BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC Form 10-O October 22, 2015 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT ý OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 12, 2015 OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT .. OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 001-35882

#### BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware	43-2099257
(State or Other Jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)
<ul> <li>6220 Stoneridge Mall Road</li> <li>Pleasanton, CA</li> <li>(Address of Principal Executive Offices)</li> <li>(925) 226-9990</li> <li>(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)</li> </ul>	94588 (Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\checkmark$  No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No ý

As of October 13, 2015, there were 54,641,000 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding.

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# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except par value)

(Unaudited)

	September 12, January 3,		
	2015	2015	2014
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$214,722	\$911,615	\$219,851
Restricted cash	43,043	5,000	5,000
Settlement receivables, net	240,273	526,587	272,912
Accounts receivable, net	188,912	181,431	125,976
Deferred income taxes	33,722	38,456	20,145
Other current assets	107,950	95,658	71,802
Total current assets	828,622	1,758,747	715,686
Property, equipment and technology, net	154,085	130,008	94,971
Intangible assets, net	230,213	170,957	84,973
Goodwill	382,803	331,265	162,373
Deferred income taxes	328,417	1,678	727
Other assets	78,294	93,086	86,590
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,002,434	\$2,485,741	\$1,145,320

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

# BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) (In thousands, except par value) (Unaudited)

	September 12, 2015	January 3, 2015	September 6, 2014
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Settlement payables	\$469,590	\$1,383,481	\$472,629
Consumer and customer deposits	102,633	133,772	65,607
Accounts payable and accrued operating expenses	112,753	117,118	89,633
Deferred revenue	91,474	48,114	23,934
Note payable, current portion	37,378	11,211	8,708
Notes payable to Safeway	13,129	27,678	8,473
Bank line of credit	100,000		—
Other current liabilities	43,320	54,238	23,551
Total current liabilities	970,277	1,775,612	692,535
Deferred income taxes	15,590	45,375	23,312
Note payable	325,151	362,543	165,446
Other liabilities	4,867	14,432	20,325
Total liabilities	1,315,885	2,197,962	901,618
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 10)			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock: \$0.001 par value; 10,000 shares authorized; no shares outstanding	_		_
Common stock: \$0.001 par value; 210,000 shares authorized; 54,641, 53,505 and 52,975 shares outstanding, respectively	55	54	54
Additional paid-in capital	547,230	137,916	124,759
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			) (7,556)
Retained earnings	166,370	162,439	119,730
Total Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc. equity	682,120	280,939	236,987
Non-controlling interests	4,429	6,840	6,715
Total stockholders' equity	686,549	287,779	243,702
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$2,002,434	\$2,485,741	\$1,145,320
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statement			

# BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) (In thousands, except for per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	12 weeks ende	ed	36 weeks ende	d
	-	-	September 12,	-
	2015	2014	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES:	<b>\$ 221 (02</b>	<b>\$ 201</b> 000	<b>*7</b> 00 <b>2</b> 00	\$ 50 C 20 I
Commissions and fees	\$231,492	\$201,888	\$709,339	\$596,324
Program, interchange, marketing and other fees	77,727	43,895	231,054	119,981
Product sales	43,446	23,244	104,251	69,781
Total operating revenues	352,665	269,027	1,044,644	786,086
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Partner distribution expense	161,852	142,542	494,193	415,277
Processing and services	68,246	46,715	198,272	133,654
Sales and marketing	49,954	36,668	156,653	111,120
Costs of products sold	40,577	21,946	97,593	66,745
General and administrative	22,136	16,163	62,186	41,700
Transition and acquisition	5,275	326	6,091	360
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	6,875	3,004	18,352	10,839
Change in fair value of contingent consideration			(7,567)	
Total operating expenses	354,915	267,364	1,025,773	779,695
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,250)	1,663	18,871	6,391
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest income and other income (expense), net	(1,421)	182	(1,938)	126
Interest expense	(3,231)	(1,080)	(8,566)	(2,081)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	(6,902)	765	8,367	4,436
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	(3,290)	352	4,435	1,844
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE ALLOCATION TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	( )	413	3,932	2,592
Loss (income) attributable to non-controlling interests, ne	t,		( <b>a</b>	
of tax	(3)	142	63	238
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO	* / <b>*</b> *	*	<b>.</b>	* • • • •
BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC.	\$(3,615)	\$555	\$3,995	\$2,830
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:				
Basic	\$(0.07)	\$0.01	\$0.07	\$0.05
Diluted	· · · · · ·	\$0.01	\$0.07	\$0.05
Weighted average shares outstanding—basic	54,467	52,609	53,941	52,450
Weighted average shares outstanding—diluted	54,467	54,304	55,994	54,035
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated finan		2 1,001		- 1,000
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# BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	12 weeks ender September 12 2015		September 6, 2014		36 weeks end September 12 2015		September 6, 2014	,
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE ALLOCATION TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Other comprehensive loss:	\$(3,612	)	\$413		\$3,932		\$2,592	
Currency translation adjustments COMPREHENSIVE LOSS BEFORE	(7,104	)	(4,163	)	(12,386	)	(4,682	)
ALLOCATION TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	(10,716	)	(3,750	)	(8,454	)	(2,090	)
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests (net of tax)	361		145		384		237	
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated	\$(10,355 financial state	) me	\$(3,605 ents	)	\$(8,070	)	\$(1,853	)

## BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			
	36 weeks ended		
	September 12,	September 6	5,
	2015	2014	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income before allocation to non-controlling interests	\$3,932	\$2,592	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization of property, equipment and technology	27,765	17,951	
Amortization of intangibles	21,634	14,202	
Amortization of program development costs	20,032	17,779	
Employee stock-based compensation expense	19,856	9,769	
Distribution partner mark-to-market expense		(88	)
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(7,567)		
Reversal of reserve for patent litigation		(3,852	)
Excess tax benefit from stock-based awards	(5,018)	(1,364	)
Deferred income taxes	13,371		
Other	5,496	3,852	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Settlement receivables	274,941	535,183	
Settlement payables	(906,181)	(1,006,128	)
Accounts receivable, current and long-term	(3,573)	8,721	
Other current assets	(20,562)	1,450	
Other assets	(9,996)	(21,466	)
Consumer and customer deposits	(31,140)	6,542	
Accounts payable and accrued operating expenses	(9,695)	(13,345	)
Deferred revenue	(8,105)	(6,606	)
Other current and long-term liabilities	4,385	(6,127	)
Income taxes, net	(15,492)	(22,474	)
Net cash used in operating activities	(625,917)	(463,409	)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Expenditures for property, equipment and technology	(37,310)	(25,960	)
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(78,394)	(14,159	)
Change in restricted cash	(38,043)	(5,000	)
Other	(561)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(154,308)	(45,119	)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

## BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	36 weeks ended			
	September 1	2,	September	6,
	2015		2014	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Dividends paid	(65	)	(75	)
Payments for acquisition liability	(1,811	)		
Proceeds from issuance of note payable			175,000	
Payments of financing costs	(724	)	(2,451	)
Repayment of note payable	(11,250	)		
Borrowings under revolving bank line of credit	1,536,083			
Repayments on revolving bank line of credit	(1,436,083	)		
Proceeds from notes payable to Safeway	_		8,473	
Repayment on notes payable to Safeway	(6,320	)		
Repayment of debt assumed in business acquisitions	_		(7,474	)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock from exercise of employee stock options and	8,055		5,895	
employee stock purchase plans				
Other stock-based compensation related	(610	)	(659	)
Excess tax benefit from stock-based awards	5,018		1,364	
Other	(1,494	)	(44	)
Net cash provided by financing activities	90,799		180,029	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7,467	-	(2,030	)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(696,893	)	(330,529	)
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period	911,615		550,380	
Cash and cash equivalents—end of period	\$214,722		\$219,851	
NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Net deferred tax assets recognized for tax basis step-up with offset to Additional paid-in	n .			
capital (see Note 9—income Laxes)			\$—	
Note payable to Safeway contributed to Additional paid-in capital (see Note 9—Income Taxes)	<sup>e</sup> \$8,229		\$—	
Intangible assets recognized for warrants issued	\$3,147		<b>\$</b> —	
Financing of business acquisition with contingent consideration	\$ <u> </u>		\$13,100	
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements			,	
r , o construction construction				

#### BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. The Company and Significant Accounting Policies

#### The Company

Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc., together with its subsidiaries (we, us, our), is a leading prepaid payment network utilizing proprietary technology to offer a broad range of prepaid gift, telecom and debit cards, in physical and electronic forms, as well as related prepaid products and payment services in the United States and 23 other countries. Our product offerings include single-use gift cards; loyalty, incentive and reward products and services; prepaid telecom products and prepaid financial services products, including general purpose reloadable (GPR) cards, and our reload network (collectively, prepaid products). We offer gift cards from leading consumer brands (known as closed loop) as well as branded gift and incentive cards from leading payment network card associations such as American Express, Discover, MasterCard and Visa (known as open loop) and prepaid telecom products offered by prepaid wireless telecom carriers. We also distribute GPR cards, including Green Dot and NetSpend branded cards, as well as PayPower, our proprietary GPR card. We operate a proprietary reload network named Reloadit, which allows consumers to reload funds onto their previously purchased GPR cards. We distribute products across multiple high-traffic channels such as grocery, convenience, specialty and online retailers (referred to as retail distribution partners) in the Americas, Europe, Africa, Australia and Asia.

# Spin-Off

Before April 14, 2014, we were a majority-owned subsidiary of Safeway Inc. (Safeway). On April 14, 2014, Safeway distributed its remaining 37.8 million shares of our Class B common stock to Safeway stockholders (the Spin-Off). As a result of the Spin-Off, we became a stand-alone entity separate from Safeway. See Note 9—Income Taxes for disclosures regarding this relationship.

Conversion of Class B Common Stock

On May 21, 2015, following approval of our Board of Directors and stockholders, we amended our Certificate of Incorporation to eliminate our dual-class common stock structure by converting all outstanding shares of our Class B common stock into shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis and renaming Class A common stock as common stock (collectively, the Conversion). As a result of the Conversion, we have retrospectively presented Class A and Class B common stock as common stock in our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes for all periods presenting, including within earnings per share. This retrospective presentation had no impact on previously reported amounts of earnings per share as Class A and Class B common stock had equal rights to dividends as declared by our Board of Directors.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc. are unaudited. We have prepared our unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) regarding interim financial reporting. We have condensed or omitted certain information and note disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP pursuant to such rules and regulations. Accordingly, our interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 4, 2015 (the Annual Report). We have prepared our condensed consolidated financial statements on the same basis as our annual audited consolidated financial statements and, in the opinion of management, have reflected all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly our financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. Our results for the interim periods are not necessarily reflective of the results to be expected for the year ending January 2, 2016 or for any other interim period or other future year. Our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of January 3, 2015, included herein was derived from our audited consolidated financial statements as of that date but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements, including notes to the financial statements.

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Our condensed consolidated financial statements include those of Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its wholly- or majority-owned domestic and foreign subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances among us and our subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared as if we existed on a stand-alone basis separate from Safeway for the periods presented, but may not necessarily reflect the results of operations, financial position or cash flows that would have been achieved if we had existed on a stand-alone basis separate from Safeway during the periods presented.

Prior to the Spin-Off, our condensed consolidated financial statements included an allocation of expenses arising from certain shared services and infrastructure provided by Safeway. These expenses primarily related to facilities rental and tax services and were allocated using actual costs or estimates based on the portion of services used by us. Management believes that the allocation methodology was reasonable and considers the charges to be a reasonable reflection of the cost of benefits received. Following the Spin-Off, Safeway continues to rent facilities to us and provide certain tax services (related to tax periods through the date of the Spin-Off) based on similar pricing terms as prior to the Spin-Off.

# Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies, as compared to the significant accounting policies described in the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Annual Report. As a result of our acquisition of Achievers Corp. and its subsidiaries, we provide below our revenue recognition policy with respect to its revenues.

#### Revenue Recognition—Achievers

Our Achievers business earns revenue from its business clients for use of our employee reward platform and redemption of employee rewards. We allocate the total consideration received from our business clients between these two elements based on their relative stand-alone fair value. We recognize revenue related to the software platform over the service period in Program, interchange, marketing and other, and we recognize revenue for the reward redemptions when the employee receives the reward. For the redemption of rewards, we evaluate whether we act as the principal or agent in providing the reward to the employee. We have concluded that we act as the principal for closed loop gift cards and merchandise rewards and present such revenue in Product sales and as the agent for open loop gift cards and present such revenue, net of the amounts paid to the supplier, in Program, interchange, marketing and other.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes. We generally base our estimates and assumptions on a combination of historical factors, current circumstances, and the experience and judgment of management. Significant estimates and assumptions include, among other things, allowances for doubtful accounts and sales adjustments, useful lives of assets, card redemption patterns and lives, delivery timing for product sales and valuation assumptions with respect to acquisition liabilities, goodwill, other intangible assets, stock-based compensation and income taxes. Actual results could differ from our estimates. Seasonality

A significant portion of gift card sales occurs in late December of each year during the holiday selling season. As a result, we earn a significant portion of revenues, net income and cash inflows during the fourth fiscal quarter of each year and remit the majority of the cash, less commissions, to our content providers in January of the following year. The timing of our fiscal year-end, December holiday sales and the related January cash settlement with content providers significantly increases our Cash and cash equivalents, Settlement receivables and Settlement payables balances at the end of each fiscal year relative to normal daily balances. The cash settlement with our content providers in January accounts for the majority of the use of cash from operating activities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows during our first three fiscal quarters. Additionally, our operating income may fluctuate significantly during our first three fiscal quarters due to lower revenues and timing of certain expenses during such fiscal periods. As a result, quarterly financial results are not necessarily reflective of the results to be expected for the year, any other interim period or other future year.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements** 

In April 2015 and August 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2015-03 Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs and ASU 2015-15 Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements, respectively. ASU 2015-03 requires an entity to present debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. ASU 2015-15 provides the

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SEC's guidance to permit an entity to present debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements as an asset on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-03 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015 on a retrospective basis. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 to materially affect our consolidated balance sheets.

