

AIR T INC  
Form 10-K  
June 04, 2013

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark one)

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the fiscal year ended  
March 31, 2013

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period  
from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-11720

Air T, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

52-1206400

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

3524 Airport Road, Maiden, North Carolina 28650  
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(828) 464 -8741

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.25 per share	The NASDAQ Stock Market
Preferred Stock Purchase	The NASDAQ Stock Market

Rights

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. (See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes No

The aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant based upon the closing price of the common stock on September 30, 2012 was approximately \$16,808,000. As of May 31, 2013, 2,446,286 shares of common stock were outstanding.

Documents Incorporated By Reference

Portions of the Company's definitive proxy statement for its 2013 annual meeting of stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K.

AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
2013 ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K  
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PART I

Item 1. Business.

Air T, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in 1980 and operates wholly owned subsidiaries in three industry segments. The overnight air cargo segment, comprised of its Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. (“MAC”) and CSA Air, Inc. (“CSA”) subsidiaries, operates in the air express delivery services industry. The ground equipment sales segment, comprised of its Global Ground Support, LLC (“GGS”) subsidiary, manufactures and provides mobile deicers and other specialized equipment products to passenger and cargo airlines, airports, the military and industrial customers. The ground support services segment, comprised of its Global Aviation Services, LLC (“GAS”) subsidiary, provides ground support equipment maintenance and facilities maintenance services to domestic airlines and aviation service providers.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, the Company’s overnight air cargo segment accounted for 48% of the Company’s consolidated revenues, the ground equipment sales segment accounted for 39% of consolidated revenues and the ground support services segment accounted for 13% of consolidated revenues. The Company’s overnight air cargo services are provided primarily to one customer, FedEx Corporation (“FedEx”). Certain financial data with respect to the Company’s three segments are set forth in Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included under Part II, Item 8 of this report.

The principal place of business of the Company and MAC is 3524 Airport Road, Maiden, North Carolina; the principal place of business of CSA is Iron Mountain, Michigan and the principal place of business for GGS and GAS is Olathe, Kansas. The Company maintains an Internet website at <http://www.airt.net> and posts links to its SEC filings on its website.

Overnight Air Cargo Services.

MAC and CSA provide small package overnight airfreight delivery services on a contract basis throughout the eastern half of the United States and the Caribbean. MAC and CSA’s revenues are derived principally pursuant to “dry-lease” service contracts with FedEx. Under the dry-lease service contracts, FedEx leases its aircraft to MAC and CSA for a nominal amount and pays a monthly administrative fee to MAC and CSA to operate the aircraft. Under these contracts, all direct costs related to the operation of the aircraft (including fuel, outside maintenance, landing fees and pilot costs) are passed through to FedEx without markup.

As of March 31, 2013, MAC and CSA had an aggregate of 85 aircraft under agreement with FedEx. Separate agreements cover the three types of aircraft operated by MAC and CSA for FedEx -- Cessna Caravan, ATR-42 and ATR-72. Pursuant to such agreements, FedEx determines the schedule of routes to be flown by MAC and CSA. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, MAC’s routes were primarily in the southeastern United States and the Caribbean and CSA’s routes were primarily in the upper Midwest region of the United States. Included within the 85 aircraft are eight Cessna Caravan aircraft that are considered soft-parked. These aircraft remain covered under MAC’s agreements with FedEx although at a reduced administrative fee compared to aircraft currently in operation. MAC continues to perform maintenance on the aircraft, but they are not crewed and MAC does not currently operate the aircraft on scheduled routes. Five of the soft parked aircraft were parked as a result of FedEx delivering five new 2012 model Cessna Caravan aircraft to MAC during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, FedEx transferred an ATR-72 aircraft from MAC’s fleet to a feeder operator in Canada to meet scheduling needs. The administrative revenue related to ATR-72 aircraft is significantly greater than the administrative revenue related to the operation of a Cessna Caravan.

Agreements with FedEx are renewable on two to five-year terms and may be terminated by FedEx any time upon 30 days' notice. The Company believes that the short term and other provisions of its agreements with FedEx are standard within the airfreight contract delivery service industry. Revenues from MAC and CSA's contracts with FedEx accounted for approximately 48% and 54% of the Company's consolidated revenue for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The loss of FedEx as a customer would have a material adverse effect on the Company. FedEx has been a customer of the Company since 1980. MAC and CSA are not contractually precluded from providing services to other parties and MAC occasionally provides third-party maintenance services to other airline customers and the U. S. military.

MAC and CSA operate under separate aviation certifications. MAC is certified to operate under Part 121, Part 135 and Part 145 of the regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration (the “FAA”). These certifications permit MAC to operate and maintain aircraft that can carry up to 18,000 pounds of cargo and provide maintenance services to third-party operators. CSA is certified to operate and maintain aircraft under Part 135 of the FAA regulations. This certification permits CSA to operate aircraft with a maximum cargo capacity of 7,500 pounds.

MAC and CSA, together, operated the following FedEx-owned cargo aircraft as of March 31, 2013:

Type of Aircraft	Model Year	Form of Ownership	Number of Aircraft
Cessna Caravan 208B (single turbo prop)	1985-2012	Dry lease	67
ATR-42 (twin turbo prop)	1992	Dry lease	10
ATR-72 (twin turbo prop)	1992	Dry lease	8
			85

The Cessna Caravan 208B aircraft are maintained on FAA approved inspection programs. The inspection intervals range from 100 to 200 hours. The current overhaul period on the Cessna aircraft is 7,500 hours.

The ATR-42 and ATR-72 aircraft are maintained under a FAA Part 121 maintenance program. The program consists of A and C service checks as well as calendar checks ranging from weekly to 12 years in duration. The engine overhaul period is “on condition”.

The Company operates in a niche market within a highly competitive contract cargo carrier market. MAC and CSA are two of seven carriers that operate within the United States as FedEx feeder carriers. MAC and CSA are benchmarked against the other five FedEx feeders, based on safety, reliability, compliance with Federal, state and applicable foreign regulations, price and other service related measurements. Accurate industry data is not available to indicate the Company’s position within its marketplace (in large measure because all of the Company’s direct competitors are privately held), but management believes that MAC and CSA, combined, constitute the largest contract carrier of the type described immediately above.

FedEx conducts periodic audits of CSA and MAC, and these audits are an integral part of the relationship between the carrier and FedEx. The audits test adherence to the Aircraft Dry Lease and Service Agreement and assess the carrier’s overall internal control environment, particularly as related to the processing of invoices of FedEx-reimbursable costs. The scope of these audits typically extends beyond simple validation of invoice data against the third-party supporting documentation. The audit teams generally investigate the operator’s processes and procedures for strong internal control procedures. The Company believes satisfactory audit results are critical to maintaining its relationship with FedEx. The audits conducted by FedEx are not designed to provide any assurance with respect to the Company’s financial statements, and investors, in evaluating the Company’s financial statements, may not rely in any way on any such examination of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The Company's overnight air cargo operations are not materially seasonal.

Aircraft Deicer and Other Specialized Industrial Equipment Products.

In August 1997, the Company organized GGS and acquired the Simon Deicer Division of Terex Aviation Ground Equipment. GGS is located in Olathe, Kansas and manufactures, sells and services aircraft ground support and other specialized equipment sold to domestic and international passenger and cargo airlines, ground handling companies, the United States Air Force ("USAF"), airports and industrial customers. Since its inception, GGS has diversified its product line to include additional models of aircraft deicers, scissor-type lifts, military and civilian decontamination units, flight-line tow tractors, glycol recovery vehicles and other specialized types of equipment. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, sales of deicing equipment accounted for approximately 58% of GGS's revenues, compared to 75% in the prior fiscal year.

In the manufacture of its ground service equipment, GGS assembles components acquired from third-party suppliers. Components are readily available from a number of different suppliers. The primary components for mobile deicing equipment are the chassis (which is a commercial medium or heavy-duty truck), fluid storage tanks, a boom system, fluid delivery system and heating equipment. The price of these components is influenced by raw material costs, principally high-strength steels and stainless steel. GGS utilizes continuous improvements and other techniques to improve efficiencies and designs to minimize product price increases to its customers, to respond to regulatory changes, such as emission standards, and to incorporate technological improvements to enhance the efficiency of GGS's products. Improvements include the development of single operator mobile deicing units to replace units requiring two operators, a patented premium deicing blend system and a more efficient forced-air deicing system.

GGS manufactures five basic models of mobile deicing equipment with capacities ranging from 700 to 2,800 gallons. GGS also offers fixed-pedestal-mounted deicers. Each model can be customized as requested by the customer, including single operator configuration, fire suppressant equipment, open basket or enclosed cab design, a patented forced-air deicing nozzle and on-board glycol blending system to substantially reduce glycol usage, color and style of the exterior finish. GGS also manufactures five models of scissor-lift equipment, for catering, cabin service and maintenance service of aircraft, and has developed a line of decontamination equipment, flight-line tow tractors, glycol recovery vehicles and other special purpose mobile equipment.

