Pzena Investment Management, Inc. Form 10-Q August 07, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2014

Or

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____to___

Commission file number 001-33761

PZENA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 20-8999751
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

120 West 45th Street

New York, New York 10036

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 355-1600

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Date File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company x

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes o No x

As of August 6, 2014, there were 13,360,426 outstanding shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

As of August 6, 2014, there were 51,878,097 outstanding shares of the registrant's Class B common stock, par value \$0.000001 per share.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide our current expectations, or forecasts, of future events. Forward-looking statements include statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, intentions, assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. Words or phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "ongoing," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project" or similar words or phrases, or the negatives of those words or phrases, may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not necessarily mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties and are based on potentially inaccurate assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected or implied by the forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements for many reasons, including the factors described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Accordingly, you should not unduly rely on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. We undertake no obligation to publicly revise any forward-looking statements to reflect circumstances or events after the date of this Quarterly Report, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. You should, however, review the factors and risks we describe in the reports we will file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

our anticipated future results of operations and operating cash flows;

our business strategies and investment policies;

our financing plans and the availability of short- or long-term borrowing, or equity financing;

our competitive position and the effects of competition on our business;

potential growth opportunities available to us;

the recruitment and retention of our employees;

our expected levels of compensation for our employees;

our potential operating performance, achievements, efficiency, and cost reduction efforts;

our expected tax rate;

changes in interest rates;

our expectation with respect to the economy, capital markets, the market for asset management services, and other industry trends; and

the impact of future legislation and regulation, and changes in existing legislation and regulation, on our business. The reports that we file with the SEC, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, identify additional factors that can affect forward-looking statements.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PZENA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(in thousands, except share and per-share amounts)

(As of	
	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ACCETC	(unaudited)	
ASSETS Cook and Cook Fourierlants	\$26.055	¢22.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash	\$26,055	\$33,878
	2,690	316
Due from Broker	1,189	58
Advisory Fees Receivable	23,904	23,947
Investments, at Fair Value	15,289	7,621
Receivable from Related Parties	124	119
Other Receivables	476	550
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	731	577
Deferred Tax Asset, Net of Valuation Allowance of \$44,450 and \$53,973 in 2014 and 2013, respectively	12,505	12,312
Property and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$2,958 and \$2,850 in 2014 and 2013, respectively	869	835
TOTAL ASSETS	\$83,832	\$80,213
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Ψ 03,032	Ψ 0 0 , 2 1 3
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$11,071	\$5,570
Due to Broker	1,119	5
Securities Sold Short, at Fair Value	1,438	_
Deferred Compensation Liability	1,105	2,339
Lease Liability	565	778
Liability to Selling and Converting Shareholders	12,955	12,777
Other Liabilities	294	195
TOTAL LIABILITIES	28,547	21,664
Equity:	20,547	21,004
Preferred Stock (Par Value \$0.01; 200,000,000 Shares Authorized;		
None Outstanding)	_	_
Class A Common Stock (Par Value \$0.01; 750,000,000 Shares		
Authorized; 12,210,366 and 12,158,057 Shares Issued and Outstanding	r 122	121
in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	3 122	121
Class B Common Stock (Par Value \$0.000001; 750,000,000 Shares		
Authorized; 52,882,465 and 52,820,720 Shares Issued and Outstanding	τ	
in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	3 —	_
Additional Paid-In Capital	9,633	9,750
Retained Earnings	6,532	6,491
	16,287	
Total Pzena Investment Management, Inc.'s Equity	38,998	16,362 42,187
Non-Controlling Interests TOTAL EQUITY	•	42,187 58,540
	55,285	58,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$83,832	\$80,213

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PZENA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per-share amounts)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ende June 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
REVENUE	\$27,945	\$22,132	\$54,346	\$42,974	
EXPENSES	,	,	,	•	
Compensation and Benefits Expense	9,899	8,914	19,949	18,522	
General and Administrative Expense	2,505	1,943	4,825	3,752	
Total Operating Expenses	12,404	10,857	24,774	22,274	
Operating Income	15,541	11,275	29,572	20,700	
OTHER (EXPENSE)/ INCOME					
Interest Income	10	27	25	54	
Dividend Income	112	87	162	116	
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain from Investments	410	414	514	1,265	
Change in Liability to Selling and Converting Shareholders	(1,996)	(229)	(2,123)	(1,268)	
Other Income/ (Expense)	56	(48)	(33)	(88)	
Total Other (Expense)/ Income	(1,408)	251	(1,455)	79	
Income Before Income Taxes	14,133	11,526	28,117	20,779	
Income Tax (Benefit)/ Expense	(274)	1,234	1,409	796	
Net Income	14,407	10,292	26,708	19,983	
Less: Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	12,283	9,026	23,136	17,548	
Net Income Attributable to Pzena Investment Management, Inc.	\$2,124	\$1,266	\$3,572	\$2,435	
Net Income for Basic Earnings per Share	\$2,124	\$1,266	\$3,572	\$2,435	
Basic Earnings per Share	\$0.17	\$0.10	\$0.29	\$0.21	
Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	12,180,192	12,315,065	12,178,402	11,793,938	
Net Income for Diluted Earnings per Share	\$9,096	\$6,358	\$16,692	\$12,268	
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$0.13	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.18	
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding ¹	67,998,237	66,562,823	68,021,135	66,550,266	
Cash Dividends per Share of Class A Common Stock	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$0.29	\$0.19	

¹ Under the "two-class method," restricted Class B units that are considered participating securities are required to be included in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PZENA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per-share amounts)

	Shares of Class A Common Stock	Shares of Class B Common Stock	Class A Common Stock	Additiona Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Non-Controlli Interests	ngTotal
Balance at December 31, 2013		52,820,720	\$121	\$9,750	\$6,491	\$ 42,187	\$58,549
Unit Conversion	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Amortization of Non-Cash Compensation	18,535	17,685	_	290	_	1,261	1,551
Directors' Shares				37		161	198
Net Income	_	_	_	_	3,572	23,136	26,708
Options Exercised	68,346	95,199	1	37	_	(38)	
Repurchase and Retirement of Class A Common Stock	(34,572)	_	_	(373)	_	_	(373)
Repurchase and Retirement of Class B Units	—	(51,139)	_	(101)	_	(440)	(541)
Repurchase and Retirement of Class B Unit Options		_	_	_		_	
Class A Cash Dividends Declared and Paid (\$0.29 per share)	_	_	_	_	(3,531)	_	(3,531)
Contributions from Non-Controlling Interests	_	_	_	_	_	1,578	1,578
Distributions to Non-Controlling Interests	_	_	_	_	_	(28,854)	(28,854)
Other		_	_	(7)	_	7	_
Balance at June 30, 2014	12,210,366	52,882,465	\$122	\$9,633	\$6,532	\$ 38,998	\$55,285

