XSUNX INC Form POS AM March 29, 2011

As filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2011

Registration No. 333-166427

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Colorado XSUNX, INC. 84-134159 (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Classification Code Number)

or Organization) in its Charter)

65 Enterprise
Aliso Viejo, California 92656
(949) 330-8060
(Address and Telephone Number of Principal Executive Office)

3081 (Primary Standard Industrial Aliso Viejo, California 92656 (949) 330-8060 (Name, Address and Telephone Number of

Agent for Service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this registration statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, check the following box. x

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering."

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company x

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-166427) originally filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 30, 2010, was declared effective on June 30, 2010 (the "Original Registration Statement"). The Registrant is filing this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Original Registration Statement in order to update the Original Registration Statement to include, among other things, the Registrant's audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 and unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three months ended December 31, 2010, and other updated information about the Registrant.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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#### SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MARCH 28, 2011.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

# PROSPECTUS XSUNX, INC. 27,500.000 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus ("Prospectus") relates to the sale of up to 27,500,000 shares of the common stock, no par value per share, of XsunX, Inc. (referred to herein as the "Company", "XsunX", or "we", "us", or "our") by the "selling stockholde Lincoln Park Capital Fund, LLC. Please refer to "Selling Stockholder" beginning on page 14.

The Company is not selling any shares of common stock in this offering and therefore will not receive any proceeds from this offering. All costs associated with this registration will be borne by the Company.

Shares of common stock are being offered for sale by the selling stockholder at prices established on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board (the "OTCBB") during the term of this offering. On March 21, 2011, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$0.097 per share. Our common stock is quoted on the OTCBB under the symbol "XSNX". These prices will fluctuate based on the demand for the shares of our common stock and other factors.

Brokers or dealers effecting transactions in these shares should confirm that the shares are registered under the applicable state law or that an exemption from registration is available.

These securities are speculative and involve a high degree of risk. Please refer to "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7 for a discussion of these risks.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The selling stockholder is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The date of this Prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2011

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following is only a summary of the information, financial statements and the notes thereto included in this prospectus (the "Prospectus"). You should read the entire Prospectus carefully, including "Risk Factors" and our financial statements and the notes thereto before making any investment decision.

#### **Business Overview**

XsunX, Inc. is a Colorado corporation formerly known as Sun River Mining Inc. (referred to herein as the "Company", "XsunX", or "we", "us" or "our"). The Company was originally incorporated on February 25, 1997.

XsunX is developing and has begun to market a hybrid manufacturing solution to produce high performance Copper Indium Gallium (di) Selenide (CIGS) thin film solar cells. Our patent pending system and processing technology, which we call CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup>, focuses on the mass production of individual thin-film CIGS solar cells that match silicon solar cell dimensions and can be offered as a non-toxic, high-efficiency and lowest-cost alternative to the use of silicon solar cells. We intend to offer licenses for the use of the CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> process technology thereby generating revenue streams through licensing fees and manufacturing royalties for the use of the technology.

## **Technology Overview**

Our efforts have been focused on the development and customization of a series of specialized processing tools that when combined provide a turn-key high-throughput manufacturing system to produce CIGS solar cells.

Core attributes to our process method are the use of small area thermal co-evaporation techniques coupled with state-of-the-art sputter deposition technologies derived from the hard disc drive (HDD) industry to improve manufacturing output, increase cell efficiency, production yields, and lower the costs for the production of high efficiency CIGS cells.

There are five (5) core process tools that when combined will initially produce 125mm format (about 5" square) solar cells, scaling to 156mm formats (about 6" square). We believe that it will be the ability of our system to minimize processing defects while maintaining exceptional per hour production rates that will provide superior commercial opportunities. CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> cells will be manufactured on stainless steel squares sized to match silicon solar cells currently used in nearly 75% of all solar modules manufactured today.

This innovative approach bridges the gap between inexpensive thin-film and costly high efficiency silicon wafer technologies to produce a new breed of solar cell combining what we believe are the best attributes of each technology. The mass production of individual, high performance CIGS solar cells – like solar building blocks – we believe will allow solar power to finally compete effectively against other sources of electrical energy.

## CIGS Thin Film Solar Devices

Copper Indium Gallium (di) Selenide (CIGS) exceeds all other thin film solar cell performance to date delivering nearly 20% conversions in laboratory environments. It is this high efficiency low cost potential for CIGS, and its wide array of uses and applications, that we believe provides the basis to drive the cost of energy production for alternative sources to unprecedented new lows. For this reason many major research institutes and agencies worldwide view CIGS as a significant solar technology and support continuous development and research efforts related to CIGS thin films.

We believe that through the successful combination of small area co-evaporation processing techniques with the high rate sputter processing techniques developed within the hard disc media industry, overall factory yields (total watts of

production per day) can be increased thereby resulting in lower production costs while still delivering the full energy and low cost potential that CIGS based devices can offer.

## **CIGS** Experience

Our staff experience includes nearly 16 years of thin film and CIGS experience in successful technology development, equipment design, and production of several million square feet CIGS products in a commercial production setting. Our Chief Technology Officer has worked side by side with leading researchers at NREL and in fact shares an R&D 100 award with NREL staff for efforts related to CIGS technology development.

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Our resident XsunX thin film CIGS technologists and manufacturing experts are working jointly with a leading producer of manufacturing equipment utilized in the hard disc market to create a unique process of coupling small area deposition (approximately 5X5 inch squares), material control, and material transport technologies from the disk drive industry for use in the production of thin film CIGS solar cells. We are combining the expertise and years of technological improvements derived from the sophisticated hard disc drive manufacturing industry with XsunX staff experience in the CIGS thin film industry.

About Us

We are a Colorado corporation. Our principal executive offices are located at 65 Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656. Our telephone number is (949) 330-8060. Our website can be accessed at www.xsunx.com.

## The Offering

This Prospectus relates to the sale of up to 27,500,000 shares of the common stock, no par value per share, of XsunX, Inc. by certain persons who are stockholders of the Company. The selling stockholder is Lincoln Park Capital Fund, LLC ("LPC").

On March 30, 2010, we entered into a purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with LPC, whereby LPC agreed to purchase up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 of our common stock (the "Purchase Shares"). Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, LPC purchased an initial amount of \$500,000 of Purchase Shares (5,000,000 Purchase Shares) from us, and in consideration for LPC entering into the Purchase Agreement we agreed to the issuance of up to 2,500,000 shares of common stock (the "Commitment Shares") to LPC of which 1,250,000 were issued to LPC at the time of the initial purchase. Further, subject to our satisfaction of certain conditions, such as the effectiveness of a registration statement covering the shares under the Purchase Agreement, LPC agreed to buy more of the Purchase Shares at our direction, at any time, in any amount up to \$50,000 at a specified purchase price per share. Also, pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, after the SEC declared effective the registration statement, we have the right, over a 25-month period, to sell the remaining Purchase Shares to LPC in amounts up to \$500,000 per sale, subject to certain conditions as set forth in the Purchase Agreement, up to the aggregate commitment of \$5,000,000. The SEC declared the Registration Statement effective as of June 30, 2010. Since that date and including the initial purchase, we have sold a total of \$775,000 of Purchase Shares (8,123,158 shares) and issued 1,326,386 Commitment Shares for a total of 9,449,544 shares issued to LPC through March 21, 2011.

Please refer to "Selling Stockholder" beginning on page 14.

The Company is not selling any shares of common stock in this offering and therefore will not receive any proceeds from this offering. However, it may receive up to \$5,000,000 from LPC in connection with the initial sale of the Purchase Shares under the Purchase Agreement. Any proceeds from LPC that we receive under the Purchase Agreement will be used for working capital and general corporate purposes. All costs associated with this registration will be borne by the Company.

Shares of common stock are being offered for sale by the selling stockholder at prices established on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board (the "OTCBB") during the term of this offering. On March 21, 2011, the last reported sale price of our common stock was \$0.097 per share. Our common stock is quoted on the OTCBB under the symbol "XSNX.OB". These prices will fluctuate based on the demand for the shares of our common stock.

Common Stock Offered

27,500,000 shares by the selling stockholder

Offering Price

Market price

Common Stock Currently Outstanding 219,297,821 shares as of March 21, 2011

Use of Proceeds We will not receive any proceeds of the shares offered by the

selling stockholders. See "Use of Proceeds" on page 17 herein.

Risk Factors The securities offered hereby involve a high degree of risk. See

"Risk Factors" on page 7 herein.

Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board Symbol XSNX.OB

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#### RISK FACTORS

We are subject to various risks that may materially harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. An investor should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below and the other information in this filing before deciding to purchase our common stock. If any of these risks or uncertainties actually occurs, our business, financial condition or operating results could be materially harmed. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline or we may be forced to cease operations.

#### RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

We have a limited operating history with significant losses and expect losses to continue for the foreseeable future, as such we expect that we will need to obtain additional financing to continue to operate our business, including capital expenditures to complete the development of marketable thin film manufacturing technologies, and financing may be unavailable or available only on disadvantageous terms which could cause the Company to curtail its business operations and delay the execution of its business plan.

We are a development stage company and, to date, have not generated any significant revenues. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., which contemplate our continuation as a going concern. Net loss for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$2,210,603 and \$10,634,133, respectively. Net cash used for operations was \$(1,347,395) and \$(2,862,327) for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. From inception through September 30, 2010, we had an accumulated deficit of \$33,919,805. Our revenues have not been sufficient to sustain our operations and we expect that our revenues will not be sufficient to sustain our operations for the foreseeable future. As such, we expect that we will continue to need significant financing to operate our business. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that additional financing will be available or that the terms of such additional financing, if available, will be acceptable to us. If additional financing is not available or not available on terms acceptable to us, our ability to fund our operations, complete the development of marketable technologies, develop a sales network, maintain our research and development efforts or otherwise respond to competitive pressures may be significantly impaired. We could also be forced to curtail our business operations, reduce our investments, decrease or eliminate capital expenditures and delay the execution of our business plan, including, without limitation, all aspects of our operations, which would have a material adverse affect on our business. The items discussed above raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. We cannot assure you that we can achieve or sustain profitability in the future. Our operations are subject to the risks and competition inherent in the establishment of a business enterprise. There can be no assurance that future operations will be profitable. Revenues and profits, if any, will depend upon various factors, including whether our product development can be completed, whether our products will achieve market acceptance and whether we obtain additional financing. We may not achieve our business objectives and the failure to achieve such goals would have a materially adverse impact on us.

