

Qingdao Footwear, Inc.
Form 10-Q/A
November 04, 2010

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2010

Commission File Number: 000-53075

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

16-1591157
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

269 First Huashan Road
Jimo City, Qingdao, Shandong, PRC
(Address of principal executive office and zip code)

86-532-86595999
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Class | Outstanding at September 3, 2010 |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share | 10,000,000 shares |

Explanatory Note

The purpose of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A is to amend Item 1, 2 and 6 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2010, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on August 16, 2010 (the “June 30, 2010 10-Q”)

Items 1, 2 and 6 of our June 30, 2010 10-Q have been amended and restated in their entirety. In particular, the financial statements have been restated to reflect an overstatement of general and administrative expenses and an understatement of tax liabilities for the period, as previously disclosed in a current report on Form 8-K filed on October 14, 2010. Except as stated herein, this Form 10-Q/A does not reflect events occurring after the filing of the June 30, 2010 10-Q on August 16, 2010 and no attempt has been made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A to modify or update other disclosures as presented in the June 30, 2010 10-Q. Accordingly, this Form 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with our filings with the SEC subsequent to the filing of the June 30, 2010 10-Q.

Throughout this report, the terms “we,” “us,” “our company,” “our” and “Qingdao Footwear” refer to the combined business of Qingdao Footwear, Inc., formerly Datone, Inc. and its wholly owned direct subsidiaries, (i) Glory Reach International Limited, or “Glory Reach” a Hong Kong limited company; and (ii) Qingdao Hongguan Shoes Co., Ltd., a PRC limited company, or “QHS,” as the case may be.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|-------------------|--|-----------|
| PART I. | FINANCIAL INFORMATION | 3 |
| ITEM 1. | FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | 3 |
| ITEM 2. | MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS | 15 |
| PART II. | OTHER INFORMATION | 25 |
| ITEM 6. | EXHIBITS | 26 |
| SIGNATURES | | 27 |

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 AND DECEMBER 31, 2009

| | June 30, 2010 (unaudited) (Restated) | December 31, 2009 (audited) (Restated) |
|--|---|---|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash | \$ 414,350 | \$ 61,131 |
| Accounts receivable | 360,934 | 98,962 |
| Notes receivable | 460,313 | - |
| Inventories | 557,031 | 344,512 |
| Prepaid expenses | 651,854 | 57,311 |
| Total current assets | 2,444,482 | 561,916 |
| Long term prepaid expenses | 1,668,725 | - |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 1,022,594 | 930,451 |
| Intangible assets | 3,873,744 | 208,167 |
| Total Assets | \$ 9,009,545 | \$ 1,700,534 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 21,261 | \$ 15,727 |
| Accrued liabilities | 1,056,441 | - |
| Short term loans | 1,163,670 | 718,830 |
| Taxes payable | 15,639,453 | 12,551,687 |
| Due to related parties | - | 117,360 |
| Total current liabilities | 17,880,825 | 13,403,604 |
| Long-term debt | 250,410 | 249,390 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 18,131,235 | \$ 13,652,994 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Series A preferred stock, .0001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding | - | - |
| Common stock, .0001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 10,000,000 and 9,700,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | 1,000 | 970 |

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| | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 762,091 | 319,510 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 455,031 | 440,775 |
| Retained earnings (deficits) | (10,339,812) | (12,713,715) |
| | | |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | \$ (9,121,690) | \$ (11,952,460) |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | \$ 9,009,545 | \$ 1,700,534 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009
UNAUDITED

