INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST INC Form POS AM

December 16, 2004

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 16, 2004 Registration No. 333-103799 ______

> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO FORM S-11 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in governing instruments)

2901 BUTTERFIELD ROAD OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS 60523 (630) 218-8000

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including, area code of principal executive offices)

ROBERT H. BAUM, ESQ. VICE CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL THE INLAND GROUP, INC. 2901 BUTTERFIELD ROAD OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS 60523

(630) 218-8000

(Name and address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code of agent for service)

WITH A COPY TO: DAVID J. KAUFMAN, ESQ. DUANE MORRIS LLP 227 WEST MONROE STREET SUITE 3400 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606 (312) 499-6700

This Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 consists of the following:

- 1. Supplement No. 44 dated December 16, 2004 to the Registrant's Prospectus dated September 15, 2003, included herewith, which will be delivered as an unattached document along with the Prospectus dated September 15, 2003.
- 2. The Registrant's final form of Prospectus dated September 15, 2003, previously filed pursuant to Rule $424\,(b)\,(1)$ on September 15, 2003 and refiled herewith.
- 3. Part II, included herewith.
- 4. Signatures, included herewith.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 44

DATED DECEMBER 16, 2004

TO THE PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 15, 2003

OF INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

We are providing this Supplement No. 44 to you in order to supplement our prospectus. This supplement updates information in the sections of our prospectus noted in the table of contents below. This Supplement No. 44 supplements, modifies or supersedes certain information contained in our prospectus, and prior Supplements No. 1 through 43 (dated October 23, 2003 through December 13, 2004) and must be read in conjunction with our prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

THE TYPES OF REAL ESTATE THAT WE MAY ACQUIRE AND MANAGE.

THE FOURTH PARAGRAPH UNDER THIS SECTION ON "THE TYPES OF REAL ESTATE THAT WE MAY ACQUIRE AND MANAGE", WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 1 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS SUPERCEDED IN THE ENTIRETY TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

The geographic focus of our portfolio continues to be western U.S. markets; yet, at the present time, we believe that properties available for sale east of the

Mississippi River are offering more favorable investment returns. Our objective continues to be to acquire quality properties primarily for income as distinguished from primarily for capital gain. As a result, many of our recently acquired properties and properties that we currently have under contract for purchase are located in eastern U.S. markets. However, over the long-term, we expect the portfolio to consist of properties located primarily west of the Mississippi River. Where feasible, we will endeavor to acquire multiple properties within the same major metropolitan markets where the acquisitions result in efficient property management operations with the potential to achieve market dominance. As a result, we may have clusters of properties east of the Mississippi.

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OUR SPONSOR, OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP.

THE LAST PARAGRAPH UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE "OUR SPONSOR, OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP" WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 2 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS SUPERCEDED IN THE ENTIRETY TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Our sponsor is Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, which is owned by The Inland Group, Inc. The Inland Group, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, is a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate for over 35 years providing property management, leasing, marketing, acquisition, disposition, development, redevelopment, syndication, renovation, construction, finance and other related services. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor and is our advisor. Inland Securities Corporation, another affiliate of The Inland Group, is the managing dealer of this offering. Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, our property managers, are entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of The Inland Group. The principal executive offices of The Inland Group, our sponsor, and our advisor are located at 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and their telephone number is (630) 218-8000. The principal executive offices of our property managers are located at 2907 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and their telephone number is (630) 218-8000.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

THE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART UNDER THIS SECTION; WHICH IS LISTED ON PAGE 3 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS SUPERCEDED WITH THE FOLLOWING:

2

The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

	Daniel L. Goodwi	in*	Robert H. Baum*	G. Joseph Cosenza*	Robert D. Parks*
11					

Inland Northwest Management Corp.	Inland Southwest Management Corp.	Inland Western Management Corp.	Inland Pacific Management Corp.		 THE
Inl	and Holdco M	anagement LI		The Inland Services Group, Inc. E	Inland Real state Investment Corpor (our sponsor)
Inland US Management LLC	Inland So Prope Manage	rty	Inland Pacific Property Management	 Inland Risk and	
(property manager)	LLC (prope manag	rty	LLC (property manager)	Insurance Management Services, Inc.	
 			Inland Securiti	es Inland Western Ret Estate Advisory Serv (our advisor	ices, Inc. Property S
 	-	Insurance Services		Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc.	
	nagement and Services			 Real Estate Sales Service 	
 		 Secur 			onstruction and Pr

I		Estate Services	Services	Se
I		 		
I		I	1	
I		I	1	
I		I	1	

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We are principally owned by public investors. Ownership is represented by shares

Solid lines indicate 100% ownership. Broken lines indicate service.

* The four indicated individuals control The Inland Group, Inc. and own substantially all of its stock.

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CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

THE SECOND BULLET POINT UNDER THIS SECTION UNDER "CONFLICTS OF INTEREST" ON PAGE 5 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS SUPERCEDED IN THE ENTIRETY TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

substantial compensation payable by us to Inland Securities Corporation, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC for their various services which may not be on market terms and is payable, in most cases, whether or not our stockholders receive distributions;

COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR AND AFFILIATES

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE "ACQUISITION EXPENSES", WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 6 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, SHOULD READ:

We will reimburse Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. for costs incurred, on our behalf, in connection with the acquisition of properties. We will pay an amount, estimated to be up to 0.5% of the total of (1) the gross offering proceeds from the sale of 250,000,000 shares, (2) the gross proceeds from the sale of up to 20,000,000 shares pursuant to the distribution reinvestment programs. The acquisition expenses for any particular property will not exceed 6% of the gross purchase price of the property.

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE "INCENTIVE ADVISORY FEE", WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 7 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, SHOULD READ:

After our stockholders have first received a 10% cumulative, non-compounded return and a return of their net investment, an incentive advisory fee equal to 15% on net proceeds from the sale of a property will be paid to our advisor.

RISK FACTORS

THE LAST SENTENCE OF THE FIRST PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 12, UNDER THIS HEADING, IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

We will be acquiring properties that are located primarily west of the Mississippi River and single user net lease properties located anywhere in the United States and therefore our geographic diversity will be limited.

THE SECOND PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 13, UNDER THIS HEADING, IS DELETED.

THE SECOND TO LAST SENTENCE OF THE THIRD PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 19, UNDER THIS HEADING IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Our advisor receives fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management.

THE FIFTH SENTENCE OF THE FIRST PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 20, UNDER THIS HEADING IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Our advisor receives fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

THE LAST SENTENCE OF THE FOURTH PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 36, UNDER THIS HEADING, IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

If Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., does not purchase the prospective property, it will then be offered to us.

THE SIXTH SENTENCE OF THE FIFTH PARAGRAPH ON PAGE 37, UNDER THIS HEADING IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Our advisor receives fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management.

COMPENSATION TABLE

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION "NONSUBORDINATED PAYMENTS - OFFERING STAGE" ON THE MARKETING CONTRIBUTION AND DUE DILIGENCE EXPENSE ALLOWANCE PAID TO THE MANAGING DEALER AND SOLICITING DEALERS, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 40 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, SHOULD READ AS FOLLOWS:

> TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Marketing contribution and due diligence We will pay an amount equal to 2.5% of The actual am

expense allowance paid to the managing the gross offering proceeds to the number of shadealer and soliciting dealers.

the gross offering proceeds to the number of shadealer and soliciting dealers.

which may be passed on to soliciting following amounts of the number of shadealers and soliciting the gross offering proceeds to the number of shadealer and soliciting the gross offering proceeds to the number of shadealer and soliciting the gross offering proceeds to the number of shadealer and soliciting dealers. dealers, in lieu of reimbursement of marketing con specific expenses associated with marketing. We may pay an additional 0.5% of the gross offering proceeds to o \$60,000 i the managing dealer, which may be passed on to the soliciting dealers, for due diligence expenses. We will not pay the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance in connection with any special sales, except those receiving volume discounts and those described in "Plan of Distribution - Volume Discounts."

diligence exp

- minimum n
- 0 \$75,000,0 maximum n

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THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION "SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS - OPERATIONS STAGE" ON THE ADVISOR ASSET MANAGEMENT FEE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 43 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, SHOULD READ AS FOLLOWS:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

OPERATIONAL STAGE

Advisor asset management fee We pay an annual advisor asset management fee payable to our advisor. Our average assets means the average of the price total book value including acquired intangibles of our real estate assets plus the total value of our loans receivables secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. We will compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month during the quarter for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to1/4of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any:

- (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of:
 - o 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or
 - o 25% of our net income for that fiscal year.
- (2) plus an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% annual return on the net investment of stockholders.

Items such as organization and offering expenses, property expenses, interest payments, taxes, non-cash expenditures, the incentive advisory fee and acquisition expenses are excluded from the definition of total operating expenses.

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See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement" for an explanation of circumstances where the excess amount specified in clause (1) may not need to be reimbursed.

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THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION "COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS" ON THE DIRECTOR FEES, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 45 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, SHOULD READ AS FOLLOWS:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTI DC

Director fees

Independent directors receive We will pay the an annual fee of \$5,000 directors \$25,000 (increasing to \$10,000 (increasing to \$effective October 1, 2004) and a fee of \$500 for attending meeting attending each meeting of the board or one of its committees in person and \$350 for attending a meeting via the telephone. Our officers who are also our directors do not receive director fees.

amounts to be re meetings depends meetings and the therefore, canno the present time

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE "NONSUBORDINATED PAYMENTS - OPERATIONAL STAGE", WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 41 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

The last entry "Advisor asset management fee" at the bottom of the page is deleted.

THE LAST SENTENCE OF THE DISCUSSION ON "ESTIMATED MAXIMUM DOLLAR AMOUNT" UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE "SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS - OPERATIONAL STAGE", WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 43 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

If we acquire the advisor, the advisor asset management fee will cease.

PRIOR PERFORMANCE OF OUR AFFILIATES

PRIOR INVESTMENT PROGRAMS

During the 10-year period ending September 30, 2004, The Inland Group and its affiliates have sponsored two other REITs and 30 real estate exchange private placements, which altogether have raised more than \$3,132,378,000 from over 73,000 investors. During that period, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., the other REITs, have raised over \$2,980,790,000 from over 73,000 investors. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives and policies similar to ours and have invested principally in shopping centers that provide

sales of convenience goods and personal services to neighboring communities in the Midwest and Southeast areas. However, Inland Real Estate Corporation is now a self-administered REIT and is no longer affiliated with The Inland Group. Our investment objectives and policies are similar to those of several of the other prior investment programs sponsored by our affiliates which have owned and operated retail properties. However, the vast majority of the other investment programs sponsored by our affiliates were dissimilar from our operation in that the prior programs owned apartment properties, pre-development land and whole or partial interests in mortgage loans.

The information in this section and in the Prior Performance Tables included in this Post-effective amendment as APPENDIX A shows relevant summary information concerning real estate programs sponsored by our affiliates. The purpose is to provide information on the prior performance of these programs so that you may evaluate the experience of the affiliated companies in sponsoring similar

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programs. The following discussion is intended to briefly summarize the objectives and performance of the prior programs and to disclose any material adverse business developments sustained by them. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

The table below provides summarized information concerning prior programs sponsored by our affiliates for the 10-year period ending September 30, 2004, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the introductory discussion above and the detailed information appearing in the Prior Performance Tables in APPENDIX A of this post-effective amendment. YOU SHOULD NOT CONSTRUE INCLUSION OF THE SUCCEEDING TABLES AS IMPLYING IN ANY MANNER THAT WE WILL HAVE RESULTS COMPARABLE TO THOSE REFLECTED IN THE TABLES BECAUSE THE YIELD AND CASH AVAILABLE AND OTHER FACTORS COULD BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FOR OUR PROPERTIES. YOU SHOULD NOTE THAT BY ACQUIRING OUR SHARES, YOU WILL NOT BE ACQUIRING ANY INTERESTS IN ANY PRIOR PROGRAMS.

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INLAND RETAIL REAL INLAND REAL EST
ESTATE TRUST, INC. CORPORATION
REIT REIT
PROGRAM AS OF PROGRAM AS OF
SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 SEPTEMBER 30, 2

Number of programs sponsored

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Aggregate amount raised from investors
\$ 2,279,622,000 701,16

Approximate aggregate number of investors 59,000 1

Number of properties purchased 274

Aggregate cost of properties	\$ 4,053,516,000	1,276,00
Number of mortgages/notes	0	
Principal amount of mortgages/notes	\$ 0	
Principal of properties (based on cost) that were:		
Commercial		
Retail	90.00%	8
Single-user retail net-lease	10.00%	1
Nursing homes	0.00%	
Offices	0.00%	
Industrial	0.00%	
Health clubs	0.00%	
Mini-storage	0.00%	
Total commercial	100.00%	10
Multi-family residential	0.00%	
Land	0.00%	
Percentage of properties (based on cost) that were:		
Newly constructed (within a year of acquisition)	37.00%	4
Existing construction	63.00%	6
Number of properties sold in whole or in part	0	
Number of properties exchanged	0	

Of the programs included in the above table, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives similar to ours. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. represent approximately 97% of the aggregate amount raised from investors, approximately 99% of the aggregate number of investors, approximately 95% of the properties purchased, and approximately 95% of the aggregate cost of the properties.

During the three years prior to September 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation purchased 26 commercial properties and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. purchased 249 commercial properties. Upon written request, you may obtain, without charge, a copy of Table VI filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in Part II of our post-effective amendment. The table provides more information about these acquisitions.

PUBLICLY REGISTERED REITS

INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION. Through a total of four public offerings, the last of which was completed in 1999, Inland Real Estate Corporation sold a total of 51,642,397 shares of common stock. In addition, as of September 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued 14,293,208 shares of common stock through its distribution reinvestment program. As of September 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation repurchased 5,256,435 shares of common stock through its share repurchase program for an aggregate amount of \$49,159,202. As a result, Inland Real Estate Corporation has realized total gross offering proceeds of

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approximately \$701,168,000 as of September 30, 2004. On June 9, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation listed its shares on the New York Stock Exchange and began trading under the ticker "IRC".

Inland Real Estate Corporation's objective is to purchase shopping centers that provide convenience goods, personal services, wearing apparel and hardware and appliances located within an approximate 400-mile radius of its headquarters in Oak Brook, Illinois, and to provide, at a minimum, cash distributions on a quarterly basis and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. It may also acquire single-user retail properties throughout the United States. As of September 30, 2004, the properties owned by Inland Real Estate Corporation were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$0.94 per share paid monthly.

As of September 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation owned interest in 139 properties for a total investment of approximately \$1,325,000,000. These properties were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. As of September 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation financed approximately \$641,370,000 on its properties and had \$110,000,000 outstanding through an unsecured line of credit.

On July 1, 2000, Inland Real Estate Corporation became a self-administered REIT by completing its acquisition of Inland Real Estate Advisory Service, Inc., its advisor, and Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., its property manager. The acquisition was accomplished by merging its advisor and its property manager into two wholly owned subsidiaries of Inland Real Estate Corporation. As a result of the merger, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued to our sponsor, the sole shareholder of the advisor, and The Inland Property Management Group, Inc., the sole shareholder of its property manager, an aggregate of 6,181,818 shares of Inland Real Estate Corporation's common stock at \$11 per share, or approximately 9.008% of its common stock.

INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. Through a total of three public offerings, the last of which was completed in 2003, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. sold a total of 213,699,534 shares of its common stock. In addition, as of September 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. issued 18,653,894 shares through its distribution reinvestment program, and has repurchased a total of 3,087,940 shares through the share reinvestment program. As a result, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc. has realized total gross offering proceeds of approximately \$2,279,622,000 as of September 30, 2004.

Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s objective is to purchase shopping centers east of the Mississippi River in addition to single-user retail properties in locations throughout the United States, and to provide regular cash distributions and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. As of September 30, 2004, the properties owned by Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses

plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$.83 per share per annum paid monthly.

As of September 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. owned 274 properties for a total investment of approximately \$4,053,516,000. These properties were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. As of September 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. financed approximately \$2,208,835,000 on its properties.

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The following table summarizes distributions for each of the publicly registered REITS through September 30,2004:

REIT PERFORMANCE Distributions through September 30, 2004

INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION OFFERING COMPLETED 1999

	Income	Distribution	Distribution	_	An Dis for at
			-		
· · ·	· · ·	· ·	-		
•			-		
35,443,213	27,015,143	8,428,070	-	8.8	
48,379,621	35,640,732	12,738,889	-	8.9	
52,964,010	40,445,730	12,518,280	_	9.0	
58,791,604	45,754,604	12,662,414	374,586	9.3	
60,090,685	41,579,944	18,315,640	195,101	9.4	
61,165,608	47,254,096	13,577,679	333,833	9.4	
46,734,316	46,734,316	*	_ · 	9.4	
381,138,224	297,951,536	82,283,168	903,520		
	736,627 3,704,943 13,127,597 35,443,213 48,379,621 52,964,010 58,791,604 60,090,685 61,165,608 46,734,316	Tincome (\$) 736,627 3,704,943 13,127,597 35,443,213 48,379,621 52,964,010 58,791,604 60,090,685 40,445,730 58,794,604 60,090,685 41,579,944 61,165,608 46,734,316 Tincome (\$) 694,213 3,093,525 9,739,233 27,015,143 35,640,732 40,445,730 45,754,604 46,754,096 46,734,316	Distribution Income Distribution (\$) (\$) * 736,627 694,213 42,414 3,704,943 3,093,525 611,418 13,127,597 9,739,233 3,388,364 35,443,213 27,015,143 8,428,070 48,379,621 35,640,732 12,738,889 52,964,010 40,445,730 12,518,280 58,791,604 45,754,604 12,662,414 60,090,685 41,579,944 18,315,640 61,165,608 47,254,096 13,577,679 46,734,316 *	Distribution (\$) (\$) * (\$) ** (\$) ** (\$) *** 736,627 694,213 42,414 - 3,704,943 3,093,525 611,418 - 13,127,597 9,739,233 3,388,364 - 35,443,213 27,015,143 8,428,070 - 48,379,621 35,640,732 12,738,889 - 52,964,010 40,445,730 12,518,280 - 58,791,604 45,754,604 12,662,414 374,586 60,090,685 41,579,944 18,315,640 195,101 61,165,608 47,254,096 13,577,679 333,833 46,734,316 * -	Total Ordinary Non taxable Capital Gain (\$)

INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. OFFERING COMPLETED 2003

				Average
	Total	Ordinary	Non Taxable	Annualized
D	Distribution	Income	Distribution	Distribution
	(\$)	(\$) *	(\$) **	(%)

1999 2000 2001 2002	1,396,861 6,615,454 17,491,342 58,061,491	318,484 3,612,577 10,538,534 36,387,136	1,078,377 3,002,877 6,952,808 21,674,355	7.2 7.7 8.0 8.2
2003	160,350,811	97,571,099	62,779,712	8.3
2004	141,029,478	141,029,478	*	8.3
	384,945,437	289,457,308 	95,488,129 ======	

ON JUNE 9, 2004 INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION LISTED ITS SHARES ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE AND BEGAN TRADING UNDER THE SYMBOL "IRC."

- * The breakout between ordinary income and return of capital is finalized on an annual basis after the calendar year end.
- ** Represents a return of capital for federal income tax purposes.
- *** Represents a capital gain distribution for federal income tax purposes.

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PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Since our inception and through September 30, 2004, our affiliates have sponsored 514 private placement limited partnerships which have raised more than \$524,201,000 from approximately 17,000 investors and invested in properties for an aggregate price of more than \$1 billion in cash and notes. Of the 522 properties purchased, 93% have been in Illinois. Approximately 90% of the funds were invested in apartment buildings, 6% in shopping centers, 2% in office buildings and 2% in other properties. Including sales to affiliates, 475 partnerships have sold their original property investments. Officers and employees of our sponsor and its affiliates invested more than \$17,000,000 in these private placement limited partnerships.

From October 1, 1995 through September 30, 2004, investors in The Inland Group private partnerships have received total distributions in excess of \$269,026,000, consisting of cash flow from partnership operations, interest earnings, sales and refinancing proceeds and cash received during the course of property exchanges.

Following a proposal by the former corporate general partner, which was an affiliate of The Inland Group, investors in 301 private partnerships voted in 1990 to make our sponsor the corporate general partner for those partnerships.

Beginning in December 1993 and continuing into the first quarter of 1994, investors in 101 private limited partnerships for which our sponsor is the general partner received letters from it informing them of the possible opportunity to sell the 66 apartment properties owned by those partnerships to a to-be-formed REIT in which affiliates of our sponsor would receive stock and cash and the limited partners would receive cash. The underwriters of this apartment REIT subsequently advised our sponsor to sell to a third party its management and general partner's interests in those remaining limited partnerships not selling their apartment properties to the apartment REIT. Those not selling their apartment properties constituted approximately 30% of the Inland-sponsored limited partnerships owning apartment buildings. The prospective third-party buyers of our sponsor's interests in the remaining partnerships, however, would make no assurance to support those partnerships

financially. As a result, in a March 1994 letter, our sponsor informed investors of its decision not to go forward with the formation of the apartment REIT.

Following this decision, two investors filed a complaint in April 1994 in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, Chancery Division, purportedly on behalf of a class of other unnamed investors, alleging that our sponsor had breached its fiduciary responsibility to those investors whose partnerships would have sold apartment properties to the apartment REIT. The complaint sought an accounting of information regarding the apartment REIT matter, an unspecified amount of damages and the removal of our sponsor as general partner of the partnerships that would have participated in the sale of properties. In August 1994, the court granted our sponsor's motion to dismiss, finding that the plaintiffs lacked standing to bring the case individually. The plaintiffs were granted leave to file an amended complaint. Thereafter, in August 1994, six investors filed an amended complaint, purportedly on behalf of a class of other investors, and derivatively on behalf of six limited partnerships of which our sponsor is the general partner. The derivative counts sought damages from our sponsor for alleged breach of fiduciary duty and breach of contract, and asserted a right to an accounting. Our sponsor filed a motion to dismiss in response to the amended complaint. The suit was dismissed in March 1995 with prejudice. The plaintiffs filed an appeal in April 1996. After the parties briefed the issue, arguments were heard by the Appellate Court in February 1997. In September 1997, the Appellate Court affirmed the trial court decision in favor of our sponsor.

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Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation is the general partner of twenty-seven private limited partnerships and one public limited partnership that own corporate interests in fifteen buildings that are net leased to Kmart. The fourteen Kmarts owned by the private limited partnerships are all cross collateralized. Relating to the Kmart bankruptcy, the status of the fifteen is as follows:

- O CATEGORY 1 The leases of nine of the Kmarts are current and have been accepted by Kmart under their Chapter 11 reorganization plan.
- o CATEGORY 2 Kmart assigned its designation rights in one lease to Kohl's. The lease was amended and extended for Kohl's by IREIC, the general partner on behalf of the owners and lender; and Kohl's began paying rent February 12, 2003.
- o CATEGORY 3 Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization plan and upon emergence from bankruptcy on April 22, 2003, Kmart has rejected the remaining four property leases, one of which is subject to a ground lease to Kimco. Kmart ceased paying rent as of May 1, 2003.

IREIC, the corporate general partner has agreed with the note holders who own the loan to conduct a liquidation of the 14 properties which comprise Categories 1, 2 and 3. The Category 2 property, which is leased by Kohl's, was sold on February 19, 2004. As of September 30, 2004, seven of the Category 1 K-Mart properties have been sold and the remaining two are under contract. Two of the Category 3 properties have been sold, one is under contract and one has an offer pending as of September 30, 2004.

o CATEGORY 4 - Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization, Kmart rejected the lease for the property owned by the public limited partnership and ceased paying rent as of June 29, 2002. The corporate general partner plans to either re-tenant or sell this facility.

1031 EXCHANGE PRIVATE PLACEMENT OFFERING PROGRAM

In March of 2001, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation (IREX) was established as a subsidiary of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. The main objective of IREX is to provide replacement properties for people wishing to complete an IRS Section 1031 real estate exchange. Through September 30, 2004, IREX offered the sale of thirty properties with a total property value of \$363,006,000.

LANDINGS OF SARASOTA DBT. Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc., a Delaware corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired The Landings, a multi-tenant shopping center located in Sarasota, Florida in December 1997 for \$9,800,000. In August 2001, Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc. contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Landings of Sarasota DBT, a Delaware business trust, refinanced the property with a loan of \$8,000,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$8,000,000 in debt assumption and \$4,000,000 in equity investment. \$200,000 of the offering proceeds were allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in May 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

SENTRY OFFICE BUILDING, DBT, a Delaware business trust, purchased a newly constructed, single-tenant office building in Davenport, Iowa in December 2001 from Ryan Companies US Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$7,500,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In January 2002, Sentry Office Building Corporation, a Delaware corporation and the initial beneficiary of the trust, began offering all of its

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beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$11,000,000, which consisted of \$7,500,000 in debt assumption and \$3,500,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in April 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

PETS BOWIE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to PETSMART in Bowie, Maryland in October 2001 from PETSMART, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Northwest, N.A. The trust initially financed its acquisition of the property with a temporary loan of \$2,625,305 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and then replaced this loan with a permanent loan of \$1,300,000 with the same lender. In May 2002, Pets Bowie Delaware Business Trust began offering all of its beneficial interests to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,900,000, which consisted of \$1,300,000 in debt assumption and \$2,600,000 in equity investment. \$90,000 of the offering proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in July 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

1031 CHATTANOOGA DBT, a Delaware business trust, acquired a retail property currently leased to Eckerd in Chattanooga, Tennessee in May 2002. The trust financed the property with a loan of \$1,500,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In July 2002, 1031 Chattanooga, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of 1031 Chattanooga DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price

was \$3,400,000, which consisted of \$1,500,000 in debt assumption and \$1,900,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in May 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

LANSING SHOPPING CENTER, DBT a Delaware business trust, purchased a newly constructed, multi-tenant retail shopping center in Lansing, Illinois in June 2002 from LaSalle Bank National Association, as trustee under trust agreement dated May 22, 2001 and known as Trust No. 127294. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,900,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In August 2002, Lansing Shopping Center, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Lansing Shopping Center, DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$10,900,000, which consisted of \$5,900,000 in debt assumption and \$5,000,000 in equity investment. \$80,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in September 2001 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

INLAND 220 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building currently leased to Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation, in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co. in a sale/leaseback transaction. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with an \$18,000,000 first mortgage loan from Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association. In September 2002, Inland 220 Celebration Place, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Inland 220 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$33,800,000, which consisted of \$18,000,000 in debt assumption and \$15,800,000 in equity investment. \$50,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in September 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

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TAUNTON CIRCUIT DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a retail property currently leased to Circuit City in Taunton, Massachusetts in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of \$2,800,000 from MB Financial Bank. In September 2002, Inland Taunton Circuit, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Taunton Circuit Delaware Business Trust, offered all of its interest in the trust to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$6,550,000, which consisted of \$2,800,000 in debt assumption and \$3,750,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in September 2002.

BROADWAY COMMONS DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a multi-tenant retail center located in Rochester, Minnesota, in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of \$8,850,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In October 2002, Broadway Commons, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Broadway Commons Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$17,250,000, which consisted of \$8,850,000 in debt assumption and \$8,400,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in December 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

BELL PLAZA 1031, LLC. REHAB ASSOCIATES XIII, INC., an Illinois corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired Bell Plaza, a multi-tenant shopping center in Oak Lawn, IL on August 28, 1998 for \$1,675,000. In October 2002, Rehab

Associates XIII contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Bell Plaza 1031, LLC, a Delaware single member limited liability company, and then offered all of its membership interests in Bell Plaza, LLC to North Forsyth Associates, a North Carolina general partnership, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$4,030,000, which consisted of \$3,140,000 in debt assumption and \$890,000 in equity investment. \$25,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in November 2002.

INLAND 210 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building, currently leased to Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation, in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co.in a sale/leaseback transaction. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,700,000 first mortgage loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In January 2003, Inland 210 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust sold its fee simple interest in 210 Celebration Place to Old Bridge Park Celebration, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$5,700,000 in debt assumption and \$6,300,000 in equity investment.

COMPUSA RETAIL BUILDING. Lombard C-USA, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to CompUSA, Inc. in Lombard, Illinois in January 2003 from an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$4,000,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In April 2003, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2840 S. Highland Avenue, Lombard, DuPage County, Illinois for \$3,910,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$7,950,000, which consisted of \$4,000,000 in debt assumption and \$3,950,000 in equity investment. As required by the lender, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. shall retain at least a 1% tenant-in-common interest, which is included in the \$3,950,000 equity investment. \$75,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in February 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

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DEERE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY IN JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN. Janesville 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant, light industrial distribution center leased to Deere & Company, a Delaware corporation, in Janesville, Wisconsin in February 2003 from Ryan Janesville, L.L.C., a Minnesota corporation and an affiliate of Ryan Companies US, Inc. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$10,450,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In May 2003, Janesville 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2900 Beloit Avenue, Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin for \$9,949,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$20,500,000, consisted of \$10,450,000 in debt assumption and \$10,050,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Janesville 1031, L.L.C. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in January 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

FLEET OFFICE BUILDING. Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant office building leased entirely to Fleet National Bank, a national banking association, in Providence, Rhode Island in April 2003 from Fleet National Bank in a sale/leaseback transaction. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$12,900,000 loan from

Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In June 2003, Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 111 Westminster Street, Providence, Providence County, Rhode Island for \$9,900,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$22,900,000, consisted of \$12,900,000 in debt assumption and \$10,000,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. \$150,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in January 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

DEERE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY IN DAVENPORT, IOWA. Davenport 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant, light industrial distribution center leased to Quad Cities Consolidation and Distribution, Inc., an Illinois corporation, in Davenport, Iowa in April 2003 from Ryan Companies US, Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The lease is fully guaranteed by Deere & Company, a Delaware corporation. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In August 2003, Davenport 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2900 Research Parkway, Davenport, Scott County, Iowa for \$15,543,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$28,200,000, consisted of \$12,500,000 in debt assumption and \$15,700,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Davenport 1031, L.L.C. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in April 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

GRAND CHUTE DST, a Delaware statutory trust, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center in Grand Chute, Wisconsin in October 2002 from Continental 56 Fund Limited Partnership. The trust funded the acquisition of the property with cash from the sale of 100% of the beneficial interests in the trust to Grand Chute, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. Subsequent to the acquisition of the property, the trust obtained a \$5,678,350 loan from Bank of America, N.A. and the proceeds of the loan were distributed to Grand Chute, L.L.C. as a partial return of its capital contribution. In January 2003, Grand Chute, L.L.C. began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,048,350 which consisted of \$5,678,350 in debt assumption and \$6,370,000 in equity investment. \$478,350 of the offering proceeds was allocated to four separate property reserve accounts, three of which

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were required by the lender. In September 2003, certain information in the offering was amended and supplemented through the release of the First Supplement to Private Placement Memorandum. The offering was completed in March 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

MACON OFFICE DST, a Delaware statutory trust, purchased a single-tenant office complex in Macon, Georgia in October 2002 from UTF Macon, L.L.C. The trust funded the acquisition of the property with cash from the sale of 100% of the beneficial interests in the trust to Macon Office, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. Subsequent to the acquisition of the property, the trust obtained a \$5,560,000 loan from Bank of America, N.A. and the proceeds of the loan were distributed to Macon Office, L.L.C. as a partial return of its capital contribution. In October 2003, Macon Office, L.L.C. began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons seeking a

cash investment, in addition to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,160,000 which consisted of \$5,560,000 in debt assumption and \$6,600,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in March 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

WHITE SETTLEMENT ROAD INVESTMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, acquired a retail property currently leased to Eckerd Corporation in Fort Worth, Texas in July 2003. The LLC funded the acquisition of the property with cash from an affiliate and with a short-term loan from Parkway Bank and Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, in the amount of \$2,041,000. In November 2003, Fort Worth Exchange, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of White Settlement Road Investment, LLC, offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$2,840,000, which consisted of \$1,420,000 in debt assumption and \$1,420,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in December 2003. Simultaneous with the completion of the offering, the short-term loan with Parkway was converted to a permanent loan and the terms of the loan documents were modified in accordance with a loan commitment from Parkway.

PLAINFIELD MARKETPLACE. Plainfield 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant shopping center located in Plainfield, IL on December 16, 2003 from Ryan Companies US, Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In January 2004, Plainfield 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 11840 South Route 59, Plainfield, Will County, Illinois for \$12,350,250 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$24,400,000, consisted of \$11,925,000 in debt assumption and \$12,475,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Plainfield1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$21,700,000 and the total price of \$24,400,000 consists of \$950,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,600,000 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in June 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

PIER 1 RETAIL CENTER. Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on December 30, 2003 from the beneficiary of Trust No. 2314, an unrelated third party, which trust was held by North Side Community Bank as Trustee under the Trust Agreement dated December 12, 2003. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In March 2004, Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2830 S. Highland Avenue, Lombard, Illinois for \$4,257,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$8,150,000, consisted of \$3,850,000

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in debt assumption and \$4,300,000 in equity investment, a minimum of 1% of which is required by the lender to be retained by Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$7,025,000 and the total price of \$8,150,000 consists of \$350,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, and \$675,000 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in June 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

LONG RUN 1031, L.L.C. LR 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on January 27, 2003 from Ryan Lemont, L.L.C., the third party seller and developer of the property. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash and, on April 24, 2003, placed a loan on the Property in the amount of \$4,700,000 from Principal Commercial Funding, LLC. In June 2004, LR 1031, L.L.C. a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of Long Run 1031, L.L.C offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$4,960,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$9,660,000 consisted of \$4,700,000 in debt assumption and \$4,960,000 in equity investment. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$8,500,000 and the total price of \$9,660,000 consists of \$451,347 acquisition fee, \$50,000 for a property reserve account, and \$658,653 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in June 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

FORESTVILLE 1031, L.L.C. Forestville Exchange, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail shopping center on November 13, 2003 from Silver Hill, L.L.C., a North Carolina limited liability company, the property's developer. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash. In May 2004, Forestville Exchange, L.L.C. a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of Forestville 1031, L.L.C offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,900,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$3,900,000,000 consisted of \$1,793,630 in debt assumption and \$2,106,370 in equity investment. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$3,450,000 and the total price of \$3,900,000 consists of \$172,500 acquisition fee and \$277,500 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in May 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

BED BATH & BEYOND RETAIL CENTER. BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 20, 2004 from the American Real Estate Holdings, L.P. a Delaware limited partnership, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In June 2004, BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 905-915 East Golf Road, Schaumburg, Illinois for \$6,633,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. Total price, \$12,605,000, consisted of \$6,905,000 in debt assumption and \$5,700,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$11,655,110 and the total price of \$13,605,000 consists of \$600,000acquisition fee, \$400,000 for property reserve accounts, and \$949,890 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in October 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

CROSS CREEK COMMONS SHOPPING CENTER. Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on February 17, 2004 from Buckley Shuler Real Estate, L.L.C., a Georgia limited liability company, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash and subsequently placed a loan from bear Stearns

Commercial Mortgage on the property. In March 2004, Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 10920-10948 Cross Creek Boulevard, Tampa, Florida for \$6,930,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. As of June 30, 2004 the L.L.C. had raised \$2,788,000. Total price, \$12,078,762, consisted of \$5,078,762 in debt assumption and \$7,000,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$10,319,583 and the total price of \$12,078,762 consists of \$520,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,089,179 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in August 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

BJ'S SHOPPING CENTER EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 30, 2004 from the American Real Estate Holdings, L.P. a Delaware limited partnership, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan and cash. In June 2004, BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2-4 Chevy Drive, East Syracuse, New York for \$8,365,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of the purchase was \$15,850,000. Total price, \$15,850,000, consisted of \$7,400,000 in debt assumption and \$8,450,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$13,500,000 and the total price of \$15,850,000 consists of \$675,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,525,000 of estimated costs and expenses. The offering was completed in October 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

BARNES & NOBLE RETAIL CENTER CLAY, NEW YORK. Clay 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 15, 2004 from the Clay First Associates, L.L.C., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with an assumed mortgage and note for \$3,175,000 and cash. In June 2004, Clay 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 3954-3956 Route 31, Clay, New York for \$3,930,300 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. Total price, \$7,145,000, consisted of \$3,175,000 in debt assumption and \$3,970,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$6,100,000 and the total price of \$7,145,000 consists of \$305,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, and \$640,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

PORT RICHEY 1031, L.L.C. Port Rickey Exchange, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on January 30, 2004 from Land Capital Group, Inc., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash and, on February 25, 2004, placed a loan on the Property in the amount of \$2,900,000 from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In July 2004, Port Richey Exchange, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of Port Richey 1031, L.L.C. offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,075,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$5,975,000 consisted of \$2,900,000 in debt assumption and \$3,075,000 in equity investment. The difference between the

real estate acquisition price of \$5,250,000 and the total price of \$5,975,000 consists of \$262,500 acquisition fee and \$437,500 of estimated costs and expenses and \$25,000 for a property reserve account. The offering was completed in July 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

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WALGREENS STORE HOBART INDIANA. Hobart 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail shopping center on June 10, 2004 from C. Hobart, L.L.C., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash. In July 2004, Hobart 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvement thereon located at 732 West Old Ridge Road, Hobart, Indiana for \$6,534,000 in cash to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of \$6,534,000 consists of an equity investment, 1% of which will be retained by Hobart 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$5,575,000 and the total price of \$6,534,000 consists of \$235,000 acquisition fee, \$50,000 for a property reserve account, and \$740,000 of estimated costs and expenses. As of September 30, 2004, there were no investors.

KRAFT COLD STORAGE FACILITY, MASON CITY, IOWA. Mason City 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant light industrial building on June 2, 2004 from MDG Iowa, L.P., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a mortgage and note for \$5,333,000 and cash. In July 2004, Mason City 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 904 - 12th Street, Mason City Iowa for \$5,610,330 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of \$11,000,000 consisted of \$5,333,000 in debt assumption and \$5,667,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Mason City 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$9,550,000 and the total price of \$11,000,000 consists of \$480,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, environmental insurance credit of \$50,000 and \$820,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

HUNTINGTON SQUARE PLAZA, NEW YORK. Huntington Square 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on July 16, 2004 from Starwood Ceruzzi Commack, L.L.C., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with an assumed first mortgage and note for \$19,150,000, a junior loan in the amount of \$6,180,000 and cash. On August 30, 2004, Huntington Square 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvement thereon located at 3124 East Jericho Turnpike, New York for \$20,050,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing first mortgage indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of \$39,200,000 consisted of \$19,150,000 in debt assumption and \$20,050,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Huntington Square 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$24,821,392 and the total price of \$39,200,000 consists of \$1,500,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account and \$2,728,608 of estimated costs and expenses.

BEST BUY STORE, REYNOLDSBURG, OHIO. Reynoldsburg 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchase a single-tenant retail shopping center on August 5, 2004 from NOCA Retail Development Limited, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc., a New York corporation for \$4,950,000 and cash. In June 2004, Reynoldsburg 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the

undivided tenant-in-common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2872 Taylor Road, Reynoldsburg, Ohio for \$5,395,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of \$10,345,000 consisted of \$4,950,000 in debt assumption and \$5,395,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Reynoldsburg 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$9,000,000 and the total price of \$10,345,000 consists of \$450,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, and \$795,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

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The following summary table describes the fees and expenses incurred by each of our entities in our 1031 Exchange Private Placement Offering Project.