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PZENA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net Income	\$14,407		\$10,292		\$26,708		\$19,983	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Cash								
Provided by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation	57		38		110		77	
Non-Cash Compensation	1,180		1,225		2,656		2,519	
Director Share Grant	82		75		198		150	
Net Realized and Unrealized (Gain) from Investments	(410)	(414)	(514)	(1,265)
Change in Liability to Selling and Converting Shareholder	s 1,996		229		2,123		1,268	
Deferred Income Taxes	(1,170)	527		(200)		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:					•			
Advisory Fees Receivable	(503)	(1,573)	43		(3,748)
Due from Broker	(435	-	1,554		(1,131)	(63)
Restricted Cash	(2,374)	_		(2,374)	(1)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	239		227		(80)	(566)
Due to Broker	(4,114)	(1,581)	1,114		45	
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses, and Other Liabilitie		,	3,313	,	3,657		4,392	
Tax Receivable Agreement Payments	_		_		(1,945)	(2,000)
Change in Lease Liability	(107)	(106)	-)	(212)
Purchases of Investments	(15,911		(19,906		(31,266)	(53,206)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	14,910	,	19,004	,	24,973	,	52,702	,
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	12,748		12,904		23,859		20,168	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	12,7 10		12,701		20,000		20,100	
Purchases of Investments in Deferred Compensation Plan	(102)	(40)	(621)	(1,459)
Proceeds from Investments in Deferred Compensation Plan		,	_	,	541	,	78	,
Payments from/ (to) Related Parties	87		(1)	(5)	(48)
Purchase of Property and Equipment	_		(5)	(81)	(5	<u>,</u>
Net Cash (Used in)/Provided by Investing Activities	(15)	(46)	(166)	(1,434	<u>,</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							() -	,
Repurchase and Retirement of Class A Common Stock	(373)	(1,017)	(373)	(1,684)
Repurchase and Retirement of Class B Units	(500)	_		(541)	_	
Repurchase and Retirement of Class B Unit Options			(71)	_		(71)
Loan Proceeds	205		_		205		_	
Distributions to Non-Controlling Interests	(12,029)	(10,186)	(28,854)	(21,809)
Contributions from Non-Controlling Interests	630		_		1,578		_	
Dividends	(365)	(368)	(3,531)	(2,140)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(12,432)	(11,642		(31,516	-	(25,704)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	\$301		\$1,216		\$(7,823	-	\$(6,970)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of						,		,
Period Period	\$25,754		\$24,459		\$33,878		\$32,645	
Net Change in Cash	301		1,216		(7,823)	(6,970)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of Period	\$26,055		\$25,675		\$26,055	,	\$25,675	,
Supplementary Cash Flow Information:	J, J D D		,,,,,,		, = 5,555		,,,,,,	
Tr								

Income Taxes Paid \$1,213 \$964 \$1,544 \$1,833

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1—Organization

Pzena Investment Management, Inc. (the "Company") functions as the sole managing member of its operating company, Pzena Investment Management, LLC (the "operating company"). As a result, the Company: (i) consolidates the financial results of the operating company and reflects the membership interests that it does not own as a non-controlling interest in its consolidated financial statements; and (ii) recognizes income generated from its economic interest in the operating company's net income.

The operating company is an investment adviser which is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and is headquartered in New York, New York. As of June 30, 2014, the operating company managed assets in a variety of value-oriented investment strategies across a wide range of market capitalizations in both U.S. and non-U.S. capital markets.

The Company has consolidated the results of operations and financial condition of the following entities as of June 30, 2014:

Legal Entity	Type of Entity (Date of Formation)	Ownership at June 30, 2014	
Pzena Investment Management, Pty	Australian Proprietary Limited Company (12/16/2009)	100.0	%
Pzena Financial Service, LLC	Delaware Limited Liability Company (10/15/2013)	100.0	%
Pzena Investment Management Special Situations, LLC	Delaware Limited Liability Company (12/01/2010)	99.9	%
Pzena Emerging Markets Focused Value Fund, a serie of Advisors Series Trust	Open-end Management Investment Company, series of Delaware Statutory Trust (3/31/2014)	99.0	%
Pzena Mid Cap Focused Value Fund, a series of Advisors Series Trust	Open-end Management Investment Company, series of Delaware Statutory Trust (3/31/2014)	99.0	%
Pzena Long/Short Value Fund, a series of Advisors Series Trust	Open-end Management Investment Company, series of Delaware Statutory Trust (3/31/2014)	81.0	%
Pzena Investment Funds Trust, Pzena Large Cap Valu Fund	eMassachusetts Trust (11/01/2002)	0.0	%
Pzena International Value Service, a series of Pzena Investment Management International, LLC	Delaware Limited Liability Company (12/22/2003)	0.0	%

Note 2—Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation:

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and related Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules and regulations. Certain investment vehicles the operating company sponsors and is the investment advisor for are considered to be variable-interest entities ("VIEs") while others are considered to be voting interest entities ("VOEs") subject to traditional consolidation concepts based on ownership rights. The Company consolidates VIEs where the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary.

The Company's policy is to consolidate all majority-owned subsidiaries in which it has a controlling financial interest. The majority-owned subsidiaries in which the Company has a controlling financial interest and the VIEs where the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary are collectively referred to as "consolidated subsidiaries." Non-controlling interests recorded on the consolidated financial statements of the Company include the non-controlling interests of the outside investors in each of these entities, as well as those of the operating company. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

On March 31, 2014, the operating company launched the Pzena Emerging Markets Focused Value Fund, Pzena Mid Cap Focused Value Fund, and Pzena Long/Short Value Fund, for which it acts as the investment advisor. Since the equity investment at risk is sufficient to support the operations of these entities and the ownership interests have substantive voting rights, these entities are deemed to be VOEs. On March 31, 2014, the Company provided the initial cash investment in an effort to generate an investment performance track record to attract third-party investors. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had an initial investment representing 100% of the ownership in each entity. As a result, the entities were consolidated with the Company as of March 31,

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2014. These entities will continue to be consolidated to the extent we have a majority ownership interest in them. At June 30, 2014, the aggregate of the funds' \$6.7 million in net assets were included in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

Pzena Large Cap Value Fund is a Massachusetts Trust in which a majority of the trustees are members of the executive committee of the operating company. A majority of the trustees do not hold equity investments in this trust. Since the holders of the equity investments in this partnership lack a controlling financial interest in it, this entity is deemed to be a VIE. The Company is considered the primary beneficiary of this VIE. At June 30, 2014, the Pzena Large Cap Value Fund's \$1.1 million in net assets were included in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

The operating company is the managing member of Pzena International Value Service, a series of Pzena Investment Management International, LLC. The operating company is considered the primary beneficiary of this entity. As a result, the entity was consolidated as of February 1, 2011. At June 30, 2014, Pzena International Value Fund's \$2.4 million in net assets were included in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

VIEs that are not consolidated continue to receive investment management services from the Company, and are vehicles through which the Company offers its Global Value and/or Non-U.S. Value Strategies. The total net assets of these VIEs was approximately \$330.2 million and \$244.2 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Neither the Company nor the operating company were exposed to losses as a result of its involvement with these entities because they had no direct investment in them.

The Company records in its own equity its pro-rata share of transactions that impact the operating company's net equity, including unit and option issuances, repurchases, and retirements. The operating company's pro-rata share of such transactions are recorded as adjustments to additional paid-in capital or non-controlling interests, as applicable, on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Management's Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

The carrying amounts of all financial instruments in the consolidated statements of financial condition are presented at their fair value.

Revenue Recognition:

Revenue, comprised of advisory fee income, is recognized over the period in which advisory services are provided. Advisory fee income includes management fees that are calculated based on percentages of assets under management ("AUM"), generally billed quarterly, either in arrears or advance, depending on their contractual terms. Advisory fee income also includes performance fees that may be earned by the Company depending on the investment return of the assets under management. Performance fee arrangements generally entitle the Company to

participate, on a fixed-percentage basis, in any returns generated in excess of an agreed-upon benchmark. The Company's participation percentage in such return differentials is then multiplied by AUM to determine the performance fees earned. In general, returns are calculated on an annualized basis over the contract's measurement period, which usually extends to three years. Performance fees are generally payable annually. Following the preferred method identified in the Revenue Recognition Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC"), such performance fee income is recorded at the conclusion of the contractual performance period, when all contingencies are resolved. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million in performance fee income, respectively. For each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company recognized approximately \$0.1 million in performance fee income.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, Cash and Cash Equivalents was \$26.1 million and \$33.9 million, respectively. The Company considers all money market funds and highly-liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposits and other accounts whose balances often exceed federally insured limits.

