SIMPSON MANUFACTURING CO INC /CA/ Form 10-K February 28, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)	
x Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 o	or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for t	the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012
	OR
o Transition Report Pursuant to Section	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for the tran	nsition period from to .
	Commission file number: 1-13429

Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

94-3196943 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5956 W. Las Positas Blvd., Pleasanton, CA 94588

	,
(Address of princip	pal executive offices)
Registrant s telephone number,	including area code: (925) 560-9000
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 (Title of each class)	New York Stock Exchange, Inc. (Name of each exchange on which registered)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:	
N	one
(Title	of class)
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issues	r, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes x No o
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pu	rsuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes o No x
	equired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronical File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regular for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and po	ation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of June 30, 2012, there were outstanding 48,318,180 shares of the registrant s common stock, par value \$0.01, which is the only outstanding class of common or voting stock of the registrant. The aggregate market value of the shares of common stock held by nonaffiliates of the registrant (based on the closing price for the common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2012) was approximately \$1,180,927,727. As of February 20, 2013, 48,543,831 shares of the registrant s common stock were outstanding.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

The information called for by Part III is incorporated by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Company to be held April 23, 2013, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2012.

This document contains forward-looking statements, based on numerous assumptions and subject to risks and uncertainties. Although the Company believes that the forward-looking statements are reasonable, it does not and cannot give any assurance that its beliefs and expectations will prove to be correct. Many factors could significantly affect the Company's operations and cause the Company's actual results to be substantially different from the Company's expectations. Those factors include, but are not limited to: (i) general economic and construction business conditions; (ii) customer acceptance of the Company's products; (iii) relationships with key customers; (iv) materials and manufacturing costs; (v) the financial condition of customers, competitors and suppliers; (vi) technological developments; (vii) increased competition; (viii) changes in capital and credit markets; (ix) governmental and business conditions in countries where the Company's products are manufactured and sold; (x) changes in trade regulations; (xi) the effect of acquisition activity; (xii) changes in the Company's plans, strategies, objectives, expectations or intentions; and (xiii) other risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Actual results might differ materially from results suggested by any forward-looking statements in this report. The Company does not have an obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of the receipt of new information, the occurrence of future events or otherwise. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

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Item 1. Business.

Background

Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc., a Delaware corporation, (the Company), through its subsidiary, Simpson Strong-Tie Company Inc. (Simpson Strong-Tie or SST), designs, engineers and is a leading manufacturer of wood construction products, including connectors, truss plates, fastening systems, fasteners and pre-fabricated shearwalls, and concrete construction products used for concrete, masonry and steel, including adhesives, chemicals, mechanical anchors, carbide drill bits, powder actuated tools and fiber reinforcing materials. SST markets its products to the residential construction, light industrial and commercial construction, remodeling and do-it-yourself (DIY) markets. The Company believes that SST benefits from strong brand name recognition among architects and engineers who frequently specify in building plans the use of SST products. SST has continuously manufactured structural connectors since 1956.

On August 31, 2010, the Company sold substantially all of the assets and liabilities of Simpson Dura-Vent Company, Inc. (Simpson Dura-Vent) pursuant to an agreement dated June 30, 2010, with M&G Holding B.V. and M&G Dura-Vent, Inc. (M&G). The Company decided to sell the assets of Simpson Dura-Vent to focus on the development of its other businesses. Simpson Dura-Vent represented the Company sentire venting product line. The Company retained its real estate in Vacaville, California, which it now leases to M&G, and all Simpson Dura-Vent balances related to cash, employee-related liabilities and specified long-term liabilities.

After the sale of Simpson Dura-Vent, the Company reorganized into three operating segments consisting of the North American, European and Asia/Pacific segments. The North American segment includes operations primarily in the United States and Canada. The European segment includes operations primarily in France, the United Kingdom, Germany, Denmark, Ireland, Switzerland, Portugal and Poland. The Asia/Pacific segment includes operations primarily in China, Hong Kong, Australia, New Zealand and the Middle East. These segments are similar in several ways, including the products manufactured and distributed, the types of materials used, the production processes, the distribution channels and the product applications. See Note 14 to the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the assets and performance of each of the Company s operating segments. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

SST s wood construction products are typically made of steel and are used primarily to strengthen, support and connect wood joints in residential and commercial construction and DIY projects. SST s wood construction products enhance the safety and durability of the structures in which they are installed and can save time and labor costs. SST s wood construction products contribute to structural integrity and resistance to seismic, wind and other forces. Applications range from commercial and residential building, to deck construction, to DIY projects. SST produces and markets over 12,000 standard and custom wood construction products.

SST s concrete construction products are composed of various materials including steel, chemicals and carbon fiber. They are used to strengthen, support and connect joints in residential and commercial construction and DIY projects used to repair, protect and strengthen concrete, brick or mortar structures. SST s concrete construction products enhance the safety and durability of the structures in which they are installed, can save time and labor costs, and

contribute to structural integrity and resistance to seismic, wind and other forces. Applications range from industrial, commercial, infrastructure and residential structures, to DIY projects. SST produces and markets over 2,000 standard and custom concrete construction products.

SST emphasizes continuous new product development and often obtains patent protection for its new products. SST s products are marketed in all 50 states of the United States and in Europe, Canada, Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Mexico and several countries in Central and South America, Africa and the Middle East. SST s products are distributed to home centers, through wholesale distributors, to contractors, to dealers and to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs). SST operates manufacturing, warehouse or quality assurance facilities in California, Arizona, Texas, Ohio, Florida, Connecticut, Illinois, Washington, Tennessee, Minnesota, North Carolina, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, British Columbia, Ontario, England, France, Denmark, Germany, Scotland, Poland, Czech Republic, Switzerland, Portugal, The Netherlands, Austria, Hong Kong, Australia, Dubai, China, Taiwan, Thailand, New Zealand, Vietnam and South Africa.