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2009 | June 30, 2010 | June 30, 2009 |
| | (Restated) | | | |
| Net sales | \$ 6,483,625 | \$ 5,143,578 | \$ 11,249,437 | \$ 9,599,476 |
| Cost of sales | 3,422,563 | 2,923,413 | 6,079,318 | 5,445,751 |
| Gross Profit | 3,061,062 | 2,220,165 | 5,170,119 | 4,153,725 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 402,142 | 230,913 | 1,104,863 | 449,460 |
| Depreciation and Amortization Expense | 41,312 | 13,125 | 59,317 | 26,258 |
| Income from operations | 443,454 | 1,976,127 | 4,005,939 | 3,678,007 |
| Other income (expense) | | | | |
| Rental income | 22,009 | 21,994 | 44,007 | 43,971 |
| Interest income | 18,498 | 180 | 18,587 | 713 |
| Interest expense | (26,261) | (13,892) | (49,167) | (27,391) |
| Income before income taxes | 2,631,854 | 1,984,409 | 4,109,366 | 3,695,300 |
| Income taxes | 657,964 | 494,902 | 1,115,495 | 922,625 |
| Net income | \$ 1,973,890 | \$ 1,489,507 | \$ 2,903,871 | \$ 2,772,675 |
| Earnings per share - basic and diluted | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.15 | \$ 0.29 | \$ 0.29 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding-basic and diluted | 10,000,000 | 9,700,000 | 10,000,000 | 9,700,000 |
| Net income | \$ 1,973,890 | \$ 1,489,507 | \$ 2,903,871 | \$ 2,772,675 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation | 13,915 | (1,234) | 14,256 | (7,939) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 1,987,805 | \$ 1,488,273 | \$ 2,918,127 | \$ 2,764,736 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009
UNAUDITED

| | Six Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | June 30, 2010 (Restated) | June 30, 2009 (Restated) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,903,871 | \$ 2,772,675 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 59,317 | 26,258 |
| Stock based compensation | 442,611 | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (261,567) | (40,637) |
| Accrued interest on notes receivable | (18,413) | - |
| Inventories | (211,109) | (39,869) |
| Prepaid expenses | (2,263,033) | (50,912) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 38,456 | 17,105 |
| Tax payable | 3,040,504 | 2,681,288 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 3,730,637 | 5,365,908 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Loan made to other | (441,900) | - |
| Advance to related party | (117,840) | - |
| Cash paid for property and equipment | (130,127) | (373,302) |
| Cash paid for intangible asset | (2,659,045) | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (3,348,912) | (373,302) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Distribution to shareholders | (483,143) | (4,854,728) |
| Proceeds from loans | 441,900 | - |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (41,243) | (4,854,728) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | 12,737 | (1,498) |
| Net increase in cash | \$ 353,219 | \$ 136,380 |
| Cash, beginning of period | 61,131 | 118,534 |
| Cash, end of period | \$ 414,350 | \$ 254,914 |
| SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURE: | | |
| Interest paid | \$ 49,167 | \$ 27,391 |
| Income tax paid | \$ 1,149 | \$ 1,052 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Qingdao Footwear, Inc. (formerly Datone, Inc.) was originally incorporated on August 9, 2000 under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company operated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of USIP.COM, Inc. On August 24, 2006, USIP decided to spin-off its subsidiary companies, one of which was Datone, Inc. On February 1, 2008, Datone, Inc. filed a registration statement on Form 10-SB, which went effective on November 13, 2008.

On February 12, 2010, the Company completed a reverse acquisition transaction through a share exchange with Glory Reach International Limited, a Hong Kong limited company (“Glory Reach”), the shareholders of Glory Reach (the “Shareholders”), Greenwich Holdings LLC and Qingdao Shoes, whereby the Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Glory Reach in exchange for 10,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock which constituted 97% of our issued and outstanding capital stock on an as-converted to common stock basis as of and immediately after the consummation of the reverse acquisition. Following the effectiveness of the Reverse Stock Split (note 9) and conversion of Series A Preferred Stock into common stock (note 9), there will be approximately 10,000,000 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding. As a result of the reverse acquisition, Glory Reach became our wholly-owned subsidiary and the former shareholders of Glory Reach became our controlling stockholders. The share exchange transaction with Glory Reach was treated as a reverse acquisition, with Glory Reach as the acquirer and Datone, Inc. as the acquired party for accounting and financial reporting purposes. After the reverse merger, Datone, Inc changed its name to Qingdao Footwear, Inc.

Datone spun off all its assets and liabilities to its prior owners before the reverse merger. For Glory Reach, reverse merger is accounted for as a reverse merger with a shell company and as a recapitalization.

Glory Reach International Limited (the “Company”) was established in Hong Kong on November 18, 2009 to serve as an intermediate holding company. Mr. Tao Wang, the controlling interest holder of Qingdao Shoes also controls the Company. On February 8, 2010, also pursuant to the restructuring plan, the Company acquired 100% of the equity interests in Qingdao Shoes.

