SPORTS ARENAS INC Form 10-Q February 17, 2004

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2003

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 0-2380

SPORTS ARENAS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-1944249

(State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer I.D. No.)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (858) 408-0364

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes $$\rm No\ X$$

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's only class of common stock (\$.01 par value) as of January 31, 2004 was 27,250,000 shares.

SPORTS ARENAS, INC.

FORM 10-Q

QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS (Unaudited)

December 31, June 30, 2003 2003

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Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents Other receivable-affiliate Receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses Total current assets	188,885 843,212 62,769	350,000 402,875 641,127 34,958
Property and equipment, at cost: Equipment Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		
Net property and equipment	932,029	836,655
Other assets: Investments Deferred tax assets Other	5,177,000	4,661,000 95,671
		10,100,678
		\$12,731,967

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

I	December 31, 2003	June 30, 2003
-		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 19,669	\$ 5,771
Accounts payable	356,242	441,434
Accrued payroll and related expenses	289,403	282,080
Deferred income taxes	1,026,000	
Other liabilities	3,639	3,796
Total current liabilities	1,694,953	733,081
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	76 , 376	

Deferred income taxes	9,488,000	10,514,000
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary	402,839	431 , 839
Shareholders' equity: Common stock, \$.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 27,250,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	1,730,049	272,500 1,730,049 1,341,990
Less note receivable from shareholder		3,344,539 (2,291,492)
Total shareholders' equity	245,989	1,053,047
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
	\$11,908,157	

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Unaudited)

	2003	2002
Revenues:		
Golf\$	372,000	\$ 496 , 677
Rental	23,156	22,311
Other	12,698	114,224
Other-related party	14,931	48,645
-		
	422,785	681 , 857
-		
Costs and expenses:		
Golf	623 , 429	498,880
Rental	19,200	18,700
Selling, general, and administrative	532,214	523,046
Depreciation and amortization	50,915	59 , 720
_	1,225,758	L,100,346

Loss from operations	(802 , 973)	(418,489)
Other income (charges): Investment income- related party Interest expense and amortization of finance costs Gain on sale Equity in income of investees	(372) 78,533	7,214 (11,874) 27,007
- -	157,128	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(645,845)	(396,142)
Income tax benefit	·	
Loss from continuing operations	(388,845)	(396,142)
Loss from discontinued operations		(42,747)
Net loss	(388,845) \$	
Per common share (based on weighted average shares outstanding) basic and diluted: Loss from continuing operations		
Net loss	(\$0.01) =====	(\$0.01)

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Unaudited)

	2003	2002
-		
Revenues:		
Golf\$	981 , 525	\$ 1,131,751
Rental	42,491	40,287
Other	21,329	156,052
Other-related party	18,335	96,869
	1,063,680	1,424,959
Costs and expenses:		
Golf	1,256,690	1,145,141
Rental	38,400	37,400
Selling, general, and administrative	1,180,791	1,016,538
Depreciation and amortization	98,207	119,440

_		
	2,574,088	2,318,519
Loss from operations	(1,510,408)	
Other income (charges): Investment income: Related party Other	15,000 297	
Interest expense and amortization of finance costs Gain on sale Equity in income of investees	78,533	(45,522) 67,201
-	187,350	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes and change in accounting principle	(1,323,058)	(855, 597)
Income tax benefit	516,000	
Loss from continuing operations	(807 , 058)	(855 , 597)
Loss from discontinued operations		(108,269) 37,675
Net loss	\$ (807,058)	
Per common share (based on weighted average shares outstanding) basic and diluted:		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(\$0.03) 	(\$0.03)
Net loss	(\$0.03) =====	(\$0.03) =====

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Unaudited)

	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss\$ Less loss from discontinued operations	(807,058) \$	(926,191) 108,269
Loss from continuing operations	(807,058)	(817,922)