SST has developed and uses automated manufacturing processes. Its innovative manufacturing systems and techniques have allowed it to control manufacturing costs, while developing both new products and products that meet customized requirements and specifications. SST s development of specialized manufacturing processes has also permitted increased operating flexibility and enhanced product design innovation. The Company has 22 manufacturing locations in the United States, Canada, France, Denmark, Germany, Switzerland, Poland, Portugal, China and England. With the acquisition of S&P Clever Reinforcement Company AG and S&P Reinforcement International AG (collectively, S&P Clever) in 2012, SST acquired additional manufacturing facilities in Switzerland, Poland and Portugal.

Industry and Market Trends

Based on trade periodicals, participation in trade and professional associations and communications with governmental and quasi-governmental organizations and with customers and suppliers, Simpson Strong-Tie believes that a variety of events and trends have resulted in significant developments in the markets that SST serves. SST s products are designed to respond to increasing demand resulting from these trends. Some of these events and trends are discussed below.

In the United States, the market has been increasingly influenced both by growing awareness that the devastation caused by seismic, wind and other disasters can be reduced through improved building codes and construction practices. In addition, environmental concerns contribute to the increasing cost and reduced availability of wood, which has led to an increase in use of engineered wood products, concrete, brick and mortar and other alternatives such as cold-formed steel. Most SST products are listed by recognized building standards agencies as complying with model building codes and are specified by architects and engineers for use in projects they are designing or supervising. The engineered wood products industry continues to develop in response to concerns about the availability of wood, and the Company believes that SST is the leading supplier of connectors for use with engineered wood products.

Natural disasters throughout the world have focused attention on safety concerns relating to the structural integrity of homes and other buildings. The 2011 earthquake in Fukushima, Japan, and the resulting tsunami, the 2011 earthquake in Christchurch, New Zealand, the 2010 earthquakes off the coast of Chile and in Haiti, the 1995 earthquake in Kobe, Japan, the 1994 earthquake in Northridge, California, the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake in Northern California, hurricanes Hugo in 1989 and Andrew in 1992, a series of hurricanes in 2004 and 2005, including Katrina, in the southeastern United States, the 2011 Joplin, Missouri, tornado and other cataclysmic natural disasters damaged and destroyed innumerable homes and other buildings, resulting in heightened consciousness of the fragility of some of those structures.

In the face of such disasters in recent years, architects, engineers, model code agencies, contractors, building inspectors and legislators have continued efforts to improve structural integrity and safety of homes and other buildings. Based on ongoing participation in trade and professional associations and communications with governmental and quasi-governmental regulatory agencies, SST believes that building codes are being more uniformly applied and their enforcement is becoming more rigorous.

Recently, there has been consolidation among several of SST s customer groups. The industry has experienced increased complexity in some home design, and builders are more aggressively trying to reduce their costs. SST has responded to these trends by marketing its products as systems, in addition to individual parts. In some cases, SST uses sophisticated design and specification software to facilitate systems marketing.

The requirements of the Endangered Species Act, the Federal Lands Policy Management Act and the National Forest Management Act have reduced the amount of timber available for harvest from public lands. Over the past several years, this and other factors have led to the increased use of engineered wood products. Engineered wood products, which substitute for strong, clear-grained lumber historically obtained from logging older, large-diameter trees, have been developed to conserve lumber. Engineered wood products frequently require specialized connectors and fasteners. Sales of SST s engineered wood connector and fastener products have contributed significant revenues over the past several years.

SST continues to support its distribution through home centers throughout the United States. Although SST s sales to home centers declined in 2010 and 2012, they increased in 2011. See Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

SST s principal markets are in the building construction industry. That industry is subject to significant volatility due to real estate market cycles, fluctuations in interest rates, the availability, or lack thereof, of credit to builders, developers and consumers, inflation rates, weather, and other factors and trends. The world-wide recession and the decline in residential construction that began in 2007 reduced the demand for SST s products. In recent years, there have been indications of an economic recovery with a corresponding increase in residential construction. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

Business Strategy

Simpson Strong-Tie designs, manufactures and sells products that are of high quality and performance, easy to use and cost-effective for customers. SST provides rapid delivery of its products and prompt engineering and sales support. SST intends to continue efforts to increase market share in both the wood construction and concrete construction product groups by maintaining frequent contact with our customers, as well as private organizations that provide information to building code officials, both to inform them regarding the quality, proper installation, capabilities and value of SST s products and to update them about product modifications and new products that may be useful or necessary. To attract new customers, SST also intends to continue to sponsor seminars to inform architects, engineers, contractors and building officials on appropriate use and proper installation of its products and to continue to invest in mobile and web applications for customers, utilizing social media, blog posts and videos to connect and engage with customers and to help them do their jobs more efficiently.

Through acquisition and product development, utilizing industry knowledge and customer information, SST continues to diversify its product offering to be less dependent on residential housing regardless of market ups and downs. Based on its communications with customers, engineers, architects, contractors and other industry participants, SST believes it has strong brand-name recognition, which will assist in the acceptance of new products in current and new markets, both domestic and international.