Qingdao Shoes was incorporated on March 11, 2003 in Jimo County, Qingdao City, Shandong Province, People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) with registered capital of \$320,480. Prior to December 18, 2009, Mr. Tao Wang owned 80% of Qingdao Shoes and the remaining 20% was owned by Mr. Renwei Ma. Starting from December 18, 2009, Mr. Tao Wang owned 80% of Qingdao Shoes, Mr. Renwei Ma owned 15% and Mr. Wenyi Chen owned the remaining 5%. Qingdao Shoes is the owner of the brand name “Hongguan” and principally engaged in the wholesale and retail sales of fashion footwear primarily in the northeast region of China.

Since there is common control between the Glory Reach and Qingdao Shoes, for accounting purposes, the acquisitions of Qingdao Shoes has been treated as a recapitalization with no adjustment to the historical basis of their assets and liabilities. The restructuring has been accounted for using the “as if” pooling method of accounting and the operations were consolidated as if the restructuring had occurred as of the beginning of the earliest period presented in our consolidated financial statements and the current corporate structure had been in existence throughout the periods covered by our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

These accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2009 audited financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto as included in the Company's Form PRER14C filed on April 19, 2010. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for fair presentation of financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented have been reflected herein. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Notes to the consolidated financial statements, which would substantially duplicate the disclosure required in the Company's December 31, 2009 annual financial statements have been omitted.

All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior period numbers are reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management makes these estimates using the best information available at the time the estimates are made. However, actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and trade receivables. As of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, substantially all of the Company’s cash were held by major financial institutions located in the PRC, which management believes are of high credit quality. With respect to trade receivables, the Company generally does not require collateral for trade receivables and has not experienced any credit losses in collecting the trade receivables.

The Company operates principally in the PRC and grants credit to its customers in this geographic region. Although the PRC is economically stable, it is always possible that unanticipated events in foreign countries could disrupt the Company’s operations.

Land Use Rights

According to the laws of China, the government owns all the land in China. Companies or individuals are authorized to possess and use the land only through land use rights granted by the Chinese government. Land use rights are being amortized using the straight-line method over the lease term of the rights.

The Company paid in advance for the lease of two parcels of land consisting of approximately \$243,000 and \$3,682,000 for 50-year and 60-year time period, respectively. The lease period began during 2003 and 2010 and expire during 2053 and 2070, respectively. The amount is being amortized and recorded as expense over the 50-year and 60-year terms of the leases, respectively.

Comprehensive Income

The Company has adopted the provisions of ASC 220 “Reporting Comprehensive Income” which establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income, its components and accumulated balances in a full set of general purpose financial statements.

ASC 220 defines comprehensive income is comprised of net income and all changes to the statements of stockholders’ equity, except those due to investments by stockholders, changes in paid-in capital and distributions to stockholders, including adjustments to minimum pension liabilities, accumulated foreign currency translation, and unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities. The Company’s other comprehensive income arose from the effect of foreign currency translation adjustments.

Value Added Taxes

The Company is subject to value added tax (“VAT”) for selling merchandise. The applicable VAT rate is 17% for products sold in the PRC. The amount of VAT liability is determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the invoiced amount of goods sold (output VAT) less VAT paid on purchases made with the relevant supporting invoices (input VAT). Under the commercial practice of the PRC, the Company pays VAT based on tax invoices issued. The tax invoices may be issued subsequent to the date on which revenue is recognized, and there may be a considerable delay between the date on which the revenue is recognized and the date on which the tax invoice is issued. In the event that the PRC tax authorities dispute the date on which revenue is recognized for tax purposes, the PRC tax office has the right to assess a penalty based on the amount of the taxes which are determined to be late or deficient, and will be expensed in the period if and when a determination is made by the tax authorities that a penalty is due.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenues from the retail and wholesale of shoes. Sales revenues are recognized when the following four revenue criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the selling price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Sales are presented net of value added tax (VAT). No return allowance is made as product returns have been insignificant in all periods.

Retail sales are recognized at the point of sale to customers. Wholesale to its contracted customers are recognized as revenue at the time the product is shipped and title passes to the customer on an FOB shipping point basis. Wholesale prices are predetermined and fixed based on contractual agreements. The Company does not allow any discounts, credits, rebates or similar privileges.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during each period. At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, the Company had no common stock equivalents that could potentially dilute future earnings per share.

NOTE 3 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Company advanced \$440,100 to a third party in January 2010. The note receivable carries annual interest at 10% and matured in July 2010.