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In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11 Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory. ASU 2015-11 requires an entity to measure inventory, other than inventory accounted for under last-in, first-out method or retail inventory method, at the lower of cost or net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 on a prospective basis. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-11 to materially affect our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date. ASU 2015-14 deferred the effective date of ASU 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) from annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 to December 15, 2017. As discussed in our Annual Report, management continues to evaluate the impact of ASU 2014-09.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16 Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments. ASU 2015-16 requires an acquirer to recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined, to record an acquisition-to-date adjustment, in the same period's financial statements, for the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income and to disclose the amount of such adjustment that related to prior periods. ASU 2015-16 is effective prospectively for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 on a prospective basis. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-16 to materially affect our consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications and Measurement Period Adjustment

In our condensed consolidated statements of income, we have reclassified amounts within operating expenses in the prior year period to conform with the current presentation, reclassifying compensation to our retail distribution partners from Sales and marketing to Partner distribution expense and presenting the components of Business acquisition expense (benefit) and amortization of acquisition intangibles as separate line items. In our condensed consolidated balance sheets, we have reclassified Deferred revenue as a separate line item from previously reported amounts in Other current liabilities and made the corresponding reclassification in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. We have also combined certain immaterial line items in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

We have retrospectively adjusted our balance sheet as of September 6, 2014 from previously reported amounts for a measurement period adjustment to the initial purchase price allocation of CardLab by reducing our contingent consideration liability by \$11.0 million, goodwill by \$10.4 million and identifiable intangible and technology assets by \$0.6 million.

2. Business Acquisitions

2015 Acquisition

On June 30, 2015, we acquired Achievers Corp. and its subsidiaries (collectively, Achievers), a leading provider of employee recognition and rewards solutions designed to help companies increase employee engagement primarily in the U.S. and Canada, for purchase consideration of \$103.5 million in cash through a merger. The acquisition has allowed us to deliver expanded capabilities and products in the employee rewards market. We accounted for this acquisition as a business combination and have included its results of operations in our consolidated financial statements starting on the acquisition date.

The following table summarizes the initial purchase price allocation, and we may make adjustments to these amounts through the one year measurement period as we finalize information regarding our forecasts, valuation assumptions, income taxes and contingencies (in thousands):

Cash	\$24,367
Assumed liabilities, net	(10,725)
Deferred revenue	(52,339)
Deferred income taxes	(12,698)
Identifiable technology and intangible assets	97,780
Goodwill	57,107
Total purchase consideration	\$103,492

Deferred income taxes include \$24.3 million of deferred tax assets for net operating loss carryforwards, partially offset by a reserve of \$4.6 million, \$31.5 million of deferred tax liabilities for nondeductible amortization of identifiable technology and intangible assets and \$0.9 million for other deferred tax liabilities, net.

Goodwill includes the estimated value of the future cash flows from new customers and the value of the assembled workforce. Goodwill is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The follow table presents the components of the identifiable technology and intangible assets and their estimated useful lives at the acquisition date (dollars in thousands):

	Fair Value	Useful Life
Customer relationships	\$74,430	15 years
Backlog	6,410	4 years
Technology	16,940	6 years
Total identifiable technology and intangible assets	\$97,780	
~		

Customer relationships represent the estimated fair value of the underlying relationships and agreements with Achievers' business clients. Back-log represents the estimated fair value for committed spending from these clients. Technology represents the fair value of Achievers' employee recognition and reward platform.

We valued customer relationships, back-log, and technology using the income approach. Significant assumptions include forecasts of revenues, costs of revenue and development costs and the estimated attrition rates for clients of 8%. We discounted the cash flows at various rates from 12.0% to 16.0%, reflecting the different risk profiles of the assets.

Acquisition-related costs totaled \$0.9 million and \$1.7 million for the 12 and 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015, respectively, which we present in Transition and acquisition expense. Additionally, we incurred \$3.2 million of employee compensation costs for certain payments that were deducted from the sellers' consideration under the terms of the merger agreement but which we reflect in our post-combination financial statements in Transition and acquisition expense.

The following table presents revenue and net income for Achievers for both the 12 weeks and 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 included in our condensed consolidated statements of income (in thousands): Total revenues \$9,415

Net loss attributable to Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.

The net loss excludes pre-tax revenue of \$2.6 million resulting from the step down in basis of deferred revenue from its book value to its fair value (which were also excluded from total revenues). The net loss includes pre-tax charges of \$3.2 million for the employee compensation charges described above and \$1.7 million for the amortization of customer relationships and backlog (included in Amortization of acquisition intangibles). Collectively, these resulted in an after-tax net loss of \$4.8 million.

The following pro forma financial information summarizes the combined results of operations of us and Achievers as though we had been combined as of the beginning of fiscal 2014 (in thousands):

	12 weeks ended	1		36 weeks end	led	l	
	September 12, September 6,		September 12,		September 6,		
	2015	2014		2015		2014	
Total revenues	\$354,998	\$280,056		\$1,072,638		\$814,768	
Net income (loss) attributable to Blackhawk	616	(5,982	)	(1,130	)	(21,159	)
Network Holdings, Inc.	010	(3,)02	'	(1,150	)	(21,13)	)
Earnings (loss) per share—basic	\$0.01	\$(0.11	)	\$(0.02	)	\$(0.40	)
Earnings (loss) per share—diluted	\$0.01	\$(0.11	)	\$(0.02	)	\$(0.40	)

The pro forma financial information includes adjustments to reclassify acquisition-related costs and acquisition-related employee compensation costs (as discussed above) from the third quarter of 2015 to the first quarter of 2014, to amortize the identifiable technology and intangible assets starting at the beginning of 2014, to reflect the impact on revenue resulting from the step down in basis of deferred revenue from its book value to fair value as of the beginning of 2014 and to reflect incremental interest expense that we would have incurred under our Credit Agreement. The pro forma financial information is for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of 2014.

(4,971

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#### 2014 Acquisitions

As discussed in our Annual Report, in the fourth quarter of 2014, we acquired Parago, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Parago). We accounted for this acquisition as a business combination and have included its results of operations in our consolidated financial statements starting on the acquisition date.

The following pro forma financial information summarizes the combined results of operations of us and Parago as though we had been combined as of the beginning of fiscal 2013 (in thousands):

	12 Weeks	36 Weeks
	Ended	Ended
	September 6,	September 6,
	2014	2014
Total revenues	\$296,589	\$863,702
Net income attributable to Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.	1,967	3,830

The pro forma financial information includes adjustments to amortize the identifiable technology and intangible assets starting at the beginning of 2013. The pro forma financial information is for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of 2013. We do not present pro forma financial information for CardLab and Incentec as such amounts are immaterial to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

During the third quarter of 2015, we made adjustments to the acquisition-date balances of deferred income taxes for CardLab, Incentec and Parago, which we acquired in 2014, with an offset to goodwill (see Note 6—Goodwill). We have finalized income tax balances related to our acquisitions of CardLab and Incentec, and the measurement periods for the acquisitions are closed. We have not finalized income tax balances and certain liabilities related to our acquisition of Parago in 2014, and the measurement period for such amounts remains open.

#### 3. Financing

On June 19, 2015, we amended our credit agreement with a group of lenders led by Wells Fargo, NA (the Credit Agreement) to increase amounts available under our revolving credit facility by \$50 million from \$250 million to \$300 million. Additionally, the amendment modified certain of our financial covenants under the Credit Agreement.

## 4. Fair Value Measurements

We measure certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. The table below summarizes the fair values of these assets and liabilities as of September 12, 2015, January 3, 2015 and September 6, 2014 (in thousands):

_	September 12, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Money market mutual funds	\$5,070	\$—	\$—	\$5,070
Liabilities				
Contingent consideration	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
	January 3, 20	015		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Money market mutual funds	\$618,200	\$—	\$—	\$618,200
Liabilities				
Contingent consideration	\$—	\$—	\$7,567	\$7,567
	September 6	, 2014		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Money market mutual funds	\$86,100	\$—	\$—	\$86,100
Liabilities				
Contingent consideration	\$—	\$—	\$13,100	\$13,100

Level 1— Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 investments include money market mutual funds.

Level 2— Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable. Level 2 investments include commercial paper.

In the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

Level 3— Unobservable inputs in which little or no market activity exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in pricing. Level 3 includes the estimated fair value of our contingent consideration liabilities.

Contingent Consideration—We estimate the fair value of the contingent consideration based on our estimates of the probability of achieving the relevant targets and discount rates reflecting the risk of meeting these targets. A significant increase in our estimated probability could materially increase the fair value of contingent consideration.

The changes in fair value of contingent consideration for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

	September 12,	September 6,
	2015	2014
Contingent Consideration		
Balance – beginning of period	\$7,567	\$—
Issuance of contingent consideration for acquisition of CardLab	—	13,100
Decrease in fair value of contingent consideration	(7,567)	
Balance – end of period	\$—	\$13,100

We present the decrease in the fair value of contingent consideration in Change in fair value of contingent consideration and as a non-cash adjustment to net income in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The decrease primarily reflects changes in our estimates of amounts payable for and probability of achieving the relevant targets. As of September 12, 2015, we estimated the fair value of the remaining CardLab contingent consideration to be \$0 although we are responsible for a payment of up to \$46.5 million if the relevant targets are met. The decrease in fair value during the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 resulted from the projected failure of financial targets to be met relating to the launch of incentive programs during the contingent earn-out measurement period.

During the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015, we paid \$1.8 million resulting from the achievement of relevant targets during 2014, which we reflect as Payments for acquisition liability in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, with an offsetting inflow presented as Change in restricted cash as we had previously placed the funds in an escrow account.

5. Consolidated Financial Statement Details

Other Current Assets

Other current assets as of September 12, 2015, January 3, 2015 and September 6, 2014 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 12	September 6,		
	2015	2015	2014	
Inventory	\$ 51,588	\$37,061	\$37,634	
Deferred expenses	10,854	16,339	6,970	
Income tax receivables	20,632	30,997	14,292	
Other	24,876	11,261	12,906	
Total other current assets	\$ 107,950	\$95,658	\$71,802	

Other Assets

Other assets as of September 12, 2015, January 3, 2015 and September 6, 2014 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 12, January 3,		September 6,	
	2015	2015	2014	
Program development costs	\$ 52,428	\$59,889	\$59,729	
Other receivables	4,734	9,324	9,737	
Income taxes receivable	6,368	6,368	6,376	
Deferred financing costs	2,002	2,003	1,330	
Other	12,762	15,502	9,418	
Total other assets	\$ 78,294	\$93,086	\$86,590	

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities as of September 12, 2015, January 3, 2015 and September 6, 2014 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 12, January 3,		September 6,	
	2015	2015	2014	
Income taxes payable	2,122	22,784	3,269	
Payroll and related liabilities	23,103	24,131	15,398	
Acquisition liability	607	1,811	2,140	
Other payables and accrued liabilities	17,488	5,512	2,744	
Total other current liabilities	\$ 43,320	\$54,238	\$23,551	
		+ T	15	

Acquisition liability represents the amounts due under our CardLab contingent liability at January 3, 2015. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities as of September 12, 2015, January 3, 2015 and September 6, 2014 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 12, January 3,		
	2015	2015	2014
Acquisition liability	\$ —	\$7,567	\$10,960
Payable to content provider	825	2,476	6,555
Taxes payable	2,418	1,599	906
Deferred revenue and other liabilities	1,624	2,790	1,904
Total other liabilities	\$ 4,867	\$14,432	\$20,325

The acquisition liability at September 12, 2015 and January 3, 2015 represents the estimated fair value of our CardLab contingent consideration liability (see Note 4—Fair Value Measurements). 6. Goodwill

We have assigned goodwill to our US Retail, International Retail and Incentives & Rewards segments. To date, we have not recorded any impairment charges against or disposed of any reporting units with goodwill. A summary of changes in goodwill during the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 is as follows (in thousands): September 12, 2015

	September 12, 2015				
	US Retail	International Retail	Incentives & Rewards	Total	
Balance, beginning of year	\$42,729	\$32,150	\$256,386	\$331,265	
Acquisition of Achievers			57,107	57,107	
Measurement period adjustments		—	(2,770)	(2,770	)
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(1,386)	(1,413)	(2,799	)
Balance, end of period	\$42,729	\$30,764	\$309,310	\$382,803	

## 7. Stock Based Compensation

During the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 our Board of Directors granted 928,561 restricted stock units, 197,300 performance stock units and 626,000 stock options at a weighted-average exercise price of \$38.89 per share. The awards granted in 2015 contain a retirement provision that permits the employee, after the employee has met certain age or tenure requirements to be considered retirement eligible, to continue to receive the benefits of the award according to its original vesting schedule upon retirement from us, provided that the employee has provided at least one year of service from the grant date. For grant recipients who are or will have become retirement eligible prior to the end of the vesting period of the award, we recognize expense over the greater of one year or when the employee becomes retirement eligible.

