

PYRAMID OIL CO
Form 10-Q
August 15, 2011

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-32989

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
(Exact Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

CALIFORNIA
(State of other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

94-0787340
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

2008 – 21st. Street. P.O. Box 832, Bakersfield, California
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

93302

Registrant's telephone number: (661) 325-1000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated Filer
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| (Class) | (Outstanding at August 12, 2011) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Common Stock Without Par Value | 4,683,853 |

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY

FORM 10-Q
June 30, 2011

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY

BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

| | June 30 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31 2010 (Audited) |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,617,207 | \$ 1,535,532 |
| Short-term investments | 3,080,185 | 3,058,528 |
| Trade accounts receivable (net of reserve for doubtful accounts of \$4,000 in 2011 and 2010) | 599,410 | 508,457 |
| Joint interest billing receivable | 68,674 | — |
| Crude oil inventory | 86,205 | 86,361 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 112,604 | 230,876 |
| Deferred Income taxes | 262,500 | 245,100 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 5,826,785 | 5,664,854 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost: | | |
| Oil and gas properties and equipment (successful efforts method) | 19,102,006 | 18,101,529 |
| Capitalized asset retirement costs | 401,242 | 389,463 |
| Drilling and operating equipment | 1,953,683 | 1,946,805 |
| Land, buildings and improvements | 1,073,918 | 1,066,571 |
| Automotive, office and other property and equipment | 1,226,301 | 1,182,613 |
| | 23,757,150 | 22,686,981 |
| Less - accumulated depletion, depreciation, amortization and valuation allowances | (19,118,315) | (18,687,908) |
| TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT | 4,638,835 | 3,999,073 |
| OTHER ASSETS | | |
| Deferred income taxes | 635,000 | 708,500 |
| Deposits | 250,000 | 250,000 |
| Other assets | 17,380 | 7,380 |
| TOTAL OTHER ASSETS | 902,380 | 965,880 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 11,368,000 | \$ 10,629,807 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY

BALANCE SHEETS

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

| | June 30 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31 2010 (Audited) |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$90,486 | \$73,374 |
| Accrued professional fees | 88,049 | 122,506 |
| Accrued taxes, other than income taxes | — | 63,361 |
| Accrued payroll and related costs | 67,880 | 60,365 |
| Accrued royalties payable | 213,969 | 193,052 |
| Accrued insurance | 11,484 | 86,888 |
| Accrued income taxes | 11,600 | 12,800 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 31,793 | 13,473 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 515,261 | 625,819 |
| Long-term debt, net of current maturities | 51,946 | 26,946 |
| LIABILITY FOR ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS | 1,268,536 | 1,235,193 |
| TOTAL LIABILITES | 1,835,743 | 1,887,958 |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 4) | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value Authorized - 10,000,000 shares Issued and outstanding - none | — | — |
| Common stock, no par value (Note 6, 7 and 9) Authorized - 50,000,000 shares Issued and outstanding - 4,683,853 shares | 1,682,971 | 1,639,228 |
| Retained earnings | 7,849,286 | 7,102,621 |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 9,532,257 | 8,741,849 |
| TOTAL LIABILITES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$11,368,000 | \$10,629,807 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

| | Three months ended, June 30, | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| REVENUES: | | |
| Oil and gas sales | \$1,549,029 | \$1,228,391 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES: | | |
| Operating expenses | 447,889 | 438,392 |
| General and administrative | 219,072 | 250,588 |
| Stock based compensation | 43,743 | — |
| Taxes, other than income and payroll taxes | 27,104 | 29,839 |
| Provision for depletion, depreciation, and amortization | 225,895 | 196,873 |
| Valuation allowances | 5,851 | 842,327 |
| Accretion expense | 5,229 | 5,898 |
| Other costs and expenses | 62,197 | 47,303 |
| | 1,036,980 | 1,811,220 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 512,049 | (582,829) |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE): | | |
| Interest income | 13,159 | 8,430 |
| Other income | — | 3,600 |
| Interest expense | (385) | (122) |
| | 12,774 | 11,908 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) | 524,823 | (570,921) |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | | |
| Current | 64,400 | 24,900 |
| Deferred | 33,400 | (293,950) |
| | 97,800 | (269,050) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$427,023 | \$(301,871) |
| BASIC INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE | \$0.09 | \$(0.06) |
| DILUTED INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE | \$0.09 | \$(0.06) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | 4,683,853 | 4,677,728 |
| Diluted average number of common shares outstanding | 4,725,992 | 4,677,728 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