NOTE 4 – PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses consist of the following as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

| | June 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Prepaid rent | \$ 693,758 | \$ 18,778 |
| Prepaid advertising fee | 1,237,188 | - |
| Prepaid maintenance fee | 349,838 | - |
| Prepaid miscellaneous fee | 39,795 | 38,533 |
| | \$ 2,320,579 | \$ 57,311 |
| Minus: current portion | 651,854 | 57,311 |
| Long term portion | 1,668,725 | - |

Long term prepaid rent is for a new 15-year retail store lease. The whole amount of the lease was prepaid. Long term advertising prepayment is for advertisement contracts with period ranging from two to five years. The whole contracts amounts were prepaid. Long term maintenance prepayment is for a five-year landscaping maintenance contract and the whole contract was prepaid.

NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following land use right as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

| June 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|------------------|----------------------|
|------------------|----------------------|

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Cost of land use right | 3,925,545 | 242,055 |
| Less: accumulated amortization | 51,801 | 33,888 |
| Land use rights, net | \$ 3,873,744 | \$ 208,167 |

Amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$16,491, \$17,701, \$1,210 and \$2,420, respectively.

Amortization expense for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| 2010 (for the remaining six months) | \$ 32,980 |
| 2011 | 65,962 |
| 2012 | 65,962 |
| 2013 | 65,962 |
| 2014 | 65,962 |
| 2015 | 65,962 |
| Thereafter | 3,510,954 |
| Total | \$ 3,873,744 |

In April 2010, the Company purchased land use rights in Jimo, Shandong Province for \$3,682,500. By June 30, 2010, \$2,659,045 has been paid in cash. The company is still in the process of obtaining the title of the land use right.

NOTE 6 - SHORT TERM LOANS

Short-term loans are due to two financial institutions which are normally due within one year. As of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company's short term loans consisted of the following:

| | June 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|---------------|-------------------|
| JMRB, two 12-month bank loans both due in November 2010, bears annual interest at 7.965% average, secured by third parties | 294,600 | 293,400 |
| BOQ, 12-month bank loan due in September 2010, bears annual interest at 6.372% average, pledged by Company's building and land use right | 427,170 | 425,430 |
| JMRB, 12-month bank loan due in December 2010, bears annual interest at 7.965% average, secured by third parties | 441,900 | - |
| Total short-term debt | \$ 1,163,670 | \$ 718,830 |

The above indebtedness to JMRB at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 has been guaranteed by two unrelated companies.

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM LOANS

On December 16, 2009, the Company entered into a 2-year loan agreement with JMRB. The Company borrowed \$250,410 with an annual interest rate equal to 7.02% and is due in December 2011. The loan is guaranteed by the relatives of Mr. Tao Wang, the CEO and major shareholder of the Company and is collateralized by the property of his relatives.

NOTE 8- RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSCATIONS

Due to related party

At December 31, 2009, the dividend payable to Mr. Renwei Ma, the shareholder of the Company was \$117,360, which was paid off in the first quarter of 2010.

Due to related party at June 30, 2010 is nil.

Related party transactions

The Company leases one of its stores from Mr. Tao Wang under a four-year operating lease expiring August 2011. For the six months ended June 2010 and 2009, related party rent expense of \$8,800 and \$8,794, respectively, was included in total rent expense of the year.

The Company leases one of its warehouse buildings to Weidong, Liang, brother-in-law of Mr. Tao Wang, for three years starting May 2008. Per the agreement, the lessee shall pay equal amount of advertising expense on behalf of the lessor as the lease payment. For the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded other income of \$44,007 and \$43,971 respectively, from leasing the aforementioned building and advertising expense of the same amount respectively.

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAX

The Company is governed by the Income Tax Law of the PRC concerning the private-run enterprises, which are generally subject to tax at a statutory rate of 25% on income reported in the statutory financial statements.

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 | Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Income before income taxes | \$ 4,019,366 | \$ 3,695,300 |
| Income taxes | \$ 1,115,495 | \$ 922,625 |

There is no significant temporary difference between book and tax income.

The Company has no United States income tax liabilities as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

The following table reconciles the U.S. statutory corporate income rates to the Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 | Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| U.S. statutory rate | 34.0% | 34.0% |
| Foreign income not recognized in the U.S. | -34.0% | -34.0% |
| PRC statutory rate | 25.0% | 25.0% |
| Adjustment for expense on U.S. Shell | 2.8% | - |
| Effective income tax rate | 27.8% | 25.0% |

NOTE 10 – SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

During January 2010, the Company distributed \$483,143 to its shareholders.