Depreciation and amortization Equity in income of investees	98,207		119,440
	(94,226)		(67 , 201)
Gain on sales	(78 , 533) 		
Deferred income			24,000
Provision for deferred income taxes	(516 , 000)		
Change in accounting principle			(37 , 675)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	EC2 000		100 EC4
Decrease in receivables	563,990		120,564
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(202,085)		62,885
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(27,811)		20,003
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(85, 192)		105,096
Increase in accrued expenses	7,166		100,130
Other			18,642
Net cash used by continuing operations	(1 141 542)		(352 038)
Net cash used by discontinued operations			(87, 286)
Net cash used by discontinued operations			(67,200)
Net cash used by operating activities	(1,141,542)		(439,324)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(193,581)		(4,310)
Distribution to holder of minority interest	(29,000)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	78 , 533		
Distributions from investees	864,173		417,100
Not sook associated by investing activities	720 125		412 700
Net cash provided by investing activities	720,125		412,790
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt			(4,179)
Proceeds from long-term debt			
Well and have the death of an all the Channel and the latest	00 074		(4.170)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	90,274		(4,1/9)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(331,143)		(30,713)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period \ldots	365 , 674		39,345
•			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 34 531	Ś	8,632
	========		•
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Financing Activity	ies:		
Reclassification of principal payments on			
short-term debt to accrued interest			
Reclassification of non-current deferred tax		===	
	1 000 000	ċ	
liability to current portion	========		
		_=	

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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SPORTS ARENAS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Unaudited)

1. The information furnished reflects all adjustments of a recurring nature

which management believes are necessary to a fair statement of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K on October 14, 2003 for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Revenue recognition— the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the amount is fixed or determinable and collectibility is probable. All of these conditions are typically met at the time the Company ships products to its customers.

2. Due to the seasonal fluctuations of the golf club shaft manufacturing operations, the financial results for the interim periods ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, are not necessarily indicative of operations for the entire year.

3. Investments:

Investments consist of the following:

December 31,	•
2003	2003
UCV, L.P\$ 4,565,233	\$ 5,277,007
Vail Ranch Limited Partnership 8,827	67 , 000
Total\$ 4,574,060	\$ 5,344,007
=========	

The following is a summary of the equity in income of the investments accounted for by the equity method:

	Six M	onths	Three M	onths
	2003	2002	2003	2002
UCV, L.P	\$ 94,226	\$ 67,201	\$ 67,438	\$ 27,007

The following is a summary of distributions received from investees:

		=======	=======
		\$864,173	\$417,100
Vail	Ranch Limited Partnership	58,173	
UCV,	L.P	\$806,000	\$417,100
		2003	2002

As discussed in footnote 5(c) to the Company's June 30, 2003 annual report on Form 10-K, effective April 1, 2003, the Company began recording its equity in the income of UCV, L.P. (UCV) on a current basis rather than on a 91 day delayed basis. The Company has treated this as a change in accounting principle and accordingly has classified its \$37,675 of equity in earnings of UCV for the period of April 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002 as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in 2003. Therefore, the equity in income of UCV for the period July 1, 2003 through December 31, 2003 was \$94,226 (see footnote 15 to the Company's June 30,

2003 annual report on Form 10-K).

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In November 2003 the Company received \$60,532 related to amounts due on the the sale of the Company's investment in All Seasons Inns in a prior year. The Company had recorded a valuation allowance for the entire amount due at the time of sale. As a result, the amount received was classified as gain from sale.

4. Contingencies:

A lawsuit was filed on January 10, 2003 in the United States District Court in the Southern District of California by Masterson Marketing, Inc. (Masterson) against Penley Sports, LLC. Masterson's lawsuit originally asserted claims for copyright infringement, breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, and sought compensatory damages, punitive damages, statutory damages, and attorney fees. The Company filed a motion to dismiss all claims. In response to that motion, Masterson dropped all claims except for the claims of copyright infringement and breach of contract. Masterson also dropped all prayers for punitive damages, statutory damages, and attorney fees. It is not possible at this time to predict the outcome of this litigation. We intend to vigorously defend against these claims.

5. Business segment information:

The Company operates principally in two business segments: commercial real estate rental and golf club shaft manufacturing. Other revenues, which are not part of an identified segment, consist of property management and development fees (earned from both a property 50 percent owned by the Company and a property in which the Company has no ownership) and commercial brokerage.

