

Labor Smart, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
May 15, 2014

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number **000-54654**

**LABOR SMART, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**45-2433287**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**5604 Wendy Bagwell Parkway, Suite 223**

**Hiram, GA**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**30141**

(Zip Code)

**(770) 222-5888**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes No

Number of shares of issuer's common stock outstanding as of May 12, 2014 was 22,567,807

**LABOR SMART, INC.**

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Table of Contents**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****LABOR SMART, INC.****BALANCE SHEETS****(UNAUDITED)**

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	\$723,884	\$178,539
Accounts receivable, net	1,973,334	1,941,437
Prepaid expense	54,628	45,497
Deferred financing costs	39,251	57,748
Marketable securities	40,200	4,972
Other assets	71,835	11,591
Total current assets	2,903,132	2,239,784
Deposits	20,014	20,014
Fixed assets, net	40,480	7,894
Customer relationships, net	203,855	228,028
Total long-term assets	264,349	255,936
Total assets	\$3,167,481	\$2,495,720
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$241,452	\$135,524
Loan payable to factor	763,335	865,321
Payroll taxes payable	1,397,063	1,487,907
Notes payable, related party	37,306	44,806
Convertible note payable, net of unamortized discount of \$1,409,585 and \$578,848, respectively	2,383,552	1,057,679
Convertible note payable derivative liability	122,506	20,701
Total current liabilities	4,945,214	3,611,938
Contingent liability	37,145	79,221
Total liabilities	4,982,359	3,691,159

Stockholders' deficit

Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized,  
22,239,315 and 20,982,740 issued and outstanding as of  
March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

	22,239	20,982
Additional paid-in capital	2,419,704	1,978,043
Accumulated deficit	(4,258,286)	(3,193,778)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,465	(686 )
Total stockholder's deficit	(1,814,878)	(1,195,439)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$3,167,481	\$2,495,720

See Accompany Notes to Financial Statements

Table of Contents**LABOR SMART, INC.****STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****(UNAUDITED)**

	For the three months March 31, 2014	For the three months March 31, 2013
Revenues	\$4,792,941	\$2,503,872
Cost of sales	3,685,229	2,152,476
Gross profit	1,107,712	351,396
Operating expenses		
Professional fees	92,597	62,500
Stock-based compensation for services	57,156	250,616
Payroll expenses	443,654	160,076
Bad debt expense	11,982	—
Loss on sale of receivables	—	35,522
General and administrative expense	778,598	249,167
Total operating expenses	1,383,987	757,881
Operating loss	(276,275 )	(406,485 )
Other income (expenses)		
Interest and finance expense	(798,446 )	(241,376 )
Interest income	—	73
Gain on change in fair value in derivative liability	10,656	—
Loss on sale of securities	(443 )	(1,355 )
Total other income (expenses)	(788,233 )	(242,658 )
Net loss	\$(1,064,508 )	\$(649,143 )
Other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized gain on marketable securities	2,151	2,381
Other comprehensive income	2,151	2,381
Comprehensive loss	\$(1,062,357 )	\$(646,762 )
Basic loss per common share	\$(0.05 )	\$(0.04 )
Basic weighted average common		

shares outstanding	21,454,557	18,029,377
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See Accompany Notes to Financial Statements

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Table of Contents**LABOR SMART, INC.****STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****(UNAUDITED)**

	For the three months March 31, 2014	For the three months March 31, 2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(1,064,508)	\$(649,143)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	57,156	250,616
Interest and financing costs	695,918	233,746
Depreciation and amortization	28,212	—
Loss on sale of securities	443	1,355
Gain on change in fair value of derivative liability	(10,656 )	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in off-balance sheet receivable factoring	—	206,821
Increase in accounts receivables	(31,897 )	(581,639)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expense	(9,131 )	6,270
Increase in other assets	(60,244 )	(14,718 )
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	105,928	27,003
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities, related party	0	3,872
Increase in payroll taxes payable	(90,844 )	244,725
Net cash used by operating activities	(379,623 )	(271,092)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets	(36,625 )	—
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	21,805	92,453
Purchase of marketable securities	(55,325 )	(92,453 )
Net cash used by investing activities	(70,145 )	—
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from common stock	—	50,000
Proceeds from convertible notes payable	1,237,395	270,000
Payment on convertible note payable	(89,000 )	—
Payment on notes payable	—	(5,054 )
Payment on notes payable - related party	(7,500 )	(43,000 )
Payments on loan to factor	(101,986 )	—
Payments on contingent liability	(43,796 )	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	995,113	271,946
Net change in cash	545,345	854



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Cash, beginning of period	178,539	124,888
Cash, end of period	\$723,884	\$125,742
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$102,528	\$—
Taxes paid	\$—	\$—
Non-cash interest and financing activities		
Warrants issued as part of deferred finance costs	\$—	\$125,445
Shares issued for prepaid services	\$—	\$236,685
Finance costs included in convertible note value	\$—	\$14,500
Shares issued for convertible notes	\$210,000	\$268,062

See Accompany Notes to Financial Statements

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**LABOR SMART, INC.**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

**Nature of Business**

Labor Smart, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 31, 2011. Labor Smart, Inc. provides temporary blue-collar staffing services. It supplies general laborers on demand to the light industries, including manufacturing, logistics, and warehousing, skilled trades’ people, and general laborers to commercial construction industries.