Interest on cash and cash equivalents is recorded as interest income on an accrual basis in the consolidated statements of operations.

Restricted Cash:

The Company maintained compensating balances of \$2.7 million and \$0.3 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company holds a letter of credit issued by a third party in lieu of cash security deposits, as required by the Company's leases for its New York office space.

The Pzena Long/Short Value Fund is required to maintain cash collateral for margin accounts established to support securities sold short, not yet purchased. To satisfy this requirement, as of June 30, 2014, \$1.4 million is set aside and recorded in Restricted Cash in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Due to/from Broker:

Due to/from Broker consists primarily of amounts payable/receivable for unsettled securities transactions held/initiated at the clearing brokers of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

Investments, at Fair Value represents the securities held by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, as well as investments in third-party mutual funds. The Company's investments in third-party mutual funds are held to satisfy the Company's obligations under its deferred compensation program. Dividends associated with the investments of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries are recorded as dividend income on an ex-dividend basis in the consolidated statement of operations.

Securities Sold Short represents securities sold short, not yet purchased by the Pzena Long/Short Value Fund, which is consolidated with the Company's financial statements. Dividend expense associated with these investment is reflected in Other Income/(Expense) on an ex-dividend basis in the consolidated statement of operations.

All such investments are recorded at fair value, with net realized and unrealized gains and losses reported in earnings in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC also establishes a framework for measuring fair value and a valuation hierarchy based upon the transparency of inputs used in the valuation of an asset or liability. Classification within the hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The valuation hierarchy contains three levels: (i) valuation inputs are

unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets (Level 1); (ii) valuation inputs are quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and other observable inputs directly or indirectly related to the asset or liability being measured (Level 2); and (iii) valuation inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement (Level 3).

The Company's fair value measurements relate to its consolidated investments in equity securities and securities sold short, both of which are exchange-traded securities with quoted prices in active markets, and its investments in third-party mutual funds, which have a readily available net asset value per share. The fair value measurements of the equity securities, securities sold short, and investments in mutual funds have been classified as Level 1.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table presents these instruments' fair value at June 30, 2014:

	Level 1 (in thousands)	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:			
Equity Securities	\$10,355	\$ —	\$ —
Investments in Mutual Funds	4,934		
Total Fair Value	\$15,289	\$ —	\$ —
	Level 1 (in thousands)	Level 2	Level 3
Liabilities:			
Securities Sold Short	\$1,438	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —
Total Fair Value	\$1,438	\$ —	\$ —

The following table presents these instruments' fair value at December 31, 2013:

	Level 1 (in thousands)	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:			
Equity Securities	\$2,364	\$ —	\$ —
Investments in Mutual Funds	5,257	_	
Total Fair Value	\$7,621	\$ —	\$

For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between levels. In addition, the Company did not hold any Level 2 or 3 securities during these periods.

Securities Valuation:

Investments in equity securities and securities sold short for which market quotations are available are valued at the last reported price or closing price on the primary market or exchange on which they trade. If no reported equity sales occurred on the valuation date, equity investments are valued at the bid price. Investments in third-party mutual funds are valued at the closing net asset value per share of the fund on the day of valuation. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

The net realized gain or loss on sales of securities, securities sold short, and investments in third-party mutual funds is determined on a specific identification basis and is included in Net Realized and Unrealized Gain from Investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

Concentrations of Credit Risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers, and advisory fees receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposits and other accounts whose balances often exceed federally insured limits.

The concentration of credit risk with respect to advisory fees receivable is generally limited due to the short payment terms extended to clients by the Company. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates its advisory fees receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts, if necessary, based on a history of past write-offs and collections and current credit conditions. At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, no allowance for doubtful accounts was deemed necessary.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Property and Equipment:

Property and equipment is carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which range from three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the improvements or the remaining lease term.

Business Segments:

The Company views its operations as comprising one operating segment.

Income Taxes:

The Company is a "C" corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and thus liable for federal, state, and local taxes on the income derived from its economic interest in its operating company. The operating company is a limited liability company that has elected to be treated as a partnership for tax purposes. It has not made a provision for federal or state income taxes because it is the individual responsibility of each of the operating company's members (including the Company) to separately report their proportionate share of the operating company's taxable income or loss. Similarly, the income of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries is not subject to income taxes, since it is allocated to each partnership's individual partners. The operating company has made a provision for New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT").

Judgment is required in evaluating the Company's uncertain tax positions and determining its provision for income taxes. The Company establishes reserves for tax-related uncertainties based on estimates of whether, and the extent to which, additional taxes will be due. These reserves are established when the Company believes that certain positions might be challenged despite its belief that its tax return positions are in accordance with applicable tax laws. The Company adjusts these reserves in light of changing facts and circumstances, such as the closing of a tax audit, new tax legislation, or the change of an estimate. To the extent that the final tax outcome of these matters is different than the amounts recorded, such differences will affect the provision for income taxes in the period in which such determination is made. The provision for income taxes includes the effect of reserve provisions and changes to reserves that are considered appropriate. It is also the Company's policy to recognize accrued interest, and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions in Income Tax Expense/(Benefit) on the consolidated statement of operations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, no such expenses were recognized. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, no such accruals were recorded.

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries account for all federal, state, and local taxation pursuant to the asset and liability method, which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be recorded for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount more likely than not to be realized. At June 30, 2014, the Company had a \$44.5 million valuation allowance against deferred tax assets recorded as part of the Company's initial public offering and the subsequent exchanges of Class B units for shares of its Class A common stock. At December 31, 2013, the Company had a \$54.0 million valuation allowance against these deferred tax assets. The income tax expense, or benefit, is the tax payable or refundable for the period, plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities. The Company records its deferred tax liabilities as a component of other liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Excess tax benefits related to stock- and unit-transactions are not recognized until they result in a reduction of cash taxes payable. The benefit of these excess tax benefits will be recorded in equity when they reduce cash taxes payable. The Company will only recognize a tax benefit from stock- and unit-based awards in Additional Paid-In Capital if an incremental tax benefit is realized after all other tax benefits currently available have been utilized. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company had less than \$0.1 million in tax benefits associated with stock- and unit-based awards that it was not able to recognize. There were no unrecognized tax benefits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

Foreign Currency:

Investment securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are remeasured into U.S. dollar amounts at the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities, and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies, are remeasured into U.S. dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

The Company does not isolate the portion of the results of its operations resulting from the impact of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on its non-U.S. investments. Such fluctuations are included in Net Realized and Unrealized Gain from Investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

Reported net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Company's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the fair values of assets and liabilities resulting from changes in exchange rates.

The functional currency of the Company is the United States Dollar. The functional currency of the Company's representative office in Australia is the Australian Dollar. Assets and liabilities of this office are translated at the spot rate in effect at the applicable reporting date, and the consolidated statements of operations are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the applicable period. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company did not record any accumulated other comprehensive income.

Note 3—Compensation and Benefits

Compensation and benefits expense to employees and members is comprised of the following:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ende	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousands)			
Cash Compensation and Other Benefits	\$8,719	\$7,689	\$17,293	\$16,077
Non-Cash Compensation	1,180	1,225	2,656	2,445
Total Compensation and Benefits Expense	\$9,899	\$8,914	\$19,949	\$18,522

All non-cash compensation awards granted have varying vesting schedules and are issued at prices equal to the assessed fair market value at the time of issuance, as discussed below. Details of Class B units, phantom Class B units and restricted shares of Class A common stock awarded during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June		For the Six Months Ended Jun	
	30,		30,	
	2014		2013	
	Amount	Fair Value ¹	Amount	Fair Value ¹
Class B Units	32,479	\$11.76	18,517	\$5.40
Deferred Compensation Phantom Class B Units	22,959	\$11.76	68,518	\$5.40
Restricted Shares of Class A Common Stock	_	\$ —	100,000	\$4.41
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1 Represents the grant date estimated fair value per share or unit.