| | Six months ended, June 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| REVENUES: | | |
| Oil and gas sales | \$2,875,327 | \$2,230,130 |
| Gain on sales of fixed assets | 1,012 | — |
| | 2,876,339 | 2,230,130 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES: | | |
| Operating expenses | 861,545 | 778,312 |
| General and administrative | 443,792 | 457,955 |
| Stock based compensation | 43,743 | — |
| Taxes, other than income and payroll taxes | 63,959 | 57,659 |
| Provision for depletion, depreciation, and amortization | 411,423 | 346,260 |
| Valuation allowances | 54,384 | 867,468 |
| Accretion expense | 21,564 | 12,111 |
| Other costs and expenses | 87,684 | 64,543 |
| | 1,988,094 | 2,584,308 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 888,245 | (354,178) |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE): | | |
| Interest income | 26,511 | 16,383 |
| Other income | 500 | 6,397 |
| Interest expense | (1,891) | (303) |
| | 25,120 | 22,477 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) | 913,365 | (331,701) |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | | |
| Current | 110,600 | 44,900 |
| Deferred | 56,100 | (255,400) |
| | 166,700 | (210,500) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$746,665 | \$(121,201) |
| BASIC INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE | \$0.16 | \$(0.03) |
| DILUTED INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE | \$0.16 | \$(0.03) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | 4,681,811 | 4,677,728 |
| Diluted average number of common shares outstanding | 4,723,536 | 4,677,728 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

| | Six months ended, June 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$746,665 | \$(121,201) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Provision for depletion, depreciation, and amortization | 411,423 | 346,260 |
| Valuation allowances | 54,384 | 867,468 |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets | (1,012) | — |
| Stock based compensation | 43,743 | — |
| Accretion expense | 21,564 | 12,111 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | — | 803 |
| Deferred income taxes | 56,100 | (255,400) |
| Asset retirement obligations | 11,779 | — |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| (Increase) in trade accounts and interest receivable | (159,627) | (80,418) |
| Decrease (Increase) in crude oil inventories | 156 | (2,073) |
| Decrease in prepaid expenses | 118,272 | 71,747 |
| (Increase) in other assets | (10,000) | — |
| (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (128,879) | (132,929) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,164,568 | 706,368 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

| | Six months ended, June 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Capital expenditures | \$(1,125,556) | \$(1,498,010) |
| Redemptions of short-term investments | — | 480,000 |
| Payments to acquire short-term investments | — | (250,000) |
| (Increase) decrease in short-term investments | (21,657) | 38,101 |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | 21,000 | — |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (1,126,213) | (1,229,909) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Loans to employees | (800) | (1,900) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 55,979 | — |
| Principal payments from loans to employees | 800 | 2,300 |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | (12,659) | (12,304) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 43,320 | (11,904) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 81,675 | (535,445) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 1,535,532 | 1,438,825 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$1,617,207 | \$903,380 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | |
| Cash paid during the six months for interest | \$1,891 | \$303 |
| Cash paid during the six months for income taxes | \$111,800 | \$800 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements include the accounts of Pyramid Oil Company (the Company). Such financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies is contained in its December 31, 2010 Form 10-K which is incorporated herein by reference. The financial data presented herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's December 31, 2010 financial statements and notes thereto, contained in the Company's Form 10-K.

In the opinion of the Company, the unaudited financial statements, contained herein, include all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year.

Income Taxes - When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. The benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above is reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, California, Texas and New York states. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal tax examination for the years before 2007. State jurisdictions that remain subject to examination range from 2006 to 2010. The Company does not believe there will be any material changes in its unrecognized tax positions over the next 12 months.

The Company policy is to recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. As of the date of adoption of FASB ASC 740, the Company did not have any accrued interest or penalties associated with any unrecognized tax benefits, nor was any interest expense recognized during the quarter.