**NOTE 2 – GOING CONCERN**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company requires capital for its contemplated operational and marketing activities. The Company’s ability to raise additional capital through the future issuances of common stock is unknown. Accordingly, the Company had a net loss of \$1,064,508 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Additionally, the operating activities of the Company used \$379,623 net cash during the same three month period. The obtainment of additional financing and increasingly profitable operations are necessary for the Company to continue operations. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty.

**NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Presentation**

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars and have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The Company has adopted a December 31 fiscal year end.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair statement of results in accordance with US GAAP have been included and properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

As required by the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC (“ASC 820-10”), fair value is measured based on a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows: (Level 1) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; (Level 2) inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and (Level 3) unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

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- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability;
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Pursuant to ASC 825, the fair value of cash and marketable securities is determined based on “Level 1” inputs, which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The Company believes that the recorded values of cash, accounts receivables, marketable securities, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and notes payable approximate their current fair values because of their nature and respective relatively short maturity dates or durations.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis were presented on the Company’s balance sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 as follows:

**Fair Value Measurements as of March 31, 2014 Using:**

	<b><u>Total Carrying Value as of 03/31/14</u></b>	<b><u>Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)</u></b>	<b><u>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</u></b>	<b><u>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</u></b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
Equity securities	\$ 40,200	\$ 40,200	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total	\$40,200	\$ 40,200	\$ 0	\$ 0
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Derivative liability	\$ 122,506	\$ 0	\$ 122,506	\$ 0
Contingent liability	37,145	0	0	37,145
Total	\$159,651	\$0	\$122,506	\$37,145

**Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2013 Using:**

	<b><u>Total Carrying Value as of 12/31/13</u></b>	<b><u>Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)</u></b>	<b><u>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</u></b>	<b><u>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</u></b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
Equity securities	\$ 4,972	\$ 4,972	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total	\$4,972	\$ 4,972	\$ 0	\$ 0
<b>Liabilities:</b>				

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Derivative liability	\$ 20,701	\$ 0	\$ 20,701	\$ 0
Contingent liability	79,221	0	0	79,221
Total	\$99,922	\$0	\$20,701	\$79,221

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term investments with original maturities of less than 90 days. Cash equivalents are placed with high credit quality financial institutions and are primarily in money market funds. The carrying value of those investments approximates fair value.

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**Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenues and the related costs when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery and acceptance has occurred or service has been rendered, the price is fixed or determinable, and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Amounts invoiced or collected in advance of product delivery or providing services are recorded as deferred revenue. The Company accrues for customer credits, bad debts, and other allowances based on its historical experience. Staffing revenue is recognized as the services are performed. Revenue also includes billable travel and other reimbursable costs and is record net of sales tax.

**Deferred Financing Costs**

Deferred financing costs consist of costs incurred to obtain debt financing, including legal fees, origination fees and administration fees. Costs associated with the Convertible Promissory Note are deferred and amortized in our accompanying statement of operations using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the terms of the respective financing instrument.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. These estimates and judgments are based on historical information, information that is currently available to the Company, and on various other assumptions that the Company believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Factoring Agreement and Accounts Receivable**

On July 31, 2013 the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Transfac Capital, Inc. (“Transfac”). Advances to the Company from Transfac are with recourse and are secured by assets of the Company and are treated as a secured financing arrangement. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, factored accounts receivable total \$763,335 and \$865,321, respectively.

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

The Company allows for an estimated amount of receivables that may not be collected. The Company estimates its allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical experience and customer relationships. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company has recorded an allowance of \$168,279 and \$156,297, respectively.

## Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at the lower of cost or fair value. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Description	Estimated Life
Office equipment and furniture	3 years

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The estimated useful lives are based on the nature of the assets as well as current operating strategy and legal considerations such as contractual life. Future events, such as property expansions, property developments, new competition, or new regulations, could result in a change in the manner in which the Company uses certain assets requiring a change in the estimated useful lives of such assets.

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Office equipment and furniture	\$48,466	\$11,841
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,986 )	(3,948 )
	\$40,480	\$7,894

**Customer Relationships**

Customer relationships comprise customer lists acquired from Qwik Staffing Solutions, Inc. on April 29, 2013. Customer lists are amortized on a straight-line basis over three years.

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Customer lists	\$294,100	\$294,100
Less: accumulated amortization	(90,245 )	(66,072 )
	\$203,855	\$228,028

**Earnings Per Share**

Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive securities had been issued.