SST seeks to expand its product and distribution coverage through several channels:

Distributors. SST regularly evaluates its distribution coverage and service levels provided by its distributors and from time to time modifies its distribution strategy and implements changes to address weaknesses and opportunities. SST has various programs to evaluate distributor product mix and conducts promotions to encourage distributors to add SST products that complement the mix of product offerings in their markets.

Through its efforts to increase specifications by architects and engineers, and through increasing the number of products sold to particular contractors, SST seeks to increase sales to channels that serve building contractors. SST continuously seeks to expand the number of contractors served by each distributor through such sales efforts as demonstrations of product cost-effectiveness and information programs.

Home Centers. SST intends to increase penetration of the DIY markets by soliciting home centers and increasing product offerings. SST s sales force maintains on-going contact with home centers to work with them in a broad range of areas including inventory levels, retail display maintenance, and product knowledge training. To satisfy specialized requirements of the home center market, SST has developed extensive bar coding and merchandising aids and has devoted a portion of its research efforts to the development of DIY products.

Dealers. In some markets, SST sells its products directly to lumber dealers and cooperatives.

OEM Relationships. SST works closely with manufacturers of engineered wood products and OEMs in developing and expanding the application and sales of its engineered wood connector and fastener products. SST has relationships with several of the largest manufacturers of engineered wood products.

While SST is expanding its established facilities outside of the United States to increase its presence and sales in these markets, sales of some products may relate primarily to certain regions. For example, sales of SST s line of shearwalls are concentrated mostly in the western region of the United States, because their use is primarily intended to resist the effects of seismic forces. Since 1993, SST

- has established operations in the United Kingdom,
- opened manufacturing, warehouse and distribution facilities in western Canada, and the Midwest, Northeast, and eastern seaboard regions of the United States,
- purchased anchor products manufacturers in Illinois, eastern Canada and, France and connector product manufacturers in France, Denmark, Germany and Canada,
- acquired the assets of a leading manufacturer and distributor of screw fastening systems and collated screws with manufacturing and distribution operations in Tennessee and distribution in Canada, Europe, Australia and New Zealand, and acquired a manufacturer in Germany,
- acquired a manufacturer and distributor of stainless steel fasteners in Maryland, and consolidated its operations into the Company s Tennessee facility,
- built a manufacturing facility in China and opened sales offices in Hong Kong, Beijing, Shanghai and Dubai for distribution in Asia and the Middle East.
- acquired a software company that licenses deck design and estimation software,
- acquired software assets used by the Company s customers in designing and engineering residential structures,
- acquired a manufacturer of truss plates in North Carolina,
- acquired a manufacturer of construction products and systems to repair, protect and strengthen concrete in Maryland, and
- acquired a manufacturer of engineered materials for repair, strengthening and restoration of concrete, asphalt and masonry construction with manufacturing and sales offices in Switzerland, Poland and Portugal and sales offices in Austria, Germany and The Netherlands.

SST s European investments have established a presence in the European Community through companies with existing customer bases and through servicing United States-based customers operating in Europe. SST also distributes connector, anchor and epoxy products in Mexico, Australia, New Zealand, Asia, South Africa and the Middle East. SST intends to continue to pursue and expand operations both inside and outside of the United States (see Note 14 to the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements).

An SST goal is to manufacture and warehouse its products in geographic proximity to its markets to provide availability and rapid delivery of products to customers and prompt response to customer requests for specially designed products and services. With respect to the DIY and

dealer markets, SST s strategy is to keep the customer s retail stores continuously stocked with adequate supplies of the full line of SST s products that those stores carry. SST manages its inventory to help assure continuous product availability. Most customer orders are filled within a few days. High levels of manufacturing automation and flexibility allow SST to maintain its quality standards while continuing to provide prompt delivery.

The Company s long-term strategy is to develop, acquire or invest in product lines or businesses that have the potential to increase the Company s earnings per share over time and that

- complement SST s existing product lines,
- can be marketed through SST s existing distribution channels,
- might benefit from use of SST s brand names and expertise,
- are responsive to needs of SST s customers,
- expand SST s markets geographically and
- reduce SST s dependence on the United States residential construction market.

Products

Simpson Strong-Tie manufactures and markets building products and is a recognized brand name in residential and commercial applications. The product lines historically have encompassed connectors, anchors, fasteners and lateral resistive systems. More recently, Simpson Strong-Tie has entered into the truss plate market and acquired product lines for the marine, industrial and transportation markets.

The wood construction products group includes connectors, truss plates, fastening systems and shearwalls. Connectors are prefabricated metal products that attach wood, concrete, masonry or steel together. The metal connectors for wood can join solid sawn lumber, glued-laminated beams, engineered wood, structural composite lumber and plated trusses. Specialty structural connectors have also been developed for cold formed steel construction. Connectors are essential for tying construction elements together and create safer and stronger buildings. Integrated Component Systems is the name of Simpson Strong-Tie s full line of truss connector plates and software. Truss plates are toothed metal plates that join wood trusses together. SST uses sophisticated software analysis to model and design the trusses and to select appropriate truss plates for component manufacturers. The fastener line includes coated or stainless steel hand drive nails and screws in addition to stainless collated nails and staples. SST also offers a line of proprietary structural screws used to join plies of wood together or metal connectors to wood. Complimenting these products is the Quik Drive auto-feed screw driving system used in numerous applications such as decking, subfloors, drywall and roofing. SST s lateral resistive systems are assemblies used to resist earthquake or wind forces and include Strong-Wall Shearwalls, Anchor Tiedown Systems (ATS), Uplift Restraint Systems (URS), and Ordinary and Special steel moment frames.