Interest associated with unrecognized tax benefits are classified as interest expense and penalties are classified in selling, general and administrative expenses in the statements of income.

Earnings (Loss) per Share - Basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the

period.

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Valuation Allowances - The Company has recorded valuation allowances for certain of its oil and gas properties when the undiscounted future net cash flows are less than the net capitalized costs for the property. On March 21, 2011, the Company participated in the drilling of a joint venture well in Menard County, Texas. Log analysis of this well indicated that the well would not be commercially viable, and was plugged and abandoned. The Company owns a 30% interest in the joint venture. The Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$54,384 against the costs incurred during the first six months of 2011 for the drilling of this well.

Joint Interest Billing Receivable - The Company entered into a joint venture agreement on February 23, 2011 with Victory Oil Company for the drilling of a well on the Company's Pike lease. The well was drilled during the first quarter of 2011. The well was completed and placed into production during April 2011. The Company's share of the total costs for drilling and completing this well are 68% and Victory Oil's share of costs are 32%. As of June 30, 2011, the Company's share of costs for drilling this well are approximately \$897,000 and Victory Oil's share of the costs were approximately \$422,000. At June 30, 2011, the Company has a joint interest billing receivable of approximately \$69,000 for its remaining share of the costs for drilling and operating this well. Initial production results from this well indicated water entry problems that have disrupted the flow of oil from this well. The Company has been attempting to correct these problems with different procedures and treatments. As of this report, the initial problem still exists.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

ASU 2010-28 – In December 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2010-28, “When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts” (“ASU 2010-28”). ASU 2010-28 provides amendments to ASC No. 350 “Intangibles-Goodwill and Other”, modifying Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The qualitative factors are consistent with the existing guidance and examples in paragraph 350-20-35-30, which requires that goodwill of a reporting unit be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2010 and early adoption is not permitted. The adoption of ASU 2010-28 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, or disclosures thereto.

ASU 2010-29 – In December 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-29, “Disclosure of Supplementary Pro Forma Information for Business Combinations” (“ASU 2010-29”). ASU 2010-29 provides amendments to ASC No. 805 “Business Combinations”, which specify that if a public entity presents comparative financial statements, the entity should disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination(s) that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period only. The amendments in this update also expand the supplemental pro forma disclosure under ASC No. 805 to include a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination included in the reported pro forma revenue and earnings. The amendments in this update are effective prospectively for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2010, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of ASU 2010-29 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, or disclosures thereto.

ASU 2011-04 - In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, "Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs" (ASU 2011-04) which amends ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 820 changes the wording used to describe the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 820 is effective during interim and annual period beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2011-04 on our results of operations, financial condition and disclosure requirements. We will apply the provisions of these accounting standards after the effective date.

ASU 2011-05 - In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05, "Presentation of Comprehensive Income" (ASU 2011-05) which amends ASC Topic 220, Comprehensive Income. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 220 gives an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 220 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance will not have any impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

3. Dividends

No cash dividends were paid during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

4. Commitments and Contingencies

In February 2002, the Company entered into an employment agreement with John H. Alexander pursuant to which Mr. Alexander agreed to serve as the Company's Vice President. On June 3, 2004, Mr. Alexander was appointed as the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer. The employment agreement is for an initial term of six years, which term automatically renews annually if written notice is not tendered. The agreement was automatically renewed on June 3, 2011.

Pursuant to the employment agreement, the Company may terminate Mr. Alexander's employment with or without cause at any time before its term expires upon providing written notice. In the event the Company terminates Mr. Alexander's employment without cause, Mr. Alexander would be entitled to receive a severance amount equal to his annual base salary and benefits for the balance of the term of his employment agreement. In the event of termination by reason of Mr. Alexander's death or permanent disability, his legal representative will be entitled to receive his annual salary and benefits for the remaining term of his employment agreement. In the event of, or termination following, a change in control of the Company, as defined in the agreement, Mr. Alexander would be entitled to receive his annual salary and benefits for the remainder of the term of his agreement. In the event that Mr. Alexander is terminated the Company would incur approximately \$600,000 in costs.