**Convertible Debentures**Beneficial Conversion Feature

If the conversion features of conventional convertible debt provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value, this feature is characterized as a beneficial conversion feature (“BCF”). A BCF is recorded by the Company as a debt discount pursuant to ASC Topic 470-20 “Debt with Conversion and Other Options.” In those circumstances, the



convertible debt is recorded net of the discount related to the BCF and the Company amortizes the discount to interest expense over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

### Debt Discount

The Company determines if the convertible debenture should be accounted for as liability or equity under ASC 480, Liabilities — Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity. ASC 480, applies to certain contracts involving a company's own equity, and requires that issuers classify the following freestanding financial instruments as liabilities. Mandatorily redeemable financial instruments, Obligations that require or may require repurchase of the issuer's equity shares by transferring assets (e.g., written put options and forward purchase contracts), and Certain obligations where at inception the monetary value of the obligation is based solely or predominantly on:

- A fixed monetary amount known at inception, for example, a payable settleable with a variable number of the issuer's equity shares with an issuance date fair value equal to a fixed dollar amount,
- Variations in something other than the fair value of the issuer's equity shares, for example, a financial instrument indexed to the S&P 500 and settleable with a variable number of the issuer's equity shares, or
- Variations inversely related to changes in the fair value of the issuer's equity shares, for example, a written put that could be net share settled.

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If the entity determined the instrument meets the guidance under ASC 480 the instrument is accounted for as a liability with respective debt discount. The Company records debt discounts in connection with raising funds through the issuance of convertible debt (see Note 8). These costs are amortized to non-cash interest expense over the life of the debt. If a conversion of the underlying debt occurs, a proportionate share of the unamortized amounts is immediately expensed.

### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

Derivative financial instruments, as defined in ASC 815, “Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities”, consist of financial instruments or other contracts that contain a notional amount and one or more underlying (e.g. interest rate, security price or other variable), require no initial net investment and permit net settlement. Derivative financial instruments may be free-standing or embedded in other financial instruments. Further, derivative financial instruments are initially, and subsequently, measured at fair value and recorded as liabilities or, in rare instances, assets.

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to cash-flow, market or foreign-currency risks. However, the Company has issued financial instruments including senior convertible notes payable and freestanding stock purchase warrants with features that are either (i) not afforded equity classification, (ii) embody risks not clearly and closely related to host contracts, or (iii) may be net-cash settled by the counterparty. As required by ASC 815, in certain instances, these instruments are required to be carried as derivative liabilities, at fair value, in our financial statements.

### **Stock-based compensation**

The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 505 and 718 which requires the Company to recognize expenses related to the fair value of its employee stock option awards. This eliminates accounting for share-based compensation transactions using the intrinsic value and requires instead that such transactions be accounted for using a fair-value-based method. The Company recognizes the cost of all share-based awards on a graded vesting basis over the vesting period of the award.

The Company accounts for equity instruments issued in exchange for the receipt of goods or services from other than employees in accordance with FASB ASC 718-10 and the conclusions reached by the FASB ASC 505-50. Costs are measured at the estimated fair market value of the consideration received or the estimated fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. The value of equity instruments issued for consideration other than employee services is determined on the earliest of a performance commitment or completion of performance by the provider of goods or services as defined by FASB ASC 505-50.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flow.

**NOTE 4 – RELATED PARTY**

On April 25, 2013, the Company entered into a loan agreement with the CEO of the Company in the amount of \$175,768. This loan is payable on demand, unsecured, and bears 0% interest per annum. This loan consolidates all previous loans issued. As of March 31, 2014, \$138,462 of this note has been repaid and \$37,306 of this note remains outstanding.

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**NOTE 5 – PREPAID EXPENSES**

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had prepaid expenses of \$54,628 and \$45,497, respectively. Prepaid expenses at March 31, 2014 comprises prepaid lease payments.

**NOTE 6 – PAYROLL TAXES PAYABLE**

On March 17, 2014, the Internal Revenue Service agreed not to take collection action against the Company for payroll tax liabilities as long the Company remains current and makes monthly installments against outstanding liabilities. The agreed monthly installments are \$5,000 which increase to \$10,000 on July 28, 2014 which further increase to \$15,000 on July 28, 2016.

**NOTE 7 – FACTORING AGREEMENT**

On July 31, 2013 the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Transfac Capital, Inc. (“Transfac”). Under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, Transfac shall have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase up to Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) worth of accounts receivable (the “Maximum Advances”) of the Company. For each account receivable purchased, Transfac shall advance seventy percent (70%) of the face value of the account and the balance after receipt of full payment on the account. As consideration, the Company shall pay Transfac two percent (2%) of the average monthly balance of the outstanding accounts purchased, with a minimum of one half of one percent (0.5%) of the Maximum Advances per month, as long as the Purchase and Sale Agreement remains in effect.

The factoring line of credit with Transfac has been treated as a secured financing arrangement. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 under the agreement with Transfac, the Company had factored receivables in the amount of \$1,041,824 and \$1,281,122, respectively, and recorded a liability of \$763,335 and \$865,321, respectively. Discounts and interest provided during factoring of the accounts receivable have been expensed on the accompanying combined statements of operations as interest expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, interest expense related to the factoring arrangement was \$69,799.