	LANDINGS OF SARASOTA DBT	SENTRY OFFICE BUILDING DBT	PETS BOWIE DBT	1031 CHATTANOOGA DBT	LANS SHOP CEN DB
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up t
Selling Commission To 3rd Party					
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	
Offering & Organization	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying					
Costs(3)	NI / 7	0 710	0 770	0 000	
Acquisition Fee	N/A	0.71%	0.77%	0.90%	
Bridge Financing Fees	N/A	N/A	1.49%	0.50%	
Total Load(4)	11.25%-12.75%	14.23%	13.68%	14.39%	
Asset Management Fees(5)	N/A	0.75%	1.00%	0.56%	
Property Management			Paid by		
Fees (6)	4.5%	5.0%	Asset Mgr.	5.0%	
Backend Sales Commission	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	

	TAUNTON CIRCUIT DBT	BROADWAY COMMONS DBT	BELL PLAZA 1031 LLC	INLAND 210 CELEBRATION PLACE DBT	COMP RET BUIL LL
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.0%	Up to 8.77%	Up to 9.19%	Up to 5.27%	Up to
Selling Commission To 3rd Party	-	•	•	-	-
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	3.81%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.00%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%	
Offering & Organization	0.50%	1.27%	1.69%	0.96%	
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2) Acquisition Fee & Carrying	0.61%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	

Costs(3)				
Acquisition Fee	0.69%	0.75%	N/A	0.89%
Bridge Financing Fees	0.07%	0.23%	N/A	0.23%
Total Load(4)	11.89%	12.98%	23.02%	10.52%
Asset Management Fees(5)	0.57%	N/A	0.53%	0.53%
Property Management Fees(6)	4.0%	5.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Backend Sales Commission	N/A	N/A	3.5%	N/A

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		DAVENPORT		
		DEERE		
	FLEET OFFICE	DISTRIBUTION		
	BUILDING	FACILITY	GRAND CHUTE	MACON OFFICE
	1031 LLC	1031 LLC	DST	DST
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.52%	Up to 8.42%	Up to 8.82%	Up to 8.52%
Selling Commission To 3rd Party				
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Offering & Organization	1.02%	0.92%	1.32%	1.02%
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.71%	0.50%	0.50%
Acquisition Fee & Carrying				
Costs(3)				
Acquisition Fee	0.85%	0.77%	0.84%	0.72%
Bridge Financing Fees	0.35%	0.72%	0.13%	0.81%
Total Load(4)	14.57%	13.18%	12.96%	14.24%
Asset Management Fees (5)	0.49%	0.50%	0.66%	0.66%
Property Management Fees (6)	4.5%	4.5%	5.0%	4.5%
Backend Sales Commission	N/A	NA	NA	NA

	PIER 1 RETAIL CENTER 1031 LLC	LONG RUN 1031 LLC	FORESTVILLE 1031 LLC	BED, BATH & BEYOND 1031 LLC
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.73%	Up to 8.37%	Up to 8.40%	Up to 8.70%
Selling Commission To 3rd Party				
Reps	6.00%	5.84%	5.54%	6.00%
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.49%	0.46%	0.50%
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	0.97%	0.93%	1.00%
Offering & Organization	1.23%	1.07%	1.46%	1.20%
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.47%	0.43%	0.55%
Acquisition Fee & Carrying				
Costs(3)				
Acquisition Fee	4.29%	5.31%	5.00%	5.15%
Bridge Financing Fees	0.94%			
Total Load(4)	8.28%	22.38%	21.34%	23.13%

Asset Management Fees(5)	0.06%	0.20%	0.00%	0.15%
Property Management Fees (6)	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Backend Sales Commission	NA	NA	NA	N/A

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	BARNES & NOBLE RETAIL CENTER 1031 LLC	PORT RICHEY 1031 LLC	WALGREEN STORE HOBART 1031 LLC	KRAFT COLD STORAGE FACILITY 1031 LLC	ни 1
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.69%	Up to 8.4%	Up to 9.02%	Up to 8.75%	
Selling Commission To 3rd Party					
Reps	6.00%	5.55%	6.00%	6.00%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.46%	0.50%	0.50%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	0.93%	1.00%	1.00%	
Offering & Organization	1.19%	1.46%	1.02%	1.25%	
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.43%	N/A	0.50%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying					
Costs(3)					
Acquisition Fee	5.00%	5.00%	4.22%	5.03%	
Bridge Financing Fees	.49%	0.56%	1.25%	.56%	
Total Load(4)	23.80%	22.80%	14.77%	22.94%	
Asset Management Fees (5)	0.13%	0.00%	0.08%	0.05%	
Property Management Fees (6)	5.0%	5.0%	4.5%	4.5%	
Backend Sales Commission	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	

- (1) Commissions and fees are calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal.
- (2) The Mortgage Broker Fee is calculated as a percentage of the debt portion of
- (3) Acquisition & Carrying Costs are calculated as a percentage of the real estate acquisition price.
- (4) The Total Load is calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal. The Total Load includes the Commissions & Fees, Mortgage Broker Fee, Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs, as well as any other non-affiliated third party expenses.
- (5) Asset Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of the value of the assets under management. However, for The Landings and Broadway Commons, which are both Master Lease deals, the Master Tenant Income is the residual cash flow from the Property after payment of the Master Lease Rent. As a result, it is not possible to accurately represent the Master Tenant Income as a percentage of the value of the assets under management.
- (6) Property Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of Gross Income from the property.

The following additional fees are the same for each deal:

Loan Servicing Fee - IMSC will be compensated with a monthly fee equal to the outstanding principal balance of the loan at the beginning of every month multiplied by 1/8% then divided by 12. This figure, however shall never exceed \$10,000, nor be less than \$1,200 monthly.

Termination Fees - (i) MASTER LEASE: 8.333% of the last 12 Months of NOI less Rent payments for the same 12 months multiplied by the number of months remaining on the then-current term of the Master Lease and (ii) ASSET & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS: The sum of the current monthly AM & PM fees times the number of months remaining on the term.

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The following table summarizes cash distributions to investors for each of the 1031 Exchange Private Placement Offering Projects through September 30, 2004:

1031 EXCHANGE PERFORMANCE DISTRIBUTIONS THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	OF INVESTORS		COMPLETED	DISTRIBUTIONS TO DATE (\$)	DISTRIBUTION	2 AN DIST
Landings of Sarasota DBT	9	4,000,000	05/ 2002		8.00	
Sentry Office Building DBT	7	3,500,000	04/ 2002	757 , 374		
Pets Bowie DBT	7	2,600,000	07/ 2002	523 , 311		
1031 Chattanooga DBT	9	1,900,000	05/ 2002	356 , 946		
Lansing Shopping Center DBT	5	5,000,000				
Inland 220 Celebration Place DBT	35	15,800,000	09/ 2003	2,141,924		
Taunton Circuit DBT	1	3,750,000	09/ 2002	600,700		
Broadway Commons DBT	32	8,400,000	12/ 2003	813 , 185		
Bell Plaza 1031, LLC	1	890,000	11/ 2003			1
Inland 210 Celebration Place DBT	1	6,300,000	01/ 2003	891 , 228		
CompUSA Retail Building, LLC	11	3,950,000	02/ 2004	307 , 569		
Janesville Deere Distribution						
Facility 1031, LLC	35	10,050,000	01/ 2004	675,167		
Fleet Office Building 1031, LLC	30	10,000,000				
Davenport Deere Distribution						
Facility 1031, LLC	35	15,700,000	04/ 2004	781 , 099		
	29	5,370,000	03/ 2004	265,163		
Macon Office DST	29	6,600,000	03/ 2004	380,623		
White Settlement Road Investment,						
LLC	1	1,420,000	12/ 2003	85,467		
Plainfield Marketplace 1031, LLC	31	12,475,000	06/ 2004	184,437		
Pier 1 Retail Center 1031, LLC	22	4,300,000	06/ 2004	105,430		
Long Run 1031, LLC		4,935,000	05/ 2004	120,000		
Forestville 1031, LLC		3,900,000		80 , 525		
Bed, Bath & Beyond 1031, LLC	19	6,633,000		49,536		
Cross Creek Commons 1031, LLC				119,446		
BJ's Shopping Center 1031, LLC				•		
Barnes & Noble Retail Center						

1031, LLC	1	3,930,000	*	1,507
Port Richey 1031 LLC	1	3,075,000	07/2004	_
Walgreen Store Hobart 1031, LLC	0	6,534,000	*	_
Kraft Cold Storage Facility	0	11,000,000	*	_
1031, LLC				
Huntington Square Plaza 1031, LLC	0	39,200,000	*	-
Best Buy Store Reynoldsburg	0	10,345,000	*	_
1031, LLC				
		226,852,000		11,830,406
		========		========

* Offering was not complete as of September 30, 2004

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MANAGEMENT

INLAND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 64 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, our management companies, were formed to segregate responsibility for management of our properties from Inland Property Management companies' growing management portfolio of retail properties. Our property management companies are responsible for collecting rent, leasing, and maintaining the retail properties they manage. These properties are primarily intended to be our properties in our primary geographical area of investment. Our property management companies are owned primarily by individuals who are affiliates of Inland.

OUR DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 68 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Effective April 1, 2004, Catherine L. Lynch resigned from her position as Treasurer of our advisor. Effective April 30, 2004, Kelly E. Tucek resigned from her position as our Treasurer, Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer. Steven P. Grimes has been appointed as our Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer, and Lori Foust has been appointed as our Principal Accounting Officer.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH IS LOCATED ON PAGE 71 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

We pay our independent directors an annual fee of \$5,000 (increasing to \$10,000 effective October 1, 2004) plus \$500 for each in person meeting and \$350 for each meeting of the board or a committee of the board attended by telephone, and reimbursement of their out-of-pocket expenses incurred. Our two other directors, Robert D. Parks and Brenda G. Gujral, do not receive any fees or other remuneration for serving as directors.

OUR ADVISOR

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 73 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

Our advisor, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is an Illinois corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor. Our advisor/business manager reviews and updates our mission statement, determines our businesses' direction, selects the criteria for acquisitions and financing, adjusts the demographic and geographic parameters, analyzes strategic alternatives, adjusts our rate of growth to maximize shareholder value, and updates our business plan that is performed by Inland employees on our behalf involving the combined efforts of highly skilled technical people with many years of experience.

Mr. Steven Grimes (age 37) joined our advisor as its Chief Financial Officer on February 18, 2004. He is responsible for our finances and borrowings. Prior to joining the advisor, Mr. Grimes was a director with Cohen Financial and was a senior manager with Deloitte and Touche. Mr. Grimes received his B.S. Degree in Accounting from Indiana University.

Ms. Lori Foust (age 39) joined our advisor as Vice President on November 17, 2003. Ms. Foust is responsible for our financial and SEC reporting. Prior to joining the advisor, Ms. Foust was a senior manager in the real estate division with Ernst and Young, LLP. She received her B.S. Degree in Accounting and her M.B.A. Degree from University of Central Florida.

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Ms. Debra J. Randall (age 48) joined our advisor as assistant vice president on January 30, 2004. Ms. Randall is responsible for our financial and SEC reporting. Prior to joining the advisor, Ms. Randall was a corporate controller for a privately held real estate company and has over 10 years of real estate experience at several public accounting firms. She received her B.A. Degree in Liberal Arts and is in the process of completing her M.A. Degree from DePaul University. She is a certified public accountant, a member of the Illinois CPA Society, and a licensed real estate salesperson.

THE PROPERTY MANAGER AND THE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT.

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 77 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS DELETED IN ITS ENTIRETY AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Our present property managers provide property management services to us under the terms of the management agreements. The property managers provide services in connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management of the properties. Our property managers are each Delaware corporations, owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of The Inland Group. We have agreed to pay the property managers a monthly management fee in an amount no greater than 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated party providing such services, which fee will initially be 4.5% of gross income, as defined in the relevant management agreement, from the properties managed for the month for which the payment is made. In addition, we have agreed to compensate each property managers if it provides us with services other than those specified in the management agreement. There is a separate management agreement for each property for an initial term ending as of December 31 in the year in which the property is acquired, and each management agreement is subject to three successive three-year renewals, unless either party notifies the other in writing of its intent to terminate between 60 and 90 days prior to the expiration of the initial or renewal term. We may terminate with 30 days prior written notice in the event of gross negligence or malfeasance by the property manager. The property managers may subcontract the required property management services for less than the management fee provided in the management agreement.

See "Compensation Table -- Nonsubordinated Payments -- Operational Stage." Our property managers may form additional property management companies as necessary to manage the properties we acquire, and may approve of the change of management of a property from one manager to another.

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 77 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS FURTHER MODIFIED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Inland Western Management Corp. and Inland Management Corp. have merged and the surviving entity is Inland Southwest Management LLC. Inland Northwest Management Corp. has been renamed as Inland US Property Management LLC, which is the surviving entity. Inland Pacific Management Corp has merged with Inland Pacific Management LLC, which is the surviving entity. As a result of the reorganizations, none of property management personnel or terms of management agreements have changed. These companies continue to provide the property management services to us under our property management agreements.

Our property manager, Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC, and Inland Pacific Management LLC, conduct their activities at their principal executive office at 2907 Butterfield Road in Oak Brook, Illinois.

See "--The Advisory Agreement" above in this section and "Conflicts of Interest" for a discussion of our option to acquire or consolidate with the business conducted by the property managers.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland Holdco Management LLC.

 NAME		AGE*	POSITION AND OFFICE WIT
Thomas P. McGuinness Robert M. Barg		47 50	President and manager Senior vice president/treasurer,
James H. Neubauer Linda Centanni		62 49	Senior vice president Vice president
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Elizabeth D. McNeely		49	Vice president

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*As of January 1, 2004

Ulana B. Horawelskyj

Frank Natanek

Alan F. Kremin

Frances C. Panico

THOMAS P. MCGUINNESS joined Inland Property Management in 1982 and became president of Mid-America Management Corporation in July 1990 and chairman in

Vice president

Manager

Manager

Director

2001. He is also president of Inland Property Management, Inc. as well as a director of Inland Commercial Property Management. He is chairman and a director of Inland Mid-Atlantic Management Corp. Mr. McGuinness is a licensed real estate broker; and is past president of the Chicagoland Apartment Association, and past regional vice president of the National Apartment Association. He is currently on the board of directors of the Apartment Building Owners and Managers Association, and is a trustee with the Service Employees' Local No. 1 Health and Welfare Fund, as well as the Pension Fund and holds CLS and CSM accreditations from the International Council of Shopping Centers.

ROBERT M. BARG joined the Inland organization in 1986 and is currently the treasurer of Inland Property Management Group, Inc. Since 2003 he has been a senior vice president, secretary and treasurer of Inland Western Management Corp. In July 2004 he became a director of Inland Western Management Corp. as well as a senior vice president, secretary, treasurer, and a director of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., and Inland Southwest Management Corp. He is also a director, senior vice president, and treasurer of Mid-America Management Corp., and secretary and treasurer of Inland Southern Management Corp. He was secretary and treasurer of Inland Southeast Property Management Corp. from 1998 to 2001. Prior to joining the Inland organization, Mr. Barg was an accounting manager of the Charles H. Shaw Co. He received his B.S. Degree in Business Administration from the University of Illinois at Chicago and a Masters Degree from Western Illinois University. Mr. Barg is a certified public accountant and is a member of the Illinois CRP Society.

JAMES H. NEUBAUER joined Inland Property Management in 1978 as an on-site manager. In 1981, he was promoted to the position of director of purchasing. Subsequently, in 1983, he became an on-site property manager and, in 1984, he became the president of Inland Western Property Management. From 1985 to 1996, Mr. Neubauer was president and senior vice president of Mid-America Management where he was responsible for all rental property operations outside the Chicagoland metropolitan area, which included New Hampshire, Arizona, Indiana, Wisconsin and Peoria, Moline and Danville, Illinois. He left Inland in 1996 to pursue other opportunities and rejoined Inland Southeast Property Management Corp. in 1999 as senior vice president and in May 2002 was promoted to president. In June 2004, he became a senior vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp. and Inland Western Management Corp. He is a licensed real estate broker in Florida and holds a B.A. degree from the University of Maryland, a M.A. degree from Ball State University and a M.B.A. degree from Benedictine College.

LINDA CENTANNI joined Mid-America Management Corp. in 1978 in the business office and in 1979 she began working in the accounting department specializing in the area of property management accounts receivable. In 1997 she was promoted to assistant vice president. Her current responsibilities include supervision of 12 people as department head of both accounts receivable and records. In July 2004 she was promoted to a vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western Management Corp. Ms. Centanni holds an Illinois real estate salesperson license.

ELIZABETH D. MCNEELEY joined Inland Southeast Property Management as a property accountant in January of 2002. In January of 2003 she was promoted to senior property accountant for Inland Western Management Corp., and in July of 2003 was promoted to a vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland, Ms. McNeeley was an accountant for the Burlington Northern Railroad, Pinnacle Relocation and Trase Miller Teleservices. She also taught mathematics at both the Middle School and Jr. College level. Ms. McNeeley holds a BA from North Central College and an MA from DePaul University. She is a licensed Real Estate Sales Agent.

FRANK NATANEK joined The Inland Group in July 2004 as a vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western

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Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Natanek worked for the Hallmark Greeting Card Company from October 2002 to March 2004. Mr. Natanek has a degree from St. Xavier College, and a law degree from Loyola University. In addition Mr. Natanek holds an MBA from the University of Chicago.

ULANA B. HORALEWSKYJ joined The Inland Group in 1990 and is currently treasurer of Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation, vice president of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation and president of Partnership Ownership Corporation. In her capacity as vice president of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, Ms. Horalewskyj oversees the cash management and accounting for over 250 Inland private limited partnerships. Prior to joining Inland, she spent four years working for an accounting firm and 10 years in the banking industry. Ms. Horalewskyj received her B.A. from Roosevelt University in Chicago.

ALAN F. KREMIN joined The Inland Group in 1982. Mr. Kremin was promoted to treasurer of The Inland Group, Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., and various other Inland Group subsidiaries in March 1991. In his current capacity as the chief financial officer of The Inland Group, a position he has held since 1991, his responsibilities include financial management, cash budgeting and corporate taxes for the consolidated group and serving as a director for various Inland Group subsidiaries and outside affiliated entities, for which he also serves as treasurer. He is a director of Inland Southeast Property Management Corp., and in March 2002 he became a director, secretary and treasurer of Inland Southern Management LLC. In November 2002, he became a director of Mid-Atlantic Management, LLC. Prior to his current position, Mr. Kremin was treasurer of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation from 1986 to 1990, where he supervised the daily operations of its accounting department. That department encompasses corporate accounting for the general partner of the Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation-sponsored limited partnership investment programs. Prior to joining The Inland Group, Mr. Kremin served for one year as a controller of CMC Realty and three years as assistant controller of JMB Realty Corporation. Prior to his real estate experience, Mr. Kremin worked eight years in public accounting, including four years at Arthur Young & Company. He received his B.S. degree in accounting from Loyola University. Mr. Kremin is a certified public accountant, holds securities and insurance licenses and is a licensed real estate broker.

FRANCES C. PANICO joined The Inland Group in 1972 and is president of Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and senior vice president of Inland Mortgage Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation. Ms. Panico oversees the operation of loan services, which has a loan portfolio in excess of \$4,200,000,000. She previously supervised the origination, processing and underwriting of single-family mortgages, and she packaged and sold mortgages to secondary markets. Ms. Panico's other primary duties for The Inland Group have included coordinating collection procedures and overseeing the default analysis and resolution process. Ms. Panico received her BA Degree in Business and Communication from Northern Illinois University.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland US Management LLC:

		POSITION AND OFFI
NAME	AGE*	MANAGEME
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/tre
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
Lawrence R. Sajdak, Jr.	24	Assistant vice president
Steven Yee	37	Assistant vice president
Anthony A. Casaccio	48	Manager
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager
Pamela C. Stewart	47	Manager

*As of January 1, 2004

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The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek, Mr. Sajdak and Mr. Kremin are set forth above.

LAWRENCE R. SAJDAK. Mr. Sajdak joined The Inland Group in September 1998 as a college intern, working every summer and holiday season. He started in the marketing department and soon became proficient in other departments in management. He has degrees in chemistry and business from North Central College. Prior to joining Inland he was employed Cintas Corporation. Mr. Sajdak returned to Inland in December 2002 as a department head in the business management department, and subsequently became a property manager. In July 2004 Mr. Sajdak was promoted to an assistant vice president of Inland Western Property Management Corp. and an assistant vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp. He is a member of the International Council of Shopping Centers.

STEVEN YEE joined The Inland Group in February of 2004 as a senior property manager, and in July 2004, Mr. Yee was promoted to assistant vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland he worked for Manulife Financial. His was also the director of operations for MB real estate and a retail property manager for Trammel Crow. His real estate experience includes managing and leasing retail shopping centers in the greater Chicagoland area. Mr. Yee attended DePaul University, receiving a degree in real estate finance. He is a licensed real estate broker, and a member of the International Council of Shopping Centers, and holds CPM and CCIM designations.

ANTHONY A. CASACCIO joined The Inland Group in 1984 working for Inland Condo Association Management. From 1987 to 1991 he was president of Partnership Asset Sales Corporation, and in 1991 when Inland Real Estate Development Corporation was formed, Mr. Casaccio became the president and a director. Mr. Casaccio holds a B.S. degree in accounting from DePaul University. He is a member of the DuPage Association of Realtors, the National Association of Realtors, Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors, the National Home Builders Association, the Realtor Association of the Western Suburbs, The Urban Land Institute, and the Oswego Economic Development Corporation. Mr. Casaccio is a licensed real estate broker in the state of Illinois.

PAMELA C. STEWART joined Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc., an affiliate of The Inland Group in 1995 as an acquisition specialist. Prior to joining Midwest Equities, Ms. Stewart worked for another affiliate company, New Directions Housing Corporation (NDHC), a not-for-profit organization that develops affordable housing. In 2002, Ms. Stewart became an assistant vice president and in 2004, she was promoted to vice president of Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc. Ms. Stewart is responsible for acquiring commercial real estate properties for the company's portfolio and investing corporate funds into redevelopment projects, including rental properties, shopping centers, office buildings and industrial buildings. Ms. Stewart is also the corporate asset management director for The Inland Real Estate Group of Companies. Ms. Stewart has a B.A. degree in Marketing from Roosevelt University. She is a member of the National Association of Realtors, the Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors and she is a Certified Commercial Investment Member (CCIM) and Candidate. She holds a real estate broker's license in the state of Illinois.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland Pacific Management LLC.

		POSITION AND OFFICE
NAME	AGE*	INLAND PACIFIC MANAGEME
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasurer, se
James H. Neubauer	62	Senior vice president and manager
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
David M. Benjamin	49	Manager
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager

^{*}As of January 1, 2004

The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Mr. Neubauer, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek and Mr. Kremin are set forth above.

DAVID M. BENJAMIN joined The Inland Group in 1983 in the accounting department and is controller of The Inland Real Estate Group. Mr. Benjamin has spent his entire accounting career in the real estate industry, working for American Invesco and Draper and Kramer before coming to Inland. Mr. Benjamin is responsible for the accounting and corporate income tax preparation of various Inland entities and he assists in the day to day oversight of The Inland Real Estate Group accounting department. Mr. Benjamin is a CPA.

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The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland Southwest Management LLC.

POSITION AND WITH INLAND SC

NAME	AGE*	MANAGEMENT
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasur
James H. Neubauer	62	Senior vice president
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager
Ulana B. Horalewskyj	57	Manager
Frances C. Panico	54	Manager

The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Mr. Neubauer, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek, Ms. Horalewskyj, Mr. Kremin and Ms. Panico are set forth above.

INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 80 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

ROBERT J. BABCOCK (age 28) joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in March 2004. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Babcock was an external wholesaler with AEI Fund Management, Inc. and was responsible for wholesaling public and private net lease real estate investments and 1031 property exchanges to financial planners. Mr. Babcock began his career as a financial advisor with American Express Financial Advisors in 1999. He received his bachelor's degree from Gustavus Adolphus College. Mr. Babcock holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

FRANK V. PINELLI (age 57) joined Inland Securities Corporation in 2004 as a vice president. He was previously employed with The Inland Group from 1973-1983 where he worked in property management, real estate sales, and real estate acquisitions. Prior to rejoining the Inland staff, from 1984-2003 Mr. Pinelli was a principal in his own real estate firm and developed an international marketing organization. Mr. Pinelli is a graduate of Southern Illinois University. He holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc and also is licensed as a real estate broker in Illinois and Oregon.

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MATTHEW PODOLSKY (age 32) joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in April 2003. Mr. Podolsky started his career in real estate in 1994 on the commercial sales and leasing side with Cushman and Wakefield of California, Inc. Prior to joining Inland Securities Corporation he was a vice president at CB Richard Ellis, Inc. Mr. Podolsky graduated from the University of Arizona with a B.S. in Regional Development/Urban Planning. He holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and a real estate license in the state of California.

DARRELL RAU (age 48) joined Inland Securities Corporation in 2004 as a vice president of the Midwest region where he develops sales and new broker/dealer relationships. Prior to joining Inland in 2004, Mr. Rau was vice president of developing markets at CTE Pension Advisors. Mr. Rau graduated magna cum laude from Northwood University in Midland, Michigan with a degree in Business Administration. He holds Series 6,7,62 and 63 licenses with the National

^{*}As of January 1, 2004

Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

THE SUBSECTION BELOW IS ADDED UNDER THE MANAGEMENT SECTION AND WILL START ON PAGE 82 IN THE PROSPECTUS AND IS INCLUDED IN ITS ENTIRETY:

COMPLIANCE AND GOVERNANCE

On October 12, 2004, our board of directors unanimously adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Nonretaliation Policy, and Complaint Procedures for Accounting and Auditing Matters.

PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

THE FOLLOWING REPLACES THE INFORMATION CONTAINED ON PAGE 85 OF OUR PROSPECTUS UNDER THE HEADING "PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS".

The following table provides information as of December 7, 2004 regarding the number and percentage of shares beneficially owned by each director, each executive officer, all directors and executive officers as a group and any person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding shares. As of December 7, 2004, no stockholder beneficially owned more than 5% of our outstanding shares. As of December 7, 2004, we had approximately 56,000 stockholders of record and approximately 199,443,713 shares of common stock outstanding. Beneficial ownership includes outstanding shares and shares which are not outstanding that any person has the right to acquire within 60 days after the date of this table. However, any such shares which are not outstanding are not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of outstanding shares beneficially owned by any other person. Except as indicated, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investing power with respect to all shares beneficially owned by them.

		NUMBER OF SHARES
	BENEFICIAL OWNER	BENEFICIALLY OWNED
Robert D. Parks		98,100.9094
Roberta S. Matlin		176.8117
Scott W. Wilton		0
Steven P. Grimes		0
Lori J. Foust		0
Brenda G. Gujral		0

All directors and executive officers as a group (12 persons)

*Less than 1%

Frank A. Catalano, Jr.

Kenneth H. Beard Paul R. Gauvreau

Gerald M. Gorski

Barbara A. Murphy

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(1) Includes 20,000 shares owned by our advisor. Our advisor is a wholly-owned subsidiary of our sponsor, which is an affiliate of The Inland Group. Mr. Parks is a control person of The Inland Group and disclaims beneficial

2,000 (2,000 (

113,731.8436 (

222,011.6447 (

4,002.0800 (2,000 (

ownership of these shares owned by our advisor.

(2) Includes 2,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options granted to each independent director under our independent director stock option plan, to the extent that such options are currently exercisable or will become exercisable within 60 days after the date of this table.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

DISTRIBUTIONS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 88 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

At the March 19, 2004 regularly scheduled Board meeting, the Board of Directors unanimously approved a resolution to delegate to our management committee the authority to make monthly distributions to stockholders on our common stock in an amount between 6.0% and 7.25% on an annualized basis, for the remainder of the 2004 calendar year.

Our Board of Directors approved the following distributions payable to holders of our common stock:

- \$.30 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on October 31, 2003, payable on November 10, 2003
- \$.50 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on November 30, 2003, payable on December 10, 2003
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on December 31, 2003, payable on January 10, 2004
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on January 31, 2004, payable on February 10, 2004
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on February 29, 2004, payable on March 10, 2004
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on March 31, 2004, payable on April 10, 2004
- \$.67 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on April 30, 2004, payable on May 10, 2004
- \$.675 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on May 31, 2004, payable on June 10, 2004
- \$.675 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on June 30, 2004, payable on July 10, 2004
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on July 31, 2004, payable on August 10, 2004
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on August 31, 2004, payable on September 10, 2004
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on September 30, 2004, payable on October 10, 2004
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on October 31, 2004, payable on November 10, 2004; and

- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on November 30, 2004, payable on December 10, 2004.

BORROWING

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 91 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING OUR BORROWING POLICIES.

Our board of directors adopted a policy to delegate to management the ability to obtain an unsecured line of credit facility with Key Bank for up to \$100,000,000. The commitment letter was signed on November 17, 2004, and will have optional unsecured borrowing capacity of \$150,000,000, for a total unsecured borrowing capacity of \$250,000,000. The facility will have an initial term of one year with two one year extension options, and will replace the current line on or about December 1, 2004, subject to final documentation. The line of credit has not been executed yet.

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 91 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING OUR BORROWING POLICIES.

Our board of directors unanimously approved that consistent with our borrowing policies, we may commit up to the aggregate of \$25 million in cash for letters of credit in order to obtain financing for properties.

Our board of directors adopted a policy to delegate to management the ability to obtain unsecured general financing facilities up to \$150,000,000 requiring a deposit not to exceed 3% of the facility amount without prior approval by the board of directors. These facilities would then be matched with specific properties, which would secure the amounts due under the specific financings.

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OTHER INVESTMENTS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 93 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Our advisor has informed our board of directors that it is increasingly concerned about the potential that mortgage interest rates we can borrow at will increase during 2004. Management believes that mortgage interest rate we can borrow at will increase during 2005. Our board of directors, including all of the independent directors, unanimously approved a resolution for the following:

We may invest in interest rate futures, an interest rate hedging strategy designed to offset the risks of potential interest rate increases on our long-term borrowings. Should conditions warrant, this interest rate hedging strategy will be implemented over a period of time. We intend to invest in up to \$100 million in interest rate futures, both five and seven year treasuries, with maturities of 90 days. Our initial cash outlay in this interest rate hedging strategy is expected to be between 1 to 2% of the value of our investment in the interest rate futures. Risks associated with this interest rate hedging strategy are primarily associated with declines in interest rates. As rates decline, we risk having to increase our initial cash outlay, and may incur losses on our investments in interest rate futures.

 An affiliate of our advisor, Inland Investment Advisors, Inc., the investment advisor, will be managing this interest rate hedging

strategy. Fees paid to the investment advisor are expected to be similar to those incurred using a third party investment advisor.

- We may also retain the investment advisor to invest up to \$10 million of our cash in publicly traded investment securities. Fees paid to the investment advisor are expected to be similar to those incurred using a third party investment advisor.
- 3) We may enter into an initial \$50 million (which could increase to \$100 million) twelve month credit facility with an affiliate of our advisor, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation (IREX) for its 1031 exchange program. IREX will use the funds to purchase real estate investments that meet the criterion consistent with our real estate investment policies.

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REAL PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 98 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING PROPERTIES WE HAVE ACQUIRED OR INTEND TO ACQUIRE.

AMERICAN EXPRESS PORTFOLIO

We anticipate purchasing the following eight office buildings constructed between 1975 and 2000 and leasing them back to American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc., IDS Property Casualty Insurance Corporation, and AMEX Canada, Inc., containing a total 2,597,000 of gross square feet.

LOCATION	APPROXIMATE SQUARE FEET	LEASE TERM
20022 N. 31st Avenue Phoenix, AZ	337,439	10 years
20002 N. 19th Avenue Phoenix, AZ	117,556	10 years
1001 N. 3rd Avenue Minneapolis, MN	541,542	10 years
3500 Packerland Drive Depere, WI	132,336	10 years
101 McNabb Street Markham, Ontario, Canada	306,710	10 years
4315 South 2700 West Salt Lake City, UT	395 , 787	10 years
7701 Airport Center Greensboro, NC	389,377	10 years
777 American Expressway Ft. Lauderdale, FL	376,348	10 years

APP

Total 2,597,095

We anticipate purchasing this American Express Portfolio from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost, including expenses, is expected to be approximately \$390,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$150 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase these properties with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the properties totaling \$233,532,000. The loan requires interest only payments at annual rates ranging between 4.2675% to 4.2975% and matures in January 2010.

In evaluating these properties as potential acquisitions and determining the appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for the properties, we considered a variety of factors including location, demographics, quality of tenant, length of lease, price per square foot, occupancy and the fact that overall rental rate at the property is comparable to market rates. We believe that each of these properties is well located, has acceptable roadway access and is well maintained. These properties will be subject to competition from similar properties within their market area, and economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We did not consider any other factors materially relevant to the decision to acquire these properties.

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American Express related entities, will lease 100% of the total gross square feet of each property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE/ LOCATION	APPROXIMATE GROSS (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GSF OF EACH PROPERTY	ESTIMATED ANNUAL RENT (\$) **	BASE RENT PER GROSS SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
20022 N. 31st Avenue Phoenix, AZ	337,439	100	3,505,734	10.39
20002 N. 19th Avenue Phoenix, AZ	117,556	100	908,894	7.73
1001 N. 3rd Avenue Minneapolis, MN	541,542	100	6,167,495	11.39
3500 Packerland Drive Depere, WI	132,336	100	1,168,578	8.83
101 McNabb Street	306,710	100	2,726,682	8.89

Markham, Ontario, Canada

4315 South 2700 West Salt Lake City, UT	395 , 787	100	3,116,208	7.87
7701 Airport Center Greensboro, NC	389 , 377	100	3,635,576	9.34
777 American Expressway Ft. Lauderdale, FL	376,348	100	4,090,023	10.87

- * Estimated lease term Lease term to commence on date of sale of the property and have a primary ten year term. Tenant can exercise up to six five year options on each property.
- ** Estimated annual rent for the first five years of the primary term.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$292,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

For financial information of American Express, please see the financial statements filed with the United States of America Securities and Exchange Commission @ www.sec.gov.

GATEWAY PAVILION, AVONDALE, ARIZONA

On December 7, 2004, we purchased 318,410 gross leasable square feet (which includes 7,000 square feet of ground lease space) of a 620,000 square foot newly constructed shopping center known as Gateway Pavilion. We have the option to purchase the remaining portion upon completion during 2005. The center is located at Interstate 10 and 101 Loop Freeway in Avondale, Arizona.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$65,141,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$216 per square foot of leasable space.

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We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Circuit City, Sports Authority and Mor Furniture, lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL PHASE I GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEAS BEGINNING
Circuit City	32,500	10	13.50	12/03
Sports Authority Mor Furniture *	35,700 35,000	11 11	11.50 9.90	10/03 12/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$51,576,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The portion of Gateway Pavilion which we anticipate purchasing was newly constructed between 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 92% leased, with a total of 292,505 square feet leased to 39 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL	BASE SQU
LESSEE		LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)	PER
Mattress Outlet	3,262	01/08	81,550	2
T-Mobile	2,200	02/08	61,600	2
Great Clips	1,200	02/08	31,200	2
Game Stop	1,505	02/08	39,130	2
Cold Stone Creamery	1,400	03/08	37 , 694	2
Port of Subs	1,800	04/08	48,204	2
Cactus Creek	1,300	05/08	33,800	2
Studio 101	1,261	11/08	30,264	2
Liberty Fitness	1,653	12/08	38,019	2
Eagle Flooring	3,220	12/08	81 , 272	2
AT&T Wireless	1,300	01/09	36,153	2
Tan Frenzee	1,443	01/09	36,075	2
Jamba Juice	1,200	06/09	33,600	2
Remedy Temp, Inc.	1,200	06/09	32,400	2
Johnny Rockets *	2,368	09/09	59 , 200	2
Ray's Pizza	1,980	04/11	51,480	2
Saba's Western Wear	4,509	06/11	54,108	1
Native New Yorker	7,001	03/13	138,023	1

 $^{^{\}star}$ Ten year lease term has not yet commenced, however, the expiration date may change based upon the tenant's actual occupancy date.

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
La Nails	2,200	03/13	55 , 000	
Sunny Neigh DDS	2,000	03/13	51,000	
Koyoto Bowl	1 , 980	03/13	43,560	
Panda Express	2,256	03/13	58,656	
Quizno's	1,472	03/13	36,800	
Baja Fresh Mexican Grill	2 , 969	04/13	71,256	
Starbucks	1,504	08/13	42,112	
Marshalls	28,150	10/13	267,425	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	25,063	01/14	275,693	
Carrabbas	6,100	01/14	86,986	
Sports Authority	35 , 700	01/14	410,550	
Peter Piper Pizza	10,000	10/14	180,000	
The Vitamin Shoppe *	4,500	10/14	135,000	
Mor Furniture *	35,000	11/14	346,500	
PETCO	14,668	01/15	238,355	
Krispy Creme Doughnuts	4,200	12/18	80,000	
Borders Books	20,000	01/19	245,000	
Circuit City	32,500	01/19	438,750	
Red Robin (Ground Lease)	7,000	03/19	85 , 000	
Paul Lee's Chinese Kitchen *	6,000	10/19	87,500	
Village Inn	4,441	11/19	140,025	
McDonalds	5,000	09/23	72,500	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

FIVE FORKS, SIMPSONVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

On December 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Five Forks, containing 64,173 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Woodruff Road and Batesville Road in Simpsonville, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,086,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$126 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

^{*} Lease terms have not yet commenced, however, the expiration date may change based upon the tenant's actual occupancy date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Bi-Lo, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Bi-Lo	46,673	7.3	8.71	10/9
DI HO	10,075	7 3	0 • / ±	10/ 2

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$6,065,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Five Forks was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 60,673 square feet leased to eight tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
Dr. Brian Hodges DMD	2,100	11/05	29,400
Summer Sun Adventures	2,000	12/06	28 , 000
Cost Cutters	1,600	12/06	22,400
Prime Communications	1,200	05/07	16,200
Postal Annex	1,600	11/07	23 , 200
Oxford Cleaners	1,500	12/09	21 , 750
El Jalisco	4,000	01/10	48,000
Bi-Lo	46,673	10/19	406 , 522

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SHOPS AT FOREST COMMONS, ROUND ROCK, TEXAS

On December 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Shops at Forest Commons, containing 34,756 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Gattis School Road and CR 12 in Round Rock, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$7,505,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$216 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds and the assumption of the existing mortgage debt on the property. The outstanding balance on the mortgage debt is approximately 5,250,000. This loan requires monthly principal and interest payments based on a fixed interest rate of 6.34% per annum. The loan matures in September 2013.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Blockbuster Video, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Blockbuster Video	4,000	12	18.00	01/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,629,800. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shops at Forest Commons was built during 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 34,756 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)

Scap Stop	2,226	09/07	40,068
Austin's Pizza	1,442	11/07	25 , 956
Subway	1,602	11/07	28 , 836
Blockbuster Video	4,000	12/07	72,000
Moondance Wine and Spirit	3,162	12/07	56,916
Post Net	1,522	12/07	28,918
Reid's Cleaners	1,242	12/07	22,356
Nail & Skin	1,362	12/07	27,240
Cost Cutters	1,522	01/08	27 , 396
TCBY	1,282	01/08	25 , 640
Common Grounds (Coffee House)	2,228	04/08	40,104
Bamboo Cafe	2,721	05/08	54,420
Niblocks ATA Black B	2,424	07/08	43,632
VP Salon & Gifts	2,684	08/08	48,312
Cardsmart	2,645	11/09	47,610
St. David's	2,692	05/10	48,456

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PLACENTIA TOWN CENTER, PLACENTIA, CALIFORNIA

On December 7, 2004, we purchased 110,962 gross leasable square feet of a 142,666 square foot existing shopping center known as Placentia Town Center. The center is located at Yorba Linda Boulevard and Kraemer Boulevard in Placentia, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$24,865,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$224 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, OfficeMax and Bank of America, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the portion of the property we anticipate purchasing. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT PER SQUARE

LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA 	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Ross Dress for Less	26,400	24	12.75	12/9
OfficeMax	24,768	22	12.00	01/9
Bank of America	11,162	10	22.44	05/7

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$18,649,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Placentia Town Center was built in 1973 and redeveloped in 2000. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 100% occupied, with a total 110,962 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Bagel Me	2,000	01/05	50 , 148
Baskin Robbins	1,117		26,808
Beauty Avenue	4,720	09/05	84,205
Courtesy Cleaners	1,200	10/05	25 , 896
Ross Dress for Less	26,400	01/06	336,600
Don's Shoe Repair	480	01/08	12,115
Suntan Shop	2,000	04/08	47,841
KC Nails	1,080	06/08	17,304
One N One Clothing	2,950	08/08	55 , 209
Ha-P Discount	4,130	11/08	64,428
Paolini's	3,940	06/09	59 , 100
Whole Enchilada	2,580	07/09	42,500
Tossed Board Shop	2,596	09/09	52 , 335
Jewels by Justin	2,360	10/09	37,620
Kwon's Olympic Tae Kwon Do	1,800	12/09	23,362
Huntington Learning Center	3,304	01/10	65 , 419
Philly's Best	1,525	12/10	42,410
OfficeMax	24,768	12/11	297 , 216
Wok Experience	1,915	10/13	62,142
Bank of America	11,162	05/14	250,475
Marie Callender's	8,935	10/14	128,160

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTHWOODS SHOPPING CENTER, WESLEY CHAPEL, FLORIDA

On December 7, 2004, we purchased a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as Northwoods Shopping Center, consisting of 96,151 gross leasable square feet. We purchased 74,647 gross leasable feet (which includes 3,150 square feet of space leased to a tenant under a ground lease) and intend to purchase the remaining 21,504 square feet when construction has been completed and the tenants have commenced paying rent for the remaining portion. The center is located at Bruce B. Downs Boulevard and County Line Road in Wesley Chapel,

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our acquisition cost for the portion that we purchased was approximately \$13,963,800 and the remaining portion will be \$6,386,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our total acquisition cost for the portion that we purchased was approximately \$187 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Marshalls and PETCO, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the portion of the property we purchased. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Marshals	30,000	31	7.95	08/0
PETCO	15,257	16	15.25	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in the portion of the property we purchased will be approximately \$10,473,000 and will be \$15,263,000, once we have purchased the remaining portion. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Northwoods Center was built between 2002 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 100% occupied, with a total 74,647 square feet leased to 15 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

> APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.) LEASE ENDS

CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)

Nails on Nails	1,139	12/07	27,336
Hair Masters	1,106	01/08	24,332
Art Mart	1,301	02/08	28,622
Post Net	1,302	02/08	27,459
EB Games	2,000	04/08	50,000
Leslie's Poolmart	2,269	12/08	51,053
Washington Mutual Bank	4,000	04/09	104,000
Pizza Suprema II	2,304	03/10	46,080
Dr. Jiminez	1,700	04/10	35 , 700

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
PETCO	15,257	11/12	232 , 669
Futons Etc.	2,500	12/12	52,500
Ho's Chinese	1,019	01/13	22,418
Honey Baked Ham	2,800	06/13	61,600
Marshalls	30,000	07/13	238,500
Payless Shoe Source	2,800	11/13	50,008
Arby's (Ground Lease)	3,150	03/23	54 , 999

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the 1 eases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

GATEWAY STATION, COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS

On December 7, 2004, we purchased a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as Gateway Station, consisting of 23,438 gross leasable square feet. We purchased 19,537 gross leasable square feet and intend to purchase the remaining 3,901 square feet when construction has been completed and the tenants have commenced paying rent for the remaining portion. The center is located at 1501 University Drive at Loop 6 in College Station, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was approximately \$5,093,400 and the remaining portion will be \$1,407,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our total acquisition cost for the portion that we purchased was approximately \$261 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or

improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Five tenants, Kirkland's, Talbots, Joseph A. Banks, Chico's and Heartworks, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the portion of the property we purchased. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Kirkland's	5,000	20	22.00	06/0
Talbots	4,200	20	18.00	08/0
Joseph A. Banks	3,905	10	20.00	06/0
Chico's	2,740	10	20.00	06/0
Heartworks	2,191	10	25.00	12/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in the portion of the property we purchased will be approximately \$3,820,000 and will be \$4,875,000 once we purchase the remaining portion. When we calculate depreciation expense for

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tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gateway Station was built during 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 100% occupied, with a total 19,537 square feet leased to six tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Chico's	2,740	06/09	54,806
Heartworks	2,191	11/09	54 , 774
Douglas Jewelers	1,754	03/10	43,850
Kirkland's	5,000	01/15	110,000
Talbots	4,200	01/15	75 , 600
Joseph A. Banks	3,905	01/15	78,100

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

EDGEMONT TOWN CENTER, HOMEWOOD, ALABAMA

On November 24, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Edgemont Town Center, containing 77,655 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 411 Green Springs Highway in Homewood, Alabama.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$15,639,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$201 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Publix	44,840	58	12.00	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$11,729,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Edgemont Town Center was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 74,055 square feet leased to 15 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)	

Nextel Communications	1,360	11/06	25,840
Crown Jewelry	1,600	11/08	30,400
Mr. Burch Formalwear, Inc.	2,000	11/08	38,000
Pet Supplies Plus	6,000	12/08	114,000
Firehouse Subs	1,600	12/08	30,400
Headstart Family Hair Salons	1,680	01/09	23,940
Mobility Central, Inc.	1,600	02/09	30,400
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,615	08/09	32,300
EB Games	1,200	10/09	30,000
L.V. Nails	1,360	11/13	25,840
Hunan Wok	1,600	02/14	30,400
Qdoba Mexican Grill *	2,400	12/14	60,000
Bama Wings *	1,200	12/14	30,000
Deep South Barbecue *	4,000	01/15	76,000
Publix	44,840	12/23	538,080

^{*} Ten year lease term has not yet commenced, however, the expiration date may change based upon the tenant's actual occupancy date.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

UNIVERSITY TOWN CENTER, TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA

On November 24, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as University Town Center, containing 57,250 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1190 University Boulevard in Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$10,569,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$185 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE	BASE RENT APPROXIMATE PER SQUARE		
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Publix	28,800	50	13.85	06/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,927,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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University Town Center was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 57,250 square feet leased to 15 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
	(50. F1.)	LEASE ENDS	NENI (7)
Sun and Soul	3,665	09/07	62,305
Movie Gallery	2,411	10/07	40,987
The UPS Store	2,479	12/07	44,622
Cold Stone Creamery	1,713	01/08	39 , 399
Firehouse Subs	1,827	01/08	34,713
Bad Ass Coffee	1,947	02/08	44,781
Headstart Family Hair Salons	1,485	02/08	34,155
Southtrust Bank (ATM)	42	04/08	7,800
Private Gallery	1,964	09/08	45,172
Nail Club	1,449	02/09	27 , 531
The Buzz	1,378	03/09	26 , 871
University Wireless	3,022	07/09	57 , 418
Qdoba Mexican Grill	2,641	11/12	60,743
Hud Guthrie's	2,427	12/12	46,113
Publix	28,800	06/24	398,880

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ZURICH TOWERS, SCHAUMBURG, ILLINOIS

On November 23, 2004, we purchased two connecting, 20 story, tower office buildings, containing approximately 895,418 of gross leasable square feet. The towers are located at 1400-1450 E. American Lane in Schaumburg, Illinois.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$138,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$154 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$81,420,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.247% and matures December 2034.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property

over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Zurich American Insurance Company, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis over the next twelve years.

LESSEE		APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Zurich American Company	Insurance	895,418	100	8,883,864	9.92

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property is approximately \$103,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

OSWEGO COMMONS, OSWEGO, ILLINOIS

On November 23, 2004, we purchased a portion of an existing shopping center known as Oswego Commons. This transaction is comprised of 188,150 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 3080 Route 34 in Oswego, Illinois.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$35,022,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$186 per square foot of leasable space.

We are purchasing this property with our own funds. On November 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$19,262,100. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.75% and matures December, 2011.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Dominick's, T.J. Maxx and OfficeMax, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)

BEGINN

Dominick's	65,844	35	12.21	03/0
T.J. Maxx	28,144	15	10.20	10/0
OfficeMax	20,015	11	14.00	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,267,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Oswego Commons was constructed in phases from 2002 to 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 183,950 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL	BASE SQU
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)	PER
3 Day Blinds	1,802	09/07	44,100	
Quizno's	1,612	09/07	36,864	
Lee Nails	919	10/07	22,938	
EB Games	2,015	01/08	47,352	
All Cleaners	1,100	01/08	28,920	
Lemstone	2,334	10/08	44,340	
American Mattress	4,200	03/09	92,400	

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
Oreck Home Care	1,500	05/09	34,500	
Hallmark	4,413	01/10	72,240	
T-Mobile	1,920	12/11	57 , 900	
Great Clips	1,163	07/12	27,660	
Panera Bread	4,200	09/12	96,600	
T.J. Maxx	28,144	09/12	287,000	
Coldstone Creamery	1,400	01/13	33,600	
Payless Shoes	2,496	02/13	52,416	
Famous Footwear	9,773	03/13	134,376	
Party City	12,012	03/13	176,448	
Petco	13,788	10/13	181,308	
Zales Jewelry	3,300	04/14	79,200	
OfficeMax	20,015	10/18	280,200	
Dominick's	65,844	03/22	804,000	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes,

insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

FOX CREEK VILLAGE, LONGMONT, COLORADO

On November 22, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Fox Creek Village, containing 139,730 gross leasable square feet which includes 39,200 square feet of ground lease space. The center is located at 1601 Pace Street and 815 East 175th Avenue in Longmont, Colorado.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,883,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$149 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, King Soopers, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property under a lease and a ground lease. The leases with this tenant require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

		APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER	
LESSEE		(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
King Soopers	(Cround	68 , 657	49	10.12	11/0
King Soopers Fuel Site Lease)	(Ground	29,200	21	N/A	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Fox Creek Village was built during 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 86% occupied, with a total 120,162 square feet leased to 12 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

APPROXIMATE GLA
LEASED
(SQ. FT.)

LEASE ENDS

CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)

Caliber Cleaners	1,300	02/09	29,904
Cost Cutters	1,300	02/09	29 , 904
Nicolo's Chicago Style Pizza	2,477	02/09	54,504
Eyeluminations	1,400	02/09	30,804
Subway	1,580	03/09	34,764
Starbucks Coffee	1,500	06/09	40,500
Hi-Fi Nails	1,300	05/09	29 , 904
Shape Up to Ship Out	1,300	05/09	27,300
Squeeze International	1,400	08/09	31,500
PostNet	1,300	09/09	28,596
Vino Cellars Wine & Liquor	3,948	01/14	82 , 908
King Soopers Fuel Site (Ground Lease)	29,200	11/18	20,000
King Soopers	68 , 657	11/23	695 , 100
World Savings Bank (Ground Lease)	3,500	08/24	88,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PUBLIX SHOPPING CENTER, MT. PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

On November 9, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Publix Shopping Center, containing 63,916 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at US Highway 17 and Park West Boulevard in Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$12,047,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$188 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGI
Publix	44,840	70	11.50	0.4

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,035,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Publix Center is newly constructed and was completed during 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the property was 95% occupied with a total of 60,510 square feet leased to 11 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURR
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	R
O'Neill Liquor	1,427	05/09	1/4 yr.	
Homeflix/Zone 3 Entertainment	3,756	06/09	3/4 yr.	
Dry Clean USA	1,056	06/09	2/5 yr.	
Dr. Joe Marcuvich, Chiropractor	1,414	07/09	2/5 yr.	
Cellular Wireless	1,000	08/09	-	
Pak Mail	970	08/09	_	
Chinese Restaurant	1,656	08/09	1/5 yr.	
Lady Fitness Center	1,502	09/09	1/5 yr.	
Nail Salon	1,014	09/09	1/5 yr.	
The Salon at Parkwest	1,875	10/09	_	
Publix	44,840	04/24	6/5 yr.	5

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WINCHESTER COMMONS, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

On November 5, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Winchester Commons, containing 93,024 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on 7956 Winchester Road, in Memphis, Tennessee.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,023,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$140 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 15, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,235,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent

on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER	
LESSEE	LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEG
Kroger	59 , 670	64	8.24	

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,767,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Winchester Commons was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 91,424 square feet leased to 15 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
The Steak Escape	1,600	01/05	2/5 yr.
Shirley's Hallmark	4,400	02/05	3/5 yr.
The Wine Cellar	4,000	03/06	-
China Dragon Restaurant	2,400	10/06	1/5 yr.
Opportunity Mortgage (A+ Wireless)	1,534	12/06	-
Dental Partners of Tennessee	2,000	02/07	1/6 yr.
Sunsations	1,600	07/07	-
Greg Pickett Golf	1,600	01/09	1/5 yr.
The UPS Store	2,000	01/09	-
Southwinds Cleaners	1,600	01/09	-
Fantastic Sam's	1,600	05/09	-
Nextel Communications	1,600	05/09	1/5 yr.
East End Grill	3,600	07/09	1/5 yr.
For Your Eyes Only	2,220	09/09	_
Kroger	59 , 670	04/19	6/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MANSFIELD TOWNE CROSSING, MANSFIELD, TEXAS

On November 3, 2004, we purchased 95,227 square feet of a newly constructed shopping center known as Mansfield Towne Crossing, which will contain 111,651

gross leasable square feet of which 4,500 square feet is on a ground lease. The center is located at Highway 287 and Debbie Lane, in Mansfield, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$19,967,700. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was approximately \$16,055,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$178 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 12, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,982,300. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.215% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Ross Dress for Less and Staples lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	BASE RENT				
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE		
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	L	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNIN	
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	27	9.25	05/04	
Staples	20,388	18	10.50	08/03	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property when completed will be approximately \$14,976,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Mansfield Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 100% occupied, with 95,227 leasable square feet leased to 19 tenants and one ground lease tenant and is currently leasing up the remaining retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT

AT & T Wireless	2,500	07/08	1/5 yr.	55 , 0
The Cash Store	1,600	09/08	2/5 yr.	30 , 4
EB Games	1,500	09/08	2/5 yr.	31,5
Sport Clips	1,440	10/08	2/5 yr.	30 , 2
GNC	1,200	01/09	2/5 yr.	22,8
Luxury Nails	1,013	02/09	2/5 yr.	20,2
Dr. Michael Polson	1,060	05/09	1/5 yr.	20,1
Robertson Pools	1,440	06/09	2/5 yr.	25 , 9
Bath Junkie	1,200	06/09	2/5 yr.	22,8
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,600	07/09	2/5 yr.	27,2
Subway	1,600	08/09	2/5 yr.	28,8
Creekside Collections	3,811	09/09	1/5 yr.	62 , 8
Zales Jewelers	3,000	12/13	3/5 yr.	64,5
Payless Shoesource	3,000	03/14	2/5 yr.	54,0
Famous Footwear	8,000	07/14	3/5 yr.	120,0
Pier 1 Imports	10,807	08/14	2/5 yr.	162,1
Ross Dress for Less	30,068	01/15	5/5 yr.	278,1
Staples	20,388	08/18	3/5 yr.	214,0
Mansfield Urgent Care *	3,000	09/09	-	58,5
Regions Bank (Ground Lease) *	4,500	09/23		75,0

^{*} Tenant has leased space in the portion of the property we have not yet purchased. The lease has not commenced as of December 1, 2004.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, MIDLAND, TEXAS

On October 29, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 61,150 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 5312 West Wadley Avenue in Midland, Texas.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$4,250,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$70 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On December 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$2,337,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures January 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their lease.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

				BASE
	APPROXIMATE			PER SQ
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT (\$)	ANNUM
Academy Sports & Outdoors	61,150	100	340,000	5.5
			374,000	6.1

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,188,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

CVS PHARMACY, SYLACAUGA, AL

On October 29, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed 10,055 square foot retail building, leased to CVS Pharmacy. The center is located at 2 North Broadway Avenue in Sylacauga, Alabama.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$3,066,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$305 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their lease.

One tenant, CVS Pharmacy, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		CURRENT	BASE RENT PER SOUARE	
LESSEE	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUAL RENT (\$)	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	RENEW OPTIO
	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	KENI (\$)	ANNUM (\$) 	OP110
CVS Pharmacy	10,055	100	231,164	22.99	_

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$2,299,500. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

GURNEE TOWN CENTER, GURNEE, ILLINOIS

On October 28, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Gurnee Town Center, containing 179,602 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7105 Grand Avenue in Gurnee, Illinois.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$44,256,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$246 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Linens 'N Things, Old Navy, Borders Books and Music and Cost Plus World Market, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Linens 'N Things	34,000	19	11.50	12/0
, and the second	·		12.50	02/0
Old Navy	25,090	14	14.00	02/0
Borders Books & Music	24,878	14	16.00	10/0
			17.60	11/0
			19.36	11/1
			21.30	11/1
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	10	13.50	10/0
			14.00	02/0
			14.50	02/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$33,192,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gurnee Towne Center was built during 2000. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 172,188 square feet leased to 26 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED		RENEWAL	CUR
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	

Earthly Goods	2,300	12/05	2/5 yr.
Oreck Floor Care Centers	1,600	01/06	1/5 yr.

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	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
Famous Footwear	8 , 650	01/06	4/5 yr.
Old Navy	25,090	01/06	2/5 yr.
Ouizno's Classic Subs	•	02/06	_
~	1,600		2/5 yr.
Hallmark Creations	6,405	02/06	3/5 yr.
Supercuts	1,200	05/06	3/5 yr.
After Hours Formalwear	1,050	06/06	2/5 yr.
Salon Jazz	1,785	08/06	1/5 yr.
Cali Nails	1,000	11/06	1/5 yr.
Towne Vision Center	1,360	12/06	1/5 yr.
RadioShack	2,700	02/07	2/5 yr.
Slott's Hots	2,000	09/07	2/5 yr.
Linens 'N Things	34,000	01/11	2/5 yr.
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	01/11	3/5 yr.
PPG Architectural Finishes	4,000	01/11	2/5 yr.
AT & T Wireless	2,800	01/11	2/5 yr.
Panda Express	2,240	02/11	2/5 yr.
Starbucks	2,500	03/11	2/5 yr.
Signature Cleaner	1,600	04/11	2/5 yr.
Bedding Experts	3,500	04/11	2/5 yr.
Giordano's	3,200	07/11	4/5 yr.
Bath & Body Works	2,340	01/12	2/5 yr.
The Avenue	5,250	01/13	4/5 yr.
	·		_
Pier 1 Imports	10,840	08/13	2/5 yr.
Borders Books & Music	24,878	01/21	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

On October 26, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 61,001 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Memorial Boulevard at Highway 365 in Port Arthur, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$5,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$82 per square foot of leasable space.

CUF

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$2,775,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures November 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their lease.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Academy Sports & Outdoors	61,001	100	400,000	6.56 7.21

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

PLAZA AT RIVERLAKES, BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA

On October 25, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Plaza at Riverlakes, containing 102,836 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Hageman Road and Calloway Drive in Bakersfield, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$17,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$165 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Ralph's Grocery Store, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Ralph's Grocery Store	58,000	56	6.03	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,050,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Plaza at Riverlakes was built during 2001. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 102,836 square feet leased to 22 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED			CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS		REN
Jane's Jewelers	1,170	12/04	1/5 yr.	23
State Farm Insurance	1,170	12/04	1/4 yr.	24
Team Gear	1,463	01/06	1/3 yr.	28
Coldwell Banker	2,260	07/06	2/1 yr.	45
Movie Gallery	4,800	11/06	1/5 yr.	103
Pacific West Wireless	1,495	12/06	1/5 yr.	31
Desired Image Tanning Salon	1,275	02/07	-	26

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED			CHDDEN
IRCORD		TEACH HADO		CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS		REN
Angel Food Donuts	1,268	02/07	1/5 yr.	24
Supercuts	1,202	02/07	1/5 yr.	26
One House Martinizing	1,200	04/07	1/5 yr.	26
Miss Holiday	1,360	06/07	1/3 yr.	24
R.J.'s at Riverlakes	2,500	08/07	1/5 yr.	54
Teaze Salon	1,885	10/07	1/5 yr.	30
Xanders Grill	2,000	10/07	1/5 yr.	42
Planet Smoothie	1,490	09/09		29
Wells Fargo Financial	1,925	09/09	1/5 yr.	41
Dewar's Candy Shop	2,885	12/11	2/5 yr.	48
Baja Fresh Mexican Grill	3,010	03/13	3/5 yr.	61
Fitness 19	7,200	03/13	2/5 yr.	127
The UPS Store	1,778	05/13	2/5 yr.	37
Quick One Chinese	1,500	06/14		30
Ralph's Grocery Store	58,000	11/26	7/5 yr.	350

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LAKE MARY POINTE, ORLANDO, FLORIDA

On October 21, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Lake Mary Pointe, containing 51,052 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at U.S. 17-92 and Weldon Boulevard, in Orlando, Florida.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$6,620,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$130 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$3,657,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.17% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER	
LESSEE	LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEG
Publix	37,866	74	8.60	12/99

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$4,965,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lake Mary Pointe was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 48,952 square feet leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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APPROXIMATE GLA
LEASED (SQ. FT.) LEASE ENDS RENEWAL OPTIONS

LESSEE

CUF

GNC	1,050	12/04	_
Hair Cuttery	1,050	02/05	1/5 yr.
Avenue Nails	1,043	08/05	1/5 yr.
Pak Mail Center	1,050	09/05	1/5 yr.
Vivonia's Italian Pizzeria	3 , 750	09/06	1/5 yr.
White Swan Cleaners	1,050	12/08	_
Subway	1,050	02/09	3/5 yr.
China Cook	1,043	07/11	1/5 yr.
Publix	37,866	12/19	6/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

AZALEA SQUARE SHOPPING CENTER, SUMMERVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

On October 19, 2004, we purchased a portion of a shopping center known as Azalea Square Shopping Center, containing 395,738 gross leasable square feet (which includes one ground lease space). We purchased 181,942 square feet of that shopping center including the ground lease space. The center is located at U.S. 17-A and Interstate 26 in Summerville, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$30,012,500. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$165 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 12, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$16,535,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.01% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Five tenants, T.J. Maxx, Linens `N Things, Ross Stores, Cost Plus World Market and PETsMART, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the portion of the property we purchased. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	I BEGIN
T.J. Maxx	30,000	16	7.75 8.25	07 <i>/</i> 08 <i>/</i>
Linens `N Things	25 , 395	14	10.75	09, 02,

Ross Dress for Less 30,187 17 9.50

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BE
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	10	12.50 13.50	
PETsMART	19,107	11	11.00 11.75 12.50	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$22,509,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Azalea Square is newly constructed in 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the property was 97% leased, with a total of 177,042 square feet leased to 19 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CUF
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	
Dress Barn	8,050	09/08	3/5 yr.	1
Artisan Jewelers	2,400	10/08	1/5 yr.	
EB Games	1,600	10/08	1/5 yr.	
S&K Menswear	3,603	10/08	2/5 yr.	
Sport Clips	1,200	11/08	2/5 yr.	
Phone Smart	1,800	12/08	2/5 yr.	
Princess Nails	1,500	04/09	1/5 yr.	
Marble Slab Creamery	1,200	06/09	1/5 yr.	
American Mattress	2,800	08/09	1/5 yr.	
Rococo Bakery	1,500	10/09	1/5 yr.	
Hibbett Sporting Goods	5,000	01/10	2/5 yr.	
T.J. Maxx	30,000	07/13	3/5 yr.	2
Pier 1 Imports	10,800	08/13	2/5 yr.	1
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/14	4/5 yr.	2
Linens `N Things	25,395	01/14	3/5 yr.	2
Shoe Carnival	9,000	03/14	2/5 yr.	1
McAlisters Deli	3,600	06/14	2/5 yr.	
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	01/15	3/5 yr.	2
PETsMART	19,107	01/20	4/5 yr.	2
Logans (Ground Lease)	*	11/23	4/5 yr.	

06/

* To be determined

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

DENTON CROSSING, DENTON, TEXAS

On October 18, 2004, we purchased the completed portion of a shopping center in progress of construction which is known as Denton Crossing. We purchased 278,840 gross leasable square feet which had been completed out of approximately

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329,663 gross leasable square feet. The remaining shopping center will be completed in stages over the next two years. The center is located at 1800 S. Loop 288 in Denton, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost for this portion was approximately \$53,402,000 with a remaining \$10,598,000 under contract for completion. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was approximately \$192 per square foot of leasable space and upon completion, will be \$194 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this portion of the shopping center with our own funds. On December 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$35,200,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.30% and matures January 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods, Best Buy and T.J. Maxx, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the portion we purchased. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGI
Oshman's Sporting Goods	50,000	18	10.00	12
Best Buy	30,000	11	12.00 12.50	10 02
T.J. Maxx	28,000	10	9.25	09

10

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this portion of the property is approximately \$38,428,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Denton Crossing commenced construction in 2003 and we believe will be completed within the next two years. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the shopping center we purchased was 92% leased with a total 257,833 square feet leased to 27 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
Dress Barn	8,000	12/08	3/5 yr.	120
Lane Bryant	5,000	10/08	3/5 yr.	95
Chipolte Mexican Grill	2,578	12/08	4/5 yr.	61
Advance America	1,440	12/08	2/5 yr.	34
Happy Nails Spa	1,297	12/08	1/5 yr.	27
Fantasy Nails	1,200	12/08	1/5 yr.	27
Sally Beauty	1,600	01/09	3/5 yr.	35
H & R Block	2,000	01/09	1/5 yr.	47
Sport Clips	1,400	01/09	2/5 yr.	31
New York Subway	1,500	01/09	1/5 yr.	33

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	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
Roly Poly Rolled Sandwiches	1,200	01/09	2/5 yr.	
Rice Boxx Asian Cafe	2,504	03/09	3/5 yr.	
T-Mobile	1,873	04/09	1/5 yr.	
The Mattress Firm	6,000	05/09	2/5 yr.	1
Old Navy	14,800	05/09	3/5 yr.	2
Wing Pit	1,807	08/09	2/5 yr.	
Wells Fargo Bank	1,818	08/09	2/5 yr.	
T.J. Maxx	28,000	09/13	3/5 yr.	2
Pier 1 Imports	9,500	09/13	2/5 yr.	1
Famous Footwear	10,000	10/13	3/5 yr.	1
Mattress Giant	4,553	12/13	2/5 yr.	1
Hollywood Video	6,300	01/14	2/5 yr.	1
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	01/14	3/5 yr.	2
Oshman's Sporting Goods	50,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	5
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	2
Best Buy	30,000	01/14	4/5 yr.	3

Michaels 21,163 02/14 3/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA, MIAMI, FLORIDA

On October 5, 2004, we purchased a shopping center newly constructed during 2003 and 2004 known as Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, containing 97,496 gross leasable square feet. This center has entered into a 65-year ground lease with the owner of the real property. We are not acquiring the underlying real property but only the buildings on the real property and will continue to be under a 65 year ground lease. The center is located at Northwest 107th Avenue and Northwest 19th Street in Miami, Florida.

We purchased this center from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,350,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$209 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this center with our own funds. On November 12, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,192,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.17% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this center over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Office Depot, Pier 1 Imports and Party City, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the center. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,053	29	13.50	03/04
Office Depot	16,175	17	23.32	08/04
Pier 1 Imports	10,582	11	25.41 25.50 26.50	12/03 01/05 01/09
Party City	10,930	11	18.00 19.62 21.93	09/04 10/07 10/10

23.31

10/13

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this center will be approximately \$15,263,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza is a newly constructed center completed during 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, the property was 97% occupied, with a total of 94,544 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRE
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	ANNUA
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,368	05/09	2/5 yr.	34,20
A+ Nails	1,301	05/09	1/5 yr.	36,42
Bo Concept	5,100	06/09	1/5 yr.	122,40
Young Eye Associates	1,339	08/09		37 , 49
Sprint PCS	3,622	12/10	2/5 yr.	103,22
Pier 1 Imports	10,582	12/13	3/5 yr.	268 , 89
Starbucks	1,402	03/14	3/5 yr.	49,07
Fuddruckers	6,000	04/14	4/5 yr.	162,00
Cargo Kids!	4,565	04/14	3/5 yr.	118,91
Moe's Southwestern Grill	2,400	05/14		62 , 40
Doral Dentist Partners	1,707	07/14	2/5 yr.	40,96
Office Depot	16,175	08/14	4/5 yr.	377 , 20
Party City	10,930	09/14	2/2 yr. & 2/3 yr.	196 , 74
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,053	01/20	4/5 yr.	378,71

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

GMAC INSURANCE OFFICE BUILDING, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

On September 29, 2004, we purchased a commercial office complex, containing approximately 501,064 of gross leasable square feet. The property is comprised of an 18-story office building, a six-story office building and various parcels of land that are used as surface and deck parking lots. The complex is located at 500 West 5th Street in Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$60,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$120 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 29, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$33,000,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual interest rate of 4.61% and matures October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, GMAC Insurance, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis over the next ten years.

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	RENEWAL OPTIONS
GMAC Insurance	501,064	100	5,164,449 5,266,828	10.31	2/5 yr.
			5,369,206 5,475,680 5,582,154 5,692,722	10.72 10.93 11.14 11.36	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property is approximately \$45,000,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

BOULEVARD AT THE CAPITAL CENTRE, LANDOVER, MARYLAND

On September 8, 2004, we entered into a joint venture with the current owners of a newly constructed shopping center known as Boulevard at the Capital Centre, containing 482,445 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on the Washington D.C. Beltway (I-495 and I-95), in Landover, Maryland. The property is on a long term ground lease with the Revenue Authority of Prince George's County for approximately 70 years.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$121,724,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of the joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On September 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$71,500,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures October 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Lowe's Theaters Magic Johnson, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term has been projected in

accordance with the tenant's lease commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	
Lowe's Theaters Magic Johnson	52 , 500	11	22.00	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$91,293,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Boulevard at the Capital Centre was newly constructed in 2004. The property has been in a leasing up phase and nine tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center whose leases have not yet commenced. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 88% occupied with a total of 423,372 square feet occupied by 59 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
EB Game World	1 200	11/08	1 / 5
	1,200	,	1/5 yr.
Claire's Boutique	1,166	11/08	1/5 yr.
Sprint Spectrum	1,965	11/08	1/5 yr.
Nextel	1,871	11/08	1/5 yr.
Capital Nails	1,500	11/08	1/5 yr.
Kay Jewelers	1,552	12/08	1/5 yr.
Cold Stone Creamery	1,157	01/09	2/5 yr.
Sweet Tooth Cakes & Pastries	1,400	02/09	1/5 yr.
Casual Male Big & Tall	3,500	03/09	1/5 yr.
The Classic Woman	2,200	04/09	2/5 yr.
Next Day Blinds *	3,000	09/09	-
Head 2 Head	2,568	12/10	-
Oxford Street	3,400	12/10	1/5 yr.
T-Mobile	1,800	01/11	
Gallery of African Wildlife	2,000	02/11	1/3 yr.
Jilliano Shoes	1,998	04/11	1/5 yr.
Qdoba Mexican Grill	3,000	11/13	2/5 yr.
LensCrafters	4,653	11/13	2/5 yr.
Pier 1 Imports	10,068	11/13	**
Foot Locker	3,433	11/13	**
Yankee Candle Company	2,000	11/13	1/5 yr.
Men's Wearhouse	6,400	11/13	2/5 yr.
Quiznos	1,562	11/13	2/5 yr.

Panda Express	2,100	11/13	1/5 yr.
Footaction USA	3,500	11/13	2/5 yr.
Drake's Place	2,000	11/13	1/5 yr.
Penner Clothing	5,194	11/13	2/2 yr. & 1/1 yr.
Cambridge Beauty Supply	2,900	11/13	1/5 yr.
Shoe City	7,700	11/13	2/5 yr.
The Children's Place	6,000	11/13	2/5 yr.
Lane Bryant	5,000	11/13	2/5 yr.
Starbucks	1,250	11/13	2/5 yr.
Technicolor Salon & Spa	4,413	12/13	1/5 yr.
Changes at Capital Centre	4,000	12/13	1/5 yr.
Lucaya	3,000	12/13	1/5 yr.

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APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
	0.100	10/10	4.75
Teaming Up/Expressions	3,103	12/13	1/5 yr.
Total Sport	3 , 756	12/13	1/5 yr.
The Big Screen Store	4,500	12/13	2/5 yr.
Payless Shoesource	2,800	01/14	2/5 yr.
Five Guys Restaurant	1,500	02/14	1/5 yr.
Mattress Warehouse	4,112	02/14	2/5 yr.
Red Star Tavern	7,661	02/14	2/5 yr.
Honeycomb Hideout	2,500	02/14	* *
Babalu/Carraba's Glory Days*	6 , 085	04/14	
Kobe Japanese Steakhouse*	7 , 520	04/14	
African Stargina	1,500	05/14	1/5 yr.
Anne Taylor Loft	5 , 471	05/14	* *
McHunu House of Style	2,900	05/14	2/5 yr.
Reggiano's *	2,000	05/14	
DSW Shoe Warehouse	25,000	07/14	4/5 yr.
Sports Authority	40,500	07/14	3/5 yr.
Stonefish Grill	6 , 085	08/14	* *
Soul Fixins'*	2,085	08/14	
Infusions Cafe*	3 , 350	09/14	
Linens 'N Things	34,440	01/15	* *
Pizzeria Uno	5,719	10/18	3/5 yr.
Bugaboo Creek Steakhouse	6,400	11/18	2/5 yr.
Provident Bank of Maryland	3,215	11/18	3/5 yr.
Borders Books & Music	22,915	11/18	4/5 yr.
Chuck E Cheese	11,300	02/19	3/5 yr.
Office Depot	18,000	07/19	**
Circuit City	33,828	07/19	3/5 yr.
Blu Bambu*	4,050	09/19	. 4
Chick-Fil-A	4,250	11/23	3/5 yr.
Golden Corral	11,967	12/23	3/5 yr.
Lowe's Theaters Magic Johnson	52,500	09/24	**
20 5 Incacció nagio comicon	02,000	00,21	

 $^{^{\}star}$ As of December 1, 2004, the tenant's lease term had not yet commenced.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star\star}}$ Renewal Option information not available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HARRIS TEETER STORE #158, WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

On September 8, 2004, we purchased a freestanding retail building leased to a Harris Teeter grocery store, containing 57,230 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Wilshire Boulevard and Kerr Avenue in Wilmington, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$7,200,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$126 per square foot of leasable space.

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We purchased this property with our own funds. On November 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$3,960,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.915% and matures November 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of its lease.

One tenant, Harris Teeter Store #158, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

				BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE	% OF	CURRENT	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT PER	RENE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT	ANNUM (\$)	OPTI
Namia Tastan Chana # 150	E7 220	100	EEO 240	0.76	1 / 5
Harris Teeter Store # 158	57 , 230	100	558,340	9.76	1/5 y 1/4 v

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,400,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

HARVEST TOWNE CENTER, KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

On September 8, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Harvest Towne Center, containing 42,213 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 4824 N. Broadway Street in Knoxville, Tennessee.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,950,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately

\$212 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On December 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,005,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.935% and matures January 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, CVS Pharmacy, Pet Supplies Plus and Ruby Tuesday, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING
	(50. F1.)	GLA	ANNOM (\$)	DEGINNING
CVS Pharmacy	10,125	24	24.50	09/99
-			25.97	09/04
			27.53	09/09
			29.18	09/14
Pet Supplies Plus	8,120	19	14.08	02/04
			14.33	02/05
Ruby Tuesday (Ground Lease)	4,582	11	N/A	07/02

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$6,713,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Harvest Towne Center was built in 1996 to 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 42,213 square feet leased to nine tenants and three ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	
Northside Properties Krispy Creme Donuts (Ground Lease)	3,480 2,158	Month-to-Month 06/05	- 2/5 yr.	

Pet Supplies Plus	8,120	01/06	2/5 yr.
Vacuums Unlimited	986	05/06	_
Ross the Boss	4,104	09/06	_
Stuart R. Humberg D.C.	1,000	11/06	2/3 yr.
US Cleaners, Inc.	1,427	11/07	1/5 yr.
Briano's Pizza	2,053	01/08	1/5 yr.
Beneficial Tennessee, Inc.	1,670	06/08	1/5 yr.
Ruby Tuesday (Ground Lease)	4,582	12/12	4/5 yr.
Taco Bell (Ground Lease)	2,508	11/14	4/5 yr.
CVS Pharmacy	10,125	01/20	3/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LINCOLN PARK, DALLAS, TEXAS

On September 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Lincoln Park, containing 148,806 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7700 W. Northwest Highway in Dallas, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$47,515,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$319 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On October 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$26,153,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.61% and matures in November 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Tom Thumb, Barnes & Noble and The Container Store, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING	TERM
Tom Thumb	50,000	34	11.50 12.00	08/98 08/13	0
Barnes & Noble	29,485	20	20.00 21.00 22.00	05/98 10/03 10/08	0 0 0

1

The Container Store	25,000	17	28.00	02/00	0
			29.00	02/05	0
			30.00	02/10	0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$35,636,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lincoln Park was built in 1998. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 148,806 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT
Marvin Brown	4,408	05/05	2/5 yr.	119,
T-Mobile	1,402	10/05	1/5 yr.	68 ,
Maggie Moo's Ice Cream	1,375	12/07	1/5 yr.	48,
Romies Nail Boutique	1,098	12/07	2/5 yr.	39,
Blue Mesa Grill	8,250	12/08	2/5 yr.	235,
Eyemasters	3,000	12/08	2/5 yr.	134,
Elizabeth Arden	6 , 058	01/09	2/5 yr.	151 ,
Up in Smoke	1,164	01/09	1/5 yr.	58 ,
Bag 'N Baggage	3,554	04/09	-	106,
Barnes & Noble	29,485	01/14	3/5 yr.	619,
A Pea In the Pod	4,012	09/14	2/5 yr.	144,
The Container Store	25,000	01/15	3/5 yr.	700,
Cheesecake Factory	10,000	09/18	2/5 yr.	347,
Tom Thumb	50,000	07/23	3/5 yr.	575 ,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE, BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

On September 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Saucon Valley Square, containing 80,695 gross leasable square feet, including 6,208 square feet of ground lease space. The center is located on I-78 and Rouse 378 in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$16,042,600. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$199 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$8,850,900. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.115% and matures in October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Super Fresh Food Market, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Super Fresh Food Market	47,827	59	13.00	12/98
			13.75	01/04
			14.50	01/09
			15.25	01/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$12,032,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Saucon Valley Square was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 80,695 square feet leased to 13 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Lafayette Ambassador	2,800	05/08	3/5 yr.	42,900
Starter's Pub (Ground Lease)	6,208	12/08	3/5 yr.	88,000
Holiday Hair	1,200	01/09	1/5 yr.	20,790
Casa Mia Pizzeria	2,000	01/09	2/5 yr.	34,650
Subway	1,200	02/09	1/5 yr.	22,050
Foxes Hallmark	5,200	02/09	2/5 yr.	96,200
Blockbuster Video	5,140	03/09	2/5 yr.	92 , 520
No. 1 Chinese Restaurant	1,200	03/09	1/5 yr.	25,080
Radio Shack	2,320	03/09	1/5 yr.	36,800
La Nails	1,200	04/09	=	24,000
Buena Bistro	1,600	05/09	_	29,840
Werkheiser Jewelers	1,200	12/13	_	20,790
Saucon Valley Cleaners	1,600	01/14	-	27 , 720
Super Fresh Food Market	47,827	12/18	8/5 yr.	657,621

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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QUAKERTOWN SHOPPING CENTER, QUAKERTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Quakertown Shopping Center, containing 61,832 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,500 square feet of ground leased space). The center is located at Route 309 and Tollgate Road in Quakertown, Pennsylvania.

