SOUTH STATE Corp

Form 10-Q May 06, 2016 Table of Contents
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OI 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 001-12669

SOUTH STATE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

South Carolina 57-0799315 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) (IRS Employer Identification No.)

520 Gervais Street
Columbia, South Carolina
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(800) 277-2175

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class Outstanding as of April 30, 2016

Common Stock, \$2.50 par value 24,183,479

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

March 31, 2016 Form 10-Q

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands, except par value)

	March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2015 (Note 1)	March 31, 2015 (Unaudited)
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 183,170	\$ 178,664	\$ 149,620
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	250,229	218,883	315,206
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to			
resell	263,878	298,247	165,908
Total cash and cash equivalents	697,277	695,794	630,734
Investment securities:			
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$8,280, \$9,723 and			
\$10,232, respectively)	7,920	9,314	9,659
Securities available for sale, at fair value	978,047	1,009,541	808,396
Other investments	9,539	8,893	9,031
Total investment securities	995,506	1,027,748	827,086
Loans held for sale	34,933	41,649	87,342
Loans:			
Acquired credit impaired (covered of \$93,836, \$98,459 and			
\$172,870, respectively; non-covered of \$598,601, \$635,411 and			
\$693,634, respectively), net of allowance for loan losses	692,437	733,870	866,504
Acquired non-credit impaired (covered of \$7,733, \$8,047 and			
\$8,591, respectively; non-covered of \$991,505, \$1,041,491 and			
\$1,238,758, respectively)	999,238	1,049,538	1,247,349
Non-acquired	4,472,668	4,220,726	3,586,405
Less allowance for non-acquired loan losses	(35,115)	(34,090)	(33,538)
Loans, net	6,129,228	5,970,044	5,666,720
FDIC indemnification asset	2,091	4,401	16,713
Other real estate owned (covered of \$4,222, \$5,751 and \$12,026,			
respectively; non-covered of \$21,731, \$24,803 and \$24,070,			
respectively)	25,953	30,554	36,096
Premises and equipment, net	176,412	174,537	171,565
Bank owned life insurance	102,199	101,588	99,751
Deferred tax assets	32,045	37,827	40,629

Mortgage servicing rights Core deposit and other intangibles Goodwill Other assets Total assets LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	23,697	26,202	21,510
	45,521	47,425	47,223
	338,340	338,340	317,688
	67,555	61,239	58,525
	\$ 8,670,757	\$ 8,557,348	\$ 8,021,582
Deposits: Noninterest-bearing Interest-bearing Total deposits	\$ 2,020,632	\$ 1,976,480	\$ 1,757,302
	5,141,316	5,123,948	4,876,355
	7,161,948	7,100,428	6,633,657
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase Other borrowings Other liabilities Total liabilities	312,034	288,231	276,774
	55,210	55,158	55,003
	59,511	54,147	48,584
	7,588,703	7,497,964	7,014,018
Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock - \$.01 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; no shares issued and outstanding Common stock - \$2.50 par value; authorized 40,000,000 shares; 24,177,833, 24,162,657 and 24,156,759 shares issued and	_	_	_
outstanding, respectively Surplus Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Total shareholders' equity Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	60,445	60,407	60,392
	701,462	703,929	702,648
	316,642	298,919	241,526
	3,505	(3,871)	2,998
	1,082,054	1,059,384	1,007,564
	\$ 8,670,757	\$ 8,557,348	\$ 8,021,582