**NOTE 8– CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES**

On January 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Original Issue Discount Secured Promissory Note dated December 27, 2014 with Beaufort Ventures PLC (“Holder”) for a purchase price of \$101,000 and a face amount of \$136,350 and

maturing June 27, 2014. After the maturity date, the Notes accrues interest at 22% per annum and the Note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder's option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the lowest trading price of the prior 15 trading days, determined on the then current trading market of the Company's common stock, for 10 trading days prior to conversion. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note at any time for a net payment of \$136,350

On January 2, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Metolius Capital, LLC ("Holder") in the original principal amount of \$106,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing October 4, 2014. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder's option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 120 days of date of issue at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 121 days and 150 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 151 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

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On January 8, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Asher Enterprises, Inc. (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$63,000 bearing an 8% annual interest rate and maturing September 8, 2014. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 30 days of date of issue at 112% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 31 days and 60 days at 119% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 61 days and 90 days at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 91 days and 120 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 121 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On January 14, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Debenture with Daniel James Management, Inc. (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$101,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing January 14, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the lowest closing bid price during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay any portion of the principal amount at 135% of such amount along with any accrued interest of this Debenture at any time upon seven days written notice to the Holder.

On March 4, 2013, the Company issued a Convertible Note to Vista Capital Investments, LLC (“Holder”), in the original principle amount of \$275,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing one year for \$250,000 of consideration paid in cash and a \$25,000 original issue discount. The Company may repay the convertible note any time and if repaid within 90 days of date of issue with an interest rate is 0%. This convertible note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated as lessor of (a) \$0.62 or (b) 60% of the lowest trade occurring during the 25 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. On January 14, 2014, the Company received cash proceeds of \$25,000 on the third tranche of the Convertible Note. On March 19, 2014, the Company received cash proceeds of \$25,000 on the fourth tranche of the Convertible Note.

On January 22, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with WHC Capital, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$101,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing January 22, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the lowest bid price during the fifteen trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay outstanding principal and interest due at 135% of such amount within 180 days of the execution of the Note.

On January 31, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Tonaquint Inc. (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$115,000 less an original issuer’s discount of \$10,000 and transaction costs of \$5,000 bearing a 0% annual interest rate and maturing December 31, 2014. The Convertible Promissory Note is due in six equal monthly installments plus interest (“Installment Amount”) commencing six months after the issue date. At the

option of the Holder, the Installment Amount is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a variable conversion price calculated at 60% of the market price which means the average of the lowest two trading prices during the twenty trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may elect to prepay in cash all or any portion of the outstanding balance of the convertible promissory note if the Company pays the holder 125% of the outstanding balance.

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On February 13, 2014, the Company entered into an Original Issue Discount Secured Promissory Note with Beaufort Ventures PLC (“Holder”) for a purchase price of \$101,000 and a face amount of \$136,350 and maturing August 13, 2014. After the maturity date, the Notes accrues interest at 22% per annum and the Note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the lowest trading price of the prior 15 trading days, determined on the then current trading market of the Company’s common stock, for 10 trading days prior to conversion. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note, if repaid within 90 days of date of issue, for a net payment of \$136,350 plus 70,000 shares of common stock of the Company.

On March 5, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with LG Capital Funding, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$101,000 bearing a 10% annual interest rate and maturing March 5, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the lowest bid price during the twelve trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 90 days of date of issue at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 91 days and 150 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 151 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On March 10, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Adar Bays, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$101,000 bearing a 10% annual interest rate and maturing March 10, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 90 days of date of issue at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 91 days and 150 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 151 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On March 12, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Asher Enterprises, Inc. (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$103,500 bearing an 8% annual interest rate and maturing December 17, 2014. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 30 days of date of issue at 112% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 31 days and 60 days at 119% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 61 days and 90 days at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 91 days and 120 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 121 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.



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On March 24, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Carebourn Capital, L.P. ("Holder") in the original principle amount of \$112,500 bearing an 8% annual interest rate and maturing November 24, 2014. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder's option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 30 days of date of issue at 110% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 31 days and 60 days at 115% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 61 days and 90 days at 120% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 91 days and 120 days at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 121 days and 150 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest, and between 151 days and 180 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On March 27, 2014, the Company entered into a 10% Original Issue Discount Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") with Gemini Master Fund, Ltd. ("Holder") in the original principal amount of \$220,000 bearing a 10% annual interest rate and maturing January 1, 2015. At the option of the Holder:

- i) The Note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a variable conversion price calculated at 65% of the market price which means the average of the lowest volume weighted average price during the twenty trading day period ending prior to the conversion date, or

All principal, costs, charges and interest amounts outstanding may be exchanged for shares of the Company's ii) common stock at the Conversion Price of \$0.25 per share. The Conversion Price is subject to an anti-dilution adjustment.

The Company may repay the convertible promissory note at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest.

**NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTE PAYABLE DERIVATIVE LIABILITY**

The Convertible Promissory Note with Willow Creek Capital Group, LLC is subject to anti-dilution adjustments that allow for the reduction in the Conversion Price in the event the Company subsequently issues equity securities including common stock or any security convertible or exchangeable for shares of common stock for no consideration or for consideration less than \$0.34 a share. The Company accounted for the conversion option in accordance with ASC Topic 815. Accordingly, the Conversion Option is not considered to be solely indexed to the Company's own stock and, as such, recorded as a liability.

The Company's convertible promissory note derivative liability has been measured at fair value at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 using a binomial model. Since the Conversion Price contains an anti-dilution adjustment, the probability that the Conversion Price of the Notes would decrease as the share price decreased was incorporated into the valuation calculation.