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The following is summarized $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right)$

	l Estate eration	Golf	allocated nd Other	Totals
SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003	 	 	 	
Revenues	\$ 94,226 	981,525 84,899 1,236,991)	•	1,063,68 98,20 70 94,22 78,53 (1,338,35 15,29
Loss from continuing operations before taxes Significant non-cash items SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002	(94,226)			(1,323,05 (94,22
Revenues Depreciation and amortization	\$ •	1,131,751 83,514	252,921 9,216	1,424,95 119,44

Interest expense

Equity in income of investee Segment profit (loss) Investment income Loss from continuing	67,201 43,378	 (797,913)	(117,346)	67,20 (871,88 16,28
operations before taxes	(67,201)			(855,59 (67,20
THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003				
Revenues Depreciation and amortization Interest expense Gain on sale Equity in income of investee Segment profit (loss) Investment income Loss from continuing operations before taxes. Significant non-cash items	\$ 23,156 67,438 71,394	\$ 372,000 43,508 (706,860)	\$ 27,629 7,407 372 78,533 (21,908)	\$ 422,78 50,91 37 78,53 67,43 (657,37 11,52 (645,84 (67,43
THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002				
Revenues	\$ 22,311 13,355 27,007 17,263	\$ 496,677 41,757 (426,041)	\$ 162,869 4,608 11,874 5,422	\$ 681,85 59,72 11,87 27,00 (403,35 7,21
operations before taxes	(27,007)			(396,14 (27,00

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6. Liquidity

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has suffered recurring losses, has negative working capital and is forecasting negative cash flows for the next twelve months. These items raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on obtaining additional investors in its subsidiary, Penley Sports, or increases in the sales volume of Penley Sports. The consolidated financial statements do not contain adjustments, if any, including diminished recovery of asset carrying amounts, that could arise from forced dispositions and other insolvency costs.

7. Discontinued Operations:

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the Company ceased operations in two business segments. The following is a summary of the loss from the discontinued business segments for the periods ended December 31:

inree	Months	SIX Mon	tns
2003	2002	2003	2002

45,522

45,52

Bowling	.\$		\$	(33,747)	\$		\$	(108,269)
Real estate development				(9,000)				
	\$		\$	(42,747)	\$		\$	(108,269)
	====	=======		========		=======		

8. Note receivable from shareholder:

In December 1990 the Company loaned \$1,061,009 to the Company's majority shareholder, Andrew Bradley, Inc. (ABI), which is 88% owned by Harold S. Elkan, the Company's President. The loan provided funds to ABI to pay its obligation related to its purchase of the Company's stock in November 1983. The loan to ABI provides for interest to accrue at an annual rate of prime plus 1-1/2 percentage points (5.50 percent at December 31, 2003) and to be added to the principal balance annually. The loan was due November 7, 2003. The loan is collateralized by 21,808,267 shares of the Company's stock owned by ABI. The original loan amount plus accrued interest of \$1,230,483 is presented as a reduction of shareholders' equity because ABI's only asset is the stock of the Company.

On November 7, 2003, the Company presented demand to ABI for payment of \$3,351,724, which represents the original principal balance plus accrued interest, of which \$1,060,232 has not been accrued by the Company. The note provides for a 5 day grace period and negotiations are underway between the Company and ABI with respect to disposition of the note.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The independent auditors' report dated September 5, 2003 included in our June 30, 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K contained the following explanatory paragraph:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses, and is forecasting negative cash flows from operating activities for the next twelve months. These items raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 13. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Management estimates positive cash flow of \$100,000 to \$200,000 in total for the remaining two quarters of the year ending June 30, 2004 from operating activities after deducting capital expenditures and principal payments on notes payable and adding estimated distributions from UCV and VRLP. However, Management estimates that it will have a tax liability of approximately \$1,026,000 due in September 2004 as a result of reporting the taxable portion of the sale of the apartment project owned by UCV, LP. Management is currently uncertain of where the Company will obtain the funds to pay these tax liabilities.

The Company estimates it will receive approximately \$700,000 of distributions

from UCV in the third quarter of which \$129,000 was received in January and February 2004. The \$700,000 of distributions from UCV represents the remainder of funds to be distributed by UCV to the Company from the sales proceeds of UCV's apartment project.

In February 2003 Vail Ranch Limited Partners (VRLP) sold its membership interest in Temecula Creek LLC to its other partner in Temecula Creek LLC. VRLP was entitled to receive one-half of the sales proceeds from the sale of a remaining parcel of undeveloped land as well as the release of \$100,000 that was held back from the sales proceeds in February 2003. In December 2003 VRLP received \$121,955 as its share of the proceeds from the sale of the undeveloped land. In January 2004, VRLP received \$99,959 as the balance of the hold back. The Company received distributions from VRLP related to these transactions of \$58,173 in December 2003 and \$59,975 in January 2004. As part of the Company's obligation to pay approximately one-half of these proceeds to its minority partner, payments of \$29,000 each were made to the minority partner in December 2003 and January 2004. The liability to the minority interest stated in the balance sheet is \$402,839 but is likley to be settled for a lesser amount based on the distributions received from VRLP.

In December 1990 the Company loaned \$1,061,009 to the Company's majority shareholder, Andrew Bradley, Inc. (ABI), which is 88% owned by Harold S. Elkan, the Company's President. The loan provided funds to ABI to pay its obligation related to its purchase of the Company's stock in November 1983. The loan to ABI provides for interest to accrue at an annual rate of prime plus 1-1/2 percentage points (5.50 percent at December 31, 2003) and to be added to the principal balance annually. The loan was due November 7, 2003. The loan is collateralized by 21,808,267 shares of the Company's stock owned by ABI. The original loan amount plus accrued interest of \$1,230,483 is presented as a reduction of shareholders' equity because ABI's only asset is the stock of the Company.

On November 7, 2003, the Company presented demand to ABI for payment of \$3,351,724, which represents the original principal balance plus accrued interest, of which \$1,060,232 has not been accrued by the Company. The note provides for a 5 day grace period and negotiations are underway between the Company and ABI with respect to disposition of the note.

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Management expects continuing cash flow deficits until Penley Sports develops sufficient sales volume to become profitable. Although, there can be no assurances that Penley Sports will ever achieve profitable operations, management estimates that a combination of continued increases in the sales of Penley Sports and reduction of its operating costs will result in Penley Sports and the Company achieving a breakeven level of operations at the end of the next two quarters.

Management is currently evaluating other sources of working capital including the sale of assets or obtaining additional investors in Penley Sports. Management has not assessed the likelihood of the Company receiving any other sources of long-term or short-term liquidity. If the Company is not successful in obtaining other sources of working capital this could have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, management believes it will be able to meet its financial obligations for the next twelve months.

The Company has working capital deficit of \$565,556 at December 31, 2003, which is a \$1,627,109 decrease from the working capital of \$1,061,553 at June 30, 2003. The decrease in working capital is primarily attributable to the reclassification of \$1,026,000 from a non-current deferred tax liability to a current deferred tax liability and cash used by operating activities for the six

months ended December 31, 2003. The cash used by operating activities was partially offset by distributions received from the Company's investees. The following is a schedule of the cash provided (used) before changes in assets and liabilities, segregated by business segments:

	2003	2002	Change
Rental	\$ 4,000 (1,152,000)	3,000 (714,000)	1,000 (438,000)
	(250,000)	(68,000)	(182,000)
Cash used by continuing operations Discontinued operations:	(1,398,000)	(779,000)	(619,000)
Bowling		(96 , 000)	96,000
Capital expenditures Principal payments on	(194,000)	(4,000)	(190,000)
long-term debt	(6,000)	(4,000)	(2,000)
Cash used	(1,598,000) ======	(883,000) =====	(715,000)
Distributions received from			
investees	864,000	417,000	447,000
		·	

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In response to the SEC's release No. 33-8040, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies", the Company has identified its most critical accounting policy as that related to the carrying value of its long-lived assets. Any event or circumstance that indicates to the Company an impairment of the fair value of any asset is recorded in the period in which such event or circumstance becomes known to the Company. During the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2003 no such event or circumstance occurred that would, in the opinion of management, signify the need for a material reduction in the carrying value of any of the Company's assets.

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NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, No. 149 Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 149, amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133. In particular, SFAS No. 149 clarifies under what circumstances a contract within an initial net investment meets the characteristic of a derivative and when a derivative contains a financing component that warrants special reporting in the statement of cash flows. SFAS No. 149 is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, No. 150 Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity, or SFAS No. 150, establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. SFAS No. 150 requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument

that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). Many of those instruments were previously classified as equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. At the October 29, 2003 FASB Board meeting, the Board decided to indefinitely defer the effective date of SFAS No. 150 related to the classification and measurement requirements for mandatorily redeemable financial instruments that become subject to SFAS No. 150 solely as a result of consolidation, such as the minority interest in the accompanying financial statements.

In December 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which addresses how a business enterprise should evaluate whether it has a controlling financial interest in an entity through means other than voting rights and accordingly should consolidate the entity. FIN 46R replaces FASB Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which was issued in January 2003. The Company will be required to apply FIN 46R to variable interests in VIEs created after December 31, 2003. For variable interests in VIEs created before January 1, 2004, the Interpretation will be applied beginning on January 1, 2005. For any VIEs that must be consolidated under FIN 46R that were created before January 1, 2004, the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the VIE initially would be measured at their carrying amounts with any difference between the net amount added to the balance sheet and any previously recognized interest being recognized as the cumulative effect of an accounting change. If determining the carrying amounts is not practicable, fair value at the date FIN 46R first applies may be used to measure the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interest of the VIE. The Company currently does not have any VIEs in which it has variable interests.

"SAFE HARBOR" STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

With the exception of historical information (information relating to the Company's financial condition and results of operations at historical dates or for historical periods), the matters discussed in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are forward-looking statements that necessarily are based on certain assumptions and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as of the date hereof, and the Company does not undertake any responsibility to update any of these statements in the future. Actual future performance and results could differ from that contained in or suggested by these forward-looking statements as a result of the factors set forth in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and elsewhere in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a summary of the changes in the results of operations of the six and three-month periods ended December 31, 2003 to the same period in 2002 and a discussion of the significant changes:

SIX MONTHS	ENDED DECEMB	ER 31,	2003	VERSUS	2002
Real Estate		Unallo	ocated	 l	
Operation	Golf	And C	Other	Tot	al

Revenues	\$ 2,204 1,000	\$ (150,226) 111,549	\$(213,257) 	\$ (361,279) 112,549
SG&A-direct		(1,082)	109,266	108,184
SG&A-allocated		177,000	(120,931)	56 , 069
Depreciation and amortization	(26,710)	1,385	4,092	(21,233)
Interest expense			(44,816)	(44,816)
Gain from sale			78 , 533	78 , 533
Equity in investees	27 , 025			27,025
Segment profit (loss)	54 , 939	(439 , 078)	(82,335)	(466,474)
Investment income				(987)
<pre>Income tax benefit</pre>				516,000
Income from continuing				
operations				48,539
Discontinued operations				108,269
Change in accounting principle				(37,675)
Net income (loss)				119,133

THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 VERSUS 2002

Real Estate						
Operation		Golf	And Other		Total	
\$ 845	\$	(124,677)	\$(135,240)	\$	(259,072)	
500		124,549			125,049	
		(62,158)	40,257		(21,901)	
		92,000	(60,931)		31,069	
(13,355)		1,751	2,799		(8,805)	
			(11,502)		(11,502)	
			78 , 533		78 , 533	
40,431					40,431	
54,131		(280,819)	(27,330)		(254,018)	
					4,315	
					257,000	
					7,297	
					42,747	
					50,044	
	Operation \$ 845 500 (13,355) 40,431	Operation	Operation Golf	Operation Golf And Other	Operation Golf And Other	

REAL ESTATE OPERATIONS:

This segment includes the equity in income UCV, L.P. (UCV) and the sublease of a portion of the Penley factory. The operations of UCV consisted of the operation of a 542 unit apartment project until UCV sold the property on April 1, 2003. UCV acquired replacement properties on August 28, 2003, September 25, 2003 and September 26, 2003. The operations of UCV for the three and six months ended December 31, 2003 included the operations of these properties since their acquisition.