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	March 31, 2016	2015
Interest income:	2010	2013
Loans, including fees	\$ 77,254	\$ 78,848
Investment securities:	Ψ 77,234	Ψ 70,040
Taxable	4,793	3,661
Tax-exempt	1,016	1,078
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	752	411
Total interest income	83,815	83,998
Interest expense:	05,015	03,770
Deposits	1,600	2,003
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	144	96
Other borrowings	469	850
Total interest expense	2,213	2,949
Net interest income	81,602	81,049
Provision for loan losses	2,557	818
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	79,045	80,231
Noninterest income:	79,043	00,231
	20,125	16,492
Fees on deposit accounts	4,198	6,626
Mortgage banking income Trust and investment services income	4,198	•
	4,783 122	4,934
Securities gains, net		(2.207)
Amortization of FDIC indemnification asset, net	(1,475)	(3,207)
Other	2,286	1,660
Total noninterest income	30,041	26,505
Noninterest expense:	41 420	40.007
Salaries and employee benefits	41,432	40,987
Net occupancy expense	5,359	5,237
Information services expense	5,034	3,958
Furniture and equipment expense	2,851	3,145
OREO expense and loan related	1,774	3,014
Bankcard expense	2,879	1,980
Amortization of intangibles	1,904	2,016
Supplies, printing and postage expense	1,808	1,612
Professional fees	1,329	1,409
FDIC assessment and other regulatory charges	1,144	1,184
Advertising and marketing	645	855
Branch and conversion related expense	958	
Other	4,913	5,088
Total noninterest expense	72,030	70,485

Earnings:		
Income before provision for income taxes	37,056	36,251
Provision for income taxes	12,562	12,325
Net income	\$ 24,494	\$ 23,926
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$ 1.02	\$ 1.00
Diluted	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.99
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.23
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	23,969	23,943
Diluted	24,191	24,201

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months End	
	2016	2015
Net income	\$ 24,494	\$ 23,926
Other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized gains on securities:		
Unrealized holding gains arising during period	11,920	5,275
Tax effect	(4,545)	(2,012)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(122)	
Tax effect	46	
Net of tax amount	7,299	3,263
Unrealized losses on derivative financial instruments qualifying as cash flow hedges:		
Unrealized holding losses arising during period	(152)	(121)
Tax effect	58	46
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in interest expense	73	76
Tax effect	(28)	(29)
Net of tax amount	(49)	(28)
Change in pension plan obligation:		
Reclassification adjustment for changes included in net income	204	226
Tax effect	(78)	(86)
Net of tax amount	126	140
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	7,376	3,375
Comprehensive income	\$ 31,870	\$ 27,301

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)

	Preferred	l Stock Common S	Stock		Retained	Accumulate Other Compreher Income	
	Shares	Amoun S hares	Amount	Surplus	Earnings	(Loss)	Total
Balance, December 31, 2014	_	\$ — 24,150,702	2 \$ 60,377	\$ 701,764	\$ 223,156	\$ (377)	\$ 984,920
Comprehensive income: Net income	_		_	_	23,926	_	23,926
Other comprehensive income, net of							
tax effects Total comprehensive	_		_	_	_	3,375	3,375
income Cash dividends declared on common stock at \$0.23 per							27,301
share Stock options	_		_	_	(5,556)	_	(5,556)
exercised		— 21,000	53	614	_		667
Restricted stock awards Common stock		— 907	2	(2)	_	_	_
repurchased Share-based compensation	_	— (15,850)	(40)	(941)	_		(981)
expense Balance, March	_		_	1,213	_	_	1,213
31, 2015 Balance,	_	— 24,156,759	9 60,392	702,648	241,526	2,998	1,007,564
December 31, 2015	_	— 24,162,657	7 60,407	703,929	298,919	(3,871)	1,059,384

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Comprehensive income: Net income Other	_		_	_	24,494	_	24,494
comprehensive income, net of tax effects Total comprehensive	_		_	_	_	7,376	7,376
income Cash dividends declared at							31,870
\$0.28 per share	_			_	(6,771)	_	(6,771)
Stock options exercised Restricted	_	— 18,348	46	569	_	_	615
stock awards Stock issued pursuant to restricted stock	_	— 28,858	72	(72)	_	_	_
units Common stock repurchased -	_	— 35,903	90	(90)	_	_	_
buyback plan		(32,900)	(82)	(2,048)			(2,130)
Common stock repurchased Share-based compensation	_	— (35,033)	(88)	(2,192)	_	_	(2,280)
expense Balance, March			_	1,366			1,366
31, 2016	_	\$ — 24,177,833	\$ 60,445	\$ 701,462	\$ 316,642	\$ 3,505	\$ 1,082,054

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 24,494	\$ 23,926
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,142	5,353
Provision for loan losses	2,557	818
Deferred income taxes	1,235	(17)
Gain on sale of securities	(122)	
Share-based compensation expense	1,366	1,213
Amortization of FDIC indemnification asset	1,475	3,207
Accretion of discount related to performing acquired loans	(1,584)	(1,600)
(Gain) Loss on disposals of premises and equipment	(2)	44
Gain on sale of OREO	(1,144)	(207)
Net amortization of premiums on investment securities	1,308	1,178
OREO write downs	2,798	2,215
Fair value adjustment for loans held for sale	122	
Originations and purchases of mortgage loans for sale	(132,273)	(241,740)
Proceeds from mortgage loans sales	138,866	217,101
Net change in:	,	,
Accrued interest receivable	(947)	111
Prepaid assets	365	(243)
FDIC indemnification asset	835	2,241
Miscellaneous other assets	(7,958)	1,093
Accrued interest payable	(264)	(1,147)
Accrued income taxes	11,065	11,067
Miscellaneous other liabilities	(474)	(7,414)
Net cash provided by operating activities	46,860	17,199
Cash flows from investing activities:	,	,
Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale	137	_
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities held to maturity	1,395	_
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities available for sale	119,247	42,301
Proceeds from calls of other investment securities		1,392
Proceeds from sales of other investment securities	14	95
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(77,279)	(39,836)
Purchases of other investment securities	(660)	_
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(164,432)	8,214
Purchases of premises and equipment	(5,784)	(3,264)
Proceeds from sale of OREO	7,222	11,158
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment		25
Trocceds from sale of promises and equipment		25

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(120,140)	20,085
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase in deposits	61,528	172,612
Net increase in federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to		
repurchase and other short-term borrowings	23,803	55,233
Repayment of other borrowings	(2)	(46,394)
Common stock repurchase	(4,410)	(981)
Dividends paid on common stock	(6,771)	(5,556)
Stock options exercised	615	667
Net cash provided by financing activities	74,763	175,581
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,483	212,865
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	695,794	417,869
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 697,277	\$ 630,734
Supplemental Disclosures:		
Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid for:		
Interest	\$ 2,477	\$ 4,098
Income taxes	\$ 666	\$ 1,670
Schedule of Noncash Investing Transactions:		
Real estate acquired in full or in partial settlement of loans (covered of \$2,151 and		
\$2,423, respectively; and non-covered of \$2,124 and \$4,113, respectively)	\$ 4,275	\$ 6,536

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1 — Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, and these reclassifications had no impact on net income or equity as previously reported. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2016.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2015 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The information contained in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 24, 2016, should be referenced when reading these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, references herein to "South State," the "Company" "we," "us," "our" or similar references mean South State Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. References to the "Bank" means South State Corporation's wholly owned subsidiary, South State Bank, a South Carolina banking corporation.

Note 3 — Recent Accounting and Regulatory Pronouncements

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share –Based Payment Accounting; ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 introduces targeted amendments intended to simplify the accounting for stock compensation. Specifically, ASU 2016-09 requires all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies (including tax benefits of dividends on share-based payment awards) to be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement. The tax effects of exercised or vested awards should be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. An entity also should recognize excess tax benefits, and assess the need for a valuation allowance, regardless of whether the benefit reduces taxes payable in the current period. That is, off balance sheet accounting for net operating losses stemming from excess tax benefits would no longer be required and instead such net operating losses would be recognized when they arise. Existing net operating losses that are currently tracked off balance sheet would be recognized, net of a valuation allowance if required, through an adjustment to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption. Entities will no longer need to maintain and track an "APIC pool." For public business entities, ASU 2016-09 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-09 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net); ("ASU 2016-08"). ASU 2016-08 updates the new revenue standard by clarifying the principal versus agent implementation guidance, but does not change the core principle of the new standard. The updates to the principal versus agent guidance: (i) require an entity to determine whether it is a principal or an agent for each distinct good or service (or a distinct bundle of goods or services) to be provided to the customer; (ii) illustrate how an entity that is a principal might apply the control principle to goods, services, or rights to services, when another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer and (iii) Clarify that the purpose of certain specific control indicators is to support or assist in the assessment of whether an entity controls a good or service before it is transferred to the customer, provide more specific guidance on how the indicators

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should be considered, and clarify that their relevance will vary depending on the facts and circumstances. For public business entities, the effective date and transition requirements for these amendments are the same as the effective date and transition requirements of ASU 2014-09 which is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The amendments can be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this new guidance recognized at the date of initial application. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-08 in connection with the provisions of ASU 2014-09 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-07, Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting; ("ASU 2016-07"). ASU 2016-07 requires an investor to initially apply the equity method of accounting from the date it qualifies for that method, i.e., the date the investor obtains significant influence over the operating and financial policies of an investee. The ASU eliminates the previous requirement to retroactively adjust the investment and record a cumulative catch up for the periods that the investment had been held, but did not qualify for the equity method of accounting. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2016-05 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increases in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-07 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-05, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Effect of Derivative Contract Novations on Existing Hedge Accounting Relationships ("ASU 2016-05"). ASU 2016-05 requires an entity to discontinue a designated hedging relationship in certain circumstances, including termination of the derivative hedging instrument or if the entity wishes to change any of the critical terms of the hedging relationship. ASU 2016-05 amends Topic 815 to clarify that novation of a derivative (replacing one of the parties to a derivative instrument with a new party) designated as the hedging instrument would not, in and of itself, be considered a termination of the derivative instrument or a change in critical terms requiring discontinuation of the designated hedging relationship. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2016-05 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. An entity has an option to apply the amendments in ASU 2016-05 on either a prospective basis or a modified retrospective basis. The Company has determined that this guidance will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 applies a right-of-use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record, for all leases with a lease term of more than 12 months, an asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a liability to make lease payments. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a practical expedient is available whereby a lessee may elect, by class of underlying asset, not to recognize an ROU asset or lease liability. At inception, lessees must classify all leases as either finance or operating based on five criteria. Balance sheet recognition of finance and operating leases is similar, but the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement, as well as the effect on the statement of cash flows, differs depending on the lease classification. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2016-02 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. In transition, lessees and lessors are required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The Company is currently evaluating the

provisions of ASU 2016-02 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10); Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). This update is intended to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments and it requires an entity to: (i) measure equity investments at fair value through net income, with certain exceptions; (ii) present in OCI the changes in instrument-specific credit risk for financial liabilities measured using the fair value option; (iii) present financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset; (iv) calculate the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes based on an exit price and; (v) assess a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets related to unrealized losses of AFS debt securities in combination with other deferred tax assets. ASU 2016-01 also provides an election to subsequently measure certain nonmarketable equity investments at cost less any impairment and adjusted for certain observable price changes and requires a qualitative impairment assessment of such equity investments and amends certain fair value disclosure requirements. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2016-01 are