Total Employee Stock-Based Compensation

The following table presents total stock-based compensation expense according to the income statement line in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) for the 12 and 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014 (in thousands):

	12 weeks ended		36 weeks end	led
	September 12, September 6,		September 12, September	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Processing and services	\$1,530	\$917	\$4,366	\$2,291
Sales and marketing	2,038	1,194	5,523	3,274
Cost of products sold	13	18	25	43
General and administrative	3,536	1,550	9,942	4,161
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$7,117	\$3,679	\$19,856	\$9,769

8. Equity Awards Issued to Distribution Partners

In April 2015, in conjunction with extending our marketing and distribution services agreement with one of our retail distribution partners, we increased the shares issuable under the warrant from 383,748 to 550,000 at an exercise price of \$16.30 per share. We capitalized the fair value of the incremental 166,252 shares issuable of \$3.1 million as an intangible asset with an offset to Additional paid-in capital and amortize the intangible asset over the term of the extended marketing and distribution services agreement.

## 9. Income Taxes

#### Section 336(e) Election

On January 30, 2015, Safeway announced that its merger with Albertsons (the Merger) had closed. In connection with the closing of the Merger, Safeway's distribution of shares of our common stock on April 14, 2014 (the Spin-Off) is taxable to Safeway and Safeway's shareholders.

In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into a second Amended and Restated Tax Sharing Agreement (the SARTSA) with Safeway on April 11, 2014. Under the terms of the SARTSA, since the Spin-Off is treated as taxable, we and Safeway intend to continue to file a consolidated federal tax return and certain state and local tax returns through the date of the Spin-Off.

Under the SARTSA, any corporate-level income tax incurred as a result of the Spin-Off on completion of the Merger will be borne by Safeway, except that, pursuant to a separate letter agreement entered into by Safeway and us in August 2014, we will bear any incremental taxes that result from certain elections requested by us with respect to certain of our foreign subsidiaries in connection with the Spin-Off. We are not able to quantify the impact of such incremental taxes at this time, but we believe any amounts due will be immaterial to our consolidated financial statements.

The SARTSA also provides that we and Safeway will make an election that is intended to give rise to a step-up in the tax basis of our assets (the Section 336(e) Election). Although the Merger was completed during the year 2015, the Section 336(e) Election would be effective as of the date of Spin-Off, April 14, 2014, for tax purposes. However, under GAAP, we did not reflect the effects of the Merger in our 2014 financial statements.

As a result of the completion of the Merger during the first quarter of 2015, we recorded deferred tax assets of \$374.6 million as a result of our step up in tax basis, of which \$366.3 million was offset to Additional paid-in capital and \$8.2 million was reclassified from prepaid taxes related to tax payments previously remitted to certain states. We had received funding from Safeway for tax payments of \$27.7 million to these states in exchange for notes payable to Safeway. As a result of the completion of the Merger, we reclassified prepaid taxes of \$8.2 million to deferred tax assets, and the offsetting \$8.2 million of notes payable to Safeway were contributed to Additional paid-in capital. During the second and third quarters of 2015, we repaid \$6.3 million of our notes payable to Safeway since we had collected the related refunds from the states, and we will repay the outstanding notes payable balance as of September 12, 2015 of \$13.1 million to Safeway, resulting from overpayments to those states, when we collect the related refunds from those states.

Additionally, during the first quarter of 2015, we recognized a reduction in deferred tax assets of \$13.4 million resulting from the amortization of our tax basis step-up related to our 2014 tax year, with an offset to income taxes payable.

The following table presents the components of our deferred tax assets (liabilities) as of September 12, 2015 and January 3, 2015 (in thousands):

	September 12	September 12, January 3,		
	2015	2015		
Deferred tax assets:				
Depreciation and amortization	\$261,242	\$—		
Net operating loss carryforwards	54,048	33,128		
Accrued expenses	10,651	8,736		
Non-deductible reserves	1,852	6,617		
Deferred revenue	11,982	11,739		
Stock-based compensation	8,625	11,156		
Other	926	931		
Deferred tax assets	349,326	72,307		
Valuation allowance	(1,393	) (1,633	)	
Total deferred tax assets	347,933	70,674		
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Depreciation and amortization		(75,915	)	
Prepaid expenses	(1,384	) —		
Total deferred tax liabilities	(1,384	) (75,915	)	
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$346,549	\$(5,241	)	
Effective Tax Rates				

Our effective tax rates were 47.7% and 46.0% for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014, respectively, and 53.0% and 41.6% for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014, respectively. The effective rate for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 is reflective of pre-tax loss compared to pre-tax income in the 12 weeks ended September 6, 2014. The effective rate for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 was higher due to a release of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations (which resulted in an increase to the effective tax rate due to a loss for the quarter), partially offset by nontaxable income from the noncash credit for the change in fair value of contingent consideration. The effective rate for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 was higher due to a net reduction in the value of our deferred tax assets from changes in certain state tax apportionment laws (which resulted in a lower blended rate applicable to the deferred tax assets), partially offset by nontaxable income tax reserve due to lapse of an income tax reserve due to the deferred tax assets), partially offset by nontaxable income tax reserve due to lapse of an income tax reserve due to the deferred tax assets), partially offset by nontaxable income tax reserve due to lapse of an income tax reserve due to the deferred tax assets), partially offset by nontaxable income tax reserve due to lapse of an income tax reserve due to lapse of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Contingencies

From time to time, we enter into contracts containing provisions that require us to indemnify various parties against certain potential claims from third parties. Under contracts with certain issuing banks, we are responsible to the banks for any unrecovered overdrafts on cardholders' accounts. Under contracts with certain content providers, retail distribution partners and issuing banks, we are responsible for potential losses resulting from certain claims from third parties. Because the indemnity amounts associated with these agreements are not explicitly stated, the maximum amount of the obligation cannot be reasonably estimated. Historically, we have paid immaterial amounts pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

We are subject to audits related to various indirect taxes, including, but not limited to, sales and use taxes, value-added tax, and goods and services tax, in various foreign and state jurisdictions. We evaluate our exposure related to these audits and potential audits and do not believe that it is probable that any audit would hold us liable for any material amounts due.

## Legal Matters

There are various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business pending against us, including the matter described below, some of which seek damages and other relief which, if granted, may require future cash expenditures. Management does not believe that it is probable that the resolution of these matters would result in any liability that would materially affect our results of operations or financial condition.

On March 30, 2015, Greg Haney in his capacity as Seller Representative for CardLab, Inc. filed a lawsuit against us in the Delaware Chancery Court (CardLab, Inc. v. Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc., Case No. 10851). The complaint generally alleges that we failed to disclose material information relating to a potential earn-out payment in connection with our acquisition of CardLab, Inc. in 2014. Following analysis, we believe that the suit is without merit and that the likelihood of loss is remote, and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves against these claims. On June 8, 2015, we filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. On June 22, 2015, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint. We believe that the amended complaint has no impact on our evaluation of the merits of this lawsuit. On July 7, 2015, we filed a motion to dismiss the case in its entirety. All briefing has been completed and the motion is scheduled for hearing on November 4, 2015.

## 11. Noncontrolling interest

During the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015, we purchased the outstanding noncontrolling interest from one of the subsidiaries of Retailo, which we had acquired in 2013, for \$1.4 million, which we present as an outflow from financing activities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. We recorded the excess of the carrying amount of \$1.9 million over the purchase price as an increase to Additional paid-in capital in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

## 12. Segment Reporting

Our three reportable segments are US Retail, International Retail and Incentives & Rewards. In January 2015, we moved to align our various Incentives & Rewards businesses acquired in 2013 and 2014 and drive synergies by restructuring them into Blackhawk Engagement Solutions, which provides software, services and prepaid products to business clients for their loyalty, incentive and reward programs. As a result, we evaluated our internal reporting structure in consideration of the way management views the Company and its impact on segment reporting. Based on this assessment, we have increased the number of reportable segments from two to three. In our Annual Report, we reported US Retail and Incentives & Rewards as a single segment. We reflect the revised segment reporting throughout this report for all periods presented and present historical figures in a manner consistent with this revised segment reporting. The US Retail segment consists of the various operating segments, including our US retail products to consumers at our US retail distribution partners, online and through our card exchange. Our International Retail segment consists of prepaid products to consumers at our international retail distribution partners. Our Incentives and Rewards segment consists of our geographic regions and derives revenues primarily from sales of prepaid products to consumers at our international retail distribution partners. Our Incentives and Rewards segment consists of our single global incentive and reward solutions segment and derives revenues primarily from the sale of prepaid products and related services to business clients.

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We do not assess performance based on assets and do not provide information on the assets of our reportable segments to our Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The key metrics used by our CODM to assess segment performance include Operating revenues, Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and segment profit. Accordingly, we present only Total operating revenues, Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and segment profit for our three reportable segments. We exclude from the determination of segment profit and report in Corporate and Unallocated: i) certain US operations, account management and marketing personnel who primarily support our US Retail segment (as these costs are not included in segment profit reviewed by the CODM), ii) the substantial majority of our technology personnel and related depreciation and amortization of technology and related hardware which support our US Retail and International Retail segments, iii) US accounting, finance, legal, human resources and other administrative functions which may support all segments and iv) noncash charges including amortization of acquisition intangibles, stock-based compensation and change in fair value of contingent consideration, as we do not include these costs in segment profit reviewed by our CODM. Segment profit for our International Retail segment includes all sales, marketing, operations, legal, accounting, finance and other administrative personnel in such international regions, and segment profit for our Incentives & Rewards segment includes all sales, marketing, technology, operations, legal, certain accounting, finance and other administrative personnel supporting that segment, as well as substantially all depreciation and amortization specifically related to that segment.

The following tables present the key metrics used by our CODM for the evaluation of segment performance and reconciliations to our consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

	12 weeks ender September 12,					
	US Retail	International Retail	Incentives & Rewards	Corporate and Unallocated	Consolidate	ed
Total operating revenues	\$214,941	\$83,671	\$54,053	\$—	\$352,665	
Partner distribution expense	101,890	56,972	2,990		161,852	
Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	113,051	26,699	51,063		190,813	
Other operating expenses	69,877	22,751	46,674	53,761	193,063	
Segment profit (loss) / Operating loss	\$43,174	\$3,948	\$4,389	\$(53,761)	(2,250	)
Other income (expense)				(4,652)	(4,652	)
Loss before income tax expense					\$(6,902	)
-	12 weeks ende	ed				
	September 6, 2	2014				
	US Retail	International Retail	Incentives & Rewards	Corporate and Unallocated	Consolidate	ed
Total operating revenues	\$186,941	\$69,174	\$12,912	\$—	\$269,027	
Partner distribution expense	93,443	47,095	2,004	_	142,542	
Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	93,498	22,079	10,908	_	126,485	
Other operating expenses	58,475	19,048	9,485	37,814	124,822	
Segment profit (loss) / Operating income	\$35,023	\$3,031	\$1,423	\$(37,814)	1,663	
Other income (expense)				(898)	(898	)
Income before income tax expense					\$765	
18						

	36 weeks ende	ed			
	September 12,	2015			
	US Retail	International Retail	Incentives & Rewards	Corporate and Unallocated	Consolidated
Total operating revenues	\$659,984	\$251,249	\$133,411	\$—	\$1,044,644
Partner distribution expense	313,628	169,578	10,987	—	494,193
Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	346,356	81,671	122,424	_	550,451
Other operating expenses	209,856	73,665	110,462	137,597	531,580
Segment profit (loss) / Operating income	\$136,500	\$8,006	\$11,962	\$(137,597)	18,871
Other income (expense)				(10,504)	(10,504)
Income before income tax expense					\$8,367
	36 weeks ende	ed			
	36 weeks ende September 6, 2				
			Incentives & Rewards	Corporate and Unallocated	Consolidated
Total operating revenues	September 6, 2	2014 International		•	Consolidated \$786,086
Total operating revenues Partner distribution expense	September 6, 2 US Retail	2014 International Retail	Rewards	Unallocated	
	September 6, 2 US Retail \$554,654	2014 International Retail \$195,981	Rewards \$35,451	Unallocated	\$786,086
Partner distribution expense Operating revenues, net of Partner	September 6, 2 US Retail \$554,654 280,234	2014 International Retail \$195,981 129,657	Rewards \$35,451 5,386	Unallocated	\$786,086 415,277
Partner distribution expense Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	September 6, 2 US Retail \$554,654 280,234 274,420 169,220	2014 International Retail \$195,981 129,657 66,324	Rewards \$35,451 5,386 30,065	Unallocated \$	\$786,086 415,277 370,809
Partner distribution expense Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense Other operating expenses	September 6, 2 US Retail \$554,654 280,234 274,420 169,220	2014 International Retail \$ 195,981 129,657 66,324 61,101	Rewards \$35,451 5,386 30,065 26,763	Unallocated \$	\$786,086 415,277 370,809 364,418

13. Earnings Per Share

We compute basic earnings per share (EPS) by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period and compute diluted EPS by dividing earnings available to common stockholders by the weighted average shares outstanding during the period and the impact of securities that if exercised, would have a dilutive effect on EPS.