The Company has been notified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) of a final settlement offer to settle its potential liability as a generator of waste containing hazardous substances that was disposed of at a waste disposal site in Santa Barbara County. The Company has responded to the EPA by indicating that the waste contained petroleum products that fall within the exception to the definition of hazardous substances for petroleum-related substances of the pertinent EPA regulations. Management has concluded that under both Federal and State regulations no reasonable basis exists for any valid claim against the Company. As such, the likelihood of any settlement is deemed remote. There has been no further communication from the EPA on this matter since September 25, 2009.

5. Income Tax Provision

The Company recognized an income tax provision of \$166,700 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to a net income tax benefit of \$210,500 for the same period in 2010.

Income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was calculated as follows:

| | Federal | State | Total |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Current tax provision | \$ 94,800 | \$ 15,800 | \$ 110,600 |
| Deferred tax provision | 43,800 | 12,300 | 56,100 |
| | \$ 138,600 | \$ 28,100 | \$ 166,700 |

Income tax provision (benefit) for the six months June 30, 2010 was calculated as follows:

| | Federal | State | Total |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Current tax provision | \$ 37,850 | \$ 7,050 | \$ 44,900 |
| Deferred tax (benefit) | (198,900) | (56,500) | (255,400) |
| | \$ (161,050) | \$ (49,450) | \$ (210,500) |

Income tax provision for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was calculated as follows:

| | Federal | State | Total |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Current tax provision | \$ 54,500 | \$ 9,900 | \$ 64,400 |
| Deferred tax provision | 26,100 | 7,300 | 33,400 |
| | \$ 80,600 | \$ 17,200 | \$ 97,800 |

Income tax provision (benefit) for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was calculated as follows:

| | Federal | State | Total |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Current tax provision | \$ 20,850 | \$ 4,050 | \$ 24,900 |
| Deferred tax (benefit) | (228,850) | (65,100) | (293,950) |
| | \$ (208,000) | \$ (61,050) | \$ (269,050) |

Deferred income taxes are recognized using the asset and liability method by applying income tax rates to cumulative temporary differences based on when and how they are expected to affect the tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for income tax rate changes. Deferred income tax assets have been offset by a valuation allowance of \$1,726,000 as of June 30, 2011. Management reviews deferred income taxes regularly throughout the year, and accordingly makes any necessary adjustments to properly reflect the valuation allowance based upon current financial trends and projected results.

6. Severance Award Agreements

On September 15, 2010, the Company and John Alexander entered into a Severance Award Agreement pursuant to which the Company awarded Mr. Alexander a supplemental payment in connection with his future severance of employment with the Company and recorded an increase to stockholders' equity of \$113,500 (25,000 shares at \$4.54 per share). Pursuant to the Severance Award Agreement and following the termination of Mr. Alexander's employment, he will be entitled to receive (at the Company's option) 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock or the then-fair market value of the shares. As of September 30, 2010, the Company intends to deliver the Company's common shares for the Severance Award; therefore, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation, management has classified the share-based compensation as stockholders' equity at September 30, 2010.

7. Incentive and Retention Plan

On January 9, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors adopted an Incentive and Retention Plan pursuant to which the Company's officers and other employees selected by the Company's Compensation Committee are entitled to receive payments if they are employed by the Company as of the date of a 'Corporate Transaction,' as defined in the Incentive and Retention Plan. A 'Corporate Transaction' includes certain mergers involving the Company, sales of Company assets, and other changes in the control of the Company, as specified in the Incentive and Retention Plan. In general, the amount that is payable to each plan participant will equal the number of plan units that have been granted to him or her, multiplied by the increase in the value of the Company between January 9, 2007 and the date of a Corporate Transaction. There has been no Corporate Transaction since the adoption of the Incentive and Retention Plan.

8. Related-party Transaction

Effective January 1, 1990, John H. Alexander, an officer and director of the Company participated with a group of investors that acquired the mineral and fee interest on one of the Company's oil and gas leases (Santa Fe Energy lease) in the Carneros Creek field after the Company declined to participate. The thirty-three percent interest owned by Mr. Alexander represents a minority interest in the investor group. Royalties on oil and gas production from this property paid to the investor group approximated \$119,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and \$103,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2010.