On August 25, 2004, we funded the initial installment of a \$12,664,794 first mortgage in the amount of \$11,398,314. The remaining \$1,266,480 is expected to be funded in 2004. The interest rate of this first mortgage is 7.5573% and it matures in August 2005. We anticipate purchasing the center when the mortgage matures for approximately \$12,665,000. We will use the funds from repayment of the first mortgage towards our purchase price.

One tenant, Giant Food Stores, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Giant Food Stores	54,332	88	15.86	05/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,499,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Quakertown Shopping Center was constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 61,832 (including ground leased space) square feet leased to four tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)
Best Cuts	1,200	02/09	25,200
Electronics Boutique	1,200	02/14	25,200
Dry Cleaner Drop Off	1,600	02/14	33,600

Giant Food Stores	54,332	02/24	861,706
Perkasie Bank (Ground Lease)	3,500	02/24	90,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE COLUMNS SHOPPING CENTER, JACKSON, TENNESSEE

On October 12, 2004, we purchased Phase II of The Columns Shopping Center, containing 44,827 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$5,741,000. On August 24, 2004, we purchased Phase I and Phase III containing 128,600 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$20,770,000. The total shopping center contains 173,427 gross leasable square feet and is newly constructed. The center is located at 1300 Vann Drive in Jackson, Tennessee.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$26,511,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$153 per square foot of leasable space.

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On November 4, 2004 and October 5, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$3,442,100 and \$11,423,300, respectively. The loans require interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.95% and 4.91%, respectively and mature May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Best Buy, Ross Dress for Less, Marshalls and Bed, Bath & Beyond, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Best Buy	30,000	17	16.00	08/03
			16.50	10/08
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	17	9.70	08/04
Marshalls	28,000	16	7.75	10/03
			8.10	11/08
Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,000	12	9.75	11/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$19,883,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Columns Shopping Center was constructed in 2003/2004. As of December 1, 2004, the property was 96% occupied, with 166,227 square feet leased to 15 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Oreck Vacuums	1,600	11/08	1/5 yr.	24,800
Dress Barn	7,700	12/08	3/5 yr.	102,795
Books A Million	12,500	01/09	4/3 yr.	134,375
Rack Room Shoes	6,000	03/09	3/5 yr.	85 , 500
Spoil Me Rotten	2,000	03/09	_	31,000
Grass Monkey	1,600	03/09	1/5 yr.	24,000
Don Panchos Restaurant	4,000	04/09	1/5 yr.	60,000
Wells Fargo	2,400	05/09	1/5 yr.	37,200
Old Navy	14,800	10/09	2/5 yr.	186,480
Rue 21	4,000	12/09	2/5 yr.	60,000
Marshalls	28,000	10/13	3/5 yr.	217,000
Best Buy	30,000	01/14	4/5 yr.	480,000
Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	195,000
Quizno's	1,600	03/14	2/5 yr.	28 , 800
Ross Dress for Less	30,027	01/15	4/5 yr.	292,763

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA, NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA

On August 23, 2004, we purchased 200,404 square feet of a portion of a 324,108 square foot newly constructed shopping center known as Mitchell Ranch Plaza. The center is located at State Road 54 and Little Road in New Port Richey, Florida.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$34,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$170 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.53% and matures October 2007.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property

over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Publix, Marshalls and Ross Dress for Less, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING	TERM TO
Publix	44,840	22	9.85	07/03	07/
Marshalls	30,000	15	7.95 8.45	07/03 08/08	07/ 07/
Ross Dress for Less	30,176	15	9.75 10.25	07/03 02/09	01/ 01/

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$25,503,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Mitchell Ranch Plaza was constructed in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 190,404 square feet leased to 36 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			Current
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Cottage Florist	1,200	06/07	_	22,212
Cruise Warehouse	900	09/06	1/3 yr.	18,228
Pocket Change	1,200	09/06	_	26,400
Tampa Bay Insurance	900	09/06	1/3 yr.	16,656
Curves for Women	1,200	09/06	-	22,500
Vitamin Tree	1,200	10/06	-	22,800
Brazilian Tanning	1,800	11/06	-	32,856
Christian Boutique	1,200	06/07	-	22,800

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	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Magic Touch Cleaners	900	08/08	1/5 yr.	22,800
La Bebe's Salon	900	08/08		16,428
Working Cow	1,200	09/08	1/5 yr.	22,200
Charles Pope Cellular	1,200	09/08	1/5 yr.	22,116
Payless Shoesource	2,400	09/08	3/5 yr.	60,000
Aspasia Nails	1,200	09/08	1/5 yr.	22,644
Christos	2,400	10/08	1/5 yr.	43,200
Great Clips	1,000	10/08	2/5 yr.	19,248
Sally Beauty Supply	1,200	10/08	2/5 yr.	21,300
The UPS Store	1,200	10/08	1/5 yr.	21,600
George Josef Salon	1,200	10/08	1/5 yr.	21,900
China Express	1,200	11/08	_	23,100
American Family Dentist	1,200	11/08	1/5 yr.	21,780
Carlucci's	3,600	12/08	1/5 yr.	64,800
EB Games	1,200	01/09	2/5 yr.	24,600
VIP Martial Arts	4,050	01/09	1/5 yr.	67,836
Hallmark Gold Crown	3,950	02/09	2/5 yr.	65 , 172
Beefs O'Brady's	2,800	02/09	3/5 yr.	50,400
The Mattress Firm	3,000	02/09	2/5 yr.	72,300
Cingular Wireless	900	06/09	1/5 yr.	27,000
Trinity Spirits	3,950	07/09	1/5 yr.	63,590
Marshalls	30,000	07/13	3/5 yr.	238,500
Panera Bread	4,531	12/13	3/5 yr.	111,010
Ross Dress for Less	30,176	01/14	4/5 yr.	294,216
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	02/14	3/5 yr.	161,796
Starbucks	1,500	03/14	3/5 yr.	42,000
PETsMART	19,107	01/19	3/5 yr.	211,128
Publix	44,840	07/23	6/5 yr.	441,672

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE SHOPPING CENTER, TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

On August 17, 2004, we purchased a portion of an existing shopping center known as Governor's Marketplace Shopping Center, containing 265,541 gross leasable square feet. We purchased 231,915 square feet of the shopping center, which includes 3,800 square feet of ground lease space. The center is located on Governor's Square Boulevard, in Tallahassee, Florida.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party with our own funds. Our total acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was approximately \$32,654,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was approximately \$141 per square foot of leasable space.

On August 17, 2004, we obtained financing on the property in the amount of \$20,625,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.185% and matures in September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Sports Authority and Marshalls, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING	TERM TO
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,000	15	10.50	06/01 02/12	01/12
Sports Authority	34,775	15	0 11.91	08/03 01/04	01/04 08/08
Marshalls	30,000	13	7.75 8.25	05/01 06/06	05/06 05/11

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$24,491,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Governor's Marketplace was built in 2001. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 94% occupied, with a total 218,437 square feet leased to 19 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE				BASE R
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL		SQUAR
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)	PER AN
Famous Footwear	10,070	07/06	2/5 yr.	156,085	15
Student Body	3,721	08/06	1/5 yr.	81,321	21
Old Navy	20,000	09/06	2/5 yr.	230,000	11
Clark's Maytag	3,466	05/07	2/5 yr.	67 , 587	19
Life's Uniforms	1,217	06/07	1/5 yr.	26,774	22
Cingular Wireless	1,200	06/07	2/5 yr.	30,600	25
Sprint PCS	4,206	12/07	1/5 yr.	75 , 708	18
Sports Authority	34,775	08/08	5/5 yr.	414,170	11
Nextel Communications	1,443	09/08	1/5 yr.	36 , 075	25
ALLTEL	2,000	06/09	1/5 yr.	48,000	24
Michaels	23,965	02/11	4/5 yr.	251,633	10
Marshalls	30,000	05/11	2/5 yr.	232,500	7
Lifeway Christian	6,324	09/11	2/5 yr.	132,804	21
Atlanta Bread Company	4,000	11/11	2/5 yr.	94,520	23
Boston Market (Ground Lease)	3,800	11/12	4/5 yr.	60,000	N
David's Bridal	9,000	05/13	2/5 yr.	133,200	14

Petco	13,750	05/13	3/5 yr.	212,025	15
Bombay Company	8,500	08/13	1/5 yr.	208,250	24
Qdoba	2,000	04/14	2/5 yr.	42,000	21
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,000	01/17	3/5 yr.	367,500	10

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MANCHESTER MEADOWS, TOWN AND COUNTRY, MISSOURI

On August 12, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Manchester Meadows, containing 454,172 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,412 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 13901 Manchester Road in Town and Country, Missouri.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$56,200,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$124 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$31,064,550. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.48% and matures September 2007.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Wal-Mart and Home Depot, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING	TERM TO
Wal-Mart	154,717	34	7.00	04/95	04/15
Home Depot	111,175	24	7.47	11/94	11/19

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$42,150,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Manchester Meadows was built in 1994 and 1995. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 442,272 square feet leased to 20 tenants

and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL	BASE SQUA
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)	PER A
Linens 'N Things	34 , 917	01/05	3/5 yr.	340,441	9
3 Day Blinds	4,550	03/05	1/5 yr.	104,640	23
Sears Portrait Studio	2,123	03/05	-	39,063	18
Payless Shoesource	3,000	05/05	1/5 yr.	55,200	18
HobbyTown USA	2,450	07/05	-	44,100	18
Chic Nails	1,400	05/06	-	28,000	20
Town & Country Tobacco	1,400	01/07	-	26,600	19
Fast Track Fitness	3,000	02/07	-	54,000	18
Memories Unlimited	2,500	04/07	-	43,750	17
99 Cent Only Store	3,000	04/07	1/5 yr.	49,500	16
United States Postal Service	3 , 570	04/07	1/5 yr.	63,225	17

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
Cobblestone Shoe Repairs	1,400	04/07	-	27,300
Home Decorators	15,000	12/07	2/3 yr.	247,500
Art & Frame	1,400	11/08	-	28,700
Great Clips	1,400	04/09	-	29,400
OfficeMax	23,920	11/09	3/5 yr.	251,160
PETSMART	27,438	03/10	5/5 yr.	240,083
The Sports Authority	40,500	11/14	10/5 yr.	324,000
Wal-Mart	154,717	04/15	6/5 yr.	1,083,018
Home Depot	111,175	11/19	10/5 yr.	830,088
Boston Chicken (Ground Lease)	3,412	08/05	7/5 yr.	79,200

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON, LAWRENCEVILLE, GEORGIA

On August 9, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as The Village Shoppes at Simonton, containing 66,415 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at New Hope Road and Simonton Road in Lawrenceville, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,750,000. This amount may increase by

additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$207 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,561,700. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE T
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Publix	44,271	67	10.95	05/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$10,312,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Village Shoppes at Simonton was newly constructed in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 87% occupied with a total of 58,015 square feet leased to ten tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
Subway Real Estate Corp.	1,400	04/09	3/5 yr.
Dollar Store	2,644	06/09	1/5 yr.
World Dry Cleaners	1,500	07/09	1/5 yr.
Pak Mail Center	1,400	07/09	1/5 yr.
Cummings Nails and Tanning	1,200	07/09	1/5 yr.
New China	1,400	07/09	1/5 yr.
Supercuts	1,400	08/09	1/5 yr.
Apex Beauty Supply	1,400	10/09	_
Pizza Hut of America	1,400	07/10	_
Publix	44,271	05/24	1/5 yr.

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

REISTERSTOWN ROAD PLAZA, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

On August 4, 2004, we entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Reisterstown Road Plaza, containing 779,047 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 6500-6512 Reisterstown Road, Baltimore, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$88,500,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On August 11, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$49,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.30% and matures September 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Home Depot, Public Safety Service and National Wholesale Liquidators, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SOUARE		
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING	TE
Home Depot	115,289	15	5.20	11/02	
Public Safety Service	107,705	14	12.00	01/98	
National Wholesale Liquidators	91,129	12	4.00	05/00	

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$66,375,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Reisterstown Road Plaza was built in 1986 and renovated in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 93% occupied, with a total 729,559 square feet leased to 75 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE		APPROXIMATE		
African Art and Craft 222 Month-to-Month Shingar 2,250 09/04 Fragrance Galore 225 12/04 -		GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
African Art and Craft 222 Month-to-Month Shingar 2,250 09/04 Fragrance Galore 225 12/04 - Perfumery International, Inc. 200 01/05 - Injury Treatment Center 3,501 03/05 - Hip Hop One Stop 283 06/05 - Baltimore City Community College (BCCC) 14,620 05/06 2/5 yr. Royal Gems & Jewelry 330 09/06 - Fragrance More 787 09/06 - Burlington Coat Factory 60,000 10/06 - Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 - Burlington Coat Factory 60,000 10/07 - Foreyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Fayless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Fayless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Fayless Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Furniture Palace 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Favelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Facel-A-Center 4,300 01/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Fark West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Fark West Medical 7,646 06/09 - Fark West Medical 7,646 06/	LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)		
Shingar				
Pragrance Galore 225 12/04	African Art and Craft	222	Month-to-Month	
Perfumery International, Inc. 200 01/05	Shingar	2,250	09/04	
Injury Treatment Center	Fragrance Galore	225	12/04	_
Hip Hop One Stop	Perfumery International, Inc.	200	01/05	_
Baltmore City Community College (BCCC)	Injury Treatment Center	3,501	03/05	_
Baltmore City Community College (BCCC)			06/05	_
ROCC 14,620 05,06 2/5 yr.				
Royal Gems & Jewelry 330 09/06 - Time and More 787 09/06 - Changes 4,500 09/06 - Burlington Coat Factory 60,000 10/06 - Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 - Avenue 5,000 01/07 - Popeyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Fower Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 1/5 yr. Rent-A-Center 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Rent-A-Center 7,291 01/08		14,620	05/06	2/5 yr.
Time and More Changes 4,500 09/06 Changes 4,500 09/06 Changes 4,500 09/06 Eurlington Coat Factory 60,000 Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 Avenue 5,000 01/07 Popeyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Furniture Palace 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Wevelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Voge Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Royal Gems & Jewelry	330	09/06	_
Burlington Coat Factory 60,000 10/06 - Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 - Avenue 5,000 01/07 - Popeyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply		787	09/06	
Burlington Coat Factory 60,000 10/06 - Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 - Avenue 5,000 01/07 - Popeyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply	Changes	4,500	09/06	_
Gifts and Balloons 238 12/06 - Avenue 5,000 01/07 - Popeyes 3,523 01/07 2/5 yr. Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Rent-A-Center 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 - Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - His and Hers 7,51 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/08 08/09 Delrection Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Burlington Coat Factory		10/06	_
Popeyes		238	12/06	_
Popeyes	Avenue	5,000	01/07	_
Bank of America 5,250 01/07 - Payless Shoesource 4,985 07/07 - Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Rent-A-Center 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 - Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 - Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655	Popeyes		01/07	2/5 yr.
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Sally Beauty Supply 1,500 11/07 - Power Gamer 1,902 12/07 - Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Rent-A-Center 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 - Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 - Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 - Dollar City 5,181 04/09 -	Payless Shoesource		07/07	
Power Gamer	_	· ·	11/07	_
Nuvo 2,017 12/07 - Furniture Palace 39,243 12/07 - Accent Hair 1,690 01/08 - Rent-A-Center 4,300 01/08 1/5 yr. Juvenile Justice 7,291 01/08 1/5 yr. Revelations Shoe Shop 845 03/08 - Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 - Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 - Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 - Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 - Curves For Women			12/07	_
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Revelations Shoe Shop Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 Vital Records 11,500 11/08 Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 Shoe Crazy An Angel's Touch Board of Nursing 15,232 Dollar City Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 His and Hers 1,600 New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 845 03/08 - 04/08 - 05/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/09	Rent-A-Center		01/08	1/5 yr.
Revelations Shoe Shop Jackson Hewitt Tax Service 1,217 04/08 1/5 yr. Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 Vital Records 11,500 11/08 Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 Shoe Crazy An Angel's Touch Board of Nursing 15,232 Dollar City Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 His and Hers 1,600 New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 845 03/08 - 04/08 - 05/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/08 - 08/09	Juvenile Justice	7,291	01/08	1/5 yr.
Gallo 5,000 04/08 - Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 - Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Revelations Shoe Shop		03/08	_
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Vogue Hair Supply 1,050 05/08 Park West Medical 7,646 06/08 - Thai Delight 588 08/08 Economy Shoes 3,293 09/08 2/5 yr. Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 - Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Gallo	5,000	04/08	_
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Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Thai Delight	588	08/08	
Vital Records 11,500 11/08 1/5 yr. Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09		3,293	09/08	2/5 yr.
Sepia Sand & Sable 1,267 12/08 Shoe Crazy 4,655 02/09 - An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09		11,500	11/08	1/5 yr.
An Angel's Touch 1,598 02/09 - Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Sepia Sand & Sable	1,267	12/08	_
Board of Nursing 15,232 02/09 Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Shoe Crazy	4,655	02/09	_
Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	An Angel's Touch	1,598	02/09	_
Dollar City 5,181 04/09 - Curves For Women 1,600 06/09 - His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Board of Nursing	15,232	02/09	
His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09		5,181	04/09	_
His and Hers 3,478 06/09 1/5 yr. The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Curves For Women	1,600	06/09	=
The Great Cookie 751 06/09 1/5 yr. Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	His and Hers	3,478	06/09	1/5 yr.
Chic Nails 839 08/09 1/5 yr. New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	The Great Cookie			_
New Direction Barber Shop 1,086 10/09	Chic Nails	839	08/09	
	New Direction Barber Shop	1,086	10/09	
	Gold Lagoon	839	03/10	_

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LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT ANNUAI RENT (\$)
Provident Bank	2,593	11/10	_	57,046
National Wholesale Liquidators	91,314	01/11		365,256
Public Safety Service	107,705	04/11	0/J YI.	1,292,400
Household Finance	2,476		1/5 yr.	· · ·
Subway	250	05/12	- Y1.	27,000
Beauty Vision	2,184	07/12	_	33,852
All Eyes	1,857	07/12	_	29,545
Plaza Podiatry	1,964	08/12	_	39,280
DHMN State (BCCC)	23,250	10/12		290,625
Mattress Warehouse	4,000		2/5 yr.	76,000
Mall Spirits	2,236	01/13	_, - ,	27,637
Footlocker	3,000	03/13	_	54,000
Square Circle	651	03/13	1/5 yr.	10,416
K's Alterations	500	03/13	_	15,750
Cobblers And Cleaners	1,374	04/13	_	27 , 480
Social Security Administration	14,885	07/13	_	145,873
Evergreen Cafe	835	07/13	_	26,052
Sausage Plus	386	07/13	_	8,747
Steak Busters	813	07/13	_	32,520
Harbor City Bake Shop	1,061	07/13	_	26,483
Blackstone Men's Wear	3,540	07/13	_	46,020
Lot Stores	5,500	08/13	2/5 yr.	34 , 678
Pick-A-Pretzel	318	07/13	_	8,268
Burgundy Park Seafood	544	07/13	_	26,895
Total Health Center	1,050	09/13		15,750
Metro II	1,453	10/13	_	23,528
Shoe City	6,740	01/14	3/5 yr.	90,000
Marshalls	28,500	04/14	3/5 yr.	299 , 250
Original Mamma Lucia	1,695	05/14		59 , 325
Baltimore City Community College				
WBJC Radio Station	5,010	06/14		64,629
Applebee's Neighborhood Grill & Bar			3/5 yr.	
Giant	59,064	07/29	_	1,004,088
Home Depot	115,289	01/33	6/5 yr.	600,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WAL-MART SUPERCENTER, JONESBORO, ARKANSAS

On August 4, 2004, we purchased an existing freestanding retail center known as Wal-Mart Supercenter, containing 149,704 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1911 West Parker Road in Jonesboro, Arkansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$11,071,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$74 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$6,088,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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				Base Rent		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	APPROXIMATE		CURRENT	PER SQUARE		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT PER	RENEWAL	,
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT (\$)	ANNUM (\$)	OPTIONS	BEGIN
Wal-Mart Supercenter	149,704	100	808,402	5.40	5/5 yr.	10/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$8,303,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, HOUMA, LOUISIANA

On July 30, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 60,001 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1777 Martin Luther King Boulevard in Houma, Louisiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$5,250,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$88 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 4, 2004, we obtained financing for this property in the amount of \$2,920,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT
APPROXIMATE CURRENT PER SQUARE
GLA LEASED % OF TOTAL ANNUAL FOOT PER

RENE

LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT (\$)	ANNUM (\$)	OPTI
Academy Sports & Outdoors	60,001	100	420,000	7.00 7.70	4/

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,937,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

FORKS TOWN CENTER, EASTON, PENNSYLVANIA

On July 27, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Forks Town Center, containing 92,660 gross leasable square feet (which includes 5,100 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 301 Town Center Boulevard in Easton, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,198,700. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$196 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 13, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,395,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.97% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Giant Food Stores, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Giant Food Stores	54,300	59	16.04 17.04 18.04	08/02 09/12 09/17

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,649,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Forks Town Center was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 88,660 square feet leased to 14 tenants and ground lease space leased to two tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT	BASE RENT
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	ANNUAL	SQUARE F
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)	PER ANNU
H & R Block	1,600	04/06	1/3 yr.	30,400	19.00
Holiday Hair	1,600	08/07	_	33,600	21.00
Movie Gallery	3,200	08/07	3/5 yr.	44,800	14.00
Something Different	1,600	10/07	1/5 yr.	32,000	20.00
Subway	1,600	11/07	1/5 yr.	28,800	18.00
Vista Bank United Trust	2,500	12/07	3/5 yr.	50,000	20.00
Hollywood Tans	2,400	02/08	1/5 yr.	49,416	20.59
PL Nails	1,200	04/08	1/5 yr.	21,600	18.00

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN ANNUAL RENT (\$
	2 222	0.4./0.0	1 /5	40.00
China Moon	3,200	04/08	1/5 yr.	48,00
D & J Cleaners	1,200	11/08	1/5 yr.	19,20
Data Danz Wireless	1,360	03/09	_	20,40
Foxes Hallmark	5,400	02/10	2/5 yr.	129,60
Catanzaretti's Pizza	2,400	08/12	_	43,20
Giant Food Stores	54,300	01/23	8/5 yr.	870 , 97
Giant Gas Station (Ground Lease)	2,400	01/23	8/5 yr.	12,50
Dunkin Donuts (Ground Lease)	2,700	08/13	3/5 yr. & 1/4 yr.	40,00

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE, MARYSVILLE, WASHINGTON

On July 26, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Plaza at Marysville, containing 115,656 gross leasable square feet and one ground lease space. The center is located at State Avenue and Grove Street, in Marysville, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$21,266,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately

\$184 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,800,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Safeway, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Safeway	53 , 850	47	11.00	07/01

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,950,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Plaza at Marysville was built in 1995. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 110,356 square feet leased to 24 tenants and one ground lease space. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	CURRE ANNU <i>A</i>
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTION	RENT (
Alderwood Auto Glass	1,500	07/05	-	20,
Northwest Credit Union	1,300	11/05	1/2 yr.	25,
Supercuts	1,300	11/05	2/5 yr.	24,
GNC	1,422	01/06	-	25,
Marysville Daycare	7,345	01/06	-	97,
Alta's Pet Gallery	3 , 375	05/06	1/5 yr.	45,
Papa Murphy's	1,300	07/06	1/5 yr.	26,
Safeway District Office	901	07/06	2/5 yr.	12,
Mail Box Junction	904	09/06	-	17,
Alpha Denture Clinic	904	10/06	-	17,
Hi-Tek Nails	863	11/06	1/5 yr.	18,
Play It Again Sports	3,000	11/06	1/5 yr.	50,
Fowlds Cleaners	1,500	12/06	1/5 yr.	24,
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,300	01/07	1/5 yr.	24,

The Everett Clinic	1,200	03/07	-	24,
Cigar Land	1,050	03/07	1/5 yr.	22,
Check into Cash	1,546	07/07	1/3 yr.	30,
Edward Jones	1,500	07/08	1/5 yr.	27,
Rent-A-Center	3 , 961	09/08	-	51,
The Sun Factory	1,803	09/08	1/5 yr.	32,
Hollywood Video	6,540	07/09	2/5 yr.	110,
Party City	7,992	01/10	2/5 yr.	107,
Safeway Fuel Site (Ground Lease)	N/A	07/11	10/5 yr.	50,
Home Street Bank	4,000	12/20	_	80,
Safeway	53,850	07/21	8/5 yr.	592,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WRANGLER COMPANY, WESTERN HEADQUARTERS AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITY, EL PASO, TEXAS

On July 22, 2004, we purchased an existing freestanding office and distribution center leased to Wrangler Company, containing 316,800 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 12173 Rojas Drive in El Paso, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,476,800. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$58 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 26, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,300,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.09% and matures August 2034.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wrangler Company, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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				BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		CURRENT	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT PER	RE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT (\$)	ANNUM (\$)	OP
Wrangler Company	316,800	100	1,504,800	4.75	3/7

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,858,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and

improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER, SOUTHLAKE, TEXAS

On July 21, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Gateway Plaza Shopping Center, containing 358,091 gross leasable square feet (which includes 87,423 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located on State Highway 114 and Southlake Boulevard, in Southlake, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$33,025,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$92 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,163,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kohl's, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Kohl's *	87,423	24	N/A	08/00

* Ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$24,769,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gateway Plaza Shopping Center was built in 2000. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 93% occupied, with a total 334,030 square feet leased to 25 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
Cool Cuts for Kids Old Navy	1,194 25,000	09/05 09/05	1/5 yr. 3/5 yr.	

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	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
		· 		
Mattress Firm	4,008	09/05	2/5 yr.	
Rack Room	7,996	09/05	2/5 yr.	1
Carpet Mills of America	3,493	11/05	1/5 yr.	
Dress Barn	8,127	12/05	3/5 yr.	1
Baker Brothers	3,000	12/05	-	
Calico Corners	5,278	12/05	2/5 yr.	1
Chipotle Mexican Grill	2,432	12/05	3/5 yr.	
Fitness Headquarters	2,500	01/06	2/5 yr.	
Home Theater Store	6,000	02/08	1/6 mo.	1
Shogun Shushi	4,253	05/09	2/5 yr.	1
Bassett Furniture	10,200	07/09	2/5 yr.	
Michaels	23,428	02/10	4/5 yr.	2
T.J. Maxx	30,600	08/10	3/5 yr.	2
Ultra Cosmetics & Salon	11,250	10/10	3/5 yr.	2
Thomasville Home Furniture	18,615	12/10	2/5 yr.	2
Bed Bath & Beyond	30,000	01/11	4/5 yr.	3
Anamia's Tex-Mex	5,058	02/11	2/5 yr.	1
Aaron Brothers Art & Frame	6,500	02/11	2/5 yr.	1
Starbucks	1,830	03/11	2/5 yr.	
Pearle Vision	3,027	10/12	2/5 yr.	
Zales	3 , 587	11/13	3/5 yr.	
OfficeMax	23,801	01/16	4/5 yr.	2
Bank of America	5,430	12/20	3/5 yr.	1
Kohl's (Ground Lease)	87,423	01/21	6/5 yr.	5

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WAL-MART SUPERCENTER, BLYTHEVILLE, ARKANSAS

On July 21, 2004, we purchased an existing retail store known as Wal-Mart Supercenter, containing 183,047 gross leasable square feet. The store is located at 3700 Highway 18, in Blytheville, Arkansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,248,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$72 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 31, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,100,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.39% and matures September 2007.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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				BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		CURRENT	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT PER	RE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT (\$)	ANNUM (\$)	OP
Wal-Mart Supercenter	183,047	100	902,422	4.93	6/5

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,701,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

GATEWAY VILLAGE, ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

On July 21, 2004, we entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Gateway Village, containing 273,788 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Housley Road and Defense Highway in Annapolis, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$49,513,455 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$31,458,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$27,233,000 at an annual rate of the three month LIBOR Rate and 113 basis points and matures July 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$4,225,000 at an annual interest rate of the three month LIBOR Rate and 200 basis points and matures August 2005. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

Three tenants, Safeway, Burlington Coat Factory and Best Buy, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

APPROXIMATE
GLA LEASED % OF TOTAL

BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER

LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	
Safeway	53,000	19	10.00	
Burlington Coat Factory	68,400	25	6.00 6.29	
Best Buy	58,000	21	16.00 17.00 18.00	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$37,135,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gateway Village was built in 1996. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 261,807 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Big Screen Store	3,525	10/05	2/5 yr.
Career Partners	1,600	02/06	1/5 yr.
	•		-
Chesapeake Open MRI	3,000	04/06	1/5 yr.
Annapolis Hair	6,400	03/07	_
US Army	2,877	04/07	1/1 yr.
Standard Carpet	3 , 975	08/07	1/5 yr.
Burlington Coat Factory	68,400	02/09	4/5 yr.
Jenny Craig	3,200	03/09	1/5 yr.
Best Buy	58,000	04/11	3/5 yr.
Staples	24,491	08/11	3/5 yr.
Sakura	4,600	12/11	2/5 yr.
PETsMART	25,416	01/12	5/5 yr.
Safeway	53,000	06/22	6/5 yr.
Beneficial Maryland	3,323	Month-to-Month	_

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

TOWSON CIRCLE, TOWSON, MARYLAND

On July 21, 2004, we entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Towson Circle, containing 116,119 gross leasable square feet of which 40,060 is a ground lease. The center is located at York, Dulaney Valley and Joppa Roads, in Towson, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$28,450,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$19,197,500. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$15,647,500 at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures July 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$3,550,000 at an annual rate of 3.60% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the three month LIBOR Rate and 200 basis points. The loan matures August 2005. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Barnes & Noble, Trader Joe's East, Bally Total Fitness and Pier 1 Imports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	APPROXIMATE	% OF	BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING
Barnes & Noble (Ground Lease)	31,222	27	20.42	11/98
Trader Joe's East	11,875	10	*	09/00
Bally Total Fitness	21,713	19	20.50 21.50 22.50	12/99 01/05 01/10
Pier 1 Imports	12,252	10	17.06 19.62	12/98 01/04

^{*} This tenant's lease pays percentage rent only on a monthly basis.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$21,338,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Towson Circle was built in 1998. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 92% occupied, with a total 106,374 square feet leased to 10 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA					
	LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL			
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS			
Mattress Discounters	2,518	05/05	1/5 yr.			
T-Mobile	1,996	09/05	1/5 yr.			
Hollywood Tanning System	2,087	09/07	1/5 yr.			
Nextel	400	03/08	3/5 yr.			
Sprint PCS	3,128	11/08	_			
Pier 1 Imports	12,252	12/08	2/5 yr.			
Storehouse, Inc.	6,345	09/09	-			
Country Curtains	4,000	07/10	1/5 yr.			
Trader Joe's East	11,875	09/10	2/5 yr.			
Barnes & Noble (Ground Lease)	31,222	01/14	3/5 yr.			
Bally Total Fitness	21,713	12/14	2/5 yr.			
Bahama Breeze Restaurant (Ground Lease)	8,838	09/18	3/5 yr.			

^{*} This tenant's lease pays percentage rent only on a monthly basis.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

TOLLGATE MARKETPLACE, BEL AIR, MARYLAND

On July 19, 2004, we entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Tollgate Marketplace, containing 392,587 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Route 24 and Route 1, in Bel Air, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$72,300,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

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We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$39,765,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 2.80% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the three month LIBOR Rate and 120 basis points. The loan matures July 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Giant Food and Jo Ann Fabrics, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	BASE RENT APPROXIMATE PER SQUARE					
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE 7	ΓERM	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING	TO	
Giant Food	40,400	10	4.36	11/79	10/09	
Jo Ann Fabrics	46,000	12	11.00	07/98	01/09	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$54,225,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Tollgate Marketplace was built in 1979 and renovated in 1994. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 392,587 square feet leased to 34 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
T.J. Maxx	27,769	03/05	-	242
Sylvan Learning Center	3,900	06/05	1/5 yr.	75
AT & T Wireless	2,000	09/05	1/5 yr.	63
Carvel Ice Cream	1,250	10/05	1/5 yr.	32
Foto Image 1 Hour	1,600	11/05	_	35
Outback Steakhouse	6,200	12/05	3/5 yr.	77
Factory Card Outlet	11,500	12/05	2/5 yr.	149
Dubinclipped	1,230	06/06	2/5 yr.	33
Rockway Bedding	3,200	08/06	1/5 yr.	70
Starbucks Coffee	1,200	09/06	2/5 yr.	33
Hollywood Tanning System	3,000	03/07	1/5 yr.	89
Only Nails	1,230	06/07	1/5 yr.	39
Standard Carpet	3,500	07/07	1/5 yr.	92
Rack Room Shoes	6 , 980	11/07	1/5 yr.	127
JoAnn Fabrics	46,000	01/09	3/5 yr.	506
Red Lobster	8 , 355	01/09	3/5 yr.	78
Giant Food	40,400	10/09	3/5 yr.	176
Boston Markets	5,200	12/09	_	95
Staples	20,285	12/09	3/5 yr.	303
Toys "R" Us	30,000	11/10	10/5 yr.	137
TGI Fridays	7,041	12/10	4/5 yr.	151

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APPROXIMATE			
GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	CURREN

LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
Petco	12,000	01/11	2/5 yr.	22
Pier 1 Imports	9,920	02/11	2/5 yr.	20
The Men's Wearhouse	6,906	02/11	2/5 yr.	15
Joo Dry Cleaners	1,500	03/11	_	3
Sakura	5,380	06/11	2/5 yr.	11
Barnes & Noble Superstores	23,115	01/12	3/5 yr.	36
Michaels	35,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	34
Baja Fresh	3,000	04/12	2/5 yr.	8
First Union Bank	6,050	10/12	2/5 yr.	13
Bassett Furniture	14,144	12/13	2/5 yr.	16
Tollgate Liquors	4,282	04/14	10/1 yr.	5
Pizzeria Uno's	6,360	11/14	4/5 yr.	8
Circuit City	33,090	11/15	4/5 yr.	39

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

DORMAN CENTER, SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA

On July 16, 2004, we purchased the second phase of Dorman Center, containing 37,200 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$7,082,000. We acquired the first phase of Dorman Center, containing 350,867 gross leaseable square feet on March 4, 2004 for approximately \$43,118,000. The center is located at Blackstock Road and W.L. Ezell Road, in Spartanburg, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$50,200,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$123 per square foot of leasable space for Phase I and \$190 per square foot of leasable space for Phase II.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 20, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$27,610,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.18% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, leases more than 10% of the combined total gross leasable area of the Phase I and Phase II properties. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEA
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNIN
Wal-Mart Supercenter	219,622	57	7.45	08/03

For federal income tax purposes, the total depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$37,650,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Dorman Center Phase I was built in 2003 and Dorman Center Phase II was newly constructed in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 377,394 square feet leased to 26 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	CUR
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	
Dorman Center I				
Happy Nails	2,000	08/06	1/3 yr.	
Pilgrim's Pathway	2,000	09/06	1/3 yr.	
Alltel	2,500	09/06	2/3 yr.	
Payless Shoesource	2,800	08/08	3/5 yr.	
Your Dollar Store	5,000	08/08	2/5 yr.	
JD's Fashion	3,500	08/08	1/5 yr.	
Lee Jewelers	1,700	09/08	2/5 yr.	
Catherine's	4,000	09/08	3/5 yr.	
Super Tans	2,500	10/08	2/3 yr.	
Grand China Buffet	6,000	11/08	4/5 yr.	
Pier 1 Imports	10,800	07/13	3/5 yr.	
Michaels	23,758	09/13	4/5 yr.	
McAllister's Deli	4,000	10/13	2/5 yr.	!
Moe's Southwestern	3,000	01/14	2/5 yr.	!
Linens 'N Things	25,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	!
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/14	4/5 yr.	
Wal-Mart Supercenter	219,622	08/23	15/5 yr. & 1/4 yr.	1
Dorman Center II			_	
American Cash Advance	1,400	04/07	1/3 yr.	!
Cingular Wireless	1,600	05/07	2/2 yr.	
Aim Mail Center	1,600	06/09	_	
Sally Beauty Supply	1,400	04/09	2/5 yr.	
Cost Cutters	1,400	05/09	1/5 yr.	
American's Home Place	3,500	06/09	2/3 yr.	
America's Best	3,000	07/09	1/5 yr.	
Italian Pie	· ·	07/14	2/5 yr.	
Shoe Carnival	12,000	03/14	2/5 yr.	ļ

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

CRANBERRY SQUARE, CRANBERRY TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

On July 14, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Cranberry Square, containing 195,566 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on U.S. Route 19 in Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,220,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$103 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 16, 2004, we obtained financing for this property in the amount of \$10,900,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.975% and matures August 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

All five tenants, Barnes & Noble, Dick's Sporting Goods, Best Buy, OfficeMax and Toys "R" Us, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE	BASE RENT PER SQUARE			
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE	TERM
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNIN	IG TO
Barnes & Noble	25 , 200	13	12.50	11/96	10/06
			15.00	11/06	10/11
Dick's Sporting Goods	50,000	26	10.25	02/97	01/12
Best Buy	37,005	19	12.25	11/02	01/08
			13.25	02/08	01/13
OfficeMax	23,380	12	10.10	10/96	09/01
			10.60	10/01	09/06
			10.80	10/06	09/11
Toys "R" Us	45,000	23	3.78	11/96	01/07
			4.16	02/07	01/12

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,165,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Cranberry Square was built in 1996. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 92% occupied, with a total 180,585 square feet leased to five tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	
OfficeMax	23,380	09/11	3/5 yr.	247,828	
Barnes & Noble	25,200	10/11	2/5 yr.	315,000	
Toys "R" Us	45,000	01/12	6/5 yr.	170,100	
Dick's Sporting Goods	50,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	512,500	
Best Buy	37,005	01/13	4/5 yr.	453,311	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

KOHL'S/WILSHIRE PLAZA III, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

On November 17, 2004, we finalized our purchase of 88,248 gross leasable square feet of a newly constructed single tenant space that is part of a shopping center known as Wilshire Plaza III. The center is located at I-35 and Highway 152 in Kansas City, Missouri.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$10,099,050. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$114 per square foot of leasable space.

On November 17, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,417,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures December 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kohl's, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SO. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	RENEWA OPTION
Kohl's	88,248	100	738,396 782,760	8.37 8.87	 6/5 yr

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,574,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

SHOPPES OF DALLAS, DALLAS, GEORGIA

On July 2, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Shoppes of Dallas, containing 70,610 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Highway 381 and East Paulding Drive, in Dallas, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,052,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$185 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,178,700. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures April 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Publix	44,840	64	10.25	03/04

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,789,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes of Dallas was newly constructed in 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 86% occupied, with a total of 61,010 square feet leased to 12 tenants. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT ANNU RENT (\$)
Creative Tan	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	24,000
Ladies Fitness Express	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	19 , 800
West Georgia Wireless	900	04/07	1/3 yr.	15,300
Evan Blake Salon	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	21,000
Dollar Train	2,100	06/07	1/3 yr.	36 , 750
USA Nails	1,200	03/09	2/5 yr.	28 , 800
Great Clips	1,200	04/09	2/5 yr.	26,400
China Fun	1,200	05/09	2/5 yr.	25 , 200
Dry Clean USA	1,200	06/09	2/5 yr.	28 , 800
Subway	1,200	07/09	2/5 yr.	22,800
Beef O'Brady's	3,570	08/09	_	80 , 325
Publix	44,840	03/24	6/5 yr.	459,600

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

On July 1, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as The Shops at Boardwalk, containing 122,916 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at North Boardwalk Avenue and Ambassador Drive in Kansas City, Missouri.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$36,642,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$298 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$20,150,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.13% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Borders Books, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEASE TE
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING

Borders Books	19,000	16	13.95	09/02
			14.65	09/08
			15.38	09/13
			16.11	09/18

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$27,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Shops at Boardwalk was newly constructed during 2003 and 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 81% occupied, with a total of 99,881 square feet leased to 24 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Coldwater Creek *	4,620	Month-to-Month	2/5 yr.
Nextel Communications	2,004	05/08	2/5 yr.
Electronic Boutique	2,195	06/08	1/5 yr.
Chicos	2,735	07/08	2/5 yr.
Planet Sub	3,147	07/08	1/3 yr. & 1/2 yr
Jos. A. Banks	4,200	08/08	1/5 yr.
Claire's Boutique	1,200	08/08	2/2 yr.
Maurices	3,781	08/08	2/3 yr.
Noggin Noodle	2,390	10/08	1/5 yr.
Select Comfort	2,158	12/08	1/3 yr. & 1/2 yr
Archivers	5,957	01/09	1/5 yr.
2nd Swing	3,580	04/09	1/10 yr.
Hallmark	3,477	05/09	2/5 yr.
Trade Secrets	2,763	08/09	1/5 yr.
J. Jill	4,040	07/13	_
Chipolte Mexican Grill	2,801	07/13	2/5 yr.
Yankee Candle	2,000	07/13	1/5 yr.
Red Star Tavern	7,200	08/13	2/5 yr.
Christopher & Banks	3,500	08/13	
Kirklands	4,915	01/14	_
Payless Shoesource	3,294	04/14	2/4 yr.
Genghis Khan	4,423	05/14	2/5 yr.
Talbots	4,501	01/16	2/4 yr.
Borders Books	19,000	01/24	4/5 yr.

^{*} Renewal negotiations in progress

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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SHOPPES OF PROMINENCE POINT, CANTON, GEORGIA

On June 30, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Shoppes of Prominence Point, containing 78,058 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Interstate 575 and State Route 5, in Canton, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$15,155,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$194 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 13, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$9,954,300. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.235% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Publix	44,840	57	10.80	03/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$11,366,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes of Prominence Point was newly constructed in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 91% occupied, with a total of 70,758 square feet leased to 15 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
World Wireless	1,050	03/07	1/3 yr.	2
World Dollar Store	1,610	04/07	1/3 yr.	3
Curves	1,400	04/07	1/3 yr.	2

Prominence Chiropractic	1,400	05/07	1/3 yr.
Oceanside Tanning	1,400	04/08	1/4 yr.
Bowen's TaeKwonDo Plus	2,450	04/08	1/4 yr.
Blockbuster Video	5,268	01/09	4/5 yr.
Holly Nails	1,050	04/09	1/4 yr.
Dry Clean USA	1,400	04/09	_
Yoon Sushi Restaurant	1,400	05/09	1/5 yr.
Great Clips	1,400	05/09	2/5 yr.
The UPS Store	1,400	05/09	1/5 yr.
Mui Lan Restaurant	2,100	05/09	1/5 yr.
Beef O'Brady's	2,590	05/12	1/8 yr.
Publix	44,840	03/24	6/5 yr.

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING, NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS

On June 30, 2004, we purchased 34,091 square feet of a newly constructed shopping center known as Davis Towne Crossing, which will contain 41,295 gross leasable square feet of which 4,000 square feet is a ground lease. The center is located at Davis Boulevard and Precinct Line Road in North Richland Hills, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$9,755,000. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was \$8,141,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$236 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 9, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,365,200. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.185% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Lady USA Fitness and Cotton Patch Cafe', each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	В
Lady USA Fitness	6,000	14	17.00	

2

2

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Cotton Patch Cafe 4,400 11 20.00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property when completed will be approximately \$7,316,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Davis Towne Crossing was newly constructed during 2003 and 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 91% occupied with 31,091 square feet leased to 11 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURF
	(50. 11.)			
H C P Plant	2.264	05/07	1 / 2	
H & R Block	2,264	05/07	1/3 yr.	
RadioShack	2,400	08/08	3/5 yr.	
Sport Clips	1,440	08/08	2/5 yr.	
EB Games	1,500	09/08	2/5 yr.	
Luxury Nails	1,400	09/08	1/5 yr.	
Friedman's Jewelers	1,727	10/08	3/3 yr.	
Lady USA Fitness	6,000	10/08	2/5 yr.	

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURR R
Cotton Patch Cafe The UPS Store	4,400 1,360	11/08 02/09	1/5 yr. 1/5 yr.	
Payless Shoes Quiznos Subs Washington Mutual (Ground Lease)	3,000 1,600 4,000	07/13 11/13 08/28	2/5 yr. 1/5 yr. 4/5 yr.	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

FULLERTON METROCENTER, FULLERTON, CALIFORNIA

On June 30, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Fullerton Metrocenter, containing 253,296 gross leasable square feet (which includes 5,178 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Harbor Boulevard and Orangethorpe Avenue, in Fullerton, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$51,275,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$202 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 9, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$28,050,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.09% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Sportmart lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Sportmart	43,660	17	8.25 9.13 9.54 9.95

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$38,456,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Fullerton Metrocenter was built in 1988. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 82% occupied, with a total 208,174 square feet leased to 38 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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LESSEE		APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	RENEWAL OPTIONS	
H & R Block Sportmart		5,250 43,660	Month-to-Month 02/06	- - 3/5 yr.

		/	
La Caffepia	1,245	03/06	_
Citi Financial	1,560	05/06	-
KFC (Ground Lease)	2,304	05/06	_
AT & T Wireless Services	2,775	10/06	1/5 yr.
Payless Shoesource	2,525	10/06	1/5 yr.
Jenny Craig	1,900	02/07	_
RadioShack	2,050	04/07	1/3 yr.
Party America	9,610	05/07	-
Adelphia Communications	1,515	06/07	1/5 yr.
Quizno's Subs	1,400	08/07	1/5 yr.
Brite Dental	2,250	08/07	2/5 yr.
Lilacs Flowers and Gifts	1,200	11/07	1/5 yr.
GameStop	1,550	12/07	_
Ruby's Diner	3 , 592	02/08	_
Pop's Unfinished Furniture	6 , 650	04/08	2/5 yr.
Burger King (Ground Lease)	2,874	04/08	2/5 yr.
Record Town	6 , 350	06/08	2/5 yr.
GMP Vitamin	1,020	07/08	
Beneficial Finance	1,775	10/08	-
Fantastic Sams	1,170	11/08	-
Beauty Avenue	5,400	11/08	-
Jewelry Mart	7,000	12/08	2/5 yr.
Tilly's	6,040	12/08	1/5 yr.
Sylvan Learning Center	3,648	05/09	2/3 yr.
Miry Collection	4,350	05/09	-
Vans	1,650	06/09	-
Super Mex Restaurants	5,500	10/09	-
Kim Sun Young Salon	1,280	10/09	-
Metro Dry Cleaning	1,950	11/09	1/5 yr.
Tip Top Nails	900	01/10	1/5 yr.
Matsunoya	2,900	06/10	_
Baskins-Robbins	1,275	10/10	1/5 yr.
China Buffet	10,828	06/11	_
First Bank and Trust	21,600	02/13	2/5 yr.
Orange County Credit Union	4,000	12/13	1/5 yr.
Big Island BBQ	1,090	03/14	1/5 yr.
Avenue	5,300	01/15	2/5 yr.
PETSMART	19,238	03/19	3/5 yr.
	•		-

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE SHOPPING CENTER, BLUFFTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

On June 30, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Low Country Village Shopping Center, containing 76,479 gross leasable square feet (Phase I). We signed an agreement, subject to conditions, to purchase an

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additional 63,460 gross leasable square feet (Phase II) of construction estimated to be completed in late 2004 to early 2005 for approximately \$10,542,800. The center is located at Highway 278 and Foreman Hill Road in Bluffton, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$11,091,000 for Phase I. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$145 per square foot of leasable space for Phase I and \$166 per square foot of leasable space for Phase II.

We purchased Phase I and intend to purchase Phase II with our own funds. On October 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,370,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels and PETsMART, lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the Phase I property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	PHASE I % OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Ross Dress for Less	30,131	39	9.75 10.25
Michaels	21,360	28	9.75
PETSMART	19,107	25	12.95 13.95 14.95

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$8,318,000 for Phase I. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Low Country Village Shopping Center is newly constructed in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, Phase I was 97% occupied, with a total of 74,299 square feet leased to six tenants. The property is currently in a leasing up phase for Phase II and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
PHASE I				
Kim Nails	1,088	07/09	1/5 yr.	
Sport Clips	1,107	07/09	2/5 yr.	
Quizno's	1,506	09/09	2/5 yr.	

BF

Michaels	21,360	02/14	4/5 yr.
Ross Dress for Less	30,131	04/14	4/5 yr.
PETsMART	19,107	01/19	3/5 yr.
PHASE II Linens 'N Things*	25 , 080	07/14	

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	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURREN
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	REN
	10.000	0.1 /1.5		
Cost Plus World Market*	18 , 300	01/15		

^{*} Lease renewal option information is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTHGATE NORTH, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

On June 30, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Northgate North, containing 302,095 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 302 Northeast Northgate Way in Seattle, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$48,455,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$160 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 14, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$26,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.60% and matures July 2008.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Target and Best Buy, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT PER SQUARE GLA LEASED % OF TOTAL FOOT PER

LEAS

LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
m	147 500	40	4 24	01 /01
Target	147,582	49	4.34	01/01
Best Buy	51,202	17	25.00	10/00
			27.00	02/06
			29.00	02/11
			31.00	02/16

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$36,341,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Northgate North was constructed between 2000 and 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 297,006 square feet leased to eight tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE		DEMENT	CHECHN
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
Qwest Wireless	1,950	12/07	2/5 yr.	
Quizno's	1,315	07/12	2/5 yr.	
Olive Garden	7,930	10/12	4/5 yr.	
Ross Dress for Less	25,278	01/14	4/5 yr.	
G.I. Joe's (Storage)	1,968	05/18	4/5 yr.	
G.I. Joe's	44,370	05/18	4/5 yr.	
Bassett Furniture	15,411	10/19	_	
Best Buy	51,202	01/21	4/5 yr.	
Target	147,582	12/25	6/5 yr.	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PACHECO PASS SHOPPING CENTER, GILROY, CALIFORNIA

We anticipate purchasing a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as Pacheco Pass Shopping Center, containing 99,356 gross leasable square feet (which includes 11,810 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Camino Arroyo and State Highway 152 in Gilroy, California.

On June 30, 2004, we funded the initial installment of a \$22,000,000 first mortgage in the amount of \$15,332,906. The remainder of \$6,667,094 is expected to be funded in the fourth quarter of 2004. The interest rate of this first mortgage is 6.9933% and it matures on July 15, 2005. We anticipate purchasing

the center when the mortgage matures for approximately \$24,400,000. We will use the principal under this mortgage towards our purchase price.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Best Buy and Linens 'N Things, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	BASE RENT APPROXIMATE PER SQUARE			
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Best Buy	30,000	30	13.91	11/03
_				
Linens 'N Things	27 , 984	28	13.50	03/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$18,300,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pacheco Pass Shopping Center was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
Nextel Communications	1,500	12/10	54,000
Electronics Boutique	1,500	11/13	52,500
The Sleep Train	4,550	11/13	111,475
Best Buy	30,000	01/14	417,240
Cold Stone Creamery	1,200	01/14	38,880
Jamba Juice	1,500	01/14	50,400
Subway	1,500	01/14	54,000
Sip n' Hot	1,650	01/14	56 , 925
Maui Taco	2,528	06/14	87,216
Monterey Spa & Stove	4,612	07/14	103,770
Linens 'N Things	27,984	01/15	377,784
Bank of America (Ground Lease)	N/A	01/24	120,000

Chili's (Ground Lease)

N/A

04/14

100,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LAKEWOOD TOWNE CENTER, LAKEWOOD, WASHINGTON

On June 25, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Lakewood Towne Center, containing 578,863 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Gravelly Lake Drive and 100th Street, in Lakewood, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$81,100,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$140 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 30,2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$51,260,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$44,000,000 at an annual rate of 2.68% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the three month LIBOR Rate. This loan matures June 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$7,260,000 at an annual rate of 3.83% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the LIBOR Rate. This loan matures July 2005.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Gottschalk's and Burlington Coat Factory, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Gottschalk's	119,256	21	3.35	-
Burlington Coat Factory	70,533	12	5.50	
			5.75	

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$60,825,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lakewood Towne Center was rebuilt in 2002 and 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this

property was 95% occupied, with a total 548,113 square feet leased to 26 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CUR
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	
Rent-A-Center	4,275	05/05	2/5 yr.	
Catherine P.S. Plus	4,507	07/05	-	
Pierce Transit	4,200	07/06	-	
Merino's Fine Custom	1,095	09/06	1/5 yr.	
Old Country Buffet	9,500	12/06	2/5 yr.	
Old Navy	16,172	01/08	2/5 yr.	
Famous Footwear	8 , 355	10/08	2/5 yr.	
EB Games	1,400	08/09	1/5 yr.	
Wells Fargo Financial	1,750	11/09	-	
Lowes Cineplex	48,229	11/11	4/5 yr.	
Barnes & Noble	23,104	01/12	2/5 yr.	
Michaels	24,035	02/12	3/5 yr.	
Gottschalk's	119,256	02/12	-	
Bed Bath & Beyond	30,530	01/13	3/5 yr.	
The Dollar Store	15 , 564	01/13	1/5 yr.	
Ross Dress for Less	30,151	01/13	4/5 yr.	
Lakewood Dialysis	9,450	03/13	2/5 yr.	
Burlington Coat Factory	70,533	08/13	3/5 yr.	
Office Depot	18,000	09/13	4/5 yr.	
La Palma Restaurant	5,120	01/14	2/5 yr.	
Pier 1 Imports	11,142	02/14	2/5 yr.	
Motherhood Maternity	1,750	05/14	1/5 yr.	
Avenue	5,682	01/16	3/5 yr.	
24 Hour Fitness	20,219	12/16	2/5 yr.	
G.I. Joes	45,005	11/17	4/5 yr.	
PETSMART	19,089	01/19	4/5 yr.	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE, DULUTH, GEORGIA

On June 23, 2004, we purchased 141,802 square feet of a newly constructed shopping center known as John's Creek Village, which will contain 191,752 gross leasable square feet (which includes 10,555 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 11720 Medlock Bridge Road, in Duluth, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$42,503,000. Our acquisition cost for the portion we purchased was \$29,158,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost for the entire property will be approximately \$222 per square foot of leasable space.

REN

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$23,300,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, LA Fitness, Ross Dress For Less and T.J. Maxx, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	_
LA Fitness	41,000	21	17.00 CPI	
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	16	10.75	
T.J. Maxx	30,000	16	8.95	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property when completed will be approximately \$31,877,200. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

John's Creek Village was newly constructed in 2003 and 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. As of December 1, 2004, the portion of the property we purchased was 100% occupied with a total 141,802 square feet leased to 15 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
Nextel Communications	1,640	11/08	2/5 yr.	
American Mattress	6,500	11/08	1/5 yr.	
Electronics Boutique	1,200	01/09	2/5 yr.	
State Farm Insurance	1,700	01/09	1/5 yr.	
T-Mobile	1,500	02/09	1/5 yr.	
Cold Stone Creamery	1,360	02/09	2/5 yr.	
Portrait Innovations	2,375	05/09	_	

T.J. Maxx	30,000	09/13	4/5 yr.
Dry Cleaners	1,700	12/13	2/5 yr.
Chipolte Mexican Grill	3,000	12/13	3/5 yr.
Starbucks	1,665	02/14	4/5 yr.
Doctor's Visionworks	2,400	03/14	2/5 yr.
Chili's (Ground Lease)	5 , 555	05/14	4/5 yr.
Hollywood Video	5,020	06/14	4/5 yr.
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/15	4/5 yr.
LA Fitness	41,000	04/19	3/5 yr.
IHOP (Ground Lease)	5,000	12/23	4/5 yr.

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HUEBNER OAKS CENTER, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

On June 8, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Huebner Oaks Center, containing 286,684 gross leasable square feet (which includes 8,036 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at I-10 and Huebner Road, in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$79,721,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$278 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 22, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$48,000,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$31,723,000 at an annual rate of 4.20% and matures July 2010. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$16,277,000 at an annual rate of 3.96% and matures July 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Bed, Bath & Beyond, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BE
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,009	12	9.65	
			10.62	
			11.68	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$60,006,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Huebner Oaks Center was built between 1997 and 1998. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 282,286 square feet leased to 55 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LES	SEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Mattress Firm		2,942	05/05	_
Compass ATM		60	07/05	1/2 yr.
AAA Texas		3,682	11/05	1/5 yr.
Marble Slab		1,542	12/05	1/3 yr. & 1/5 yr.
Kinko's		4,760	02/06	3/5 yr.

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
EB Game World	1,160	08/06	1/5 yr.
Pier 1 Imports	8,990	02/07	3/5 yr.
Old Navy	14,000	03/07	1/5 yr.
Shoes 4 Kids	1,000	02/07	1/3 yr.
La Madeleine	4,200	03/07	2/5 yr.
Moon Mippy	930	04/07	1/4 yr.
Club Humidor	2,254	06/07	
Cingular Wireless	2,502	06/07	_
All Ashore Sportswear	1,264	07/07	
Pearle Vision	2,721	07/07	2/5 yr.
Beauty First	3,681	09/07	1/5 yr.
Verizon Wireless	1,803	10/07	1/5 yr.
Oreck Homecare	1,103	10/07	1/5 yr.
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,009	01/08	2/5 yr.
Frankly Fake Copy	854	01/08	1/5 yr.
Ross Dress for Less	28,200	01/08	5/5 yr.
Men's Wearhouse	4,500	02/08	2/5 yr.
Fire Wok	2,500	03/08	1/5 yr.
Ride Away Bicycles	3 , 917	04/08	_
Claire's Boutique	1,200	08/08	_
Sports Clips	1,057	09/08	_
Gap Kids	8 , 500	09/08	1/5 yr.
Victoria's Secret	4,500	09/08	_
Bath & Body Works	2,500	09/08	_

Lane Bryant	4,500	09/08	_
Banana Republic	5,964	09/08	1/5 yr.
California Pizza Kitchen	4,301	10/08	2/5 yr.
GNC	1,155	10/08	-
Hallmark Creations	6,416	10/08	2/5 yr.
Barbeques Galore	4,498	11/08	2/5 yr.
Abercrombie & Fitch	6,766	11/08	_
Casual Male Big & Tall	3,914	12/08	_
Eddie Bauer	6,384	01/09	-
Gymboree	1,925	01/09	_
Ann Taylor	4,500	01/09	_
Starbucks	1,690	02/09	2/5 yr.
Steak Escape	1,663	03/09	1/5 yr.
Tanfastic	1,824	04/09	_
Cactus Low Carb Superstore	2,083	05/09	1/5 yr.
Brighton	1,498	06/09	-
Inksell.com	1,000	07/09	1/5 yr.
Ben Adams Jewelers	3,234	11/09	_
Bombay Company	4,500	12/09	_
Yankee Candle	2,028	02/10	_
Talbots	6,314	01/11	1/3 yr.
Chico's	3,060	07/11	2/5 yr.
Macaroni Grill	7,846	08/12	2/5 yr.
American Eagle	5,800	01/14	_
Chipotle Mexican Grill	2,556	03/14	2/5 yr.
Borders Books	27,500	01/18	5/5 yr.

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	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS
Saltgrass Restaurant (Ground Lease)	8,036	06/07	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PINE RIDGE PLAZA, LAWRENCE, KANSAS

On June 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Pine Ridge Plaza, containing 230,510 gross leasable square feet (which includes 84,676 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 3106-3140 Iowa Street, in Lawrence, Kansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$26,982,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$117 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 27, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$14,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments

at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Kohl's, T.J. Maxx and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Kohl's *	80,654	35	N/A	
T.J. Maxx	25,420	11	8.50 9.00	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,000	10	10.00	

* Ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$20,236,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pine Ridge Plaza was redeveloped from 1998 through 2004 and the inline strip center portion of the property was completed in 2001. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 230,510 square feet leased to 12 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURREN REN
Old Navy	22,000	07/06	2/5 yr.	
Deals	9,862	08/07	2/5 yr.	
Electronic Boutique	2,190	03/08	2/5 yr.	
Sports Clips	2,190	05/08	1/5 yr.	
Famous Footwear	12,000	05/11	3/5 yr.	
Bath & Body Works	2,500	01/12	2/5 yr.	
Hurst Diamonds	1,375	01/12	1/5 yr.	
Jason's Deli	5,000	02/12	3/5 yr.	

Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,000	01/14	3/5 yr.
Michaels	21,000	02/14	4/5 yr.
T.J. Maxx	25,420	03/14	4/5 yr.
Cost Plus World Market	18,297	01/15	3/5 yr.
Kohl's (Ground Lease)	80,654	01/19	6/5 yr.
IHOP (Ground Lease)	4,022	11/19	3/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ECKERD DRUG STORES

On June 3, 2004, we purchased the following four separate existing freestanding retail properties built between 2003 and 2004 known as Eckerd Drug Stores, containing a total of 54,912 gross leasable square feet.

LOCATION	SQUARE FEET	LEASE TERM
1100 W. Hampton Boulevard Greer, South Carolina	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24
2041 S. Croatan Highway Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24
Broad River and Kennerly Columbia, South Carolina	13,440	06/03/04 - 06/02/24
1106 Main Street Crossville, Tennessee	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24

We purchased the four Eckerd Drug Stores from Eckerd, an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost, including expenses, was approximately \$12,604,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$230 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased these properties with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of four loans totaling \$6,800,000. The loans on each property are as follows: Eckerd Drug Store in Greer, South Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,650,000; Eckerd Drug Store in Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,975,000; Eckerd Drug Store in Columbia, South Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,750,000; and Eckerd Drug Store in Crossville, Tennessee requires interest only payments on \$1,425,000. The interest rate on all the properties' loans is 5.275% and all the properties' loans mature August 2009.

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In evaluating these properties as potential acquisitions and determining the

appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for the properties, we considered a variety of factors including location, demographics, quality of tenant, length of lease, price per square foot, occupancy and the fact that overall rental rate at the property is comparable to market rates. We believe that each of these properties is well located, has acceptable roadway access and is well maintained. These properties will be subject to competition from similar properties within their market area, and economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We did not consider any other factors materially relevant to the decision to acquire these properties.

One tenant, Eckerd Drug Store, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of each property. The leases with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE/ LOCATION	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA OF EACH PROPERTY	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	RENEWAL OPTIONS	BASE RE SQUARE ANNU
1100 W. Hampton Blvd. Greer, SC	13,824	100	254 , 727	4/5 yr.	18.4
2041 S. Croatan Hwy. Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	100	302,950	4/5 yr.	21.9
Broad River and Kennerly Columbia, SC	13,440	100	270,580	4/5 yr.	20.1
1106 Main Street Crossville, TN	13,824	100	217,875	4/5 yr.	15.7

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$9,453,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

PLAZA SANTA FE, PHASE II, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

On June 1, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Plaza Santa Fe, Phase II, containing 222,389 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Cerrilos Road and Zafarano Boulevard in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$30,971,600. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$139 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds and by assuming the existing mortgage debt on the property. The outstanding balance on the mortgage debt at the date of acquisition was \$17,551,721. This loan requires monthly principal and interest payments based on a fixed interest rate of 6.2% per annum and cannot be prepaid prior to January 2005. The loan matures on December 1, 2012.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Linens 'N Things and T.J. Maxx, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEAS BEGINNING
Best Buy	31,226	14	13.50	09/01
			14.00	02/09
Linens 'N Things	31,500	14	13.50	11/00
			14.85	02/06
			16.34	02/11
T.J. Maxx	30,900	14	10.50	11/00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$23,300,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Plaza Santa Fe Phase II was built between 2000 to 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 217,329 square feet leased to 20 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
LESSEE	GLA LEASED	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	ANNUAL RENT (\$)
	(50. f1.)		OPIION5	ΚΕΝΙ (Ş)
State Farm Insurance	1,250	02/05	2/3 yr.	27,
Old Navy	20,115	11/06	2/5 yr.	251,
H & R Block	1,900	10/07	1/5 yr.	38,
Corral West	7,556	10/07	1/5 yr.	75 ,
Cactus Salon	1,250	01/08	1/5 yr.	30,
French & French	3,038	11/08	1/7 yr.	69 ,
Alltel	3 , 932	12/08	2/5 yr.	112,
T.J. Maxx	30,900	11/10	3/5 yr.	324,
Michaels	20,280	03/11	3/5 yr.	253 ,
D & A Mattress	4,710	05/11	2/5 yr.	89,
Famous Footwear	8,000	01/12	2/5 yr.	136,
Super Nails	1,000	05/12	1/5 yr.	30,
Quizno's	1,900	08/12	1/5 yr.	37,
Osaka Grill	6,000	09/12	2/5 yr.	150,
Payless Shoe Source	2,850	09/13	2/5 yr.	57,
Mens Wearhouse	4,505	02/15	1/5 yr.	83,
Linens 'N Things	31,500	01/16	3/5 yr.	425,
Best Buy	31,226	01/17	2/5 yr.	421,

PETSMART	20,010	01/17	3/5 yr.	284,
Borders	15,407	01/18	5/5 yr.	234,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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NORTHPOINTE PLAZA, SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

On May 28, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Northpointe Plaza, containing 377,949 gross leasable square feet (which includes of 18,719 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 10100 N. Newport Highway in Spokane, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$54,524,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$144 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 4, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$30,850,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.272% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Safeway, Best Buy and Gart Sports, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Safeway	47,000	12	7.09 7.43	
			7.44 7.80 7.82	

8.19

			8.21
Best Buy	45,000	12	7.56
			8.12
			8.71
Gart Sports	45,658	12	9.95
	23, 333		10.56
			11.56
			12.66

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$40,893,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Northpointe Plaza was built between 1991 to 1993. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 373,207 square feet leased to 27 tenants and four ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS
RadioShack	2,764	08/05	_
Payless Shoes	2,992	11/05	1/5 yr.
T.J. Maxx	24,894	01/06	2/5 yr.
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,778	03/06	2/5 yr.
Corral West	7,560	03/06	1/5 yr.
Great Clips	1,600	05/06	_
Mother Cupboard	1,600	05/06	1/5 yr.
Washington Mutual	4,500	06/06	2/5 yr.
Fashion Bug	9,000	01/07	3/5 yr.
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	06/07	2/5 yr.
Foxy Nails	1,840	10/07	1/5 yr.
Payday Plus	1,250	06/08	1/5 yr.
Mark Webb	1,500	01/09	_
America's Best	4,500	03/09	_
Hollywood Video	7,500	08/09	_
Safeway	47,000	11/10	7/5 yr.
Safeway Gas Bar (Ground Lease)	4,000	01/11	7/5 yr.
Bath & Body Works	2,363	01/11	2/5 yr.
Marks Hallmark	3,426	01/11	_
Mail Boxes, Etc.	1,600	07/11	1/5 yr.
Red Robin Restaurant (Ground Lease)	6,469	11/11	4/5 yr.
Taco Bell (Ground Lease)	3,000	05/12	4/5 yr.
Gart Sports	45 , 658	01/13	2/5 yr.
Old Country Buffet	10,172	01/13	2/5 yr.

Azteca Restaurant	5 , 275	04/13	2/5 yr.
Staples	25,356	07/13	3/5 yr.
PETSMART	26,175	08/13	4/5 yr.
Linens 'N Things	36,554	09/15	3/5 yr.
Best Buy	45,000	01/17	3/5 yr.
Borders	22,631	01/18	5/5 yr.
Applebees (Ground Lease)	5,250	12/27	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WATAUGA PAVILION, WATAUGA, TEXAS

On May 21, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Watauga Pavilion, containing 205,195 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7600-7620 Denton Highway in Watauga, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$35,669,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$173 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$19,617,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.140% and matures July 2010.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods, Ross Dress for Less and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Oshman's Sporting Goods	32,630	16	10.50	
Ross Dress for Less	30,130	15	9.25 9.50	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,272	12	7.50	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,800,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Watauga Pavilion was built during 2003 to 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 197,218 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Cool Cuts 4 Kids	1,210	10/08	1/5 yr.	25,
Sprint Spectrum	2,738	12/08	2/5 yr.	60,
Mattress Giant	5,000	01/09	2/5 yr.	110,
EB Games	1,500	02/09	2/5 yr.	34,
Beauty Brands	6,260	02/09	2/5 yr.	138,
Vision City	2,258	10/09		63,
Half Price Books	9,663	01/14		
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,272	01/14	3/5 yr.	
Pier 1 Imports	9,373	02/14	2/5 yr.	161,
Office Depot	20,000	04/14	3/5 yr.	260,
Zales Fine Jewelry	2,805	12/14		
Party City	12,000	01/15		
Ross Dress for Less	30,130	01/15	5/5 yr.	
Oshman's Sporting Goods	32,630	01/15		342,
Cost Plus World Market	17,999	01/15	3/5 yr.	238,
PETSMART	19,380	03/19	4/5 yr.	201,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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EASTWOOD TOWNE CENTER, LANSING, MICHIGAN

On May 13, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Eastwood Towne Center, containing 332,131 gross leasable square feet (which consists of 24,110 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 3003 Preyde Boulevard in Lansing, Michigan.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$85,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$256 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$46,750,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.64% and matures July 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Dick's Sporting Goods, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	
Dick's Sporting Goods	45,000	13	0 8.00 8.50	
			9.00	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$63,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Eastwood Towne Center was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 322,722 square feet leased to 57 tenants and four ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

APPROXIMATE GLA				
	LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	
State Employee Credit Union	2,120	09/07	2/5 yr.	
Panchero's	2,409	09/07	2/5 yr.	
Claire's	1,200	09/07	1/5 yr.	
Sprint PCS	1,089	09/07	1/5 yr.	
Fabiano's Candies	1,090	09/07	1/5 yr.	
Electronics Boutique	1,148	09/07	2/3 yr.	
Hallmark	4,500	02/08	2/5 yr.	
Star Image Photography	825	07/08	3/5 yr.	
LA Weight Loss	1,100	04/09	_	
See Optics	1,200	09/09	1/5 yr.	
Banana Republic	7,000	09/10	1/4 yr. & 1/3 yr.	
The Gap	7,526	09/10	1/4 yr. & 1/3 yr.	
Maggie Moo's	1,105	10/10	2/5 yr.	
Beauty First	3,388	10/10	1/7 yr.	

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	APPROXIMATE GLA			
	LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	
Pier 1 Imports	10,002	06/12	2/5 yr.	
Limited Too	3 , 980	09/12	1/5 yr.	
Old Thyme Herbs	1,000	09/12	2/5 yr.	
Mall Office	1,000	09/12	_	
Ritz Camera	1,500	09/12	2/5 yr.	
Johnny Rockets	2,592	09/12	4/5 yr.	
Claddagh Pub	5,987	09/12	2/5 yr.	
Forever 21	6,838	09/12	2/5 yr.	
Casual Corner	6,019	09/12	1/5 yr.	
Subway	1,729	10/12	2/5 yr.	
Treehouse Toys	4,716	10/12	2/5 yr.	
Mitchell's Fish Market	7,264	11/12	2/5 yr.	
Coldwater Creek	6,000	11/12	2/5 yr.	
J. Crew	6,000	01/13	1/5 yr.	
Guess	5,000	01/13	_	
White House Black Market	1,850	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Express	8,000	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Victoria's Secret	6,500	01/13	2/5 yr.	
DSW Shoe Warehouse	25,000	01/13	4/5 yr.	
Jos A. Banks	4,500	01/13	1/5 yr.	
American Eagle	5,400	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Ann Taylor Loft	5,280	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Bath & Body Works	3,360	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Yankee Candle	2,500	01/13	2/5 yr.	
The Children's Place	4,526	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Aeropostal	3,600	01/13	1/5 yr.	
Starbuck's	1,440	02/13	4/5 yr.	
Lane Bryant	5,390	02/13	2/5 yr.	
McAlister's Deli	3,311	02/13	2/5 yr.	
Christopher & Banks	3,000	03/13	2/5 yr.	
Venetian Nails	1,376	04/13	2/5 yr.	
April Cornell	2,250	05/13	2/5 yr.	
Mother's Work	2,685	06/13	2/5 yr.	
Capitol Fur	1,157	10/13	2/5 yr.	
Hampton Jewelers	2,163	10/13	2/5 yr.	
Talbots	4,800	01/14	2/5 yr.	
Ecco Shoes	1,599	05/14	2/5 yr.	
Wlliams-Sonoma	5,500	01/15	2/3 y1.	
Pottery Barn	10,500	01/15	_	
Earport, Inc.	1,046	04/16	_	
Brio/Bravo	7,134	09/17	1/5 yr.	
Borders (Schuler Books)	24,418	01/18	3/5 yr.	
Dick's Sporting Goods	45,000	01/18	4/5 yr.	
CoAmerica (Ground Lease)	3,310	10/18	4/5 yr. 4/5 yr.	
Max & Erma's (Ground Lease)	7,000	09/19		
PF Changs (Ground lease)			4/5 yr.	
Smoky Bones (Ground Lease)	6 , 800	11/12	3/5 yr.	
amoky bones (Ground Lease)	7,000	10/13	4/5 yr.	

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND ARVADA CONNECTION, ARVADA, COLORADO

On April 29, 2004, we purchased two existing shopping centers, situated directly across the street from each other, containing 358,757 total gross leasable square feet. Arvada Marketplace contains 297,678 square feet and Arvada Connection contains 61,079 square feet (which includes 2,040 square feet of ground lease space). The centers are located at 7320-7490 West 52nd Street in Arvada, Colorado.

We purchased these two centers from one unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$51,550,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$144 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$28,510,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.13% and matures July 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Sam's Club and Gart Sports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of Arvada Marketplace and two tenants, Old Country Buffet and Pier 1 Imports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area at Arvada Connection. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
ARVADA MARKETPLACE				
Sam's Club	142,491	48	4.04	03/86
			5.25	08/90
			6.31	07/95
			8.01	04/01
Gart Sports	54,903	18	6.24	10/93
			7.15	02/99
			5.75	01/04
			7.03	02/04
			7.25	02/09
ARVADA CONNECTION				
Old Country Buffet	10,000	16	8.00	09/92

			10.00	01/98 01/03
Pier 1 Imports	8,068	13	14.00	04/88
			15.00 15.00	05/93 05/98
			15.50	05/99
			16.00	05/00

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	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Pier 1 Imports			16.50	05/01
(continued)			16.50	05/01
			17.00	05/02
			17.00	05/03
			18.00	05/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$38,700,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection were built between 1987 through 1990. As of December 1, 2004, Arvada Marketplace was 97% occupied, with a total 288,819 square feet leased to 26 tenants and Arvada Connection was 78% occupied, with a total 47,483 square feet leased to 11 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
ARVADA MARKETPLACE			
Carefree Spas & Pools	6,367	Month-to-Month	_
Ted Johnson, DDS	1,564	Month-to-Month	1/5 yr.
Elegant Nails	1,000	Month-to-Month	_
Lady of America Fitness	4,200	02/05	1/5 yr.
Amanda's Bridal	5,155	05/05	1/5 yr.
Fast Signs	1,600	06/05	1/5 yr.
American General Finance	1,381	11/05	1/5 yr.
Namiko's Restaurant	3,015	02/06	-
Cruise Holidays	1,400	02/06	-
Citi Financial	2,251	12/06	1/5 yr.
Schlotzsky's Deli	1,900	07/07	_

The UPS Store	1,375	12/07	1/5 yr.
Supercuts	2,213	12/07	1/5 yr.
Fantastic Sam's	1,350	12/07	1/5 yr.
Fashion Bug	10,000	03/08	1/15 yr.
Subway	1,230	10/08	1/5 yr.
RadioShack	2,791	10/08	2/5 yr.
Lone Star Steakhouse	6,000	11/08	1/5 yr.
Tile for Less	3,016	03/09	_
Executive Tans	1,500	06/09	_
1st Cleaners	1,400	04/10	1/5 yr.
Red Robin Burger	7,300	12/10	1/5 yr.
Sam's Club	142,491	03/11	4/5 yr.
Famous American Bar-B-Que	6,054	03/12	2/5 yr.
Gart Sports	54,903	01/14	2/5 yr.
Office Depot	17,363	05/14	3/5 yr.
ARVADA CONNECTION			
Liquor Paradise	2,600	04/06	1/5 yr.
Kwal-Howell Paint Center	3,965	05/06	_
State Farm Insurance	1,190	07/06	1/5 yr.

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	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS
U-Frame-It	1,680	09/06	_
Verizon Wireless	1,400	10/06	_
Pier 1 Imports	8,068	04/08	_
Household Finance	1,680	11/07	1/5 yr.
Old Country Buffet	10,000	12/07	2/5 yr.
Taco Bell (Ground Lease)	2,240	12/07	2/5 yr.
Waldenbooks & More	7,600	01/09	_
SAS Shoes	2,600	11/09	1/5 yr.
IHOP	4,460	01/10	1/3 yr. & 1/4 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ALISON'S CORNER SHOPPING CENTER, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

On April 28, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Alison's Corner Shopping Center containing 55,066 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2720 SW Military Drive in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$7,042,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$128 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 10, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$3,850,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.272% and matures June 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Mattress Firm and Shoe Carnival, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Ross Dress for Less	30,066	55	10.00	
Shoe Carnival	12,000	22	13.00	
Mattress Firm	9,000	16	12.00	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,282,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Alison's Corner was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 55,066 square feet leased to four tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
		10/00		
Mattress Firm	9,000	12/08	2/5 yr.	108,
Dots	4,000	01/09	3/5 yr.	67 ,
Shoe Carnival	12,000	08/13	2/5 yr.	156,
Ross Dress for Less	30,066	01/14	5/5 yr.	300,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER, CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

On April 27, 2004, we purchased a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as North Rivers Town Center. The property we acquired contains 141,204 gross leasable square feet, (which includes 31,280 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Rivers Avenue and Ashley Phosphate Road in Charleston, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,100,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$142 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,050,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.76% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Babies "R" Us, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Ross Dress for Less and Office Depot, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,000	20	10.85
Ross Dress For Less	30,024	21	11.00
Office Depot	16,000	11	11.50
Babies "R" Us *	31,280	22	N/A

* Ground Lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,100,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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North Rivers Town Center was built during 2003 and 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 141,204 square feet leased to 15 tenants and a parcel to one tenant under a ground lease. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

APPROXIMATE GLA

LESSEE	LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
All About Cellular	1,400	01/07	1/3 yr.
Mattress Gallery	2,400	10/08	2/5 yr.
Super Nails	1,400	11/08	1/3 yr.
GameStop	1,750	11/08	2/5 yr.
Great Clips	1,250	01/09	2/5 yr.
Cold Stone Creamery	1,500	01/09	3/5 yr.
Firehouse Subs	1,800	02/09	2/3 yr.
Towne Centre	1,600	04/09	2/3 yr.
Pro Golf of Charleston	4,800	03/10	2/3 yr.
David's Bridal	10,000	10/13	2/5 yr.
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,200	01/14	3/5 yr.
Office Depot	16,000	01/14	4/5 yr.
Babies "R" Us (Ground Lease)	31,280	01/14	6/5 yr.
Just Fresh Bakery & Cafe	4,800	02/14	2/5 yr.
Pearle Vision	3,000	02/14	2/5 yr.
Ross Dress For Less	30,024	01/15	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

BLUEBONNET PARC, BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

On April 20, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Bluebonnet Parc containing 135,289 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at I-10 and Bluebonnet Road in Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$22,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$163 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 10, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$12,100,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.372% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Linens `N Things and Cost Plus World Market, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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BASE RENT PER SQUARE

LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Best Buy	45 , 439	34	13.00 13.50 14.25
Linens 'N Things	32,418	24	11.50 12.50
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	14	14.00 14.50

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$16,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Bluebonnet Parc was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 128,289 square feet leased to seven tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
8.000	06/09	2/5 vr.	128,
9,998	09/12	2/5 yr.	159,
9,161	10/12	2/5 yr.	141,
18,300	01/14	3/5 yr.	256,
32,418	01/14	3/5 yr.	372,
4,973	02/14	2/5 yr.	99,
45,439	01/18	3/5 yr.	590,
	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.) 8,000 9,998 9,161 18,300 32,418 4,973	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.) LEASE ENDS 8,000 06/09 9,998 09/12 9,161 10/12 18,300 01/14 32,418 01/14 4,973 02/14	GLA LEASED RENEWAL (SQ. FT.) LEASE ENDS OPTIONS 8,000 06/09 2/5 yr. 9,998 09/12 2/5 yr. 9,161 10/12 2/5 yr. 18,300 01/14 3/5 yr. 32,418 01/14 3/5 yr. 4,973 02/14 2/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

BEST ON THE BOULEVARD, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

On April 14, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Best on the Boulevard, containing 204,427 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 3820 Maryland Parkway in Las Vegas, Nevada.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$35,500,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$174 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$19,525,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 3.99% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to reimburse a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Three tenants, Best Buy, Barnes & Noble Booksellers and Copeland's Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Best Buy	57 , 726	28	15.00 CPI CPI
Barnes & Noble Booksellers	26,092	13	13.41 14.35
Copeland's Sporting Goods	25 , 129	12	27.52 13.50 15.12 16.93

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,265,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Best on the Boulevard was built during the three year period from 1996 to 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 77% occupied, with a total 156,756 square feet leased to eight tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Barnes & Noble Booksellers	26,092	01/10	3/5 yr.	374,
Rochester Big & Tall	7,000	08/10	2/5 yr.	206,
Deli Planet	4,800	11/10	2/5 yr. 2/5 yr.	115,
Cost Plus World Market	18,508	02/11	3/5 yr.	303,
Hallmark	7,500	02/12	3/5 yr.	205,
Copeland's Sporting Goods	25 , 129	06/12	4/5 yr.	379,
Pier 1 Imports	10,001	02/14	3/5 yr.	169,
Best Buy	57 , 726	01/15	2/5 yr.	865,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE, PHOENIX, ARIZONA

On April 8, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Paradise Valley Marketplace containing 92,158 gross leasable square feet (which includes 10,908 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Tatum Boulevard and Shea Boulevard in Phoenix, Arizona.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$28,510,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$309 per square foot of leasable space. Included in the purchase price was 11,000 square feet is vacant land that has been approved for development.

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We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$15,680,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.55% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Whole Foods Grocery Store, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Whole Foods	32,000	35	13.50 CPI

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$21,383,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Paradise Valley Marketplace was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 79% occupied, with a total 72,704 square feet leased to 17 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
EB Gameworld	1,015	11/05	2/3 yr.	30,
Beauty Brands	5,510	12/06	1/5 yr.	176,
Verizon Wireless	2,047	12/06	2/3 yr.	65 ,
Soma Restaurant	3,452	10/07	1/5 yr.	112,
Ship Rite	1,340	11/07	1/5 yr.	37,
So-Oh! Fashion Outlet	1,964	02/08	1/5 yr.	53 ,
Hava Java	1,587	05/08	1/5 yr.	58 ,
Mattress Authority	2,453	08/08	_	75 ,
Nick's Restaurant	2,100	11/08	2/5 yr.	73,
Washington Mutual	4,114	01/09	3/5 yr.	131,
The Village Frame Shop	1,400	04/09	1/5 yr.	37,
The Diamond Source	1,677	11/09	1/3 yr.	46,
Baja Fresh	2,544	12/11	2/6 yr.	97 ,
Pick Up Stix	1,820	01/12	2/5 yr.	67 ,
Select Dry Cleaning	2,505	01/13	2/5 yr.	77,
The Men's Wearhouse	5,176	03/13	2/5 yr.	165,
Whole Foods	32,000	01/22	4/5 yr.	432,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING, EULESS, TEXAS

On March 5, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Heritage Towne Crossing containing 73,579 gross leasable square feet (which includes 7,246 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Glade Road and State Highway 121 in Euless, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$14,855,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$202 per square foot of leasable space. A portion of the purchase price will be held in an escrow, to be paid to the seller when the remaining spaces are

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$8,950,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.374% and matures June 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

No individual tenant leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of

the property.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$12,200,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Heritage Towne Crossing was built in 2002. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 72,119 square feet leased to 27 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
APB Mortgage	2,530	09/06	1/3 yr.	45,
GameStop	1,400	03/07	1/3 yr.	29,
Mattress Firm	4,000	04/07	2/5 yr.	96,
All Battery Store	2,000	04/07	2/5 yr.	44,
Cow Fireworks	1,200	05/07	2/5 yr.	20,
Dapper Dan Cleaners	2,000	06/07	1/5 yr.	38,
Lava Asian Grill	3,000	07/07	1/5 yr.	51,
Salon G	2,800	08/07	1/5 yr.	50,
Ultra Tan	1,600	08/07	2/5 yr.	24,
Golf USA of Euless	3,473	12/07	1/5 yr.	69,
Coppell Spine/Sports Rehab	2,000	03/08	1/3 yr.	38,
Sara Donuts	1,400	04/08	1/5 yr.	23,
Plato's Closet	3,000	04/08	1/5 yr.	54,
Village Barber	1,100	04/08	1/5 yr.	23,
Town & Country Tobacco	1,800	04/08	2/5 yr.	32,
Parker Uniforms	3,000	05/08	1/5 yr.	42,
The Cash Store	1,300	07/08	2/5 yr.	24,
Art & Frame Warehouse	2,546	07/08	1/5 yr.	39,
Wings to Go	2,000	09/08	1/5 yr.	32,
Delicious Delights	1,500	10/08	1/5 yr.	27,
Ultima Fitness	2,266	11/08	1/5 yr.	37,
Nails Spa	3,410	01/09	1/5 yr.	61,
Double Dave's	3,308	03/09	1/5 yr.	54,

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
		0.5 /1.0	0.45	
The Soccer Corner	4,000	05/10	2/5 yr.	62,
Panda Express	2,250	04/12	2/5 yr.	47,
Washington Mutual	4,000	10/12	4/5 yr.	84,
Pearle Vision	1,990	12/12	2/5 yr.	35,
Whataburger (Ground lease)	3,500	08/18	3/5 yr.	60,
Taco Bell (Ground lease)	3,746	09/23	4/5 yr.	51,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PEORIA CROSSINGS, PEORIA, ARIZONA

On March 4, 2004, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Peoria Crossings, containing 213,733 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 9350 West Northern Avenue, in Peoria, Arizona.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$37,368,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$175 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On March 5, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$20,497,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.09% and matures April 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels and Petco, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Ross Dress for Less	30,171	14	10.00
Michaels	24,063	11	11.00
Kohl's	88,408	41	8.79

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$28,026,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Peoria Crossing was built in 2002 and 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 209,211 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			CURRENT
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Famous Footwear	10,030	01/08	2/5 yr.	162,
EB Games	1,500	01/08	1/5 yr.	37,
Sally Beauty Supply	1,200	02/08	1/5 yr.	26,
Claire's Boutique	1,269	02/08	1/5 yr.	30,
Voice Stream	1,200	02/08	5/1 yr.	32,
Sleep America	4,500	03/08	1/5 yr.	112,
Cold Stone Creamery	1,400	05/08	5/1 yr.	37,
Sarpino's Pizzeria	1,200	07/08	1/5 yr.	32,
Great Clips	1,405	08/08	5/1 yr.	36,
Salon 74	1,300	12/08	1/5 yr.	33,
Supercuts	1,202	12/08	2/5 yr.	33,
Michaels	24,063	02/12	4/5 yr.	264,
Petco	15,216	10/12	2/5 yr.	216,
Payless Shoes	4,042	01/13	2/5 yr.	80,
Quizno's	1,400	05/13	2/5 yr.	38,
Panda Express	2,205	06/13	2/5 yr.	59 ,
Dress Barn	8,000	06/13	2/5 yr.	140,
Anna's Linens	8,000	09/13	2/5 yr.	112,
Ross Dress for Less	30,171	01/14	4/5 yr.	301,
Jazzy Java	1,500	11/14	_	43,
Kohl's	88,408	01/24	6/5 yr.	777,
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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF, ST. GEORGE, UTAH

On February 13, 2004, we acquired an existing shopping center known as Promenade at Red Cliff containing 94,445 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 250 N. Red Cliffs Drive in St. George, Utah.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$19,537,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$207 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,590,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.29% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Old Navy, Staples, and Big 5 Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,000	11	11.50 12.54	
Old Navy	19,324	20	12.00 13.51	
Staples	22,500	24	11.50	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$14,650,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Promenade at Red Cliff was built in 1998. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 89,561 square feet leased to 18 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Franklin Quest	1,206	12/06	-	30,
Hollywood Entertainment	6,200	12/06	2/5 yr.	122,
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,000	01/07	4/5 yr.	125,
Vitamin World	1,280	06/07	_	26,
Sally Beauty Supply	1,200	06/07	_	22,
Gen X Clothing	7,816	06/07	1/5 yr.	131,
Prudential	1,017	06/07	1/5 yr.	25,
Papa John's Pizza	1,347	12/07	1/5 yr.	35,
Durango Grill	2,693	02/08	1/5 yr.	75 ,
Supercuts	1,030	02/08	-	24,
Cold Stone Creamery	1,173	08/08	2/5 yr.	33,
Country Clutter	1,545	09/08	1/5 yr.	39,
Old Navy	19,324	11/08	1/5 yr.	261,
Samuri 21	4,057	12/08	1/5 yr.	97,
Quizno's	1,424	01/09	1/5 yr.	30,
2 Fat Guys Pizza	4,236	02/09	1/5 yr.	91,
Panda Express	1,513	12/09	2/5 yr.	36,
Staples	22,500	05/12	3/5 yr.	258,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in

some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NEWNAN CROSSING WEST AND PHASE II, NEWNAN, GEORGIA

On February 13, 2004, we acquired an existing shopping center known as Newnan Crossing Phase II containing 160,254 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,650 square feet of ground lease space), for approximately \$22,362,000. This property is adjacent to Newnan Crossing West, which we acquired on December 24, 2003 for approximately \$16,808,000. Newnan Crossing West contains 131,196 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 591 Bullsboro Drive in Newnan, Georgia.

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We purchased the property from an unaffiliated third party. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$139 per square feet, and \$128 per square feet of leasable space for Newnan Crossing Phase II and Newnan Crossing West, respectively. We intend to purchase an additional 28,000 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$4,042,000 in late 2004 when construction has been completed.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On February 17, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$21,543,091. On December 8, 2004, we increased the loan amount by an additional \$2,223,100 and now totals \$23,766,191. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.38% and matures March 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, BJ's Wholesale, T.J. Maxx and Office Depot, each lease more than 10% of the combined total gross leasable area of the West and Phase II properties The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Office Depot	30,000	10	10.75	06/99
T.J. Maxx	30,000	10	7.35	08/99
			8.00	09/04
BJ's Wholesale	115,396	40	8.75	05/03
			CPI	05/08
			CPI	05/13
			CPI	05/18

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis will be approximately \$15,930,000 and \$11,356,000 for Phase II and West, respectively. When we

calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Newnan Crossing West and Phase II were built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, the property was 100% occupied, with a total 291,450 square feet leased to 21 tenants and one ground lease. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Hallmark	5,000	07/06	2/5 yr.	72,
RadioShack	3,000	08/06	2/5 yr.	51,
Stratus Communication	1,300	12/06	1/5 yr.	22,
Hibbett's Sporting Goods	7,000	01/07	2/5 yr.	94,
USA Nails & Tan	1,300	04/07	1/5 yr.	23,
Ted's Montana Grill	4,000	04/08	4/5 yr.	64,
Planet Smoothie	1,040	07/08	1/5 yr.	18,
The Corner Tavern	5,000	08/08	2/5 yr.	85,
Great Clips	1,200	10/08	1/5 yr.	21,
Banana Beach	1,200	12/08	1/5 yr.	21,
Cingular Wireless	1,760	12/08	1/5 yr.	31,

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	IFACE PNDC	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
PESSEE	(5Q. F1.)	LEASE ENDS 		(3)
Michaels	23,704	02/09	4/5 yr.	213,
My Friend's Place	1,600	03/09	4/5 yr. 2/5 yr.	213, 28,
T.J. Maxx	30,000	08/09	3/5 yr.	240,
Old Navy	25,000	09/09	1/5 yr.	236,
Party City	12,000	10/09	2/5 yr.	156,
Payless Shoesource	3,000	11/09	2/5 yr.	51,
Rack Room	7,300	01/10	3/5 yr.	124,
Sizes Unlimited	5,000	01/12	2/4 yr.	77,
O'Charley's (Ground Lease)	6,650	02/14	3/5 yr.	66,
Office Depot	30,000	06/14	3/5 yr.	322,
BJ's Wholesale	115,396	05/23	4/5 yr.	1,009,

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MACARTHUR CROSSING, LAS COLINAS (IRVING), TEXAS

On February 5, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as MacArthur Crossing containing 109,755 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,500 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at MacArthur Boulevard and LBJ Freeway in Las Colinas (Irving), Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$23,102,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$210 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$12,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.29% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Stein Mart, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Stein Mart	34,000	31	6.75 7.25	07/96 08/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$17,340,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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MacArthur Crossing was built in 1995 and 1996. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 107,759 square feet leased to 27 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS

Monarch Dental	3,920	12/04	1/5 yr.
Valley Ranch Vacations	1,381	06/05	_
Regis Haircutters	1,500	01/06	1/5 yr.
RadioShack	2,000	02/06	1/5 yr.
Wolf Camera	1,780	02/06	1/5 yr.
Merle Norman	1,457	02/06	1/5 yr.
GNC	1,400	02/06	1/5 yr.
Rice Boxx	2,101	02/06	_
Starbucks Coffee	1,604	03/06	2/5 yr.
The UPS Store	1,260	06/06	1/5 yr.
Sally Beauty Supply	1,500	06/06	1/5 yr.
I Fratelli Restaurant	5,000	08/06	_
Subway	1,400	09/06	1/5 yr.
Planet Tan	4,400	10/06	1/5 yr.
Blockbuster Video (Ground Lease)	6,500	12/06	4/5 yr.
Flowers For You	2,100	02/07	_
Issin Sushi	4,000	03/07	_
State Farm Insurance	2,000	04/07	1/5 yr.
Eyecare 20/20	2,000	06/07	1/5 yr.
Marshall Message Therapy	640	03/08	2/5 yr.
TD Waterhouse	2,500	04/08	2/5 yr.
Custom Cleaners	2,100	02/09	1/5 yr.
Quizno's	2,100	06/09	2/5 yr.
Stein Mart	34,000	07/11	3/5 yr.
Mi Cocina	4,964	01/12	2/5 yr.
Pei Wei	3,160	02/12	2/5 yr.
Mattress Firm	4,000	04/14	2/5 yr.
Firestone Tire	6,992	07/16	2/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LA PLAZA DEL NORTE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

On January 21, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as La Plaza Del Norte, containing 320,345 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 125 Northwest Loop 410, in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$58,143,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$182 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On February 4, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 32,528,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.61% and matures March 1, 2010.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods and Best Buy, each lease more than 10% of

the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Oshman's Sporting Goods	65,000	20	11.11 11.61 12.11 12.61
Best Buy	58,000	18	14.00 14.75 15.50

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$43,076,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

La Plaza Del Norte was built in 1996 and 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 303,245 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE		LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
Lifeway Christian	6,000	11/06	2/5 yr.
Pearle Vision	3 , 500	12/06	2/5 yr.
Ross Dress for Less	28,438	01/07	4/5 yr.
OfficeMax	23,229	11/12	2/5 yr.
DSW Shoe Warehouse	22,000	04/07	4/5 yr.
All Battery Center	1,600	05/07	2/5 yr.
Successories	1,200	09/08	1/3 yr. & 1/2 yr.
GameStop	2,006	12/08	_
Half Price Books	8,000	10/09	1/5 yr.
David's Bridal	12,000	11/09	2/5 yr.
Petco	13,650	11/11	3/5 yr.
Cost Plus World Market	18,900	01/12	3/5 yr.
Best Buy	58,000	01/12	3/5 yr.
Simpson-Williams	9 , 875	12/12	_
Bealls	29,847	01/14	2/5 yr.
Oshman's Sporting Goods	65,000	01/17	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a

specified amount.

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SHOPPES AT QUARTERFIELD (METRO SQUARE CENTER/SUPER VALU SHOPPING CENTER), SEVERN, MARYLAND

On January 20, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center formerly known as Metro Square Center and Super Valu Shopping Center, containing 61,817 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7858 Quarterfield in Severn (Annapolis), Maryland.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$11,031,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$178 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 6,067,183. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.28% and matures April 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Shoppers Food Warehouse, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Shoppers Food Warehouse	58 , 217	94	14.00 14.50 15.24	_

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$8,840,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes at Quarterfield was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 59,417 square feet leased to two tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

APPROXIMATE CURRENT

16.00

	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
Great Clips	1,200	12/05	5/1 yr.	28 , 366
Shoppers Food Warehouse	58,217	01/20	4/5 yr.	844,146

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LARKSPUR LANDING, LARKSPUR, CALIFORNIA

On January 14, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Larkspur Landing, containing 173,821 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2257 Larkspur Landing Circle, in Larkspur, California.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$61,145,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$352 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$33,630,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.45% and matures February 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Bed, Bath & Beyond, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE PER GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	42,318	24	20.50 21.83 23.21	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$45,859,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Larkspur Landing was built in 1978 and renovated in 2001. As of December 1,

2004, this property was 87% occupied, with a total 150,893 square feet leased to 33 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Golden Gate Printing*	3,287	Month-to-Month	-
Allstate Insurance *	405	Month-to-Month	-
Avanti *	1,115	Month-to-Month	-
John Connelly *	880	Month-to-Month	_
24 Hour Fitness	17,844	03/10	1/5 yr.
Benchmark Medical	5 , 791	04/05	1/5 yr.
Roadrunner Burrito	800	06/05	_
Redhill	2,688	07/05	3/1 yr.
Jaeger	1,500	07/05	_
Oliver Allen Corp.	9,392	09/05	1/5 yr.
Robert Buerger	880	06/06	1/3 yr.
Maxwell Cleaners	2,748	09/06	_
Norman Mahan Jewelers	1,333	01/07	_
Determined Productions	11,185	03/07	1/4 yr.
Larkspur Shoes & Repair	807	03/07	_
Marin Visitor Bureau	720	07/07	_
Larkspur Landing Optomery	1,165	06/08	_
Bay Area Wireless	610	04/08	2/5 yr.
American Nails	745	06/08	_
AAA	5,245	07/08	2/5 yr.
Togo's Eatery	1,625	07/08	_
Timothy Bricca DD	1,064	07/08	-
All California	3 , 359	07/08	-
Weight Watchers	1,291	09/08	_

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Cooper Alley	2,000	11/08	-
Ragged Sailor	1,207	12/08	_
Larkspur Landing Pet Clinic	1,141	04/09	_
Sushi Ko	1,709	08/09	_
Marin Brewing Co.	5 , 978	03/11	_
Fidelity Investments	7,232	07/11	2/5 yr.
Yogalive	6 , 150	09/12	_
Bed, Bath & Beyond	42,318	11/17	3/5 yr.
Noonan's Restaurant	6 , 679	12/18	2/5 yr.

^{*} Renewal negotiations in progress.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes,

insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTH RANCH PAVILIONS, THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

On January 15, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as North Ranch Pavilions, containing 62,812 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1125-85 Lindero Road, in Thousand Oaks, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,468,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$294 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On March 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,157,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.12% and matures April 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Savvy Salon, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEAS BEGINNING
Savvy Salon	6 , 500	10	11.71	10/03
			25.20	02/04
			26.76	02/06
			28.32	02/08
			30.00	02/10
			31.80	02/12

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,851,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

North Ranch Pavilions was built in 1992. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total 55,928 square feet leased to 24 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
Prudential Realty	3 , 379	11/04	_
Ilene's Boutique	2,105	12/04	_
Seta's Shoes	1,086	04/05	-
Walton's Portraits	1,300	08/06	1/5 yr.
Postal Club	1,086	10/06	1/5 yr.
Dance Trends	2,338	11/06	1/5 yr.
Bank of America	4,500	12/06	_
Clubhouse Cleaners	1,505	12/06	1/5 yr.
Cookies by Design	1,353	01/07	1/5 yr.
Malibu Gymnastics	3,740	02/07	1/1 yr. & 3/3 yr.
State Farm Insurance	1,023	03/07	_
Tae Kwon Do Academy	1,512	06/07	2/5 yr.
Treasured Memories	3 , 691	08/07	1/5 yr.
Kay's Nails	1,028	10/07	_
Total Body Fitness	1,998	12/07	1/5 yr.
Malibu Gymnastics	3,040	11/08	5/1 yr.
Sudore Pilates	1,346	01/09	1/5 yr.
Exotic Thai	1,746	02/11	_
Rustico Ristorante	3 , 495	08/11	2/5 yr.
We Frame It	1,526	09/11	1/5 yr.
Lamp Post Pizza	3 , 600	11/11	_
Sushi Tei	1,725	07/12	2/5 yr.
North Ranch Dentistry	1,306	10/13	2/5 yr.
Savvy Salon	6,500	02/14	2/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HICKORY RIDGE SHOPPING CENTER, HICKORY, NORTH CAROLINA

On January 9, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Hickory Ridge Shopping Center containing 380,487 gross leasable square feet (which includes 70,127 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Catawba Valley Road in Hickory, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$41,900,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$110 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$23,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments as an annual rate of 4.531% and matures February 1, 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Three tenants, Best Buy, Kohl's and Dick's Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Best Buy	45,000	12	10.75	
Dick's Sporting Goods *	45,000	12	N/A	
Kohl's	86,584	23	6.83	

* Ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$35,068,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Hickory Ridge Shopping Center was built in 1999. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 380,487 square feet leased to 19 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED	LEASE	RENEWAL	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	ENDS	OPTIONS	
Osaka Japanese Cuisine	2,100	01/05	1/5 yr.	
Thai Orchid	2,800	01/05	1/5 yr.	
Tony's Pizza	2,100	01/05	1/5 yr.	
EB Games	1,600	10/05	1/5 yr.	
Factory Mattress	3,600	11/06	1/5 yr.	
Party City	12,000	06/09	2/5 yr.	
Marshalls	30,000	08/09	3/5 yr.	
Great Clips	1,200	12/09	-	
Sprint PCS	2,800	01/10	-	
Old Navy	25,000	01/10	1/5 yr.	
Shoe Carnival	12,000	01/10	2/5 yr.	
Hallmark Cards	6,000	02/10	1/5 yr.	
Family Christian Bookstore	5,000	03/10	2/5 yr.	
Pier 1 Imports	9,976	03/12	2/5 yr.	
The Avenue	6,600	01/13	2/5 yr.	
Best Buy	45,000	01/15	3/5 yr.	
A.C. Moore	21,000	12/15	3/5 yr.	
Linens 'N Things	35,000	01/16	3/5 yr.	
Kohl's	86,584	02/20	6/5 yr.	
Dicks Sporting Goods (Ground Lease)	45,000	01/20	6/5 yr.	
Babies "R" Us (Ground Lease)	25 , 127	01/13	6/5 yr.	

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

CORWEST PLAZA, NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT

On January 6, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as CorWest Plaza containing 115,011 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 665 and 687 West Main Street in New Britain, Connecticut.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$33,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$287 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,150,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.56% and matures February 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Super Stop and Shop, Liquor Depot and CVS Pharmacy, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Super Stop & Shop	68 , 073	59	26.00 26.50 27.00 27.50 28.00
CVS Pharmacy	12,150	11	26.00
Liquor Depot	14,000	12	14.00 16.00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,101,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

CorWest Plaza was built in phases between 1999 to 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 114,023 square feet leased to 10

tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Video One Rent-A-Center Cingular Wireless Subway Webster Bank	3,500	09/05	2/3 yr.
	6,000	02/06	1/5 yr.
	1,553	06/06	1/5 yr.
	1,500	08/06	3/2 yr.
	2,147	11/05	2/5 yr.

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS
Papa Gino's	3,000	02/11	2/5 yr.
Liquor Depot	14,000	08/11	2/5 yr.
Frazier's Two Cleaners & Laundromat	2,100	10/11	2/5 yr.
CVS Pharmacy Super Stop & Shop	12,150	01/22	4/5 yr.
	68,073	05/28	6/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SHAW'S SUPERMARKET, NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT

On December 31, 2003, we purchased a single user retail center known as Shaw's Supermarket, New Britain, containing 65,658 gross leasable square feet. The property is located in New Britain, Connecticut.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,656,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$208 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 28, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 6,450,000. The loan requires interest only payments as an annual rate of 4.684% and matures November 1, 2028.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of its lease.

Shaw's Supermarket was built in 1995. One tenant, Shaw's Supermarket, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	RENEWAL OPTIONS	BASE RENT PER ANNUM (\$)	BA PE F AN
Shaw's Supermarkets-New Britain	65,658	100	6/5 yr.	1,017,699 1,083,357	
				1,149,015 1,181,844	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$10,681,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

PAVILION AT KING'S GRANT, CONCORD, NORTH CAROLINA

On December 31, 2003, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Pavilion at King's Grant, containing 79,109 gross leasable square feet (which includes 65,000 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 8050 Concord Mills Boulevard in Concord, North Carolina.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,151,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. One tenant, Toys "R" Us, is currently paying half rent. When the tenant begins paying full rent, we will pay the balance of the purchase price of approximately \$1,563,000. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$103 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On April 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,342,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.39% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Toys "R" Us and Olive Garden, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT PER SOUARE

LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	LEASE BEGINNING
Toys "R" Us *	49,000	62	5.10	10/02
Olive Garden*	8,500	11	9.41 10.35	04/02 05/07

* Ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$2,741,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pavilion at King's Grant was built in 2002 and 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 79,109 square feet leased to four tenants and three ground lessees. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT (\$)
			· 	
RadioShack	2,400	04/08	2/5 yr.	40,
Bank of America	100	08/08	2/5 yr.	14,
Panera Bread	5,609	12/14	2/5 yr.	109,
Jared Jewelers	6,000	01/23	2/5 yr.	220,
Olive Garden *	8,500	04/12	4/5 yr.	80,
Red Lobster *	7,500	05/12	4/5 yr.	80,
Toys "R" Us *	49,000	01/13	6/5 yr.	250,

* Ground lease

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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CVS PHARMACIES (ECKERD DRUG STORES)

On December 24, 2003, we purchased the following two separate existing freestanding retail properties known as CVS Pharmacies, formerly Eckerd Drug Stores, containing a total of 27,648 gross leasable square feet.

LOCATION SQUARE FEET COMPLETION DATE

33rd Street and Santa Fe Edmond, Oklahoma	13,824	2003
36th and Robinson Norman, Oklahoma	13,824	2003

We purchased these CVS Pharmacies from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,652,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$313 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased these properties with our own funds. On April 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amounts of \$1,850,000 and \$2,900,000 for CVS Pharmacy - Edmond and CVS Pharmacy - Norman, respectively. Both loans require interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.374% and mature June 2009.

One tenant, CVS Pharmacy, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of each property. The leases with this tenant require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE/ LOCATION	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA OF EACH PROPERTY	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	RENEWAL OPTIONS	BASE RENT SQUARE FOOT PE ANNUM (
33rd Street & Santa Fe Edmond, OK	13,824	100	289,292	4/5 yr.	20.93
36th & Robinson Norman, OK	13,824	100	454,806	4/5 yr.	32.90

A twenty year lease commenced as of the date of acquisition with no increases during the term of the lease. Each lease includes four options, each for a term of five years.

These properties are on triple net leases and the tenant will be responsible for all repairs.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$6,770,000 When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

DARIEN TOWNE CENTRE, DARIEN, ILLINOIS

On December 19, 2003, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Darien Towne Centre containing 223,844 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,371 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 2189 75th Street, in Darien, Illinois.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$30,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately

\$134 per square foot of leasable space.

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Simultaneously with the purchase this property, we obtained a new loan in the amount of \$16,500,000. The loan requires interest only payments based on a rate of 4.65% per annum and matures June 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Home Depot, Circuit City and PETsMART, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	BASE RENT			
	APPROXIMATE	OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE	IFAC
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Home Depot	109,200	49	7.98	05/94
			8.35	05/99
			8.60	05/04
			9.10	05/09
Circuit City	32,984	15	10.50	05/94
			CPI	02/05
			CPI	02/10
PETSMART	25,487	11	11.20	10/94
			11.70	10/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$22,468,400. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Darien Towne Centre was built in 1994. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 94% occupied, with a total 210,010 square feet was leased to 11 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENEWAL OPTIONS	CURRENT RENT
Gingiss Formalwear	2,000	12/04	_	
Coldwell Banker	2,468	03/05	-	
Jenny Craig	2,000	05/07	1/3 yr.	
Deals	12,000	07/07	1/5 vr.	1

TGI Fridays (Ground Lease)	6,371	05/09	3/5 yr.
Great Clips	1,500	08/09	_
PETSMART	25,487	09/09	5/5 yr.
Murray's Discount Auto	10,000	10/09	1/5 yr.
Panera Bread	4,500	12/12	3/5 yr.
Home Depot	109,200	04/14	4/5 yr.
Signature Cleaners	1,500	11/14	_
Circuit City	32,984	01/15	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE, NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

On December 8, 2003, we purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Stony Creek Marketplace containing 153,796 gross leasable square feet (which consists of 8,000 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 1713C Mercantile Boulevard in Noblesville, Indiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$25,750,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$167 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 20, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$14,162,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.77% and matures January 1, 2011.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, T.J. Maxx, Linens 'N Things and Barnes & Noble, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	В
T.J. Maxx	30,000	20	9.50	
Linens 'N Things	28,444	18	11.50 12.00	
Barnes & Noble	21,980	14	13.50	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$17,564,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Stony Creek Marketplace was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 153,796 square feet leased to 19 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		RENEWAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS
Cingular Wireless	1,487	06/08	2/5 yr.
RJ Fastframe	1,618	06/08	1/5 yr.
The UPS Store	1,618	08/08	1/5 yr.
Scrapbook Corner	4,095	12/08	_
Papa Johns Pizza	1,615	01/09	_
Giovanni Jewelers	1,615	02/09	1/5 yr.
Quizno's Classic Subs	1,600	12/09	2/4 yr.
Blockbuster Video	4,892	05/11	2/5 yr.
Today's Bedroom One	4,890	06/11	1/5 yr.
Panera Bread	4,200	12/12	2/5 yr.
Maggie Moo's Ice Cream	1,615	03/13	2/5 yr.
Qdoba Mexican Restaurant	2,272	04/13	2/5 yr.

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED RENE				
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS		
Ossip Optomotry, P.C.	3,230	04/13	2/5 yr.		
Pier 1 Imports	9,375	07/13	2/5 yr.		
Shoe Carnival	10,000	07/13	2/5 yr.		
T.J. Maxx	30,000	09/13	3/5 yr.		
Linens 'N Things	28,444	01/14	3/5 yr.		
Factory Card Outlet	11,250	01/14	2/5 yr.		
Barnes & Noble	21,980	01/16	2/5 yr.		
Logan's Roadhouse (Ground Lease)	8,000	03/18	3/5 yr.		

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE SHOPS AT PARK PLACE, PLANO, TEXAS

On October 31, 2003, we acquired an existing shopping center known as The Shops at Park Place through the purchase of all of the membership interests of the general partner and the membership interest of limited partner of the limited partnership holding title to this center. The center contains 116,300 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,822 square feet of ground lease space) and is located at 6401 W. Plano Parkway in Plano, Texas.

An affiliate of our advisor, Inland Park Place Limited Partnership, acquired this property on September 30, 2003 from CDG Park Place LLC, an unaffiliated third party for \$23,868,000. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to us when we had raised sufficient funds from the sale of shares to acquire this property from them. The affiliate agreed to sell us this property for the price it paid to the unaffiliated third party, plus any actual costs incurred. Our board of directors unanimously approved acquiring this property, including a unanimous vote of the independent directors.

Our total acquisition cost was \$24,000,000, which included \$132,000 of costs incurred by Inland Park Place Limited Partnership. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is approximately \$206 per square foot of leasable space.

As part of the purchase, title to the property was subject to a loan placed on the property by Inland Park Place Limited Partnership for our benefit. The loan is in the amount of \$13,127,000, requires interest only payments at a rate of 4.71% per annum and matures November 2008. We believe this loan is at least as equal to what we could have obtained from an unaffiliated third party lender.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Walgreens, OfficeMax, Michaels and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Walgreens	15,120	13	20.83
OfficeMax	23,429	20	13.50 14.00
Michaels	24,133	21	13.50
Bed, Bath & Beyond	25,000	21	11.00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be

approximately \$13,175,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Shops at Park Place was built in 2001. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 99% leased, with a total 115,460 square feet leased to 10 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			
	GLA LEASED		RENEWAL	CURRENT
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	OPTIONS	RENT
Ebby Halliday Realty	5,314	10/06	2/5 yr.	1
North Dallas Eye Associates	3,000	10/06	1/5 yr.	
The Nail Club	1,100	10/06	1/5 yr.	
Oxford Cleaners	1,042	10/06	1/5 yr.	
Carpet Mills of America	3,500	11/06	2/5 yr.	
Michaels	24,133	10/11	3/5 yr.	3
Bed, Bath & Beyond	25,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	2
Salon Boutique	10,000	02/12	2/5 yr.	1
OfficeMax	23,429	11/16	4/5 yr.	3
Walgreens	15,120	04/60	_	3
Chick-Fil-A (Ground Lease)	3,822	10/15	3/5 yr.	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

POTENTIAL PROPERTY ACQUISITIONS

We are currently considering acquiring the properties listed below. Our decision to acquire these properties will generally depend upon:

- no material adverse change occurring relating to the properties, the tenants or in the local economic conditions;
- our receipt of sufficient net proceeds from this offering and financing proceeds to make these acquisition; and
- our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information.

Other properties may be identified in the future that we may acquire before or instead of these properties. We cannot guarantee that we will complete these acquisitions.

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In evaluating these properties as potential acquisitions and determining the appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for each property, we have considered a variety of factors including, overall valuation of net rental income, location, demographics, quality of tenant, length of lease, price per square foot, occupancy and the fact that overall rental rate at the shopping center is comparable to market rates. We believe that these properties are well located, have acceptable roadway access, are well maintained and have been

professionally managed. These properties will be subject to competition from similar shopping centers within their market area, and their economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We did not consider any other factors materially relevant to our decision to acquire these properties.

SHOPPES OF WARNER ROBBINS, WARNER ROBINS, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Shoppes of Warner Robins, containing 70,740 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at S.R. 96 and Lakejoy Road in Warner Robins, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$13,374,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$189 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	PHASE I	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Publix	38,990	55	9.50	11/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$10,031,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes at Warner Robins was newly constructed in 2004. This property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 78% occupied, with a total of 55,140 square feet leased to 12 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
Cutting Edge Salon	1,400	10/07	28,000	
Sprint Wireless	1,400	10/07	26,600	

International Tan	1,050	11/07	18,900
Nextel Communications	1,050	10/09	19,425
Love Your Clothes Cleaners	1,400	10/09	30,800
Just Mail	1,400	10/09	24,500
Luv Nail Salon	1,400	10/09	30,800
Hong Kong Restaurant	1,400	11/09	26,600
Subway	1,400	11/09	23,800

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
Cuts by Us Paradise Video Publix	1,050 3,200 38,990	11/09 12/09 11/24	18,900 52,800 370,405	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 70,910 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2643 NW Loop 410 in San Antonio, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$6,825,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$96 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their lease.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

BASE RENT

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	GLA LEASED % OF TOTAL	
Academy Sports & Outdoors	70,910	100	7.51

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,119,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

MESA FIESTA, MESA, ARIZONA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Mesa Fiesta, containing 194,892 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at South Alma School Road and Grove Avenue in Mesa, Arizona.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$36,855,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$189 per square foot of leasable space.

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We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Five tenants, Best Buy, Marshalls, Borders Books & Music, Comp USA and Oak Showcase, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Best Buy	39,482	20	11.35	09/9
Marshalls	31,500	16	11.50	02/9
Borders Books & Music	30,000	15	22.27	04/9
Comp USA	25,000	13	12.71	03/9
Oak Showcase	25,010	13	10.00	05/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be

approximately \$27,641,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Mesa Fiesta was built in 1994. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 194,892 square feet leased to eight tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Famous Footwear	8,000	03/07	97 , 600
Best Buy	39,482	08/08	448,121
Comp USA	25,000	02/09	317 , 750
Cost Plus World Market	18,900	02/09	288,225
Staples	17,000	02/09	225 , 803
Borders Books & Music	30,000	03/09	668 , 226
Oak Showcase	25,010	04/09	250 , 100
Marshalls	31,500	01/10	362,250

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PHENIX CROSSING, PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Phenix Crossing, containing 56,563 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 5408 Summerville Highway in Phenix, Alabama.