During February 2010, upon the closing of the reverse merger, one of the shareholders transferred 338 of the 874 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock issued to him under the share exchange to certain service providers of the Company. The underlining common shares were valued at \$1.35 (post-reverse split common stock price) per share resulting in stock compensation expense of \$442,611 for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

The Company issued 10,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in February 2010 related to the reverse merger.

Shares of Series A Preferred Stock had automatically convert into shares of common stock on the basis of one share of Series A Preferred Stock for 970 shares of common stock immediately subsequent to the effectiveness of a planned 1-for-27 reverse split of the Company's outstanding common stock, which had become effective on June 10, 2010. Upon the reverse split the 10,000 outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock had automatically convert into 9,700,000 shares of common stock, which constitutes 97% of the outstanding common stock of the Company subsequent to the reverse stock split.

Holder of Series A Preferred Stock vote with the holders of common stock on all matters on an as-converted to common stock basis, based on an assumed post 1-for-27 reverse split (to retroactively take into account the reverse stock split).

Following the effectiveness of the Reverse Stock Split and conversion of Series A Preferred Stock into common stock, there are approximately 10,000,000 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding.

For accounting purposes, we treated the series A convertible preferred stock as being converted fully to common stock on a post reverse stock split basis.

The 1-for-27 Reverse Stock Split

The Company's board of directors unanimously approved, subject to stockholder approval, the 1-for-27 Reverse Split of our issued and outstanding common stock. The reverse split will reduce the number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock outstanding prior to the split. The reverse split increases the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock subsequent to the split by triggering the automatic conversion of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock into 9,700,000 shares of common stock. The reverse split had become effective on June 10, 2010, the date when the Company filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware following the expiration of the 20 day period mandated by Rule 14c of the Exchange Act. On June 10, 2010, 27 shares of Common Stock had automatically been combined and changed into one share of common stock.

For counting purposes, we treated the reverse stock split as being effective and all shares are retroactively restated to reflect the reverse stock split.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Guarantees

As of December 31, 2009, the Company provided corporate guarantees for bank loans borrowed by two unrelated companies incorporated in the PRC ("Company A and B"). Associated with the corporate guarantee, Company A and B also provided cross guarantees for the JMRB bank loans of \$293,400 borrowed by the Company. If Company A and B default on the repayment of their bank loans when they fall due, the Company is required to repay the outstanding balance. As of December 31, 2009, the guarantee provided for the bank loans borrowed by Company A and B were approximately RMB 1,000,000 (\$293,400) and RMB 1,000,000 (\$146,700), respectively.

The guarantee period is from July 2008 to December 2009. The Company's management considered the risk of default by Company A and B is remote and therefore no liability for the guarantor's obligation under the guarantee was recognized as of December 31, 2009. No fee was paid to Company A and B for their guarantee.

As of June 30, 2010, two unrelated companies incorporated in the PRC provided guarantees for the JMRB bank loans of \$293,400 borrowed by the Company. The guarantees end when the loans become mature. (See Note 5)

Tax liabilities

The Company did not pay much of its significant value added tax liabilities and income tax liabilities.

The tax authority of the PRC Government conducts periodic and ad hoc tax filing reviews on business enterprises operating in the PRC after those enterprises had completed their relevant tax filings, hence the Company's tax filings may not be finalized. It is therefore uncertain as to whether the PRC tax authority may take different views about the Company's tax filings which may lead to additional tax liabilities.

Mr. Tao Wang entered into the contract with the Company to assume fiscal responsibilities for all tax liabilities recorded and potential penalties relating to all the tax liabilities before December 31, 2009. As of December 31, 2009, the assumed amount was \$12,549,060 which mainly included VAT tax payable and income tax payable. However, these tax amounts transferred to Mr. Tao Wang were never paid to the government. As a result, the historical financial statements of the Company were restated to reflect the Company as the primary obligor of the tax liabilities. Please refer to the restatement footnote 13. According to PRC tax law, late or deficient tax payment could subject the Company to significant tax penalty.

NOTE 12 - OPERATING RISKS

(a) Country risk

The Company has significant investments in the PRC. The operating results of the Company may be adversely affected by changes in the political and social conditions in the PRC and by changes in Chinese government policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things. The Company can give no assurance that those changes in political and other conditions will not result in a material adverse effect upon the Company's business and financial condition.