GGS competes primarily on the basis of the quality and reliability of its products, prompt delivery, service and price. The market for aviation ground service equipment is highly competitive and directly related to the financial health of the aviation industry, weather patterns and changes in technology.

GGS's mobile deicing equipment business has historically been seasonal. The Company has continued its efforts to reduce GGS's seasonal fluctuation in revenues and earnings by broadening its international and domestic customer base and its product line. In June 1999, GGS was awarded a four-year contract to supply deicing equipment to the USAF. GGS was awarded two three-year extensions of that contract through June 2009. On July 15, 2009, the Company announced that GGS had been awarded a new contract to supply deicing trucks to the USAF. The contract award was for one year with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In June 2012, the third option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to July 2013. For the year ended March 31, 2013, GGS revenues included \$7,598,000 of deicer unit sales to the USAF under this contract (\$6,695,000 for the year ended March 31, 2012.) At March 31, 2013 there were no outstanding orders under this contract.

In September 2010, GGS was awarded a contract to supply flight-line tow tractors to the USAF. The contract award was for one year commencing September 28, 2010 with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In August 2012, the second option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to September 2013. For the year ended March 31, 2013, GGS revenues included \$7,705,000 of flight-line tow tractor sales to the USAF under this contract (\$85,000 for the year ended March 31, 2012.) GGS's backlog at March 31, 2013 includes \$769,000 of units ordered by the USAF under this contract.

Because these contracts with the USAF do not obligate the USAF to purchase a set or minimum number of units, the value of these contracts, as well as the number of units to be delivered, depends upon the USAF's requirements and available funding. Revenue from GGS's two contracts with the USAF accounted for approximately 15% and 8% of the Company's consolidated revenue for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Ground Support Equipment and Airport Facility Maintenance Services.

GAS was formed in September 2007 to operate the aircraft ground support equipment and airport facility maintenance services business of the Company. GAS is providing aircraft ground support equipment and airport facility maintenance services to a wide variety of customers throughout the country. A key component of the GAS business since inception had been a three-year contract with Delta Airlines (successor to Northwest Airlines) which was to expire in December 2010. GAS lost a significant portion of the Delta work in September 2010, as a result of a significant reduction in the scope of work performed for Delta, its primary customer. The services that were reduced, which included the elimination of services at GAS's largest Delta location, accounted for almost half of GAS's historical revenues and a greater proportion of its operating income at the time.

Since that time, GAS has added new customers and locations to build its revenue base and increase its operating income. At March 31, 2013, GAS was providing maintenance services at 23 locations throughout the country. Approximately 18% and 26%, respectively, of GAS's revenue in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, was derived from services under contract with Delta Airlines. Approximately 37% and 25%, respectively, of GAS's revenue in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, was derived from services under contracts with another customer.

GAS is a relatively new provider in its industry segment and competes primarily on the basis of the quality, reliability and pricing of its services. The market for ground support equipment and airport facility maintenance services is highly competitive and directly related to the financial health of the aviation industry. GAS's maintenance service business is not materially seasonal.

#### Backlog.

The Company's backlog consists of "firm" orders supported by customer purchase orders for the equipment and services sold by GGS. At March 31, 2013, the Company's backlog of orders was \$6.5 million, all of which the Company expects to be filled in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2014. At March 31, 2012, the Company's backlog of orders was \$15.3 million.

#### Governmental Regulation.

The Department of Transportation ("DOT") has the authority to regulate economic issues affecting air service. The DOT has authority to investigate and institute proceedings to enforce its economic regulations, and may, in certain circumstances, assess civil penalties, revoke operating authority and seek criminal sanctions.

In response to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, Congress enacted the Aviation and Transportation Security Act ("ATSA") of November 2001. ATSA created the Transportation Security Administration ("TSA"), an agency within the DOT, to oversee, among other things, aviation and airport security. In 2003, TSA was transferred from the DOT to the Department of Homeland Security but the basic mission and authority of TSA remain unchanged. ATSA provided for the federalization of airport passenger, baggage, cargo, mail, and employee and vendor screening processes.

Under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, the FAA has safety jurisdiction over flight operations generally, including flight equipment, flight and ground personnel training, examination and certification, certain ground facilities, flight equipment maintenance programs and procedures, examination and certification of mechanics, flight routes, air traffic control and communications and other matters. The Company has been subject to FAA regulation since the commencement of its business activities. The FAA is concerned with safety and the regulation of flight operations generally, including equipment used, ground facilities, maintenance, communications and other matters. The FAA can suspend or revoke the authority of air carriers or their licensed personnel for failure to comply with its regulations and can ground aircraft if questions arise concerning airworthiness. The FAA also has power to suspend or revoke for cause the certificates it issues and to institute proceedings for imposition and collection of fines for violation of federal aviation regulations. The Company, through its subsidiaries, holds all operating airworthiness and other FAA certificates that are currently required for the conduct of its business, although these certificates may be suspended or revoked for cause. The FAA periodically conducts routine reviews of MAC and CSA's operating procedures and flight and maintenance records.

The FAA has authority under the Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended, to monitor and regulate aircraft engine noise. The aircraft operated by the Company are in compliance with all such regulations promulgated by the FAA. Moreover, because the Company does not operate jet aircraft, noncompliance is not likely. Such aircraft also comply with standards for aircraft exhaust emissions promulgated by the Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the Clean Air Act of 1970, as amended.

Because of the extensive use of radio and other communication facilities in its aircraft operations, the Company is also subject to the Federal Communications Act of 1934, as amended.



#### Maintenance and Insurance.

The Company, through its subsidiaries, is required to maintain the aircraft it operates under the appropriate FAA and manufacturer standards and regulations.

The Company has secured public liability and property damage insurance in excess of minimum amounts required by the United States Department of Transportation. The Company has also obtained all-risk hull insurance on Company-owned aircraft.

The Company maintains cargo liability insurance, workers' compensation insurance and fire and extended coverage insurance for owned and leased facilities and equipment. In addition, the Company maintains product liability insurance with respect to injuries and loss arising from use of products sold and services provided.

#### Employees.

At March 31, 2013, the Company and its subsidiaries had 519 full-time and full-time-equivalent employees. None of the employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries are represented by labor unions. The Company believes its relations with its employees are good.

#### Item 1A Risk Factors.

The following risk factors, as well as other information included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, should be considered by investors in connection with any investment in the Company's common stock. As used in this Item, the terms "we," "us" and "our" refer to the Company and its subsidiaries.

##### Risks Related to Our Dependence on Significant Customers

We are significantly dependent on our contractual relationship with FedEx Corporation, the loss of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, 48% of our consolidated operating revenues, and 100% of the operating revenues for our overnight air cargo segment, arose from services we provided to FedEx. Our agreements with FedEx are renewable on two to five-year terms and may be terminated by FedEx at any time upon 30 days' notice. FedEx has been a customer of the Company since 1980. The loss of these contracts with FedEx would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

Our current contracts extend through October 31, 2013. In the prior year, we had reported that we were in the process of negotiating replacement agreements with FedEx but FedEx has since put the contract negotiations on hold. We do still expect the replacement agreements to be negotiated and put into effect at some point in the future. The terms of the replacement agreements may differ from the terms of our current agreements, which may affect our results of operations going forward.

Because of our dependence on FedEx, we are subject to the risks that may affect FedEx's operations.

Because of our dependence on FedEx, we are subject to the risks that may affect FedEx's operations. These risks are discussed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition—Risk Factors" in FedEx Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended February 28, 2013. These risks include but are not limited to the following:

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- Economic conditions in the global markets in which it operates;
  - Dependence on its strong reputation and value of its brand;
- Potential disruption to the Internet and FedEx's technology infrastructure, including its website;
  - The price and availability of fuel;
- Its ability to manage its assets, including aircraft, to match shifting and future shipping volumes;
  - Intense competition from other providers of transportation services;
- Its ability to maintain good relationships with its employees and prevent attempts by labor organizations to organize groups of its employees;
- The impact of any international conflicts or terrorist activities on the United States and global economies in general, the transportation industry or it in particular, and what effects these events will have on the cost and demand for its services;
  - Increased pilot safety requirements;
- Regulatory actions affecting global aviation rights or a failure to obtain or maintain aviation rights in important international markets;
  - Global climate change or legal, regulatory or market responses to such change;
  - Localized natural or man-made disasters in key locations, including its Memphis, Tennessee super-hub;
- Disruptions or modifications in service by the United States Postal Service, a significant customer and vendor of FedEx; and
  - Widespread outbreak of an illness or other communicable disease or any other public health crisis.

A material reduction in the aircraft we fly for FedEx could materially adversely affect on our business and results of operations.

Under our agreements with FedEx, we are not guaranteed a number of aircraft or routes we are to fly. Our compensation under these agreements, including our administrative fees, depends on the number of aircraft leased to us by FedEx. Any material permanent reduction in the aircraft we operate could materially adversely affect our business and results of operations. A temporary reduction could materially adversely affect our results of operations for that period.

Our agreements with the United States Air Force are for one year with limited additional one-year extension options.

In the fiscal years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, approximately 15% and 8%, respectively, of our consolidated operating revenues arose from sales of deicing and other equipment to the USAF under two long-term contracts. GGS currently supplies deicing equipment to the USAF under a contract awarded in 2009. The contract award was for one year with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In June 2012, the third option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to July 2013. During the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, GGS received orders for \$5.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, under this new contract.

In September 2010, GGS was awarded a contract to supply flight-line tow tractors to the USAF. The contract award is for one year commencing September 28, 2010 with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In August 2012, the second option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to September 2013. During the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, GGS received orders for \$3.4 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, under this contract.

In the event that the United States Air Force does not award the remaining extension options under these contracts or does not renew these contracts, our revenues from sales of ground support equipment are likely to decrease unless we are successful in obtaining customer orders from other sources that can replace the equipment sold to the USAF. In addition, sales of deicing and other equipment to the USAF have, in the past, enabled GGS to ameliorate the seasonality of our ground support equipment business. Thus, if the extension options with the USAF are not renewed or if ordering levels under the contracts are low, seasonal patterns for this business may develop, with revenues and operating income for the segment being lower in the first and fourth fiscal quarters.

Trends toward reduction in military spending may adversely affect the volume of orders under our USAF contracts.

Our contract awards with the USAF do not obligate the USAF to purchase any set or minimum number of deicing units or flight-line tow tractors. The value of these contracts, as well as the number of units to be delivered, depends on the annual requirements and available funding of the USAF. Trends toward reduced military spending, including cuts to military budgets under the Budget Control Act of 2011 (commonly referred to as sequestration), may adversely affect the volume of orders under those contracts.



The revenues of each of the other segments of our business have been dependent on significant customers of that segment, the loss of which could materially impact the segment's results.

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, approximately 55% of GAS's revenue was derived from services under multiple contracts with two customers and approximately 38% of GGS's revenue arose from sales to the United States Air Force. The loss of any of these customers, or a major decline in business activity with these customers, could materially adversely impact the results of the relevant business segment.

#### Other Business Risks

Our revenues for aircraft maintenance services fluctuate based on the heavy maintenance check schedule, which is based on aircraft usage, for aircraft flown by our overnight air cargo operations.

Our maintenance revenues are affected based on the level of heavy maintenance checks performed on aircraft operated by our overnight air cargo operations which is affected by the level of usage of the aircraft. Accordingly, our maintenance revenues fluctuate from period to period. In addition, if the number of aircraft operated for FedEx were to decrease, we would likely experience fewer maintenance hours and consequently, less maintenance revenue.

Incidents or accidents involving products and services that we sell may result in liability or otherwise adversely affect our operating results for a period.

Incidents or accidents may occur involving the products and services that we sell. While we maintain products liability and other insurance in amounts we believe are customary and appropriate, and may have rights to pursue subcontractors in the event that we have any liability in connection with accidents involving products that we sell, it is possible that in the event of multiple accidents the amount of our insurance coverage would not be adequate.

The suspension or revocation of FAA certifications could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our overnight air cargo operations are subject to regulations of the FAA. The FAA can suspend or revoke the authority of air carriers or their licensed personnel for failure to comply with its regulations and can ground aircraft if questions arise concerning airworthiness. The FAA also has power to suspend or revoke for cause the certificates it issues and to institute proceedings for imposition and collection of fines for violation of federal aviation regulations. Our overnight air cargo subsidiaries, MAC and CSA, operate under separate FAA certifications. Although it is possible that, in the event that the certification of one of our subsidiaries was suspended or revoked, flights operated by that subsidiary could be transferred to the other subsidiary, we can offer no assurance that we would be able to transfer flight operations in that manner. Accordingly, the suspension or revocation of any one of these certifications could have a material adverse effect our business, results of operations and financial position. The suspension or revocation of all of these certifications would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

Sales of deicing equipment can be affected by weather conditions.

Our deicing equipment is used to deice commercial and military aircraft. The extent of deicing activity depends on the severity of winter weather. Mild winter weather conditions permit airports to use fewer deicing units, since less time is required to deice aircraft in mild weather conditions. As a result, airports may be able to extend the useful lives of their existing units, reducing the demand for new units.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

Various provisions and laws could delay or prevent a change of control.

Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our stockholder rights plan and provisions of Delaware corporation law could delay or prevent a change of control or may impede the ability of the holders of our common stock to change our management. In particular, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, among other things regulate how shareholders may present proposals or nominate directors for election at shareholders' meetings and authorize our board of directors to issue preferred stock in one or more series, without shareholder approval. Our stockholder rights plan also makes an acquisition of a controlling interest in Air T in a transaction not approved by our board of directors more difficult.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

Item 2. Properties.

The Company leases the Little Mountain Airport in Maiden, North Carolina from a corporation whose stock is owned in part by William H. Simpson, an officer and director of the Company, John Gioffre, a director of the Company, and the estate of David Clark, of which, Walter Clark, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and a director, is a co-executor and beneficiary, and Allison Clark, a director, is a beneficiary. The facility consists of approximately 68 acres with one 3,000 foot paved runway, approximately 20,000 square feet of hangar space and approximately 12,300 square feet of office space. The operations of the Company and MAC are headquartered at this facility. The lease for this facility provides for monthly rent of \$14,428 through May 31, 2014. The lease agreement provides that the Company shall be responsible for maintenance of the leased facilities and for utilities, taxes and insurance.

The Company also leases approximately 1,950 square feet of office space and approximately 4,800 square feet of hangar space at the Ford Airport in Iron Mountain, Michigan. CSA's operations are headquartered at these facilities which are leased from a third party under an annually renewable agreement.

The Company leases approximately 53,000 square feet of a 66,000 square foot aircraft maintenance facility located in Kinston, North Carolina under an agreement that extends through January 2018. This lease is cancelable under certain conditions at the Company's option. The Company currently considers the lease to be cancelable and has calculated rent expense under the current lease term.

GGs leases an 112,500 square foot production facility in Olathe, Kansas. The facility is leased, from a third party, under a lease agreement, which expires in August 2014.

As of March 31, 2013, the Company leased hangar, maintenance and office space from third parties at a variety of other locations, at prevailing market terms.

The table of aircraft presented in Item 1 lists the aircraft operated by the Company's subsidiaries and the form of ownership.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of their business. No material litigation or other material claim is presently pending against the Company.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.



## PART II

## Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

The Company's common stock is publicly traded on the NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol "AIRT."

As of March 31, 2013, the number of holders of record of the Company's Common Stock was 229. The range of high and low sales price per share for the Company's common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market from April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended March 31,			
	2013		2012	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 9.77	\$ 8.03	\$ 9.62	\$ 8.84
Second Quarter	8.88	7.76	9.19	7.50
Third Quarter	8.80	8.08	8.65	7.35
Fourth Quarter	9.69	8.31	9.55	8.35

The Company's Board of Directors has adopted a policy to pay a regularly scheduled annual cash dividend in the first quarter of each fiscal year. On May 17, 2013, the Company declared a cash dividend of \$0.30 per common share payable on June 28, 2013 to stockholders of record on June 7, 2013.

## Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year Ended March 31,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Statements of Operations Data:					
Operating revenues	\$ 103,064	\$ 89,382	\$ 83,362	\$ 81,077	\$ 90,668
Net income	1,670	1,350	2,138	3,757	4,379
Basic earnings per share	0.68	0.55	0.88	1.55	1.81
Diluted earnings per share	0.68	0.55	0.87	1.54	1.81

Dividend declared per share	0.25	0.25	0.33	0.33	0.30
Balance sheet data (at period end):					
Total assets	36,055	35,083	34,221	29,604	29,341
Long-term debt, including current portion	-	-	8	21	481
Stockholders' equity	28,124	27,053	26,241	24,901	21,753

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

## Overview

The Company operates in three business segments. The overnight air cargo segment, comprised of its Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. ("MAC") and CSA Air, Inc. ("CSA") subsidiaries, operates in the air express delivery services industry. The ground equipment sales segment, comprised of its Global Ground Support, LLC ("GGS") subsidiary, manufactures and provides mobile deicers and other specialized equipment products to passenger and cargo airlines, airports, the U. S. military and industrial customers. The ground support services segment, comprised of its Global Aviation Services, LLC ("GAS") subsidiary, provides ground support equipment maintenance and facilities maintenance services to domestic airlines and aviation service providers. Each business segment has separate management teams and infrastructures that offer different products and services. The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on operating income.

Following is a table detailing revenues by segment and by major customer category:

	(Dollars in thousands)			
	Year Ended March 31,			
	2013		2012	
<b>Overnight Air Cargo Segment:</b>				
FedEx	\$ 49,851	48 %	\$ 48,344	54 %
<b>Ground Equipment Sales Segment:</b>				
Military	15,413	15 %	6,928	8 %
Commercial - Domestic	17,102	17 %	16,436	18 %
Commercial - International	7,779	7 %	8,726	10 %
	40,294	39 %	32,090	36 %
<b>Ground Support Services Segment</b>				
	12,919	13 %	8,948	10 %
	\$ 103,064	100%	\$ 89,382	100%

MAC and CSA are short-haul express airfreight carriers and provide overnight air cargo services to one primary customer, FedEx Corporation ("FedEx"). MAC also on occasion provides maintenance services to other airline customers and the U. S. military, though no such services were provided in fiscal 2013 or fiscal 2012. Under the terms of dry-lease service agreements, which currently cover all of the 85 revenue aircraft, the Company receives a monthly administrative fee based on the number of aircraft operated and passes through to its customer certain cost components of its operations without markup. The amount of the administrative fee is reduced for aircraft considered to be soft-parked, and at March 31, 2013, eight of the 85 revenue aircraft were considered to be soft-parked. The cost of fuel, flight crews, landing fees, outside maintenance, parts and certain other direct operating costs are included in operating expenses and billed to the customer as cargo and maintenance revenue, at cost. Pursuant to such agreements, FedEx determines the type of aircraft and schedule of routes to be flown by MAC and CSA, with all other

operational decisions made by the Company. These agreements are renewable on two to five-year terms and may be terminated by FedEx at any time upon 30 days' notice. The Company believes that the short term and other provisions of its agreements with FedEx are standard within the airfreight contract delivery service industry. FedEx has been a customer of the Company since 1980. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, FedEx transferred an ATR-72 aircraft from MAC's fleet to a feeder operator in Canada to meet scheduling needs. The administrative revenue related to ATR-72 aircraft is significantly greater than the administrative revenue related to the operation of a Cessna Caravan.

MAC and CSA combined revenues increased by \$1,507,000 (3%) in fiscal 2013. See the following comparison of fiscal year 2013 to 2012 for details of the increase.

GGS manufactures and supports aircraft deicers and other specialized equipment on a worldwide basis. GGS manufactures five basic models of mobile deicing equipment with capacities ranging from 700 to 2,800 gallons. GGS also offers fixed-pedestal-mounted deicers. Each model can be customized as requested by the customer, including single operator configuration, fire suppressant equipment, open basket or enclosed cab design, a patented forced-air deicing nozzle and on-board glycol blending system to substantially reduce glycol usage, color and style of the exterior finish. GGS also manufactures five models of scissor-lift equipment, for catering, cabin service and maintenance service of aircraft, and has developed a line of decontamination equipment, flight-line tow tractors, glycol recovery vehicles and other special purpose mobile equipment. GGS competes primarily on the basis of the quality, performance and reliability of its products, prompt delivery, customer service and price.

In June 1999, GGS was awarded a four-year contract to supply deicing equipment to the USAF. GGS was awarded two three-year extensions of that contract through June 2009. On July 15, 2009, the Company announced that GGS had been awarded a new contract to supply deicing trucks to the USAF. The contract award was for one year with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In June 2012, the third option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to July 2013. In September 2010, GGS was awarded a contract to supply flight-line tow tractors to the USAF. The contract award was for one year commencing September 28, 2010 with four additional one-year extension options that may be exercised by the USAF. In August 2012, the second option period under the contract was exercised, extending the contract to September 2013. Because these contracts with the USAF do not obligate the USAF to purchase a set or minimum number of units, the value of these contracts, as well as the number of units to be delivered, depends upon the USAF's requirements and available funding.

GGS revenues increased by \$8,204,000 (26%) in fiscal 2013. See the following comparison of fiscal year 2013 to 2012 for details of the increase.

GAS was formed in September 2007 to operate the aircraft ground support equipment and airport facility maintenance services business of the Company. GAS is providing aircraft ground support equipment and airport facility maintenance services to a wide variety of customers at 23 locations throughout the country.

GAS revenues increased by \$3,971,000 (44%) in fiscal 2013. See the following comparison of fiscal year 2013 to 2012 for details of the increase.

#### Fiscal 2013 Summary

Revenues for our overnight air cargo segment totaled \$49,851,000 for the year ended March 31, 2013, representing a \$1,507,000 (3%) increase over the prior year. The segment saw its operating income decrease by \$513,000 or 14% in fiscal 2013. The increase in revenues is principally due to an increase in maintenance operating costs passed through to our air cargo customer at cost. The decrease in operating income is attributed to increased management labor costs and administrative costs in both its flight and maintenance departments in fiscal 2013, as the segment added key personnel in both the flight and management departments during the fiscal year.

Revenues for GGS totaled \$40,294,000 for the year ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$8,204,000 (26%) over the prior year, while operating income increased by \$1,514,000, from an operating loss of \$625,000 in the prior year. The increase in GGS revenues is primarily due to \$7.7 million of sales of flight-line tow tractors under the contract with the USAF. The increase in operating income is the result of the 26% increase in sales as well as a slight increase in GGS's gross margin percentage. Gross margin continues to be negatively impacted by a highly competitive environment, including domestic, international and military contracts. In addition, margins on the flight-line tow tractors are very slim. In spite of those factors, the segment's gross margin increased by one half percent in fiscal 2013 compared to the prior fiscal year as the segment has focused on improving production efficiency.

During the year ended March 31, 2013, revenues from our GAS subsidiary totaled \$12,919,000, representing a \$3,971,000 (44%) increase from the prior year. The segment also saw its operating income increase by \$171,000 or 24% in fiscal 2013. These increases are the result of the addition of new customers and locations as this segment continues to build its revenue base.



## Fiscal 2013 vs. 2012

Consolidated revenue increased \$13,682,000 (15%) to \$103,064,000 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase in 2013 revenue resulted from increases in all three operating segments.

Revenues in the overnight air cargo segment increased \$1,507,000 (3%) to \$49,851,000, principally due to increases in maintenance operating costs passed through to our air cargo customer at cost.

Revenues in the ground equipment sales segment increased by \$8,204,000 (26%) to \$40,294,000 in fiscal 2013. The increase was due primarily to the sale of \$7.7 million of flight-line tow tractors to the USAF in fiscal 2013 compared to \$85,000 in fiscal 2012.

Revenues in the ground support services segment increased by \$3,971,000 (44%) to \$12,919,000, resulting from an increase in new customers as well as an increase in work and locations for existing customers.

Operating expenses on a consolidated basis increased \$13,028,000 (15%) to \$100,336,000 for fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012. The increase was due to a number of factors. Operating expenses in the overnight air cargo segment were up \$1,690,000 (4%) generally correlating to the increase in revenues within that segment. Ground equipment sales operating costs increased \$6,940,000 (25%), again fairly closely correlating to the increase in revenues within that segment. Ground equipment sales gross margin continues to be negatively impacted by a highly competitive environment, including domestic, international and military contracts. In addition, the segment's gross margin has been negatively impacted by low margins on the \$7.7 million of sales of flight-line tow tractors in the current year. In spite of these pressures, the segment was able to gain production efficiencies resulting in a one half percent increase in gross margin compared to the prior year. Operating expenses in the ground support services segment increased by \$3,080,000 (51%) relating to the increased revenues produced in fiscal 2013. The ground services segment saw a reduction in its operating margins as it incurred significant costs in starting up and running new large stations in 2013.

General and administrative expense increased \$1,122,000 (10%) to \$12,457,000 in fiscal 2013. The Company incurred increased general and administration costs in the ground support services segment of \$677,000 relating to staffing costs, rents and other operating costs, and supply costs associated with new stations and increased business in fiscal 2013. In addition, the Company experienced a \$250,000 increase in professional fees in 2013 related to the various shareholder matters and a \$122,000 increase in profit sharing expense related to the increased profit generated by the Company in fiscal 2013.

Operating income for the year ended March 31, 2013 was \$2,728,000, a \$654,000 (32%) increase from fiscal 2012. The increase was principally the result of the substantial increases in revenues at the ground equipment sales and ground support services segments as discussed above.

Non-operating income, net for the year ended March 31, 2013 was \$2,000, a \$21,000 decrease from fiscal 2012. Non-operating income is interest income net of interest expense, and decreased as a result of decreased rates of return in fiscal 2013.

Income tax expense of \$1,060,000 in fiscal 2013 represented an effective tax rate of 38.8%, compared to income tax expense of \$746,000 in fiscal 2012 which represented an effective tax rate of 35.6%.

Net earnings were \$1,670,000 or \$0.68 per diluted share for the year ended March 31, 2013, a 24% increase from earnings of \$1,350,000 or \$0.55 per diluted share in fiscal 2012.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2013, the Company held approximately \$9.2 million in cash and cash equivalents. Of this amount, \$3.3 million was invested in liquid money market accounts. All invested amounts are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), with the exception of approximately \$360,000 held in money market accounts and \$1,000,000 invested in uninsured demand debt obligations of Duke Energy Corporation.

As of March 31, 2013, the Company's working capital amounted to \$22,667,000, an increase of \$519,000 compared to March 31, 2012.

The Company has a \$7,000,000 secured long-term revolving credit line with an expiration date of August 31, 2014. The revolving credit line contains customary events of default, a subjective acceleration clause and a fixed charge coverage requirement, with which the Company was in compliance at March 31, 2013. The Company had no outstanding obligations under its line of credit at March 31, 2013 and 2012. See Note 6 in the consolidated financial statements, included elsewhere in this report, for further discussion.

The Company is exposed to changes in interest rates on its line of credit, however, the line of credit had no outstanding balance at March 31, 2013 and 2012, and the Company had no borrowings on the line of credit during the year ended March 31, 2013.

Following is a table of changes in cash flow for the respective years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 4,362,000	\$ 752,000
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(367,000 )	(905,000)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(612,000 )	(548,000)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,383,000	\$ (701,000)

Cash provided by operating activities was \$3,610,000 more for fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012. The major contributor to this cash flow increase was a substantial decrease in inventories in fiscal 2013, primarily as a result of inventory-reduction initiatives implemented at GGS during fiscal 2013, compared to a substantial increase in fiscal 2012. This increase was partially offset by a cash flow decrease caused by a substantial increase in accounts receivable in fiscal 2013, primarily the result of high GGS sales and deliveries in March 2013, compared to a substantial decrease in fiscal 2012.

Cash used in investing activities was \$538,000 less in fiscal 2013, capital expenditures decreased by \$627,000 in fiscal 2013 compared to the prior year. The Company expended approximately \$380,000 in overhaul costs for its corporate aircraft in fiscal 2012 and also expended \$284,000 for vehicles and tooling for new GAS stations in fiscal 2012.

Cash used in financing activities was \$64,000 more in fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012 primarily due to the \$124,000 in proceeds from the exercise of stock options in fiscal 2012.

There are currently no commitments for significant capital expenditures. The Company's Board of Directors, on August 7, 1997, adopted the policy to pay an annual cash dividend in the first quarter of each fiscal year, in an amount to be determined by the board. On May 17, 2013 the Company declared a \$.30 per share cash dividend, to be paid on June 28, 2013 to shareholders of record June 7, 2013.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company defines an off-balance sheet arrangement as any transaction, agreement or other contractual arrangement involving an unconsolidated entity under which a Company has (1) made guarantees, (2) a retained or a contingent interest in transferred assets, (3) an obligation under derivative instruments classified as equity, or (4) any obligation arising out of a material variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to the Company, or that engages in leasing, hedging, or research and development arrangements with the Company. The Company is not currently engaged in the use of any of these arrangements.

### Impact of Inflation

The Company believes that inflation has not had a material effect on its manufacturing operations, because increased costs to date have been passed on to its customers. Under the terms of its overnight air cargo business contracts the major cost components of its operations, consisting principally of fuel, crew and other direct operating costs, and certain maintenance costs are reimbursed by its customer. Significant increases in inflation rates could, however, have a material impact on future revenue and operating income.

### Seasonality

GGs's business has historically been seasonal. The Company has continued its efforts to reduce GGS's seasonal fluctuation in revenues and earnings by increasing military and international sales and broadening its product line to increase revenues and earnings throughout the year. In June 1999, GGS was awarded a four-year contract to supply deicing equipment to the United States Air Force, and subsequently was awarded two three-year extensions on the contract, which expired in June 2009. In July 2009, GGS was awarded a new one-year contract with the United States Air Force with four additional one-year extension options. Although sales remain somewhat seasonal, particularly with regard to commercial deicers which typically are delivered prior to the winter season, this diversification has lessened the seasonal impacts in the past when sales under the contract with the United States Air Force were a significant component of the Company's revenues. If sales to the United States Air Force cease to be a significant component of GGS's sales, seasonal patterns of revenues and earnings attributable to its commercial deicer business may resume, with revenues and operating income for the segment being lower in the first and fourth fiscal quarters. The overnight air cargo and ground support services segments are not susceptible to seasonal trends.

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8. The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the use of estimates and assumptions to determine certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Management bases these estimates and assumptions upon the best information available at the time of the estimates or assumptions. The Company's estimates and assumptions could change materially as conditions within and beyond our control change. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from estimates. The Company believes that the following are its most significant accounting policies:

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts.** An allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is established based on management's estimates of the collectability of accounts receivable. The required allowance is determined using information such as customer credit history, industry information, credit reports, customer financial condition and the collectability of outstanding accounts receivables. The estimates can be affected by changes in the financial strength of the aviation industry, customer credit issues or general economic conditions.

**Inventories.** The Company's parts inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Provisions for excess and obsolete inventories are based on assessment of the marketability of slow-moving and obsolete inventories. Historical parts usage, current period sales, estimated future demand and anticipated transactions between willing buyers and sellers provide the basis for estimates. Estimates are subject to volatility and can be affected by reduced equipment utilization, existing supplies of used inventory available for sale, the retirement of aircraft or ground equipment and changes in the financial strength of the aviation industry.

**Warranty Reserves.** The Company warrants its ground equipment products for up to a three-year period from date of sale. Product warranty reserves are recorded at time of sale based on the historical average warranty cost and are adjusted as actual warranty cost becomes known.

Income Taxes. Income taxes have been provided using the liability method. Deferred income taxes reflect the net affects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax reporting purposes using enacted rates expected to be in effect during the year in which the basis differences reverse.

Revenue Recognition. Cargo revenue is recognized upon completion of contract terms. Maintenance and ground support services revenue is recognized when the service has been performed. Revenue from product sales is recognized when contract terms are completed and ownership has passed to the customer.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

We do not believe there are any recently issued accounting standards that have not yet been adopted that will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Report, including those contained in "Overview," are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the Company's financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. Forward-looking statements include those preceded by, followed by or that include the words "believes", "pending", "future", "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "dep" or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements, because of, among other things, potential risks and uncertainties, such as:

- Economic conditions in the Company's markets;
- The risk that contracts with FedEx could be terminated or adversely modified in connection with any renewal;
  - The risk that the number of aircraft operated for FedEx will be further reduced;
- The risk that the United States Air Force will continue to defer significant orders for deicing equipment under its contract with GGS;
  - The impact of any terrorist activities on United States soil or abroad;
- The Company's ability to manage its cost structure for operating expenses, or unanticipated capital requirements, and match them to shifting customer service requirements and production volume levels;
- The risk of injury or other damage arising from accidents involving the Company's overnight air cargo operations, equipment sold by GGS or services provided by GAS;
  - Market acceptance of the Company's new commercial and military equipment and services;
    - Competition from other providers of similar equipment and services;
    - Changes in government regulation and technology;
  - Mild winter weather conditions reducing the demand for deicing equipment.

A forward-looking statement is neither a prediction nor a guarantee of future events or circumstances, and those future events or circumstances may not occur. We are under no obligation, and we expressly disclaim any obligation, to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Air T, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Maiden, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Air T, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company was not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Air T, Inc. and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Charlotte, North Carolina

June 4, 2013



AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>		
Overnight air cargo	\$ 49,850,693	\$ 48,344,211
Ground equipment sales	40,294,093	32,089,800
Ground support services	12,919,453	8,948,120
	103,064,239	89,382,131
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>		
Flight-air cargo	20,016,194	19,874,129
Maintenance-air cargo	23,142,553	21,594,570
Ground equipment sales	35,011,452	28,071,008
Ground support services	9,171,986	6,091,993
General and administrative	12,456,893	11,335,044
Depreciation and amortization	532,770	364,215
Loss (gain) on sale of assets	4,363	(22,368 )
	100,336,211	87,308,591
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>2,728,028</b>	<b>2,073,540</b>
<b>Non-operating Income:</b>		
Investment income, net	1,832	22,684
	1,832	22,684
<b>Income Before Income Taxes</b>	<b>2,729,860</b>	<b>2,096,224</b>
<b>Income Taxes</b>	<b>1,060,000</b>	<b>746,000</b>
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 1,669,860</b>	<b>\$ 1,350,224</b>

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Earnings Per Share:

Basic	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.55
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Diluted	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.55
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Dividends Declared

Per Share	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25
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Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:

Basic	2,446,286	2,443,786
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Diluted	2,454,368	2,451,209
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See notes to consolidated financial statements.

AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,197,492	\$ 5,814,184
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$66,000 and \$108,000	11,687,515	8,952,007
Notes and other receivables-current	145,485	64,254
Income tax receivable	287,000	642,000
Inventories	8,181,700	13,450,970
Deferred income taxes	410,000	430,000
Prepaid expenses and other	619,128	761,025
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>30,528,320</b>	<b>30,114,440</b>
Property and Equipment, net	3,472,539	2,981,578
Cash Surrender Value of Life Insurance Policies	1,781,185	1,683,672
Notes and Other Receivables-LongTerm	158,276	191,505
Other Assets	114,270	112,172
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 36,054,590</b>	<b>\$ 35,083,367</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,741,371	\$ 5,999,598
Accrued expenses	2,120,000	1,966,839
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>7,861,371</b>	<b>7,966,437</b>
Deferred Income Taxes	69,000	64,000
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 50,000 shares authorized	-	-
Common stock, \$.25 par value; 4,000,000 shares authorized, 2,446,286 shares issued and outstanding	611,571	611,571
Additional paid-in capital	6,321,411	6,308,411

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Retained earnings	21,191,237	20,132,948
Total Stockholders' Equity	28,124,219	27,052,930
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 36,054,590	\$ 35,083,367

See notes to consolidated  
financial statements.

AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 1,669,860	\$ 1,350,224
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Loss (gain) on sale of assets	4,363	(22,368 )
Change in accounts receivable and inventory reserves	(25,570 )	236,211
Depreciation and amortization	532,770	364,215
Change in cash surrender value of life insurance	(97,513 )	(91,704 )
Deferred income taxes	25,000	405,000
Warranty reserve	184,000	489,000
Compensation expense related to stock options	13,000	1,469
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(2,692,701 )	2,670,430
Notes receivable and other non-trade receivables	(48,002 )	110,695
Inventories	4,590,984	(3,258,900)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	139,799	(365,636 )
Accounts payable	(258,227 )	(100,414 )
Accrued expenses	(30,839 )	(321,952 )
Income taxes payable/ receivable	355,000	(714,000 )
Total adjustments	2,692,064	(597,954 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,361,924	752,270
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	51,035
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,000	45,246
Capital expenditures	(375,045 )	(1,001,786)
Net cash used in investing activities	(367,045 )	(905,505 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		

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Payment of cash dividend	(611,571 )	(611,571 )
Payment on capital leases	-	(8,271 )
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	-	124,350
Tax effect from exercise and forfeiture of stock options	-	(52,156 )
Net cash used in financing activities	(611,571 )	(547,648 )
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>3,383,308</b>	<b>(700,883 )</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>5,814,184</b>	<b>6,515,067</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 9,197,492</b>	<b>\$ 5,814,184</b>

**SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:**

Finished goods inventory transferred to equipment leased to customers	\$ 661,049	\$ -
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**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:**

<b>Cash paid during the year for:</b>		
Interest	\$ 22,000	\$ 1,800
Income taxes	675,000	1,088,000

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stock		Additional	Retained	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Earnings	Stockholders' Equity
Balance, March 31, 2011	2,431,286	\$ 607,821	\$ 6,238,498	\$ 19,394,295	\$ 26,240,614
Net income	-	-	-	1,350,224	1,350,224
Cash dividend (\$0.25 per share)	-	-	-	(611,571 )	(611,571 )
Exercise of stock options	15,000	3,750	120,600	-	124,350
Tax effect from exercise and forfeiture of stock options	-	-	(52,156 )	-	(52,156 )
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	-	1,469	-	1,469
Balance, March 31, 2012	2,446,286	611,571	6,308,411	20,132,948	27,052,930
Net income	-	-	-	1,669,860	1,669,860
Cash dividend (\$0.25 per share)	-	-	-	(611,571 )	(611,571 )
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	-	13,000	-	13,000
Balance, March 31, 2013	2,446,286	\$ 611,571	\$ 6,321,411	\$ 21,191,237	\$ 28,124,219

See notes to consolidated financial statements.



AIR T, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2013 AND 2012

Air T, Inc. (the “Company”), a Delaware corporation, operates wholly owned subsidiaries in three industry segments. The overnight air cargo segment, comprised of its Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. (“MAC”) and CSA Air, Inc. (“CSA”) subsidiaries, operates in the air express delivery services industry. The ground equipment sales segment, comprised of its Global Ground Support, LLC (“GGS”) subsidiary, manufactures and provides mobile deicers and other specialized equipment products to passenger and cargo airlines, airports, the military and industrial customers. The ground support services segment, comprised of its Global Aviation Services, LLC (“GAS”) subsidiary, provides ground support equipment maintenance and facilities maintenance services to domestic airlines and aviation service providers.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Principles of Consolidation** – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Accounting Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The Company’s potential exposure to concentrations of credit risk consists of trade accounts and notes receivable, and bank deposits. Accounts receivable are normally due within 30 days and the Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers’ financial condition. Notes receivable payments are normally due monthly. The required allowance for doubtful accounts is determined using information such as customer credit history, industry information, credit reports, customer financial condition and the collectability of past-due outstanding accounts receivables. The estimates can be affected by changes in the financial strength of the aviation industry, customer credit issues or general economic conditions.

At various times throughout the year, the Company had deposits with banks in excess of amounts covered by federal depository insurance and investments in corporate notes that are not covered by insurance.

A majority of the Company’s revenues are concentrated in the aviation industry and revenues can be materially affected by current economic conditions and the price of certain supplies such as fuel, the cost of which is passed through to the Company’s cargo customer. The Company has customer concentrations in two areas of operations, overnight air cargo which provides service to one major customer and ground support equipment sales which provides equipment and services to approximately 125 customers in 31 countries, one of which is considered a major customer. The loss of a major customer would have a material impact on the Company’s results of operations. See Note 11 “Major Customers”.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** – Cash equivalents consist of liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Inventories – Inventories related to the Company’s manufacturing operations are carried at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. When finished goods units are leased to customers under operating leases, the units are transferred to Property and Equipment. Aviation parts and supplies inventories are carried at the lower of average cost or market. Consistent with industry practice, the Company includes expendable aircraft parts and supplies in current assets, although a certain portion of these inventories may not be used or sold within one year.

Property and Equipment – Property and equipment is stated at cost or, in the case of equipment under capital leases, the present value of future lease payments. Rotable parts represent aircraft parts which are repairable, capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation and amortization are provided on a straight-line basis over the asset’s useful life. Useful lives range from three years for computer equipment, seven years for flight equipment and ten years for deicers and other equipment leased to customers.

The Company assesses long-lived assets used in operations for impairment when events and circumstances indicate the assets may be impaired and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than their carrying amount. In the event it is determined that the carrying values of long-lived assets are in excess of the fair value of those assets, the Company then will write-down the value of the assets to fair value.

**Revenue Recognition** – Cargo revenue is recognized upon completion of contract terms. Maintenance and ground support services revenue is recognized when the service has been performed. Revenue from product sales is recognized when contract terms are completed and ownership has passed to the customer.

**Operating Expenses Reimbursed by Customer** – The Company, under the terms of its overnight air cargo dry-lease service contracts, passes through to its air cargo customer certain cost components of its operations without markup. The cost of flight crews, fuel, landing fees, outside maintenance, parts and certain other direct operating costs are included in operating expenses and billed to the customer, at cost, and included in overnight air cargo revenue on the accompanying statements of income.

**Stock Based Compensation** – The Company maintains a stock option plan for the benefit of certain eligible employees and directors of the Company. The Company recognizes compensation expense on stock options based on their fair values over the requisite service period. The compensation cost we record for these awards is based on their fair value on the date of grant. The Company has used the Black Scholes option-pricing model as its method for valuing stock options. The key assumptions for this valuation method include the expected term of the option, stock price volatility, risk-free interest rate and dividend yield. Many of these assumptions are judgmental and highly sensitive in the determination of compensation expense.

**Warranty Reserves** – The Company warrants its ground equipment products for up to a three-year period from date of sale. Product warranty reserves are recorded at time of sale based on the historical average warranty cost and are adjusted as actual warranty cost becomes known.

Product warranty reserve activity is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Beginning Balance	\$ 253,000	\$ 162,000
Amounts charged to expense	184,000	489,000
Actual warranty costs paid	(228,000)	(398,000)
Ending Balance	\$ 209,000	\$ 253,000

**Income Taxes** – Income taxes have been provided using the liability method. Deferred income taxes reflect the net affects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax reporting purposes using enacted rates expected to be in effect during the year in which the basis differences reverse.

**Reclassifications** – Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2012 amounts to conform to the current year presentation. As discussed in Note 4, the Company reclassified certain equipment under operating leases to customers from finished goods inventory to property and equipment.

2. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share has been calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. For purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share, shares issuable under stock options were considered potential common shares and were included in the weighted average common shares unless they were anti-dilutive. For each of the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, options to acquire 31,000 shares of common stock were not included in computing earnings per share because their effects were anti-dilutive. The computation of earnings per common share is as follows:

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	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net income	\$ 1,669,860	\$ 1,350,224
Earnings Per Share:		
Basic	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.55
Diluted	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.55
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:		
Basic	2,446,286	2,443,786
Diluted	2,454,368	2,451,209

### 3. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Aircraft parts and supplies	\$ 119,638	\$ 119,638
Ground equipment manufacturing:		
Raw materials	5,317,088	9,127,113
Work in process	1,305,029	4,363,789
Finished goods	2,230,100	613,348
Total inventories	8,971,855	14,223,888
Reserves	(790,155 )	(772,918 )
Total, net of reserves	\$ 8,181,700	\$ 13,450,970

See footnote 4 below, regarding reclassification of finished goods inventories to property and equipment.

### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	March 31,	
	2013	2012
Furniture, fixtures and improvements	\$ 5,822,028	\$ 5,588,358
Flight equipment and rotables	3,203,765	3,202,739

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Equipment leased to customers	2,042,776	1,381,727
	11,068,569	10,172,824
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,596,030 )	(7,191,246 )
Property and equipment, net	\$ 3,472,539	\$ 2,981,578

The Company has historically leased deicers and other equipment to customers on a limited basis. In the current year ended March 31, 2013, while still not a significant part of the Company's business, this activity has increased. As a result, the Company has elected to reclassify the equipment under operating leases from finished goods inventory to property and equipment. See cost of the leased equipment in the table above. As a result, inventory with a net book value of \$1,642,000 and \$1,092,000 at March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, has been reclassified from inventory to property and equipment.

## 5. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	March 31,	
	2013	2012
Salaries, wages and related items	\$ 1,272,183	\$ 1,188,016
Profit sharing	384,999	262,599
Health insurance	149,403	191,397
Warranty reserves	208,745	253,225
Other	104,670	71,602
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,120,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,966,839</b>

## 6. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has a \$7,000,000 secured long-term revolving credit line with an expiration date of August 31, 2014. The revolving credit line contains customary events of default, a subjective acceleration clause and a fixed charge coverage requirement, with which the Company was in compliance at March 31, 2013. There is no requirement for the Company to maintain a lock-box arrangement under this agreement. The amount of credit available to the Company under the agreement at any given time is determined by an availability calculation, based on the eligible borrowing base, as defined in the credit agreement, which includes the Company's outstanding receivables, inventories and equipment, with certain exclusions. At March 31, 2013, \$7,000,000 was available under the terms of the credit facility.

Amounts advanced under the credit facility bear interest at the 30-day "LIBOR" rate plus 150 basis points. The LIBOR rate at March 31, 2013 was .20%. At March 31, 2013 and 2012, there was no balance outstanding on the credit facility.

## 7. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company has operating lease commitments for office equipment and its office and maintenance facilities. The Company leases its corporate offices from a company controlled by certain of the Company's officers and directors. The lease for this facility provides for monthly rent of \$14,428 through May 31, 2014.

The Company leases an aircraft maintenance facility located in Kinston, N. C. under an agreement that extends through January 2018, with monthly rental amounts increasing every five years. However, based on the occurrence of certain events related to the composition of aircraft fleet, the lease may be canceled by the Company with 90 days notice. The Company currently considers the lease to be cancelable.

GGs leases its production facility under an agreement that extends through August 2014.

At March 31, 2013, future minimum annual lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of more than one year are as follows:

Year ended March 31,	
2014	\$ 613,000
2015	200,000
2016	3,000
2017	3,000
2018	2,000
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 821,000

Rent expense for operating leases totaled approximately \$1,620,000 and \$1,424,000 for fiscal 2013 and 2012, respectively, and includes amounts to related parties of \$173,000 and \$164,000 in fiscal 2013 and 2012, respectively.

## 8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company measures and reports financial assets and liabilities at fair value, on a recurring basis. There were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2013 or 2012. Fair value measurement is classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes receivable and accrued expenses approximate their fair value at March 31, 2013 and 2012. Cash is considered a Level 1 asset in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820.

## 9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The authorized capital structure of the Company includes 4,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.25 per share. On May 17, 2013, the Company declared a cash dividend of \$0.30 per common share payable on June 28, 2013 to stockholders of record on June 7, 2013.

In addition to common stock, the Company may issue up to 50,000 shares of \$1.00 par value preferred stock, in one or more series, on such terms and with such rights, preferences and limitations as determined by the Board of Directors. A total of 5,000 shares of preferred stock are authorized for issuance as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, of which 3,000 shares have been reserved for issuance pursuant to the Company's Rights Agreement, described below. No preferred shares have been issued as of March 31, 2013.

On March 26, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted a Rights Agreement (the "Rights Agreement"). In accordance with the Rights Agreement the Board of Directors declared a dividend of one preferred share purchase right (a "Right") for each outstanding share of common stock of the Company. The dividend was payable on April 5, 2012 (the "Record Date") to the stockholders of record on that date. In addition, one Right attaches to each share of common stock issued thereafter.

The Rights will become exercisable if any person or group acquires beneficial ownership of 15 percent or more of the Company's common stock. Once exercisable and upon a person or group acquiring 15 percent or more of the Company's common stock, each Right (other than Rights owned by such person or group) entitles its holder to purchase, for an exercise price of \$25 per share, a number of shares of the Company's common stock (or in certain

circumstances, cash, property or other securities of the Company) having a market value of twice the exercise price, and under certain conditions, common stock of an acquiring company having a market value of twice the exercise price. If any person or group acquires beneficial ownership of 15 percent or more of the Company's common stock, the Company may, at its option, exchange the outstanding Rights (other than Rights owned by such acquiring person or group) for shares of the Company's common stock or Company equity securities deemed to have the same value as one share of common stock or a combination thereof, at an exchange ratio of one share of common stock per Right. The rights are subject to adjustment if certain events occur, and they will initially expire on April 5, 2015, if not terminated or redeemed sooner. The Rights Agreement provides that the Company's Board of Directors may, at its option, redeem all of the outstanding Rights at a redemption price of \$0.01 per Right.

## 10. EMPLOYEE AND NON-EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS

The Company has granted options to purchase up to a total of 256,000 shares of common stock to key employees, officers and non-employee directors with exercise prices at 100% of the fair market value on the date of grant. As of March 31, 2012, 16,500 shares remain available for grant under two plans. The employee options generally vest one-third per year beginning with the first anniversary from the date of grant. The non-employee director options generally vest one year from the date of grant.

Compensation expense related to stock options granted was \$13,000 and \$1,469 for the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of March 31, 2013, there was \$10,700 of unrecognized compensation expense, related to the stock options (none at March 31, 2012). Options to purchase 12,500 shares were granted in fiscal 2013 and no options were granted in fiscal 2012.

Option activity is summarized as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Life(Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	229,500	\$ 8.59		
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	(15,000 )	8.29		
Forfeited	(14,500 )	8.80		
Outstanding at March 31, 2012	200,000	8.59		
Granted	12,500	8.70		
Exercised	-	-		
Forfeited	-	-		
Outstanding at March 31, 2013	212,500	\$ 8.60	3.82	\$ 219,000
Exercisable at March 31, 2013	200,000	\$ 8.59	3.47	\$ 209,000

During the year ended March 31, 2013, no options vested and as of March 31, 2013 options to purchase 12,500 shares are unvested.

## 11. MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Approximately 48% and 54% of the Company's consolidated revenues were derived from services performed for FedEx Corporation in fiscal 2013 and 2012, respectively. Approximately 15% and 8% of the Company's consolidated revenues for fiscal 2013 and 2012, respectively, were generated from GGS's two contracts with the United States Air Force.

Approximately 34% and 27% of the Company's consolidated accounts receivable at March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, were due from FedEx Corporation.

## 12. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
<b>Current:</b>		
Federal	\$ 820,000	\$ 195,000
State	146,000	41,000
Foreign	69,000	105,000
Total current	1,035,000	341,000
<b>Deferred:</b>		
Federal	21,000	347,000
State	4,000	58,000
Total deferred	25,000	405,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,060,000</b>	<b>\$ 746,000</b>

The income tax provision was different from the amount computed using the statutory Federal income tax rate for the following reasons:

	Year Ended March 31,			
	2013		2012	
<b>Income tax provision at</b>				
U.S. statutory rate	\$ 928,000	34.0%	\$ 713,000	34.0%
<b>State income taxes, net</b>				
of Federal benefit	99,000	3.6	60,000	2.9
<b>Permanent</b>				
differences, other	30,000	1.1	32,000	1.5
<b>Other differences,</b>				
net	3,000	0.1	(59,000 )	(2.8 )
<b>Income tax</b>				
provision	\$ 1,060,000	38.8%	\$ 746,000	35.6%

Deferred tax assets and liabilities consisted of the following as of:

March 31,

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	2013	2012
Stock option compensation	\$ 360,000	\$ 353,000
Inventory reserves	296,000	290,000
Accrued vacation	227,000	202,000
Warranty reserve	78,000	95,000
Accounts and notes receivable reserve	25,000	108,000
Other	16,000	21,000
Gross deferred tax assets	1,002,000	1,069,000
Prepaid expenses	(232,000 )	(286,000 )
Property and equipment	(429,000 )	(417,000 )
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(661,000 )	(703,000 )
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 341,000	\$ 366,000

The deferred tax items are reported on a net current and non-current basis in the accompanying fiscal 2013 and 2012 consolidated balance sheets according to the classification of the related asset and liability.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Company has analyzed filing positions in all of the federal, state and international jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in these jurisdictions. The periods subject to examination for the Company's federal and state returns are the fiscal 2008 through 2012 tax years. The Company was recently notified that its federal tax return for the year ended March 31, 2011 will be examined. As of March 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

It is the Company's policy to recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. As of March 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company did not have any accrued interest or penalties associated with any unrecognized tax benefits, nor was any interest expense recognized during the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

### 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Company has a 401(k) defined contribution plan covering domestic employees and an 1165(E) defined contribution plan covering Puerto Rico based employees ("Plans"). All employees of the Company are eligible to participate in the Plans after six months of service. The Company's contribution to the Plans for the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$278,000 and \$290,000, respectively and was recorded in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

The Company, in each of the past two years, has paid a discretionary profit sharing bonus in which all employees have participated. Profit sharing expense in fiscal 2013 and 2012 was approximately \$385,000 and \$263,000, respectively, and was recorded in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

### 14. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data)

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
2013				
Operating Revenues	\$ 24,488	\$ 21,162	\$ 26,703	\$ 30,711
Operating Income	654	351	986	737
Net Income	417	227	633	393
Basic Earnings per share	0.17	0.09	0.26	0.16
	0.17	0.09	0.26	0.16

Diluted Earnings per share				
2012				
Operating				
Revenues	\$ 16,561	\$ 25,461	\$ 25,650	\$ 21,710
Operating Income	251	919	901	2
Net Income	168	593	579	10
Basic Earnings per share				
	0.07	0.24	0.24	-
Diluted Earnings per share				
	0.07	0.24	0.24	-

## 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in three business segments. The overnight air cargo segment, comprised of its Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. (“MAC”) and CSA Air, Inc. (“CSA”) subsidiaries, operates in the air express delivery services industry. The ground equipment sales segment, comprised of its Global Ground Support, LLC (“GGS”) subsidiary, manufactures and provides mobile deicers and other specialized equipment to airlines, airports, the military and industrial customers. The ground support services segment, comprised of its Global Aviation Services, LLC (“GAS”) subsidiary, provides ground support equipment maintenance and facilities maintenance services to domestic airlines and aviation service providers. Each business segment has separate management teams and infrastructures. The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on operating income. Segment data is summarized as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>		
Overnight Air Cargo	\$ 49,850,693	\$ 48,344,211
<b>Ground Equipment Sales:</b>		
Domestic	32,515,374	23,363,587
International	7,778,719	8,726,213
Total Ground Equipment Sales	40,294,093	32,089,800
Ground Support Services	12,919,453	8,948,120
Total	\$ 103,064,239	\$ 89,382,131
<b>Operating Income (Loss):</b>		
Overnight Air Cargo	\$ 3,107,818	\$ 3,620,962
Ground Equipment Sales	888,506	(625,225 )
Ground Support Services	871,287	700,082
Corporate	(2,139,583 )	(1,622,279 )
Total	\$ 2,728,028	\$ 2,073,540
<b>Capital Expenditures:</b>		
Overnight Air Cargo	\$ 147,205	\$ 636,539
Ground Equipment Sales	139,075	63,260
Ground Support Services	38,982	284,337
Corporate	49,783	17,650
Total	\$ 375,045	\$ 1,001,786
<b>Depreciation and Amortization:</b>		
Overnight Air Cargo	\$ 156,589	\$ 83,453
Ground Equipment Sales	188,143	132,324
Ground Support Services	132,239	107,326
Corporate	55,799	41,112
Total	\$ 532,770	\$ 364,215

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is currently involved in certain employment related matters, which involve pending or threatened lawsuits. Those claims are subject to defense under the Company's liability insurance program and management believes that the results of these threatened or pending lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management performs an evaluation of events that occur after a balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or available to be issued for potential recognition or disclosure of such events in its financial statements. The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date that these financial statements were issued.

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Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, referred to collectively herein as the Certifying Officers, are responsible for establishing and maintaining our disclosure controls and procedures. The Certifying Officers have reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 240.13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of March 31, 2013. Based on that review and evaluation, which included inquiries made to certain other employees of the Company, the Certifying Officers have concluded that the Company's current disclosure controls and procedures, as designed and implemented, are effective in ensuring that information relating to the Company required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, including ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of March 31, 2013.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Limitations on Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. In addition, the design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and controls may become inadequate if conditions change. There can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013 that may have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None

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PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

Information concerning Directors and Executive Officers may be found under the captions “Proposal 1 – Election of Directors” and “Executive Officers” in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 annual meeting of stockholders (the “2013 Proxy Statement”), which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the close of our fiscal year. Such information is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in the 2013 Proxy Statement set forth under the caption “Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance” is incorporated herein by reference.

Code of Ethics.

The Company has adopted a code of ethics applicable to its executive officers and other employees. A copy of the code of ethics is available on the Company’s internet website at <http://www.airt.net>. The Company intends to post waivers of and amendments to its code of ethics applicable to its principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller or persons performing similar functions on its Internet website.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

Information concerning executive compensation may be found under the captions “Executive Officer Compensation” and “Director Compensation” of our 2013 Proxy Statement. Such information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of March 31, 2013, regarding shares outstanding and available for issuance under Air T, Inc.’s existing equity compensation plans.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities listed in first column)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	212,500	\$ 8.60	16,500

Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-		-
Total	212,500	\$	8.60
			16,500

The other information in our 2013 Proxy Statement set forth under the captions “Certain Beneficial Owners of Common Stock” and “Director and Executive Officer Stock Ownership” is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence.

The information in our 2013 Proxy Statement set forth under the caption “Certain Transactions” is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

The information in our 2013 Proxy Statement set forth under the caption “Proposal 4 – Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accountants” is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

1. Financial Statements

a. The following are incorporated herein by reference in Item 8 of Part II of this report:

- (i) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm - Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP
- (ii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2013 and 2012.
- (iii) Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.
- (iv) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.
- (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.
- (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. Exhibits

No.	Description
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation dated September 25, 2008 and Certificate of Designation dated March 26, 2012, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 21, 2012 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal year ended March 31, 1994 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
4.2	Rights Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2012, between Air T, Inc. and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, as Rights Agent, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 26, 2012 (Commission File No. 0-11720).
10.1	Aircraft Dry Lease and Service Agreement dated February 2, 1994 between Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. and FedEx Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 1993 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
10.2	Loan Agreement among Bank of America, N.A. the Company and its subsidiaries, dated May 23, 2001, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2001 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
10.3	Amendment No. 1 to Omnibus Securities Award Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2000* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
10.4	Premises and Facilities Lease dated November 16, 1995 between Global TransPark Foundation, Inc. and Mountain Air Cargo, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended December 31, 1995 (Commission File No.

0-11720)

10.5 Omnibus Securities Award Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Quarterly Report Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1998\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)

10.6 Commercial and Industrial Lease Agreement dated August 25, 1998 between William F. Bieber and Global Ground Support, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the Company's Quarterly Report on 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 1998 (Commission File No. 0-11720)

- 10.7 Amendment, dated February 1, 1999, to Aircraft Dry Lease and Service Agreement dated February 2, 1994 between Mountain Air Cargo, Inc. and FedEx Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 of the Company's Quarterly Report on 10-Q for the period ended December 31, 1998 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.8 Lease Agreement between Little Mountain Airport Associates, Inc. and Mountain Air Cargo, Inc., dated June 16, 2006, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2006 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.9 Employment Agreement dated as of July 8, 2005 between the Company and Walter Clark, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2005\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.10 Air T, Inc. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Annex C to the Company's proxy statement on Schedule 14A for its annual meeting of stockholders on September 28, 2005, filed with the SEC on August 12, 2005\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.11 Form of Air T, Inc. Employee Stock Option Agreement (2005 Equity Incentive Plan), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.12 Form of Air T, Inc. Director Stock Option Agreement (2005 Equity Incentive Plan), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.13 Form of Air T, Inc. Stock Appreciation Right Agreement (2005 Equity Incentive Plan), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.14 Employment Agreement dated as of October 6, 2006 between the Company and John Parry, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 10, 2006\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.15 Loan Agreement dated as of September 8, 2007 between the Company and its subsidiaries and Bank of America N.A., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 24, 2007 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.16 Amendment No. 1 to Loan Agreement dated as of September 22, 2010 between the Company and its subsidiaries and Bank of America, N.A. amending Loan Agreement dated September 18, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 29, 2010 (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.17 Amendment to Employment and Non-compete Agreement dated December 19, 2008 between John Parry and Air T, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 24, 2008\* (Commission File No. 0-11720)
- 10.18 Letter agreement dated August 22, 2011 between the Company and its subsidiaries and Bank of America, N.A. extending the Loan Agreement dated September 18, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current Report on Form 8-K dated August 23, 2011 (Commission file No. 0-11720)

10.19 Amendment No. 3 to Loan Agreement dated August 29, 2012 between the Company and its subsidiaries and Bank of America, N.A. amending Loan Agreement dated September 18, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 4, 2012 (Commission File No. 0-11720)

21.1 List of subsidiaries of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 (Commission File No. 0-11720)

23.1 Consent of Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

31.1 Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

31.2 Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

101 The following financial information from the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2013, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (ii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity, and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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\* Management compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this report.



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AIR T, INC.

By: /s/ Walter Clark  
Walter Clark, Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ John Parry  
John Parry, Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ Allison T. Clark  
Allison T. Clark, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ Walter Clark  
Walter Clark, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ Sam Chesnutt  
Sam Chesnutt, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ John Gioffre  
John Gioffre, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ John Parry  
John Parry, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ George C. Prill  
George C. Prill, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ William Simpson  
William Simpson, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ Nicholas J. Swenson  
Nicholas J. Swenson, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ Dennis A. Wicker  
Dennis Wicker, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

By: /s/ J. Bradley Wilson  
J. Bradley Wilson, Director

Date: June 4, 2013

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AIR T, INC.  
EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Document
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