Simpson Strong-Tie s concrete construction products are used for concrete, masonry and steel and include adhesives, chemicals, mechanical anchors, carbide drill bits, powder actuated tools and fiber reinforcing materials. SST s anchor products include adhesives, mechanical anchors, carbide drill bits and powder-actuated pins and tools used for numerous applications of anchoring or attaching elements onto concrete, brick, masonry and steel. With the recent acquisitions of Fox Industries and S&P Clever, SST now offers products for the repair, strengthening and protection of concrete, steel or wood structures or infrastructure elements including grouts, coatings, sealers, mortars, fiberglass systems, fiber-reinforced polymers and asphalt products.

Most Simpson Strong-Tie products are approved by building code evaluation agencies. To achieve such approvals, SST conducts extensive product testing, which is witnessed and certified by independent testing laboratories. The tests also provide the basis of load ratings for the SST structural products. This test and load information is used by architects, engineers, contractors, building officials and homeowners and is useful across all applications of SST s products, ranging from the deck constructed by a homeowner to a multi-story structure designed by an architect or engineer.

New Product and Software Development

SST commits substantial resources to new product development. The majority of SST s products have been developed through its internal research and development program. SST s research and development expense for the three years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, was \$11.5 million, \$6.1 million, and \$6.5 million, respectively. SST believes it is the only United States manufacturer with the capability to test multi-story wall systems, thus enabling testing rather than calculations alone to prove system performance. SST engineering, sales, product management, and marketing teams work together with architects, engineers, building inspectors, code officials and customers in the new product development process.

SST s product research and development is based largely on needs that customers communicate to SST and on SST s strategic initiatives to develop new markets or product lines. SST s strategy is to develop new products on a proprietary basis, to patent them when appropriate and to rely on trade secret protection for others. SST typically develops 10 to 20 new products each year.

In 2012, the Company expanded its wood construction products offering with the release of the Strong Frame® Special Moment Frame utilizing the Company s patented Yield-Link Structural Fuse. Similar to the way an electrical fuse protects electronics, a structural fuse is designed to sacrifice itself to save a larger structural element, in this case a moment frame. These fuses can be replaced after a large seismic event by unbolting the damaged Yield-Links and bolting on new fuses allowing the moment frame to remain in the structure during replacement, greatly reducing the cost and time of repairs. The Company launched an innovative and proprietary wood screw fastener for floor to floor connection that combines a specially-designed long Strong Drive® Structural Wood Screw (SDWS) with a patent pending take-up washer that is designed

to allow for wood shrinkage and building settlement while maintaining a tight connection between floors. In addition, the Company introduced concealed post tie and adjustable post base connector products for concealed installation and retrofit applications. The Company also released several new truss connector products for high load, severe skew and multiple member support, along with the Component Hoist Clip, a connector for hoisting the wood frame, and Cold-Formed Steel (CFS) components. The Company launched several other new SDWS products, such as a fastener for connecting wood trusses or rafters to the top of walls that resists uplift forces from high wind, a fastener for log home construction and a fastener for both wood and composite decking to wood or steel support elements.

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The concrete construction product line also saw the release of several new products in 2012. The Company expanded its mechanical anchor offing with a new Stitch-Tie product designed to be used on existing masonry to repair cracks in walls and to increase their flexural strength. Two new code-listed bridging connectors for CFS studs were introduced, as was a new line spiral knurled pins, installed with a second generation new gas actuated tool for attaching plywood and oriented strand board to cold-formed steel. The Company also released a number of pre-assembled accessory pins for mechanical, electrical and plumbing applications for this new gas actuated tool. Within its powder-driven pin line the Company launched a new range of pins that offer higher shear and tension performance in normal weight concrete and structural steel.

SST has also redesigned several existing products in both its wood and concrete construction product lines to increase load capacity, reduce installation cost and enable the rationalization of SST s product range.

While continuing to serve the single-family residential new housing market, SST has increased development efforts for products used in multi-family residential markets and some light commercial and industrial markets, including CFS construction. Distribution channels have been receptive to these new products.

Sales and Marketing

Simpson Strong-Tie s sales and marketing programs are implemented through its branch system. SST currently maintains branches in Northern and Southern California, Texas, Ohio, Canada, England, France, Germany, Denmark, Switzerland, Poland, Portugal, Austria, The Netherlands, China, Australia, Hong Kong, Dubai, New Zealand, Thailand and South Africa. Each branch is served by its own sales force, warehouse and office facilities, while some branches have their own manufacturing facilities. Each branch is responsible for setting and executing sales and marketing strategies that are consistent both with the markets in the geographic area that the branch serves and with the goals of SST. The North American branches closely integrate their manufacturing activities to enhance product availability. Branch sales forces in North America are supported by marketing managers in the home office in Pleasanton, California. The home office also coordinates issues affecting customers that operate in multiple regions. The sales force maintains close working relationships with customers, develops new business, calls on architects, engineers and building officials and participates in a range of educational seminars.

SST sells its products through an extensive distribution system comprising dealer distributors supplying thousands of retail locations nationwide, contractor distributors, home centers, lumber dealers, manufacturers of engineered wood products, and specialized contractors such as roof framers. In recent years, home centers have been one of SST s important distribution channels, and SST s sales to The Home Depot exceeded 10% of the Company s consolidated net sales in 2010, 2011 and 2012 (see Item 1A Risk Factors, Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and Note 14 to the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements). SST s DIY and dealer products are used to build projects such as decks, patio covers and garage organization systems.