We may be required to raise additional financing by issuing new securities with terms or rights superior to those of our shares of common stock, which could adversely affect the market price of our shares of common stock and our business.

We will require additional financing to fund future operations, including expansion in current and new markets, development and acquisition, capital costs and the costs of any necessary implementation of technological innovations or alternative technologies. We may not be able to obtain financing on favorable terms, if at all. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, the percentage ownership of our current stockholders will be reduced, and the holders of the new equity securities may have rights superior to those of the holders of shares of common stock, which could adversely affect the market price and the voting power of shares of our common stock. If we raise additional funds by issuing debt securities, the holders of these debt securities would similarly have some rights senior to those

of the holders of shares of common stock, and the terms of these debt securities could impose restrictions on operations and create a significant interest expense for us which could have a materially adverse affect on our business.

Particularly, we may direct LPC to purchase shares of our common stock over a 25 month period generally in amounts of up to \$50,000 every 2 business days. However, LPC shall not have the right nor the obligation to purchase any shares of our common stock on any business day that the market price of our common stock is less than \$0.08.

The extent that we rely on LPC as a source of funding will depend on a number of factors including, the prevailing market price of our common stock and the extent to which we are able to secure working capital from other sources such as through the sale of our products. If obtaining sufficient funding from LPC were to prove unavailable or prohibitively dilutive and if we are unable to sell enough of our products, we may need to secure another source of funding in order to satisfy our working capital needs. Even if we sell all \$5,000,000 worth of common stock under the Purchase Agreement to LPC, we may still need additional capital to fully implement our business, operating and development plans. Should the financing we require to sustain our working capital needs be unavailable or prohibitively expensive when we require it, the consequences could be a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects.

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If future products based on technologies we are developing cannot be developed for manufacture and sold commercially or our products become obsolete or noncompetitive, we may be unable to recover our investments or achieve profitability which will have a materially adverse affect on our business.

There can be no assurance that our research and development efforts will be successful or that we will be able to develop commercial applications for our products and technologies. Further, the areas in which we are developing technologies and products are characterized by rapid and significant technological change. Rapid technological development may result in our products becoming obsolete or noncompetitive. If future products based on our technologies cannot be developed for manufacture and sold commercially or our products become obsolete or noncompetitive, we may be unable to recover our investments or achieve profitability. In addition, the commercialization schedule may be delayed if we experience delays in meeting development goals, if products based on our technologies exhibit technical defects, or if we are unable to meet cost or performance goals. In this event, potential purchasers of products based on our technologies may choose alternative technologies and any delays could allow potential competitors to gain market advantages.

There is no assurance that the market will accept our products once development has been completed which could have an adverse affect on our business.

There can be no assurance that products based on our technologies will be perceived as being superior to existing products or new products being developed by competing companies or that such products will otherwise be accepted by consumers. The market prices for products based on our technologies may exceed the prices of competitive products based on existing technologies or new products based on technologies currently under development by competitors. There can be no assurance that the prices of products based on our technologies will be perceived by consumers as cost-effective or that the prices of such products will be competitive with existing products or with other new products or technologies. If consumers do not accept products based on our technologies, we may be unable to recover our investments or achieve profitability.

Other companies, many of which have greater resources than we have, may develop competing products or technologies which cause products based on our technologies to become noncompetitive which could have an adverse affect on our business.

We will be competing with firms, both domestic and foreign, that perform research and development, as well as firms that manufacture and sell solar products. In addition, we expect additional potential competitors to enter the markets for solar products in the future. Some of these current and potential competitors are among the largest industrial companies in the world with longer operating histories, greater name recognition, access to larger customer bases, well-established business organizations and product lines and significantly greater resources and research and development staff and facilities. There can be no assurance that one or more such companies will not succeed in developing technologies or products that will become available for commercial sale prior to our products, that will have performance superior to products based on our technologies or that would otherwise render our products noncompetitive. If we fail to compete successfully, our business would suffer and we may lose or be unable to gain market share.

The loss of strategic relationships used in the development of our thin film manufacturing technologies and products could impede our ability to complete the development of our products and have a material adverse affect on our business.

We have established a plan of operations under which a portion of our operations rely on strategic relationships with third parties, to provide systems design, assembly and support. A loss of any of our third party relationships for any reason could cause us to experience difficulties in implementing our business strategy. There can be no assurance that

we could establish other relationships of adequate expertise in a timely manner or at all.

We may suffer the loss of key personnel or may be unable to attract and retain qualified personnel to maintain and expand our business which could have a material adverse affect on our business.

Our success is highly dependent on the continued services of a limited number of skilled managers, scientists and technicians. The loss of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on us. In addition, our success will depend upon, among other factors, the recruitment and retention of additional highly skilled and experienced management and technical personnel. There can be no assurance that we will be able to retain existing employees or to attract and retain additional personnel on acceptable terms given the competition for such personnel in industrial, academic and nonprofit research sectors.

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We may not be successful in protecting our intellectual property and proprietary rights and may be required to expend significant amounts of money and time in attempting to protect these rights. If we are unable to protect our intellectual property and proprietary rights, our competitive position in the market could suffer.

Our intellectual property consists of patents, trade secrets, and trade dress. Our success depends in part on our ability to obtain patents and maintain adequate protection of our other intellectual property for our technologies and products in the U.S. and in other countries. The laws of some foreign countries do not protect proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the U.S., and many companies have encountered significant problems in protecting their proprietary rights in these foreign countries. These problems may be caused by, among other factors, a lack of rules and methods for defending intellectual property rights.

Our future commercial success requires us not to infringe on patents and proprietary rights of third parties, or breach any licenses or other agreements that we have entered into with respect to our technologies, products and businesses. The enforceability of patent positions cannot be predicted with certainty. We intend to apply for patents covering both our technologies and our products, if any, as we deem appropriate. Patents, if issued, may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented. There can be no assurance that no other relevant patents have been issued that could block our ability to obtain patents or to operate as we would like. Others may develop similar technologies or may duplicate technologies developed by us.

We are not currently a party to any litigation with respect to any of our patent positions or trade secrets. However, if we become involved in litigation or interference proceedings declared by the United States Patent and Trademark Office, or other intellectual property proceedings outside of the U.S., we might have to spend significant amounts of money to defend our intellectual property rights. If any of our competitors file patent applications or obtain patents that claim inventions or other rights also claimed by us, we may have to participate in interference proceedings declared by the relevant patent regulatory agency to determine priority of invention and our right to a patent of these inventions in the U.S. Even if the outcome is favorable, such proceedings might result in substantial costs to us, including, significant legal fees and other expenses, diversion of management time and disruption of our business. Even if successful on priority grounds, an interference proceeding may result in loss of claims based on patentability grounds raised in the interference proceeding. Uncertainties resulting from initiation and continuation of any patent or related litigation also might harm our ability to continue our research or to bring products to market.

An adverse ruling arising out of any intellectual property dispute, including an adverse decision as to the priority of our inventions would undercut or invalidate our intellectual property position. An adverse ruling also could subject us to significant liability for damages, prevent us from using certain processes or products, or require us to enter into royalty or licensing agreements with third parties. Furthermore, necessary licenses may not be available to us on satisfactory terms, or at all.

Confidentiality agreements with employees and others may not adequately prevent disclosure of trade secrets and other proprietary information and such disclosure could hurt our competitive position in the market.

To protect our proprietary technologies and processes, we rely on trade secret protection as well as on formal legal devices such as patents. Although we have taken security measures to protect our trade secrets and other proprietary information, these measures may not provide adequate protection for such information. Our policy is to execute confidentiality and proprietary information agreements with each of our employees and consultants upon the commencement of an employment or consulting arrangement with us. These agreements generally require that all confidential information developed by the individual or made known to the individual by us during the course of the individual's relationship with us be kept confidential and not be disclosed to third parties. These agreements also generally provide that technology conceived by the individual in the course of rendering services to us shall be our exclusive property. Even though these agreements are in place there can be no assurances that that trade secrets and

proprietary information will not be disclosed, that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to our trade secrets, or that we can fully protect our trade secrets and proprietary information. Violations by others of our confidentiality agreements and the loss of employees who have specialized knowledge and expertise could harm our competitive position and cause our sales and operating results to decline as a result of increased competition. Costly and time-consuming litigation might be necessary to enforce and determine the scope of our proprietary rights, and failure to obtain or maintain trade secret protection might adversely affect our ability to continue our research or bring products to market.

Downturns in general economic conditions could adversely affect our profitability.

Downturns in general economic conditions can cause fluctuations in demand for our products, product prices, volumes and margins. Future economic conditions may not be favorable to our industry. A decline in the demand for our products or a shift to lower-margin products due to deteriorating economic conditions could adversely affect sales of our intended products and our profitability and could also result in impairments of certain of our assets.

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Our common stock is considered a "penny stock" and as a result, related broker-dealer requirements may hamper its trading and liquidity.

Our common stock is considered to be a "penny stock" since it meets one or more of the definitions in Rules 15g-2 through 15g-6 promulgated under Section 15(g) of the Exchange Act. These include but are not limited to the following: (i) the common stock trades at a price less than \$5.00 per share; (ii) the common stock is not traded on a "recognized" national exchange; (iii) the common stock is not quoted on the NASDAQ Stock Market, or (iv) the common stock is issued by a company with average revenues of less than \$6.0 million for the past three (3) years. The principal result or effect of being designated a "penny stock" is that securities broker-dealers cannot recommend our common stock to investors, thus hampering its liquidity.

Section 15(g) and Rule 15g-2 require broker-dealers dealing in penny stocks to provide potential investors with documentation disclosing the risks of penny stocks and to obtain a manually signed and dated written receipt of the documents before effecting any transaction in a penny stock for the investor's account. Potential investors in our common stock are urged to obtain and read such disclosure carefully before purchasing any of our shares.

Moreover, Rule 15g-9 requires broker-dealers in penny stocks to approve the account of any investor for transactions in such stocks before selling any penny stock to that investor. This procedure requires the broker-dealer to (i) obtain from the investor information concerning his or her financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives; (ii) reasonably determine, based on that information, that transactions in penny stocks are suitable for the investor and that the investor has sufficient knowledge and experience as to be reasonably capable of evaluating the risks of penny stock transactions; (iii) provide the investor with a written statement setting forth the basis on which the broker-dealer made the determination in (ii) above; and (iv) receive a signed and dated copy of such statement from the investor, confirming that it accurately reflects the investor's financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives.

The trading market in our common stock is limited and may cause volatility in the market price which may adversely affect stockholders' ability to trade.