9. Stock Based Compensation

The Company issued warrants and options to purchase common shares of the Company as compensation for consulting and Board of Directors services. The value of warrants and options issued for compensation are accounted for as a non-cash expense to the Company at the fair value of the warrants and options issued. The Company values the warrants and options at fair value as calculated by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. As of June 30, 2011 the Company has \$0 in unamortized stock based compensation related to outstanding options and warrants.

The following table summarizes the warrant and option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

| (Unaudited) | Number of Warrants and Options | Weighted-Average Exercise Price |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Outstanding, December 31, 2010 | 25,000 | \$ 3.20 |
| Granted | 10,000 | 5.40 |
| Exercised | (10,000) | 3.20 |

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| | | |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| Cancelled | — | — |
| Outstanding, June 30, 2011 | 25,000 | \$ 4.08 |

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On March 1, 2011, a consultant exercised 10,000 warrants under “cash-less” exercise provisions of the warrant agreement.

The following summarizes the warrants issued, outstanding and exercisable as of June 30, 2011:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Grant Date | November, 2008 |
| Strike Price | \$3.20 |
| Expiration Date | November, 2011 |
| Warrants Remaining | 15,000 |
| Proceeds if Exercised | \$48,000 |

The following summarizes the options issued, outstanding and exercisable as of June 30, 2011:

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Grant Date | June 2, 2011 |
| Strike Price | \$5.40 |
| Expiration Date | June 1, 2016 |
| Options Remaining | 10,000 |
| Proceeds if Exercised | \$54,000 |

10. Fair Value

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted FASB ASC 820 (formerly SFAS No. 157) for our nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities measured on a non-recurring basis. The Company adopted the provisions of FASB ASC 820 for measuring the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities during 2008. As defined in FASB ASC 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company utilizes market data or assumptions that we believe market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. FASB ASC 820 establishes a three-tiered fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1 - Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2 - Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions. Included in this category is the Company’s determination of the value of its asset retirement obligation liability. The obligation has increased \$33,343 during the six months ended June 30, 2011 as a result of normal accretion expense and the drilling of a new well.

The carrying amount of our cash and equivalents, short term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

11. Registration Statement on Form S-3

The Company filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 22, 2009, that became effective on January 14, 2010. The registration statement is designed to provide the Company the flexibility to offer and sell from time to time up to \$20 million of the Company's common stock. The Company may offer and sell such securities through one or more methods of distribution, subject to market conditions and the Company's capital needs. The terms of any offering under the shelf registration statement will be established at the time of such offering and will be described in a prospectus supplement filed with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering. The Company has not filed any supplemental prospectus with the SEC or sold any common stock under this registration statement.

12. Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company recognizes a liability at discounted fair value for the future retirement of tangible long-lived assets and associated assets retirement cost associated with the petroleum and natural gas properties. The fair value of the liability is capitalized as part of the cost of the related asset and amortized to expense over its useful life. The liability accretes until the date of expected settlement of the retirement obligations. The related accretion expense is recognized in the statement of operations. The provision will be revised for the effect of any changes to timing related to cash flow or undiscounted abandonment costs. Actual expenditures incurred for the purpose of site reclamation are charged to the asset retirement obligations to the extent that the liability exists on the balance sheet. Differences between the actual costs incurred and the fair value of the liability recorded are recognized in income in the period the actual costs are incurred.

There are no legally restricted assets for the settlement of asset retirement obligations. A reconciliation of the Company's asset retirement obligations from the periods presented, are as follows:

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2010 | \$1,235,193 |
| Incurred during the period | — |
| Additions for new wells | 11,779 |
| Accretion expense | 21,564 |
| Balance at June 30, 2011 | \$1,268,536 |

13. Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events after the balance sheet date of June 30, 2011 through the date these unaudited financial statements were issued.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Looking forward into the balance of fiscal 2011, crude oil prices have decreased by \$11.50 per barrel.

The Company continues to evaluate drilling options on its core properties in Kern County, California. Management has developed re-drilling programs for two existing wells on Company properties in the Mountain View area. Subject to drilling rig availability, the Company hopes to commence drilling operations during the fourth quarter. The Company also is considering drilling two relatively shallow heavy oil test wells during the fourth quarter on its Chico Martinez property, also in Kern County. In light of the very active domestic drilling environment, access to contract drilling rigs continues to be restricted, and this has made well scheduling difficult.

In late March 2011, the Company completed drilling operations on the Pike 1-H, a horizontal oil well drilled in Taft, California with joint-venture partner Victory Oil Company. After encouraging test results, the well has continued to generate high water volumes that the Company believes have disrupted the initial flow of oil. Pyramid and Victory continue to pursue a range of technical options for addressing the production issues on this well.

Pyramid has maintained a strong balance sheet and working capital position, and management continues to seek and evaluate opportunities within the energy sector to enhance the value of the Company. Pyramid's growth during the balance of 2011 will be highly dependant on the level of success the Company has in its operations and capital investments, including the outcome of wells that have not yet been drilled. The Company's capital investment program may be modified during the year due to exploration and development successes or failures, market conditions and other variables. The production and sales of oil and gas involves many complex processes that are subject to numerous uncertainties, including reservoir risk, mechanical failures, human error and market conditions.

The Company has positioned itself, over the past several years, to withstand various types of economic uncertainties, with a program of consolidating operations on certain producing properties and concentrating on properties that provide the major revenue sources. The drilling of a new well and several limited work-overs of certain wells have allowed the Company to maintain its crude oil reserves for the last three years. The Company expects to maintain its reserve base in 2011 by drilling new wells and routine maintenance of its existing wells.

The Company may be subject to future costs necessary for compliance with the new implementation of air and water environmental quality requirements of the various state and federal governmental agencies. The requirements and costs are unknown at this time, but management believes that costs could be significant in some cases. As the scope of the requirements become more clearly defined, management may be better equipped to determine the true costs to the Company.

The Company continues to absorb the costs for various state and local fees and permits under new environmental programs, the sum of which were not material during 2010. The Company retains outside consultants to assist the Company in maintaining compliance with these regulations. The Company is actively pursuing an ongoing policy of upgrading and restoring older properties to comply with current and proposed environmental regulations. The costs of upgrading and restoring older properties to comply with environmental regulations have not been determined. Management believes that these costs will not have a material adverse effect upon its financial position or results of operations.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Portions of the Quarterly Report, including Management's Discussion and Analysis, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results and performance in future periods to be materially different from any future results or performance suggested in forward-looking statements in this release. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements found herein to reflect any changes in Company expectations or results or any change in events. Factors that could cause results to differ materially include, but are not limited to: the timing and extent of changes in commodity prices of oil, gas and electricity, environmental risk, drilling and operational costs, uncertainties about estimates of reserves and government regulations.

ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 COMPARED TO THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

REVENUES

The increase in oil and gas sales of \$320,638 is due primarily to higher average sales prices for the second quarter of 2011. The average sales price of the Company's oil and gas for the second quarter of 2011 increased by approximately \$34.76 per equivalent barrel when compared to the same period of 2010. The Company's net revenue share of crude oil production/sales decreased by approximately 2,400 barrels for the second quarter of 2011.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses increased by \$9,497 for the second quarter of 2011. The cost to produce an equivalent barrel of crude oil during the second quarter of 2011 was approximately \$31.46 per barrel, an increase of approximately \$5.03 per barrel when compared with production costs for the second quarter of 2010. The increase in lease operating expenses is caused by many factors. These include higher costs for contract operations, labor, equipment rental, equipment fuel, electric motor repairs and outside services. This was offset by lower costs for parts and supplies and pump repairs.

Contract operations increased by \$10,862 due primarily to higher operating costs on the Wyoming joint venture operations due to workovers on certain wells. Labor costs increased by \$8,424 due primarily to additional overtime hours worked during the second quarter of 2011 when compared with the same period of 2010. Equipment rental costs increased by \$7,127 due primarily to higher costs on the Pike lease. The Company leased the surface pumping unit and a crude oil storage tank for the new 1-H well that was drilled in the first quarter of 2011. Equipment fuel costs increased by \$5,615 due primarily to the increase in average fuel costs for gasoline and diesel used by the Company's vehicles and production equipment. Outside services increased by \$4,953 due primarily to charges for the Miller lease. The Company engaged a third-party contractor to clear the surface area of the Miller fee property.

Parts and supplies were lower by \$18,572 due to lower maintenance activities for the second quarter of 2011. Down-hole pump repairs were lower by \$13,293 due to lower maintenance activities for the second quarter of 2011.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$31,516 for the second quarter of 2011 when compared with the same period for 2010. Consulting services decreased by \$28,200 and legal services decreased by approximately \$20,000. This was offset by higher costs for directors and officers liability insurance and accounting services. Consulting services declined due to lower fees for consulting geologists. In 2010, the Company retained a geologist to review its oil and gas properties for future well locations. That project was completed in 2010. Legal fees declined due primarily to lower fees for SEC filings and compliance. Directors and officers liability insurance increased by \$9,634. The directors and officers liability insurance was not effective until October 1, 2010. Accounting services increased by \$8,905 due to higher audit fees and because of additional fees paid to a third-party individual who has assisted with the training and implementation of a new oil and gas accounting software that was effective January 1, 2011.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective June 2, 2011, the Company's board of directors approved the issuance of options to purchase 5,000 shares of the Company's common stock to the Company's two outside directors. These options vest immediately and must be

exercised within ninety days after the director leaves office. The Company recorded \$43,743 in stock based compensation during the second quarter of 2011, based on a valuation performed using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

PROVISION FOR DEPLETION, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

The provision for depletion, depreciation and amortization increased by \$29,022 for the second quarter of 2011, when compared with the same period for 2010. The increase is due primarily to an increase in depletion of the Companies oil and gas properties and the amortization of leaseholds. The increase in depletion of approximately \$16,000 is due primarily to an increase in the depletion rate per barrel on the Santa Fe and the Anderson oil producing properties for 2011. The depletion rate for these properties increased for 2011 due to a decrease in oil and gas reserves at December 31, 2010. The amortization of Texas leaseholds increased by approximately \$14,000 during the second quarter of 2011 when compared with the same period for 2010.

VALUATION ALLOWANCES

On March 21, 2011, the Company participated in the drilling of a joint venture well in Menard County, Texas. Log analysis of this well indicated that the well would not be commercially viable, and was plugged and abandoned. The Company owns a 30% interest in the joint venture. The Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$5,851 against the costs incurred for the drilling of this well during the second quarter of 2011.

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company commenced drilling of a horizontal well on one of its Mountain View properties in Kern County, California. The well was drilled to its objective but did not encounter adequate hydrocarbons to warrant completion of the well. During the second quarter of 2010, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$842,327 for the costs that had been incurred for the drilling of this well.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 COMPARED TO THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

REVENUES

The increase in oil and gas sales of \$645,197 is due primarily to higher average sales prices for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The average sales price of the Company's oil and gas for the six months ended June 30, 2011 increased by approximately \$28.37 per equivalent barrel when compared to the same period of 2010. The Company's net revenue share of crude oil production/sales decreased by approximately 2,000 barrels for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses increased by \$83,233 for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The cost to produce an equivalent barrel of crude oil during the six months ended June 30, 2011 was approximately \$30.89 per barrel, an increase of approximately \$4.81 per barrel when compared with production costs for the same period of 2010. The increase in lease operating expenses is caused by many factors. These include higher costs for labor, contract operations, chemicals, equipment repair and maintenance, equipment fuel, outside services and equipment rental. This was offset by lower costs for parts and supplies.

Labor costs increased by \$25,773 due primarily to an increase in hours worked, both regular and overtime hours, during the six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared with the same period of 2010. Contract operations increased by \$16,688 due primarily to higher operating costs on the Wyoming joint venture operations due to workovers on certain wells. Chemical costs increased by \$15,455 due to higher volumes of chemical usage at a number of the Company's oil and gas properties. Equipment repair and maintenance costs increased by \$14,061 due primarily to higher levels of maintenance on the Company's production equipment, pickups and trucks. Equipment fuel costs increased by \$13,627 due primarily to the increase in average fuel costs for gasoline and diesel used by the

Company's vehicles and production equipment. Outside services increased by \$9,461 due primarily to charges for the Miller lease. The Company engaged a third-party contractor to clear the surface area of the Miller fee property.

Equipment rental costs increased by \$7,262 due primarily to higher costs on the Pike lease. The Company leased the surface pumping unit and a crude oil storage tank for the new 1-H well that was drilled in the first quarter of 2011. Parts and supplies were lower by \$18,306 due to lower maintenance activities for the first six months ended June 30, 2011.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$14,162 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared with the same period for 2010. Consulting services decreased by \$37,795 and legal services decreased by approximately \$4,600. This was offset by higher costs for directors and officer's liability insurance and accounting services. Consulting services declined due to lower fees for consulting geologists. In 2010, the Company retained a geologist to review its oil and gas properties for future well locations. That project was completed in 2010. Legal fees declined due primarily to lower fees for SEC filings and compliance. Directors and officer's liability insurance increased by \$17,475. The directors and officers liability insurance was not effective until October 1, 2010. Accounting services increased by \$14,510 due primarily to additional fees paid to a third-party individual to assist with the training and implementation of a new oil and gas accounting software that was effective January 1, 2011.

PROVISION FOR DEPLETION, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

The provision for depletion, depreciation and amortization increased by \$65,163 for the six months ended June 30, 2011, when compared with the same period for 2010. The increase is due primarily to an increase in depletion of the Companies oil and gas properties. The increase in depletion of approximately \$79,200 is due primarily to an increase in the depletion rate per barrel on the Santa Fe and the Anderson oil producing properties for 2011. The depletion rate for these properties increased for 2011 due to a decrease in oil and gas reserves at December 31, 2010. This was offset by a decline in the amortization of Texas leaseholds. The amortization of Texas leaseholds decreased by approximately \$12,000 during the second quarter of 2011, when compared with the same period for 2010.

VALUATION ALLOWANCES

On March 21, 2011, the Company participated in the drilling of a joint venture well in Menard County, Texas. Log analysis of this well indicated that the well would not be commercially viable, and was plugged and abandoned. The Company owns a 30% interest in the joint venture. The Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$54,384 against the costs incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2011 for the drilling of this well.

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company commenced drilling of a horizontal well on one of its Mountain View properties in Kern County, California. The well was drilled to its objective but did not encounter adequate hydrocarbons to warrant completion of the well. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$867,468 against the costs that had been incurred for the drilling of this well.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$81,675 for the six months ended June 30, 2011. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, operating activities provided cash of \$1,164,568. Cash was also provided by proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt of \$55,979 and proceeds from the sale of property and equipment of \$21,000. Cash was used for capital spending of \$1,125,556 and principal payments on long-term debt of \$21,657. See the Statements of Cash Flows for additional detailed information. The Company had available a line of credit of \$500,000 and short-term investments of \$3,080,185 at June 30, 2011 that provided additional liquidity during the first six months of 2011.

IMPACT OF CHANGING PRICES

The Company's revenue is affected by crude oil prices paid by the major oil companies. Average crude oil prices for the six months ended June 30, 2011 increased by approximately \$28.40 per equivalent barrel when compared with the same period of 2010. The Company cannot predict the future course of crude oil prices.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Not Applicable

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. - Legal Proceedings

None

Item 1A. - Risk Factors

See the risk factors that are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 2. - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3. - Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. - [Removed and Reserved]

None

Item 5. - Other Information

None

Item 6. - Exhibits

10.1 - Stock Option Agreement dated as of June 2, 2011 between Registrant and John E. Turco.

10.2 - Stock Option Agreement dated as of June 2, 2011 between Registrant and Gary L. Ronning.

31.1 - Certification of the Registrant's Principal Executive Officer under Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15-d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 - Certification of the Registrant's Principal Financial Officer under Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15-d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 - Certification of the Registrant's Principal Executive Officer under 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 - Certification of the Registrant's Principal Financial Officer under 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

101 - The following information from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (1) Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010; (2) Income Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010; (3) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010; and (4) Notes to Financial

Statements.*

*Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the information in Exhibit 101 (a) is “furnished” and is not deemed to be “filed” or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (b) is deemed not to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and (c) is not otherwise subject to liability under those sections.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PYRAMID OIL COMPANY
(registrant)

Dated: August 15, 2011

JOHN H. ALEXANDER
John H. Alexander
President

Dated: August 15, 2011

LEE G. CHRISTIANSON
Lee G. Christianson
Chief Financial Officer