SST dedicates substantial resources to customer service. SST produces numerous publications and point-of-sale marketing aids to serve specifiers, distributors, retailers and users for the various markets that it serves. These publications include general catalogs, as well as various specific catalogs, such as those for its fastener products. The catalogs and publications describe the products and provide load and installation information. SST also maintains several linked websites centered on www.strongtie.com, which include catalogs, product and technical information, code reports and other general information related to SST s product lines and promotional programs.

SST s engineers not only design and test products, but also provide engineering support for customers. For example, this support might range from the discussion of a load value in a catalog to testing the suitability of an existing product in a unique application. SST s sales force communicates with customers in each of its marketing channels, through its publications, seminars and frequent sales calls.

Based on its communications with customers, SST believes that its products are important to its customers—businesses, and it is SST—s policy to ship products within a few days of receiving the order, with many of the orders shipped the same day. Many of SST—s customers serve contractors that require rapid delivery of needed products. Home centers and dealers also require superior service because of fluctuating demand and to serve the needs of a broad base of customers. To satisfy these requirements, SST maintains appropriate inventory levels, has redundant manufacturing capability and some multiple dies to produce the same parts. SST maintains information systems that provide sales and inventory control and forecasting capabilities throughout its network of factories and warehouses. SST has special programs for contractors intended to ensure the prompt manufacture and delivery of custom products.

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Simpson Strong-Tie believes that dealer and home center sales of SST products are significantly greater when the bins and racks at dealer and home center locations are adequately stocked with appropriate products. Various retailers carry varying numbers of SST products. SST s sales force is engaged in ongoing efforts to inform retailers about SST s merchandising programs and the appeal of the SST brand.

Manufacturing Process

Simpson Strong-Tie designs and manufactures most of its standard products. SST has concentrated on making its manufacturing processes as efficient as possible without compromising the quality or flexibility necessary to serve the needs of its customers. SST has developed and uses automated manufacturing processes. SST s innovative manufacturing systems and techniques have allowed it to control manufacturing costs, even while developing both new products and products that meet customized requirements and specifications. SST s development of specialized manufacturing processes also has permitted increased operating flexibility and enhanced product design innovation. As part of ongoing continuous improvement processes in its factories, SST s major North American and European manufacturing facilities initiated lean manufacturing practices to improve efficiency and customer service. SST sources some products from third party vendors, both domestically and internationally.

SST is committed to helping people build safer structures economically through designing, engineering and manufacturing structural connectors, pre-fabricated shearwalls, anchors, fasteners and related products. With the support and involvement of management, SST has developed a quality system that manages defined procedures to ensure consistent product quality and also meets the requirements of International Code Council (ICC) product evaluation reports. SST is recognized in its industry as a manufacturer of high quality products. Since 1996, SST s quality system has been registered under ISO 9001, an internationally recognized set of quality-assurance standards. The Company believes that ISO registration is a valuable tool for maintaining and promoting its high quality standards. As SST establishes new business locations through expansion or acquisitions, projects are established to integrate SST s quality systems and achieve ISO 9001 registration. In addition, SST has six testing laboratories accredited to ISO standard 17025, an internationally accepted standard that provides requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. SST implements testing requirements through systematic control of its processes, enhancing SST s standard for quality products, whether produced by SST or purchased from others.

Most of SST s wood construction products are produced with a high level of automation. For example, its connector products are produced using progressive dies run in automatic presses making parts from coiled sheet steel at rates that often exceed 100 strokes per minute. SST estimates that it produced over 800 million product pieces in 2012. SST has significant press capacity and has multiple dies for some of its high volume products to enable production of these products close to the customer and to provide back-up capacity. SST s also has smaller specialty production facilities, which primarily use batch production with some automated lines. For example, in Gallatin, Tennessee, SST produces non-ferrous and collated fasteners using automated batch production. The balance of production is accomplished through a combination of manual, blanking and numerically controlled (NC) processes that include robotic welders, lasers and turret punches. This capability allows SST to produce products with little redesign or set-up time, facilitating rapid turnaround for customers. New tooling is also highly automated. Dies are designed and produced using computer aided design (CAD) and computer aided machining (CAM) systems. CAD/CAM capability enables SST to create multiple dies quickly and design them to high standards. SST is constantly reviewing its product line to reduce manufacturing costs, increase automation, and take advantage of new types of materials.

SST manufactures its concrete construction products at its facilities in Zhangziajong, China, Addison, Illinois, Baltimore, Maryland, Cardet, France, Seewen, Switzerland, Malbork, Poland, and Elvas, Portugal. The mechanical anchor products are produced with a high level of automation. Some products, such as epoxy and adhesive anchors, are mixed in batches and are then loaded into one-part or two-part dispensers, which mix the product on the job site because set-up times are usually very short. In addition, SST purchases a number of products, powder actuated pins, tools and accessories and certain of its mechanical anchoring products, from various sources around the world. These purchased products undergo inspections on a sample basis for conformance with ordered specifications and tolerances before being distributed.

Regulation

Simpson Strong-Tie s product lines are subject to federal, state, county, municipal and other governmental and quasi-governmental regulations that affect product development, design, testing, analysis, load rating, application, marketing, sales, installation and use. A substantial portion of SST products have been evaluated and are recognized by governmental agencies and product evaluation report agencies. Some of the entities that recognize SST products include the International Code Council Evaluation Service (ICC-ES), the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Uniform Evaluation Service (IAPMO ES), the City of Los Angeles (LARR s), the State of Florida, and California s Division of the State Architect (DSA).

These entities require that products be evaluated to applicable code requirements, design standards and test procedures. If there are no applicable testing and design standards in the current code for a product, these entities may develop their own product acceptance or evaluation criteria which must be followed to obtain the product s recognition and listing. SST considers product evaluation, recognition and listing to the building code as a significant tool that facilitates and expedites the use of SST s products by design professionals, building officials, inspectors and contractors. Industry members are more likely to use building products that have the appropriate recognition and listing than products that lack this acceptance. SST devotes considerable time and testing resources to obtaining and maintaining appropriate listings for its products. SST actively participates in industry related professional associations and building code committees both to keep abreast of regulatory changes and to provide comments and expertise to these regulatory agencies.

Competition

Simpson Strong-Tie faces a variety of competition in all of the markets in which it participates. This competition ranges from subsidiaries of large national or international corporations to small regional manufacturers. While price is an important factor, SST also competes on the basis of quality, breadth of product line, proprietary technology, technical support, availability of inventory, service (including custom design and manufacturing), field support and product innovation. As a result of differences in structural design and building practices and codes, SST s markets tend to differ by region. Within these regions, SST competes with companies of varying size, several of which also distribute their products nationally or internationally. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

Raw Materials

The principal raw material used by Simpson Strong-Tie is steel, including stainless steel. SST generally orders steel to specific American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards. SST also uses materials such as carbon fiber, epoxies and acrylics in the manufacture of its chemical anchoring and reinforcing products. SST purchases raw materials from a variety of commercial sources. SST s practice is to seek cost savings and enhanced quality by purchasing from a limited number of suppliers.

The steel industry is highly cyclical and prices for SST s raw materials are influenced by numerous factors beyond SST s control, including general economic conditions, competition, labor costs, foreign exchange rates, import duties, raw material shortages and trade restrictions. The steel market continues to be dynamic, with a high degree of uncertainty about future pricing trends. Steel prices are expected to increase from their fourth quarter 2012 levels, as steel mills have been raising prices as expected demand returns to the steel markets. SST expects steel prices to increase during the first half of 2013. Numerous factors may cause steel prices to increase in the future. In addition to increases in steel prices, mills have added surcharges for zinc, energy and freight in response to increases in their costs. These and other factors could adversely affect SST s cost and access to steel in 2013. If steel prices increase and SST is not able to maintain its prices or increase them sufficiently, SST s margins could deteriorate. See Item 1A Risk Factors and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of

Operations. The Company historically has not attempted to hedge against changes in prices of steel or other raw materials.

Patents and Proprietary Rights

Simpson Strong-Tie has United States and foreign patents, the majority of which cover products that SST currently manufactures and markets. These patents, and applications for new patents, cover various design aspects of SST s products, as well as processes used in their manufacture. SST continues to develop new potentially patentable products, product enhancements and product designs. Although SST does not intend to apply for additional foreign patents covering existing products, SST has developed an international patent program to protect new products that it may develop. In addition to seeking patent protection, SST relies on unpatented proprietary technology to maintain its competitive position. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

Acquisitions and Expansion into New Markets

The Company s growth potential depends, to some extent, on its ability to penetrate new markets, both domestically and internationally. See
Industry and Market Trends and Business Strategy. Therefore, the Company may in the future pursue acquisitions of product lines or businesses.

See Item 1A Risk Factors and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

In November 2010, the Company s subsidiary, Socom S.A.S., purchased certain assets of CGMI, formerly called Socom S.A. (Socom). The purchase price was \$5.2 million in cash. Socom formulates and manufactures a line of chemical anchors in France. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$0.8 million and intangible assets of \$1.5 million. Net tangible assets, including machinery and equipment and inventory accounted for the balance of the purchase price.

In December 2011, the Company purchased the assets of Fox Industries, Inc. (Fox Industries), a manufacturer of construction products and systems for restoring, protecting and strengthening concrete. The acquisition broadened the Company's concrete construction product line, while also extending the overall line into more commercial, industrial and infrastructure markets. The purchase price was \$8.7 million. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$3.9 million and intangible assets subject to amortization of \$2.9 million. Net tangible assets, including accounts receivable, inventory, some prepaid expenses, machinery and equipment and some liabilities, accounted for the balance of the purchase price.

In December 2011, the Company purchased the assets of Automatic Stamping, LLC, a manufacturer of truss plates, and Automatic Stamping Auxiliary Services, LLC and certain real property and improvements owned by TIMMCO, Inc. (collectively Automatic Stamping). Combined with the Company s truss design software, its operating expertise and distribution network, the Company plans to offer truss plates and software products to its existing North American customer base. The purchase price was \$43.5 million. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$29.5 million and intangible assets subject to amortization of \$4.6 million. Net tangible assets, including accounts receivable, inventory, land, building and machinery and equipment, accounted for the balance of the purchase price.

In January 2012, the Company purchased the equity of S&P Clever Reinforcement Company AG and S&P Clever International AG (collectively, S&P Clever) for \$58.1 million. S&P Clever manufactures and sells engineered materials for repair, strengthening and restoration of concrete, asphalt and masonry construction and has operations throughout Europe. In the Company s preliminary allocation, it recorded goodwill of \$19.9 million and intangible assets subject to amortization of \$20.3 million. Tangible assets and liabilities, including current assets and liabilities and other non-current assets and liabilities, accounted for the balance of the purchase price.

In March 2012, the Company purchased substantially all of the assets of CarbonWrap Solutions, L.L.C. (CarbonWrap) for \$5.5 million. CarbonWrap develops fiber-reinforced polymer products primarily for infrastructure and transportation projects. In the Company s preliminary allocation, it recorded goodwill of \$3.6 million and intangible assets subject to amortization of \$1.6 million. Net tangible assets consisting of accounts receivable, inventory, equipment and prepaid expenses accounted for the balance of the purchase price.