Our common stock is currently traded on a limited basis and quoted on the OTCBB. The OTCBB provides quotes for an inter-dealer, over-the-counter market that provides significantly less liquidity than the NASDAQ Stock Market and the other national markets. Quotes for stocks included on the OTCBB are not listed in the financial sections of newspapers as are those for the NASDAQ Stock Market. Therefore, prices for securities quoted on the OTCBB may be difficult to obtain.

The quotation of our common stock on the OTCBB does not assure that a meaningful, consistent and liquid trading market currently exists, and in recent years such market has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have particularly affected the market prices of many smaller companies like us. Thus, the market price for our common stock is subject to volatility and holders of common stock may be unable to resell their shares at or near their original purchase price or at any price. In the absence of an active trading market:

- investors may have difficulty buying and selling or obtaining market quotations;
  - market visibility for our common stock may be limited; and
- a lack of visibility for our common stock may have a depressive effect on the market for our common stock.

Due to the low price of the securities, many brokerage firms may not be willing to effect transactions in the securities. Even if a purchaser finds a broker willing to effect a transaction in these securities, the combination of brokerage

commissions, state transfer taxes, if any, and any other selling costs may exceed the selling price. Further, many lending institutions will not permit the use of such securities as collateral for any loans. Such restrictions could have a materially adverse affect on our business.

We may have difficulty raising necessary capital to fund operations as a result of market price volatility for our shares of common stock.

The market price of our common stock is likely to be highly volatile and could fluctuate widely in price in response to various factors, many of which are beyond our control, including:

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- technological innovations or new products and services by us or our competitors;
  - additions or departures of key personnel;
    - sales of our common stock;
  - our ability to integrate operations, technology, products and services;
    - our ability to execute our business plan;
    - operating results below expectations;
      - loss of any strategic relationship;
        - industry developments;
    - economic and other external factors; and
    - period-to-period fluctuations in our financial results.

Because we have a limited operating history with limited revenues to date, you may consider any one of these factors to be material. Our stock price may fluctuate widely as a result of any of the above listed factors. In recent years, the securities markets in the U.S. have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market price of securities of many companies have experienced wide fluctuations that have not necessarily been related to the operations, performances, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. For these reasons, our shares of common stock can also be expected to be subject to volatility resulting from purely market forces over which we will have no control. If our business development plans are successful, we may require additional financing to continue to develop and exploit existing and new technologies and to expand into new markets. The exploitation of our technologies may, therefore, be dependent upon our ability to obtain financing through debt and equity or other means.

## RISKS RELATED TO THIS OFFERING

The sale of our common stock to LPC may cause dilution and the sale of the shares of common stock acquired by LPC could cause the price of our common stock to decline.

In connection with entering into the Purchase Agreement, we authorized the sale to LPC of up to 25,000,000 shares of our common stock of which LPC has already purchased 8,123,158 shares as of March 21, 2011, and the issuance of up to 2,500,000 shares of common stock as a commitment fee of which 1,326,386 shares as of March 21, 2011 have been issued to LPC. The number of shares ultimately offered for sale by LPC under this Prospectus is dependent upon the number of shares purchased by LPC under the agreement. The purchase price for the common stock to be sold to LPC pursuant to the Purchase Agreement will fluctuate based on the price of our common stock. All 27,500,000 shares registered in this offering are expected to be freely tradable. It is anticipated that shares registered in this offering will be sold over a period of up to 25 months from the initial effective date of the registration statement underlying this Prospectus. Depending upon market liquidity at the time, a sale of shares under this offering at any given time could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline. We can elect to direct purchases in our sole discretion but no sales may occur if the price of our common stock is below \$0.08 and therefore, LPC may ultimately purchase all, some or none of the remaining Purchase Shares registered in this offering (such Purchase Shares not

including the pro rata Commitment Shares that may be issued under the Purchase Agreement, as described in "Selling Stockholder" on page 14.) After it has acquired such shares, it may sell all, some or none of such shares. Therefore, sales to LPC by us under the Purchase Agreement may result in substantial dilution to the interests of other holders of our common stock. The sale of a substantial number of shares of our common stock under this offering, or anticipation of such sales, could make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and at a price that we might otherwise wish to effect sales. However, we have the right to control the timing and amount of any sales of our shares to LPC and the agreement may be terminated by us at any time at our discretion without any cost to us.

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The price you pay in this offering will fluctuate and may be higher or lower than the prices paid by other people participating in this offering.

The price in this offering will fluctuate based on the prevailing market price of our common stock as quoted on the OTCBB. Accordingly, the price you pay in this offering may be higher or lower than the prices paid by other people participating in this offering.

The market price of our common stock is highly volatile.

The market price of our common stock has been and is expected to continue to be highly volatile. Factors, including announcements of technological innovations by us or other companies, regulatory matters, new or existing products or procedures, concerns about our financial position, operating results, litigation, government regulation, developments or disputes relating to agreements, patents or proprietary rights, may have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock. In addition, potential dilutive effects of future sales of shares of common stock by stockholders and by the Company, including the selling stockholder pursuant to this Prospectus, and subsequent sale of common stock by the holders of warrants and options could have an adverse effect on the market price of our shares.

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Information included or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus may contain forward-looking statements. This information may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "may", "should", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these word comparable terminology.

This Prospectus contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding, among other things, (a) our projected sales and profitability, (b) our growth strategies, (c) anticipated trends in our industry, (d) our future financing plans and (e) our anticipated needs for working capital. These statements may be found under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Description of Business", as well as in this Prospectus generally. Actual events or results may differ materially from those discussed in forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, without limitation, the risks outlined under "Risk Factors" and matters described in this Prospectus generally. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this Prospectus will in fact occur.

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#### SELLING STOCKHOLDER

The following table presents information regarding our selling stockholder, Lincoln Park Capital, LLC ("LPC"), who intends to sell up to 27,500,000 shares of our common stock. The following table presents information regarding the selling stockholder. Neither the selling stockholder nor any of its affiliates has held a position or office, or had any other material relationship, with us at any time.

		Sold in the						
	Offering Assuming							
						The Company		
						Issues The		
			P	ercentage	of	Maximum	Percentag	e of
			(	Outstandir	ng	Number of	Outstand	ing
	Shares Shares		Shares	Shares				
	Beneficially	,	Beneficially		Under the	Beneficially		
	Owned Befor	re		Owned		Purchase	Owned A	fter
Selling Stockholder	Offering		Be	fore Offer	ring	Agreement	Offerin	g
Lincoln Park Capital Fund, LLC (1)	6,250,000	(2)	)	3.00	%(2)	27,500,000	0.00	%(2)

- (1) Josh Scheinfeld and Jonathan Cope, the principals of LPC, are deemed to be beneficial owners of all of the shares of common stock owned by LPC. Messrs. Scheinfeld and Cope have shared voting and disposition power over the shares being offered under this Prospectus.
- (2)6,250,000 shares of our common stock were previously acquired by LPC under the Purchase Agreement prior to the initial filing of the Registration Statement, consisting of 5,000,000 shares purchased by LPC and 1,250,000 shares we issued to LPC as a commitment fee. Since the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, we have had the discretion elect to issue to LPC up to an additional 21,250,000 shares of our common stock and such shares are not included in determining the percentage of shares beneficially owned before the offering.

#### Transaction with LPC

On March 30, 2010 (the "Closing Date"), we entered into the Purchase Agreement with LPC, whereby LPC agreed to purchase up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 of our common stock (the "Purchase Shares"). Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, on the Closing Date, LPC purchased an initial amount of \$500,000 of Purchase Shares (5,000,000 Purchase Shares) from the Company. Further, subject to the Company's satisfaction of certain conditions, such as the effectiveness of a registration statement in connection with this Prospectus (the "Registration Statement") covering the Purchase Shares and Commitment Shares (as defined below), LPC agreed to buy more of the Purchase Shares at our direction, at any time, in any amount up to \$50,000 at the Purchase Price per share on the Purchase Date, as such terms are defined by the Purchase Agreement. Also, pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, after the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") declared effective the Registration Statement, we have the right, over a 25-month period, to sell the remaining Purchase Shares to LPC in amounts up to \$500,000 per sale, subject to certain conditions as set forth in the Purchase Agreement, up to the aggregate commitment of \$5,000,000. The SEC declared the Registration Statement effective as of June 30, 2010. Since that date and including the initial purchase, we have sold a total of \$775,000 of Purchase Shares (8,123,158 shares) and issued 1,326,386 Commitment Shares for a total of 9,449,544 shares issued to LPC through March 21, 2011.

The Purchase Agreement does not set any upper limits with respect to the price that LPC may pay to purchase the Purchase Shares. The purchase price of the remaining \$4,225,000 of Purchase Shares as of March 21, 2011 will be based on the prevailing market prices of our common stock at the time of such purchases without any fixed discount, and we will control the timing and amount of any sales of Purchase Shares to LPC. Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, LPC shall not have the right or the obligation to purchase any Purchase Shares on any business day that the price of common stock is below \$0.08. Other than the foregoing scenario, or the occurrence of any of the events of default described in the subsection below, there are no other circumstances allowing LPC to refrain from purchasing the Purchase Shares.

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Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, we initially issued to LPC 1,250,000 shares of our common stock as a commitment fee in consideration of LPC entering into the Purchase Agreement, and the Company agreed to issue an equivalent amount of shares of common stock pro rata as LPC purchases the remaining \$4,500,000 (such shares, collectively, the "Commitment Shares"). Through March 21, 2011 we have issued a total of 1,326,386 Commitment Shares to LPC. The Purchase Agreement may be terminated by us at any time at our discretion without any cost to the Company. Except for a limitation on variable priced financings, there are no negative covenants, restrictions on future fundings, penalties or liquidated damages in the Purchase Agreement. The proceeds received by us under the Purchase Agreement are expected to be used in the development of thin film manufacturing equipment and technologies, general and administrative costs, and general working capital.

Also on the Closing Date, we entered into a registration rights agreement with LPC (the "Registration Rights Agreement") whereby we agreed to file the Registration Statement with the SEC within 25 business days of the Closing Date.

#### **Events of Default**

Generally, LPC may terminate the Purchase Agreement without any liability or payment to us upon the occurrence of any of the following events of default:

- the effectiveness of the Registration Statement of which this Prospectus is a part of lapses for any reason (including, without limitation, the issuance of a stop order) or is unavailable to LPC for sale of our common stock offered hereby and such lapse or unavailability continues for a period of ten (10) consecutive business days or for more than an aggregate of thirty (30) business days in any 365-day period;
- suspension by our principal market of our common stock from trading for a period of three (3) consecutive business days;
- the de-listing of our common stock from our principal market provided our common stock is not immediately thereafter trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market, the Nasdaq Global Market, the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the New York Stock Exchange or the NYSE AMEX;
- the transfer agent's failure for five (5) business days to issue to LPC shares of our common stock which LPC is entitled to under the Purchase Agreement;
- any material breach of the representations or warranties or covenants contained in the Purchase Agreement or any related agreements which has or which could have a material adverse effect on us subject to a cure period of five (5) business days; or
- any participation or threatened participation in insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings by or against us; or
- a material adverse change in our business.

Our Termination Rights Under the Purchase Agreement

We have the unconditional right at any time for any reason to give notice to LPC terminating the Purchase Agreement without any cost to us.

No Short-Selling or Hedging by LPC

LPC has agreed that neither it nor any of its affiliates shall engage in any direct or indirect short-selling or hedging of our common stock during any time prior to the termination of the Purchase Agreement.

Effect of Performance of the Purchase Agreement on Our Stockholders

All 27,500,000 shares registered in this offering are expected to be freely tradable. It is anticipated that shares registered in this offering will be sold over a period of up to 25 months from the initial effective date of registration statement underlying this Prospectus. The sale by LPC of a significant amount of shares registered in this offering at any given time could cause the market price of our common stock to decline and to be highly volatile. LPC may ultimately purchase all, some or none of the remaining 16,876,842 Purchase Shares registered in this offering; such 16,876,842 Purchase Shares exclusive of the remaining 1,173,614 pro rata Commitment Shares that may be issued under the Purchase Agreement. After it has acquired such shares, it may sell all, some or none of such shares. Therefore, sales to LPC by us under the agreement may result in substantial dilution to the interests of other holders of our common stock. However, we have the right to control the timing and amount of any sales of our shares to LPC and the agreement may be terminated by us at any time at our discretion without any cost to us.

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In connection with entering into the Purchase Agreement, we authorized the sale to LPC of up to 25,000,000 shares of our common stock exclusive of the 1,250,000 Commitment Shares initially issued and the 1,250,000 Commitment Shares that could be issued and are part of this offering. We will sell no more than 25,000,000 shares to LPC under the Purchase Agreement all of which are included in this offering. We have the right to terminate the agreement without any payment or liability to LPC at any time, including in the event that all \$5,000,000 is sold to LPC under the Purchase Agreement. The number of shares ultimately offered for sale by LPC under this Prospectus is dependent upon the number of shares purchased by LPC under the Purchase Agreement. The following table sets forth the amount of proceeds we would receive from LPC from the sale of shares at varying purchase prices:

						Pr	oceeds from the	
				Percentage of			Sale of	
	Assumed		Number of Shares	s Outstanding Shares After			Shares	
	Average		to be Issued if Full	Giving Effect to the		to LPC Under the		
Pu	rchase Pric	e	Purchase	Issuance to LPC (1)		Pur	chase Agreement	
\$	0.084	(2)	26,720,179	11.29	%	\$	2,192,655	
\$	0.097	(3)	26,781,123	11.32	%	\$	2,412,053	
\$	0.10		26,795,187	11.32	%	\$	2,462,684	
\$	0.20		27,263,988	11.50	%	\$	4,150,368	
\$	0.30		24,706,491	10.53	%	\$	5,000,000	
\$	0.40		21,185,658	9.17	%	\$	5,000,000	
\$	0.50		19,073,158	8.33	%	\$	5,000,000	

(3) Closing sale price of our shares on March 21, 2011.

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<sup>(1)</sup> The denominator is based on 219,297,821 shares outstanding as of March 21, 2011, which includes the 9,449,544 total shares previously issued to LPC which have been sold at an average price of \$0.08 per share, and the number of shares set forth in the adjacent column which includes the commitment fee issued pro rata as up to the remaining \$4,225,000 of our stock is purchased by LPC. The numerator is based on the number of shares issuable under the Purchase Agreement at the corresponding assumed purchase price set forth in the adjacent column.

<sup>(2)</sup> Under the Purchase Agreement the Company may not sell and LPC cannot purchase any shares in the event the price of our stock below \$0.08.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS**

This Prospectus relates to shares of our common stock that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling shareholder. We will receive no proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock in this offering. However, we may receive proceeds up to \$5,000,000 from LPC in connection with the initial sale of the Purchase Shares under the Purchase Agreement. As of March 21, 2011, we have received \$775,000 from LPC under the Purchase Agreement. Any proceeds from LPC that we receive under the Purchase Agreement will be used for our working capital and general corporate purposes.

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#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The common stock offered by this Prospectus is being offered by LPC, the selling shareholder. The common stock may be sold or distributed from time to time by the selling stockholder directly to one or more purchasers or through brokers, dealers, or underwriters who may act solely as agents at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to the prevailing market prices, at negotiated prices, or at fixed prices, which may be changed. The sale of the common stock offered by this Prospectus may be affected in one or more of the following methods:

ordinary brokers' transactions;
 transactions involving cross or block trades;
 through brokers, dealers, or underwriters who may act solely as agents;
 "at the market" into an existing market for the common stock;

•n other ways not involving market makers or established business markets, including direct sales to purchasers or sales effected through agents;

in privately negotiated transactions; or any combination of the foregoing.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, the shares may be sold only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in certain states, the shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and complied with.

Brokers, dealers, underwriters, or agents participating in the distribution of the shares as agents may receive compensation in the form of commissions, discounts, or concessions from the selling shareholder and/or purchasers of the common stock for whom the broker-dealers may act as agent. The compensation paid to a particular broker-dealer may be less than or in excess of customary commissions.

LPC is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act").

Neither we nor LPC can presently estimate the amount of compensation that any agent will receive. We know of no existing arrangements between LPC, any other shareholder, broker, dealer, underwriter, or agent relating to the sale or distribution of the shares of common stock offered by this Prospectus. At the time a particular offer of shares is made, a prospectus supplement, if required, will be distributed that will set forth the names of any agents, underwriters, or dealers and any compensation from the selling shareholder, and any other required information.

We will pay all of the expenses incident to the registration, offering, and sale of the shares of common stock to the public other than commissions or discounts of underwriters, broker-dealers, or agents. We have also agreed to indemnify LPC and related persons against specified liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers, and controlling persons, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore, unenforceable.

LPC and its affiliates have agreed not to engage in any direct or indirect short selling or hedging of our common stock during the term of the Purchase Agreement.

We have advised LPC that while it is engaged in a distribution of the shares included in this Prospectus it is required to comply with Regulation M promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. With certain exceptions, Regulation M precludes the selling shareholder, any affiliated purchasers, and any broker-dealer or other

person who participates in the distribution from bidding for or purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase any security which is the subject of the distribution until the entire distribution is complete. Regulation M also prohibits any bids or purchases made in order to stabilize the price of a security in connection with the distribution of that security. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the shares offered hereby this Prospectus.

This offering will terminate on the date that all shares offered by this Prospectus have been sold by LPC.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

#### General

Our authorized capital stock consists of 500,000,000 shares of common stock at a no par value and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock at a par value of \$0.01 per share ("Preferred Stock"). There are no provisions in our articles of incorporation or bylaws that would delay, defer or prevent a change in our control.

#### Common Stock

As of March 21, 2011, 219,297,821 shares of common stock are issued and outstanding and held by approximately 280 stockholders of record, not counting shares held in "street name" in brokerage accounts which is unknown. Holders of our common stock are entitled to one (1) vote for each share on all matters submitted to a stockholder vote.

Holders of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights. Therefore, holders of a majority of the shares of common stock voting for the election of directors can elect all of the directors. Holders of our common stock representing a majority of the voting power of our capital stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, are necessary to constitute a quorum at any meeting of our stockholders. A vote by the holders of a majority of our outstanding shares is required to effectuate certain fundamental corporate changes such as liquidation, merger or an amendment to our articles of incorporation.

Although there are no provisions in our charter or bylaws that may delay, defer or prevent a change in control, we are authorized, without stockholder approval, to issue shares of preferred stock that may contain rights or restrictions that could have this effect.

Holders of common stock are entitled to share in all dividends that our Board of Directors (the "Board"), in its discretion, declares from legally available funds. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each outstanding share entitles its holder to participate pro rata in all assets that remain after payment of liabilities and after providing for each class of stock, if any, having preference over the common stock. Holders of our common stock have no pre-emptive rights, no conversion rights and there are no redemption provisions applicable to our common stock.

#### Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock. Dividends on the Preferred Stock may be declared from time to time by our Board. The preferred shares are entitled to a preference over holders of our common stock equal to the par value of the shares of Preferred Stock held, plus any unpaid dividends declared. As of March 21, 2011, no shares of Preferred Stock had been issued.

#### Dividends

We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying dividends for the foreseeable future.

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#### **DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

## Company history

We are a Colorado corporation formerly known as Sun River Mining Inc. The Company was originally incorporated in Colorado on February 25, 1997. Effective September 24, 2003, we completed a Plan of Reorganization and Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Plan").

Pursuant to the Plan, we acquired the following three patents from Xoptix, Inc., a California corporation, for Seventy Million (70,000,000) shares of common stock (post reverse split one for twenty): No. 6,180,871 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (Device), granted on January 30, 2001; No. 6,320,117 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (Method of Fabrication), granted on November 20, 2001; and No. 6,509,204 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (formed with a Schottky barrier diode and method of its manufacture), granted on January 21, 2003.

#### Business overview

XsunX, Inc. is a Colorado corporation formerly known as Sun River Mining Inc. (referred to herein as the "Company", "XsunX", or "we", "us" or "our"). The Company was originally incorporated on February 25, 1997.

XsunX is developing and has begun to market a hybrid manufacturing solution to produce high performance Copper Indium Gallium (di) Selenide (CIGS) thin film solar cells. Our patent pending system and processing technology, which we call CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup>, focuses on the mass production of individual thin-film CIGS solar cells that match silicon solar cell dimensions and can be offered as a non-toxic, high-efficiency and lowest-cost alternative to the use of silicon solar cells. We intend to offer licenses for the use of the CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> process technology thereby generating revenue streams through licensing fees and manufacturing royalties for the use of the technology.

#### **Technology Overview**

Our efforts have been focused on the development and customization of a series of specialized processing tools that when combined provide a turn-key high-throughput manufacturing system to produce CIGS solar cells.

Core attributes to our process method are the use of small area thermal co-evaporation techniques coupled with state-of-the-art sputter deposition technologies derived from the hard disc drive (HDD) industry to improve manufacturing output, increase cell efficiency, production yields, and lower the costs for the production of high efficiency CIGS cells.

There are five (5) core process tools that when combined will initially produce 125mm format (about 5" square) solar cells, scaling to 156mm formats (about 6" square). We believe that it will be the ability of our system to minimize processing defects while maintaining exceptional per hour production rates that will provide superior commercial opportunities. CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> cells will be manufactured on stainless steel squares sized to match silicon solar cells currently used in nearly 75% of all solar modules manufactured today.

This innovative approach bridges the gap between inexpensive thin-film and costly high efficiency silicon wafer technologies to produce a new breed of solar cell combining what we believe are the best attributes of each technology. The mass production of individual, high performance CIGS solar cells – like solar building blocks – we believe will allow solar power to finally compete effectively against other sources of electrical energy.

#### CIGS Thin Film Solar Devices

Copper Indium Gallium (di) Selenide (CIGS) exceeds all other thin film solar cell performance to date delivering nearly 20% conversions in laboratory environments. It is this high efficiency low cost potential for CIGS, and its wide array of uses and applications, that we believe provides the basis to drive the cost of energy production for alternative sources to unprecedented new lows. For this reason many major research institutes and agencies worldwide view CIGS as a significant solar technology and support continuous development and research efforts related to CIGS thin films.

We believe that through the successful combination of small area co-evaporation processing techniques with the high rate sputter processing techniques developed within the hard disc media industry, overall factory yields (total watts of production per day) can be increased thereby resulting in lower production costs while still delivering the full energy and low cost potential that CIGS based devices can offer.

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#### **CIGS** Experience

Our staff experience includes nearly 16 years of thin film and CIGS experience in successful technology development, equipment design, and production of several million square feet CIGS products in a commercial production setting. Our Chief Technology Officer has worked side by side with leading researchers at NREL and in fact shares an R&D 100 award with NREL staff for efforts related to CIGS technology development.

Our resident XsunX thin film CIGS technologists and manufacturing experts are working jointly with a leading producer of manufacturing equipment utilized in the hard disc market to create a unique process of coupling small area deposition (approximately 5X5 inch squares), material control, and material transport technologies from the disk drive industry for use in the production of thin film CIGS solar cells. We are combining the expertise and years of technological improvements derived from the sophisticated hard disc drive manufacturing industry with XsunX staff experience in the CIGS thin film industry.

## Plan of Operations

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, the Company has developed a plan of operations focused on the continued development and marketing of the aforementioned thin film solar manufacturing technology that we believe provides an opportunity for XsunX to establish a competitive advantage within the solar industry.

Our Plan of Operations, based upon the aforementioned activities, commits \$1.67 million for general, administrative, research and development activities, and \$2.62 million working capital under a phase two plan to establish a limited scale production system for use in marketing and sales efforts through the use of the system to demonstrate technologies, continued process development and improvement under our technology license model, and for support purposes of the systems placed in the field as we work to commercialize our proposed new CIGS manufacturing technology.

#### Research and Development

Our current research and development plans include the use of third party equipment vendors whose equipment we plan to use as part of our integrated CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> manufacturing system. These vendors assist with access to equipment and technologies that we are working to customize for use in our manufacturing processes. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, we spent \$292,999 on research and development activities. During the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company spent \$358,884 on research and development activities. We anticipate that future R&D expense will increase as we establish each of the various system capabilities within our own facilities for use in continued process improvement, marketing efforts, and systems support.

## Sales and Marketing

We have developed and have begun to implement a plan to offer CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup> technology to existing manufacturers of solar products in the renewable energy industry. Although XsunX focuses on the development of solar technology and products, we are not a systems or a machine manufacturer. We have and intend to continue to develop relationships with equipment manufacturers that can build systems to our specifications thereby allowing us to offer turn-key manufacturing solutions to enable our licensees to manufacturer CIGS cells quickly and inexpensively.

We anticipate that at the conclusion of the initial development of our CIGS technology, that we will generate revenue from an array of services and license fees from manufacturers that utilize our technologies. These revenue fees may include inception license fees and royalty streams based upon the efficiencies our unique CIGS technology, guidance for the conversion of new or existing facilities, production line equipment and systems design and markups, training

and implementation, as well as R&D support, and product reliability expertise.

## Intellectual Property

We plan to market license opportunities for our technology and not directly manufacture the solar technologies and related products that may employ the use of our thin film technologies. This business model requires that we develop and maintain intellectual property that includes both patented and proprietary technologies. We have licensed certain patented and patent pending technologies, and we are developing with the intent to file for patent protection certain other thin film manufacturing technologies. The following is an outline of certain patents and technologies we are developing, have acquired, or licensed:

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The Company is developing a hybrid manufacturing solution to produce high performance Copper Indium Gallium (di) Selenide (CIGS) thin film solar cells. Our system and processing technology, which we call CIGSolar<sup>TM</sup>, focuses on the mass production of individual thin-film CIGS solar cells that match silicon solar cell dimensions and can be offered as a non-toxic, high-efficiency and lowest-cost alternative to the use of silicon solar cells. We have designed a proprietary system for a process known as co-evaporation used in the manufacture of the solar absorbing material CIGS. Certain key features related to this system we believe may qualify for patent protection. In November 2010 we filed provisional patent application with the United States Patent and Trademark Office identifying five (5) claims. As we continue to refine our designs and process technologies we may elect to file additional applications and we may seek to enforce our claims through filing of utility patents.

In September 2003, the Company was assigned the rights to three patents as part of an Asset Purchase Agreement with Xoptix Inc., a California corporation. The patents acquired were No. 6,180,871 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (Device), granted on January 30, 2001; No. 6,320,117 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (Method of Fabrication), granted on November 20, 2001; and No. 6,509,204 for Transparent Solar Cell and Method of Fabrication (formed with a Schottky barrier diode and method of its manufacture), granted on January 21, 2003.

As we continue to develop these new technologies, we may actively seek patent protection for certain aspects related to methods and apparatus we develop. We can give no assurance that any such patent(s) will be granted for any process and manufacturing technology that we may develop individually or in conjunction with third parties.

We rely on trademark and copyright law, trade secret protection and confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, customers, partners and others to protect our proprietary rights. We have not been subject to any intellectual property claims.

#### **Government Contracts**

We do not have any government contracts at this time.

#### **Competitive Conditions**

A number of thin film solar cell technologies have and are being developed by other companies. Such technologies include amorphous silicon, cadmium telluride, copper-indium-gallium-selenide (CIGS), and copper indium diselenide as well as advanced concepts in thin film crystalline silicon, and the use of organic materials. Given the benefit of time, investment, and advances in manufacturing technologies any of these competing technologies may be offered in formats delivering power similar or greater to technologies developed that may be developed by us, and they may also achieve manufacturing costs per watt lower than cost per watt to manufacture technologies developed by us.

In accessing the principal competitive factors in the market for solar electric power products, we use price per watt, stability and reliability, conversion efficiency, diversity in use applications, and other performance metrics such as scalability of manufacturing processes and the ability to adapt new technologies into cell designs and the manufacturing process without antiquation of existing infrastructure. If we do not compete successfully with respect to these or other factors, it could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

A number of large companies are actively engaged in the development, manufacturing and marketing of solar electric power products. The seven largest TFPV cell suppliers are Q-Cells, Shell Solar, Sharp Corporation, BP Solar, Kyocera Corporation, First Solar, and Energy Conversion Devices, which together supply the significant portion of

the current TFPV market. All of these companies have greater resources to devote to research, development, manufacturing and marketing than we do.

Other competitive factors lie in the current use of other clean, renewable energy technologies such as wind, ocean thermal, ocean tidal, and geo-thermal power sources and conventional fossil fuel based technologies for the production of electricity. We expect our primary competition will be within the solar cell marketplace itself. Barriers to entering the solar cell manufacturing industry include the technical know-how required to produce solar cells that maintain acceptable efficiency rates, the design of efficient and scalable manufacturing processes, and access to necessary manufacturing infrastructure.

## Compliance with Environmental Laws and Regulations

Our operations are subject to local, state and federal laws and regulations governing environmental quality and pollution control. Compliance with these regulations by us has required that we retain the use of consulting firms to assist in the engineering and design of systems related to equipment operations, management of industrial gas storage and delivery systems, and occupancy fire and safety construction standards to deal with emergency conditions. We do not anticipate that these costs will have a material effect on our operations or competitive position, and the cost of such compliance has not been material. We are unable to assess or predict at this time what effect additional regulations or legislation could have on its activities.

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## **Employees and Consultants**

As of September 30, 2010 we had 6 full-time employees. This represents an increase of 1 employee since September 30, 2009. As of March 21, 2011 we had 4 full-time employees. This represents a decrease of 2 employees since September 30, 2010. We also engage consultants to perform specific functions that otherwise would require an employee. We have not experienced any work stoppages and we consider relations with our employees to be good.

#### **Available Information**

Our website address is www.xsunx.com . We make available on our website access to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to these reports that we have filed with the SEC.

#### **Properties**

We own no real property. However, we lease facility in Aliso Viejo, California as described below.

## California Corporate Office Lease

The Company leases facilities in Aliso Viejo, CA. At the lease rate of approximately \$1,000 per month. The Company extended its lease for 12 months in May 2010 and plans to continue to lease these facilities for the foreseeable future.

#### Colorado Facilities Lease

Our lease for facilities in Golden, at the lease rate of \$1,790 per month plus \$945 in triple net for a total of \$2,735 per month expired May 30, 2010. A security deposit in the amount of \$2,615 was returned to the Company. The Company consolidated operations in its Aliso Viejo facilities. We vacated the Golden premises on May 25, 2010.

#### **Legal Proceedings**

In the ordinary conduct of our business, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results except as set forth below.

On September 21, 2010 we received notice of a claim filed by Billco Manufacturing Inc. in the State of California, Orange County Superior Court, requesting that the court award \$340,567.50 for an open book account balance purportedly owed to the manufacturer by XsunX. The vendor allegations stem from a demand for payment made in the amount of \$340,567.50 for the order of certain equipment by XsunX in 2008. XsunX refused to pay this amount as we had cancelled the order placed with the vendor, the vendor was in possession of its own un-used standard systems that it could market to other buyers in the course of its normal business, and that XsunX's prior payment in the amount of \$130,987.50 to the vendor represented, in the judgment of management, a fair and final re-stocking fee. We dispute any additional amounts claimed by the vendor and have retained counsel to defend this matter.

In February 2010, we elected to negotiate a settlement related to a dispute over certain equipment with Airgas Corp. agreeing to pay \$114,641 in 12 equal monthly payments of \$9,553 commencing March 1, 2010. As of September 30, 2010 the Company has made payments totaling \$66,874 leaving a principal balance in the amount of \$47,767 as of the

fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. As of March 21, 2011 the Company has made all required payments leaving a principal balance in the amount of zero.

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#### **MANAGEMENT**

#### Officers and Directors

The following table lists the executive offices and directors of the Company as of March 21, 2011.

Name	Age	Position Held	Tenure
Tom Djokovich	54	CEO, Director, Secretary, and acting	CEO and Director since October 2003,
		Principal Accounting Officer	Secretary and PAO since September 2009
Joseph Grimes	53	President, COO, Director	President since March 2009, COO
			since April 2006, and as a director
			Since August 2008
Robert Wendt	48	CTO	Since March 2009
Thomas Anderson	45	Director	Since August 2001
Oz Fundingsland	67	Director	Since November 2007
Michael Russak	63	Director	Since November 2007

The above listed directors will serve until the next annual meeting of the stockholders or until their death, resignation, retirement, removal, or disqualification, and until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Vacancies in the existing Board of Directors are filled by majority vote of the remaining Directors. There are no agreements or understandings for any officer or director to resign at the request of another person and no officer or director is acting on behalf of or will act at the direction of any other person. There is no family relationship between any of our directors or executive officers.

The directors of the Company will devote such time to the Company's affairs on an "as needed" basis, but typically less than 20 hours per month. As a result, the actual amount of time which they will devote to the Company's affairs is unknown and is likely to vary substantially from month to month.

#### **Biographical Information**

Mr. Tom Djokovich, age 54, Chief Executive Officer and a Director as of October 2003, acting Principal Accounting Officer as of September 2009;

Mr. Djokovich was the founder and served from 1995 to 2002 as the Chief Executive Officer of Accesspoint Corporation, a vertically integrated provider of electronic transaction processing and e-business solutions for merchants. Under Mr. Djokovich's guidance, Accesspoint became a member of the Visa/MasterCard association, the national check processing association NACHA, and developed one of the payment industry's most diverse set of network based transaction processing, business management and CRM systems for both Internet and conventional points of sale. Prior to Accesspoint, Mr. Djokovich founded TMD Construction and Development in 1979. TMD provided management for multimillion-dollar projects incorporating at times hundreds of employees, subcontractors and international material acquisitions for commercial, industrial and custom residential construction services as a licensed building firm in California. In 1995 Mr. Djokovich developed an early Internet based business-to-business ordering system for the construction industry.

Mr. Joseph Grimes, age 53, Chief Operating Officer as of April 2006, a Director as of August 2008, and President as of March 2009;

Mr. Grimes brings to XsunX more than eight years direct experience in thin-film technology and manufacturing. He was most recently Vice President, Defense Solutions, for Envisage Technology Company, where he directed and managed the defense group business development process, acquisition strategies and vision for next generation applications from October 2005 to March 2006. Previously he was Co-Founder, President and CEO of ISERA Group, where he established the company infrastructure and guided five development teams, finally selling the company to Envisage from 1993 to 2005. His direct experience in thin-film technology came with Applied Magnetics Corporation from 1985 to 1993 as manager for thin-film prototype assembly. Mr. Grimes holds a Bachelor's degree in business economics and environmental studies, and a Master's in computer modeling and operation research applications, both from the University of California at Santa Barbara.

Mr. Robert Wendt, age 48, Chief Technology Officer as of March 2009;

Mr. Wendt holds a B.S. and M.S. in Metallurgical Engineering and Material Science from the Colorado School of Mines. His responsibility encompasses technical specification of the facilities, equipment, and manufacturing processes for XsunX. Prior to joining XsunX in 2007, Mr. Wendt served at various times as Vice President of Sales, Product Development, and Engineering at Global Solar Energy from May 1996 to 2005. At Global Solar, Mr. Wendt led and directed several areas including copper indium gallium di-selenide (CIGS) technology development, equipment design and integration, facilities design and construction, engineering, production, and operations.

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Prior to Global Solar, Mr. Wendt was at ITN with responsibility for the development of thin-film deposition technologies, thin-film PV, and development of charge controller/battery systems for portable solar cell powered systems. Prior to joining ITN, Mr. Wendt spent eight years with Lockheed Marietta Astronautics, Denver Division. While in this position, Mr. Wendt was program manager/principal investigator on over 20 material-based programs. During 1994 and 1995, Mr. Wendt was the technical lead for thin-film PV research at the Denver Division.

#### **Independent Directors**

Mr. Thomas Anderson, age 45, became a director of the Company in August 2001;

Mr. Anderson presently works as the Director of Southwest Business Operations for American Capital Energy, a commercial and utility scale solar integrator. He has been with American Capital Energy since October, 2008. He recently served as Managing Director of the Environmental Science and Engineering Directorate of Qinetiq North America in Los Alamos, New Mexico. He was with Qinetiq North America, formerly Apogen Technologies, from January, 2005, through September, 2008. Mr. Anderson worked for 19 years in the environmental consulting field, providing consulting services in the areas of environmental compliance, characterization and remediation services to Department of Energy, Department of Defense, and industrial clients. He formerly worked as a Senior Environmental Scientist at Concurrent Technologies Corp. from November 2000 to December 2004. He earned his B.S. in Geology from Denison University and his M.S. in Environmental Science and Engineering from Colorado School of Mines.

Mr. Oz Fundingsland as Director, age 67, became a director of the Company in November 2007;

On November 12, 2007, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Oz Fundingsland as Director, effective November 12, 2007. Mr. Fundingsland brings over forty years of sales, marketing, executive business management, finance, and corporate governance experience to XsunX. His professional and business experience principally originated with his tenure, commencing in 1964, at Applied Magnetics Corp., a disk drive and data storage company. Prior to his retirement from Applied Magnetics in 1994, Mr. Fundingsland served as an Executive Officer and Vice President of Sales and Marketing for 11 years directing sales growth from \$50 million to over \$550 million. Commencing in 1993 through 2003 Mr. Fundingsland served as a member of the board of directors for the International Disk Drive Equipment Manufacturers Association "IDEMA" where he retired emeritus, and continues to serve as an advisor to the board. For the last 13 years, Mr. Fundingsland has provided consulting services assisting with sales, marketing, and management to a host of companies within the disk drive, optical, software, and LED industries.

Dr. Michael A. Russak as Director, age 63, became a director of the Company in November 2007;

On November 28, 2007, the Company announced the appointment of Dr. Michael A. Russak as a Director, effective November 26, 2007. Dr. Russak is also a member of the Company's Scientific Advisory Board. Dr. Michael A. Russak currently holds the position of Executive Vice President of Business Development with Intevac, Inc. in Santa Clara, CA. He has been working as a consultant in the hard disk drive and photovoltaic industries since Jan 2007. He is also currently the Executive Director of IDEMA-U.S. (the hard disk drive industry trade association) and a member of the Board of Directors and Scientific Advisory Board of XsunX, Inc. From 2001 to 2006 he was President and Chief Technical Officer of Komag, Inc., a manufacturer of hard magnetic recording disks for hard disk drive applications. From 1993 to 2001 he was Chief Technical Officer of HMT Technology, Inc. also a manufacturer of magnetic recording disks. From 1985 to 1993 he was a research staff member and program manager in the Research Division of the IBM Corporation. Dr. Russak has over thirty five years of industrial experience progressing from a research scientist to senior executive officer of two public companies. He has expertise in thin film materials and devices for magnetic recording, photovoltaic, solar thermal applications, semiconductor devices as well as glass, glass-ceramic and ceramic materials. He also has over twelve years experience at the executive management level of public

companies with significant off shore development and manufacturing functions. He received his B.S. in Ceramic Engineering in 1968 and Ph.D. in Materials Science in 1971, both from Rutgers University in New Brunswick, NJ. During his career, he has been a contributing scientist and program manager at the Grumman Aerospace Corporation, a Research Staff Member and technical manager in the areas of thin film materials and processes at the Research Division of the IBM Corporation at the T.J. Watson Research Laboratories. In 1993, he joined HMT Technology, a manufacturer of thin film disks for magnetic storage, as Vice President of Research and Development. His responsibilities included new product design and introduction. Dr. Russak became Chief Technical Officer of HMT and held that position until 2000 when HMT merged with Komag Inc. Dr. Russak was appointed President and Chief Technical Officer of the combined company. He continued to set technical, operational and business direction for Komag until his retirement at the end of 2006. He has published over 90 technical papers, and holds 23 U.S. patents.

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#### Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

None of the members of the Board of Directors or other executive officers has been involved in any bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, criminal proceedings, any proceeding involving any possibility of enjoining, barring or suspending members of our Board of Directors or other executive officers from engaging in any business, securities or banking activities, and have not been found to have violated, nor been accused of having violated, any federal or state securities or commodities laws or regulations, any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies, or any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud or fraud in connection with any business entity. Further, none of our directors or executive officers have been the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order of any self-regulatory organization, any registered entity, or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

## Board Committees; Audit Committee

As of March 21, 2011, the Board was comprised of five directors, three of which are considered independent directors and the Company did not have an audit committee. Further, none of the members of the Board of directors is qualified as a financial expert. We are a development stage company with limited resources and we are actively seeking a qualified financial expert for addition to the Board. The Board will appoint committees as necessary, including an audit committee as resources permit. In the meantime, the Board serves as the Company's audit committee utilizing business judgment rules and good faith efforts.

#### Director Qualifications and Experience.

The following table identifies some of the experience, qualifications, attributes and skills that the Board considered in making its decision to appoint and nominate directors to the Board. This information supplements the biographical information provided above. The vertical axis displays the primary factors reviewed by the Board in evaluating a board candidate.

Experience, Qualification, Skill or Attribute	Djokovich	Grimes	Anderson	Fundingsland	Russak
Professional standing in chosen field	X	X	X	X	X
Expertise in solar or related industry		X	X		X
Expertise in technology or related industry	X		X	X	X
Potential Audit Committee Financial Expert					
Civic and community involvement					
Other public company experience	X				X
Diversity by race, gender or culture					
Specific skills/knowledge:					
-solar industry			X		X
-technology	X	X		X	X
-governance	X	X			X

#### Section 16(A) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company's officers and directors, and certain persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of the Company's equity securities (collectively, "Reporting Persons"), to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership ("Section 16 Reports") with the SEC. Reporting Persons are required by the SEC to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16 Reports they file. Based on its review of the copies of such forms received by it, or written representations from certain reporting persons, the Company believes that, during the

fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, all filing requirements applicable to its officers, directors, and greater than ten-percent beneficial owners were complied with the exception that one report, covering an aggregate of one transaction, was not timely filed by the chief executive officer with the SEC via Form 4 or via year-end report on Form 5.

Code of Ethics

The Board adopted a Code of Ethics policy on January 7, 2008.

## **Executive Compensation Overview**

We are a development stage company and we rely on our Board to evaluate compensation and incentive offerings made by the Company as it applies to our executive officers, and efforts to attract and maintain qualified staff. To date, our compensation policy has been conducted on a case by case basis with input from our chief executive officer, and focused on the following three primary areas; (a) salary compensatory with peer group companies and peer position, (b) cash bonuses tied to sales and revenue attainment, and (c) long term equity compensation tied to strategic objectives of establishing solar module manufacturing infrastructure.

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In this compensation discussion and analysis, the individuals in the Summary Compensation Table set forth below are referred to as the "named executive officers". Generally, the types of compensation and benefits provided to the named executive officers may be similar to what we intend to provided to future executive officers. The named executive officers for fiscal 2010 are Tom M. Djokovich, our chief executive officer, Joseph Grimes, our chief operating officer, Jeff Huitt our chief financial officer for portions of the 2009 fiscal year, and Robert Wendt, our chief technical officer.

#### **Executive Compensation**

The following table sets forth information with respect to compensation earned by our chief executive officer, our former chief financial officer, our chief operating officer, and our chief technical officer (collectively, our "named executive officers") for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2010, and 2009 respectively.

### **Summary Compensation Table**

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	All Other Compensati (\$)	ionTotal (\$)
Tom Djokovich, CEO(1)	2010 2009	165,000 189,327	0 0	0 0	0 0	4,800 4,800	169,800 194,127
Joe Grimes, COO(2)	2010 2009	157,500 181,730	0 0	0	0 107,750	4,800 4,800	162,300 294,280
Jeff Huitt, CFO(3)	2010 2009	0 155,000	0 0	0 0	0 39,000	0 4,800	0 198,800
Robert Wendt, CTO(4)	2010 2009	160,384 173,146	0 0	0	0 107,750	4,800 3,600	165,184 284,496

- (1) In March 2009 Mr. Djokovich and the Company agreed to the reduction of annual salary from \$220,000 to \$165,000 as part of cost cutting measures approved by the Board of Directors in association with the Company's efforts to modify its plan of operations. In addition to Mr. Djokovich's base compensation the Company also provides Mr. Djokovich with a \$400 monthly health insurance allowance.
- (2) In March 2009 Mr. Grimes and the Company agreed to the reduction of annual salary from \$210,000 to \$157,500 as part of cost cutting measures approved by the Board of Directors in association with the Company's efforts to modify its plan of operations. In addition to Mr. Grimes base compensation the Company also provides Mr. Grimes with a \$400 monthly health insurance allowance.
  - (3) Effective September 9, 2009 Jeff Huitt and the Company agreed to the termination of his services.
- (4) In March 2009 Mr. Wendt and the Company agreed to the reduction of annual salary from \$200,000 to \$150,000 as part of cost cutting measures approved by the Board of Directors in association with the Company's efforts to modify its plan of operations. In January 2010 Mr. Wendt and the Company agreed to increase the annual salary to \$165,000. In addition to Mr. Wendt's base compensation the Company also agreed to provide Mr. Wendt with a \$400 monthly health insurance allowance.

No other compensation other than as described above was paid or distributed during the listed fiscal years to the executive officers of the Company.

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## Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table

The following table sets forth summary information regarding all grants of plan-based awards made to our named executive officers during the two years ended September 30, 2010, and 2009 respectively.

			All Other		
			Option		
			Awards:		
		1	Number of	Exercise or	Grant Date
			Securities	Base Price	Fair Value of
		J	Inderlying	of Option	Stock and
		Grant	Options	Awards	Option Awards
Na	me	Date	(#)	(\$/Sh)	(\$)
Tom Djokovich, CEO		2010	0	0	0
		2009	0	0	0
Jeff Huitt, CFO(1)		2010	0	0	0
		2009	0	0	0
Joe Grimes, COO		2010	0	0	0
		2009	2,500,000	0.16	68,750
Robert Wendt, CTO		2010	0	0	0
		2009	2,500,000	0.16	68,750

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective September 9, 2009 Mr. Jeff Huitt and the Company agreed to the termination of his services.

# Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End Table

The following table sets forth the outstanding equity awards with respect our named executive officers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010:

OPTION AWARDS			STOCK AWARDS				
						Equity	Equity
		Equity			In	centive Ph	mentive Plan
	I	ncentive Plan	l			Awards:	Awards:
						Number	Market
	Number of	Awards:			Market	of	or
		Number		Number	Value		
Number of	Securities	of		of	of	Unearn <b>Pd</b>	yout Value of
				Shares	Shares	Shares,	
Securities	Underlying	Securities		or	or	Units	Unearned
				Units	Units	or	
Underlying	Unexercised	Underlying		of	of	OtherSh	ares, Units or
						Rights	Other
Unexercised	Unearned U	Unexercisable	Option	Optionatock Tha	ttock tha	t That	Rights
Options (#)	Options (#)	Unearned	Exercise	Expiration			

						Have Not	Have Not	Have Not	That Have Not
			Options	Price		Vested	Vested	Vested	Vested
Name	Exercisable	Unexercisable	(#)	(\$)	Date	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(#)
Tom Djokovich, CEO	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Jeff Huitt, CFO(1)	_	_		_		_	_	_	_
Joe Grimes,									
COO	1,249,998	1,250,002	_	\$ 0.16	4/1/2014	_	_	_	_
	_	500,000	_	\$ 0.3610	/23/2012	_	_	_	_
	400,000	100,000	_	\$ 0.46 1	/26/2012	_	_	_	_
	500,000	_	_	\$ 0.51 7	/20/2011		_	_	_
	112,000	_	_	\$ 1.69	4/5/2011	_	_	_	_
Robert Wendt	1,249,998	1,250,002		\$ 0.11	4/1/2014				
	_	500,000	_	\$ 0.3610	/23/2012			_	_
	400,000	100,000		\$ 0.46 1	/26/2012				

(1) Effective September 9, 2009 Mr. Jeff Huitt and the Company agreed to the termination of his services.

Option Exercises

None

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Pension Benefits
None
Nonqualified Defined Contribution and Other Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plans
None
Employment Agreements and Arrangements
Tom M. Djokovich

Mr. Djokovich serves as our chief executive officer, acting principal accounting officer, and a director. We do not have an employment agreement with Mr. Djokovich. He currently works at the discretion of the board of directors as he has since October 2003. His annual base salary compensation for the 2010 period was \$165,000, and he was provided a \$400 per month allowance for use in the payment of medical benefits. His total compensation is based solely on the annual base cash salary and we do not have any equity based, cash bonus, or special compensation agreements or understanding in place with Mr. Djokovich.

## Joseph Grimes

On November 6, 2007, we entered into an amended and restated employment agreement with Mr. Joseph Grimes, our chief operating officer. Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Grimes was initially entitled to a minimum annual base salary of \$200,000 which was adjusted downward to \$157,500 in March 2009 as part of cost cutting measures approved by Mr. Grimes and the Board of Directors in association with the Company's efforts to modify its plan of operations. In conjunction with agreeing to the reduction in base salary the Company provided Mr. Grimes with a stock option grant to purchase 2,500,000 shares of our common stock, exercisable at \$0.16 cents per share. Mr. Grimes is eligible to receive additional compensation in the form of a cash payment bonus upon certain remaining business development attainment goals as follows; a \$5,000 cash payment bonus upon the successful implementation of a pilot production line. Mr. Grimes is also eligible for cash payment bonus subject to attainment by the Company of certain minimum revenues in the course of a calendar year as follows; a \$5,000 cash payment bonus upon the attainment by the Company of \$5,000,000 in revenue, a \$10,000 cash payment bonus upon the attainment by the Company of \$10,000,000 in revenue, a \$15,000 cash payment bonus upon the attainment by the Company of \$15,000,000 in revenue. We also provide Mr. Grimes a \$400 monthly allowance for use in payment for health benefits with the balance of such benefits paid by Mr. Grimes. Under the employment agreement Mr. Grimes is also subject to confidentiality and non-solicitation provisions which provide that Mr. Grimes will not divulge information or solicit employees for 24 months after termination of his employment.

#### Robert Wendt

On January 1, 2009, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Robert Wendt, our chief technical officer. Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Wendt was initially entitled to a minimum annual base salary of \$200,000 which was adjusted which was adjusted downward to \$157,500 in March 2009 as part of cost cutting measures approved by Mr. Wendt and the Board of Directors in association with the Company's efforts to modify its plan of operations. In conjunction with agreeing to the reduction in base salary the Company provided Mr. Wendt

with a stock option grant to purchase 2,500,000 shares of our common stock, exercisable at \$0.16 cents per share. In January 2010 Mr. Wendt and the Company agreed to increase the annual salary to \$165,000. We also provide Mr. Wendt a \$400 monthly allowance for use in payment for health benefits with the balance of such benefits paid by Mr. Wendt. Under the employment agreement Mr. Wendt is also subject to confidentiality and non-solicitation provisions which provide that Mr. Wendt will not divulge information or solicit employees for 24 months after termination of his employment.

## Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change-In-Control

Terms of an amended and restated employment agreement dated November 6, 2007, with Mr. Grimes, our chief operating officer, provide that in the event that Mr. Grimes employment is terminated by us without good cause, Mr. Grimes may receive a severance payment in the amount equal to 6 months of his annual base salary then paid to Mr. Grimes, all payable within 30 days of such termination. Potential cost to the Company could total at minimum \$100,000 for the termination of Mr. Grimes subject to the termination without good cause by the Company.

Terms of a two year Key Employee Retention Agreement dated September 1, 2009, with Mr. Robert Wendt, our chief technical officer, provide that in the event that Mr. Wendt's employment is terminated by the Company without good cause, Mr. Wendt may receive twelve months salary at the then salary rate at time of termination, twelve months Company paid costs for actual costs incurred by Mr. Wendt for medical benefits related to COBRA coverage, and a relocation payment up to \$2,500. Potential cost to the Company could total at minimum \$167,500 for the termination of Mr. Wendt subject to the termination without good cause by the Company.

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Long Term Incentive Plans — Awards in Last Fiscal Year

There were no incentive awards provided to named officers of the Company in 2010 fiscal year.

# **Director Compensation**

In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, Directors received no additional cash or non-cash compensation for their service to the Company as directors. All Directors were reimbursed for any expenses actually incurred in connection with attending meetings of the Board of Directors.

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#### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE OF DIRECTORS

	Fees				
	Earned or			All	
	Paid in	Stock	Option	Other	
	Cash	Awards	Awards	Compens	ation Total
Name	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Tom Djokovich	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Joseph Grimes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Thomas Anderson	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Oz Fundingsland	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Dr. Michael Russak	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 adjustments or additions to new or existing employment agreements were reviewed and deliberated by the five members of the Board of Directors.

#### PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information as of March 21, 2011, with respect to each person known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the Company's outstanding common stock, each director and officer of the Company and all directors and executive officers of the Company as a group. The Company has no other class of equity securities outstanding other than common stock.

	Number of	Owne	ership
Shareholders/Beneficial Owners	Shares	Percen	tage(1)
Tom Djokovich*(2)			
President & Director	15,793,000	7.2	%
Thomas Anderson*			
Director	1,500,000		< 1%
Oz Fundingsland*			
Director	500,000		< 1%
Mike Russak*			
Director	600,000		< 1%
Joseph Grimes*(3)			
Chief Operating Officer	2,673,664		<1%
Robert Wendt*(4)			
Chief Technical Officer	2,041,664		< 1%
* Individual receives mail at 65 Enterprise Alice Visio California 02656			

<sup>\*</sup> Individual receives mail at 65 Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656.

All directors and executive officers as a group of (6 persons) account for ownership of 23,108,328 shares representing 10.54% of the issued and outstanding common stock. Each principal shareholder has sole investment power and sole voting power over the shares.

(1) Applicable percentage ownership is based on 219,297,821 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of March 21, 2011. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of March 21, 2011 are deemed to be beneficially owned by the person holding such securities for the purpose of computing the percentage of ownership of such

person, but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

- (2) Includes 14,868,000 shares owned by the Djokovich Limited Partnership. Mr. Djokovich shares voting and dispositive power with respect to these shares with Mrs. Djokovich.
- (3) Includes 208,333 warrants/options that may vest and be exercised within 60 days of the date of March 21, 2011.

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(4) Includes 208,333 warrants/options that may vest and be exercised within 60 days of the date of March 21, 2011.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, no officer, director, or related person of the Company has or proposes to have any direct or indirect material interest in any asset proposed to be acquired by the Company through securities holdings, contracts, options or otherwise or any transaction in which the amount involved exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the Company's total assets at year end.

The Company has adopted a policy under which any consulting or finder's fee that may be paid to a third party for consulting services to assist management in evaluating a prospective business opportunity can be paid in stock, stock purchase options or in cash. Any such issuance of stock or stock purchase options would be made on an ad hoc basis. Accordingly, the Company is unable to predict whether or in what amount such a stock issuance might be made.

The following directors are independent: Thomas Anderson, Oz Fundingsland and. Dr. Michael Russak.

The following directors are not independent: Tom Djokovich and Joseph Grimes.

**Promoters** 

We have not had a promoter at any time during the past five (5) fiscal years.

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# MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND OTHER STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our common stock is currently listed on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") under the symbol "XSNX.OB". Set forth below is a table summarizing the high, low, and close quotations for our common stock during the last two fiscal years and the most recent interim period as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc.

Year Ended September 30, 2011	High	Low	Close
First Quarter ended December 31, 2010	0.12	0.07	0.07
Year Ended September 30, 2010			
First Quarter ended December 31, 2009	0.26	0.13	0.16
Second Quarter ended March 31, 2010	0.21	0.11	0.13
Third Quarter ended June 30, 2010	0.15	0.10	0.11
Fourth Quarter ended September 30, 2010	0.12	0.07	0.10
Year Ended September 30, 2009			
First Quarter ended December 31, 2008	0.30	0.18	0.19
Second Quarter ended March 31, 2009	0.20	0.09	0.16
Third Quarter ended June 30, 2009	0.17	0.11	0.13
Fourth Quarter ended September 30, 2009	0.22	0.10	0.15

The market price for our common stock, like that of other technology companies, is highly volatile and is subject to fluctuations in response to variations in our operating results, announcements related to technological innovation or business development, or other events and factors. Our stock price may also be affected by broader market trends unrelated to our performance.

The above quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down, or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

On March 21, 2011, the last reported sales price of our common stock on the OTCBB was \$0.097 per share.

#### Number of Holders

As of March 21, 2011, there were approximately 280 record holders of the Company's common stock, not counting shares held in "street name" in brokerage accounts which is unknown. As of March 21, 2011, there were approximately 219,297,821 shares of common stock outstanding.

#### Dividends

We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying dividends for the foreseeable future.

## Stock Option Plan

On January 5, 2007, the Board resolved to establish the Company's 2007 Stock Option Plan to enable the Company to obtain and retain the services of the types of employees, consultants and directors who could contribute to our long range success and to provide incentives which are linked directly to increases in share value which will inure to the benefit of all stockholders of the Company. Options granted under the Plan may be either Incentive Options or

Nonqualified Options and shall be administered by the Board. Each option shall be exercisable to the nearest whole share, in installments or otherwise, as the respective option agreements may provide. Notwithstanding any other provision of the plan or of any option agreement, each option shall expire on the date specified in the option agreement. A total of 20,000,000 shares of common stock are authorized under the plan.

Stock Compensation, Issuance of Stock Purchase Options

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, no options or warrants were granted.

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On October 18, 2010, the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of stock option agreements to the named employees listed below as follows:

Name	Date of Grant	Amount	Exercise Price	Term	Consideration
Joseph Grimes	October 18,	1,000,000	\$ 0.1	0 5 yr.	Future key deliverables within
	2010				the scope of the employees
					influence
Robert G. Wend	t October 18, 2010	10,000,000	\$ 0.1	0 5 yr.	Future key deliverables within the scope of the employees influence

The vesting schedule for Mr. Grimes is as follows:

The option shall become exercisable in the following amounts upon the delivery and/or achievement by the optionee(s) of the following performance milestones:

- (a) The Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 1,000,000 shares upon Optionee's management of the assembly and operation of initial baseline CIGSolar process equipment contemplated under the Company's CIGS solar cell equipment and technology plan, and the subsequent production of 1,000 full size solar cells (dimension of 125 or 156 mm square) that achieve a minimum of >10% conversion efficiency over a five (5) day operating period in which the system operates at the designed through-put speed range delivering a cell yield of >80%. Cells measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards.
- (b) In the event of a sale or merger of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to an acquiring party following which the Company would not be a surviving operating entity, the Company will provide Optionee a fifteen (15) day prior notice of such proposed event providing for immediate vesting of all remaining unvested Options under this Agreement.

The vesting schedule for Mr. Wendt is as follows:

The option shall become exercisable in the following amounts upon the delivery and/or achievement by the optionee(s) of the following performance milestones:

- (a) The Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 1,000,000 shares upon the award to the Company of a least one patent issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office protecting a key element to the Company's CIGSolar manufacturing approach in which Optionee had an instrumental involvement in either the design, development, prosecution, or inception of the intellectual property.
- (b) The Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 4,000,000 shares upon Optionee's assembly and/or management of the assembly and operation of initial baseline CIGSolar process equipment contemplated under the Company's CIGS solar cell equipment and technology plan, and the subsequent production of 1,000 full size solar cells (dimension of 125 or 156 mm square) that achieve a minimum of >10% conversion efficiency over a five (5) day operating period in which the system operates at the designed through-put speed range delivering a cell yield of >80%. Cells measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards.
  - (c) The Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 5,000,000 shares upon Optionee's assembly and/or management of the assembly and operation of commercial CIGSolar production equipment prepared for use by the Company, or for delivery to a third party by the Company for use in a commercial setting, and the subsequent production of 2,000 full size solar cells (dimension of 125 or 156 mm square) that achieve

a minimum of > 12% conversion efficiency while operating over a five (5) day operating period in which the system operates at the designed through-put speed range delivering a cell yield of >85%. Cells measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards.

(d) Achievement of each milestone to be reviewed and determined by the Company's Board of Directors prior to the Company acknowledgment of any vesting rights by Optionee. Determination by the Board of Directors will be provided within ten (10) business days from notice to the Company by Optionee of milestone achievement. Notice by Optionee shall contain all relevant information necessary for the Board of Directors to review and make a determination.

Additionally, on October 18, 2010, the Board of Directors authorized amendments to prior option grants issued to the named employee listed below as follows:

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Grant Number 07-016	Optionee Name Robert Wendt	Amended Terms Section 3(i) (b) Exercise of Option was amended as follows; This Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 100,000 shares upon production by Optionee of a >10% NREL CIGS device produced on glass substrate. Device measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards
07-023	Robert Wendt	Section 3(i) (a,b,c) Vesting Schedule was amended as follows;
		(a) This Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 250,000 shares upon production by Optionee of a >10% NREL CIGS device produced on stainless steel substrate. Device measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards."
		"(b) This Option shall become exercisable in the amount of 250,000 shares upon production by Optionee of one >10% full size 125 mm pseudo square cell on stainless steel (SS). Device measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards."
		"(c) Intentionally Omitted"
34-2009	Robert Wendt	Section 3(i) (a) Exercise of Option was amended as follows; All remaining unvested Options under this Agreement shall vest and become exercisable upon production by Optionee, and third party validation, of functioning>10% full size 125 mm pseudo square cells on stainless steel (SS) – minimum 20 cells. Cells measured at AM1.5 using a light source and tester calibrated to NIST standards."

## **Table of Equity Compensation**

The following table sets forth summary information, as of September 30, 2010, concerning securities authorized for issuance under all equity compensation plans and agreements for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2010, and 2009 is as follows:

During the period ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company granted 0 and 5,350,000 stock options, respectively. The stock options are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant at an exercise price between \$0.16 and \$0.36 per share and expire at various times through April 2014.

	9/30/2010	9/30/2009
Risk free interest rate	1.67% to 2.77%	1.67% to 2.77%
Stock volatility factor	90.56% to 104.73%	90.56% to 104.73%
Weighted average expected option life	5 years	5 years
Expected dividend yield	None	None

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information follows:

9/30/2010	9/30/2009
Weighted	Weighted