(b) Exchange risk

The Company cannot guarantee the Renminbi, US dollar exchange rate will remain steady, therefore the Company could post the same profit for two comparable periods and post higher or lower profit depending on exchange rate of Renminbi and US dollars. The exchange rate could fluctuate depending on changes in the political and economic environments without notice.

(c) Interest risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from short-term variable rate borrowings from time to time. The Company's future interest expense will fluctuate in line with any change in borrowing rates. The Company does not have any derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and believes its exposure to interest rate risk is not material.

(d) Deposit risk

The Company holds certain bank accounts in its employees' name in order to better facilitate its daily cash needs. Balances of these accounts totaled \$345,811 at June 30, 2010 and \$7,870 at December 31, 2009. Highest total balance of these accounts during the six months period ended June 30, 2010 was approximately \$1,060,000 and \$1,224,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. It is possible that the Company could lose these deposits due to the fact that these accounts are not legally owned by the Company.

NOTE 13 – RESTATEMENTS

The Company restated the statement of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2010 due to an error in the selling, general and administrative expense. The amount reported previously \$844,753 erroneously included the stock compensation expense for the amount of \$442,611 that incurred in the period of three months ended March 31, 2010. As a result of the restatement, net income of three months ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$442,611 from \$1,531,279 to \$1,973,890. EPS for the period increased from \$0.15 per share to \$0.20 per share. The effects of the restating the tax liabilities are shown in the following tables.

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
UNAUDITED

| | June 30, 2010 (Original) | Adjustment | June 30, 2010 (Restated) |
|--------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 414,350 | \$ 414,350 |
| Accounts receivable | | 360,934 | 360,934 |
| Notes receivable | | 460,313 | 460,313 |
| Inventories | | 557,031 | 557,031 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 651,854 | 651,854 |
| Total current assets | | 2,444,482 | 2,444,482 |
| Long term prepaid expenses | | 1,668,725 | 1,668,725 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | | 1,022,594 | 1,022,594 |
| Intangible assets | | 3,873,744 | 3,873,744 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 9,009,545 | \$ 9,009,545 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 21,261 | \$ 21,261 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 1,056,441 | 1,056,441 |
| Short term loans | | 1,163,670 | 1,163,670 |
| Taxes payable | | 3,043,141 | 12,596,312 15,639,453 |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,284,513 | 17,880,825 |
| Long-term debt | | 250,410 | 250,410 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 5,534,923 | \$ 12,596,312 \$ 18,131,235 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | | |
| Series A preferred stock, .0001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding | | - | - |
| Common stock, .0001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 10,000,000 and 9,700,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 762,091 | 762,091 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | | 455,031 | 455,031 |
| Retained earnings (deficits) | | 2,256,500 | (12,596,312) (10,339,812) |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | \$ | 3,474,622 | (12,596,312) \$ (9,121,690) |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | \$ | 9,009,545 | 0 \$ 9,009,545 |

As a result of restatement of the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2010, total liabilities increased from \$5,534,923 as originally reported, to \$18,131,235, an increase of \$12,596,312. The increase of total liabilities was derived from the increase of taxes payable.

The total stockholders' equity was restated from \$3,474,622 as originally reported, to (\$9,121,690), a decrease of \$12,596,312. The decrease of total stockholders' equity was derived from the increase in retained deficits due to a reclassification of the amount due from shareholder to stockholders' equity.

QINGDAO FOOTWEAR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
UNAUDITED

| | June 30, 2010 (Original) | Six Months Ended Adjustment | June 30, 2010 (Restated) |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,903,871 | | \$ 2,903,871 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 59,317 | | 59,317 |
| Stock based compensation | 442,611 | | 442,611 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (261,567) | | (261,567) |
| Accrued interest on notes receivable | (18,413) | | (18,413) |
| Inventories | (211,109) | | (211,109) |
| Prepaid expenses | (2,263,033) | | (2,263,033) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 38,456 | | 38,456 |
| Tax payable | 3,040,504 | | 3,040,504 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 3,730,637 | | 3,730,637 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Loan made to other | (441,900) | | (441,900) |
| Advance to related party | (222,778) | 104,938 | (117,840) |
| Cash paid for property and equipment | (130,127) | | (130,127) |
| Cash paid for intangible asset | (2,659,045) | | (2,659,045) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | | |