PRESSTEK INC /DE/ Form 10-O May 14, 2002

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities [X] Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 30, 2002 OR Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities [_] Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from _____ to __ COMMISSION FILE NO. 0-17541 PRESSTEK, INC. _____ (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 02-0415170 _____ (State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) of incorporation or organization) 55 EXECUTIVE DRIVE, HUDSON, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03051-4903 ______ (Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

(603) 595-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [_]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of May 7, 2002, there were 34,124,231 shares of the registrant's common

stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding.

PRESSTEK, INC.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PRESSTEK, INC.

BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data)	2002 AUDITED)
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,835
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for losses	
of \$2,083 and \$2,420 in fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively	16,128
Inventories	17,530
Advances to suppliers	

MAR 30

Other current assets

Total current assets	42,588
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	58,953
OTHER ASSETS:	
Patent application costs and license rights, net Other	4,276 1,579
Total other assets	5 , 855
TOTAL	\$ 107 , 396
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Notes payable	\$
Current portion of long-term debt	2,381
Accounts payable	3,830
Accrued expenses	5,926
Deferred revenues	1,593
Total current liabilities	13,730
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	13,445
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; authorized	
1,000,000 shares; no shares issued or outstanding	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 75,000,000 shares;	
issued and outstanding 34,124,231 shares at	
March 30, 2002; 34,115,906 shares at December 29, 2001	341
Additional paid-in capital	97,395
Accumulated deficit	(17 , 515)
Total stockholders' equity	80 , 221
TOTAL	\$ 107,396
See notes to financial statements	
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PRESSTEK, INC.	
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)	
(In thousands, except per share data)	
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED	MAR 30 2002

1,095

REVENUES:	
Product sales Royalties and fees from licensees	\$ 19,347
ROYALLIES AND LEES FROM FICENSEES	1,450
Total revenues	20 , 797
COSTS AND EXPENSES:	
Cost of products sold	12,528
Research and product development	3,119
Sales, marketing and customer support	2,438
General and administrative	2,328
Total costs and expenses	20,413
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	384
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	
Interest, net	(231)
Other, net	30
Total other income (expense)	(201)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	183
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	
NET INCOME	\$ 183
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$ 0.01
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$ 0.01
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES	
OUTSTANDING - BASIC	34,122
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES	
OUTSTANDING - DILUTED	34,164
See notes to financial statements	
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PRESSTEK, INC.	
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)	
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In thousands)	

CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net Income	\$ 183
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	2,447
Provision for warranty and other costs	39
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	
Other, net	109
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	100
Accounts receivable	1,989
Inventories	288
Advances to suppliers and other current assets	23
Accounts payable	1,763
Accrued expenses	(27)
Deferred revenue	86
Other assets	(139)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 6 , 761
CASH FLOWS - INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(100)
Property, plant and equipment purchases	(100)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	 169
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	69
CASH FLOWS - FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Net proceeds from stock option exercises	53
Repayments of revolving line of credit	(967)
Repayments of mortgage term loan	(262)
Repayments of lease line of credit	(311)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	 (1,487)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,343
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,492
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF PERIOD	\$ 7 , 835
	 ======
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Cash paid during the period for:	
Interest	\$ 245
Income taxes	\$

See notes to financial statements

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PRESSTEK, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) MARCH 30, 2002

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Presstek, Inc. (the "Company" or "Presstek",) is a manufacturer, developer and

marketer of digital laser imaging and chemistry-free plate technologies for the printing and graphic arts industries. Presstek's products and applications incorporate its patented Direct Imaging (DI(R)) technologies and consumables for computer-to-plate ("CTP") and direct-to-press applications.

In April 2000 the Company incorporated an Arizona subsidiary, Lasertel, Inc. ("Lasertel") for the purpose of securing its supply of laser diodes. Lasertel is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of the Company's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sales of proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of Presstek's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates and reports on a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the financial statements include the thirteen week periods ended March 30, 2002 ("the first quarter of fiscal 2002") and March 31, 2001 ("the first quarter of fiscal 2001").

The unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The financial information included in the quarterly report should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and related notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001. The December 29, 2001 information has been derived directly from the annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and all such adjustments were normal and recurring. Operating results for the three months ended March 30, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 28, 2002.

Certain accounts in the March 31, 2001 financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the March 30, 2002 financial statements.

INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following at March 30, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	2002	2001
Raw materials Work in process Finished goods	\$ 5,119 4,775 7,636	\$ 4,458 4,530 8,830
Total inventories	\$ 17,530	\$ 17,818

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3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consisted of the following at March 30, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	2002	2001
At cost: Land and improvements	\$ 2,038	\$ 2,038
Buildings and leasehold improvements	26,245	26,245
Production equipment and other Office furniture and equipment	48,812 5,132	49,147 5,119
	82 , 227	82 , 549
Less accumulated depreciation	(23 , 274)	(21,314)
Total, property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 58 , 953	\$ 61 , 235

4. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at March 30, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)		2002	2001
Accrued payroll and benefits Accrued warranty	\$	2 , 219 593	\$ 1,811 793
Net current liabilities of discontinued operations Other current liabilities		1,507 1,607	1,521 1,795
Total accrued expenses	\$	5,926	\$ 5,920

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following at March 30, 2002 and December 29, 2001:

(In thousands)	2002	2001
Mortgage term loans Lease line of credit	\$ 8,218 7,608	\$ 8,480 7,918
Less current portion	15,826 (2,381)	16,398 (2,343)
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 13,445	\$ 14,055

In addition to the mortgage term loans and the lease line of credit, the Company has a revolving line of credit loan with Citizens Bank New Hampshire, which expires in September 2002 under which the Company may borrow \$16.0 million. The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base formula based on eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined by the loan agreement, and reduced by the amount of all letters of credit outstanding. The revolving line of credit loan is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets, with interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 1.50% (3.38% at March 30, 2002). As of March 30, 2002, the Company had \$7.8 million outstanding under a standby letter of credit, and \$8.2 million available under the revolving line of credit loan, subject to the borrowing base formula.

Under the terms of the mortgage term loans, the lease line of credit and the revolving line of credit agreements, the Company is required to meet various restrictive covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded

debt to EBITDA and minimum fixed charge coverage covenants. The Company was not in compliance with these two covenants at March 30, 2002 as a result of the \$2.1 million write-off related to advances made to Adast, recorded in December 2001. In March 2002, the Company received notice from its lenders waiving the non-compliance with these covenants for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and amending the terms of certain covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

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6. INCOME TAXES

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes as a result of the utilization of net operating loss carryforwards for the first quarters of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001.

7. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed giving effect to all diluted potential common shares that were outstanding during the period. Diluted potential common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants that have an exercise price that is less than the average market price of the common shares for the period.

The basic and diluted earnings per share at March 30, 2002 and March 31, 2001:

(In thousands, except per share data)	2002		2002		2002		data)		ands, except per share data) 2002		2 2001		
Net income	\$	183	\$	973									
Weighted average common shares Outstanding - Basic Effect of assumed conversion		34,122		34,064									
of stock options		42		557									
Weighted average common shares Outstanding - Diluted		34,164		34,621									
Earnings per share - Basic	\$	0.01	\$	0.03									
Earnings per share - Diluted	\$	0.01	\$	0.03									
	==	=======	==										

Options and warrants to purchase 2,662,161 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$6.94 to \$26.94 per share were outstanding during a portion of the first quarter of fiscal 2002, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as the exercise prices of the options and warrants were greater than the average market price of the common shares. These options and warrants, which expire from December 31, 2002 through March 26, 2012, were all outstanding at March 30, 2002.

Options and warrants to purchase 1,696,626 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$11.69 to \$26.94 per share were outstanding during a portion of the first quarter of fiscal 2001, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as the exercise prices of the options and warrants were greater than the average market price of the common shares. These options and warrants, which expire from January 2, 2002 through March 19, 2011, were all outstanding at March 31, 2001.

8. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income is comprised of net income and all changes in stockholder's equity except those due to investments by owners and distributions to owners. For the first quarters of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001 there were no differences between net income and comprehensive income.

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sales of its proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of the Company's high-powered laser diodes.

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The accounting policies of the reportable segments are consistent with those of the Company. Sales between the segments are recorded at prices which approximate pricing for sales conducted at an arm's length basis. The segments are measured on operating profits or losses before net interest income, minority interest and income taxes.

A summary of the Company's operations by segment for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and the first quarter of fiscal 2001 were as follows:

(In thousands)	DIGITAL IMAGING PRODUCTS	LASERTEL	INTER- SEGMENT	TOTAL
FIRST QUARTER ENDED MARCH 30, 2002				
NET REVENUES INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TOTAL ASSETS DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	2,011 84,024 1,820	\$ 292 (1,627) 23,372 627 18		\$ 20,797 384 107,396 2,447 100
First quarter ended March 31, 2001				
Net revenues Income (loss) from operations Total assets Depreciation and amortization Capital expenditures	3,965 97,534 1,842	\$ 588 (2,789) 19,458 211 4,240		\$ 25,765 1,176 116,992 2,053 5,510

10. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible Assets". SFAS 142 eliminates the current requirement to amortize goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, addresses the amortization of intangible assets with a defined life and addresses the impairment testing and recognition for goodwill and intangible assets. SFAS 142 applies to goodwill and intangible assets arising from transactions completed before and after the Statement's effective date. SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal 2002. The adoption of SFAS 142 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company also adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations for a Disposal of a Segment of a Business." SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with earlier application encouraged. The adoption of SFAS 144 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In June 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS 143"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated retirement costs. SFAS 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company has not yet determined the impact the adoption of SFAS 143 will have on its financial statements.

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11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2002 the Company entered into a Separation Agreement and Release (the "Hallman Agreement") with Robert W. Hallman, former President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to the Hallman Agreement, effective as of April 30, 2002, Mr. Hallman resigned from all positions held by him with the Company and any of its subsidiaries, including his position as a Director of Presstek. Under the Hallman Agreement, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Hallman a separation payment equal to three times his current annual salary. The separation payment is payable bi-weekly over 36 months until May 2005. In addition, under the Hallman Agreement, the Company agreed to amend four of Mr. Hallman's outstanding stock options granted under the Company's 1994 Stock Option Plan and 1998 Stock Incentive Plan. In particular, the options were amended to provide that, as of April 30, 2002, all of the shares underlying such options are fully vested and immediately exercisable and that each of the options will remain exercisable by Mr. Hallman until their expiration date. In consideration for the payments and other benefits under the Hallman Agreement, Mr. Hallman agreed for a period of five (5) years commencing on April 30, 2002, not to engage in any business activity on behalf of an entity which is a direct competitor of the Company and agreed not to recruit, solicit or offer employment to any employee of the Company. The Company will record a charge of \$1.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 relating to the severance payments under the Hallman Agreement.

On May 1, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$3.0 million against its lease line of credit facility with Keybank National Association. This borrowing bears a fixed rate of interest of 6.09% per annum, adjusted for the LIBOR index, plus 425 basis points. Principal and interest is due and payable in sixty equal monthly installments of \$58,126, beginning on June 1, 2002. This borrowing is secured by certain of the Company's equipment valued at \$5.0 million.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS

OF OPERATIONS

"SAFE HARBOR" STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995: Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding the Company's expectations for its financial and operating performance in 2002 and beyond, the adequacy of internal cash for the Company's operations, the ability of the Company to manage its working capital and inventory levels, availability of component materials, management's plans and goals with regard to the Company's shipping and production capabilities, management's plans and goals for the Company's Lasertel subsidiary, the expected capital requirements of Lasertel, expected sales of the Company's products, the ability of Lasertel to generate positive cash flows in the near term, the strength of the Company's various strategic partnerships both on manufacturing and distribution, the expected impact of the Adast bankruptcy on the Company, among others. Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include continued support from the Company's banks, the Company's ability to receive waivers from its banks for any debt covenant violations, the Company's dependency on its strategic partners (both on manufacturing and distribution), shortages of critical or sole-source component supplies, the availability and quality of Lasertel's laser diodes, manufacturing constraints or difficulties, (as well as manufacturing difficulties experienced by our sub-manufacturing partners and their capacity constraints), the impact of general market factors in the print industry generally and the economy as a whole, market acceptance of and demand for the Company's products and resulting revenues and other risks detailed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001 on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as those discussed elsewhere in this report. The words "looking forward," "looking ahead," "believe(s)," "should," "plan," "expect(s)," "project(s)," "anticipate(s)," "may," "likely," "potential," "opportunity" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks discussed above. Presstek undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

BACKGROUND

Presstek, Inc. (the "Company" or "Presstek"), incorporated in Delaware in 1987, is a manufacturer, developer and marketer of digital laser imaging and chemistry-free plate technologies for the printing and graphic arts industries. Presstek's products and applications incorporate its patented Direct Imaging (DI(R)) technologies and consumables for computer-to-plate ("CTP") and direct-to-press applications. The Company's patented DI thermal laser diode product family enables its customers to produce high quality, full-color lithographic printed materials more quickly and cost effectively than conventional methods. Using digital information and high-powered semiconductor laser diodes to create images in its proprietary printing plate materials, Presstek's patented DI technologies are marketed to leading press manufacturers and used in the Company's Dimension series of CTP systems. Presstek's Dimension systems incorporate its proprietary ProFire(TM) laser imaging technology and use its complementary chemistry-free thermal printing plate, Anthem(TM). Presstek's DI technology eliminates photographic darkrooms, film, and chemical processing, which results in reduced turnaround time and lowers the cost of production for

commercial printers.

The Company is also engaged in the development of additional DI products that incorporate its patented, proprietary, digital imaging system and process-free thermal ablation printing plate technologies for CTP and direct-to-press applications.

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the Digital Imaging Products segment and the Lasertel segment. The Digital Imaging Products segment is primarily engaged in the development, manufacture and sales of proprietary digital imaging systems and printing plate technologies for CTP and

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direct-to-press applications. The Lasertel segment is primarily engaged in the manufacture and development of Presstek's high-powered laser diodes.

The Company operates and reports on a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Accordingly, the financial statements include the thirteen week periods ended March 30, 2002 ("the first quarter of fiscal 2002") and March 31, 2001 ("the first quarter of fiscal 2001").

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

GENERAL

Presstek's management's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon Presstek's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, Presstek evaluates its estimates, including those related to product returns, bad debts, inventories, income taxes, warranty obligations, and litigation. Presstek bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Presstek believes the following critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Presstek records revenue for product sales and related royalties at the time of shipment, net of estimated returns, which are adjusted periodically based upon historical rates of return. Certain fees and other reimbursements are recognized as revenue when the related services have been performed or the revenues otherwise earned. Revenues from fixed-price and modified fixed-price research and development contracts are recognized using the percentage-of-completion method, measured by the percentage of costs incurred to date compared to the estimated total of direct costs for each contract. As contracts may extend over one or more accounting periods, revisions in costs and earnings estimated during the course of the work are reflected during the accounting period in which the facts that required such revisions become known.

BAD DEBT

Presstek maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. If the financial condition of Presstek's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

PRODUCT WARRANTIES

Presstek provides for the estimated cost of product warranties at the time revenue is recognized. While Presstek engages in product quality programs and processes, Presstek's warranty obligation is affected by product failure rates, material usage and service costs incurred in correcting a product failure. Should actual product failure rates, material usage or service costs differ from Presstek's estimates, revisions to the estimated warranty liability would be required.