We compute EPS under the two-class method, which is a method of computing EPS when an entity has both common stock and participating securities. We consider nonvested stock as a participating security if it contains rights to receive nonforfeitable dividends at the same rate as common stock. Under the two-class method, we exclude the income and distributions attributable to participating securities from the calculation of basic and diluted EPS and exclude the participating securities from the weighted average shares outstanding.

The following table provides reconciliations of net income and shares used in calculating basic EPS to those used in calculating diluted EPS (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	12 weeks	ended		
	Septembe	r 12, 2015	Septemb	er 6, 2014
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
Net income (loss) attributable to Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.	\$(3,615)	\$(3,615)	\$555	\$555
Distributed and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities			(1	) (1 )
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$(3,615)	\$(3,615)	\$554	\$554
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	54,467	54,467	52,609	52,609
Common share equivalents				1,695
Weighted-average shares outstanding		54,467		54,304
Earnings (loss) per share	\$(0.07)	\$(0.07)	\$0.01	\$0.01

	36 weeks ended				
	Septembe	r 12, 2015	Septembe	er 6, 2014	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	
Net income attributable to Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.	\$3,995	\$3,995	\$2,830	\$2,830	
Distributed and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	(46)	(46)	(47)	(47)	
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$3,949	\$3,949	\$2,783	\$2,783	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	53,941	53,941	52,450	52,450	
Common share equivalents		2,053		1,585	
Weighted-average shares outstanding		55,994		54,035	
Earnings per share	\$0.07	\$0.07	\$0.05	\$0.05	

The weighted-average common shares outstanding for diluted EPS for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 excluded approximately 5,020,000 potential common shares outstanding due to the net loss attributable to common shareholders. Also excluded were approximately 576,000 and 569,000 potential common stock outstanding for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014, respectively and 555,000 and 488,000 potential common stock outstanding for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014, respectively, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Potential common stock outstanding results in fewer common share equivalents as a result of the treasury stock method.

14. Subsequent Event

On September 14, 2015, we acquired the outstanding stock of Didix Gifting & Promotions B.V. and its subsidiaries (collectively, Didix) for total purchase consideration of €36.5 million in cash, which totaled \$41.4 million based on the foreign currency rate at the acquisition date. Didix provides prepaid gift cards that can be redeemed at many merchants within a category such as dining or cinema. Didix currently offers its products in the Netherlands, Belgium, Germany and the UK. Didix also distributes third-party gift cards through retail distribution partners in the Netherlands. We will account for this acquisition as a business combination. We are still gathering information related to estimating the fair value of identifiable net tangible and intangible assets and therefore do not yet have sufficient information to provide our initial estimates. On September 11, 2015, we remitted a portion of cash for the acquisition to the notary and present such cash as Restricted cash in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and as Change in restricted cash in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. We incurred acquisition-related costs during the third quarter of 2015 of \$0.5 million, which we present in Transition and acquisition expense. Subsequent to September 12, 2015, we acquired a noncontrolling interest in an entity to distribute prepaid products in China.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the Quarterly Report) and our Annual Report filed on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 4, 2015 (the Annual Report). This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed below. You should review the "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report and "Special Note regarding Forward-Looking Statements" section and the "Risk Factors" section of this Quarterly Report for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Special Note regarding Forward Looking Statements

This Ouarterly Report contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove incorrect, could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The statements contained in this Ouarterly Report that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Forward-looking statements are often identified by the use of words such as, but not limited to, "anticipate," "believe," "can," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "inten "plan," "project," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would" and similar expressions or variations intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of our management based on information currently available to management. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause actual results and the timing of certain events to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those identified below, and those discussed or referenced in the section titled "Risk Factors" included under Part II, Item 1A below. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. **Ouarterly Results of Operations and Seasonality** 

Seasonal consumer spending habits, which are most pronounced in December of each year as a result of the holiday selling season, significantly affect our business. We believe this seasonality is important to understanding our quarterly operating results. A significant portion of gift card sales occurs in late December of each year during the holiday selling season. As a result, we earn a significant portion of our revenues, net income and cash flows during the fourth quarter of each year. We also experience an increase in revenues, net income and cash flows during the second quarter of each year, which we primarily attribute to the Mother's Day, Father's Day and graduation gifting season and the Easter holiday. Depending on when the Easter holiday occurs, the associated increase could occur in either the first or second quarter. Additionally, operating income may fluctuate significantly during the first three fiscal quarters due to lower revenues and timing of certain expenses during such fiscal periods. As a result, quarterly financial results are not necessarily reflective of the results to be expected for the year, any other interim period or other future year.

#### Key Operating Statistics

The following table sets forth key operating statistics that directly affect our financial performance for the 12 and 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014:

	12 weeks ended			36 weeks end				
	September 12,		September 6,		September 12,		September 6,	
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	(in thousands, except percentages and per share amounts)							
Transaction dollar volume	\$3,167,719		\$2,514,561		\$9,660,243		\$7,321,923	
Prepaid and processing revenues	\$292,908		\$234,135		\$881,281		\$683,501	
Prepaid and processing revenues as a % of transaction dollar volume	9.2	%	9.3	%	9.1	%	9.3	%
Partner distribution expense as a % of prepaid and processing revenues	55.3	%	60.9	%	56.1	%	60.8	%
Adjusted operating revenues (1)	\$193,419		\$125,392		\$553,057		\$370,809	
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$28,618		\$14,714		\$86,383		\$48,225	
Adjusted EBITDA margin (1)	14.8	%	11.7	%	15.6	%	13.0	%
Adjusted net income (1)	\$19,780		\$12,433		\$59,824		\$32,430	
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (1)	\$0.35		\$0.23		\$1.07		\$0.60	

Our Adjusted operating revenues, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share are non-GAAP financial measures. Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's performance, financial position or cash flow that either excludes or

(1) includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. These measures, however, should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, operating revenues, operating income, operating margin, cash flows, or other measures of the financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Transaction Dollar Volume—Represents the total dollar amount of value loaded onto any of our prepaid products, rebates processed during the period and gross billings to Achievers' business clients. The dollar amount and volume of card sales and rebates processed directly affect the amount of our revenues and direct costs. We measure and monitor Transaction dollar volume by retail distribution partner channel, content provider program and business client program. The significant growth in Transaction dollar volume over the past two years has been driven by the expansion of our distribution network, including the addition of new retail distribution partners and expansion into new countries; our acquisitions of InteliSpend and Retailo in 2013, Parago and CardLab in 2014 and Achievers in the third quarter of 2015; and increased consumer use of prepaid products, partly in response to retail distribution partner loyalty and incentive programs, as well as the expansion of product content and services we offer.

Prepaid and Processing Revenues as a Percentage of Transaction Dollar Volume—Represents the total amount of Commissions and fees and Program, interchange, marketing and other fees, adjusted to exclude marketing revenues from our content providers (that is, total revenues generated by our prepaid products and services) recognized during the period as a percentage of Transaction dollar volume for the same period. Our prepaid product revenues vary among our various product offerings: closed loop gift and prepaid telecom cards generate the highest rates due to the content provider commissions; open loop gift cards and incentive and reward products and services also generate high rates due to program management fees, interchange and other fees included in Program, interchange, marketing and other fees in addition to the consumer and client purchase fees included in Commissions and fees; financial services products generate the lowest rates due to higher average transaction values; for Achievers, the gross billings are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as the services are delivered, and we only include the portion of revenue related to software in Program, interchange, marketing and other fees in this metric, as we present revenue from the redemption of employee rewards in Product sales. This metric helps us understand and manage overall margins from our product offerings.

Partner Distribution Expense as a Percentage of Prepaid and Processing Revenues—Represents partner distribution expense divided by prepaid and processing revenues (as defined above under Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume) during the period. This metric represents the expense recognized for the portion of content provider commissions and purchase or load fees shared with our retail distribution partners (known as distribution partner commissions), as well as other compensation we pay our retail business partners and certain business clients, including certain program development payments to our retail distribution partners, compensation for the distribution of our open loop products and expense recognized for equity awards issued to certain retail distribution partners. We present this expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues to present the overall portion of our revenues from the sale of our prepaid products and services that we share with our retail distribution partners and business clients. The substantial majority of this expense is distribution partner commissions which are based on a percentage of the gross content provider commissions and consumer purchase fees. These percentages are individually negotiated with our retail distribution partners and are independent of the commission rates negotiated between us and our content providers. Partner distribution expense percentage is affected by changes in the proportion of Transaction dollar volume i) among our various products (as we share significantly lower amounts of revenues included in Program, interchange, marketing and other fees generated by our open loop gift, open loop incentive and financial services products), ii) among our various regions (as commission share percentages differ from region to region, particularly those with sub-distributor relationships) and iii) among retail distribution partners (as the commission share percentage is individually negotiated with each retail distribution partner).

We regard Adjusted operating revenues, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share as useful measures of operational and financial performance of the business. We regard Adjusted EBITDA margin as an important financial metric that we use to evaluate the operating efficiency of our business. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share measures are prepared and presented to eliminate the effect of items from EBITDA, Net income and Diluted earnings per share that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance within the period presented. Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share are adjusted to include certain significant cash tax savings that we consider important for understanding our overall operating results. Adjusted operating revenues are prepared and presented to offset the distribution commissions paid and other compensation to our distribution partners and business clients. Adjusted EBITDA margin represents Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share measures in the same manner as we do. You are encouraged to evaluate our adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate.

We believe Adjusted operating revenues, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share are useful to evaluate our operating performance for the following reasons:

adjusting our operating revenues for distribution commissions paid and other compensation to our retail distribution partners and business clients is useful to understanding our operating margin;

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are widely used by investors and securities analysts to measure a company's

• operating performance without regard to items that can vary substantially from company to company and from period to period depending upon their financing, accounting and tax methods, the book value of their assets, their capital structures and the method by which their assets were acquired;

Adjusted EBITDA margin provides a measure of operating efficiency based on Adjusted operating revenues and without regard to items that can vary substantially from company to company and from period to period depending upon their financing, accounting and tax methods, the book value of their assets, their capital structures and the method by which their assets were acquired;

in a business combination, a company records an adjustment to reduce the carrying value of deferred revenue to its fair value and reduces the company's revenues from what it would have recorded otherwise, and as such we do not believe is indicative of our core operating performance;

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non-cash equity grants made to employees and distribution partners at a certain price and point in time do not necessarily reflect how our business is performing at any particular time and the related expenses are not key measures of our core operating performance;

in a business combination, a company may record certain payments to employees as compensation expense in its post-combination financial statements, and as such, to the extent that such payments were funded by the sellers, we do not believe that such compensation expense is indicative of our core operating performance;

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intangible asset amortization expenses can vary substantially from company to company and from period to period depending upon the applicable financing and accounting methods, the fair value and average expected life of the acquired intangible assets, the capital structure and the method by which the intangible assets were acquired and, as such, we do not believe that these adjustments are reflective of our core operating performance;

non-cash fair value adjustments to contingent business acquisition liability do not directly reflect how our business is performing at any particular time and the related expense adjustment amounts are not key measures of our core operating performance; and

cash tax savings resulting from the step up in tax basis of our assets resulting from the Section 336(e) election due to our Spin-Off and the Safeway Merger and cash tax savings from amortization of goodwill and other intangibles or utilization of net operating loss carryforwards from business acquisitions represent significant cash savings that are useful for understanding our overall operating results. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Cash Flows from Operating Activities" and Note 9—Income Taxes in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

#### Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures:

The following tables present a reconciliation of Commissions and fees and Program, interchange, marketing and other fees to Prepaid and processing revenues, a reconciliation of Total operating revenues to Adjusted operating revenues, a reconciliation of Net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, a reconciliation of Operating income margin to Adjusted EBITDA margin, a reconciliation of Net income to Adjusted net income and a reconciliation of Diluted earnings per share to Adjusted diluted earnings per share, in each case reconciling the most comparable GAAP measure to the adjusted measure, for each of the periods indicated.

measure to the adjusted measure, for each of the	12 weeks en				36 weeks end	hah		
			September 6,		September 12,		September 6,	
	*		2014		2015		2014	
	(in thousands, except percentages and per share amounts)							
Prepaid and processing revenues:	(111 1110 110 1111	, •		8.0				
Commissions and fees	\$231,492		\$201,888		\$709,339		\$596,324	
Program, interchange, marketing and other fees	77,727		43,895		231,054		119,981	
Marketing revenue	(16,311	)	(11,648	)	(59,112	)	(32,804	)
Prepaid and processing revenues	\$292,908	,	\$234,135		\$881,281		\$683,501	,
Adjusted operating revenues:								
Total operating revenues	\$352,665		\$269,027		\$1,044,644		\$786,086	
Issuing bank contract amendments (a)			(1,093	)				
Revenue adjustment from purchase accounting	2 (0)				2 (0)			
(b)	2,606		_		2,606		_	
Partner distribution expense	(161,852	)	(142,542	)	(494,193	)	(415,277	)
Adjusted operating revenues	\$193,419		\$125,392		\$553,057		\$370,809	
Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net income (loss) before allocation to	\$(3,612	)	\$413		\$3,932		\$2,592	
non-controlling interests	$\phi(3,012)$	)	\$415		\$ <i>5,952</i>		\$2,392	
Interest and other (income) expense, net	1,421		(182	)	1,938		(126	)
Interest expense	3,231		1,080		8,566		2,081	
Income tax expense	(3,290	)	352		4,435		1,844	
Depreciation and amortization	17,927		10,465		49,399		32,153	
EBITDA	15,677		12,128		68,270		38,544	
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Employee stock-based compensation	7,117		3,679		19,856		9,769	
Distribution partner mark-to-market expense (c)					_		(88	)
Acquisition-related employee compensation (d)	3,218				3,218			
Issuing bank contract amendments (a)			(1,093	)				
Revenue adjustment from purchase accounting	2,606				2,606			
(b)	-				-			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	l				(7,567	)		
(e) Adjusted EBITDA	\$28,618		¢14714		\$86,383		\$48,225	
Adjusted EBITDA margin:	\$20,010		\$14,714		\$ 00,303		\$40,223	
Total operating revenues	\$352,665		\$269,027		\$1,044,644		\$786,086	
Operating income (loss)	\$352,005 \$(2,250	)	\$1,663		\$18,871		\$6,391	
Operating margin	\$(2,250 (0.6	/	0.6	0%	1.8	0%	0.8	%
Adjusted operating revenues	(0.0 \$193,419	, 10	\$125,392	10	\$553,057	10	\$370,809	70
Adjusted EBITDA	\$28,618		\$125,572 \$14,714		\$86,383		\$48,225	
Adjusted EBITDA margin	14.8	%	11.7	%	15.6	%	13.0	%
		,.		,0		,.		, •

	12 weeks end September 12 2015		September 6, 2014		36 weeks end September 12 2015			,
	(in thousands	ex	cept per share	da	ata)			
Adjusted net income:								
Income (loss) before income tax expense	\$(6,902	)	\$765		\$8,367		\$4,436	
Employee stock-based compensation	7,117		3,679		19,856		9,769	
Distribution partner mark-to-market expense (c)							(88	)
Acquisition-related employee compensation (d)	3,218				3,218			
Issuing bank contract amendments (a)			(1,093	)				
Revenue adjustment from purchase accounting (b)	2,606				2,606			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration (e)					(7,567	)	_	
Amortization of intangibles (f)	8,106		4,085		21,634		14,202	
Adjusted income before income tax expense	14,145		7,436		48,114		28,319	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3,290	)	352		4,435		1,844	
Tax expense on adjustments (g)	7,743		2,538		12,625		9,020	
Adjusted income tax expense before cash tax								
benefits	4,453		2,890		17,060		10,864	
Reduction in cash taxes payable resulting from	(( ))			,	(20.120			
amortization of spin-off tax basis step-up (h)	(6,903	)	(7,504	)	(20,139	)	(12,506	)
Reduction in cash taxes payable from amortization								
of acquisition intangibles and utilization of acquired	1 (3.188	)	(241	)	(8,568	)	(2,231	)
NOLs (i)			X .		(-)			/
Adjusted income tax benefit	(5,638	)	(4,855	)	(11,647	)	(3,873	)
Adjusted net income before allocation to	•					<i>_</i>		/
non-controlling interests	19,783		12,291		59,761		32,192	
Net loss (income) attributable to non-controlling	(2		1.40		( <b>2</b> )		220	
interests, net of tax	(3	)	142		63		238	
Adjusted net income attributable to Blackhawk	<b>* 10 = 00</b>		<b>.</b>		<b>• •</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<b>* ~ ~ /</b> ~ ~	
Network Holdings, Inc.	\$19,780		\$12,433		\$59,824		\$32,430	
Adjusted diluted earnings per share:								
Net income (loss) attributable to Blackhawk	ф ( <b>р.</b> с1 <b>г</b>		<b>• • • •</b>		\$ <b>2</b> .005		<b>\$2.020</b>	
Network Holdings, Inc.	\$(3,615	)	\$555		\$3,995		\$2,830	
Distributed and undistributed earnings allocated to				,	(15		<	
participating securities			(1	)	(46	)	(47	)
Net income (loss) attributable to common	¢ (2, (1, 5		<b>• • • •</b>		<b>\$2.040</b>		<b>\$ 2 5</b> 02	
shareholders	\$(3,615	)	\$554		\$3,949		\$2,783	
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding	54,467		54,304		55,994		54,035	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$(0.07	)	\$0.01		\$0.07		\$0.05	
Adjusted net income attributable to Blackhawk								
Network Holdings, Inc.	\$19,780		\$12,433		\$59,824		\$32,430	
Adjusted distributed and undistributed earnings	(10)		(2.1	,	(100		<	
allocated to participating securities	(40	)	(31	)	(182	)	(47	)
Adjusted net income available for common								
shareholders	\$19,740		\$12,402		\$59,642		\$32,383	
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	54,467		54,304		55,994		54,035	
Increase in common share equivalents	2,006							
Adjusted diluted weighted average shares			54.00 (		55.004		54025	
outstanding	56,473		54,304		55,994		54,035	

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Adjusted diluted earnings per share	\$0.35	\$0.23	\$1.07	\$0.60			

During the third quarter of 2014, we entered into a contractual amendment with an issuing bank that substituted a program management fee for card expiration fees for certain open-loop gift cards. A portion of the fees related to (a) cards sold in prior periods. Adjusted operating revenues, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted net income for the 12 weeks ended September 6, 2014 have been adjusted to recognize the revenues as if the contract amendment had been in force at the beginning of the fiscal year.

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- (b) Impact on revenues recognized resulting from the step down in basis of deferred revenue from its carrying value to fair value in a business combination at the acquisition date.
- (c) Distribution partner equity instruments are generally marked to market at each reporting date to fair value until the instrument is vested.

Adjustment to remove acquisition-related compensation expense when such amounts represent a reduction of the

- (d)purchase price paid to the sellers under the acquisition agreement but we recognize such payments as compensation expense under GAAP.
- (e) Adjustments to reflect a contingent business acquisition liability at its estimated fair value. Non-cash expense resulting from the amortization of intangible assets, including distribution partner relationships
- (f) resulting from the issuance of fully vested awards, recorded in Partner distribution expense and the amortization of intangible assets from business combination, recorded in Amortization of acquisition intangibles.
- Assumes our statutory tax rate adjusted for certain amounts that are not deductible or taxable for tax purposes and (g)removes the impact of income tax expense (benefit) for revaluation based on changes in tax laws of deferred tax assets resulting from our step up in basis for the Section 336(e) Election.

As a result of Safeway's merger with Albertsons and our and Safeway's intended Section 336(e) Election, we recognized a deferred tax asset that we will amortize as a reduction of our taxes payable over 15 years. Under GAAP, we recognize current income tax expense or benefit related to the impact on deferred tax assets or liabilities

- (h) due to changes in tax laws in the period in which the law changes. However, for the benefit related to our Section 336(e) Election, we recognize the impact of these changes in our fiscal fourth quarter if the impact to quarterly cash tax benefit is immaterial. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Cash Flows from Operating Activities" and Note 9—Income Taxes in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information. As a result of certain acquisitions, we acquired net operating loss carryforwards that we can use to reduce our
- (i) income taxes payable. Additionally, for certain acquisitions, we may amortize intangible assets, including goodwill, for tax purposes to reduce income taxes payable.

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## **Results of Operations**

Comparison of the 12 and 36 Weeks Ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

The fiscal periods presented in the accompanying tables below and throughout this Results of Operations section consist of the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014 (the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 is referred to as the third quarter of 2015, the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 is referred to as the first 36 weeks of 2015, the 12 weeks ended September 6, 2014 is referred to as the third quarter of 2014, and the 36 weeks ended September 6, 2014 is referred to as the first 36 weeks of 2014.

The following tables set forth the revenue and expense amounts as a percentage of total operating revenues by the line items in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) for the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.							
	12 Weeks Ended September 12, 2015	r	% of Total Operating Revenues		12 Weeks Ended September 6, 2014	% of To Operation Revenue	ng
	(in thousa	nd	ls, except	perc	entages)		
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Commissions and fees	\$231,492		65.6	%	\$201,888	75.0	%
Program, interchange, marketing and other fees	77,727		22.0	%	43,895	16.3	%
Product sales	43,446		12.3		23,244	8.6	%
Total operating revenues	352,665		100.0	%	269,027	100.0	%
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Partner distribution expense	161,852		45.9	%	142,542	53.0	%
Processing and services	68,246		19.4	%	46,715	17.4	%
Sales and marketing	49,954		14.2	%	36,668	13.6	%
Costs of products sold	40,577		11.5	%	21,946	8.2	%
General and administrative	22,136		6.3	%	16,163	6.0	%
Transition and acquisition	5,275		1.5	%	326	0.1	%
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	6,875		1.9	%	3,004	1.1	%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration				%			%
Total operating expenses	354,915		100.6	%	267,364	99.4	%
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,250	)	(0.6	)%	1,663	0.6	%
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):							
Interest income and other income (expense), net	(1,421	)	(0.4	)%	182	0.1	%
Interest expense	(3,231	)	(0.9	)%	(1,080)		%
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	(6,902	)	(2.0	)%	765	0.3	%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	(3,290	)	(0.9	)%	352	0.1	%
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE ALLOCATION TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	(3,612	)	(1.0	)%	413	0.2	%
Non-controlling interests, net of Net loss (income) attributable to non-controlling interests, net of							
tax	(3	)		%	142	—	%
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC.	\$(3,615	)	(1.0	)%	\$555	0.2	%

	36 Weeks Ended September 12, 2015	% of To Operatin Revenue	ng	36 Weeks Ended September 6, 2014	% of To Operatin Revenue	ıg
	(in thousand	ls, except	perc	centages)		
OPERATING REVENUES:		-	-	-		
Commissions and fees	\$709,339	67.9	%	\$596,324	75.9	%
Program, interchange, marketing and other fees	231,054	22.1	%	119,981	15.3	%
Product sales	104,251	10.0	%	69,781	8.9	%
Total operating revenues	1,044,644	100.0	%	786,086	100.0	%
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Partner distribution expense	494,193	47.3	%	415,277	52.8	%
Processing and services	198,272	19.0	%	133,654	17.0	%
Sales and marketing	156,653	15.0	%	111,120	14.1	%
Costs of products sold	97,593	9.3	%	66,745	8.5	%
General and administrative	62,186	6.0	%	41,700	5.3	%
Transition and acquisition	6,091	0.6	%	360		%
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	18,352	1.8	%	10,839	1.4	%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(7,567)	(0.7	)%			%
Total operating expenses	1,025,773	98.2	%	779,695	99.2	%
OPERATING INCOME	18,871	1.8	%	6,391	0.8	%
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Interest income and other income (expense), net	(1,938)	(0.2	)%	126		%
Interest expense	(8,566)	(0.8	)%	(2,081)		%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	8,367	0.8	%	4,436	0.6	%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	4,435	0.4	%	1,844	0.2	%
NET INCOME BEFORE ALLOCATION TO	3,932	0.4	01	2,592	0.3	%
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	3,932	0.4	%	2,392	0.5	70
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax	63		%	238		%
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO BLACKHAWK NETWORK HOLDINGS, INC.	\$3,995	0.4	%	\$2,830	0.4	%

Although our Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews information regarding segment profit for our three reportable segments of US Retail, International Retail and Incentives & Rewards, segment profit for US Retail excludes certain sales, marketing and operations personnel costs used by that segment in generating revenues, whereas such costs are included in segment profit for International Retail and Rewards & Incentives. Additionally, US Retail and International Retail utilize shared costs for technology personnel and related depreciation and amortization of developed technology and related hardware, which we do not include in the determination of segment profit, but we do include such costs in the determination of segment income for Incentives & Rewards (see Note 12—Segment Reporting for additional information). Accordingly, in the following detailed discussions of our operating results, we discuss Total operating revenues, Partner distribution expense and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense for our three reportable segments and discuss our remaining operating expenses at the consolidated level.

Operating Revenues, Partner Distribution Expense and Operating Revenues, net of Partner Distribution Expense The following tables set forth our consolidated Total operating revenues, Partner distribution expense and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense for the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

12 weeks ende	ed								
September 12,	September 6,	Change							
2015	2014	Change							
(in thousands,	except percenta	ages)							
\$231,492	\$201,888	\$29,604	14.7	%					
77,727	43,895	33,832	77.1	%					
43,446	23,244	20,202	86.9	%					
\$352,665	\$269,027	\$83,638	31.1	%					
161,852	142,542	19,310	13.5	%					
\$190,813	\$126,485	\$64,328	50.9	%					
36 weeks ended									
-	-	Change							
(in mousailus,	except percenta	iges)							
\$709,339	\$596,324	\$113,015	19.0	%					
			92.6	%					
·	,	,		%					
·		,		%					
				%					
\$550,451	\$370,809	\$179,642	48.4	%					
	September 12, 2015 (in thousands, \$231,492 77,727 43,446 \$352,665 161,852 \$190,813 36 weeks ender September 12, 2015 (in thousands, \$709,339 231,054 104,251 \$1,044,644 494,193	(in thousands, except percenta \$231,492 \$201,888 77,727 43,895 43,446 23,244 \$352,665 \$269,027 161,852 142,542 \$190,813 \$126,485 36 weeks ended September 12, September 6, 2015 2014 (in thousands, except percenta \$709,339 \$596,324 231,054 119,981 104,251 69,781 \$1,044,644 \$786,086 494,193 415,277	September 12, September 6, 2015Change $2015$ $2014$ Change(in thousands, except percentages)\$231,492\$201,888\$29,604 $77,727$ $43,895$ $33,832$ $43,446$ $23,244$ $20,202$ \$352,665\$269,027\$83,638161,852142,54219,310\$190,813\$126,485\$64,32836 weeks endedSeptember 12, September 6, 2015Change(in thousands, except percentages)\$709,339\$596,324\$113,015\$709,339\$596,324\$113,015\$231,054119,981111,073104,25169,78134,470\$1,044,644\$786,086\$258,558494,193415,27778,916	September 12, 2015September 6, 2014Change(in thousands, except percentages) $$231,492$ $$201,888$ $$29,604$ $14.7$ $77,727$ $43,895$ $33,832$ $77.1$ $43,446$ $23,244$ $20,202$ $86.9$ $$352,665$ $$269,027$ $$83,638$ $31.1$ $161,852$ $142,542$ $19,310$ $13.5$ $$190,813$ $$126,485$ $$64,328$ $50.9$ $36$ weeks endedSeptember 12, 2014September 6, 2015Change(in thousands, except percentages) $$709,339$ $$596,324$ $$113,015$ $$709,339$ $$596,324$ $$113,015$ $19.0$ $231,054$ $119,981$ $111,073$ $92.6$ $104,251$ $69,781$ $34,470$ $49.4$ $$1,044,644$ $$786,086$ $$258,558$ $32.9$ $494,193$ $415,277$ $78,916$ $19.0$					

### US Retail Segment

The following tables set forth our Total operating revenues, Partner distribution expense and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and related key operating statistics for our US Retail segment for the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

	,								
	12 weeks er	ndec	1						
	September 1	12,	September 6	5,	Change				
	2015		2014		Change				
	(in thousand	ls, e	except percent	tage	es)				
Total operating revenues	\$214,941		\$186,941		\$28,000		15.0	%	
Partner distribution expense	101,890		93,443		8,447		9.0	%	
Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	\$113,051		\$93,498		\$19,553		20.9	%	
Transaction dollar volume	\$2,040,745		\$1,829,609		\$211,136		11.5	%	
Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume	8.5	%	8.6	%	(0.1	)%	(1.2	)%	
Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues	58.6	%	59.4	%	(0.8	)%	(1.3	)%	
	36 weeks ended								
	September 1 2015	12,	September 6 2014	ó,	Change				
	(in thousands, except percentages)								
Total operating revenues	\$659,984	, •	\$554,654		\$105,330		19.0	%	
Partner distribution expense	313,628		280,234		33,394		11.9	%	
Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense	\$346,356		\$274,420		\$71,936		26.2	%	
Transaction dollar volume	\$6,310,610		\$5,358,167		\$952,443		17.8	%	
Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume	8.6		8.8	%	(0.2	)%	(2.3	)%	
Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues	57.9	%	59.2	%	(1.3	)%	(2.2	)%	

Our Operating revenues, net of partner distribution expense increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 primarily due to the increase in our Transaction dollar volume and decrease in Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenue, partially offset by a decrease in Prepaid and processing revenue as a percentage of transaction dollar volume:

Transaction dollar volume—Increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to higher sales of prepaid products through our retail distribution partner network from increased per-store productivity through most of our network and expansion of our retail network, as well as an increase in sales through our online distribution channel.

Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume—Decreased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to increases in the proportion of program-managed Visa gift products sold and a decrease in prepaid and processing revenue rate for open loop gift products sold. The total of the consumer purchase fees and resulting program management fees, interchange and other fees that we earn from our program management services to issuing banks on these products is less than the average content provider commissions we receive on the sale of closed loop gift and telecom products. Additionally, the expanded availability of variable load Visa gift products decreased the prepaid and processing revenue rate in 2015 as these products have a fixed consumer fee and higher average transaction values.

Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues—Decreased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to increases in the proportion of program-managed Visa gift products sold. We share a smaller portion of our total revenues with our retail distribution partners for our program-managed Visa gift products as compared to the portion of content provider commissions for closed loop and telecom products that we pay to our retail distribution partners as distribution partner commissions, mainly due to the higher processing and services expenses we incur related to these products.

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Our Operating revenues and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to 66.8%, or \$12.4 million and 63.3%, or \$31.8 million, respectively, increases in sales from Cardpool (included in Product sales) and \$0.1 million and \$10.7 million, respectively, increases in marketing revenue (with offsetting expense in Sales and marketing), partially offset by \$1.1 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, decreases in other product sales.

International Retail The following tables set forth our Total operating revenues, Partner distribution expense and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and related key operating statistics for our International Retail segment for the

12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

	12 weeks ended										
	September 1	2,	September 6	<b>)</b> ,	Change						
	2015		2014								
	(in thousands, except percentages)										
Total operating revenues	\$83,671		\$69,174		\$14,497		21.0	%			
Partner distribution expense	56,972		47,095		9,877		21.0	%			
Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense	\$26,699		\$22,079		\$4,620		20.9	%			
Transaction dollar volume	\$661,890		\$571,654		\$90,236		15.8	%			
Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume	11.2	%	11.2	%		%		%			
Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues	77.2	%	73.7	%	3.5	%	4.7	%			
	36 weeks ended										
	36 weeks end	ded	l								
	36 weeks end September 12			,	Changa						
				,	Change						
	September 1 2015	2,	September 6		C						
Total operating revenues	September 1 2015	2,	September 6 2014		C		28.2	%			
Total operating revenues Partner distribution expense	September 12 2015 (in thousands	2,	September 6 2014 xcept percent		es)		28.2 30.8	% %			
	September 12 2015 (in thousands \$251,249	2,	September 6 2014 xcept percent \$195,981		es) \$55,268			,			
Partner distribution expense	September 12 2015 (in thousands \$251,249 169,578	2,	September 6 2014 xcept percent \$195,981 129,657		es) \$55,268 39,921		30.8	%			
Partner distribution expense Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense	September 12 2015 (in thousands \$251,249 169,578 \$81,671	2, s, e	September 6 2014 xcept percent \$195,981 129,657 \$66,324	age	es) \$55,268 39,921 \$15,347	%	30.8 23.1	% %			

Our Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 primarily due to the increase in our Transaction dollar volume and an increase in Prepaid and processing revenue as a percentage of transaction dollar volume, partially offset by an increase in Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenue:

Transaction dollar volume—Increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 primarily due to sales through our sub-distributor relationships in Japan, South Korea and Singapore which was partially offset by decreases in sales through our sub-distributor relationship in South Africa. Transaction dollar volume also increased due to increases in Australia, Germany, Mexico and the UK, partially offset by a decrease in Canada. Additionally, transaction dollar volume was negatively impacted by changes in foreign exchange rates. On a constant currency basis, transaction dollar volume increased 40.0% and 44.6% for the third quarter and first 36 weeks of 2015, respectively.

Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume—Remained unchanged for the third quarter of 2015 and experienced minimal changes for the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to a retrospective contract

• amendment with our issuing bank in Australia in the third quarter of 2014, offset by the impact of regional mix and prepaid and processing revenue rates among those regions.

Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues—Increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to a retrospective contract amendment with our issuing bank in Australia in the third quarter of 2014, for which we do not share such revenues with our retail distribution partners. Our Operating revenues and Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense also increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to a \$4.5 million and \$14.9 million increase in marketing revenues, respectively. The increase for the first 36 weeks was partially offset by a \$2.0 million decrease in card production sales.

## Incentives & Rewards

The following tables set forth our Total operating revenues, Partner distribution expense and Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and related key operating statistics for our Incentives & Rewards segment for the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

	12 weeks ended											
	September	12,	September 6	5,	Change							
	2015	2015		2014								
	(in thousands, except percentages)											
Total operating revenues	\$54,053		\$12,912		\$41,141		318.6	%				
Partner distribution expense	2,990 2		2,004	2,004 986			49.2	%				
Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense	\$51,063		\$10,908	\$10,908			368.1	%				
Transaction dollar volume	\$465,084 \$		\$113,299		\$351,785		310.5	%				
Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume	9.9	%	11.4	%	(1.5	)%	(13.2	)%				
Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues	6.6	%	15.5	%	(8.9	)%	(57.4	)%				
	36 weeks en	ded	l									
	September 12, 2015				Change							
	(in thousands, except percentages)											
Total operating revenues	\$133,411	- , -	\$35,451	0	\$97,960		276.3	%				
Partner distribution expense	10,987		5,386		5,601		104.0	%				
Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense	\$122,424		\$30,065		\$92,359		307.2	%				
Transaction dollar volume	\$1,382,941		\$359,916		\$1,023,025		284.2	%				
Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume	8.9	%	9.9	%	(1.0	)%	(10.1	)%				
Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues	9.0	%	15.2	%	(6.2	)%	(40.8	)%				

Our Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks primarily due to the increase in our Transaction dollar volume, a decrease in Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenue offset by a decrease in Prepaid and processing revenue as a percentage of transaction dollar volume:

Transaction dollar volume—Increased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to increases in sales of prepaid products through InteliSpend, our acquisitions of Parago and CardLab in the second half of 2014 and Achievers in the third quarter of 2015.

Prepaid and processing revenues as a percentage of transaction dollar volume—Decreased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to lower fees earned on certain incentive card programs and mix of incentive programs. Additionally, the rate decreased for the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to the retrospective contract amendment with our issuing bank for InteliSpend in the second quarter of 2014 and an adjustment for fees related to prior periods that were paid to us by one of our issuing banks that we recorded in the second quarter of 2015.

Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenue—Decreased for both the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 due to a smaller proportion of transaction volume sold through business clients for which we recognize net pricing discounts as an expense and our acquisitions of Parago and Achievers which do not incur such expenses.

Our Operating revenues and Operating revenues net of Partner distribution expense for the third quarter and first 36 weeks of 2015 also increased due to \$8.8 million and \$10.8 million increases in product sales, respectively, primarily from our acquisition of Achievers.

**Operating Expenses** 

The following tables set forth our consolidated operating expenses for the 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

September 12, 2010 und September 0, 2011					
	12 weeks ended	1			
	September 12,	September 6,	Channel		
	2015	2014	Change		
	(in thousands, e	except percentag	es)		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Partner distribution expense	161,852	142,542	19,310	13.5	%
Processing and services	68,246	46,715	21,531	46.1	%
Sales and marketing	49,954	36,668	13,286	36.2	%
Costs of products sold	40,577	21,946	18,631	84.9	%
General and administrative	22,136	16,163	5,973	37.0	%
Transition and acquisition	5,275	326	4,949	1,518.1	%
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	6,875	3,004	3,871	128.9	%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration				N/M	
Total operating expenses	\$354,915	\$267,364	\$87,551	32.7	%
	36 weeks ended	1			
	September 12,	September 6,	Change		
	2015	2014	Change		
	(in thousands, e	except percentag	es)		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Partner distribution expense	494,193	415,277	78,916	19.0	%
Processing and services	198,272	133,654	64,618	48.3	%
Sales and marketing	156,653	111,120	45,533	41.0	%
Costs of products sold	97,593	66,745	30,848	46.2	%
General and administrative	62,186	41,700	20,486	49.1	%
Transition and acquisition	6,091	360	5,731	1,591.9	%
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	18,352	10,839	7,513	69.3	%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(7,567)		(7,567	) N/M	
Total operating expenses	\$1,025,773	\$779,695	\$246,078	31.6	%
Partner distribution expense—Please see our discu	ssion of Operatin	g revenues, net	of Partner distr	ibution expense	e and

Partner distribution expense—Please see our discussion of Operating revenues, net of Partner distribution expense and Partner distribution expense as a percentage of prepaid and processing revenues for our reportable segments above.

## Processing and Services

Processing and services expenses increased for the third quarter and the first 36 weeks of 2015 by 46.1% and 48.3% respectively, primarily due to increases in our Transaction dollar volume of 26.0% and 31.9%, respectively, and an increase in the proportion of our program-managed Visa gift cards sold in our US Retail segment and open loop incentive cards sold in our Incentives & Rewards segment from our acquisitions of Parago, CardLab and growth of InteliSpend, which have higher Processing and services expense. As a result, processing and services increased as a percentage of Total operating revenues to 19.4% for the third quarter of 2015 from 17.4% for the third quarter of 2014 and to 19.0% for the first 36 weeks of 2015 from 17.0% for the first 36 weeks of 2014.

The \$21.5 million increase for the third quarter of 2015 includes increases of \$8.8 million for our card program management services, including card production, redemption transaction processing and customer care primarily for our Visa gift and open loop incentive cards; \$5.4 million for technology and operations personnel costs, including employee and contractor compensation, benefits and travel related costs; \$4.6 million for our technology infrastructure, including depreciation of capitalized software and related hardware, data center lease, hosting and connectivity, activation transaction processing and other equipment costs; and \$2.8 million for our card program management services, including card production, redemption transaction processing and customer care primarily for our Visa gift and open loop incentive cards; \$15.9 million for technology and operations personnel costs, including employee and contractor compensation, benefits and travel related costs; \$13.5 million for our card program management services, including card production, redemption transaction processing and customer care primarily for our Visa gift and open loop incentive cards; \$15.9 million for technology and operations personnel costs, including employee and contractor compensation, benefits and travel related costs; \$13.5 million for our technology infrastructure, including depreciation of capitalized software and related hardware, data center lease, hosting and connectivity, activation transaction processing and other equipment costs; and \$9.1 million net increase in other costs. Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses for the third quarter of 2015 increased primarily due to a \$6.3 million increase in program marketing and development expenses, most of which resulted from the \$4.7 million increase in marketing revenue in Program, interchange, marketing and other fees. Sales and marketing expenses also increased due to a \$6.6 million increase in personnel costs, including employee compensation, benefits and travel related costs, primarily from our acquisitions of Parago, CardLab and Achievers.

Sales and marketing expenses for the first 36 weeks of 2015 increased primarily due to a \$30.8 million increase in program marketing and development expenses, which resulted from the \$26.3 million increase in marketing revenue in Program, interchange, marketing and other fees. Sales and marketing expenses also increased due to a \$13.5 million increase in personnel costs, including employee compensation, benefits and travel related costs, primarily from our acquisitions of Parago, CardLab and Achievers, and a \$1.2 million net increase in other costs. Costs of Products Sold

Costs of products sold for the third quarter of 2015 increased due to a \$11.3 million increase in Cardpool costs and \$5.8 million of new costs for Achievers, partially offset by a \$1.8 million net decrease in other costs. Costs of products sold decreased to 93.4% of product sales for the third quarter of 2015 compared to 94.4% for the third quarter of 2014 primarily due to an increase in the gross margin percentage for Cardpool and our acquisition of Achievers, which earns higher gross margin percentages, partially offset by a decrease in the gross margin percentage for telecom handsets.

Costs of products sold for the first 36 weeks of 2015 increased due to a \$27.5 million increase in Cardpool costs and \$5.8 million of new costs for Achievers, partially offset by a \$2.3 million decrease in other costs. Costs of products sold decreased to 93.6% of product sales for the first 36 weeks of 2015 compared to 95.6% for the first 36 weeks of 2014 primarily due to an increase in the gross margin percentage for Cardpool and our acquisition of Achievers, which earns higher gross margin percentages, partially offset by a decrease in the gross margin percentage for telecom handsets.

## General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses for the third quarter increased of 2015 primarily due to a \$4.2 million increase in personnel costs, including employee compensation, benefits and travel related costs, and \$1.8 million increase in other net costs. The increase in personnel costs includes an increase of \$2.0 million for stock-based compensation expense, reflecting increased equity awards granted as well as the impact of accelerated expense recognition for the retirement

provision for awards granted during 2015 (see Note 7—Stock Based Compensation in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements).

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General and administrative expenses for the first 36 weeks of 2015 increased primarily due to a \$12.8 million increase in personnel costs, including employee compensation, benefits and travel related costs, \$3.9 million for the reversal of our patent litigation reserve for InComm which we recorded in the second quarter of 2014 and \$3.8 million increase in other net costs. The increase in personnel costs includes an increase of \$5.7 million for stock-based compensation expense, reflecting increased equity awards granted as well as the impact of accelerated expense recognition for the retirement provision for awards granted during 2015 (see Note 7—Stock Based Compensation in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements).

Transition and acquisition

Transition and acquisition expense for the third quarter and first 36 weeks of 2015 increased due to our acquisition of Achievers, including \$0.9 million and \$1.7 million of acquisition-related expenses, respectively, and \$3.2 million of employee compensation costs for certain payments that were deducted from the sellers' consideration under the terms of the merger agreement but which we reflect in our post-combination financial statements.

Amortization of Acquisition Intangibles

Amortization expense for the third quarter and first 36 weeks of 2015 increased due to the inclusion of the amortization of intangibles from Parago, CardLab, Incentec and Achievers, partially offset by lower amortization from InteliSpend due to the amortization of its intangible assets on an accelerated basis.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

The decrease in the estimated fair value of contingent consideration for the first 36 weeks of 2015 relates to our CardLab contingent consideration liability, reflecting the projected failure of financial targets to be met relating to the launch of incentive programs during the contingent earn-out measurement period (see Note 4—Fair Value Measurements in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements).

Other Income (Expense) and Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

The following tables set forth our consolidated other income (expense), and income tax expense (benefit) and effective tax rates for 12-week and 36-week periods ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014

	12 weeks end	ed						
	September 12	,	September 6,		Charac			
	2015		2014		Change			
	(in thousands,	, ey	cept percentage	es)	)			
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):								
Interest income and other income (expense), net	\$(1,421	)	\$182		\$(1,603	)	(880.8	)%
Interest expense	(3,231	)	(1,080)		(2,151	)	199.2	%
Total other income (expense)	\$(4,652	)	\$(898)		\$(3,754	)	418.0	%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	\$(3,290	)	\$352		\$(3,642	)	(1,034.7	)%
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	47.7	%	46.0 %	6	1.7	%		
	36 weeks ende	ed						
	September 12	,	September 6,		Changa			
	2015		2014		Change			
	(in thousands,	ex	cept percentage	es)	)			
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):								
Interest income and other income (expense), net	\$(1,938	)	\$126		\$(2,064	)	(1,638.1	)%
Interest expense	(8,566	)	(2,081)		(6,485	)	311.6	%
Total other income (expense)	\$(10,504	)	\$(1,955)		\$(8,549	)	437.3	%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	\$4,435		\$1,844		\$2,591		140.5	%
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE	53.0	%	41.6 %	6	11.4	%		

### Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) consists of Interest income and other income (expense), net and Interest expense. Interest income and other income (expense), net includes interest income earned primarily on short-term cash investments as well as foreign currency transaction gains and losses and other non-operating gains and losses. The decreases for the third quarter and first 36 weeks of 2015 primarily reflect foreign exchange losses on intercompany balances, primarily between our U.S. and Canada companies. Interest expense includes interest charged under our Credit Agreement, which we entered into during the second quarter of 2014, and the amortization of deferred financing costs and the discount on our term loan from our Credit Agreement. Interest expense increased due to higher amounts of outstanding debt in 2015 resulting from increases in our note payable during the fourth quarter of 2014, higher use of our revolving line of credit and our acquisition of Achievers in the third quarter of 2015. Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

Our effective rates were 47.7% and 46.0% for the third quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively. The effective rate for the third quarter of 2015 reflects a pre-tax loss compared to pre-tax income in the third quarter of 2014. The effective rate for the third quarter of 2015 was higher due to a release of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations (which resulted in an increase to the effective tax rate due to a loss for the quarter), partially offset by nontaxable income from the noncash credit for the change in fair value of contingent consideration.

Our effective rates were 53.0% and 41.6% for the first 36 weeks of 2015 and 2014, respectively. The effective rate for the first 36 weeks of 2015 was higher due to a net reduction in the value of our deferred tax assets from changes in certain state tax apportionment laws (which resulted in a lower blended rate applicable to the deferred tax assets), partially offset by nontaxable income from the noncash credit for the change in fair value of contingent consideration and release of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations.

#### Adjusted Effective Income Tax Rate

Our Adjusted net income adjusts Net income for certain noncash items, including certain amounts that are nontaxable or nondeductible for income tax purposes, including i) the change in the fair value of contingent consideration, ii) certain amounts of distribution partner mark-to-market expense and iii) certain amounts of stock-based compensation for certain executives that are subject to IRS limitations as a result of our Offering. These noncash items also include the amortization of intangible assets from business combinations which have no cash tax impact from the offsetting amortization of deferred tax liabilities but may impact our effective tax rate due to jurisdictional mix. Additionally, changes in tax laws may significantly adjust the value of our deferred tax assets that we recognized for our step-up in basis, and we recognize such adjustments in the quarter the tax law changes, even though the impact on our cash flows is amortized over 15 years. As such, we have presented in the table below reconciliations from our effective income tax rate to our Adjusted effective income tax rate used in the determination of our Adjusted net income for the 12 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014, which we believe provides a clearer understanding of our operational performance by removing the impact of such nontaxable items, nondeductible items, other noncash items and changes in the value of our deferred tax assets for step-up in basis that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance within the period presented. We view our Adjusted effective income tax rate based on Adjusted tax expense before cash tax benefits since these cash tax benefits are not indicative of our underlying effective tax rate. Please see "-Liquidity and Capital Resources-Cash Flows from Operating Activities" and Note 9-Incom Taxes in our condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

	12 weeks ended
	September 12, September 6,
	2015 2014
	(in thousands, except
	percentages)
Income (loss) before income tax expense	\$(6,902) \$765
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$(3,290) \$352
Effective income tax rate	47.7 % 46.0 %
Adjusted income before income tax expense	\$14,145 \$7,436
Adjusted income tax expense before realization of cash tax benefits	\$4,453 \$2,890

Adjusted effective income tax rate	31.5	% 38.9	%

	36 weeks ended		
	September 12, September 6		
	2015 2014		
	(in thousands, except		
	percentages)		
Income before income tax expense	\$8,367	\$4,436	
Income tax expense	\$4,435	\$1,844	
Effective income tax rate	53.0 %	5 <b>41.6</b>	%
Adjusted income before income tax expense	\$48,114	\$28,319	
Adjusted income tax expense before realization of cash tax benefits	\$17,060	\$10,864	
Adjusted effective income tax rate	35.5 %	38.4	%

Our Adjusted effective income tax rates were 31.5% and 38.9% for the third quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively. Our Adjusted effective income tax rate was lower due to benefit from foreign rate differential resulting from jurisdictional mix of pre-tax income and lower amounts of non-deductible executive compensation, partially offset by nondeductible acquisition expenses, which collectively decreased our Adjusted effective income tax rate by 0.3%. The lower Adjusted effective income tax rate for the third quarter of 2015 was further reduced by certain discrete tax benefits related to a release of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations and from lower operating losses of certain foreign subsidiaries for which we do not recognize an income tax benefit, which are expected to have an immaterial impact on our annual Adjusted effective income tax rate.

Our Adjusted effective income tax rates were 35.5% and 38.4% for the first 36 weeks of 2015 and 2014, respectively. Our Adjusted effective income tax rate was lower due to benefit from foreign rate differential resulting from jurisdictional mix of pre-tax income and lower amounts of non-deductible executive compensation, partially offset by nondeductible acquisition expenses, which collectively decreased our Adjusted effective income tax rate by 0.3%. The lower Adjusted effective income tax rate for the first 36 weeks of 2015 was further reduced by certain discrete tax benefits related to a release of an income tax reserve due to lapse of statute of limitations and from lower operating losses of certain foreign subsidiaries for which we do not recognize an income tax benefit, partially offset by certain discrete tax expenses related to repatriation of foreign earnings, which will have an immaterial impact on our annual Adjusted effective income tax rate.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table sets forth the major sources and uses of cash for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

	36 weeks ended		
	September 12, September 6,		
	2015 2014		
	(in thousands)		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(625,917) \$(463,409)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(154,308 ) (45,119 )		
Net cash provided by financing activities	90,799 180,029		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7,467 ) (2,030 )		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$(696,893 ) \$(330,529 )		

Adjusted Net Cash Used in Operating Activities and Free Cash Flow

Adjusted net cash used in operating activities is calculated as the net cash used in operating activities adjusted to exclude the impact from changes in Settlement receivables, Settlement payables and Consumer and customer deposits. Free cash flow is calculated as Adjusted net cash used by operating activities, less Expenditures for property, equipment and technology. Cash from the sale of prepaid products is held for a short period of time and then remitted, less our commissions, to our content providers, and is significantly impacted by the portion of gift card sales that occur in late December. Because this cash flow is temporary and highly seasonal, it is not available for other uses and is therefore excluded from our calculations of Adjusted net cash used in operating activities and Free cash flow. Additionally, we receive funds from consumers or business clients for prepaid products that we issue or hold on their behalf prior to the issuance of prepaid products. We also view this cash flow as temporary and not available for other uses and therefore exclude it from our calculations of Adjusted net cash used in operating activities and Free cash flow. Free cash flow provides information regarding the cash that our business generates without the fluctuations resulting from the timing of cash inflows and outflows from these settlement activities, which we believe is useful to understanding our business and assessing our ability to fund our capital expenditures and repay amounts borrowed under our term loan. We may use our Free cash flow for, among other things, making investment decisions and managing our capital structure. Please see "-Cash Flows from Operating Activities" for additional analysis of Adjusted net cash flows used in operating activities. The following table sets forth the calculations of our Adjusted net cash flow used in operating activities and Free cash flow for the 36 weeks ended September 12, 2015 and September 6, 2014.

	36 weeks ended September 12, September 6,			
				,
	2015	2	014	
	(in thousands)			
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(625,917	) \$	(463,409	)
Changes in settlement payables and consumer and customer deposits, net of settlement receivables	662,380	4	64,403	
Adjusted net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (1)	36,463	9	94	
Expenditures for property, equipment and technology	(37,310	) (2	25,960	)
Free cash flow (1)	\$(847	) \$	(24,966	)

Our Adjusted net cash flow used in operating activities and Free cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures. Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's performance, financial position or cash flow that either excludes or includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most (1) directly compare the measure of a company's performance.