Pursuant to the Pzena Investment Management, LLC Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Incentive Plan ("the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan"), the operating company issues Class B units, phantom Class B units and options to purchase Class B units. Under the Pzena Investment Management, Inc. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan ("the 2007 Equity Incentive").

Plan"), the Company issues shares of restricted Class A common stock and options to acquire shares of Class A common stock. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, 701,299 phantom Class B units were forfeited in connection with employee departures.

Under the Pzena Investment Management, LLC Amended and Restated Bonus Plan (the "Bonus Plan"), eligible employees whose cash compensation is in excess of certain thresholds have a portion of that excess mandatorily deferred. These deferred amounts may be invested, at the employee's discretion, in certain third-party mutual funds, phantom Class B units, or money market funds. Amounts deferred in any calendar year reduce that year's cash compensation expense and are amortized and vest ratably over a four-year period commencing the following year. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the liability associated with deferred compensation investment accounts was \$1.1 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. During the three

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

months ended June 30, 2014, 5,953 phantom Class B units issued under the plan and approximately \$1.0 million in deferred compensation investments were forfeited in connection with employee departures.

Pursuant to the Pzena Investment Management, Inc. Non-Employee Director Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Director Plan"), non-employee directors may elect to have all or part of the compensation otherwise payable to the director in cash, deferred in the form of phantom shares of Class A common stock of the Company. Elections to defer compensation under the Director Plan are made on a year-to-year basis. Distributions under the Director Plan shall be made in a single distribution of shares of Class A common stock at such time as elected by the participant when the deferral was made. Since inception of the Director Plan in 2009, the Company's directors have elected to defer 100% of their compensation in the form of phantom shares of Class A common stock. Amounts deferred in any calendar year are amortized over the calendar year and reflected as General and Administrative Expense. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were 189,168 and 158,882 phantom shares of Class A common stock outstanding, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 no distributions were made under the Director Plan.

The Company issues to certain of its employees delayed-vesting cash awards. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 no such awards were granted. Previously awarded delayed-vesting cash awards have varying vesting schedules with \$1.1 million to be paid at the end of 2014 and the remaining \$0.4 million to be paid at the end of 2015.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had approximately \$24.1 million and \$29.7 million, respectively, in unrecorded compensation expense related to unvested awards issued pursuant to its Bonus Plan; Class B units, option grants, and phantom Class B units issued under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan; and restricted Class A common stock issued under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan. The Company anticipates that this unrecorded cost will amortize over the respective vesting periods of the awards.

Note 4 – Employee Benefit Plans

The operating company has a Profit Sharing and Savings Plan for the benefit of substantially all employees. The Profit Sharing and Savings Plan is a defined contribution profit sharing plan with a 401(k) deferral component. All full-time employees and certain part-time employees who have met the age and length of service requirements are eligible to participate in the plan. The plan allows participating employees to make elective deferrals of compensation up to the annual limits which are set by law. The plan provides for a discretionary annual contribution by the operating company which is determined by a formula based on the salaries of eligible employees as defined by the plan. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the expense recognized in connection with this plan was \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the expense recognized in connection with this plan was \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

Note 5—Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the Company's net income attributable to its common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company's basic earnings per share was determined as follows:

For the Th	ree Months	For the Six Months Ende				
Ended June 30,		June 30,	June 30,			
2014	2013	2014	2013			

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	(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)			
Net Income for Basic Earnings per Share	\$2,124	\$1,266	\$3,572	\$2,435
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	12,180,192	12,315,065	12,178,402	11,793,938
Basic Earnings per Share	\$0.17	\$0.10	\$0.29	\$0.21

Diluted earnings per share adjusts this calculation to reflect the impact of all outstanding operating company membership units, phantom Class B units, phantom Class A common stock, outstanding Class B unit options, options to purchase Class A common stock, and restricted Class A common stock, to the extent they would have a dilutive effect on net income per share for the reporting period. Net income for diluted earnings per share generally assumes all outstanding operating company membership units are converted into Company stock at the beginning of the reporting period and the resulting change to Company net income associated with its increased interest in the operating company is taxed at the Company's effective tax rate, exclusive of adjustments associated with both the valuation allowance and the liability to selling and converting shareholders and other one-time charges.

Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company's diluted net income was determined as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2014 (in thousands	2013	2014	2013	
Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling					
Interests of Pzena Investment Management,	\$12,226	\$8,715	\$23,006	\$16,829	
LLC					
Less: Assumed Corporate Income Taxes	5,254	3,623	9,886	6,996	
Assumed After-Tax Income of Pzena	6,972	5,092	13,120	9,833	
Investment Management, LLC					
Net Income of Pzena Investment Management,	2,124	1,266	3,572	2,435	
Inc.					
Diluted Net Income	\$9,096	\$6,358	\$16,692	\$12,268	

Under the two-class method of computing diluted earnings per share, diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income for diluted earnings per share by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the dilutive effect of any potential common shares outstanding during the period using the more dilutive of the treasury method or two-class method. The two-class method includes an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each participating security according to dividends declared and undistributed earnings for the period. The Company's net income for diluted earnings per share is reduced by the amount allocated to participating restricted Class B units for purposes of calculating earnings per share. Dividend equivalent distributions paid per share on the operating company's unvested restricted Class B units are equal to the dividends paid per Company Class A common stock.

Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company's diluted earnings per share were determined as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)				
Diluted Net Income Allocated to:	-				
Class A Common Stock	\$9,076	\$6,343	\$16,655	\$12,239	
Participating Class B Units	20	15	37	29	
Total Diluted Net Income Attributable to Shareholders	\$9,096	\$6,358	\$16,692	\$12,268	
Basic Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	12,180,192	12,315,065	12,178,402	11,793,938	
Dilutive Effect of B Units	52,858,880	52,190,656	52,846,847	52,770,426	
Dilutive Effect of Options ¹	957,348	637,208	997,984	630,821	
Dilutive Effect of Phantom Class B Units & Phantom Shares of Class A Common Stock	1,815,251	1,232,905	1,812,256	1,174,261	
Dilutive Effect of Restricted Shares of Class A Common Stock ²	40,671	29,663	39,727	23,494	
Dilutive Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	67,852,342	66,405,497	67,875,216	66,392,940	
Add: Participating Class B Units ³	145,895	157,326	145,919	157,326	
Total Dilutive Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	67,998,237	66,562,823	68,021,135	66,550,266	
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$0.13	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.18	

¹ Represents the dilutive effect of options to purchase operating company Class B units and Company Class A common stock.

Approximately 0.8 million options to purchase Class B units were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, as their inclusion would have had an antidilutive effect based on current market prices. Approximately 1.2 million options to purchase Class B units and 1.0 million options to purchased Company Class A common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, as their inclusion would have had an antidilutive effect for the respective periods based on market prices.

Note 6—Shareholders' Equity

The Company functions as the sole managing member of the operating company. As a result, the Company: (i) consolidates the financial results of the operating company and reflects the membership interest in it that it does not own as a non-controlling interest in its consolidated financial statements; and (ii) recognizes income generated from its economic interest in the operating company's net income. Class A and Class B units of the operating company have

² Certain restricted shares of Class A common stock granted to employees are not entitled to dividend or dividend equivalent payments until they are vested and are therefore non-participating securities and are not included in the computation of basic earnings per share. They are included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when the effect is dilutive using the treasury stock method.