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INVENTORY

Presstek's write-downs for excess and obsolete inventory are primarily based upon forecasted demand for its products. If actual demand is less favorable than what has been projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required.

STRATEGIC RELATIONSHIPS

In December 2001, the Company signed an agreement with Koenig & Bauer, AG ("KBA"), an international supplier of printing presses, of Wurzburg, Germany. Under the terms of the agreement, KBA is to market and sell the 46 Karat press, an A3 format size four-color sheet-fed DI press, in certain geographic markets. Similar to the Heidelberg, Ryobi, and Xerox presses that use PEARLdry spooled plates, the 46 Karat delivers fully automated plate advancing, imaging, ink presetting, and printing. In addition, KBA is expected to distribute and sell the Dimension400 computer-to-plate system, and the Company's Anthem plate in Europe. KBA also manufactures and markets a digital offset press, the 74 Karat, which uses Presstek's direct imaging and PEARLdry plates, and related intellectual property under license. Regulations regarding chemical waste and disposal, the new European economy, the suitability of DI for printing variable quantities in different languages, and increasing investment in the Eastern European countries are all anticipated to have a positive effect on the sales of DI presses in Europe. PEARLdry Plus plates for the 46 Karat will be marketed directly by KBA and through Presstek's European distributor network.

In April 2001, the Company entered into an agreement with Adamovske Strojirny a.s. ("Adast") pursuant to which Adast agreed to manufacture both the four color and five color B3 size sheet-fed presses for sale by Presstek. In late February 2002, Adast announced it had joined in a bankruptcy petition filed by its creditors. A bankruptcy trustee was appointed in early March 2002. Adast has indicated that it is continuing to operate under bankruptcy protection and that it is in negotiations with various parties to obtain interim financing. While the Company has an adequate supply of Adast presses and spare parts to meet the projected needs of its customers in the near term, there can be no assurance that Adast's bankruptcy will not have an adverse impact on the Company.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUES

The Company's revenues of \$20.8 million and \$25.8 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001, respectively, were related to the Digital

Imaging Products segment, and consisted of product sales, installation and customer support revenues, royalties and license fees. The Lasertel segment reported no third party revenues for the first quarters of fiscal 2002 or 2001.

Product sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 were \$19.4 million as compared to \$23.7 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$4.3 million or 18%. This decrease in product sales was due primarily to volume and price decreases of direct imaging kits sold to Heidelberg Druckmaschinen AG ("Heidelberg") for use in the Quickmaster DI, volume decreases of press shipments to Xerox Corporation for the DocuColor 233DI and the DocuColor 400DI. Effective in the third quarter of 2001, prices of direct imaging kits sold to Heidelberg were reduced approximately 10%. These decreases were partially offset by volume increases of direct imaging kits sold to Ryobi Limited for use in the Ryobi 3404DI, as well as volume increases of the Company's CTP Dimension platesetter products and thermal consumable products. The revenues generated from the sale of the Company's PEARLdry and other consumable products were \$13.7 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, an increase of \$1.2 million or 9.6%, as compared to \$12.5 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. These consumable product revenues included \$5.8 million and \$5.1 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001, respectively, sold under the Company's agreements with Heidelberg and its distributors.

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Royalties and fees from licensees for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 of \$1.5 million decreased \$674,000 or 32% as compared to royalties and fees of \$2.1 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. Royalties decreased \$1.0 million or 62% comparing the first quarter of fiscal 2002 to the first quarter of fiscal 2001, primarily as a result of decreased shipments to Heidelberg of direct imaging systems used in the Quickmaster DI.

Revenues generated under the Company's agreements with Heidelberg and its distributors were \$7.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, a decrease of \$3.4 million or 30% from revenues of \$11.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. Revenues from Heidelberg represented 38% and 44% of total revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001, respectively.

In connection with the settlement of its outstanding arbitration proceedings with Heidelberg, the Company agreed to reduce the royalty payable by Heidelberg for imaging kits delivered in connection with the Heidelberg Quickmaster 46 DI by approximately \$9,000 per kit. This reduced royalty rate will become effective for imaging kits delivered after May 1, 2002.

COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD

Cost of products sold consists of the costs of material, labor and overhead, shipping and handling costs and warranty expenses. Cost of products sold for the Digital Imaging Products segment for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 was \$11.6 million as compared to \$13.5 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2001, a decrease of \$1.9 million or 14%. The gross margin on product sales for the Digital Imaging Products segment decreased to 40% for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, from 43% for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. This decrease was primarily a result of the decrease in shipments of direct imaging kits sold to Heidelberg for use in the Quickmaster DI, and lower margins for the Company's Dimension CTP products.

Cost of products sold for the Lasertel segment for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 were \$900,000, as compared to \$1.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$1.0 million or 53% was primarily as a result of reduced salaries and benefits related to head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

RESEARCH AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Research and product development expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, parts and supplies, and contracted services required to conduct the Company's equipment and consumable product development efforts. Research and product development expenses for the Digital Imaging Products segment were \$2.8 million or 13% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$2.9 million or 11% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$100,000 relates primarily to reduced salaries as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, as well as reduced professional and contracted services as part of the Company's cost reduction programs put into place in the third quarter of fiscal 2001. These reductions were offset by an increase in spending for parts and supplies related to ongoing development programs. The Company's product development cycle centers around major industry trade shows, such as Drupa held every four of five years. As a result, the Company's research and product development expenses vary in accordance with its product development cycle.

Research and product development expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$263,000 or 1% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002. These expenses related primarily to salaries, benefits, and the costs of parts and supplies to support Lasertel's research activities in the graphics industry. Research and product development expenses were negligible for the Lasertel segment in the first quarter of fiscal 2001.

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SALES, MARKETING AND CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, advertising, trade shows, promotional expenses, and travel costs related to the Company's sales, marketing and customer support activities. Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the Digital Imaging Products segment were \$2.4 million, or 12% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$3.0 million or 12% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$600,000 relates primarily to reduced salaries, benefits, and related travel costs as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, as well as reduced professional and contracted services.

Sales, marketing and customer support expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$83,000 or less than 1% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$136,000 or less than 1% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. These expenses relate primarily to salaries, benefits and advertising expenses to support Lasertel's marketing activities in the defense, medical and graphics industries. The decrease of \$53,000 relates primarily to reduced salaries and benefits as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for personnel, and contracted professional services necessary to conduct the finance, information systems, human resources and administrative activities of the Company. General and administrative expenses for the Digital Imaging Products segment were \$2.0 million or 10% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, as compared to \$2.3 million or 9% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$300,000 relates primarily to decreases in legal fees as a result of the settlement of the Company's arbitration proceedings with Heidelberg in July 2001.

General and administrative expenses for the Lasertel segment were \$338,000 or 1% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$753,000 or 3% of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$415,000 relates primarily to reduced salaries and benefits as a result of head count reductions in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Other income (expense) includes primarily interest income and expense. Other expense, net was \$201,000 or 1\$ of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to other expense, net of \$203,000 or 1\$ of revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. Interest income was \$14,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$123,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$109,000 is primarily attributed to the decrease in interest rates for the period. Interest expense was \$245,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as compared to \$341,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$96,000 is primarily attributed to lower interest rates on borrowings.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The Company did not record a provision for income taxes as a result of the utilization of net operating loss carryforwards for the first quarters of fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2001.

NET INCOME

As a result of the foregoing, the Company had net income of \$183,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, as compared to net income of \$973,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2001.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At March 30, 2002, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$7.8 million and working capital of \$28.9 million as compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$2.5 million and working capital of \$26.7 million at December 29, 2001. The increase in cash of \$5.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 was primarily attributable to strict working capital management. Cash provided by operating activities during the quarter of \$6.8 million was offset in part by cash used to repay borrowings of \$1.5 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$6.8 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, primarily as a result of net income of \$183,000, non-cash items of depreciation and amortization of \$2.4 million, decreases in accounts receivable and inventories of \$2.0 million and \$288,000, respectively, and decreases in accounts payable of \$1.8 million.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$69,000 for the first quarter ended March 30, 2002, and consisted of equipment purchases used in the Company's business of \$100,000, offset by proceeds of \$169,000 received for the sale of equipment used in the Company's business.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$1.5 million for the first quarter ended March 30, 2002, and consisted primarily of repayments of the Company's mortgage term loan and other credit facilities of \$1.5 million, offset by the proceeds received from stock option exercises of \$53,000.