<sup>(1)</sup>directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. This measure, however, should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, cash flows or other measures of the financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

### Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Our use of cash for Adjusted net cash used in operating activities, which removes the impact on operating cash flow from the timing of cash settlement of Settlement receivables, Settlement payables and Consumer and customer deposits, increased to a source of cash of \$36.5 million in the first 36 weeks of 2015 from a source of cash of \$1.0 million in the first 36 weeks of 2014. This \$35.5 million source of cash reflects a 46.5%, or \$28.9 million, increase in net income, adjusted for noncash reconciling items (excluding deferred income taxes), to \$91.1 million from \$62.2 million, reflecting our 48.4% increase in operating revenues, net of partner distribution expense, increased leverage of personnel costs, partially offset by a higher proportion of Product sales. Additionally, our use of cash for income tax activities (deferred income taxes, excess tax benefits and income taxes, net) decreased by \$16.7 million to a use of cash of \$7.1 million in the first 36 weeks of 2015 from \$23.8 million in the first 36 weeks of 2014, which primarily reflects a decrease in our income tax payments of \$18.0 million from \$24.4 million to \$6.4 million, primarily as a result of our Section 336(e) Election (see Note 9—Income Taxes for additional information). These cash flow benefits were partially offset by an increase in the use of cash for other operating assets and liabilities of \$10.2 million from a use of cash of \$37.4 million in the first 36 weeks of 2014 to a use of cash of \$47.5 million in the first 36 weeks of 2015.

## Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The net cash used in investing activities for the first 36 weeks of 2015 totaled \$154.3 million, which included \$78.4 million for our acquisition of Achievers, \$37.3 million for expenditures for property, equipment and technology, and a \$38.0 million for the change in restricted cash, primarily reflecting cash placed into escrow for our acquisition of Didix (see Note 14—Subsequent Event in our condensed consolidated financial statements). The net cash used in investing activities for the first 36 weeks of 2014 totaled \$45.1 million, which included expenditures for property, equipment and technology of \$26.0 million, \$14.2 million for our acquisitions of CardLab and Incentec and \$5.0 million for placing funds into escrow for certain portions of our CardLab contingent consideration liability. Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The net cash provided by financing activities for the first 36 weeks of 2015 totaled \$90.8 million, primary driven by \$100.0 million net increase in our bank line of credit and \$12.4 million for net employee stock-related activity. These were offset by repayments of \$11.3 million and \$6.3 million for our bank note payable and notes payable to Safeway, respectively, our payment of \$1.8 million for our CardLab acquisition liability, our purchase of the outstanding noncontrolling interest of one our subsidiaries of \$1.4 million (see Note 11—Noncontrolling Interest in our condensed consolidated financial statements) and payments of \$0.7 million for costs related to our increase in our revolving credit facility by \$50 million from \$250 million to \$300 million (see Note 3—Financing in our condensed consolidated financial statements). The net cash provided by financing activities for the first 36 weeks of 2014 totaled \$180.0 million, including \$172.5 million from the issuance of our note payable, net of issuance costs, \$8.5 million for proceeds from our notes payable to Safeway, \$6.5 million for net employee stock-related activity, partially offset by \$7.5 million for the repayment of CardLab's outstanding debt on the acquisition date.

#### **Cash Repatriation**

In the first 36 weeks of 2015, we repatriated \$15.4 million through dividends from our foreign subsidiaries because it was tax efficient to do so as a result of our Section 336(e) Election and related elections related to our foreign subsidiaries. We continue to consider the remaining undistributed earnings as permanently reinvested. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements None.

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## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes to our market risk position from the information provided under "Part II, Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," in our Annual Report.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 12, 2015. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 12, 2015, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In October 2014 and June 2015, we completed the acquisitions of Parago, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Parago) and Achievers Corp. and its subsidiaries (Achievers), respectively. We are in the process of integrating internal controls at Parago and Achievers into our control structure. We consider the ongoing integrations of Parago and Achievers to represent material changes in our internal control over financial reporting. With the exception of these changes, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended September 12, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more persons or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved from time to time in various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, including the matter described below. Although the outcome of any pending matters, including the matter described below, and the amount, if any, of our ultimate liability and any other forms of remedies with respect to these matters, cannot be determined or predicted with certainty, we currently do not believe that it is probable that the resolution of any of these matters would result in any liability that would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

On March 30, 2015, Greg Haney in his capacity as Seller Representative for CardLab, Inc. filed a lawsuit against us in the Delaware Chancery Court (CardLab, Inc. v. Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc., Case No. 10851). The complaint generally alleges that we failed to disclose material information relating to a potential earn-out payment in connection with our acquisition of CardLab, Inc. in 2014. Following analysis, we believe that the suit is without merit and that the likelihood of loss is remote, and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves against these claims. On June 8, 2015, we filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. On June 22, 2015, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint. We believe that the amended complaint has no impact on our evaluation of the merits of this lawsuit. On July 7, 2015, we filed a motion to dismiss the case in its entirety. All briefing has been completed and the motion is scheduled for hearing on November 4, 2015.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our business is subject to many risks and uncertainties, which may materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations. These risk factors are disclosed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and the risk factors set forth below, which supplement the risk factors previously disclosed. Additional risks or uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also harm our business.

Due to the conversion of our Class B common stock on May 21, 2015 into a single class of common stock, we are restating the risk factors included under the heading "Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as follows.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

The market prices of our common stock may be volatile, which could cause the value of an investment in our stock to decline.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate substantially due to a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. Factors that may contribute to fluctuations in the market prices of our common stock include: failure to sustain an active, liquid trading market for our shares;

changes in financial estimates or recommendations by securities analysts or failure to meet analysts' performance expectations;

changes in market valuations of similar companies;

changes in our capital structure, such as future issuances of securities or the incurrence of debt;

sales of our capital stock by our directors or executive officers;

actions by or changes in our relationship with Safeway;

the gain or loss of significant distribution partners or content providers;

actual or anticipated developments in our business or our competitors' businesses, such as announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions or strategic alliances, or in the competitive landscape generally; litigation involving us, our industry or both;

Inigation involving us, our industry or both

additions or departures of key personnel;

regulatory developments in the United States and/or foreign countries;

investors' general perception of us; and

changes in general economic, industry and market conditions.

The stock markets in general have experienced substantial volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These types of broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

In the past, stockholders have sometimes instituted securities class action litigation against companies following periods of volatility in the market price of their securities. Any similar litigation against us could result in substantial costs, divert management's attention as well as our other resources and could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We incur significant costs as a public company and laws and regulations applicable to public companies may divert management's attention and affect our ability to attract and retain qualified board members.

As a public company, we incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a private company, including costs associated with public company reporting requirements. We also incur costs associated with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), the Dodd-Frank Act and related rules implemented or to be implemented by the SEC and the NASDAQ Stock Market. The expenses incurred by public companies generally for reporting and corporate governance purposes have been increasing. The rules and regulations associated with being a public company also may make it more difficult or costly for us to obtain certain types of insurance, including director and officer liability insurance, and we may be forced to accept constraints on policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These laws and regulations could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on our board of directors, our board committees or as our executive officers and may divert management's attention. Furthermore, if we are unable to satisfy our obligations as a public company, we could be subject to delisting of our common stock, fines, sanctions and other regulatory action and potentially civil litigation.

We are required to assess our internal control over financial reporting on an annual basis and any future adverse findings from such assessment could result in a loss of investor confidence in our financial reports, significant expenses to remediate any internal control deficiencies and ultimately have an adverse effect on the market prices of our common stock.

We are required, under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, to furnish a report by management on, among other things, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This assessment must include disclosure of any material weaknesses identified by our management in our internal control over financial reporting, as well as an opinion from our independent registered public accounting firm on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a control deficiency or combination of control deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

The rules governing the standards that must be met for management to assess our internal control over financial reporting are complex and require significant documentation, testing and possible remediation. We may not be able to complete our evaluation, testing and any required remediation in a timely fashion. During the evaluation and testing process, if we identify one or more material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we will be unable to assert that our internal controls are effective. We cannot provide any guarantee that there will not be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal controls. If our internal control over financial reporting is not effective, we could suffer material misstatements in our financial statements and fail to meet our reporting obligations and lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which would cause the price of our common stock to decline. Additionally, ineffective internal control over financial reporting could expose us to increased risk of fraud or misuse of corporate assets and subject us to potential delisting from the NASDAQ Global Select Market, regulatory investigations, civil or criminal sanctions and class action litigation.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or publish negative reports about our business, our share price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock depends, in part, on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. If one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrade our stock or publish

inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts ceases coverage of our company or fails to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our stock could decrease, which might cause our stock price and trading volume to decline.

Our anti-takeover provisions may delay or prevent a change of control, which could adversely affect the prices of our common stock.

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Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws contain provisions that may make it difficult to remove our board of directors and management and may discourage or delay "change of control" transactions, which could adversely affect the price of our common stock. These provisions include, among others: a classified board of directors with staggered three-year terms, which may delay the ability of stockholders to change

the membership of a majority of our board of directors;

no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which may have an effect to prevent the minority stockholders from electing director candidates

the exclusive right of our board of directors to elect a director to fill a vacancy created by the expansion of the board of directors or the resignation, death or removal of a director, which prevents stockholders from being able to fill vacancies on our board of directors;

a prohibition on stockholder action by written consent, which forces stockholder action to be taken at an annual or special meeting of our stockholders;

special meetings of our stockholders can be called only by the Chairman of the Board or by our corporate secretary at the direction of our board of directors;

advance notice and other requirements that stockholders, must comply with in order to nominate candidates to our board of directors and propose matters to be brought before an annual meeting of our stockholders, which may discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company;

a majority stockholder vote is required for removal of a director only for cause (and a director may only be removed for cause), and a 75% stockholder vote is required for the amendment, repeal or modification of certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws; and

our board of directors may, without stockholder approval, issue series of preferred stock, or rights to acquire

preferred stock, that could dilute the interest of, or impair the voting power of, holders of our common stock or could also be used as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control.

Certain anti-takeover provisions under Delaware law also apply to our company. As a result of the Spin-Off, we became subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. Under Section 203, a corporation may not, in general, engage in a business combination with any holder of 15% or more of its voting stock unless the holder has held the stock for three years or, among other things, the board of directors has approved the transaction. Furthermore, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation specifies that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for most legal actions involving actions brought against us by stockholders. We believe this provision benefits us by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law by chancellors particularly experienced in resolving corporate disputes, efficient administration of cases on a more expedited schedule relative to other forums and protection against the burdens of multi-forum litigation. However, the provision may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against our directors and officers. The enforceability of similar choice of forum provisions in other companies' certificates of incorporation has been challenged in legal proceedings, and it is possible that, in connection with any applicable action brought against us, a court could find the choice of forum provisions contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to be inapplicable or unenforceable in such action.

We may need to raise additional capital to support our business in the future, and this capital may not be available on acceptable terms or at all, which may prevent us from growing our business.

We may need to raise additional funds to finance our future capital needs, including developing new products and technologies, operating expenses, and to make repayments under the Credit Agreement (e.g., the term loan facility is due and payable in 3 yearly installments beginning March 21, 2015, in the amounts of \$11.25 million, \$37.5 million and \$56.25 million, respectively, with the remaining outstanding balance due on March 28, 2018). If our unrestricted cash and cash equivalents balances and any cash generated from operations are insufficient to meet our future cash needs, we will need to access additional capital to fund our operations. We may also need to raise additional capital to take advantage of new business or acquisition opportunities. We may seek to raise capital by, among other things, issuing additional shares of our common stock or other equity securities or debt securities. If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity securities, these transactions may dilute the value of our outstanding common stock. If we

decide to issue debt securities, such securities may have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our common stock. We may be unable to raise additional funds on terms favorable to us or at all. If financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we may be unable to fund our future needs and we may be required to modify our operating plans to take into account the limitations of available funding, which would harm our ability to maintain or grow our business.

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### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes purchases of our ordinary shares made by or on behalf of us or any of our "affiliated purchasers" as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, during each fiscal period during the 36 weeks period ended September 12, 2015:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share (2)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs(3)	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
June 21, 2015 to July 18, 2015	_	\$—	_	\$—
July 19, 2015 to August 15, 2015	45	\$43.15	—	\$—
August 16, 2015 to September 12, 2015	109	\$41.25	_	\$—
Total	154	\$41.81	—	\$—

This table does not include shares of Common Stock that we withheld in order to satisfy minimum tax withholding (1) requirements in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units or exercise of options or stock appreciation rights. The numbers represent the shares of Common Stock that we withheld in order to satisfy minimum tax

withholding requirements in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards.

(2) Average price paid per shares of Common Stock does not include brokerage commissions.

(3) The Company does not have any share repurchase program.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

A list of exhibits filed with this report or incorporated herein by reference is found in the Index to Exhibits immediately following the signature page of this report and is incorporated into this Item 6 by reference.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized. Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.

/s/ Jerry Ulrich Jerry Ulrich Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Signatory) Date: October 21, 2015

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

		Incorporated by Reference				Filed	
Exhibit No	Description of Exhibit	Form	File No.	Exhibit(s)	Filing Date	Herewith	
31.1	Certification required by Rule					Х	
	13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)					Λ	
31.2	Certification required by Rule					Х	
	13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)					Λ	
	Certification required by Section 1350						
32.1†	of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United					Х	
	States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350)						
	Certification required by Section 1350						
32.2†	of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United					Х	
	States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350)						
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					Х	
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema					Х	
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension					X	
	Calculation Linkbase					28	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition					Х	
	Linkbase					21	
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label					Х	
	Linkbase					<u> </u>	
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension					Х	
1011111	Presentation Linkbase						

These certifications attached as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 to this report are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the

<sup>\*</sup> Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of this report), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.