³ Unvested Class B Units granted to employees have nonforfeitable rights to dividend equivalent distributions and therefore participate fully in the results of the operating company's operations from the date they are granted. They are included in the computation of diluted earnings per share using the two-class method for participating securities.

the same economic rights per unit. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the holders of Class A common stock (through the Company) and the holders of Class B units of the operating company held approximately 18.7% and 81.3%, respectively, of the economic interests in the operations of the business.

Each Class B unit of the operating company has a corresponding share of the Company's Class B common stock, par value \$0.000001 per share. Each share of the Company's Class B common stock entitles its holder to five votes, until the first time

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

that the number of shares of Class B common stock outstanding constitutes less than 20% of the number of all shares of the Company's common stock outstanding. From this time and thereafter, each share of the Company's Class B common stock entitles its holder to one vote. When a Class B unit is exchanged for a share of the Company's Class A common stock or forfeited, a corresponding share of the Company's Class B common stock will automatically be redeemed and cancelled. Conversely, to the extent that the Company causes the operating company to issue additional Class B units to employees pursuant to its equity incentive plan, these additional holders of Class B units would be entitled to receive a corresponding number of shares of the Company's Class B common stock (including if the Class B units awarded are subject to vesting).

All holders of the Company's Class B common stock have entered into a stockholders' agreement, pursuant to which they agreed to vote all shares of Class B common stock then held by them, and acquired in the future, together on all matters submitted to a vote of the common stockholders.

The outstanding shares of the Company's Class A common stock represent 100% of the rights of the holders of all classes of the Company's capital stock to receive distributions, except that holders of Class B common stock will have the right to receive the class's par value upon the Company's liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Pursuant to the operating agreement of the operating company, each vested Class B unit is exchangeable for a share of the Company's Class A common stock, subject to certain exchange timing and volume limitations.

On March 20, 2013, certain of the operating company's members exchanged an aggregate of 1,328,334 of their Class B units for an equivalent number of shares of Company Class A common stock. No Class B units were exchanged during the three or six months ended June 30, 2014 or the three months ended June 30, 2013. These acquisitions of additional operating company membership interests were treated as reorganizations of entities under common control as required by the Business Combinations Topic of the FASB ASC.

The Company's share repurchase program was announced on April 24, 2012. The Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase an aggregate of \$10 million of the Company's outstanding Class A common stock and the operating company's Class B units on the open market and in private transactions in accordance with applicable securities laws. On February 11, 2014, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved an increase of \$20 million in the aggregate amount authorized under the program. The timing, number and value of common shares and units repurchased are subject to the Company's discretion. The Company's share repurchase program is not subject to an expiration date and may be suspended, discontinued, or modified at any time, for any reason.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, 159,602 Class B unit options and 250,000 Class A common stock options were exercised and resulted in the issuance of 95,199 Class B units and 68,346 shares of Class A common stock, respectively, as a result of the redemption of 64,403 Class B units and 181,654 shares of Class A common stock for the cashless exercise of the options.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company purchased and retired 34,572 and 165,562 shares of Class A common stock, respectively, under the current repurchase authorization at a weighted average price per share of \$10.79 and \$6.14, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company purchased and retired 34,572 and 275,097 shares of Class A common stock, respectively, under the repurchase authorization at a weighted average price per share of \$10.79 and \$6.12, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company purchased and retired 47,663 and 51,139 Class B units, respectively, under the current repurchase authorization at a weighted average price per unit of \$10.19 and \$10.58, respectively. The

Company records the repurchase of shares and units at cost based on the trade date of the transaction.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Note 7—Non-Controlling Interests

Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in the operations of the Company's operating company and consolidated subsidiaries is comprised of the following:

	For the Three 1	Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousands)				
Non-Controlling Interests of Pzena Investment	\$12,226	\$8,715	\$23,006	\$16,829	
Management, LLC	Ψ12,220	ψ0,713	Ψ23,000	ψ10,02)	
Non-Controlling Interests of Consolidated Subsidiaries	57	311	130	719	
Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	\$12,283	\$9,026	\$23,136	\$17,548	

Distributions to non-controlling interests represent tax allocations and dividend equivalents paid to the members of the operating company, as well as withdrawals from the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. Contributions from non-controlling interests represent contributions to the Company's consolidated subsidiaries.

Note 8—Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Investments, at Fair Value consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	Cost	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Fair Value
	(in thousands)		
Equity Securities	\$9,423	\$932	\$10,355
Investments in Mutual Funds	3,761	1,173	4,934
Total	\$13,184	\$2,105	\$15,289
Investments, at Fair Value consisted of the following at December 3	01, 2013.		
	Cost	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Fair Value
	Cost (in thousands)		Fair Value
Equity Securities			Fair Value \$2,364
Equity Securities Investments in Mutual Funds	(in thousands)	Gain/(Loss)	
	(in thousands) \$1,732	Gain/(Loss) \$632	\$2,364

	Proceeds	Unrealized (Gain)/ Loss	Fair Value	
	(in thousand	ls)		
Securities Sold Short	1,369	69	1,438	
Total	\$1,369	\$69	\$1,438	

The Company held no Securities Sold Short, at Fair Value at December 31, 2013.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Note 9—Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation is comprised of the following:

	As of		
	June 30,	December 31	ι,
	2014	2013	
	(in thousands))	
Leasehold Improvements	\$1,219	\$1,219	
Computer Hardware	1,220	1,141	
Furniture and Fixtures	786	786	
Computer Software	346	256	
Office Equipment	256	283	
Total	3,827	3,685	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(2,958) (2,850)
Total	\$869	\$835	

Depreciation is included in general and administrative expense and totaled approximately \$0.1 million for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Note 10—Related Party Transactions

For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company earned \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, in investment advisory fees from unconsolidated VIEs which receive investment management services from the Company. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company earned \$1.2 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, in such fees.

At both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had approximately \$0.1 million remaining of advances to an international investment company for organization and start-up costs, which are included in Receivable from Related Parties on the consolidated statements of financial condition. The operating company is the sponsor and investment manager of this entity.

At December 31, 2013, Receivable from Related Parties included approximately \$0.1 million of loans to employees. No loans to employees were recorded at June 30, 2014.

The operating company, as investment manager of the three consolidated mutual funds, Pzena Emerging Markets Focused Value Fund, Pzena Long/Short Value Fund, and Pzena Mid Cap Focused Value Fund, has contractually agreed to waive a portion or all of its management fees and pay fund expenses to ensure that the annual operating expenses of the funds stay below certain established total expense ratio thresholds. For each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 the Company recognized \$0.2 million of such expenses. No such expenses were recognized during three and six months ended June 30, 2013 as the funds did not exist.

The operating company manages the personal funds of certain of the Company's employees, including the CEO, its two Presidents, and its Executive Vice President. The operating company also manages accounts beneficially owned by a private fund in which certain of the Company's executive officers invest. Investments by employees in individual

accounts are permitted only at the discretion of the executive committee of the operating company, but are generally not subject to the same minimum investment levels that are required of outside investors. The operating company also manages the personal funds of some of its employees' family members. Pursuant to the respective investment management agreements, the operating company waives or reduces its regular advisory fees for these accounts and personal funds. In addition, the operating company pays custody and administrative fees for certain of these accounts and personal funds in order to incubate products or preserve performance history. The aggregate value of the fees that the Company waived related to the Company's executive officers, other employees, and family members, was approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company waived \$0.3 million

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

and \$0.2 million, respectively, of such fees. The aggregate value of the custody and administrative fees paid related to the Company's executive offers, other employees, and family members was approximately \$0.1 million for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into agreements that include indemnities in favor of third parties, such as engagement letters with advisors and consultants. In certain cases, the Company may have recourse against third parties with respect to these indemnities. The Company maintains insurance policies that may provide coverage against certain claims under these indemnities. The Company has had no claims or payments pursuant to these agreements, and it believes the likelihood of a claim being made is remote. Utilizing the methodology in the Guarantees Topic of the FASB ASC, the Company's estimate of the value of such guarantees is de minimis, therefore, no accrual has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease agreement which expires on October 31, 2015. The Company reflects minimum lease expense for its headquarters on a straight-line basis over the lease term. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company entered into a non-cancelable sublease agreement for certain excess office space associated with its operating lease agreement. The sublease agreement also expires on October 31, 2015.

During June 2014, the Company entered into an operating lease agreement for its new corporate headquarters. The term of the lease is expected to commence in October 2014. The Company plans to move to its new corporate offices during the first half of 2015.

Lease expenses were \$0.3 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and are included in general and administrative expense. Such expenses totaled \$0.7 million for each of the the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Note 12—Income Taxes

The operating company is a limited liability company that has elected to be treated as a partnership for tax purposes. Neither it nor the Company's other consolidated subsidiaries have made a provision for federal or state income taxes because it is the individual responsibility of each of these entities' members (including the Company) to separately report their proportionate share of the respective entity's taxable income or loss. The operating company has made a provision for New York City UBT. The Company, as a "C" corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, is liable for federal, state and local taxes on the income derived from its economic interest in its operating company, which is net of UBT. Correspondingly, in its consolidated financial statements, the Company reports both the operating company's provision for UBT, as well as its provision for federal, state and local corporate taxes.

Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

The components of the income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Mo 30,	nths Ended June		
	2014		2013		2014	2013	
	(in thousands)		_010			2010	
Current Provision:							
Unincorporated Business Taxes ¹	\$896		\$706		\$1,609	\$702	
Local Corporate Tax	_		_		_		
State Corporate Tax	_		_		_		
Federal Corporate Tax					_		
Total Current Provision	\$896		\$706		\$1,609	\$702	
Deferred Provision:							
Unincorporated Business Taxes ¹	\$(61)	\$(36)	\$8	\$22	
Local Corporate Tax	137		74		248	157	
State Corporate Tax	266		129		498	276	
Federal Corporate Tax	887		631		1,610	1,134	
Total Deferred Provision	\$1,229		\$798		\$2,364	\$1,589	
Change in Valuation Allowance	(2,399)	(556)	(3,166)	(1,781)
Net Adjustment Related to Change in Effective Tax Rate	\$—		\$286		\$602	\$286	
Total Income Tax Expense	\$(274)	\$1,234		\$1,409	\$796	

¹ During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the operating company recognized a \$0.6 million tax benefit associated with the amendment of prior year tax returns to change the methodology for state and local receipts.

The Income Taxes Topic of the FASB ASC establishes the minimum threshold for recognizing, and a system for measuring, the benefits of tax return positions in financial statements.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had available for U.S. federal income tax reporting purposes, a net operating loss carryforward of \$10.3 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, which expires in varying amounts during the tax years 2027 through 2033.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, included in net operating losses are approximately \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of deductions for excess stock- and unit- based transactions. The \$0.5 million, respectively, of tax benefit associated with these deductions will be credited to Additional Paid In Capital when such deductions reduce taxes payable. Although these net operating losses are included in the total carryforward amount, they are not reflected in the table of deferred tax assets as the excess tax benefits are not yet realized.

The Company and the operating company are generally no longer subject to U.S. Federal or state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for any year prior to 2010. All tax years subsequent to, and including, 2010 are considered open and subject to examination by tax authorities. During 2013, the Company extended the statue of limitations in New York City for its 2009 tax year in association with the amendment of prior year tax returns to change the methodology for state and local receipts.

The acquisition of the operating company Class B units, noted below, has allowed the Company to make an election under Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code ("Section 754") to step up its tax basis in the net assets acquired. This step up is deductible for tax purposes over a 15-year period. Based on the net proceeds of the initial public offering

and tax basis of the operating company, this election gave rise to an initial deferred tax asset of approximately \$68.7 million.

Pursuant to a tax receivable agreement signed between the members of the operating company and the Company, 85% of the cash savings generated by this election will be distributed to the selling and converting shareholders upon the realization of this benefit.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

If the Company exercises its right to terminate the tax receivable agreement early, the Company will be obligated to make an early termination payment to the selling and converting shareholders, based upon the net present value (based upon certain assumptions and deemed events set forth in the tax receivable agreement) of all payments that would be required to be paid by the Company under the tax receivable agreement. If certain change of control events were to occur, the Company would be obligated to make an early termination payment.

As discussed in Note 6, Shareholders' Equity, no Class B units were exchanged during the three or six months ended June 30, 2014 or the three months ended June 30, 2013. On March 20, 2013 certain of the operating company's members exchanged an aggregate of 1,328,334 of their Class B units for an equivalent number of shares of Company Class A common stock. The Company elected to step up its tax basis in the incremental assets acquired in accordance with Section 754. Based on the exchange-date fair values of the Company's common stock and the tax basis of the operating company, this election gave rise to a \$5.9 million deferred tax asset and corresponding \$5.0 million liability on March 20, 2013. The Company assessed the realizability of the deferred tax asset associated with this exchange and determined that a portion of the benefits would go unutilized. Consequently, the Company established a \$5.1 million valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax asset to an amount more likely than not to be realized. These deferred tax assets remain available to the Company and can be used to reduce taxable income in future years. The Company similarly reduced the associated liability to selling and converting shareholders by \$4.4 million to reflect this change in the estimated realization of these assets. As required by the Income Taxes Topic of the FASB ASC, the Company recorded the effects of these transactions in equity.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the exchange discussed earlier, the Company's valuation allowance was reduced by approximately \$2.4 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, due to revised estimates of future taxable income. Results for the six months ended June 30, 2014 also reflects a change in the Company's expected future tax benefits due to a change in New York State tax law and the methodology for receipts beginning at the start of the 2015 tax year. This change is reflected as a net adjustment to the Company's Section 754 deferred tax asset, valuation allowance, and other deferred tax assets. To reflect these changes in the estimated realization of the asset and its liability for future payments, the Company increased its liability to selling and converting shareholders by \$2.0 million and \$2.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The effects of these changes to the deferred tax asset and liability to selling and converting shareholders were recorded as a component of the income tax expense and other expense, respectively, on the consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's valuation allowance was reduced by approximately \$0.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, due to revised estimates of future taxable income. Results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 also reflects a decrease in the Company's effective tax rate due to a decrease in state and local rates associated with a change in methodology for state and local receipts during 2013. This decrease is reflected as an adjustment to the Company's Section 754 deferred tax asset, valuation allowance, and other deferred tax assets. To reflect these changes in the estimated realization of the asset and its liability for future payments, the Company increased its liability to selling and converting shareholders by \$0.2 million and \$1.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The effects of these changes to the deferred tax asset and liability to selling and converting shareholders were recorded as a component of the income tax expense and other expense, respectively, on the consolidated statements of operations.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the net values of all deferred tax assets were approximately \$12.5 million and \$12.3 million, respectively.

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

The change in the Company's deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 is summarized as follows:

	Section 754	Other	Valuation Allowance	Total	
	(in thousands	s)			
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$61,628	\$4,657	\$(53,973) \$12,312	
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Benefit	(1,104) (36) —	(1,140)
Unit Exchange	_	_	_		
Change in Valuation Allowance	_	_	767	767	
Net Adjustment to Deferred Tax Asset	\$(6,608) \$(351) \$6,357	(602)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$53,916	\$4,270	\$(46,849) \$11,337	
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Benefit	(965) (266) —	(1,231)
Unit Exchange	_		_		
Change in Valuation Allowance	_	_	2,399	2,399	
Net Adjustment to Deferred Tax Asset	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$52,951	\$4,004	\$(44,450) \$12,505	

The change in the Company's deferred tax liabilities, which is included in other liabilities on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, is summarized as follows:

	Total	
	(in thousar	nds)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$(39)
Deferred Tax Expense	5	
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$(34)
Deferred Tax Expense	2	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$(32)

The change in the Company's deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 is summarized as follows:

	Section 754	Other	Valuation Allowance	Total	
	(in thousands)				
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$65,069	\$4,536	\$(59,917)	\$9,688	
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Benefit	(907)	103		(804)
Unit Exchange	5,935	_	(5,140)	795	
Change in Valuation Allowance			1,225	1,225	
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$70,097	\$4,639	\$(63,832)	\$10,904	
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Benefit	(905)	103		(802)
Change in Effective Rate	(5,272)	(105)	5,091	(286)
Change in Valuation Allowance			556	556	
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$63,920	\$4,637	\$(58,185)	\$10,372	

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Pzena Investment Management, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

The change in the Company's deferred tax liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 is summarized as follows:

	Total (in thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$(59)		
Deferred Tax Expense	14			
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ (45)		
Deferred Tax Expense	5			
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ (40)		

Note 13—Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated the need for disclosures and/or adjustments resulting from subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued.

On July 21, 2014, Pzena Financial Services, LLC was granted a limited purpose broker-dealer license by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The entity will primarily act as a marketing agent for the three Pzena mutual funds and the private placement of securities.

On July 22, 2014, the Company declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.03 per share of its Class A common stock which will be paid on August 28, 2014 to holders of record on August 14, 2014.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

We are a public-equity investment management firm that utilizes a classic value investment approach across all of our investment strategies. We currently manage assets in a variety of value-oriented investment strategies across a wide range of market capitalizations in both U.S. and non-U.S. capital markets. At June 30, 2014, our assets under management, or AUM, was \$27.0 billion. We manage separate accounts on behalf of institutions and high net worth individuals, and act as sub-investment adviser for a variety of SEC-registered mutual funds and non-U.S. funds and advisor for three Pzena SEC-registered mutual funds.

We function as the sole managing member of our operating company, Pzena Investment Management, LLC (the "operating company"). As a result, we: (i) consolidate the financial results of our operating company with our own, and reflect the membership interest in it that we do not own as a non-controlling interest in our consolidated financial statements; and (ii) recognize income generated from our economic interest in our operating company's net income. As of June 30, 2014, the holders of Class A common stock (through the Company) and the holders of Class B units of our operating company held approximately 18.7% and 81.3%, respectively, of the economic interests in the operations of our business.

As of June 30, 2014 holders of Class B units of our operating company included four of our named executive officers and their estate planning vehicles, who collectively held approximately 57.0% of the economic interest in our operating company. As of June 30, 2014, 32 other employee members held approximately 3.2%, and certain other members of our operating company, including one of our directors and his related entities, and ten former employees, collectively held 21.1% of the economic interests in our operating company through ownership of Class B units.

Non-GAAP Net Income

Our results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 included recurring adjustments related to our deferred tax asset generated by the Company's initial public offering and subsequent unit conversions as well as our tax receivable agreement and the associated liability to our selling and converting shareholders. We believe that these accounting adjustments add a measure of non-operational complexity which partially obscures the underlying performance of our business. In evaluating our financial condition and results of operations, we also review certain non-GAAP measures of earnings, which exclude these items. Excluding these adjustments, non-GAAP diluted net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share were \$8.7 million and \$0.13, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and \$6.3 million and \$0.09, respectively, for three months ended June 30, 2013. Excluding these adjustments, non-GAAP diluted net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share were \$16.3 million and \$0.24, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and \$12.0 million and \$0.18, respectively, for six months ended June 30, 2013. GAAP and non-GAAP net income for diluted earnings per share generally assumes all operating company membership units are converted into Company stock at the beginning of the reporting period, and the resulting change to our net income associated with our increased interest in the operating company is taxed at our effective tax rate, exclusive of the adjustments related to our tax receivable agreement and the associated liability to selling and converting shareholders and other adjustments. Our effective tax rate, exclusive of these adjustments, was 43.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 41.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013. See "Operating Results - Income Tax Expense" below.

We use these non-GAAP measures to assess the strength of the underlying operations of the business. We believe that these adjustments, and the non-GAAP measures derived from them, provide information to better analyze our operations between periods, and over time. We also use non-GAAP net income as one factor in determining the amount of dividends we pay. See "Dividend Policy" below. Investors should consider these non-GAAP measures in

Edgar Filing: Pzena Investment Management, Inc. - Form 10-Q addition to, and not as a substitute for, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

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A reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measures is included below:

	For the Three N June 30,	Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
	(in thousands, except share and per share data)						
GAAP Net Income	\$2,124	\$1,266	\$3,572	\$2,435			
Net Effect of Tax Receivable Agreement	` /	,	(419)	(227)			
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$1,767	\$1,225	\$3,153	\$2,208			
GAAP Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest of Pzena Investment Management, LLC	\$12,226	\$8,715	\$23,006	\$16,829			
Less: Assumed Corporate Income Taxes	5,254	3,623	9,886	6,996			
Assumed After-Tax Income of Pzena Investment Management, LLC	6,972	5,092	13,120	9,833			
Non-GAAP Net Income of Pzena Investment Management, Inc.	1,767	1,225	3,153	2,208			
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income	\$8,739	\$6,317	\$16,273	\$12,041			
Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share Attributable to Pzena Investment Management, Inc. Common Stockholders:							
Non-GAAP Net Income for Diluted Earnings per Share	\$8,739	\$6,317	\$16,273	\$12,041			
Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.13	\$0.09	\$0.24	\$0.18			
Non-GAAP Diluted Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding	67,998,237	66,562,823	68,021,135	66,550,266			

Revenue

We generate revenue primarily from management fees and performance fees, which we collectively refer to as our advisory fees, by managing assets on behalf of institutional accounts and for retail clients, which are generally open-end mutual funds catering primarily to retail investors. Our advisory fee income is recognized over the period in which investment management services are provided. Following the preferred method identified in the Revenue Recognition Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC"), income from performance fees is recorded at the conclusion of the contractual performance period, when all contingencies are resolved.

Our advisory fees are primarily driven by the level of our AUM. Our AUM increases or decreases with the net inflows or outflows of funds into our various investment strategies and with the investment performance thereof. In order to increase our AUM and expand our business, we must develop and market investment strategies that suit the investment needs of our target clients, and provide attractive returns over the long term. The value and composition of our AUM, and our ability to continue to attract clients, will depend on a variety of factors including, among other things:

our ability to educate our target clients about our classic value investment strategies and provide them with exceptional client service;

the relative investment performance of our investment strategies, as compared to competing products and market indices;

competitive conditions in the investment management and broader financial services sectors;

general economic conditions;

investor sentiment and confidence; and

our decision to close strategies when we deem it to be in the best interests of our clients.

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For our institutional accounts, we are paid fees according to a schedule, which varies by investment strategy. The substantial majority of these accounts pay us management fees pursuant to a schedule in which the rate we earn on the AUM declines as the amount of AUM increases.

Pursuant to our sub-investment advisory agreements with our retail clients, we are generally paid a management fee according to a schedule in which the rate we earn on the AUM declines as the amount of AUM increases. Certain of these funds pay us fixed-rate management fees. Due to the substantially larger account size of certain of these accounts, the average advisory fees we earn on them, as a percentage of AUM, are lower than the advisory fees we earn on our institutional accounts.