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effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. An entity should apply the amendments by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of the ASU 2016-01. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-01 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement Period Adjustments ("ASU 2015-16"). The update simplifies the accounting for adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination by eliminating the requirement to retrospectively account for those adjustments. For public companies, this update became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and is to be applied prospectively. ASU 2015-16 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). The update simplifies the presentation of debt issuance costs by requiring that debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of debt liability, consistent with debt discounts or premiums. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this update. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements, expanding the guidance provided in ASU 2015-03 by permitting the presentation of costs associated with securing a revolving line of credit as an asset, regardless of whether or not the line of credit is funded. For public companies, both updates will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and are to be applied retrospectively. ASU 2015-03 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ASU 2015-02, Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis ("ASU 2015-02"). This ASU affects reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. Specifically, the amendments: (i) modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities ("VIEs") or voting interest entities; (ii) eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership; (iii) affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships; and (iv) provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. ASU No. 2015-02 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2015-02 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-16, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("ASU 2014-16"). This ASU clarifies how current U.S. GAAP should be interpreted in subjectively evaluating the economic characteristics and risks of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. ASU 2014-16 is effective for public business entities for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2014-16 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("ASU 2014-12"). ASU 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. ASU 2014-12 is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. An entity may apply the standards (i) prospectively to all share-based payment awards that are granted or modified on or after the effective date, or (ii) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. Earlier application is permitted. ASU 2014-12 became effective

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for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-11, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures ("ASU 2014-11"). ASU 2014-11 aligns the accounting for repurchase to maturity transactions and repurchase agreements executed as a repurchase financing with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements. Going forward, these transactions would all be accounted for as secured borrowings. ASU 2014-11 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2015 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements. See Note 21–Repurchase Agreements for the disclosure required under the provisions of ASU 2014-11.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Topic 606 ("ASU 2014-09"). The new standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, companies will need to use more judgment and make more estimates than under existing guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. In August of 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Topic 606: Deferral of the Effective Date, deferring the effective date of ASU 2014-09 until annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The amendments can be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this new guidance recognized at the date of initial application. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2014-09 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company's financial statements.

Note 4 — Mergers and Acquisitions

The following mergers and acquisitions are referenced throughout this Form 10-Q:

- · Community Bank & Trust ("CBT") January 29, 2010 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") purchase and assumption agreement
- · Habersham Bank ("Habersham") February 18, 2011 FDIC purchase and assumption agreement
- · BankMeridian, N.A. ("BankMeridian") July 29, 2011 FDIC purchase and assumption agreement
- · Peoples Bancorporation, Inc. ("Peoples") April 24, 2012 Whole bank acquisition
 - The Savannah Bancorp, Inc. ("Savannah") December 13, 2012 Whole bank acquisition
- · First Financial Holdings, Inc. ("FFHI") July 26, 2013 Whole bank acquisition which resulted in the assumption of FDIC purchase and assumption agreements with respect to Cape Fear Bank ("Cape Fear") April 10, 2009 and Plantation Federal Bank ("Plantation") April 27, 2012

· Bank of America, N.A. ("BOA") – August 21, 2015 – Branch acquisition which resulted in the purchase of 12 South Carolina branch locations and one Georgia branch location from BOA

"FDIC purchase and assumption agreement" means that only certain assets and liabilities were acquired by the bank from the FDIC. A "whole bank acquisition" means that the two parties in the transaction agreed to the transaction, and there was no involvement of the FDIC. A "whole bank acquisition with FDIC purchase and assumption agreements" means that the two parties in the transaction agreed to the merger, and there were existing FDIC purchase and assumption agreements. A "branch acquisition" means that the Company purchased specific branches, including certain deposits and loans associated with such branches, from the seller at an agreed upon price.

Branch Acquisition

On August 21, 2015, the Bank completed its acquisition from BOA of 12 South Carolina branches located in Florence, Greenwood, Orangeburg, Sumter, Newberry, Batesburg-Leesville, Abbeville and Hartsville, South Carolina, and one Georgia branch located in Hartwell, Georgia. Under the terms of the Purchase and Assumption Agreement dated April 22, 2015, the Bank paid a deposit premium of \$25.0 million, equal to 5.5% of the average daily deposits for the 30- day period immediately prior to the acquisition date. In addition, the Bank acquired approximately \$3.1 million in loans and \$4.1 million in premises and equipment. This transaction was fully taxable and there were no deferred tax assets or liabilities recorded as a result of this transaction.

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The branch acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting and, accordingly, assets acquired, liabilities assumed and consideration exchanged were recorded at estimated fair value on the acquisition date. Fair values are preliminary and subject to refinement for up to a year after the closing date of the acquisition.

The following table presents the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of August 21, 2015 and their initial fair value estimates:

(Dollars in thousands) Assets	As Recorded by BOA	Fair Value Adjustments	As Recorded by the Company
Cash and cash equivalents Loans Premises and equipment Intangible assets Other assets Total assets	\$ 428,567 3,445 6,267 — 66 \$ 438,345	\$ — (295) (a) (2,138) (b) 6,800 (c) — \$ 4,367	4,129
Liabilities Deposits:			
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 97,440	\$ —	\$ 97,440
Interest-bearing	340,849	_	340,849
Total deposits	438,289	_	438,289
Other liabilities	56	_	56
Total liabilities	438,345	_	438,345
Net identifiable assets acquired over (under) liabilities			
assumed	_	4,367	4,367
Goodwill	_	20,652	20,652
Net assets acquired over (under) liabilities assumed	\$ —	\$ 25,019	\$ 25,019
Consideration:			
Cash paid as deposit premium	\$ 25,019		
Fair value of total consideration transferred	\$ 25,019		

Explanation of fair value adjustments

- (a)—Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustments based on the Company's evaluation of the acquired loan portfolio.
- (b)—Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustments based on the Company's evaluation of the acquired premises and equipment.
- (c)— Adjustment reflects the recording of the core deposit intangible on the acquired core deposit accounts.

Note 5 — Investment Securities

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held to maturity:

Amortiz	Gross ed Unrealized	Gross Unrealize	d Fair
Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
\$ 7,920	\$ 360	\$ —	\$ 8,280
\$ 9,314	4 \$ 409	\$ —	\$ 9,723
\$ 9,659	\$ 573	\$ —	\$ 10,232
	Cost \$ 7,920 \$ 9,314	Amortized Unrealized Cost Gains \$ 7,920 \$ 360 \$ 9,314 \$ 409	Amortized Unrealized Unrealized Cost Gains Losses \$ 7,920 \$ 360 \$ — \$ 9,314 \$ 409 \$ —

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The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale:

(Dollars in thousands) March 31, 2016:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Government-sponsored entities debt* State and municipal obligations Mortgage-backed securities** Corporate stocks	\$ 126,360	\$ 96	\$ (143)	\$ 126,313
	123,399	4,822	(78)	128,143
	708,650	11,291	(111)	719,830
	3,658	284	(181)	3,761
	\$ 962,067	\$ 16,493	\$ (513)	\$ 978,047
December 31, 2015: Government-sponsored entities debt* State and municipal obligations Mortgage-backed securities** Corporate stocks	\$ 163,577	\$ 39	\$ (1,109)	\$ 162,507
	127,293	4,185	(114)	131,364
	710,816	4,063	(3,030)	711,849
	3,673	440	(292)	3,821
	\$ 1,005,359	\$ 8,727	\$ (4,545)	\$ 1,009,541
March 31, 2015: Government-sponsored entities debt* State and municipal obligations Mortgage-backed securities** Corporate stocks	\$ 134,296	\$ 384	\$ (477)	\$ 134,203
	132,043	4,638	(165)	136,516
	524,785	10,005	(366)	534,424
	3,161	592	(500)	3,253
	\$ 794,285	\$ 15,619	\$ (1,508)	\$ 808,396

^{* -} The Company's government-sponsored entities holdings are comprised of debt securities offered by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") or Freddie Mac, Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") or Fannie Mae, FHLB, and Federal Farm Credit Banks ("FFCB"). Also included in the Company's government-sponsored entities are debt securities offered by the Small Business Administration ("SBA"), which have the full faith and credit backing of the United States Government.