In December 2012, the Company completed a transaction with Keymark Enterprises LLC (Keymark). In 2011, the Company had purchased various software assets from Keymark and had engaged Keymark to perform software development for the Company, for which the Company had agreed to compensate Keymark at rates equal to a multiple of Keymark s costs. In the December 2012 transaction, the Company paid Keymark \$9.1 million, hired thirty-nine Keymark employees to perform the development work that Keymark had previously been engaged to perform and purchased from Keymark various assets needed for that work. The December 2012 transaction also included termination of the Company s 2011 software development agreement with Keymark and the Company will be entitled to certain software license revenue that was

previously received by Keymark.

Seasonality and Cyclicality

Simpson Strong-Tie s sales are seasonal and cyclical. Operating results vary from quarter to quarter and with economic cycles. SST s sales are also dependent, to a large degree, on the North American residential home construction industry. See Item 1A Risk Factors and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

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Environmental, Health and Safety Matters

The Company is subject to environmental laws and regulations governing emissions into the air, discharges into water, and generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste materials. The Company is also subject to other federal and state laws and regulations regarding health and safety matters. The Company believes that it has obtained all material licenses and permits required by environmental, health and safety laws and regulations in connection with the Company s operations and that its policies and procedures comply in all material respects with existing environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

Employees and Labor Relations

As of December 31, 2012, the Company had 2,188 full-time employees, of whom 870 were hourly employees and 1,318 were salaried employees. The Company believes that its overall compensation and benefits for the most part meet industry averages and that its relations with its employees are good.

A significant number of the employees at two of SST s facilities are represented by labor unions and are covered by collective bargaining agreements. SST s facility in San Bernardino County, California, has two of SST s collective bargaining agreements, one with tool and die craftsmen and maintenance workers, and the other with sheetmetal workers. These two contracts expire February 2014 and June 2014, respectively. Simpson Strong-Tie s facility in Stockton, California, is also a union facility with two collective bargaining agreements, which also cover tool and die craftsmen and maintenance workers and sheetmetal workers. These two contracts will expire June 2015 and September 2015, respectively. See Item 1A Risk Factors.

Available Information

The SEC maintains an internet site (www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The Company makes available, free of charge, on its website at www.simpsonmfg.com, copies of its annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statement, company governance guidelines and code of ethics and the charters of the Audit, the Compensation and Leadership Development, and the Governance and Nominating Committees of its Board of Directors. Printed copies of any of these materials will be provided free of charge on request.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

You should carefully consider the following risks before you decide to buy or hold shares of our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, results of operations or financial condition would likely suffer. In such case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of the money you paid to buy our stock.

This and other public reports may contain forward-looking statements based on current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about us and our industry. Those forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from

those forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, as more fully described below and elsewhere in our public reports. We do not undertake to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available or other events occur in the future.

Worldwide economic conditions and credit tightening materially and adversely affect our business.

Our business has been materially and adversely affected by changes in regional, national or global economic conditions. Such changes have included or may include reduced consumer spending, reduced availability of capital, inflation, deflation, adverse changes in interest rates, reduced energy availability and increased energy costs, and government initiatives to manage economic conditions. Continuing instability in financial markets and the deterioration of other national and global economic conditions may have further materially adverse effects on our operations, financial results or liquidity, including the following:

• the financial stability of our customers or suppliers may be compromised, which could result in additional bad debts for us or non-performance by suppliers;

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- financial instability of the financial institutions where we have our cash balances invested could result in loss of our principal balance;
- one or more of the financial institutions that make available our revolving credit facility may become unable to fulfill their funding obligations, which could materially and adversely affect our liquidity;
- it may become even more costly or difficult for us to obtain the agreed or additional financing or to refinance our existing credit facility; and
- our assets may be impaired or subject to write down or write off.

Uncertainty about current global economic conditions may cause consumers of our products to postpone or refrain from spending in response to tighter credit, negative financial news, declines in income or asset values, or other adverse economic events or conditions, which could materially reduce demand for our products and materially and adversely affect our financial condition and operating results. Further deterioration of economic conditions would likely exacerbate these adverse effects, result in wide-ranging, adverse and prolonged effects on general business conditions, and materially and adversely affect our operations, financial results and liquidity.

Failure to comply with industry regulations could result in reduced sales and increased costs.

The design, capacity and quality of most of our products and manufacturing processes are subject to numerous and extensive regulations and standards promulgated by governmental, quasi-governmental and industry organizations. These regulations and standards are highly technical, complex and subject to frequent revision. If our products or manufacturing processes fail to comply with any regulations or standards, we may not be able to manufacture and market our products profitably. Failure to comply with regulations and standards could therefore materially reduce our sales and increase our costs.

If we fail to compete effectively, our revenue and profit margins could decline.

We face a variety of competition in all of the markets in which we participate. Many of our competitors have greater financial and other resources than we do. In addition, other technologies may render our products obsolete or noncompetitive. Other companies may find our markets attractive and enter those markets. Competitive pricing, including price competition or the introduction of new products, has in the past and may in the future have material adverse effects on our revenues and profit margins.

Our ability to compete effectively depends to a significant extent on the specification or approval of our products by architects, engineers, building inspectors, building code officials and customers. If a significant segment of those communities were to decide that the design, materials, manufacturing, testing or quality control of our products is inferior to that of any of our competitors, our sales and profits would be materially reduced.

If we lose all or part of a large customer, our sales and profits would decline.