Certain of our clients pay us fees according to the performance of their accounts relative to certain agreed-upon benchmarks, which results in a lower base fee, but allows us to earn higher fees if the relevant investment strategy outperforms the agreed-upon benchmark.

The majority of advisory fees we earn on institutional accounts is based on the value of our AUM at a specific date on a quarterly basis, either in arrears or advance. Advisory fees on certain of our institutional accounts, and with respect to all of our retail accounts, are calculated based on the average of the monthly or daily market value. Advisory fees are also generally adjusted for any cash flows into or out of a portfolio, where the cash flow represents greater than 10% of the value of the portfolio. While a specific group of accounts may use the same fee rate, the method used to calculate the fee according to the fee rate schedule may differ as described above.

Our advisory fees may fluctuate based on a number of factors, including the following:

changes in AUM due to appreciation or depreciation of our investment portfolios, and the levels of the contribution and withdrawal of assets by new and existing clients;

distribution of AUM among our investment strategies, which have differing fee schedules;

distribution of AUM between institutional accounts and retail accounts, for which we generally earn lower overall advisory fees; and

the level of our performance with respect to accounts on which we are paid performance fees.

Expenses

Our expenses consist primarily of Compensation and Benefits Expense, as well as General and Administrative Expense. Our largest expense is Compensation and Benefits, which includes the salaries, bonuses, equity-based compensation, and related benefits and payroll costs attributable to our employee members and employees. Compensation and benefits packages are benchmarked against relevant industry and geographic peer groups in order to attract and retain qualified personnel. General and Administrative Expense includes office rent and other expenses, professional and outside services fees, depreciation, and the costs associated with operating and maintaining our research, trading, and portfolio accounting systems. Our occupancy-related costs and professional services expenses, in particular, generally increase or decrease in relative proportion to the overall size and scale of our business operations.

We incur additional expenses associated with being a public company for, among other things, director and officer insurance, director fees, SEC reporting and compliance (including Sarbanes-Oxley and Dodd-Frank compliance), professional fees, transfer agent fees, and other similar expenses. These additional expenses have and will continue to reduce our net income.

Our expenses may fluctuate due to a number of factors, including the following:

variations in the level of total compensation expense due to, among other things, bonuses, awards of equity to our employees and employee members of our operating company, changes in our employee count and mix, and competitive factors; and

general and administrative expenses, such as rent, professional service fees and data-related costs, incurred, as necessary, to run our business.

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Other (Expense)/ Income

Other (Expense)/ Income is derived primarily from investment income or loss arising from our consolidated entities, income or loss generated by our investments in third-party mutual funds, and interest income generated on our cash balances. Other (Expense)/ Income is also affected by changes in our estimates of the liability due to our selling and converting shareholders associated with payments owed to them under the tax receivable agreement which was executed in connection with our reorganization and initial public offering on October 30, 2007. As discussed further below under "Tax Receivable Agreement," this liability represents 85% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state, and local income tax that we realize as a result of the amortization of the increases in tax basis generated from our acquisitions of our operating company's units from our selling and converting shareholders. We expect the interest and investment components of (Expense)/ Income, in the aggregate, to fluctuate based on market conditions and the performance of our consolidated entities and other investments.

Non-Controlling Interests

Our operating company consolidates the results of operations of the private investment partnerships over which we exercise a controlling influence. We are the sole managing member of our operating company and control its business and affairs and, therefore, consolidate its financial results with ours. In light of our employees' and outside investors' interest in our operating company, we have reflected their membership interests as a non-controlling interest in our consolidated financial statements. As a result, our income is primarily generated by our economic interest in our operating company's net income. As of June 30, 2014, the holders of Class A common stock (through the Company) and the holders of Class B units of the operating company held approximately 18.7% and 81.3%, respectively, of the economic interests in the operations of the business.

Operating Results

Assets Under Management and Flows

As of June 30, 2014, our approximately \$27.0 billion of AUM was invested in a variety of value-oriented investment strategies, representing distinct capitalization segments of U.S. and non-U.S. equity markets. The performance of our largest investment strategies as of June 30, 2014 is further described below. We follow the same investment process for each of these strategies. Our investment strategies are distinguished by the market capitalization ranges from which we select securities for their portfolios, which we refer to as each strategy's investment universe, as well as the regions in which we invest and the degree to which we concentrate on a limited number of holdings. While our investment process includes ongoing review of companies in the investment universes described below, our actual investments may include companies outside of the relevant market capitalization range at the time of our investment. In addition, the number of holdings typically found in the portfolios of each of our investment strategies may vary, as described below.

The following table indicates the annualized returns, gross and net (which represents annualized returns prior to, and after, payment of advisory fees, respectively), of our largest investment strategies from their inception to June 30, 2014, and in the five-year, three-year, and one-year periods ended June 30, 2014, as well as the performance of the market index which is most commonly used by our clients to compare the performance of the relevant investment strategy.

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	Period Ended June 30, 2014 ¹							
Investment Strategy (Inception Date)	Since Inception 5 Years			3 Years 1 Year				
Large Cap Focused Value (October 2000)								
Annualized Gross Returns	7.3	%	19.5	%	15.8	%	22.7	%
Annualized Net Returns	6.8	%	19.0	%	15.3	%	22.3	%
Russell 1000® Value Index	6.6	%	19.2	%	16.9	%	23.8	%
Large Cap Expanded Value (July 2012)								
Annualized Gross Returns	28.1	%	n/a		n/a		23.3	%
Annualized Net Returns	27.9	%	n/a		n/a		23.1	%
Russell 1000® Value Index	24.6	%	n/a		n/a		23.8	%
Global Focused Value (January 2004)								
Annualized Gross Returns	6.3	%	17.2	%	13.3	%	28.4	%
Annualized Net Returns	5.5	%	16.4	%	12.6	%	27.6	%
MSCI® World Index—Net/U.\$.\$	7.2	%	15.0	%	11.8	%	24.0	%
International (ex-U.S) Expanded Value (November								
2008)								
Annualized Gross Returns	16.9	%	15.9	%	12.0	%	28.7	%
Annualized Net Returns	16.6	%	15.6	%	11.7	%	28.3	%
MSCI® EAFE Index—Net/U.\$.\$	11.9	%	11.8	%	8.1	%	23.6	%
Focused Value (January 1996)								
Annualized Gross Returns	11.5	%	21.1	%	17.5	%	24.6	%
Annualized Net Returns	10.7	%	20.3	%	16.8	%	23.9	%
Russell 1000® Value Index	9.2	%	19.2	%	16.9	%	23.8	%
Small Cap Focused Value (January 1996)								
Annualized Gross Returns	14.7	%	25.1	%	19.7	%	26.9	%
Annualized Net Returns	13.5	%	23.9	%	18.5	%	25.6	%
Russell 2000® Value Index	10.5	%	19.9	%	14.6	%	22.5	%
Global Expanded Value (January 2010)								
Annualized Gross Returns	12.5	%	n/a		13.4	%	27.3	%
Annualized Net Returns	12.2	%	n/a		13.0	%	26.9	%
MSCI® World Index—Net/U.\$.\$	11.7	%	n/a		11.8	%	24.0	%
Emerging Markets Focused Value (January 2008)								
Annualized Gross Returns	3.8	%	11.6	%	5.4	%	21.7	%
Annualized Net Returns	2.9	%	10.9	%	4.8	%	20.9	%
MSCI® Emerging Markets Index—Net/U.\$.\$	(0.2)%	9.2	%	(0.4)%	14.3	%
European Focused Value (August 2008)								
Annualized Gross Returns	8.7	%	17.8	%	13.5	%	32.1	%
Annualized Net Returns	8.3	%	17.4	%	13.1			