The inputs into the binomial model are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>March 31, 2014</u>
Closing share price	\$0.248	\$0.420
Conversion price	\$0.34	\$0.34
Risk free rate	0.10%	0.04%
Expected volatility	99%	91%
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected life	7 months	4 months

The fair value of the convertible note payable derivative liability is \$36,865 at March 31, 2014. The increase in the fair value of the convertible note payable derivative liability of \$16,164 is recorded as a loss in the statement of operations three months ended March 31, 2014.

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The Convertible Promissory Note with Gemini Master Fund, Ltd. is subject to anti-dilution adjustments that allow for the reduction in the Conversion Price in the event the Company subsequently issues equity securities including common stock or any security convertible or exchangeable for shares of common stock for no consideration or for consideration less than \$0.25 a share. The Company accounted for the conversion option in accordance with ASC Topic 815. Accordingly, the Conversion Option is not considered to be solely indexed to the Company's own stock and, as such, recorded as a liability.

The Company's convertible promissory note derivative liability has been measured at fair value at March 27, 2014 and March 31, 2014 using a binomial model. Since the Conversion Price contains an anti-dilution adjustment, the probability that the Conversion Price of the Notes would decrease as the share price decreased was incorporated into the valuation calculation.

The inputs into the binomial model are as follows:

	<u>March 27, 2014</u>	<u>March 31, 2014</u>
Closing share price	\$0.49	\$0.42
Conversion price	\$0.43	\$0.43
Risk free rate	0.09%	0.09%
Expected volatility	120%	120%
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected life	9 months	9 months

The fair value of the convertible note payable derivative liability is \$85,642 at March 31, 2014. The decrease in the fair value of the convertible note payable derivative liability of \$26,816 is recorded as a gain in the statement of operations three months ended March 31, 2014.

**NOTE 10 – CONTINGENT LIABILITY**

The Company has a contingent liability related to Asset Acquisition Agreement with Qwik Staffing Solutions, Inc. on April 29, 2013. The obligation is due in monthly installments by paying an amount equal to 6.5% of the monthly accounts receivable collected by operating the Orlando, Jacksonville and Tampa, Florida locations. The total payments are not to exceed \$170,000. The fair value of the obligation is determined by estimating discounted monthly installments at an interest rate of 12% per annum.

Opening balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 79,221
Payments	(43,796)
Interest	1,720

Closing balance at March 31, 2014      \$ 37,145

**NOTE 11 – STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY**

The Company has 75,000,000 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock authorized. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had 22,239,315 and 20,982,740 shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

On January 6, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 110,000 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$27,390 (\$0.249 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$11,352 in principal and interest and \$16,038 for debt discount.

On January 16, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 120,000 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$28,188 (\$0.2349 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$12,684 in principal and interest and \$16,504 for debt discount.

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On January 31, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 130,000 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$28,600 (\$0.22 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$13,650 in principal and interest and \$13,150 for debt discount.

On February 11, 2014, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for professional services valued at \$21,000 (\$0.21 per share).

On February 12, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 120,000 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$28,680 (\$0.239 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$12,600 in principal and interest and \$16,080 for debt discount.

On February 12, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 123,943 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$29,746 (\$0.24 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$13,014 in principal and interest and \$16,732 for debt discount.

On March 26, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 552,632 shares of common shares with an aggregate fair value of \$243,158 (\$0.44 per share) based on the quoted market price of shares at the time of issuance for \$63,000 in principal and interest and \$180,158 for debt discount.

The following is a summary of the common stock options granted, forfeited or expired and exercised:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
Outstanding - January 1, 2014	3,883,455	\$ 0.18
Granted	-	-
Forfeited or expired	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Outstanding- March 31, 2014	3,883,455	\$ 0.18
Exercisable - March 31, 2014	1,835,000	\$ 0.33

The following table summarizes information on stock options exercisable as of March 31, 2014:

Number Outstanding	Average Remaining	Aggregate Intrinsic
--------------------	-------------------	---------------------

Exercise at March 31, Price	Life 2014	(Years)	Value
\$0.25	25,000	4.74	\$4,250
\$0.295	50,000	4.49	\$6,250
\$0.30	1,500,000	1.32	\$180,000
\$0.41	30,000	4.55	\$300
\$0.50	130,000	5.00	—
\$0.56	50,000	4.40	—
\$0.62	50,000	4.45	—

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The following table summarizes information on stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2014:

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding at March 31, 2014	Average Remaining Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
\$0.05	2,048,455	9.53	\$757,928
\$0.25	25,000	4.74	\$4,250
\$0.295	50,000	4.49	\$6,250
\$0.30	1,500,000	1.32	\$180,000
\$0.41	30,000	4.55	\$300
\$0.50	130,000	5.00	—
\$0.56	50,000	4.40	—
\$0.62	50,000	4.45	—

The following is a summary of warrants activity during March 31, 2014:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, January 1, 2014	502,000	0.40
Warrants granted and assumed	-	-
Warrants canceled	-	-
Warrants expired	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2014	502,000	0.40

All warrants outstanding as of March 31, 2014 are exercisable.

**NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS**

On January 15, 2014, the Company entered into a 39 month lease agreement with Joe's Creek Industrial Park, Ltd., commencing February 1, 2014, to rent office space at 4632 28th Street North, St. Petersburg, Florida. Monthly minimum lease payments are \$1,500 for the first year of occupancy, \$1,545 for the second year of occupancy, \$1,591 for the third year of occupancy and \$1,691 for the last three months of occupancy.