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of other investment securities:

	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
March 31, 2016:				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$ 7,897	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,897
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,642			1,642

^{** -} All of the mortgage-backed securities are issued by government-sponsored entities; there are no private-label holdings.

	\$ 9,539	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 9,539
December 31, 2015:				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$ 7,251	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 7,251
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,642			1,642
	\$ 8,893	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 8,893
March 31, 2015:				
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$ 7,389	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 7,389
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,642			1,642
	\$ 9,031	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 9,031

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The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2016 by contractual maturity are detailed below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

	Securities Held to M Amortized	laturity	Securities Available fo Amortized	r Sale Fair
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,572	\$ 7,640
Due after one year through five years	4,911	5,147	102,627	103,316
Due after five years through ten years	3,009	3,133	186,731	191,612
Due after ten years	_	_	665,137	675,479
	\$ 7,920	\$ 8,280	\$ 962,067	\$ 978,047

Information pertaining to the Company's securities with gross unrealized losses at March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position is as follows:

	Less Than Twelve M Gross Unrealize	Ionths	Twelve More Gross Unrealize	
(Dollars in thousands)	Losses	Value	Losses	Value
March 31, 2016:				
Securities Available for Sale				
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 108	\$ 36,611	\$ 35	\$ 9,956
State and municipal obligations	16	1,271	62	1,038
Mortgage-backed securities	23	15,480	88	8,575
Corporate stocks	_		181	1,562
	\$ 147	\$ 53,362	\$ 366	\$ 21,131
December 31, 2015:				
Securities Available for Sale				
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 717	\$ 88,224	\$ 392	\$ 17,598
State and municipal obligations	9	3,755	105	2,650
Mortgage-backed securities	2,600	347,380	430	23,772
Corporate stocks		_	292	1,450
	\$ 3,326	\$ 439,359	\$ 1,219	\$ 45,470
March 31, 2015:				
Securities Available for Sale				
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 58	\$ 19,933	\$ 419	\$ 32,555
State and municipal obligations	4	1,186	161	5,593
Mortgage-backed securities	29	18,299	337	23,040

Corporate stocks	_		500	1,730
	\$ 91	\$ 39 418	\$ 1417	\$ 62.918

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") on at least a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (2) the outlook for receiving the contractual cash flows of the investments, (3) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (4) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value or for a debt security whether it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the debt security prior to recovering its fair value, and (5) the anticipated outlook for changes in the general level of interest rates. All debt securities available for sale in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2016 continue to perform as scheduled. All equity securities available for sale in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2016 continue to pay dividends. As part of the Company's evaluation of its intent and ability to hold investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in the market, the Company considers its investment strategy, cash flow needs, liquidity position, capital adequacy and interest rate risk position. The Company does not currently intend to sell the securities within the portfolio and it is not more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the debt

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securities; therefore, management does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2016. Management continues to monitor all of these securities with a high degree of scrutiny. There can be no assurance that the Company will not conclude in future periods that conditions existing at that time indicate some or all of these securities may be sold or are other than temporarily impaired, which would require a charge to earnings in such periods.

Note 6 — Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The following is a summary of non-acquired loans:

(D.11	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	2015	2015
Non-acquired loans:			
Commercial non-owner occupied real estate:			
Construction and land development	\$ 447,197	\$ 401,979	\$ 358,108
Commercial non-owner occupied	525,637	487,777	364,727
Total commercial non-owner occupied real estate	972,834	889,756	722,835
Consumer real estate:			
Consumer owner occupied	1,060,554	1,018,984	854,283
Home equity loans	325,962	319,255	290,488
Total consumer real estate	1,386,516	1,338,239	1,144,771
Commercial owner occupied real estate	1,060,513	1,033,398	925,192
Commercial and industrial	553,527	503,808	407,990
Other income producing property	175,217		