We have substantial sales to a few large customers. Loss of all or part of our sales to a large customer would have a material adverse effect on our revenues and profits. Our largest customer accounted for 10%, 10% and 11% of net sales for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively. See Note 14 to the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements. This customer may endeavor to replace our products in some or all markets, with lower-priced products supplied by others or may otherwise reduce its purchases of our products. We also might reduce our dependence on our largest customer by reducing or terminating sales to one or more of the customer s subsidiaries. Any reduction in, or termination of, our sales to this customer would at least temporarily, and possibly longer, cause a material reduction in our net sales, income from operations and net income. A reduction in or elimination of our sales to our largest customer, or another of our larger customers, would increase our relative dependence on our remaining large customers.

In addition, our customers include retailers and distributors. Retail and distribution businesses have consolidated over time, which could increase the material adverse effect of losing any of them.

Increases in prices of raw materials could negatively affect our sales and profits.

Our principal raw material is steel, including stainless steel. The steel industry is highly cyclical. Numerous factors beyond our control, such as general economic conditions, competition, worldwide demand, material and labor costs, energy costs, foreign exchange rates, import duties and other trade restrictions, influence prices for our raw materials. Consolidation among domestic integrated steel producers, changes in supply and demand in steel markets, changes in foreign currency exchange rates and economic conditions, and other events have led to volatility in steel

costs. The domestic steel market is heavily influenced by three major United States manufacturers. We have not always been able, and in the future we might not be able, to increase our product prices in amounts that correspond to increases in costs of raw materials, without materially and adversely affecting our sales and profits.

We have not attempted to hedge against changes in prices of steel or other raw materials. In recent years, however, we have increased our steel purchases in an effort to mitigate the effects of rising steel prices. In some years since 2007 our sales have declined with the declines in the housing and financial markets. As a result, our inventory fluctuated substantially. Inventory fluctuation can materially and adversely affect our margins, cash flow and profits.

If we cannot protect our technology, we will not be able to compete effectively.

Our ability to compete effectively with other companies depends in part on our ability to maintain the proprietary nature of our technology, in part through patents. We might not be able to protect or rely on our patents. Patents might not issue pursuant to pending patent applications. Others might independently develop the same or similar technology, develop around the patented aspects of any of our products or proposed products, or otherwise obtain access to or circumvent our proprietary technology. We also rely on unpatented proprietary technology to maintain our competitive position. We might not be able to protect our know-how or other proprietary information. If we are unable to maintain the proprietary nature of our significant products, our sales and profits could be materially reduced.

In attempting to protect our proprietary information, we sometimes initiate lawsuits against competitors and others that we believe have infringed or are infringing our rights. In such an event, the defendant may assert counterclaims to complicate or delay the litigation or for other reasons. Litigation may be very costly and may result in adverse judgments that affect our sales and profits materially and adversely.

Integrating acquired businesses may divert management s attention away from our day-to-day operations.

We pursue acquisitions of product lines or businesses. Acquisitions involve numerous risks, including, for example:

- overvaluation of acquired businesses;
- difficulties assimilating the operations and products of acquired businesses;
- diversion of management s attention from other business concerns;
- undisclosed existing or potential liabilities of acquired businesses;
- slow acceptance or rejection of acquired businesses products by our customers;
- risks of entering markets in which we have little or no prior experience;
- litigation involving activities, properties or products of acquired businesses;

- increased cost of regulatory compliance and enforcement;
- consumer and other claims related to products of acquired businesses; and
- the potential loss of key employees of acquired businesses.

In addition, future acquisitions may involve our issuance of additional equity securities that dilute the value of our existing equity securities, increase our debt, and cause impairment and amortization expenses related to goodwill and other intangible assets, which could materially and adversely affect our profitability. Any acquisition could materially and adversely affect our business and operating results.

Significant costs to integrate our acquired operations may negatively affect our financial condition and the market price of our stock.

We will incur costs from integrating acquired business operations, products and personnel. These costs may be significant and may include expenses and other liabilities for employee redeployment, relocation or severance, combining teams and processes in various functional areas, reorganization or closures of facilities, and relocation or disposition of excess equipment. The integration costs that we incur may negatively affect our profitability and the market price of our stock.

Our future growth may depend on our ability to penetrate new domestic and international markets, which could reduce our profitability.

International construction customs, standards, techniques and methods differ from those in the United States. Laws and regulations applicable in new markets may be unfamiliar to us. Compliance may be substantially more costly than we anticipate. As a result, we may need to redesign products, or invent or design new products, to compete effectively and profitably in new markets. We expect that we will need significant time, which may be years, to generate substantial sales or profits in new markets.

Other significant challenges to conducting business in foreign countries include, among other factors, local acceptance of our products, political instability, changes in import and export regulations, changes in tariff and freight rates, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and currency controls. We might not be able to penetrate these markets and any market penetration that occurs might not be timely or profitable. If we do not penetrate these markets within a reasonable time, we will be unable to recoup part or all of the significant investments we will have made in attempting to do so.

We may decide to dispose of assets and incur material expenses in doing so.

We have terminated in the past and may terminate in the future product lines or businesses if we determine that the cost of operating them is not warranted by their expected profitability. For example, we sold the assets of our subsidiary Simpson Dura-Vent Company, Inc. in 2010 and we terminated our heavy-duty mechanical anchor systems business in Ireland and Germany in 2012. In addition to employee severance, lease buy-outs and other shut-down costs, the net realizable value may be substantially less than our carrying cost of the assets of terminated operations, resulting in material costs and materially and adversely affecting our sales, assets, profitability and financial condition.