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GOLF OPERATIONS:

Golf revenues declined in the three and six month periods primarily due to declines in sales to golf club manufacturers. In one circumstance there was an order shipped in July 2002 for which there was no comparable sales activity in

2003. There were also two manufacturers that were no longer in business in 2003. The following is a breakdown of the percentage of sales by customer category:

	Six Months		Three	Months
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Golf equipment distributors .	53%	34%	54%	34%
Small golf club manufacturers	17%	30%	19%	32%
Golf shops	26%	29%	22%	30%
Other	4%	7%	5%	4%

Operating expenses of the golf segment consisted of the following in 2003 and 2002:

	Six Mo	nths	Three Months			
	2003	2002	2003	2002		
Costs of goods sold and						
manufacturing overhead	\$1,100,000	\$1,048,000 \$	519,000	\$ 450,000		
Research & development	157,000	97 , 000	105,000	49,000		
Total golf costs	1,257,000	1,145,000	624,000	499,000		
	445.000			=======		
Marketing & promotion	447,000	442,000	204,000	264 , 000		
Administrative-direct	129,000	135,000	54,000	56,000		
Total SG&A-direct	576,000	577,000	258,000	320,000		
Allocated corporate costs	301 , 000	124,000	154,000	62 , 000		
	========		=======	=======		

Total golf costs increased in the three and six month periods due to increases in costs to correct manufacturing problems caused by changes in the specifications of materials purchased from one of its "prepreg" vendors. Marketing and promotion expenses decreased in the three month period due to a decrease in player sponsorship costs. This decrease was offset in the six month period by an increase in advertising costs in the first quarter.

OTHER

Other revenues-related party decreased due to UCV's sale of its apartment project on April 1, 2003. The Company had received management fees and development fees from UCV totaling \$48,000 and \$97,000 during the three month and six month periods ended December 31, 2002, respectively. In the same periods in 2003, the Company only recieved management fees from the replacement properties totalling \$15,000 and \$18,000 respectively.

Other revenues, which primarily consisted of management fees earned from a third party, decreased \$102,000 and \$113,000 in the three and six month periods, respectivley, due to the sale of the property being managed in October 2002.

Unallocated selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$40,000 and \$109,000 in the three and six month periods, respectively, primarily due to increases in audit fees and legal expenses.

The amount of corporate expenses allocated to the Golf segment primarily increased due to an increase in the percentage of expenses allocable to golf. This is the result of the discontinuance of the bowling segment in May 2003 and the reduction in property management services performed for UCV and others during the three months ended September 30, 2003.

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Interest expense decreased primarily due to repayment of the short term debt in April 2003.

The increase in gain on sale primarily relates to the \$60,532 received in November 2003 related to amounts due on the the sale of the Company's investment in All Seasons Inns in a prior year. The Company had recorded a valuation allowance for the amount due at the time of sale.

Discontinued Operations:

As discussed in Footnote 7 of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, the Company has classified its operations in the bowling and real estate development segments as discontinued operations.

ITEM 3 - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to market risk primarily due to fluctuations in interest rates. However, the Company does not consider this interest rate market risk exposure to be material to its financial condition or results of operations.

The Company does not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative or trading purposes.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-14(c) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as of December 31, 2003. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

As of December 31, 2003, there were no changes in legal proceedings from those set forth in Item 3 of the Form 10-K filed for the year ended June 30, 2003, except the following:

A lawsuit was filed on January 10, 2003 in the United States District Court in the Southern District of California by Masterson Marketing, Inc. (Masterson) against Penley Sports, LLC. Masterson's lawsuit originally asserted claims for copyright infringement, breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, and sought compensatory damages, punitive damages, statutory damages, and attorney fees. The Company

filed a motion to dismiss all claims. In response to that motion, Masterson dropped all claims except for the claims of copyright infringement and breach of contract. Masterson also dropped all prayers for punitive damages, statutory damages, and attorney fees. It is not possible at this time to predict the outcome of this litigation. We intend to vigorously defend against these claims.

ITEM 2. Changes in Securities

NONE

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

N/A

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holder

NONE

ITEM 5. Other Information

NONE

- ITEM 6. Exhibits & Reports on Form 8-K
 - (a) Exhibits:
 - 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
 - 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
 - 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Sec. 906
 - 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Sec. 906
 - (b) Reports on Form 8-K: NONE

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SPORTS ARENAS, INC.

By: /s/ Harold S. Elkan

Harold S. Elkan, President and Director

Date: February 17, 2004

By:/s/ Steven R. Whitman

Steven R. Whitman, Treasurer,
Principal Accounting Officer and Director

Date: February 17, 2004

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