The Company's long term debt consists of two mortgage term loans from Citizens Bank New Hampshire ("Citizens"), and a lease line of credit facility from

Keybank National Association ("Keybank").

The first mortgage term loan is a fiscal 1998 ten-year mortgage term loan from Citizens in the amount of \$6.9 million and bears a fixed rate of interest of 7.12% per year during the first five years, and a variable rate of interest at the LIBOR rate plus 2%, (3.88% at March 30, 2002) for the remaining five years. Principal and interest payments during the first five years of the loan will be made in 60 monthly installments of \$80,500. During the remaining five years, principal and interest payments will be made on a monthly basis in the amount of one-sixtieth of the outstanding principal amount as of the first day of the second five year period, plus accrued interest through the monthly payment date. All outstanding principal and accrued interest is due and payable on February 6, 2008.

The second mortgage term loan is a fiscal 2000 ten-year mortgage term loan in the amount of \$4.0 million and bears a fixed rate of interest equal to 7.95% per year during the first five years, a fixed rate of interest equal to United States Treasury Notes or Bills with a maturity date closest to the end of the second five years, plus 225 basis points for the remaining five years. During the first five years, principal and interest payments will be made in 60 monthly installments including principal of \$34,993 plus interest. During the remaining five years, principal and interest payments will be made on a monthly basis in the amount of one-sixtieth of the outstanding principal amount as of the first day of the second five year period, plus accrued interest through the monthly payment date. All outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest is due and payable on October 30, 2010.

The two mortgage term loans are secured by land and buildings with a cost of approximately \$22.0 million.

The Company also has in place a \$13.0 million lease line of credit facility from Keybank pursuant to a 1999 loan agreement. The Company originally had in place a \$15.0 million lease line of credit from Keybank, but \$2.0 million of such available credit expired on April 30, 2002. In fiscal 2000 and fiscal 1999, the Company borrowed \$6.0 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, against the lease line of credit facility. On May 1, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$3.0 million against this line. The \$13.0 million in borrowings to date is secured by equipment with a cost at March 30, 2002 of \$18.4 million. The first \$10.0 million in borrowings bears a variable rate of interest based upon the revolving prime rate, (currently 4.75%) with a fixed rate conversion provision. Principal and interest under the first \$10.0 million in borrowings under the lease line are payable in 84

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monthly installments which began in October 1999 for the initial \$4.0 million in borrowings, and in July 2000 for the next \$6.0 million in borrowings.

The additional \$3.0 million in borrowings bears a fixed rate of interest of 6.09% per annum, adjusted for the LIBOR index, plus 425 basis points. Principal and interest is due and payable in sixty equal monthly installments of \$58,126, beginning on June 1, 2002.

In addition to the mortgage term loans and the lease line of credit the Company has a revolving line of credit loan with Citizens, which expires in September 2002, under which the Company may borrow up to \$16.0 million. The revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base formula based on eligible accounts receivable and inventories, as defined by the loan agreement, and reduced by the amount of all letters of credit outstanding. The revolving line of credit loan is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets, with interest payable at the LIBOR rate plus 1.50% (3.38% at March 30, 2002). As of March 30, 2002,

the Company had \$7.8 million outstanding under a standby letter of credit, and \$8.2 million available under the revolving line of credit loan, subject to the borrowing base formula.

Under the terms of the mortgage term loans, the lease line of credit and the revolving line of credit agreements, the Company is required to meet various restrictive covenants on a quarterly and annual basis, including maximum funded debt to EBITDA and minimum fixed charge coverage covenants. The Company was not in compliance with these two covenants at March 30, 2002 as a result of the \$2.1 million write-off related to advances made to Adast recorded in December 2001. In March 2002, the Company received notice from its lenders waiving the non-compliance with these covenants for the first quarter of fiscal 2002 and amending certain covenants for the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

The Company has future contractual payments primarily related to debt, royalty obligations, and operating leases, from 2002 through 2010. The Company's future commitments under its credit facilities total \$15.8 million at March 30, 2002, of which \$1.7 million will be paid in 2002. The future commitments under the Company's royalty agreement with Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., total \$12.5 million at March 30, 2002, of which \$1.2 million is expected to be paid in 2002. The Company also has future minimum rental commitments under various non-cancelable operating leases of \$339,000 at March 30, 2002. The related lease agreements expire on various dates over the next three years. The Company expects to make payments of \$211,000 under its non-cancelable operating lease agreements for the remainder of fiscal 2002.

Although the Company believes that existing funds, cash flows from operations, and cash available under its revolving line of credit and lease line of credit should be sufficient to satisfy working capital requirements and capital expenditures through the term of its current loan agreement, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to renew its existing loan agreement, will not require additional financing, or that such additional financing, if needed, will be available on acceptable terms. Likewise there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to manage its working capital and elevated inventory levels successfully.

The Company's anticipated capital expenditures for fiscal 2002 are approximately \$4.0 million, and primarily relate to the purchase of capital equipment to be used in the production of the Company's DI and CTP equipment and consumable products.

EFFECT OF INFLATION

Inflation has not had, and is not expected to have, a material impact upon the Company's operations.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible

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Assets". SFAS 142 eliminates the current requirement to amortize goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, addresses the amortization of intangible assets with a defined life and addresses the impairment testing and recognition for goodwill and intangible assets. SFAS 142 applies to goodwill and intangible assets arising from transactions completed before and after the Statement's effective date. SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal 2002. The adoption of SFAS 142 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Effective December 30, 2001, the Company also adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of", and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations for a Disposal of a Segment of a Business." SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with earlier application encouraged. The adoption of SFAS 144 has had no impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In June 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS 143"). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated retirement costs. SFAS 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company has not yet determined the impact the adoption of SFAS 143 will have on its financial statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates primarily as a result of its borrowing activities, and to a lesser extent, its investing activities. The majority of the Company's long-term borrowings are in fixed rate instruments, or variable rate instruments with fixed rate conversion provisions. The Company does not enter into interest rate swap agreements or other speculative or leveraged transactions. The Company currently has no material exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its short-term investments.

The Company has limited exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk, as substantially all of its transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars. Some of the Company's customers and strategic partners are not located in the United States, however. As a result, these customers and strategic partners are themselves subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. If their home country currency were to decrease in value relative to the United States dollar, their ability to purchase and market the Company's products could be adversely affected and the Company's products may become less competitive to them. This may have an adverse impact on the Company's business. Likewise, some of the Company's suppliers are not located in the United States and thus, such suppliers are subject to foreign exchange rate risks in transactions with the Company. Decreases in the value of their home country currency versus that of the United States dollar could cause fluctuations in supply pricing which could have an adverse effect on the Company's business.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See Part I - Item 3 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001 filed with the Commission on March 29, 2002 for a description of certain legal proceedings pending against the Company. All of such information is hereby incorporated by reference in response to this item.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
 - 10.1 Resignation Agreement and General Release by and between Presstek, Inc. and Neil M. Rossen, dated November 14, 2001 and effective as of December 31, 2001 (Filed herewith).
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PRESSTEK, INC. (Registrant)

Date: May 14, 2002 /s/ Edward J. Marino

By: Edward J. Marino

President and

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive and

Duly Authorized Officer)

Date: May 14, 2002 /s/ Moosa E. Moosa

By: Moosa E. Moosa Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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