenses.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

The effects of derivative instruments in fair value hedging relationships in the consolidated statements of earnings are as follows:

| (in millions) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | Hedged Item in Fair Value Hedge Relationship | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Related Hedged Item | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Related Hedged Item |
|---------------|---|-------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|---|
| | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | | | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|-------|---------------|-----------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Interest rate | \$0.1 | \$0.7 | Interest, net | Fixed-rate debt | \$(0.1) | \$(0.7) | Interest, net |
|---------------|-------|-------|---------------|-----------------|----------|----------|---------------|

| (in millions) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | Hedged Item in Fair Value Hedge Relationship | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Related Hedged Item | | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Related Hedged Item |
|---------------|---|-------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|---|
| | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | | | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|----------|---------------|-----------------|----------|-------|---------------|
| Interest rate | \$0.6 | \$(0.7) | Interest, net | Fixed-rate debt | \$(0.6) | \$0.7 | Interest, net |
|---------------|-------|----------|---------------|-----------------|----------|-------|---------------|

The effects of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments in the consolidated statements of earnings are as follows:

| (in millions) | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | Three Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Commodity contracts | Cost of Sales (1) | \$— | \$0.5 | \$— | \$0.1 |
| Equity forwards | Cost of Sales (2) | 1.7 | (0.6) | 2.9 | (0.3) |
| Equity forwards | Selling, General and Administrative | 3.9 | (1.6) | 6.7 | (0.6) |
| | | \$5.6 | \$(1.7) | \$9.6 | \$(0.8) |

(1) Location of the gain (loss) recognized in earnings is food and beverage costs and restaurant expenses, which are components of cost of sales.

(2) Location of the gain (loss) recognized in earnings is restaurant labor expenses, which is a component of cost of sales.

Based on the fair value of our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges as of February 22, 2015, we expect to reclassify \$4.7 million of net losses on derivative instruments from accumulated other comprehensive

income (loss) to earnings during the next 12 months based on the maturity of our equity forward contracts and amortization of deferred losses on settled interest-rate related instruments. However, the amounts ultimately realized in earnings will be dependent on the fair value of the contracts on the settlement dates.

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DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

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(Unaudited)

Note 10. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt approximate their carrying amounts due to their short duration.

The following tables summarize the fair values of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as reflected on our consolidated balance sheets as of February 22, 2015 and May 25, 2014:

Items Measured at Fair Value at February 22, 2015

| (in millions) | Fair value of assets (liabilities) | Quoted prices in active market for identical assets (liabilities) (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Fixed-income securities: | | | | |
| Corporate bonds | (1) \$2.3 | \$— | \$2.3 | \$— |
| U.S. Treasury securities | (2) 5.0 | 5.0 | — | — |
| Mortgage-backed securities | (1) 1.5 | — | 1.5 | — |
| Derivatives: | | | | |
| Equity forwards | (3) 0.8 | — | 0.8 | — |
| Interest rate swaps | (4) 2.2 | — | 2.2 | — |
| Total | \$11.8 | \$5.0 | \$6.8 | \$— |

Items Measured at Fair Value at May 25, 2014

| (in millions) | Fair value of assets (liabilities) | Quoted prices in active market for identical assets (liabilities) (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Fixed-income securities: | | | | |
| Corporate bonds | (1) \$9.7 | \$— | \$9.7 | \$— |
| U.S. Treasury securities | (2) 6.1 | 6.1 | — | — |
| Mortgage-backed securities | (1) 2.6 | — | 2.6 | — |
| Derivatives: | | | | |
| Equity forwards | (3) (1.7) | — | (1.7) | — |
| Interest rate locks & swaps | (4) 1.6 | — | 1.6 | — |
| Foreign currency forwards | (5) 0.1 | — | 0.1 | — |
| Total | \$18.4 | \$6.1 | \$12.3 | \$— |

(1) The fair value of these securities is based on closing market prices of the investments when applicable, or, alternatively, valuations utilizing market data and other observable inputs, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.

(2) The fair value of our U.S. Treasury securities is based on closing market prices.

(3) The fair value of our equity forwards is based on the closing market value of Darden stock, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.

(4) The fair value of our interest rate lock and swap agreements is based on current and expected market interest rates, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.

(5) The fair value of our foreign currency forward contracts is based on closing forward exchange market prices, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.

The carrying value and fair value of long-term debt, including the amounts included in current liabilities, as of February 22, 2015, was \$1.48 billion and \$1.57 billion, respectively. The carrying value and fair value of long-term debt, including the amounts included in current liabilities, as of May 25, 2014, was \$2.50 billion and \$2.63 billion, respectively. The fair value of long-term debt, which is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, is determined based on market prices or, if market prices are not available, the present value of the underlying cash flows discounted at our incremental borrowing rates.

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Adjustments to the fair values of non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of February 22, 2015 are discussed in Note 15 - Asset Impairment, Net. Adjustments to the fair values of non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of May 25, 2014 were not material.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

As collateral for performance on contracts and as credit guarantees to banks and insurers, we are contingently liable for guarantees of subsidiary obligations under standby letters of credit. As of February 22, 2015 and May 25, 2014, we had \$124.2 million and \$113.5 million, respectively, of standby letters of credit related to workers' compensation and general liabilities accrued in our consolidated financial statements. As of February 22, 2015 and May 25, 2014, we had \$14.1 million and \$17.8 million, respectively, of standby letters of credit related to contractual operating lease obligations and other payments. All standby letters of credit are renewable annually.

As of February 22, 2015 and May 25, 2014, we had \$143.3 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, of guarantees associated with leased properties that have been assigned to third parties. These amounts represent the maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantees. The fair value of the maximum potential future payments discounted at our weighted-average cost of capital as of February 22, 2015 and May 25, 2014, amounted to \$109.7 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. We did not record a liability for the guarantees, as the likelihood of the third parties defaulting on the assignment agreements was deemed to be remote. In the event of default by a third party, the indemnity and default clauses in our assignment agreements govern our ability to recover from and pursue the third party for damages incurred as a result of its default. We do not hold any third-party assets as collateral related to these assignment agreements, except to the extent that the assignment allows us to repossess the building and personal property. Assuming exercise of all option periods, these guarantees expire over their respective lease terms, which range from fiscal 2015 through fiscal 2044.

We are subject to private lawsuits, administrative proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business. A number of these lawsuits, proceedings and claims may exist at any given time. These matters typically involve claims from guests, employees and others related to operational issues common to the restaurant industry, and can also involve infringement of, or challenges to, our trademarks. While the resolution of a lawsuit, proceeding or claim may have an impact on our financial results for the period in which it is resolved, we believe that the final disposition of the lawsuits, proceedings and claims in which we are currently involved, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity. The following is a brief description of the more significant of these matters.

In September 2012, a collective action under the Fair Labor Standards Act was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida, *Alequin v. Darden Restaurants, Inc.*, in which named plaintiffs claim that the Company required or allowed certain employees at Olive Garden, Red Lobster, LongHorn Steakhouse, Bahama Breeze and Seasons 52 to work off the clock and required them to perform tasks unrelated to their tipped duties while taking a tip credit against their hourly rate of pay. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of alleged back wages, liquidated damages, and attorneys' fees. In July 2013, the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida conditionally certified a nationwide class of servers and bartenders who worked in the aforementioned restaurants at any point from September 6, 2009 through September 6, 2012. Unlike a class action, a collective action requires potential class members to "opt in" rather than "opt out" following the issuance of a notice. Out of the approximately 217,000 opt-in notices distributed, 20,225 were returned. In June 2014, the Company filed a motion seeking to have the class decertified. In September 2014, the Court granted the Company's motion to decertify the class which resulted in the dismissal of all opt-ins. In October 2014, the Court granted the parties' joint motion to stay the proceedings pending completion of proceedings culminating in arbitration through the Company's Dispute Resolution Program. In December 2014, the Court administratively closed the case. We believe that our wage and hour policies comply with the law and that we have meritorious defenses to the remaining substantive claims in this

matter. An estimate of the possible loss, if any, or the range of loss cannot be made at this stage of the proceeding. In November, 2011, a lawsuit entitled ChHab v. Darden Restaurants, Inc. was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging a collective action under the Fair Labor Standards Act and a class action under the applicable New York state wage and hour statutes. The named plaintiffs claim that the Company required or allowed certain employees at The Capital Grille to work off the clock, share tips with individuals who polished silverware to assist the plaintiffs, and required the plaintiffs to perform tasks unrelated to their tipped duties while taking a tip credit against their hourly rate of pay. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of alleged back wages, liquidated damages, and attorneys' fees. In September 2013, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York conditionally certified a nationwide class for the Fair Labor Standards Act claims only of tipped employees who worked in the aforementioned restaurants at any point from November 17, 2008 through September 19, 2013. Potential class members are required to "opt in" rather than "opt out" following the issuance of a notice. Out of the approximately 3,200 opt-in notices distributed, 541 were returned. As with

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the Alequin matter, the Company will have an opportunity to seek to have the class decertified and/or seek to have the case dismissed on its merits. We believe that our wage and hour policies comply with the law and that we have meritorious defenses to the substantive claims in this matter. An estimate of the possible loss, if any, or the range of loss cannot be made at this stage of the proceeding.

Note 12. Workforce Reduction Costs

Beginning in fiscal 2014, we performed comprehensive reviews of our operations and support structure resulting in changes in our growth plans and related support structure needs. As a result, we had workforce reductions and program spending cuts in September 2013 (September 2013 Plan), January 2014 (January 2014 Plan), May 2014 (May 2014 Plan) and November 2014 (November 2014 Plan). In accordance with these actions, we incurred employee termination benefits costs and other costs which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of earnings for the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014 as follows:

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 |
| Employee termination benefits (1) | \$0.7 | \$0.3 | \$27.7 | \$11.2 |
| Other (2) | — | (0.1) | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Total | \$0.7 | \$0.2 | \$28.1 | \$11.9 |

(1) Includes salary and stock-based compensation expense.

(2) Includes postemployment medical, outplacement and relocation costs.

The following table summarizes the accrued employee termination benefits and other costs which are primarily included in other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet as of February 22, 2015:

| (in millions) | September 2013 Plan | January 2014 Plan | May 2014 Plan | November 2014 Plan | Payments | Adjustments | Balance at February 22, 2015 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Employee termination benefits (1) | \$7.7 | \$0.7 | \$5.0 | \$17.2 | \$(17.3) | \$0.4 | \$13.7 |
| Other | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | (1.1) | (0.2) | 0.2 |
| Total | \$8.5 | \$0.8 | \$5.2 | \$17.6 | \$(18.4) | \$0.2 | \$13.9 |

(1) Excludes costs associated with stock options and restricted stock that will be settled in shares upon vesting. We expect approximately \$0.5 million of additional costs related to the November 2014 Plan. We expect the remaining liability to be paid by the second quarter of fiscal 2017.

Note 13. Special Charges

For the nine months ended February 22, 2015, we recognized charges of \$12.6 million related to advisory, legal and other professional service fees directly related to addressing shareholder activism and the proxy contest with Starboard Value LP and its affiliates.

Note 14. Long-Term Debt

During the first nine months of fiscal 2015, we retired approximately \$1.01 billion aggregate principal of long-term debt, comprised of \$278.1 million aggregate principal of our 4.500 percent senior notes due 2021, \$338.9 million aggregate principal of our 3.350 percent senior notes due 2022, \$80.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 3.790 percent senior notes due 2019, \$210.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 4.520 percent senior notes due 2024 and \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 7.125 percent debentures due 2016.

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For the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, we recorded approximately \$0.8 million and \$91.3 million, respectively, of expenses associated with the retirement. These expenses included cash components for repurchase premiums and make-whole amounts of approximately \$0.4 million benefit and \$44.0 million expense for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, respectively. Non-cash charges associated with hedge and loan cost write-offs were approximately \$1.2 million and \$47.3 million for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, respectively. These amounts were

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recorded in interest, net in our consolidated statements of earnings for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, respectively.

Note 15. Asset Impairment, Net

During the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, we recognized long-lived asset impairment charges of \$4.4 million (\$2.7 million net of tax) and \$51.0 million (\$33.4 million net of tax), respectively. Impairment charges resulted primarily from the carrying value of restaurant assets exceeding the estimated fair market value, which is based on projected cash flows. Of the total impairments, \$0.3 million and \$34.1 million for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, respectively, related to restaurant impairments. During the nine months ended February 22, 2015, management identified nine Olive Garden locations and three Seasons 52 locations where the estimated useful life was significantly shortened based on a re-evaluation of expected lease renewals, leading to significant decreases in projected cash flows. We also recognized impairments of assets related to the expected disposal of excess land parcels, our lobster aquaculture project and a corporate airplane in connection with the closure of our aviation department during the nine months ended February 22, 2015. During the quarter and nine months ended February 23, 2014, we recognized long-lived asset impairment charges of \$0.0 million and \$1.2 million (\$0.7 million net of tax), respectively, primarily from the carrying value of restaurant assets exceeding the estimated fair market value, which is based on projected cash flows. These costs are included in asset impairments, net as a component of earnings from continuing operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of earnings. Impairment charges were measured based on the amount by which the carrying amount of these assets exceeded their fair value. Fair value is generally determined based on appraisals or sales prices of comparable assets and estimates of future cash flows.

Note 16. Application of New Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This update provides a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts. This update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016, which will require us to adopt these provisions in the first quarter of fiscal 2018. Early application is not permitted. This update permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are evaluating the effect this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

Note 17. Subsequent Events

On March 18, 2015, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.55 per share to be paid May 1, 2015 to all shareholders of record as of the close of business on April 10, 2015.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The discussion and analysis below for the Company, which contains forward-looking statements, should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements, the notes to such financial statements and the "Forward-Looking Statements" included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

To facilitate review of our discussion and analysis, the following table sets forth our financial results for the periods indicated. All information is derived from the unaudited consolidated statements of earnings for the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014. This information and the following analysis have been presented with the results of operations, costs incurred in connection with the sale and related gain on the sale of Red Lobster and results for the two closed synergy restaurants classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

| | Three Months Ended | | | Nine Months Ended | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|----|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | % Chg | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | % Chg | |
| Sales | \$1,730.9 | \$1,618.5 | 6.9 | % \$4,885.7 | \$4,635.5 | 5.4 | % |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Cost of sales: | | | | | | | |
| Food and beverage | 530.7 | 485.5 | 9.3 | 1,518.2 | 1,386.6 | 9.5 | |
| Restaurant labor | 535.6 | 508.9 | 5.2 | 1,550.7 | 1,491.9 | 3.9 | |
| Restaurant expenses | 276.0 | 271.4 | 1.7 | 825.7 | 795.9 | 3.7 | |
| Total cost of sales ⁽¹⁾ | \$1,342.3 | \$1,265.8 | 6.0 | \$3,894.6 | \$3,674.4 | 6.0 | |
| Selling, general and administrative | 134.2 | 154.2 | (13.0) |) 484.6 | 494.3 | (2.0) |) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 79.6 | 76.3 | 4.3 | 238.4 | 226.0 | 5.5 | |
| Interest, net | 23.3 | 33.1 | (29.6) |) 168.3 | 98.8 | 70.3 | |
| Asset impairment, net | 4.4 | — | NM | 51.0 | 1.2 | NM | |
| Total costs and expenses | \$1,583.8 | \$1,529.4 | 3.6 | \$4,836.9 | \$4,494.7 | 7.6 | |
| Earnings before income taxes | 147.1 | 89.1 | 65.1 | 48.8 | 140.8 | (65.3) |) |
| Income tax (benefit) expense ⁽²⁾ | 18.7 | 2.5 | 648.0 | (29.5) |) 5.9 | (600.0) |) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$128.4 | \$86.6 | 48.3 | \$78.3 | \$134.9 | (42.0) |) |
| Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax | 5.4 | 23.1 | (76.6) |) 525.9 | 64.8 | 711.6 | |
| Net earnings | \$133.8 | \$109.7 | 22.0 | % \$604.2 | \$199.7 | 202.6 | % |
| Diluted net earnings per share: | | | | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$1.01 | \$0.65 | 55.4 | % \$0.60 | \$1.02 | (41.2) |)% |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | 0.04 | 0.17 | (76.5) |)% 4.04 | 0.48 | 741.7 | % |
| Net earnings | \$1.05 | \$0.82 | 28.0 | % \$4.64 | \$1.50 | 209.3 | % |
| (1) Excludes restaurant depreciation and amortization | \$73.8 | \$70.8 | 4.2 | % \$219.8 | \$209.8 | 4.8 | % |
| (2) Effective tax rate | 12.7 | % 2.8 | % | (60.5) |)% 4.2 | % | |

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The following table details the number of company-owned restaurants currently reported in continuing operations that were open at the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2015, compared with the number open at the end of fiscal 2014 and the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

| | February 22, 2015 | May 25, 2014 | February 23, 2014 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Olive Garden ⁽¹⁾ | 845 | 837 | 836 |
| LongHorn Steakhouse | 478 | 464 | 453 |
| The Capital Grille | 55 | 54 | 53 |
| Bahama Breeze | 36 | 37 | 37 |
| Seasons 52 | 42 | 38 | 38 |
| Eddie V's | 15 | 15 | 13 |
| Yard House | 57 | 52 | 48 |
| Other ⁽²⁾ | — | 4 | 4 |
| Total | 1,528 | 1,501 | 1,482 |

(1) Includes six locations in Canada for all periods presented.

(2) Represents synergy restaurants in operation. We completed the conversion of all remaining synergy restaurants into stand-alone Olive Garden restaurants during the first quarter of fiscal 2015.

OVERVIEW OF OPERATIONS

On May 15, 2014, we entered into an agreement to sell Red Lobster and certain related assets and associated liabilities. On July 28, 2014, we closed on the sale of 705 Red Lobster restaurants. However, as of February 22, 2015, 17 of the properties remain subject to landlord consents and satisfaction of other contractual requirements, which are expected to be satisfied within the next six months. Therefore, the assets of these remaining restaurants continue to be classified as held for sale on our consolidated balance sheet and recognition of the gain on the related proceeds was deferred. As of February 22, 2015, we had received \$2.08 billion in cash proceeds, net of transaction-related costs of approximately \$29.3 million. During the nine months ended February 22, 2015, we recognized a gain on the sale of Red Lobster of \$825.9 million, which is included in earnings from discontinued operations in our consolidated statement of earnings. Additionally, in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, in connection with the expected sale of Red Lobster, we closed two of the six restaurants that housed both a Red Lobster and an Olive Garden in the same building (synergy restaurants). In the first quarter of fiscal 2015, we completed the conversion of the four remaining synergy restaurants to stand-alone Olive Garden restaurants. See Note 2 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated by reference.

For the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, all gains on disposition, impairment charges and disposal costs, along with the sales, costs and expenses and income taxes attributable to these restaurants, have been aggregated in a single caption entitled "Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense" in our consolidated statements of earnings for all periods presented.

Financial Highlights

Our sales from continuing operations were \$1.73 billion and \$4.89 billion for the third quarter and the first nine months of fiscal 2015, compared to \$1.62 billion and \$4.64 billion for the third quarter and the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase of 6.9 percent in sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 was primarily driven by revenue from the addition of 46 net new company-owned restaurants since the third quarter of fiscal 2014 and a combined Darden same-restaurant sales increase of 3.6 percent. The increase of 5.4 percent in sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 was primarily driven by revenue from the addition of 46 net new company-owned restaurants mentioned above and a combined Darden same-restaurant sales increase of 1.8 percent.

For the third quarter of fiscal 2015, our net earnings from continuing operations were \$128.4 million compared to \$86.6 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2014, and our diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations were \$1.01 for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$0.65 for the third quarter of fiscal 2014. For the first nine months of fiscal 2015, our net earnings from continuing operations were \$78.3 million compared to \$134.9 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014, and our diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations were \$0.60 for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$1.02 for the first nine months of fiscal 2014.

Our diluted per share results from continuing operations for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 were positively impacted by approximately \$0.02, comprised of:

- ▲ Approximately \$0.05 positive impact due to the tax benefits related to exiting from our lobster aquaculture project;
- ▲ Approximately \$0.02 adverse impact due to impairments of excess land parcels held for sale.
- ▲ Approximately \$0.01 adverse impact due to strategic action plan costs, including real estate feasibility costs.

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Our diluted per share results from continuing operations for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 were adversely impacted by approximately \$0.94, comprised of:

- Approximately \$0.16 due to severance and other costs associated with the support expense reduction efforts announced in the second quarter, including the closure of our aviation department;
- Approximately \$0.22 due to restaurant-related asset impairments and lease buy-outs;
- Approximately \$0.12 due to legal, financial advisory and other costs related to implementation of the strategic action plan announced in December 2013 and associated actions in the proxy contest;
- Approximately \$0.02 due to impairment of assets (net of related tax benefits) associated with our lobster aquaculture project; and
- Approximately \$0.42 due to debt breakage costs related to the retirement of \$1.01 billion in principal of long-term debt.

Outlook

We expect same-restaurant sales in fiscal 2015 to range from an increase of 0.5 percent to 1.0 percent for Olive Garden and an increase of 3.5 percent to 4.0 percent for LongHorn Steakhouse. We expect a blended same-restaurant sales increase for The Capital Grille, Bahama Breeze, Seasons 52, Eddie V's and Yard House of approximately 3.0 percent to 3.5 percent. Total sales from continuing operations in fiscal 2015 are expected to increase between 7.0 percent and 8.0 percent, including the impact of the 53rd week in fiscal 2015. We expect food and beverage expenses to be higher as a percent of sales based on our expectations of food cost inflation and we expect restaurant labor expenses to be lower as a percent of sales. Despite costs we incurred in connection with the Red Lobster separation in fiscal 2015, we expect general and administrative expenses as a percent of sales to be lower than fiscal 2014. This is primarily due to cost savings generated from actions taken as a result of our restaurant support platform review. We expect our remaining expense line items, restaurant expenses and depreciation expense, to be relatively flat as a percent of sales. In fiscal 2015, we expect to add approximately 34 net new restaurants, and we expect capital expenditures incurred to build new restaurants and remodel existing restaurants to be approximately \$300.0 million.

SALES

The following table presents our sales and U.S. same-restaurant sales (SRS) by brand for the periods indicated.

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended | | | | Nine Months Ended | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|---|--|
| | February 22, 2015 | | February 23, 2014 | | February 22, 2015 | | February 23, 2014 | | | |
| | | | % Chg | SRS (1) | | | % Chg | SRS (1) | | |
| Olive Garden | \$957.1 | \$929.5 | 3.0 | % 2.2 | % \$2,752.3 | \$2,716.9 | 1.3 | % 0.5 | % | |
| LongHorn Steakhouse | \$403.8 | \$362.6 | 11.4 | % 5.4 | % \$1,106.5 | \$1,008.1 | 9.8 | % 3.9 | % | |
| Yard House | \$117.2 | \$96.6 | 21.3 | % 5.4 | % \$337.3 | \$286.4 | 17.8 | % 4.0 | % | |
| The Capital Grille | \$113.5 | \$103.1 | 10.1 | % 6.1 | % \$293.5 | \$266.3 | 10.2 | % 5.0 | % | |
| Bahama Breeze | \$46.6 | \$46.1 | 1.1 | % 3.2 | % \$147.6 | \$143.6 | 2.8 | % 1.3 | % | |
| Seasons 52 | \$65.1 | \$54.1 | 20.3 | % 5.2 | % \$170.6 | \$141.0 | 21.0 | % 2.2 | % | |
| Eddie V's | \$25.0 | \$20.5 | 22.0 | % 9.6 | % \$69.4 | \$55.5 | 25.0 | % 5.5 | % | |

(1) Same-restaurant sales is a year-over-year comparison of each period's sales volumes for a 52-week year and is limited to restaurants open at least 16 months.

Olive Garden's sales increases for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015 were driven by revenue from nine net new restaurants combined with U.S. same-restaurant sales increases in the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015. The increase in U.S. same-restaurant sales for the third quarter fiscal 2015 resulted from a 3.8 percent increase in average check partially offset by a 1.6 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts. The increase in U.S. same-restaurant sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 resulted from a 2.2 percent increase in average check partially offset by a 1.7 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts.

LongHorn Steakhouse's sales increases for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015 were driven by revenue from 25 net new restaurants combined with same-restaurant sales increases for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015. The increase in same-restaurant sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 resulted from a 4.1 percent increase in average check combined with a 1.3 percent increase in same-restaurant guest counts. The increase

in same-restaurant sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 resulted from a 3.8 percent increase in average check combined with a 0.1 percent increase in same-restaurant guest counts.

In total, Yard House, The Capital Grille, Bahama Breeze, Seasons 52 and Eddie V's generated sales of \$367.4 million and \$1.02 billion for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015, which were 14.7 percent and 14.1 percent above last fiscal year's third quarter and first nine months, respectively, primarily driven by the incremental sales from 16 net new restaurants added since the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

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The following table sets forth selected operating data as a percent of sales for the periods indicated. All information is derived from the unaudited consolidated statements of earnings for the quarters and nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014. Additionally, this information and the following analysis have been presented with the results of operations, costs incurred in connection with the sale and related gain on the sale of Red Lobster and results for the two closed synergy restaurants classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | February 22, 2015 | February 23, 2014 | |
| Sales | 100.0 | % 100.0 | % 100.0 | % 100.0 | % |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | |
| Cost of sales: | | | | | |
| Food and beverage | 30.7 | 30.0 | 31.1 | 29.9 | |
| Restaurant labor | 30.9 | 31.4 | 31.7 | 32.2 | |
| Restaurant expenses | 15.9 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 17.2 | |
| Total cost of sales ⁽¹⁾ | 77.5 | % 78.2 | % 79.7 | % 79.3 | % |
| Selling, general and administrative | 7.8 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.7 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | |
| Interest, net | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 2.1 | |
| Asset impairment, net | 0.3 | % — | % 1.0 | % — | % |
| Total costs and expenses | 91.5 | % 94.5 | % 99.0 | % 97.0 | % |
| Earnings before income taxes | 8.5 | 5.5 | 1.0 | 3.0 | |
| Income taxes | 1.1 | 0.1 | (0.6) |) 0.1 | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 7.4 | 5.4 | 1.6 | 2.9 | |

(1) Excludes restaurant depreciation and amortization of: 4.3 % 4.4 % 4.5 % 4.5 %

Quarter Ended February 22, 2015 Compared to Quarter Ended February 23, 2014

Total costs and expenses were \$1.58 billion and \$1.53 billion for the quarters ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, respectively. As a percent of sales, total costs and expenses decreased from 94.5 percent for the third quarter of fiscal 2014 to 91.5 percent for the third quarter of fiscal 2015.

• Food and beverage costs increased as percent of sales as a result of food cost inflation, primarily beef, and increased costs for promotional items, partially offset by pricing and favorable menu mix.

• Restaurant labor costs decreased as a percent of sales primarily as a result of sales leverage.

• Restaurant expenses (which include utilities, repairs and maintenance, credit card, lease, property tax, workers' compensation, new restaurant pre-opening and other restaurant-level operating expenses) decreased as a percent of sales, primarily as a result of sales leverage and lower new restaurant pre-opening expenses.

• Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased as a percent of sales, primarily as a result of lower marketing expense and sales leverage.

• Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as a percent of sales due to sales leverage.

• Net interest expense decreased as a percent of sales due to lower interest resulting from the paydown of debt.

Nine Months Ended February 22, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended February 23, 2014

Total costs and expenses were \$4.84 billion and \$4.49 billion for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 and February 23, 2014, respectively. As a percent of sales, total costs and expenses increased from 97.0 percent for the first nine months of fiscal 2014 to 99.0 percent for the first nine months of fiscal 2015.

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Food and beverage costs increased as percent of sales as a result of food cost inflation, primarily dairy and beef, and increased costs for promotional items, partially offset by pricing and favorable menu mix.
Restaurant labor costs decreased as a percent of sales primarily as a result of sales leverage.

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Restaurant expenses (which include utilities, repairs and maintenance, credit card, lease, property tax, workers' compensation, new restaurant pre-opening and other restaurant-level operating expenses) decreased as a percent of sales, primarily as a result of sales leverage and lower new restaurant pre-opening expenses.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased as a percent of sales, primarily as a result of sales leverage and support cost savings net of costs related to implementation of the strategic action plan.

Depreciation and amortization expense was essentially flat as a percent of sales.

- Net interest expense increased as a percent of sales primarily due to \$91.3 million of debt breakage costs related to the retirement of \$1.01 billion in principal of long-term debt.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015 was 12.7 percent and (60.5) percent, respectively, compared to an effective income tax rate of 2.8 percent and 4.2 percent for the quarter and nine months ended February 23, 2014, respectively. The change in the effective income tax rate for the quarter ended February 22, 2015 as compared to the quarter ended February 23, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in earnings before income taxes. The change in the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended February 23, 2014 is primarily attributable to an increase in the impact of FICA tax credits for employee reported tips on lower earnings before income taxes resulting from significant charges from debt breakage costs, asset impairments and workforce reduction costs. Excluding the impact of these costs, the related tax benefits and other discrete items, our effective income tax rate for the nine months ended February 22, 2015 would have been approximately 19.5 percent.

EARNINGS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On an after-tax basis, earnings from discontinued operations for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2015 were \$5.4 million (\$0.04 per diluted share) and \$525.9 million (\$4.04 per diluted share) compared with earnings from discontinued operations for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2014 of \$23.1 million (\$0.17 per diluted share) and \$64.8 million (\$0.48 per diluted share), respectively. In fiscal 2015, we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$825.9 million on the sale of Red Lobster as described above.

SEASONALITY

Our sales volumes fluctuate seasonally. Typically, our average sales per restaurant are highest in the spring and winter, followed by the summer, and lowest in the fall. Holidays, changes in the economy, severe weather and similar conditions may impact sales volumes seasonally in some operating regions. Because of the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flows generated from operating activities are our principal source of liquidity, which we use to finance the purchases of land, buildings and equipment for new restaurants and to remodel existing restaurants, to pay dividends to our shareholders and to repurchase shares of our common stock. Since substantially all of our sales are for cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable are generally due in 5 to 30 days, we are able to carry current liabilities in excess of current assets. In addition to cash flows from operations, we use a combination of long-term and short-term borrowings to fund our capital needs.

We currently manage our business and financial ratios to maintain an investment grade bond rating, which has historically allowed flexible access to financing at reasonable costs. Currently, our publicly issued long-term debt carries "Ba1" (Moody's Investors Service), "BBB-" (Standard & Poor's) and "BBB-" (Fitch) ratings. Our commercial paper has ratings of "NP" (Moody's Investors Service), "A-3" (Standard & Poor's) and "F-3" (Fitch). These ratings are as of the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q and have been obtained with the understanding that Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch will continue to monitor our credit and make future adjustments to these ratings to the extent warranted. The ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our securities, may be changed, superseded or withdrawn at any time and should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

We maintain a \$750.0 million revolving Credit Agreement (Revolving Credit Agreement) with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA), as administrative agent, and the lenders and other agents party thereto. The Revolving Credit Agreement is a senior unsecured credit commitment to the Company and contains customary representations and affirmative and

negative covenants (including limitations on liens and subsidiary debt and a maximum consolidated lease adjusted total debt to total capitalization ratio of 0.75 to 1.00) and events of default usual for credit facilities of this type. As of February 22, 2015, we were in compliance with all covenants under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The Revolving Credit Agreement matures on October 24, 2018 and the proceeds may be used for commercial paper back-up, working capital and capital expenditures, the refinancing of certain indebtedness, certain acquisitions and general corporate purposes. Loans under the Revolving Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin determined by reference to a ratings-based pricing grid (Applicable Margin), or the base rate (which is defined as the highest of the BOA prime rate, the Federal Funds rate plus 0.500 percent, and the Eurocurrency Rate plus 1.00 percent) plus the Applicable Margin. Assuming a "BBB-" equivalent credit rating level, the Applicable Margin under the Revolving Credit Agreement will be 1.300 percent for LIBOR loans and 0.300 percent for base rate loans. As of February 22, 2015, we had no outstanding balances under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

In the first nine months of fiscal 2015, we completed the retirement of the previously announced \$1.01 billion aggregate principal retirement of long-term debt, comprised of \$278.1 million aggregate principal of our 4.500 percent senior notes due 2021, \$338.9 million aggregate principal of our 3.350 percent senior notes due 2022, \$80.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 3.790 percent senior notes due 2019, \$210.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 4.520 percent senior notes due 2024 and \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 7.125 percent debentures due 2016.

During the first nine months of fiscal 2015, we recorded approximately \$91.3 million of expenses associated with the \$1.01 billion aggregate principal retirement including cash costs of approximately \$44.0 million for repurchase premiums and make-whole amounts and non-cash charges of approximately \$47.3 million associated with hedge and loan cost write-offs. These amounts were recorded in interest, net in our consolidated statement of earnings. Excluding these one-time retirement costs, we expect these debt retirements to reduce our interest expense by approximately \$49.0 million annually.

As of February 22, 2015, our long-term debt consisted principally of:

- \$270.0 million unsecured, variable-rate, amortizing term loan, maturing in August 2017;
- \$500.0 million of unsecured 6.200 percent senior notes due in October 2017;
- \$121.9 million of unsecured 4.500 percent senior notes due in October 2021;
- \$111.1 million of unsecured 3.350 percent senior notes due in November 2022;
- \$10.0 million of unsecured 4.520 percent senior notes due in August 2024;
- \$150.0 million of unsecured 6.000 percent senior notes due in August 2035; and
- \$300.0 million of unsecured 6.800 percent senior notes due in October 2037.

We also had \$15.0 million included in current liabilities as current portion of long-term debt as of February 22, 2015, associated with the term loan, which reflects the annual principal amortization payment due in August 2015.

The interest rates on our \$500.0 million senior notes due in October 2017 and \$300.0 million senior notes due in October 2037 are subject to adjustment from time to time if the debt rating assigned to such series of notes is downgraded below a certain rating level (or subsequently upgraded). The maximum adjustment is 2.000 percent above the initial interest rate and the interest rate cannot be reduced below the initial interest rate. In October 2014, Moody's Investor Service downgraded our senior unsecured ratings to "Ba1" from "Baa3" resulting in an increase of 0.250 percent in the interest rates on our senior notes due in October 2017 and October 2037, effective as of the first day of the interest period during which the ratings change took place. Accordingly, our semi-annual interest paid in October 2014 increased by \$1.0 million as a result of these rate adjustments.

We may from time to time repurchase our outstanding debt in privately negotiated transactions. Such repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements and other factors.

Effective October 13, 2014, 12 new directors were elected to the Company's board, replacing the previous 12 directors. At a meeting held on July 24, 2014, the Company's then current Board of Directors sought to address the potential adverse consequences to the Company from a change in control of the Company's board, including a potential event of default or acceleration of its indebtedness under the provisions of our Revolving Credit Agreement or other debt agreements. As a result, the then current Board of Directors adopted resolutions approving and nominating the 12 new directors solely for purposes of addressing the provisions in the Revolving Credit Agreement and other debt agreements so that the election of 12 new members to our board did not constitute a change in control triggering an event of default under those agreements. The board's actions do not affect any other agreements that may have change in control triggers.

From time to time we enter into interest rate derivative instruments. See Note 9 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated by reference.

A summary of our contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of February 22, 2015 is as follows:

| (in millions) | Payments Due by Period | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | Total | Less than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | More than 5 Years |
| Contractual Obligations | | | | | |
| Short-term debt | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾ | 2,331.7 | 92.5 | 922.0 | 79.6 | 1,237.6 |
| Operating Leases ⁽²⁾ | 1,182.5 | 181.4 | 328.6 | 260.7 | 411.8 |
| Purchase obligations ⁽³⁾ | 409.0 | 384.2 | 24.8 | — | — |
| Capital lease obligations ⁽⁴⁾ | 81.5 | 5.7 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 52.0 |
| Benefit obligations ⁽⁵⁾ | 448.5 | 32.1 | 81.7 | 89.1 | 245.6 |
| Unrecognized income tax benefits ⁽⁶⁾ | 13.6 | 0.4 | 4.3 | 8.9 | — |
| Total contractual obligations | \$4,466.8 | \$696.3 | \$1,373.1 | \$450.4 | \$1,947.0 |
| | Amount of Commitment Expiration per Period | | | | |
| (in millions) | Total | Less than | 1-3 | 3-5 | More than |
| Other Commercial Commitments | Amounts Committed | 1 Year | Years | Years | 5 Years |
| Standby letters of credit ⁽⁷⁾ | \$138.3 | \$138.3 | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Guarantees ⁽⁸⁾ | 143.3 | 32.9 | 51.7 | 30.5 | 28.2 |
| Total commercial commitments | \$281.6 | \$171.2 | \$51.7 | \$30.5 | \$28.2 |

Includes interest payments associated with existing long-term debt, including the current portion. Variable-rate (1) interest payments associated with the term loan were estimated based on an average interest rate of 2.1 percent. Excludes issuance discount of \$3.6 million.

(2) Includes financing lease obligations and associated imputed interest of \$78.2 million over the life of the obligations.

(3) Includes commitments for food and beverage items, supplies, capital projects and other miscellaneous commitments.

(4) Capital lease obligations include imputed interest of \$28.9 million over the life of the obligations.

(5) Includes expected contributions associated with our defined benefit plans and payments associated with our postretirement benefit plan and our non-qualified deferred compensation plan through fiscal 2026.

(6) Includes interest on unrecognized income tax benefits of \$0.6 million, \$0.0 million of which relates to contingencies expected to be resolved within one year.

Includes letters of credit for \$124.2 million related to workers' compensation and general liabilities accrued in our (7) consolidated financial statements, letters of credit for \$0.3 million of lease payments included in the contractual operating lease obligation payments noted above and other letters of credit totaling \$13.8 million.

Consists solely of guarantees associated with leased properties that have been assigned to third parties. We are not (8) aware of any non-performance under these arrangements that would result in our having to perform in accordance with the terms of the guarantees.

Our Board of Directors has authorized us to repurchase up to an aggregate of 187.4 million shares of our common stock. Repurchased common stock has historically been reflected as a reduction of stockholders' equity. During the quarter and nine months ended February 22, 2015, we repurchased 1.3 million and 10.0 million shares, respectively, of our common stock compared to 0.6 thousand and 9.9 thousand shares, respectively, of our common stock during the quarter and nine months ended February 23, 2014. As of February 22, 2015, we have repurchased a total of 182.0 million shares of our common stock, 169.3 million of which have been retired and restored to authorized but unissued shares of common stock.

In July 2014, as part of the previously authorized share repurchase program, we entered into accelerated share repurchase (ASR) agreements with Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (Dealers).

The ASR program provided for the repurchase of an aggregate of \$500.0 million of our common stock. Under the ASR agreements, we paid an aggregate of \$500.0 million to the Dealers in August 2014 and received an initial delivery of approximately 8.6 million shares on October 1, 2014. In December 2014, the ASR program was completed and we received the final delivery of approximately 1.3 million shares. The total number of shares we purchased in connection with the ASR transactions was based on a combined discounted volume-weighted average price (VWAP) of \$50.12 per share which was determined based on the average of the daily VWAP of our common stock over the duration of the program, less an agreed discount. Upon receipt, the repurchased shares were retired and restored to authorized but unissued shares of common stock.

Net cash flows provided by operating activities of continuing operations increased to \$556.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, from \$506.4 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase was primarily due to the timing of inventory purchases and current period activity of taxable timing differences partially offset by the timing of payments of accounts payable and lower net earnings.

Net cash flows used in investing activities of continuing operations decreased to \$208.8 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, from \$349.9 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014, and included capital expenditures of \$230.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$337.5 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Capital expenditures for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 were lower primarily due to a decrease in new restaurant construction and remodel activity during fiscal 2015.

Net cash flows used in financing activities of continuing operations were \$1.78 billion for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, compared to \$148.1 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Net cash flows used in financing activities for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 included net repayments of short-term debt of \$207.6 million as compared to net proceeds from the issuance of short-term debt of \$17.0 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Net cash flows used in financing activities for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 also reflected the retirement of approximately \$1.01 billion aggregate principal of long-term debt and share repurchases of \$502.3 million. Net cash flows used in financing activities also included \$209.3 million in dividends paid for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, compared to \$215.7 million in dividends paid for the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Dividends declared by our Board of Directors totaled \$0.55 per share in the third quarter and \$1.65 per share for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, which is consistent with our dividend for the same periods in fiscal 2014.

We are conducting a comprehensive evaluation of a wide range of options for the potential monetization of our real estate including the listing of 31 properties for sale-leaseback transactions. We have also listed our corporate headquarters to explore different monetizing structures, including a sale-leaseback. We anticipate using the proceeds from these sales to repay debt.

We are not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, sales, costs or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources. We are not aware of any trends or events that would materially affect our capital requirements or liquidity. We believe that our Revolving Credit Agreement and internal cash generating capabilities will be sufficient to finance our ongoing capital expenditures, dividends, stock repurchase program and other operating activities through fiscal 2015.

The change in a majority of our Board of Directors may, under certain circumstances, result in a change of control under management continuity agreements we have with our executive management. Pursuant to the agreements, certain payments may be triggered following a change of control, but only upon a qualifying termination that occurs within 24 months of any such change of control.

It is possible that changes in circumstances, existing as of our annual impairment test on the first day of the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014 or at other times in the future, or in the numerous estimates associated with management's judgments, assumptions and estimates made in assessing the fair value of our goodwill, could result in an impairment loss of a portion or all of our goodwill or trademarks. If we recorded an impairment loss, our financial position and results of operations would be adversely affected and our leverage ratio for purposes of our credit agreement would increase. If such leverage ratio were to exceed the maximum permitted under our credit agreement, we would be in default under our credit agreement. As of February 22, 2015, a write down of goodwill, other indefinite-lived intangible assets, or any other assets in excess of approximately \$1.30 billion would have been required to cause our leverage ratio to exceed the permitted maximum. Due to the seasonal nature of our business, a lesser amount of impairment in future quarters could cause our leverage ratio to exceed the permitted maximum.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Our current assets totaled \$981.9 million as of February 22, 2015, compared to \$1.98 billion as of May 25, 2014. The decrease was primarily due the decrease in assets held for sale associated with the sale of Red Lobster partially offset by an increase in cash and cash equivalents.

Our current liabilities totaled \$1.35 billion as of February 22, 2015, compared to \$1.62 billion as of May 25, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to the repayment of short-term debt and the reduction of liabilities associated with assets held for sale partially offset by an increase in accrued income taxes.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of

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assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of sales, costs and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We have discussed the development, selection and disclosure of those estimates with the Audit Committee. Our critical accounting policies have not changed materially from those previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 25, 2014.

APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Information regarding application of new accounting standards is incorporated by reference from Note 16 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements set forth in or incorporated into this report regarding the expected net increase in the number of our restaurants, projections for U.S. same-restaurant sales, total sales, food and beverage expenses, restaurant labor expenses, restaurant expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses, depreciation expenses, diluted net earnings per share growth and capital expenditures in fiscal 2015, potential monetization of our real estate and all other statements that are not historical facts, including without limitation statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of Darden Restaurants, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are preceded by, followed by or that include words such as “may,” “will,” “expect,” “intend,” “anticipate,” “continue,” “estimate,” “project,” “believe,” “plan” or similar expressions, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This statement is included for purposes of complying with the safe harbor provisions of that Act. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are first made, and we undertake no obligation to update such statements for any reason to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition to the risks and uncertainties of ordinary business obligations, and those described in information incorporated into this report, the forward-looking statements contained in this report are subject to the risks and uncertainties described in Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 25, 2014, Part II, Item 1A in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended August 24, 2014 and November 23, 2014 and Part II, Item 1A of this report, which are summarized as follows:

- Our ability to achieve the strategic plan to enhance shareholder value, including realizing the expected benefits from the sale of Red Lobster;
- Food safety and food-borne illness concerns throughout the supply chain;
- Litigation, including allegations of illegal, unfair or inconsistent employment practices;
- Unfavorable publicity, or a failure to respond effectively to adverse publicity;
- Risks relating to public policy changes and federal, state and local regulation of our business, including in the areas of environmental matters, minimum wage, unionization, data privacy, menu labeling, immigration requirements and taxes;
- Labor and insurance costs;
- Insufficient guest or employee facing technology, or a failure to maintain a continuous and secure cyber network, free from material failure, interruption or security breach;
- Our inability or failure to execute a comprehensive business continuity plan following a major natural disaster such as a hurricane or manmade disaster, including terrorism;
- Health concerns arising from food-related pandemics, outbreaks of flu viruses or other diseases;
- Intense competition, or an insufficient focus on competition and the consumer landscape;
- Our failure to drive both short-term and long-term profitable sales growth through brand relevance, operating excellence, opening new restaurants of existing brands and developing or acquiring new dining brands;
- Our plans to expand our smaller brands Bahama Breeze, Seasons 52 and Eddie V's, and the testing of other new business ventures, that have not yet proven their long-term viability;
- A lack of suitable new restaurant locations or a decline in the quality of the locations of our current restaurants;
- Higher-than-anticipated costs to open, close, relocate or remodel restaurants;
- A failure to identify and execute innovative marketing and customer relationship tactics and ineffective or improper use of social media or other marketing initiatives;

• A failure to recruit, develop and retain effective leaders or the loss or shortage of key personnel, or an inability to adequately monitor and respond to employee dissatisfaction;

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A failure to address cost pressures, including rising costs for commodities, health care and utilities used by our restaurants, and a failure to effectively deliver cost management activities and achieve economies of scale in purchasing;

The impact of shortages or interruptions in the delivery of food and other products from third-party vendors and suppliers;

Adverse weather conditions and natural disasters;

Volatility in the market value of derivatives we use to hedge commodity prices;

Economic and business factors specific to the restaurant industry and other general macroeconomic factors including energy prices and interest rates that are largely out of our control;

Disruptions in the financial markets that may impact consumer spending patterns, affect the availability and cost of credit and increase pension plan expenses;

Risks associated with doing business with franchisees, business partners and vendors in foreign markets;

Failure to protect our intellectual property;

Impairment of the carrying value of our goodwill or other intangible assets;

A failure of our internal controls over financial reporting and future changes in accounting standards; and

An inability or failure to recognize, respond to and effectively manage the accelerated impact of social media.

Any of the risks described above or elsewhere in this report or our other filings with the SEC could have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations. It is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also impair our business operations. Therefore, the above is not intended to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, compensation and commodity prices. To manage this exposure, we periodically enter into interest rate, foreign currency exchange rate, equity forward and commodity derivative instruments for other than trading purposes (see Note 9 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report).

We use the variance/covariance method to measure value at risk, over time horizons ranging from one week to one year, at the 95 percent confidence level. As of February 22, 2015, our potential losses in future net earnings resulting from changes in floating rate debt interest rate, interest rate instrument, foreign currency exchange rate, equity forwards and commodity instrument exposures were approximately \$37.9 million over a period of one year. The value at risk from an increase in the fair value of all of our long-term fixed rate debt, over a period of one year, was approximately \$95.4 million. The fair value of our long-term fixed rate debt, including the amounts included in current liabilities, during the first nine months of fiscal 2015 averaged \$1.83 billion, with a high of \$2.63 billion and a low of \$1.54 billion. Our interest rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows by targeting an appropriate mix of variable and fixed rate debt.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of February 22, 2015, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of February 22, 2015.

During the fiscal quarter ended February 22, 2015, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See the discussion of legal proceedings contained in the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Note 11 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 25, 2014 or previous Form 10-Qs.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The table below provides information concerning our repurchase of shares of our common stock during the quarter ended February 22, 2015. Since commencing repurchases in December 1995, we have repurchased a total of 182.0 million shares through February 22, 2015 under authorizations from our Board of Directors to repurchase an aggregate of 187.4 million shares.

| | Total Number of Shares Purchased (1) | Average Price Paid per Share (3) | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2) |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| November 24, 2014 through December 28, 2014 | 1,341,508 | \$50.12 | 1,341,508 | 5,433,141 |
| December 29, 2014 through January 25, 2015 | — | \$— | — | 5,433,141 |
| January 26, 2015 through February 22, 2015 | 2,017 | \$62.11 | 2,017 | 5,431,124 |
| Total | 1,343,525 | \$50.14 | 1,343,525 | 5,431,124 |

All of the shares purchased during the quarter ended February 22, 2015 were purchased as part of our repurchase program. On December 17, 2010, our Board of Directors approved an additional share repurchase authorization of 25.0 million shares which was announced publicly in a press release issued on December 20, 2010, bringing the total shares authorized to be repurchased to 187.4 million shares. There is no expiration date for our program.

(1) number of shares purchased includes shares withheld for taxes on vesting of restricted stock, shares delivered or deemed to be delivered to us on tender of stock in payment for the exercise price of options, and shares reacquired pursuant to tax withholding on option exercises. These shares are included as part of our repurchase program and deplete the repurchase authority granted by our Board. The number of shares repurchased excludes shares we reacquired pursuant to forfeiture of restricted stock.

(2) Repurchases are subject to prevailing market prices, may be made in open market or private transactions and may occur or be discontinued at any time. There can be no assurance that we will repurchase any shares.

In July 2014, as part of the previously authorized repurchase program, we entered into accelerated share repurchase (ASR) agreements. Initial delivery of approximately 8.6 million shares was received on October 1, 2014. In

(3) December 2014, the ASR program was completed and we received the final delivery of approximately 1.3 million shares. The total number of shares we purchased in connection with the ASR transactions was based on a discounted volume-weighted average price of \$50.12. See Note 7 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the accompanying Index to Exhibits are filed as part of this Form 10-Q and incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

Dated: March 30, 2015

By: /s/ C. Bradford Richmond
C. Bradford Richmond
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal financial officer)

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Title |
|-------------|---|
| 10.1 * | Agreement, dated November 25, 2014, between Darden Restaurants, Inc. and C. Bradford Richmond (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 1, 2014). |
| 12 | Computation of Ratio of Consolidated Earnings to Fixed Charges. |
| 31(a) | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31(b) | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32(a) | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32(b) | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document |

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K.