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On March 12, 2014, the Company entered into a 63 month lease agreement with AZG Summit Square LLC., commencing April 1, 2014, to rent office space at 8114 North Federal Blvd., Westminster, CO. The fixed minimum rent for the first six months is \$0 per month. Monthly minimum lease payments are \$1,964 for the next nine months of occupancy. Monthly minimum lease payments increase by approximately 3% per annum thereafter.

On March 5, 2014, the Company entered into a 60 month lease agreement HB Jacinto Investors, LLC, commencing April 1, 2014, to rent office space at 11420 East Freeway (I-10). Suite 310, Jacinto City, Texas. Monthly minimum lease payments are \$1,728 for the term of the lease.

On January 15, 2014, the Company entered into a 38 month lease agreement with Joseph Vinh Properties., commencing April 1, 2014, to rent office space at 5833 Clinton Highway, Knoxville, TN. Rent is abated for two months of the lease. Monthly minimum lease payments are \$1,690 for the first and second year of occupancy.



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The following table is a schedule of future minimum lease commitments for the Company:

Nine months ended December 31, 2014	\$	238,525
Year ended December 31, 2015		254,870
Year ended December 31, 2016		150,034
Year ended December 31, 2017		88,306
Year ended December 31, 2018		66,696
Year ended December 31, 2019		25,074
	\$	823,505

**NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On April 2, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Coventry Enterprises, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$101,000 bearing a 10% annual interest rate and maturing April 5, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the lowest bid price during the twelve trading days prior to the conversion date including the day upon which a Notice of Conversion is received by the Company. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 180 days of date of issue at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On April 9, 2014, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (“Agreement”) with Shirley’s Employment Service, Inc. (“Shirley’s”). Under the terms of the Agreement, Shirley’s sold all of the operating assets (“Assets”) of Shirley’s, excluding cash and accounts receivable. In consideration for the Assets, the Company agreed to pay \$300,000 in cash minus the open accounts receivable of Shirley’s. The consideration to be paid will be determined on closing. It is currently estimated by the Company that \$180,000 will be paid for the Assets after deducting accounts receivable. The first \$80,000 is due one day prior to the delivery and transfer of the Assets. The remaining \$100,000 is due in monthly installments by paying an amount equal 5.0% of the monthly accounts receivable collected by operating the Tulsa, Oklahoma location. In the event these aggregate monthly payments total less than \$100,000, after 18 months, Shirley’s will issue the Company a credit memo for the difference.

On April 17, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Group 10 Holdings, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$113,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing April 17, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 55% of the lowest trading price of any day during the 20 consecutive trading days prior to the date on which the Holder elects to convert all or part of the Note. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 30 days of date of issue at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 31 days and 179 days at 135% of the original principal amount plus interest and thereafter, the Company may repay the convertible promissory note at 145% of the original principal amount plus interest.



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On April 21, 2014, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note with Tailwind Partners, LLC (“Holder”) in the original principal amount of \$106,000 bearing a 12% annual interest rate and maturing January 21, 2015. This convertible promissory note together with any unpaid accrued interest is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at the Holder’s option at a variable conversion price calculated at 58% of the market price which means the average of the lowest three trading prices during the ten trading day period ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the conversion date. The Company may repay the convertible promissory note if repaid within 120 days of date of issue at 125% of the original principal amount plus interest, between 121 days and 150 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest and between 151 days and 180 days at 130% of the original principal amount plus interest. Thereafter, the Company does not have the right of prepayment.

On May 5, 2014, Vista Capital Investments, LLC elected to convert 51,867 shares of common stock to convert \$7,500 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On May 5, 2014, Iconic Holdings, LLC elected to convert 276,625 shares of common stock to convert \$40,000 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

In this report, unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms "Labor Smart," "Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Labor Smart, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

**Special note regarding forward-looking statements**

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, or the "Securities Act," and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the "Exchange Act." All statements other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including, but not limited to, any projections of earnings, revenue or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements concerning proposed new services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions of performance; and statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

In some cases, you can identify forward looking statements by terms such as "may," "intend," "might," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," or the negative of these terms. These terms and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this report are based upon management's current expectations and belief, which management believes are reasonable. However, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor or combination of factors, or factors we are aware of, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. These statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this report. Except to the extent required by federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including:

- uncertainties relating to general economic and business conditions;
- industry trends; changes in demand for our products and services;
- uncertainties relating to customer plans and commitments and the timing of orders received from customers;
- announcements or changes in our pricing policies or that of our competitors;
- unanticipated delays in the development, market acceptance or installation of our products and services;

changes in government regulations; availability of management and other key personnel; availability, terms and deployment of capital; relationships with third-party equipment suppliers; and worldwide political stability and economic growth.

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Other risks and uncertainties include such factors, among others, as market acceptance and market demand for our products and services, pricing, the changing regulatory environment, the effect of our accounting policies, potential seasonality, industry trends, adequacy of our financial resources to execute our business plan, our ability to attract, retain and motivate key technical, marketing and management personnel, and other risks described from time to time in periodic and current reports we file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the “SEC.” You should consider carefully the statements under “Item 1A. Risk Factors” and other sections of this report, which address additional factors that could cause our actual results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements and could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the applicable cautionary statements.

## **Overview**

Labor Smart, Inc. was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 31, 2011. We are a provider of temporary employees to the construction, manufacturing, hospitality, restoration and retail industries. We provide unskilled and semi-skilled temporary workers to our customers. Generally, we pay our workers the same day they perform the job.

Our mission is to be the provider of choice to our growing community of customers, with a service-focused approach, that positions us as a resource and partner for their business.

At March 31, 2014, we were operating 19 branches located in 11 states.

## Seasonality

We expect our revenues to be higher and gross margin percent to be higher during the second and third fiscal quarters as compared to the first and fourth fiscal quarters each year. During the second and third quarters we received the majority of our contracts to supply labor to construction firms. Contracts for construction work tends to be both larger in dollar amount and to be more profitable than our other contracts.

## Growth Strategy

We have three strategies to grow the revenue and to achieve profitability for our business.

- 1) Add new branches
- 2) Growth from existing branches
- 3) Acquisitions. Our goal is to close one small acquisition per year. We define a small acquisition as appropriately 20% of our revenue. We will consider an acquisition that is both economical and that fits with the culture of our Company. Acquisitions are not essential to our growth strategy. We will not make acquisitions if they do not meet

our criteria.

At December 31, 2013, we had 15 branches and at March 31, 2014, we had 19 branches. The increase in branches was due to three branches added through internal growth.

**Results of Operations – Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 as Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2013.**

Summary of Operations:

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$4,792,941 as compared to \$2,503,872 for the three months ended March 31, 2013. An increase for the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$2,289,069 or 91%.

Cost of Services:

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Cost of services was 77% of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 86% for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Cost of services mainly consists of payroll related and worker's compensation expense for our laborers which was \$3,502,440 or 73% and \$182,789 or 4% of revenues, respectively for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and \$2,087,259 or 83% and \$65,217 or 3% of revenues, respectively for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (SG&A):

General and administrative fees were 16% of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 10% for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, of our total \$1,383,987 in operating expenses, \$92,597 is attributable to professional fees including legal, accounting, and consulting services, \$57,156 in stock based compensation related to vesting of stock options, \$443,654 to staff payroll expenses, \$11,982 to bad debts, and \$778,598 to general and administrative fees.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, of our total \$757,881 in operating expenses, \$62,500 is attributable to professional fees including legal, accounting, and consulting services, \$250,616 in stock based compensation related to consulting fees, \$160,076 to staff payroll expenses, \$35,522 for loss on sale of receivables and \$249,167 to general and administrative expenses.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We have funded our operations to date primarily through the sale of equity, invoice factoring, convertible notes payable and shareholder loans. Based on our current operating plan, we anticipate that we have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to fund our operations into the coming months. We will require additional cash to fund our operating plan past that time. If the level of sales anticipated by our financial plan are not achieved or our working capital requirements are higher than planned, we will need to raise additional cash sooner or take actions to reduce operating expenses. We are implementing plans to reduce our costs of capital and improve our revenue. If we cannot generate adequate cash by implementing these steps, we plan to obtain additional cash through the issuance of equity or debt securities. There can be no assurance that additional cash will be available or that, if available, it will be available on terms acceptable to us on a timely basis. If adequate funds are not available on a timely basis, we intend to limit our operations to extend our funds as we pursue other financing opportunities and business relationships. This limitation of operations could include reducing our planned investment in working capital to fund revenue growth and result in reductions in staff, operating costs, and capital expenditures.



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Net cash used in operations was \$379,623 during the three months ended March 31, 2014. Net cash flows used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 mainly consisted of a net loss of \$1,064,508 adjusted for stock based compensation of \$57,156 and interest and financing fees of \$695,918.

Net cash used in operations was \$271,092 during the three months ended March 31, 2013. Net cash flows used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 mainly consisted of a net loss of \$649,143 adjusted for stock based compensation of \$250,616, financing fees of \$233,746, an increase of our off-balance sheet receivables factoring of \$206,821, by an increase of \$581,639 in accounts receivable and an increase of \$244,725 in payroll taxes payable.

Cash used in investing activities totaled \$70,145 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Net cash flows used by investing activities consists of the purchase of fixed assets of \$36,625 and \$21,805 in the purchase of marketable securities offset by \$55,325 in proceeds from the sale of marketable securities.

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Cash used in investing activities totaled \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Net cash flows from investing activities consisted of \$92,453 in the purchase of marketable securities offset by \$92,453 in proceeds from the sale of marketable securities.

Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$995,113 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Net cash flows from financing activities consisted of proceeds from convertible notes payable of \$1,237,395, offset by payments on a convertible note payable of \$89,000, payments on related party notes of \$7,500, net payment of \$101,986 toward loan to factor and payments towards a contingent liability of \$43,796.

Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$271,946 for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Net cash flows from financing activities consisted of proceeds from convertible notes payable of \$270,000, proceeds from the issuance of common stock of \$50,000 offset by payments on related party notes of \$43,000 and payments on financed insurance premiums of \$5,054.

Our continued capital needs will depend on branch operating performance, our ability to control costs, and the continued impact from our expansion plans in 2014.

Assets and Liabilities:

At March 31, 2014, we had total current assets of approximately \$2,903,132 and current liabilities of approximately \$4,945,214. Included in current assets are trade accounts receivable of approximately \$1,973,334, prepaid expenses of \$54,628, and deferred financing costs of \$39,251. Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amounts. We regularly review our accounts receivable for collectability. We will typically refer overdue balances to a collection agency at 120 days and the collection agent pursues collection for another 60 days. Most balances over 120 days past due are written off, as it is probable the receivable will not be collected. We wrote down \$11,982 in bad debt included in S,G,&A during the three months ended March 31, 2014. As our business matures, we will continue to monitor and seek to improve our historical collection ratio and aging experience with respect to trade accounts receivable. As we grow, our historical collection ratio and aging experience with respect to trade accounts receivable will continue to be important factors affecting our liquidity.

Financing:

On July 24, 2013, the Company terminated a month-to-month financing agreement with Riviera Finance LLC (“Riviera”) that included a non-recourse factoring arrangement that provides notification factoring on substantially all of the Company’s sales. Receivables were factored at a rate of 85% of the invoice face value on accepted accounts.

Our total financing costs through our facility with Riviera for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$0 and \$35,522, respectively, which is reflected on our Statements of Operations as a loss on sale of receivables. As collateral for repayment of any and all obligations, we granted Riviera a security interest in all our property, including, but not limited to, accounts receivable, intangible assets, contract rights, investment property, deposit accounts, and other such assets.

On July 31, 2013 the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Transfac Capital, Inc. (“Transfac”). Under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, Transfac shall have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase up to Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) worth of accounts receivable (the “Maximum Advances”) of the Company. For each account receivable purchased, Transfac shall advance seventy percent (70%) of the face value of the account and the balance after receipt of full payment on the account. As consideration, the Company shall pay Transfac two percent (2%) of the average monthly balance of the outstanding accounts purchased, with a minimum of one half of one percent (0.5%) of the Maximum Advances per month, as long as the Purchase and Sale Agreement remains in effect.

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Our total financing costs through our facility with Transfac for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$69,799 and \$0, respectively, which is reflected on our Statements of Operations as interest and finance expense. As collateral for repayment of any and all obligations, we granted Transfac a security interest in all our property, including, but not limited to, accounts receivable, intangible assets, contract rights, investment property, deposit accounts, and other such assets.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2014, we do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements except for our factored receivables under our agreements with Transfac Capital, Inc. The cash received from our factored receivables finance the Company's operating expenses and are a significant source of liquidity for the Company. For more information about the factoring terms, see "Financing" discussion above.

### Inflation

Inflation has not had a material impact on our business and we do not expect inflation to have an impact on our business in the near future

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

This item is not applicable as we are currently considered a smaller reporting company.

## **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer evaluated our company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, these disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by our company in reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded,

processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities Exchange Commission and to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our company's management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The conclusion that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective was due to the presence of the following material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting which are indicative of many small companies with small staff: (i) inadequate segregation of duties and effective risk assessment; and (ii) insufficient written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting with respect to the requirements and application of both United States generally accepted accounting principles and Securities and Exchange Commission guidelines. Management anticipates that such disclosure controls and procedures will not be effective until the material weaknesses are remediated.

We plan to take steps to enhance and improve the design of our internal controls over financial reporting. During the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, we have not been able to remediate the material weaknesses identified above. To remediate such weaknesses, we plan to implement the following changes during our fiscal year ending December 31, 2014, subject to obtaining additional financing: (i) appoint additional qualified personnel to address inadequate segregation of duties and ineffective risk management; and (ii) adopt sufficient written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting. The remediation efforts set out above are largely dependent upon our securing additional financing to cover the costs of implementing the changes required. If we are unsuccessful in securing such funds, remediation efforts may be adversely affected in a material manner.

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Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, if any, within our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake.

***Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II--OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The Company is not a party to any pending legal proceedings, and no such proceedings are known to be contemplated.

No director, officer, or affiliate of the issuer and no owner of record or beneficiary of more than five percent of the securities of the issuer, or any security holder is a party adverse to the small business issuer or has a material interest adverse to the small business issuer.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There are no material changes since the filing of the Company's Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 14, 2014.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

On January 6, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 110,000 shares of common stock to convert \$11,352 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On January 16, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 120,000 shares of common stock to convert \$12,684 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On January 31, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 130,000 shares of common stock to convert \$13,650 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On February 11, 2014, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for professional services valued at \$21,000 (\$0.21 per share).

On February 12, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 120,000 shares of common stock to convert \$12,600 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On March 3, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 123,943 shares of common stock to convert \$13,014 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.

On March 26, 2014, JMJ Financial elected to convert 552,632 shares of common stock to convert \$63,000 principal amount of a Convertible Promissory Note.



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The Company issued the foregoing securities in reliance on an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 set forth in Section 4(2) thereof and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

We did not repurchase any of our securities during the quarter ended March 31, 2014.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

**Exhibit Number Description**

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.



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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LABOR SMART, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Ryan Schadel

Ryan Schadel

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 15, 2014