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We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$10,065,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$178 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	PHASE I	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Publix	38,997	69	11.95	06/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,549,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Phenix Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total of 53,817 square feet leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE			BASE
IECCEE	GLA LEASED	TEACE ENDO	CURRENT ANNUAL	SQU
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)	PER
Package Store	1,400	11/07	20,384	
Ace Cleaners	1,400	06/09	22,400	
Nail Salon & Day Spa	1,400	07/09	22,400	
China Panda	1,400	07/09	22,400	
Movie Gallery	4,200	08/09	56,700	
Headstart Hair	2,220	08/09	35 , 520	
Zeb's Seafood & Chicken	1,400	08/09	23,310	
Blimpie	1,400	09/09	22,400	
Publix	38 , 997	06/24	466,014	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

METRO TOWN CENTER, PHOENIX, ARIZONA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Metro Town Center, containing 147,056 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2821 West Peoria in Phoenix, Arizona.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$31,266,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We

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expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$213 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to

place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Ross Dress for Less and PETSMART, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	21	11.50	04/0
PETSMART	22,500	15	10.91	01/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$23,450,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Metro Town Center was built during 1988 through 1990 and renovated in 2003 and 2004. This property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 78% occupied, with a total 115,017 square feet leased to 19 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Metro Mattress	2,400	02/08	72 , 000
Subway	1,400	02/08	43,260
Cold Stone Creamery	1,200	02/08	35 , 844
Nextel Communications	1,200	03/08	38,400
Supercuts	1,200	04/08	33,600
Blockbuster Video	6,896	12/08	104,681
Tina Nails	1,710	03/09	47 , 779
Robeks	960	04/09	28 , 800
The UPS Store	1,600	08/09	44,800
Samurai Sams	1,600	02/10	52 , 800
Naturally Women	13,464	03/10	204,518
Chipotle Mexican Grill	2,800	12/12	89,600
Starbucks	1,500	03/13	47,100
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,000	01/14	120,000
Vitamin Shoppe	5,000	09/14	170,000
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/15	347,151

PETSMART	22,500	01/18	245 , 375
Mimi's Cafe	7,000	12/18	70,000
Wendy's	2,400	07/19	74,500

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SHOPPES AT LAKE ANDREW, VIERA, FLORIDA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Shoppes at Lake Andrew, containing 144,772 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Wickham and I-95 in Viera, Florida.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$28,300,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$195 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Linens 'N Things and Rag Shop, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL PHASE I GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	21	9.50	02/0
Linens 'N Things	28,240	20	12.50	02/0
Rag Shop	19,976	14	11.00	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$21,225,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes at Lake Andrew was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total of 144,772 square feet leased to 18 tenants. The

following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SO. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
TESSEE	(50. 11.)	LEASE ENDS		PER
		00/00		
EB Games	1,800	08/08	43,200	
Hair Cuttery	1,200	08/08	32,400	
Asian Wok	1,200	09/08	32,400	
Mattress Barn	4,520	10/08	83,620	
The Blind Spot	1,200	01/09	31,200	
Gulf Atlantic Hearing Aid	900	01/09	29 , 700	
Subway	1,200	02/09	31,200	

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
Dress Barn	4,312	06/09	74,536	
Your House Interiors	9,748	07/09	151,094	
Payless Shoesource	2,700	06/13	59,400	
Cellular Express	1,200	08/13	33,372	
Professional Nail	1,200	08/13	31,200	
Petco	13,767	09/13	213,388	
Shoe Carnival	10,800	10/13	135,000	
Rag Shop	19,976	11/13	219,736	
Pier 1 Imports	10,622	02/14	191,196	
Linens 'N Things	28,240	01/15	353 , 000	
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/16	286,776	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

GREEN'S CORNER, CUMMING, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Green's Corner, containing 82,792 of gross leasable square feet (which includes a ground lease space). The center is located at Georgia Highway 20 and Bethelview Road in Cumming, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$12,768,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$154 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Kroger	63,296	76	8.49	01/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,576,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Green's Corner was built in 1997. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 82,792 square feet leased to 11 tenants and one tenant subject to a ground lease. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Designer Cleaners	1,800	08/07	39 , 600
Blockbuster Video	6,000	09/07	99,000
The UPS Store	1,320	09/07	22,730
Subway	1,400	10/07	24,528
Great Clips	1,253	11/07	21 , 576
KB's BBQ & Rib Company	1,200	03/08	20,400
Golden Palace	2,793	04/08	48,905
Allstate Insurance	930	08/08	16,284
Cumming Nails & Tan	1,600	09/08	28,016
Bucks Pizza	1,200	01/09	19,800
McDonalds (Ground Lease)	*	01/17	49,280
Kroger	63,296	01/18	537 , 225

^{*} To be determined.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NEWTON CROSSROADS, COVINGTON, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Newton Crossroads, containing 78,896 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Georgia Highway 20 and Brown Bridge Road in Covington, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$10,087,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$128 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Kroger	63,296	80	7.36	01/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,565,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Newton Crossroads was built in 1997. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 78,896 square feet leased to 11 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)

H & R Block	1,200	04/05	19,464
Washington Mutual Bank	3,000	04/07	51,300
Great Clips	1,200	06/07	20,664
GNC	1,200	07/07	19,476
Subway	1,200	07/07	22,140
Daily Nails	1,200	08/07	21,648
Family Dentistry	1,800	10/07	32,724
Peking Chinese Restaurant	1,200	10/07	19,476
Just New Releases	1,800	04/08	30,096
Best Cleaners	1,800	07/12	42,012
Kroger	63 , 296	01/18	465,700

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

STILESBORO OAKS, ACWORTH, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Stilesboro Oaks, containing 80,772 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at State Highway 176 and Stilesboro Road in Acworth, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$12,640,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$156 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
V	F4 070	60	0 41	06/9
Kroger	54,872	68	8.41	00/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,480,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Stilesboro Oaks was built in 19967. As of December 1, 2004, this property was

100% occupied, with a total 80,772 square feet leased to 13 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
	· 		
Nail Lite	1,050	03/06	22,438
Blockbuster Video	6,300	04/06	96 , 957
Mr. Wonton Chinese Takeout	1,050	05/06	19 , 509
The UPS Store	1,400	05/06	24,094
Vintage Bottle Shop	3,500	07/06	63 , 000
Gondolier Pizza	1,400	08/06	24,878
Great Clips	1,050	09/06	20 , 653
GNC	1,400	04/07	24,094
Solar Dimension Tanning	1,750	04/07	29 , 890
Dickson's Tae Kwon Do Plus	2,800	05/07	42,000
Clothing Care Cleaners	2,450	05/09	69 , 727
Subway	1,750	08/09	28 , 875
Kroger	54 , 872	06/22	461,606

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HOLLIDAY TOWNE CENTER, DUNCANSVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Holliday Towne Center, containing 83,122 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1264 Old Route 22 in Duncansville, Pennsylvania.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$14,727,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$177 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Martins Food, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	PHASE I	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Martins	54,322	65	15.55	11/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$11,045,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Holliday Towne Center was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 80% occupied, with a total of 66,722 square feet leased to seven tenants and 3,600 square feet leased to one tenant who has not yet occupied their space. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
FlexCheck	1,200	12/07	16,800	
H&R Block	1,200	04/08	15,600	
Movie Gallery	4,000	11/08	52,000	
Holiday Hair	1,200	11/08	25,200	
Fox's Pizza Den	1,600	11/09	22,400	
Isabella's Hallmark *	3,600	12/09	43,200	
STS Tanning	3,200	01/11	38,656	
Martins	54,322	10/23	844,707	

 $^{^{\}star}$ Lease term has not yet commenced, however, the expiration date may change based upon the tenant's actual occupancy date.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

CROSS CREEK SHOPPING CENTER, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Cross Creek Shopping Center, containing 363,333 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 3593 Riverdale Road in Memphis, Tennessee.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$56,300,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$155 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to

place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Home Depot, Kroger, Rhodes Furniture and Babies "R" Us, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE	APPROXIMATE		
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Home Depot	102,661	28	10.84	09/9
Kroger	63,941	18	8.92	10/9
Rohdes Furniture	48,925	13	10.00	12/9

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	GLA LEASED % OF TOTAL		BEGINN
Babies "R" Us	42,296	12	8.80	09/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$42,225.000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Cross Creek Shopping Center was built in 1995. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 363,333 square feet leased to 19 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE GLA		
	LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)

BA Framer	2,011	05/05	34,187
Gould's Styling Salon	1,609	05/05	29 , 767
Le Nail Studio	1,206	09/05	22,308
Babies "R" Us	42,296	09/06	372,205
Old Navy	14,000	11/06	245,000
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,000	01/07	367,500
Hallmark	3 , 975	02/07	59 , 625
Besigner's Fine Cleaners	1,206	03/07	21,708
Household Finance	2,183	02/08	41,472
GNC	1,450	07/08	29 , 767
Sprint PCS	3,000	11/08	64,560
Lenny's Sub Shop	2,183	09/09	39,300
Eye Masters	3,500	05/10	110,700
Rhodes Furniture	48,925	12/11	489,250
Comp USA	23,000	03/12	256 , 910
Hollywood Video	8,000	03/12	158,400
Kroger	63,941	09/16	570 , 132
Home Depot	102,661	01/17	1,113,162
Fazoli's Italian Restaurant	3,187	04/18	63,252

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

23RD STREET PLAZA, PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as 23rd Street Plaza, containing 53,367 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 23rd Street and State Road 77 in Panama City, Florida.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$7,257,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$136 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Bed, Bath & Beyond and Ross Dress for Less, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT
	APPROXIMATE	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE
	GLA LEASED	PHASE I	FOOT PER
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)

BEGINN

Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,570	39	10.50	02/0
Ross Dress for Less	30,122	56	9.75	04/0

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,443,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

23rd Street Plaza was built in 2003. As of December 1, 2004, this property was 95% leased, with a total of 50,692 square feet leased to two tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	GLA LEASED		BASE SQU PER
Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,570	01/13	215,985	10.
Ross Dress for Less	30,122	03/13	293,690	9.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

A TEXAS PROPERTY, TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

We anticipate investing into an existing retail and office property which we have designated as A Texas Property, containing over 417,700 of gross leasable square feet. The retail and office property is located in Tarrant County, Texas.

We anticipate investing into this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total investment cost is expected to be approximately \$120,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our investment cost is expected to be approximately \$287 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate investing into this retail and office property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on this portion of the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

There are no tenants that lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property.

The retail and office property we are anticipating investing into was built between 1998 through 2004. The tenants' leasable square feet of the retail and office property we are anticipating investing into range between 105

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to 23,796 square feet, with lease terms ranging from three years to 12 years, and base rent ranging from \$7.50 to \$36.00 per square feet per annum.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this investment of the retail and office property we are anticipating investing into will be approximately \$90,000,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HENRY TOWN CENTER, MCDONOUGH, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing 444,296 of gross leasable square feet (which includes 63,354 square feet of ground lease space) of a 722,244 square foot shopping center known as Henry Town Center. The center is located at I-75 and Jonesboro Road in McDonough, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$62,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$140 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, BJ's Wholesale Club and Belk, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE	% OF TOTAL	PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	PHASE I	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BE
BJ's Wholesale Club	115,396	26	9.00	
	,			
Belk (Ground Lease)	58,267	13	N/A	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$46,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and

improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The portion of Henry Town Center which we anticipate purchasing was built in 2002. As of November 1, 2004, the property was 100% leased to 42 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED CURRENT ANNUAL				
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)	
Friedman's Jewelers	2,386	07/05	42,948	
Cellular Depot	1,155		24,925	
Water Sports South	1,200	01/06	21,600	
H & R Block	1,986	05/07	34,755	
Famous Footwear	10,000	07/07	145,000	
Sally Beauty Supply	1,400	07/07	27,300	
GNC	1,200	07/07	24,000	
Oreck Home Care	1,600	07/07	27 , 200	
Hibbett Sporting Goods	5,000	08/07	75 , 000	
Fantastic Sam's	1,600	08/07	30,400	
Motherhood Maternity	1,600	08/07	38,000	
Dollar Exclusive	3,200	09/07	54,400	
Dessert Factory	1,200	09/07	21,600	
Nails & Tan	1,200	09/07	20,400	
EB Games	1,600	09/07	28,800	
Subway Real Estate	1,600	10/07	32,960	
Hong Kong Cafe	1,400	10/07	23,800	
Orthodontic Centers	3,235	11/07	58,230	
Dress Barn	7,200	12/07	86,400	
The School Box	4,800	12/07	72,000	
Planet Beach Real Estate	1,200	12/07	22,200	
Scrap Happy	3,000	12/07	51,000	
Mattress King	4,685	12/07	81,987	
Liberty Mutual Insurance	1,400	01/08	24,500	
RadioShack	2,786	02/08	44,576	
Gloria's Hallmark	4,500	02/08	72,000	
Lane Bryant	4,800	03/08	79,200	
Gecko Grill	1,600	03/08	27,200	
Serenity Spa & Salon	2,400	04/08	40,800	
Michael's	23,754	02/12	237,540	
Marshalls	30,000	05/12	226,500	
Longhorn (Ground Lease)	5,087	06/12	81,500	
Payless Shoesource	2,800	06/12	54,404	
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	08/12	155,000	
Staples	24,229	08/12	230,175	
Woody's Bar B Que	5,080	08/12	87 , 478	
Cici's Pizza	4,200	09/12	67,200	
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/13	324,510	
Bath & Body Works	3,000	01/13	59 , 700	
Books-A-Million	12,510	01/13	125,100	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	19,978	01/13	214,764	
PETSMART	18,875	08/17	202,906	
BJ's Wholesale Club	115,396	05/22	1,038,564	
Belk (Ground Lease)	58,267	07/22	203,934	
DCIN (OLOUHA DEADE)	50,207	01/22	200,934	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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THE VILLAGE AT QUAIL SPRINGS, OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

We anticipate purchasing a freestanding retail building located at The Village at Quail Springs Shopping Center, containing 100,671 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2201 West Memorial Road in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$10,450,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$104 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Best Buy and Gordmans, each lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	RENEWAL OPTIONS	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Best Buy	45,545	45	3/5 yr.	5.75	
Gordmans	55 , 126	55	4/5 yr.	9.10	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,838,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

MCALLEN SHOPPING CENTER, MCALLEN, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as McAllen Shopping Center, containing 17,625 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 10th Street and Trenton Road in McAllen, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$4,150,000. This amount

may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$235 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Payless Shoesource, RadioShack, Hollywood Video, and Dr. Fiona Kolia, Optometrist, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER		
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA 	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN	
Payless Shoesource	2,800	16	18.25	08/0	
RadioShack	2,500	14	19.00	11/0	
Hollywood Video	6,282	36	18.50	11/0	
Dr. Fiona Kolia, Optometrist	1,736	10	19.50	11/0	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,113,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

McAllen Shopping Center was built during 2004. As of November 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 17,625 square feet leased to seven tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
Dr. Fiona Kolia, Optometrist	1,736	01/08	33 , 860
Classic Cleaners	1,400	07/08	26 , 600
Payless Shoesource	2,800	07/08	51 , 100
RadioShack	2,500	03/09	47,500
Sally Beauty Supply	1,500	04/09	33 , 750
Just a Cut	1,407	01/13	25 , 326
Hollywood Video	6 , 282	10/13	116 , 217

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

EVANS TOWNE CENTRE, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Evans Towne Centre, containing 75,695 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 4274 Washington Road in Augusta, Georgia.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$8,880,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$117 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Publix	47,955	63	8.25	06/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$6,660,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Evans Towne Center was built in 1995. As of November 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 73,295 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

> APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.) LEASE ENDS

CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)

Evans Hibachi	2,800	01/06	32 , 200
Gorins Cafe & Grill	1,200	03/06	14,832
Great Expectations Precision Haircutters	2,100	04/06	28 , 119
Physical Therapy Associates	2,240	04/06	26 , 870
Classical Ballet Conservatory	1,600	06/06	21,424
Master Cleaners	1,200	09/06	15 , 600
Professional Network Support	1,600	12/06	18 , 960
Quizno's	1,600	01/07	20 , 800
The Augusta Chronicle	4,000	02/08	44,000
Mai Thai Restaurant	1,400	04/08	18,018
U.S. Nails	1,200	09/08	15 , 600
Sun Rayz Tanning	3,200	01/09	35 , 200
Top Shelf Cigar & Tobacco Shoppe	1,200	07/09	15 , 600
Publix	47,955	06/15	395 , 629

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

IRMO STATION, COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Irmo Station, containing 99,619 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7467 St. Andrews Road in Columbia, South Carolina.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$13,100,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$131 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Kroger	56,942	57	9.71	10/9

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,825,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Irmo Station was built in phases in 1980 and 1985, with an expansion of one tenant's space in 1999. As of November 1, 2004, this property was 91% occupied, with a total 90,960 square feet leased to 17 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	APPROXIMATE		
	GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUA
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	RENT (\$)
Dr. John Edwards, DDS	1,750	03/05	31,500
Hemingway's Saloon	5,550	04/05	30 , 803
Invitation Station	2,205	08/05	24 , 255
The Cutting Point	1,050	09/05	14 , 175
Dollar Tree Store	6 , 892	01/06	55 , 136
Pizza Hut	1,470	05/06	21 , 771
Julie Stephens Agency	1,050	06/06	13 , 497
Wilson Wireless	1,000	10/06	18,000
Columbia Conservatory	1,761	05/07	19 , 899
Irmo Interiors	2,000	07/07	30,000
Kroger Liquor	1,250	01/08	15 , 625
Firehouse Subs	1,750	06/08	29 , 750
Han's Alterations	1,050	03/09	14 , 595
Tripp's Cleaners	1,250	05/09	18 , 125
ITA Taekwondo Academy	2,940	08/09	33 , 810
Lovely Nails	1,050	12/09	13 , 650
Kroger	56,942	10/19	552 , 800

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS PORTFOLIO

We anticipate purchasing the following three separate newly constructed triple-net leased retail properties built in 2004 known as Advance Auto Parts, containing a total of 21,000 of gross leasable square feet.

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LOCATION	SQUARE FEET	LEASE TERM
8603 Culebra San Antonio, Texas	7,000	07/04 - 06/19

465 E. Central Texas Expressway	7,000	08/04 - 07/19
Harker Heights, Texas		
3915 E. Stan Schlueter	7,000	08/04 - 07/19
Killeen, Texas		-
Total	21,000	

We anticipate purchasing these Advance Auto Parts stores from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost, including expenses, is expected to be approximately \$4,464,397. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost will be approximately \$213 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing these properties with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the properties at a later date.

In evaluating these properties as potential acquisitions and determining the appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for the properties, we considered a variety of factors including location, demographics, quality of tenant, length of lease, price per square foot, occupancy and the fact that overall rental rate at the property is comparable to market rates. We believe that each of these properties is well located, has acceptable roadway access and is well maintained. These properties will be subject to competition from similar properties within their market area, and economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We did not consider any other factors materially relevant to the decision to acquire these properties.

One tenant, Advance Auto Parts, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of each property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE/ LOCATION	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA OF EACH PROPERTY *	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
8603 Culebra Road San Antonio, Texas	7,000	100	110,505	15.79
465 E. Central Texas Expressway Harker Heights, Texas	7,000	100	115,290	16.47
3915 E. Stan Schlueter Killeen, Texas	7,000	100	106,750	15.25

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$3,349,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

THUNDERBIRD CROSSING, PEORIA, ARIZONA

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We anticipate purchasing 55,646 of gross leasable square foot portion of a 79,774 square feet existing shopping center known as Thunderbird Crossing. The center is located at 8375 West Thunderbird Road in Peoria, Arizona.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$8,500,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$153 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Thunderbird Crossing was built in 2003 and 2004. Two tenants, Sprouts Farmers Market and 99 Cents Only, lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

				BASE RENT
	APPROXIMATE		CURRENT	PER SQUARE
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	ANNUAL	FOOT PER
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	RENT	ANNUM (\$)
Sprouts Farmers Market	30,146	54	417,522	13.85
99 Cents Only	25,500	46	204,400	8.02

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$6,375,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

POINCIANA PLACE, KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Poinciana Place, containing 107,139 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Highway 192 and SR 535 in Kissimmee, Florida.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$14,850,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is

expected to be approximately \$139 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINN
Publix	56,000	52	7.25	06/8

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$11,138,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Poinciana Place was built in 1988 and redeveloped in 2004. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 107,139 square feet leased to 18 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Cave Run Eagles, LLC

	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED		CURRENT ANNUAL
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	
H.W. Lockner, Inc.	3,297	04/07	45 , 004
Publix	56,000	06/08	406,000
Coast Dental Services, Inc.	3,226	08/08	82 , 932
Blockbuster Video	5,000	06/09	90 , 000
Alber Investments	2,160	06/09	38 , 880
Elite Vacations, Inc.	2,972	07/09	65 , 384
Nailstyle Salon & Spa	1,427	07/09	28 , 540
Rita Rector	643	08/09	5 , 466
Vista Investments Enterprise, Inc.	4,755	08/09	66 , 570
Timescape Resorts, LLC	7,251	08/09	50 , 757
Pizzeria Mashka, Inc.	1,609	09/09	38 , 616
Faz Corporation	1,542	09/09	30 , 840
Sunstate Gifts, Inc.	1,532	09/09	30 , 640
Gemstone Properties, LLC	1,432	09/09	27 , 280
Phu Lock of Kissimmee, Inc.	1,096	09/09	21 , 920

3,324

09/09

59,832

 Oriental Pearl
 2,791
 07/14

 Smokey Bones
 7,082
 08/14

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

FAIRGROUNDS PLAZA, MIDDLETOWN, NEW YORK

Super Stop & Shop

We anticipate purchasing a redeveloped shopping center which will be known as Fairgrounds Plaza, containing 98,021 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 330 Route 211 East in Middletown, New York.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$27,448,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$280 per square foot of leasable space.

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We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. We are assuming the existing debt in the amount of \$16,032,000. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments at an annual fixed rate of 5.69% and matures February 2013.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Super Stop & Shop, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			BASE RENT	
	APPROXIMATE		PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGI

59,970

61

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$20,586,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Fairgrounds Plaza commenced redevelopment construction during 2002 that will be completed in stages by 2005. This property has been in a leasing up phase and seven tenants have executed leases for retail within the shopping center whose leases have not yet commenced. As of October 1, 2004, the property was 68% leased with a total 66,254 square feet leased to three tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

01

28.51

55,820

120,000

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQU PER
First Union Bank	2,284	09/08	38,828	
Majestic Carpet	4,000	12/14	54,000	
Super Stop & Shop	59,970	01/28	1,710,000	

^{*} Lease term information is based on the estimated date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

CORAM PLAZA, CORAM, NEW YORK

We anticipate purchasing a portion of a shopping center, under construction, known as Coram Plaza. This transaction is comprised of 144,301 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located on 264 Middle County Road in Coram, New York.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$38,500,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$267 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Stop & Shop, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
	GLA LEASED	% OF TOTAL	FOOT PER	LEAS
LESSEE	(SQ. FT.)	GLA	ANNUM (\$)	BEGINNING
Stop & Shop	66,194	46	23.91	11/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$28,875,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Coram Plaza was built in the 1950's with a complete renovation and expansion during 2004. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total 128,419 square feet leased to 20 tenants of which three tenants' leases are anticipated to commence on December 1, 2004. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)
Longwood Sports Association	·	03/05	68,080
Plaza Deli	1,440		27,404
Family Dollar	·	12/05	80,000
Aqua Hut *	3,300	11/06	50 , 496
RFK Furniture & Mattress	7,500	08/07	98 , 750
G&M Family Card	2,000	08/07	34,833
Subway	1,320	08/07	23,718
Blockbuster Video	3,017	09/07	45,255
Bridgestone/Firestone	7,398	02/08	24,000
Middle County Cleaners	1,080	11/09	30,000
Bella Rama	3,260	08/10	60 , 679
Joyce Leslie	8,000	08/10	128,000
Tan City	1,080	11/10	20,780
Joann Michael Org Beauty Supply	1,510	03/12	30,962
Path Liquors	2,500	05/12	61 , 276
KYCR Hair & Nails *	1,350	11/12	23,362
Dunkin Donuts	1,500	08/13	42,000
Homes 4-Sale Realty	2,800	11/14	60,000
Ming Chang Cheung	1,170	12/18	30,420
Stop & Shop	66,194	10/29	1,583,000

^{*} Rent commencement for these tenants is December 1, 2004.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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MAGNOLIA SQUARE, HOUMA, LOUISIANA

We anticipate purchasing a shopping center being built and which will be known as Magnolia Square, containing 115,746 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Martin Luther King Boulevard in Houma, Louisiana.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$18,552,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition

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cost is expected to be approximately \$160 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Circuit City, Ross Stores and PETsMART, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE *	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Circuit City	20,000	17	13.85
Ross Stores	30,186	26	9.25
PETsMART	20,030	17	12.50

^{*} Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,914,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Magnolia Square is being constructed during 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. As of August 1, 2004, the property was 90% leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE *	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE RENT PI SQUARE FOO' PER ANNUM
Circuit City	20,000	277,000	13.85
Ross Dress for Less	30,186	279 , 221	9.25
PETSMART	20,030	250,375	12.50
Dress Barn	7,700	109,725	14.25
Chuck E. Cheese	7,000	126,000	18.00
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,600	26,000	16.25
Dollar Tree	10,030	72,718	7.25
Starbucks	1,600	39,600	24.75

West Marine 6,000 113,700 18.95

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* Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LAKEPOINTE TOWNE CROSSING, LEWISVILLE, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Lakepointe Towne Crossing, containing 193,502 of gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 715 Hebron Parkway, in Lewisville, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$39,482,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$204 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Sportsman's Warehouse, Circuit City and Ross Dress for Less, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term has been determined in accordance with the tenant's projected lease commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	BASE RENT PER SQUARE FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)
Sportsman's Warehouse	45 , 250	23	12.00
Circuit City	33,862	18	14.00
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	16	9.75

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$29,611,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lakepointe Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	BASE SQUA PER
Mattress Firm	6,500	08/08	162,500	
Hawk Electronics	5,000	10/08	125 , 000	
EB Games	1,500	10/08	34,500	
Carter Floors and Countertops	2,240	12/08	51,520	

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LESSEE	APPROXIMATE GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (\$)	
Great Clips	1,200	10/09	28,800	
Dr. John Launius	2,880	11/10	63,360	
Pei Wei Asian Diner	3,300	10/13	85 , 800	
Moe's Southwest Grill	3,121	11/13	78,025	
Circuit City	33,862	01/19	474,068	
Sportsman's Warehouse	45 , 250	08/19	543,000	
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	04/23	294,323	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PLEASANT RUN TOWNE CROSSING, CEDAR HILL, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Pleasant Run Towne Crossing, containing 225,431 of gross leasable square feet of which 20,200 is on ground leases. The center is located at Pleasant Run and Highway 67, in Cedar Hill, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$41,417,800. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$176 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property

BASE SQU PER

over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods and Circuit City, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's lease commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	APPROXIMATE		BASE RENT PER SQUARE	
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GLA	FOOT PER ANNUM (\$)	
Oshman's Sporting Goods	40,954	17	10.00	
Circuit City	32,570	14	14.00	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$31,063,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pleasant Run Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	APPROXIMATE		QUID D TIME
LESSEE	GLA LEASED (SQ. FT.)	LEASE ENDS	CURRENT ANNUAL RENT (
	(50. 11.)		
The Maytag Store	5 , 225	04/09	94,050
Justice Just for Girls	4,500	04/09	81,000
Sleep Experts	4,500	06/09	99,000
Mattress Firm	6,000	08/09	132,000
ASAP Mail	2,000	08/09	40,000
Luxury Nails	1,200	08/09	25,200
Brook Mays Music	6 , 250	09/09	112,500
Michaels	21,390	11/13	224,595
Bombay Company	4,500	11/13	81,000
Bed, Bath & Beyond	22,000	01/14	220,000
Half Price Books	10,108	02/14	121,296
Mothers Work	1,805	03/14	36,100
Zales Jewelry	3,000	05/14	66,000
Vitamin Shop	5,000	08/14	135,000
Panera Bread	4,999	10/14	119,976
Oshman's Sporting Goods	40,954	01/15	409,540
Circuit City	32,570	01/18	455,980

(\$

JP Morgan Chase Bank (Ground Lease)	4,700	02/24	84,999
Saltgrass Steakhouse (Ground Lease)	8,500	05/24	84,999
Joe's Crab Shack (Ground Lease)	7,000	05/24	75,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

We will obtain an appraisal on this property prior to acquisition. As with any other property we acquire, our property manager will receive a property management fee for managing this property and our advisor will receive an advisor asset management fee.

As of December 8, 2004, we have over of \$362,597,000 in pending acquisitions and we believe, based in part on projected sales of our common stock, that cash on hand and future financings will provide us with sufficient cash to close these properties at the time of their projected closings.

TERMINATED CONTRACTS

Our Board of Directors previously approved the acquisition of Albertson's Grocery Store in Loveland, Colorado, Mall 205 and Plaza 205, Portland, Oregon, Eckerd Drug Store at Danforth and Santa Fe in Edmond, Oklahoma and Casa Paloma (disclosed as probable) Woodbury Village Shopping Center (disclosed as probable), Shaw's Supermarket at Bristol, Connecticut (disclosed as probable) and Peoria Station (disclosed as probable). Based on information received during our due diligence process, we have decided not to acquire the properties and our affiliate has terminated the contracts on these acquisitions.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We electronically file our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The public may read and copy any of the reports that are filed with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 405 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference room by calling the SEC at (800)-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site at (www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically.

CERTAIN STATEMENTS IN THIS "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS" AND ELSEWHERE IN THIS FORM 10-Q CONSTITUTE "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE FEDERAL PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER FACTORS WHICH MAY CAUSE OUR ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

The following discussion and analysis relates to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004. The period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to September 30, 2003 is not comparable because no properties were owned by us during that 2003 period. You should read the following discussion and analysis along with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in this report.

Overview

We were formed to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. We operate as a real estate investment trust or REIT for Federal and state income tax purposes. We have initially focused on acquiring properties in the Western states. We have begun to acquire and plan to continue acquiring properties in the Western states. We may also acquire retail and single-tenant properties in locations throughout the United States. We have also begun to acquire properties improved with commercial facilities which provide goods and services as well as double or triple net leased properties, which are either commercial or retail including properties acquired in sale and leaseback transactions. A triple-net leased property is one which is leased to a tenant who is responsible for the base rent and all costs and expenses associated with their occupancy including property taxes, insurance and repairs and maintenance. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. or our business manager/advisor has been retained to manage, for a fee, our day-to-day affairs, subject to the supervision of our board of directors.

Our goal is to purchase properties principally west of the Mississippi River and evaluate potential acquisition opportunities of properties east of the Mississippi River on a property by property basis, taking into consideration investment objectives and available funds. As of November 5, 2004 we have purchased 11 additional properties located in the states of Alabama, California, Florida, Illinois, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we purchased 60 properties, of which 29 were not located in our primary geographical area of interest. We purchased these 29 properties because we had the unique opportunity of taking advantage of our business manager or advisor's acquisition pipeline of properties located east of the Mississippi River which generally, continue to have rates of return above those located in the Western United States. We expect this trend to continue through the end of the year. Our strategy in purchasing these properties was to deploy stockholder funds promptly and generate income for us as early as possible, while investing in properties which met our acquisition criteria.

During the third quarter of 2004, the retail sector has remained relatively stable as a result of sustained consumer spending, which has helped maintain retail sales growth despite subsequent terrorist threats and the Iraqi war. A modest pace of new retail construction, and the expansion strategy of some retailers, who are renting more space to maintain market share and revenue growth and offset declining same store sales have also contributed to the stability.

Retail continues to benefit from property market conditions that have remained the healthiest of all property types. Absorption, which is the change in the amount of retail space occupied, has remained solidly positive in the retail sector. During the third quarter of 2004, new tenants absorbed 6.6 million square feet of retail space, the largest jump in occupied space in four years, according to Reis, a real estate research firm. In addition, shopping center rents posted their second-largest increase in the last 3 1/2 years and vacancies dropped slightly to 6.9%.

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While sustained consumer spending, spurred by low interest rates, has helped to maintain retail sales growth, changing demographics and consumer preferences have resulted in a fundamental shift in consumer spending patterns and the

emergence of discount retail as a dominant category. Today a majority of general merchandise sales occur at a discount department store or a warehouse club/supercenter. As a result of this trend, some conventional department stores are struggling and a number of local, regional and national retailers have been forced to voluntarily close their stores or file for bankruptcy protection. Some bankrupt retailers have reorganized their operations and/or sold stores to stronger operators. In some instances, bankruptcies and store closings may create opportunities to lease space at higher rents to tenants with better sales performance. Therefore, we do not expect store closings or bankruptcy reorganizations to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or the results of our operations in the near term.

We believe our risk exposure to potential future downturns in the economy is mitigated because the tenants at our current and targeted properties, to a large extent, consist or will consist of: retailers who serve primary non-discretionary shopping needs, such as grocers and pharmacies; discount chains that can compete effectively during an economic downturn; and national tenants with strong credit ratings who can withstand a downturn. We believe that the diversification of our current and targeted tenant base and our focus on creditworthy tenants further reduces our risk exposure.

We are subject to risks existing due to a concentration of any single tenant within the portfolio. Currently, the largest tenant by leased area is Wal-Mart, which has 4 leases representing approximately 707,254 square feet, or approximately 5% of the total gross leasable area owned by us as of November 5, 2004. The annualized base rental income from these leases is approximately \$4,430,026, or approximately 2.6% of the total annualized base rental income, based on our portfolio of properties as of November 5, 2004. The two largest tenants in annualized base rental income are Best Buy and GMAC Insurance which together total approximately \$12,281,195 or 7.2% of the total annualized base rental income, based on our portfolio of properties as of November 5, 2004.

We are in the process of offering our common stock and have raised \$1,461,406,060 as of September 30, 2004. We raised on average approximately \$204 million per month during the third quarter of 2004.

As of September 30, 2004, we owned through separate limited partnership, limited liability company, or joint venture agreements, a portfolio of 68 properties located in Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, and Washington containing an aggregate of approximately 12,900,000 square feet of gross leasable area. As of September 30, 2004, approximately 93% of gross leasable area in the properties was physically leased and 96% was economically leased.

The following is a summary of the properties we own as of September 30, 2004:

PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	AREA DATE	
Academy Sports Houma, LA	60,001	07/04	
Alison's Corner San Antonio, TX	55,066	04/04	
Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace	358,757	04/04	

Arvada, CO

Best on the Boulevard Las Vegas, NV	204,427	04/04
Bluebonnet Parc Baton Rouge, LA	135,289	04/04

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PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED
Boulevard at the Capital Centre Largo, MD	482,377	09/04
CorWest Plaza New Britain, CT	115,011	01/04
Cranberry Square Cranberry Township, PA	195,566	07/04
Darien Towne Centre Darien, IL	223,844	12/03
Davis Towne Crossing North Richland Hills, TX	41,295	06/04
Dorman Center - Phases I & II Spartanburg, SC	388,067	03/04 & 07/04
Eastwood Towne Center Lansing, MI	326,981	05/04
Eckerd Drug Store Columbia, SC	13,440	06/04
Eckerd Drug Store Crossville, TN	13,824	06/04
Eckerd Drug Store Edmund, OK	13,824	12/03
Eckerd Drug Store Greer, SC	13,824	06/04
Eckerd Drug Store Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	06/04
Eckerd Drug Store Norman, OK	13,824	12/03
Forks Town Center Easton, PA	92,660	07/04

Fullerton Metrocenter Fullerton, CA	253,296	06/04
Gateway Plaza Southlake, TX	358,501	07/04

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PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED
Gateway Village Annapolis, MD	273 , 788	07/04
Governor's Marketplace Tallahassee, FL	231,915	08/04
GMAC Winston-Salem, NC	501,064	09/04
Harris Teeter Wilmington, NC	57,230	09/04
Harvest Towne Center Knoxville, TN	42,213	09/04
Heritage Towne Crossing Euless, TX	80,639	03/04
Hickory Ridge Hickory, NC	380,487	01/04
Huebner Oaks Center San Antonio, TX	286,684	06/04
John's Creek Village Duluth, GA	191,752	06/04
La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, TX	320,345	01/04
Lakewood Towne Center Lakewood, WA	578 , 863	06/04
Larkspur Landing Larkspur, CA	173,821	01/04
Lincoln Park Dallas, TX	148,806	09/04
Low Country Village Bluffton, SC	76,376	06/04
MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, TX	109,755	02/04

Manchester Meadows		454,172	08/04
Town and Country, M	MO		

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PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED
Metro Square Center Severn, MD	61,817	01/04
Mitchell Ranch Plaza New Port Richey, FL	200,404	08/04
Newnan Crossing I & II Newnan, GA	291,450	12/03 & 03/04
Northgate North Seattle, WA	302,095	06/04
Northpointe Plaza Spokane, WA	377,924	05/04
North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, CA	62,812	01/04
North Rivers Town Center Charleston, SC	141,004	04/04
Paradise Valley Marketplace Phoenix, AZ	92,158	04/04
Pavilion at King's Grant Concord, NC	79,109	12/03
Peoria Crossings Peoria, AZ	213,733	03/04
Pine Ridge Plaza Lawrence, KS	230,510	06/04
Plaza at Marysville Marysville, WA	115,656	07/04
Plaza Santa Fe II Santa Fe, NM	222 , 389	06/04
Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, UT	94,364	02/04
Reisterstown Road Plaza Baltimore, MD	779,397	08/04

Saucon Valley Square 80,695 09/04 Bethlehem, PA

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PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED
Shaw's Supermarket New Britain, CT	65,658	12/03
Shoppes of Dallas Dallas, GA	70,610	07/04
Shoppes of Prominence Point Canton, GA	78 , 058	06/04
Shops at Boardwalk Kansas City, MO	122,413	07/04
Shops at Park Place Plano, TX	116,300	10/03
Stony Creek Market Place Noblesville, IN	153,796	12/03
The Columns Jackson, TN	128,600	08/04
Tollgate Marketplace Belair, MD	392,587	07/04
Towson Circle Towson, MD	116,366	07/04
Village Shoppes of Simonton Lawrenceville, GA	66,415	08/04
Wal-Mart Supercenter Blytheville, AR	183,211	07/04
Wal-Mart Supercenter Jonesboro, AR	149,704	08/04
Watauga Pavilion Watauga, TX	205,740	05/04
Wilshire Plaza (under construction) Kansas City, MO	88,248	07/04
Wrangler El Paso, TX	316,800	07/04
Total	12,881,631	

The square footage for Arvada Connection , Darien Towne Centre, Davis Towne Crossing, Eastwood Towne Center, Forks Town Center, Fullerton Metrocenter, Gateway Plaza, Governor's Marketplace, Harvest Towne Center, Heritage Towne

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Crossing, Hickory Ridge, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, MacArthur Crossing, Manchester Meadows, Newnan Crossing I & II, Northpointe Plaza, North Rivers Town Center, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Pavilion at King's Grant, Pine Ridge Plaza, Shops at Park Place, Stony Creek Market Place and Towson Circle includes 2,240, 6,371, 4,000, 24,110, 5,100, 5,178, 87,423, 3,800, 9,248, 7,246, 70,127, 8,036, 10,555, 6,500, 3,412, 6,650, 18,719, 31,280, 10,908, 65,000, 84,676, 3,822, 8,000 and 40,060, respectively, square feet of space leased to tenants under ground lease agreements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

GENERAL.

The following disclosure pertains to critical accounting policies and estimates we believe are most "critical" to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations which require our most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. These judgments often result from the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Critical accounting policies discussed in this section are not to be confused with accounting principles and methods disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or GAAP. GAAP requires information in financial statements about accounting principles, methods used and disclosures pertaining to significant estimates. This discussion addresses our judgment pertaining to trends, events or uncertainties known which were taken into consideration upon the application of those policies and the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported upon taking into consideration different conditions and assumptions.

ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTY

We allocate the purchase price of each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market leases, in-place lease value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. In addition, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to the value of customer relationships and as of September 30, 2004, no cost has been allocated to such relationships. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. We use the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value calculation as if vacant. We determine whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. We also allocate a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases as well as lost rent payments during assumed lease up period when calculating as if vacant fair values. We consider various factors including geographic location and size of leased space. We also evaluate each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and we consider various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property,

tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. However, for below market leases with fixed rate renewals, renewal periods are included in the calculation of below market in-place lease values. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires our judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economics, demographics, location, visibility, age and physical condition of the property.

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS. We conduct an impairment analysis on a quarterly basis in accordance with SFAS 144 to ensure that the property's carrying value does not exceed its fair value. If this were to occur, we are required to record an impairment loss. The valuation and possible subsequent impairment of investment properties is a significant estimate that can and does change based on our continuous process of analyzing each property and reviewing assumptions about uncertain inherent factors, as well as the economic condition of the property at a particular point in time. No impairment losses have been taken in 2003 or 2004.

COST CAPITALIZATION AND DEPRECIATION POLICIES. Our policy is to review all expenses paid and capitalize any items exceeding \$5,000 which are deemed to be an upgrade or a tenant improvement. These costs are capitalized and are included in the investment properties classification as an addition to buildings and improvements.

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Buildings and improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for buildings and improvements, and 15 years for site improvements. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market costs and acquired below market costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to net rental income. Acquired in-place lease costs, other leasing costs, and tenant improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as a component of amortization expense.

The application of SFAS No. 141 and SFAS No. 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to our real estate acquisitions during the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$1,033,930 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and \$1,847,107 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$1,742,220 was applied as an increase to rental income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and \$2,644,833 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The table below presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at September 30, 2004:

	THROUGH DECEMBER 31,			
AMORTIZATION OF:	2004	2005	2006	2007
Acquired above				
market lease costs	\$ (1,248,545)	(4,978,152)	(4,796,242)	(3,982,664)
Acquired below				
market lease costs	1,958,637 	7,650,263	7,056,626 	6,459,045
Net rental income				
increase	\$ 710,092	2,672,111	2,260,384	2,476,381
	========	=======	========	=======
Acquired in-place lease	0.000 501	15 001 105	15 001 105	45 004 405
intangibles	\$ 3,832,781	15,331,125	15 , 331 , 125	15,331,125

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. We incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease costs of \$3,198,593 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and \$5,492,587 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The table above presents the amortization during the next five years related to acquired in-place lease costs for properties owned at September 30, 2004.

Cost capitalization and the estimate of useful lives requires our judgment and includes significant estimates that can and do change based on our process which periodically analyzes each property and on our assumptions about uncertain inherent factors.

REVENUE RECOGNITION. We recognize rental income on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease. The difference between rental income earned on a straight-line basis and the cash rent due under the provisions of the lease agreements is recorded as deferred rent receivable and is included as a component of accounts and rents receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. We anticipate collecting these amounts over the terms of the leases as scheduled rent payments are made.

Reimbursements from tenants for recoverable real estate tax and operating expenses are accrued as revenue in the period the applicable expenditures are incurred. We make certain assumptions and judgments in estimating the reimbursements at the end of each reporting period. Should the actual results differ from our judgment, the estimated reimbursement could be negatively affected and would be adjusted appropriately.

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In conjunction with certain acquisitions, we receive payments under master lease agreements pertaining to certain, non-revenue producing spaces either at the time of, or subsequent to, the purchase of some of our properties. Upon receipt of the payments, the receipts are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the related properties rather than as rental income. These master leases were established at the time of purchase in order to mitigate the potential negative effects of loss of rent and expense reimbursements. Master lease payments are received through a draw of funds escrowed at the time of purchase and may cover

a period from one to three years. These funds may be released to either us or the seller when certain leasing conditions are met. Restricted cash includes funds received by third party escrow agents, from sellers, pertaining to master lease agreements. We record such escrows as both an asset and a corresponding liability, until certain leasing conditions are met.

We accrue lease termination income if there is a signed termination letter agreement, all of the conditions of the agreement have been met, and the tenant is no longer occupying the property.

INTEREST RATE FUTURES CONTRACTS. We enter into interest rate futures contracts or treasury contracts as a means of reducing our exposure to rising interest rates. At inception, contracts are evaluated in order to determine if they will qualify for hedge accounting treatment and will be accounted for either on a deferral, accrual or market value basis depending on the nature of our hedge strategy and the method used to account for the hedged item. Hedge criteria include demonstrating the manner in which the hedge will reduce risk, identifying the specific asset, liability or firm commitment being hedged, and citing the time horizon being hedged.

During the third quarter of 2004, the Company entered into treasury contracts with a futures commission merchant with yields ranging from 3.27% to 3.40% for 5 year treasury contracts and 4.0% to 4.3% for 10 year treasury contracts. The amount on deposit for our treasury contracts was \$3,712,900. On September 30, 2004, our investment in treasury contracts had a liquidation value of \$361,186 resulting in a loss of \$3,351,714. As these treasury contracts are not offsetting future commitments and therefore do not qualify as hedges, the net loss is recognized currently in earnings. On October 29, 2004, we liquidated all of our treasury contracts for a liquidation value of \$126,213, resulting in a cumulative realized net loss of \$3,586,687.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

GENERAL.

Our principal demands for funds have been for property acquisitions, for the payment of operating expenses and distributions, and for the payment of interest on outstanding indebtedness. Generally, cash needs for items other than property acquisitions have been met from operations, and property acquisitions have been funded by a public offering of our shares of common stock. However, there may be a passage of time between the sale of the shares and our purchase of properties, which may result in a delay in the benefits to stockholders of returns generated from property operations. Our business manager/advisor evaluates potential additional property acquisitions and Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc., one of the affiliates of our sponsor, engages in negotiations with sellers on our behalf. After a purchase contract is executed which contains specific terms, the property will not be purchased until due diligence, which includes review of the title insurance commitment, an appraisal and an environmental analysis, is successfully completed. In some instances, the proposed acquisition still requires the negotiation of final binding agreements, which may include financing documents. During this period, we may decide to temporarily invest any unused proceeds from the offering in certain investments that could yield lower returns than other investments, such as the acquisition of properties. These lower returns may affect our ability to make distributions.

Potential future sources of capital include proceeds from the public or private offering of our equity or debt securities, secured or unsecured financings from banks or other lenders, proceeds from the sale of properties, as well as undistributed funds from operations. We anticipate that during the current year we will (i) acquire additional existing shopping centers and triple-net leased properties, (ii) develop additional shopping center sites and (iii) continue to pay distributions to stockholders, and each is expected to be funded mainly from

proceeds of our public offerings of shares, cash flows from operating activities, financings and other external capital resources available to us.

Our leases typically provide that the tenant bears responsibility for substantially all property costs and expenses associated

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with ongoing maintenance and operation, including utilities, property taxes and insurance. In addition, in some instances our leases provide that the tenant is responsible for roof and structural repairs. Certain of our properties are subject to leases under which we retain responsibility for certain costs and expenses associated with the property. We anticipate that capital demands to meet obligations related to capital improvements with respect to properties will be minimal for the foreseeable future and can be met with funds from operations and working capital.

If necessary, we may use financings or other sources of capital in the event of unforeseen significant capital expenditures.

We believe that our current capital resources (including cash on hand) and anticipated financings are sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the foreseeable future.

LIQUIDITY

OFFERING. As of September 30, 2004, subscriptions for a total of 146,283,829 shares had been received from the public, which include the 20,000 shares issued to the business manager/advisor and 1,636,031 shares distributed pursuant to the DRP as of September 30, 2004. As a result of such sales, we received a total of \$1,461,406,060 of gross offering proceeds as of September 30, 2004.

MORTGAGE DEBT. As of September 30, 2004 we have obtained mortgage debt on 62 properties totaling \$1,140,741,763. With the exception of Plaza Santa Fe II, these loans require monthly payments of interest only and bear interest at a range between 2.68% and 5.30% per annum. The mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II requires monthly payments of principal and interest at 6.20% per annum, and payments into taxes, insurance and replacement reserve escrows.

During the period from October 1, 2004 through November 5, 2004 we obtained mortgage financing on properties that we purchased during 2004 totaling approximately \$53,123,000 that require monthly payments of interest only and bear interest at a range of 4.61% to 5.12% per annum.

From July 1, 2004 through November 5, 2004, we entered into interest rate lock agreements, as described below, to secure the interest rate on mortgage debt on properties we currently own or will purchase in the future. The funds under the rate agreements and the deposits are applied to the mortgage fundings as they occur.

On July 2, 2004, we entered into two separate rate lock agreements with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid one rate lock deposit of \$400,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.06% for a period of 90 days on \$20,000,000 in principal. We paid a second rate lock deposit of \$600,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.01% for a period of 90 days on \$30,000,000 in principal. Of the total amount, approximately \$2,500,000 has been applied to closed mortgage fundings, with the remainder allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On July 9, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with LaSalle Bank

National Association. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.04% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On July 16, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Nomura Credit & Capital, Inc. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.815% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, approximately \$42,500,000 of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On August 6, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,000,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.67% for a period of 90 days on \$100,000,000 in principal. Of this amount \$33,000,000 has been applied to closed mortgage fundings, with the remainder allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On September 27, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Principal Life Insurance Company. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.45% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions..

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On September 28, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,000,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.497% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, approximately \$49,300,000 of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On October 20, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Bank of America, N.A. We paid a rate lock fee of \$2,301,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.27% for a period of 58 days on \$230,100,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On October 29, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid a rate lock fee of \$1,645,400 to lock the interest rate at 4.247% for a period of 60 days on \$81,420,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

LINE OF CREDIT. The Company has an unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. which matures on December 24, 2004 in the amount of \$225,000,000. The funds from this line of credit may be used to provide funds from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is placed on that property. The line of credit requires interest only payments monthly at the rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate or LIBOR plus 175 basis points which ranged from 2.94% to 3.56% during the quarter ended September 30, 2004. We are also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service ratios, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. In addition to, and in conjunction with these financial covenants, we maintain a cash collateral account. Amounts deposited in the cash collateral account provide that loan to value covenants required under the line are not exceeded. Funds may be deposited into and withdrawn from the cash collateral account as our properties are purchased without debt. On September 27, 2004, the outstanding balance of \$110,000,000 on this line was repaid resulting in no outstanding balance as of September 30, 2004. As of September 30, 2004, the Company was in compliance with such covenants and no funds were required to be deposited in the cash collateral account.

STOCKHOLDER LIQUIDITY. We provide the following programs to facilitate investment in the shares and to provide limited, interim liquidity for stockholders until such time as a market for the shares develops:

The DRP allows stockholders who purchase shares pursuant to the offerings to automatically reinvest distributions by purchasing additional shares from us. Such purchases will not be subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance and will be sold at a price of \$9.50 per share. As of September 30, 2004, we issued 1,636,031 shares pursuant to the DRP for an aggregate amount of \$15,542,222.

Subject to certain restrictions, the share repurchase program provides existing stockholders with limited, interim liquidity by enabling them to sell shares back to us at the following prices:

One year from the purchase date, at \$9.25 per share; Two years from the purchase date, at \$9.50 per share; Three years from the purchase date, at \$9.75 per share; and Four years from the purchase date, at the greater of \$10.00 per share, or a price equal to 10 times our "funds available for distribution" per weighted average shares outstanding for the prior calendar year.

Shares purchased by us will not be available for resale. As of September 30, 2004, no shares have been repurchased.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

We expect to meet our short-term operating liquidity requirements generally through our net cash provided by property operations. We also expect that our properties will generate sufficient cash flow to cover our operating expenses plus pay a monthly distribution on our weighted average shares. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to our portfolio.

We believe that we should put mortgage debt on or leverage our properties at approximately 50% of their value. We also believe that we can borrow at the lowest overall cost of funds or interest rate by placing individual financing on each of our

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properties. Accordingly, mortgage loans will generally have been placed on each property at the time that the property is purchased, or shortly thereafter, with the property solely securing the financing.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we closed on mortgage debt with a principal amount of \$1,111,191,645. At September 30, 2004, the weighted average cost of mortgage funds was approximately 4.48%. \$985,158,645 of these mortgage loans are fixed-rate loans that bear interest at a rate between 3.96% and 6.20% per annum. The remaining \$126,033,000 represents variable-rate loans with a weighted average interest rate of 2.85% per annum at September 30, 2004.

With the exception of the mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II, all of the loans closed during the nine months ended September 30, 2004 require monthly payments of interest only and may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods. The mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II requires monthly payments of principal and interest, as well as payments into tax, insurance, and replacement reserve escrows and has no prepayment privileges.

Although the loans we closed are generally non-recourse, occasionally, when it is deemed to be advantageous, we may guarantee all or a portion of the debt on a full-recourse basis. Individual decisions regarding interest rates, loan-to-value, fixed versus variable-rate financing, maturity dates and related matters are often based on the condition of the financial markets at the time the debt is incurred, which conditions may vary from time to time.

Distributions are determined by our board of directors with the advice of our business manager/advisor and are dependent on a number of factors, including the amount of funds available for distribution, flow of funds, our financial condition, any decision by our board of directors to reinvest funds rather than to distribute the funds, our capital expenditures, the annual distribution required to maintain REIT status under the Internal Revenue Code and other factors the board of directors may deem relevant.

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows provided by operating activities were approximately \$39,961,000 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2004, which is due primarily to net income from property operations.

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows used in investing activities were approximately \$2,015,984,000 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2004 which were primarily used for the acquisition of 60 properties for approximately \$1,959,554,000.

As of November 5, 2004, we had approximately \$375 million available for investment in additional properties. As of November 5, 2004 we are considering the acquisition of approximately \$244 million in properties. We are currently in the process of obtaining financings on properties which have been purchased, as well as certain of the properties which we anticipate purchasing. It is our intention to finance each of our acquisitions either at closing or subsequent to closing. As a result of the intended financings and based on our current experience in raising funds in our offering, we believe that we will have sufficient resources to acquire these properties.

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows provided by financing activities was approximately \$2,192,056,000 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2004. We generated proceeds from the sale of shares, net of offering costs paid, of approximately \$1,139,185,000. We generated approximately \$1,094,146,000 from the issuance of new mortgages secured by 60 of our properties and \$165,000,000 from funding on the line of credit. We paid approximately \$10,707,000 for loan fees and approximately \$28,873,000 in distributions to our stockholders, and \$170,000,000 was paid off on the line of credit for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The sponsor has agreed to advance us amounts to pay a portion of these distributions until funds available for distribution are sufficient to cover distributions.

Given the current size of our offering, as of November 5, 2004, we could raise approximately \$944\$ million of additional capital. However, there can be no assurance that we will raise this amount of money or that we will be able to acquire

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additional attractive properties. We have also registered with the Securities and Exchange commission for another offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of

common stock at \$10 each and up to 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each pursuant to the distribution reinvestment program which is not effective as of November 5, 2004. There is no assurance that we will be effective in selling all of these additional shares.

We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of our long-term debt used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve our objectives we borrow primarily at fixed rates or variable rates with the lowest margins available and, in some cases, with the ability to convert variable rates to current market fixed rates at the time of conversion.

EFFECTS OF TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED AND CERTAIN OTHER PARTIES

SERVICES PROVIDED BY AFFILIATES OF THE BUSINESS MANAGER/ADVISOR As of September 30, 2004, we had incurred \$159,233,813 of offering costs, of which \$119,656,429 was paid or accrued to affiliates. In accordance with the terms of our offering, our business manager/advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the offering or gross offering proceeds or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross offering proceeds. As of September 30, 2004, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. We anticipate that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering. Any excess amounts at the completion of the offering will be reimbursed by our business manager/advisor.

Our business manager/advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of our business manager/advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of our business manager/advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from us in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against the stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$119,656,429 as of September 30, 2004, of which \$3,502,335 was unpaid at September 30, 2004.

Our business manager/advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and administrative expenses relating to our administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we incurred \$1,103,717 of these costs, of which \$778,277 remained unpaid as of September 30, 2004 and are included in Due to affiliates on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

An affiliate of our business manager/advisor provides loan servicing to us for an annual fee. Such costs are included in property operating expenses to affiliates. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .03% of the first \$1 billion in mortgage balance outstanding and .01% of the remaining mortgage balance, payable monthly. Such fees totaled \$63,978 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

We use the services of an affiliate of our business manager/advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that we obtained on some of the properties purchased. We pay the affiliate .02% of the principal balance of mortgage loans obtained. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we paid loan fees totaling \$2,241,986 to this affiliate.

We pay an advisor asset management fee of not more than 1% of our average assets. Our average asset value is defined as the average of the total book

value, including acquired intangibles, of our real estate assets invested in equity interests plus our loans receivable secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation, reserves for bad debt or other similar non-cash reserves. We compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any: (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of: (i) 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or (ii) 25% of our net income for that fiscal year; plus (2) an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for

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that year and the 6% minimum annual return on the net investment of stockholders. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, we neither paid nor accrued such fees because our business manager/advisor agreed to forego such fees for the first, second and third quarters of 2004.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of our business manager/advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services. We incurred property management fees of \$2,847,427 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. None remained unpaid as of September 30, 2004.

We established a discount stock purchase policy for our affiliates and affiliates of our business manager/advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 a share depending on when the shares are purchased. We sold 530,574 shares of common stock to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$352,303 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

As of September 30, 2004 we were due funds from our affiliates in the amount of \$1,571,960, \$1,567,481 of which is due from our sponsor for reimbursement of a portion of the distributions paid by us during 2004. The remaining \$4,479 is due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by the Company. Our sponsor has agreed to advance to us amounts to pay a portion of distributions to our stockholders until funds available for distribution are sufficient to cover the distributions. Our sponsor forgave \$2,369,139 of these amounts during the second quarter of 2004 and these funds are no longer due. As of September 30, 2004 we owe funds to our sponsor in the amount of \$2,868,666 for repayment of the funds advanced for payment of distributions.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS, CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS, LIABILITIES AND CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

The table below presents our obligations and commitments to make future payments under debt obligations and lease agreements as of September 30, 2004.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

PAYMENTS DUE BY PERIOD

LESS THAN

	TOTAL	1 YEAR	1-3 YEARS
Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,141,248,461	15,035,000	38,671,248
Ground lease payments	\$ 298,329,805	1,021,807	5,324,069

CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

The purchase and sale contract for Pavilion at King's Grant, provides that if anytime during the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant Toys R' Us should increase its base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease has occurred in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then we would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. We have not reserved any funds for this contingency.

In connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, we are obligated to purchase the seller's interest in the leases if the seller exercises the right to develop and lease a vacant 50,000 square foot pad site within 48 months after the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Newman Crossing, we are obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction (Phase III) once construction has been completed and a major tenant has moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. In connection with the purchase of Low Country Village, we are obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction once construction has been completed and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, we have deposited \$300,000 of earnest money with an escrow agent. In connection with the purchase of Wilshire Plaza III, we

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are obligated to pay the remainder of the purchase price in the amount of \$2,967,088 when Kohl's department store has moved in and commenced payment of rent. Also, in conjunction with this purchase, we are obligated to fund to Kohl's a second construction payment in the amount \$1,164,874 when they have moved in and commenced payment of rent. In connection with the purchase of an interest in the entity that owns Reisterstown Road Plaza, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$11,546,674 if the unfinished space has been built and rented within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Governor's Marketplace, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$4,846,152 if the seller completes the construction and leasing of additional components within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of an interest in the entity that owns Boulevard at the Capital Centre, we are required to pay the remaining purchase price of \$6,947,764 upon completion of the construction and satisfaction of tenant conditions of certain units of the shopping center. We have not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In connection with the purchase of Eastwood Towne Center, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$3,836,317 once a major tenant's base rent increases upon two shadow anchors' commencement of operations. In connection with the purchase of John's Creek Village, we are obligated to pay the remaining

purchase price of \$13,385,390 if the vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent within 18 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Davis Towne Crossing, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$1,604,304 if the vacancies have been leased and respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent within 24 months of the initial closing date. In connection with the purchase of Towson Circle, we are obligated to pay an additional amount to be determined based upon an agreed income capitalization formula if two spaces that were vacant at closing have been leased within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Forks Town Center, if a certain tenant has moved into its space and is paying rent within 12 months of the original closing, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase of \$701,299. We have not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In conjunction with the financing of Dorman Center on April 20, 2004, we were required to obtain a \$3.65 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once we purchase the remaining portion of Dorman Center, and meet certain occupancy requirements, the letter of credit will be released. On July 16, 2004, we purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center. The irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the occupancy requirements had not been met as of November 5, 2004. In conjunction with the financing of John's Creek Village on July 2, 2004, we were required to obtain a \$5.7 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once we purchase the remaining portion of John's Creek Village, and meet certain occupancy requirements, the letter of credit will be released. The irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the remaining portion of the center had not been purchased as of November 5, 2004.

In connection with the purchase of Larkspur Landing, we assumed a liability in the amount of \$1,982,504 for tenant improvements and leasing commission obligations. As of September 30, 2004, the remaining liability after disbursements is \$1,303,530.

On August 11, 2004, CR Investors, LLC, a 100% owned LLC of Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (a joint venture consolidated by us), purchased a 36.5% tenancy in common interest in an apartment complex known as Courthouse Square located in Towson, MD. This investment is accounted for utilizing the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, our net equity investment is reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and the Consolidated Statement of Operations includes our share of net income or loss from the unconsolidated entity.

Subsequent to September 30, 2004, we purchased 11 properties for a purchase price of approximately \$217 million. In addition, we are currently considering acquiring 10 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$244 million. Our decision to acquire each property generally depends upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions, and our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

The following discussion is based primarily on our consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2004 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004.

	PROPERTIES			
	PURCHASED	SQUARE FEET		
QUARTER ENDED	PER QUARTER	ACQUIRED	P	URCHA
			_	
March 31, 2003	None	N/A		N
June 30, 2003	None	N/A		N
September 30, 2003	None	N/A		N
December 31, 2003	8	797 , 551	\$	1
March 31, 2004	11	2,123,905	\$	3
June 30, 2004	23	4,213,576	\$	7
September 30, 2004	26	5,746,599	\$	8
Total	68	12,881,631	\$	2,

RENTAL INCOME, TENANT RECOVERIES AND OTHER PROPERTY INCOME. Rental income consists of basic monthly rent and percentage rental income due pursuant to tenant leases. Tenant recovery and other property income consist of property operating expenses recovered from the tenants including real estate taxes, property management fees and insurance. Rental income was \$56,404,514 and all additional property income was \$13,362,039 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

OTHER INCOME. Other income consists of interest income earned primarily on short term investments that are held by us and other non-operating income earned by us. Other income was \$1,885,751 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. General and administrative expenses consist of salaries and computerized information services costs reimbursed to affiliates for maintaining our accounting and investor records, affiliates common share purchase discounts, insurance, postage, printer costs and fees paid to accountants and lawyers. These expenses were \$2,843,944 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and resulted from increased services required as we acquire properties and grow our portfolio of investment properties and our investor base.

PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES. Property operating expenses consist of property management fees and property operating expenses, including real estate taxes, costs of owning and maintaining shopping centers, insurance, and maintenance to the exterior of the buildings and the parking lots. These expenses were \$17,017,451 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION. Depreciation expense was \$19,285,397 and is due to depreciation on the properties owned during the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Amortization expense was \$6,717,805 and is due to the application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulting from the amortization of intangible assets of approximately \$154 million and loan and leasing fees of \$7.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

INTEREST. Interest was \$21,315,926 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and is due to the financing on 62 properties as of September 30, 2004 and funds drawn during the first quarter of 2004 on the line of credit.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

One of our objectives is to provide cash distributions to our stockholders from

cash generated by our operations. Cash generated from operations is not equivalent to our net income from continuing operations as determined under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America or GAAP. Due to certain unique operating characteristics of real estate companies, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts or NAREIT, an industry trade group, has promulgated a standard known as "Funds from Operations" or "FFO" for short, which it believes more accurately reflects the operating performance of a REIT such as us. As defined by NAREIT, FFO means net income computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation on real property and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures in which the REIT holds an interest. We have adopted the NAREIT definition for computing FFO because management believes that, subject to the following limitations, FFO provides a basis for comparing our performance and operations to those of other REITs. The calculation

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of FFO may vary from entity to entity since capitalization and expense policies tend to vary from entity to entity. Items which are capitalized do not impact FFO, whereas items that are expensed reduce FFO. Consequently, our presentation of FFO may not be comparable to other similarly—titled measures presented by other REITs. FFO is not intended to be an alternative to "Net Income" as an indicator of our performance nor to "Cash Flows from Operating Activities" as determined by GAAP as a measure of our capacity to pay distributions. We believe that FFO is a better measure of our operating performance because FFO excludes non-cash items from GAAP net income. This allows us to compare our relative property performance to determine our return on capital. Management uses the calculation of FFO for several reasons. We use FFO to compare our performance to that of other REITs in our peer group. Additionally, we use FFO in conjunction with our acquisition policy to determine investment strategy. FFO is calculated as follows:

	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004	
Net income Depreciation and amortization related to	\$	4,413,798
investment properties		24,803,548
Funds from operations (1)	\$ ====	29,217,346

(1) FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities calculated in accordance with GAAP and is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity.

The following table lists the approximate physical occupancy levels and gross leasable area for our investment properties as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003. The weighted average gross leasable area occupied at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 was 94% and 98%, respectively. N/A indicates the property was not owned by us at the end of the period.

		0, 200
PROPERTIES:	GLA OCCUPIED	(
		_
Academy Sports, Houma, LA	60,001	10
Alison's Corner, San Antonio, TX	55,066	10
Arvada Connection and Marketplace, Arvada, CO	336,302	9
Best on the Boulevard, Las Vegas, NV	156,756	7
Bluebonnet Parc, Baton Rouge, LA	128,289	9
Boulevard at the Capital Centre, Largo, MD	352,804	7
CorWest Plaza, New Britain, CT	114,023	9
Cranberry Square, Cranberry Township, PA	180,585	9
Darien Towne Centre, Darien, IL	210,010	9
Davis Towne Crossing, North Richland Hills, TX	31,091	7
Dorman Center - Phases I & II, Spartanburg, SC	374,267	9
Eastwood Towne Center, Lansing, MI	321,066	9
Eckerd Drug Store, Columbia, SC	13,440	10
Eckerd Drug Store, Crossville, TN	13,824	10
Eckerd Drug Store, Edmund, OK	13,824	10
Eckerd Drug Store, Greer, SC	13,824	10
Eckerd Drug Store, Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	10
Eckerd Drug Store, Norman, OK	13,824	10
Forks Town Center, Easton, PA	88,660	9
Fullerton Metrocenter, Fullerton, CA	208,264	8
Gateway Plaza, Southlake, TX	334,440	9
Gateway Village, Annapolis, MD	273,788	10
GMAC, Winston-Salem, NC	501,064	10
Governor's Marketplace, Tallahassee, FL	218,437	9
Harris Teeter, Wilmington, NC	57,230	10
Harvest Towne Center, Knoxville, TN	42,213	10

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PROPERTIES:	SEPTEMBER GLA OCCUPIED	30,	200
Heritage Towne Crossing, Euless, TX	72,119		8
Hickory Ridge, Hickory, NC	380,487		10
Huebner Oaks Center, San Antonio, TX	279,461		9
John's Creek Village, Duluth, GA	136,782		7
La Plaza Del Norte, San Antonio, TX	303,245		9
Lakewood Towne Center, Lakewood, WA	546,713		9
Larkspur Landing, Larkspur, CA	150,893		8
Lincoln Park, Dallas, TX	144,794		9
Low Country Village, Bluffton, SC	70 , 598		9
MacArthur Crossing, Los Colinas, TX	107,759		9
Manchester Meadows, St. Louis, MO	434,772		9
Metro Square Center, Severn, MD	61,817		10

SEPTEMBER 30, 200

Mitchell Ranch Plaza, New Port Richey, FL	184,973	9
Newnan Crossing I & II, Newnan, GA	291,450	10
Northgate North, Seattle, WA	281,595	9
Northpointe Plaza, Seattle, WA	373 , 699	9
North Ranch Pavilions, Thousand Oaks, CA	55 , 928	8
North Rivers Town Center, Charleston, SC	141,004	10
Paradise Valley Marketplace, Phoenix, AZ	71,304	7
Pavilion at King's Grant, Concord, NC	79,109	10
Peoria Crossings, Peoria, AZ	207,711	9
Pine Ridge Plaza, Lawrence, KS	230,510	10
Plaza at Marysville, Marysville, WA	110,356	9
Plaza Santa Fe II, Santa Fe, NM	217,329	9
Promenade at Red Cliff, St. George, UT	89,480	9
Reisterstown Road Plaza, Baltimore, MD	668,369	8
Saucon Valley Square, Bethlehem, PA	80,695	10
Shaw's Supermarket, New Britain, CT	65,658	100
Shoppes of Dallas, Dallas, GA	59,810	85
Shoppes of Prominence Point, Canton, GA	69 , 358	89
Shops at Boardwalk, Kansas City, MO	99,881	82
Shops at Park Place, Plano, TX	115,460	99
Stony Creek Market Place, Noblesville, IN	153,796	100
The Columns, Jackson, TN	121,400	94
Tollgate Marketplace, Bel Air, MD	392,587	100
Towson Circle, Towson, MD	106,621	92
Village Shoppes of Simonton, Lawrenceville, GA	56,615	85
Wal-Mart SuperCenter, Blytheville, AR	183,211	100
Wal-Mart SuperCenter, Jonesboro, AR	149,704	100
Watauga Pavilion, Watauga, TX	192,155	93
Wrangler, El Paso, TX	316,800	100

As part of the purchase of Darien Towne Centre, CorWest Plaza, La Plaza Del Norte, Dorman Center - Phase I, Peoria Crossings, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard, Bluebonnet Parc, Arvada Marketplace, Eastwood Towne

11,982,924 _____

Center, Watauga Pavilion, Northpointe Plaza, Plaza Santa Fe II, Lakewood Towne Center, Shoppes of Prominence Point, Fullerton Metrocenter, Shops at Boardwalk, Shoppes of Dallas, Dorman Center - Phase II, Towson Circle, Reisterstown Road Plaza, Village Shoppes of Simonton, Governor's Marketplace, Mitchell Ranch Plaza, The Columns, Harvest Towne Center, Boulevard at the Capital Centre and Low Country Village, we are entitled to receive payments in accordance with a master lease agreement for space, which was not producing revenue either at the time of or subsequent to the purchase. The master lease agreement covers rental payments due for periods ranging between three months and three years from the purchase date or until the space is leased. The percentage in the table above does not include non-revenue producing space

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covered by the master lease agreement. The master lease agreements combined with the physical occupancy results in an economic occupancy ranging between 71% and 100% at September 30, 2004.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We paid distributions of \$7,186,753 to our stockholders in October 2004.

We issued 29,541,198 shares of common stock from October 1, 2004 through

November 5, 2004, resulting in a total of 175,825,027 shares of common stock outstanding. As of November 5, 2004, subscriptions for a total of 173,294,068 shares were received resulting in total gross offering proceeds of \$1,732,326,464 and an additional 2,530,959 shares were issued pursuant to the DRP for \$24,044,115 of additional gross proceeds.

On October 15, 2004, CR Investors, LLC, a 100% owned LLC of Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (a joint venture consolidated by us), purchased a 60.94% interest in an apartment complex known as Cardiff Hall East located in Towson, MD for approximately \$2.7 million.

As of October 31, 2004, Cordish Power Plant Management, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company ("CPP") admitted two new members in exchange for the capital contributions described below that were made on November 5, 2004. CRP Power Plant Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC, contributed capital in the amount of \$15 million in exchange for a 37.5% member interest in CPP. CGW Power Plant Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Gateway Village Holdings, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$5 million in exchange for a 12.5% member interest in CPP. CPP owns a 99.5% interest in Cordish Power Plant Limited Partnership. Cordish Power Plant Limited Partnership owns a ground lease interest in a mixed use retail/office complex located in the Inner Harbor area of Baltimore, Maryland that is known as The Power Plant. The Power Plant contains approximately 180,000 square feet of space and is 100% leased and occupied.

As of October 31, 2004, Cordish Power Plant Management Number Two, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company ("CPP2") admitted two new members in exchange for the capital contributions described below that were made on November 5, 2004. CTC Pier IV Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Towson Circle Holdings, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$5 million in exchange for a 16.67% member interest in CPP2. CTOLL Pier IV Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Tollgate Marketplace Holding Company, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$15 million in exchange for a 50.0% member interest in CPP2. CPP2 owns all of the membership interest in Cordish Power Plant Number Two, LLC. Cordish Power Plant Number Two, LLC owns a ground lease interest in a mixed use retail/office complex located in the Inner Harbor area of Baltimore, Maryland that is known as Pier IV Office Building. The Pier IV Office Building contains approximately 120,000 square feet of space and is 100% leased and occupied.

We have acquired the following properties during the period October 1 to November 5, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

DATE ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	YEAR BUILT 	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE (\$)	GROSS LEASAB AREA (SQ. FT.)
10/05/04	Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza Miami, FL	2004	20,350,000	97,496
10/12/04	The Columns - Phase II Jackson, TN	2004	5,740,596	44 , 987
10/18/04	Denton Town Crossing Denton, TX	2003/ 2004	51,236,687	272 , 722

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DATE ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	YEAR BUILT 	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE (\$)	GROSS LEASAB AREA (SQ. FT.)
10/19/04	Azalea Square Summerville, SC	2004	30,012,525	181,942
10/21/04	Lake Mary Pointe Orlando, FL	1999	6,620,000	51 , 052
10/25/04	Plaza at Riverlakes Bakersville, CA	2001	17,000,000	102,836
10/26/04	Academy Sports Port Arthur, TX	2004	5,000,000	61,001
10/28/04	Gurnee Town Center Gurnee, IL	2002	44,256,387	179 , 840
10/29/04	CVS Pharmacy Sylacauge, AL	2004	3,066,241	10,055
10/29/04	Academy Sports Midland, TX	2004	4,250,000	61,654
11/03/04	Mansfield Towne Center Mansfield, TX	2004	16,055,074	111,898
11/05/04	Winchester Commons Memphis, TN	1999	13,022,687	93,024

The mortgage debt and financings obtained during the period October 1, 2004 to November 5, 2004, are detailed in the list below.

DATE FUNDED	MORTGAGE PAYABLE	ANNUAL INT	EREST RATE	MATURIT DATE
10/05/04	The Columns	4.9	10%	05/01/0
10/06/04	Low Country Village	4.9	60%	05/01/0
10/08/04	Lincoln Park	4.6	510%	11/01/0

11/01/04 Academy Sports - Port Arthur, TX

11/01/04	Harris Teeter - Wilmington, NC	4.915%	11/01/0
11/04/04	The Columns - Phase II	4.950%	11/01/0

5.120%

11/01/0

We are currently considering acquiring 10 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$244 million. Our decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions, and our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property. For further information on these potential property acquisitions and financings, see "Real Property Investments" included elsewhere in this post-effective Amendment.

INFLATION

For our multi-tenant shopping centers, inflation is likely to increase rental income from leases to new tenants and lease renewals, subject to market conditions. Our rental income and operating expenses for those properties owned, or to be owned and operated under triple-net leases, are not likely to be directly affected by future inflation, since rents are or will be

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fixed under the leases, and property expenses are the responsibility of the tenants. The capital appreciation of triple-net leased properties is likely to be influenced by interest rate fluctuations. To the extent that inflation determines interest rates, future inflation may have an effect on the capital appreciation of triple-net leased properties. As of September 30, 2004, we owned 14 single-user triple-net leased properties.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We may be exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of long-term debt used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objectives will be to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower its overall borrowing costs. To achieve our objectives we will borrow primarily at fixed rates or variable rates with the lowest margins available and in some cases, with the ability to convert variable rates to fixed rates.

We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates on loans secured by our properties. To the extent we do, we are exposed to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. When the fair value of a derivative contract is negative, we owe the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk. It is our policy to enter into these transactions with the same party providing the financing, with the right of offset. In the alternative, we will minimize the credit risk in derivative instruments by entering into transactions with high-quality counterparties. Market risk is the adverse effect on the value of a financial instrument that results from a change in interest rates. The market risk associated with interest-rate contracts is managed by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken.

During the third quarter of 2004, we entered into treasury contracts with a futures commission merchant with yields ranging from 3.27% to 3.40% for 5 year treasury contracts and 4.0% to 4.3% for 10 year treasury contracts. The amount on deposit for our investment in treasury contracts is \$3,712,900. On September 30, 2004, our investment in treasury contracts had a liquidation value of \$361,186 resulting in a loss of \$3,351,714. As these treasury contracts are not offsetting future commitments and therefore do not qualify as hedges, the net loss is recognized currently in earnings. To offset the net loss recognized on the treasury contracts, we took advantage of the lower treasury yields which caused the loss n the treasury contracts and secured permanent financing in the amount of \$350,000,000 for pending acquisitions. On October 29, 2004, we liquidated all of our treasury contracts for a liquidation value of \$126,213 resulting in a cumulative net realized loss of \$3,586,687.

With regard to variable rate financing, we assess interest rate cash flow risk by continually identifying and monitoring changes in interest rate exposures that may adversely impact expected future cash flows and by evaluating hedging opportunities. We maintain risk management control systems to monitor interest rate cash flow risk attributable to both of our outstanding or forecasted debt obligations as well as our potential offsetting hedge positions. The risk management control systems involve the use of analytical techniques, including cash flow sensitivity analysis, to estimate the expected impact of changes in interest rates on our future cash flows.

While this hedging strategy is intended to reduce our exposure to interest rate fluctuations, the result may be a reduction in overall returns on your investment.

The fair value of our debt approximates its carrying amount as of September 30, 2004.

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The table below presents the principal amounts and weighted average interest rates by year and expected maturity to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes.

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Maturing debt Fixed rate debt (mortgage loans)	-	-	-	56,864 , 55
	-193-			
	2004	2005	2006	2007
Variable rate debt (including line of credit)	-	15,035,000	-	-

Average interest rate on debt:

Fixed rate debt - - 4.49% Variable rate debt - 3.71% - -

We have \$126,033,000 of variable rate interest averaging 2.85% as of September 30, 2004. An increase in the variable interest rate on this debt constitutes a market risk. If interest rates increase by 1%, based on debt outstanding as of September 30, 2004, interest expense increases by \$1,260,330 on an annual basis.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

THE FOLLOWING NEW SUBSECTION IS INSERTED AT THE END OF THIS SECTION ON PAGE 148 OUR PROSPECTUS.

UPDATE

The following table updates shares sold in our offering as of December 7, 2004:

			COMMIS
		GROSS	F
	SHARES	PROCEEDS (\$)	(\$)
From our advisor	20,000	200,000	
Our offering dated September 15, 2003:	196,349,694	1,963,416,953	20
Shares sold pursuant to our distribution reinvestment program	3,079,019	29,250,678	
Shares repurchased pursuant to our share repurchase program	(5,000)	(46,250)	
	199,443,713	1,992,821,381	20

(1) Inland Securities Corporation serves as dealer manager of this offering and is entitled to receive selling commissions and certain other fees, as discussed further in our prospectus.

On September 8, 2004, we filed a registration statement on Form S-11 to register an additional 250,000,000 shares of common stock and up to 20,000,000 shares of our common stock for participants in our distribution reinvestment and share repurchase program. The registration statement has not been declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and there is no assurance when and if it will be declared effective.

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SUBSCRIPTION PROCESS

THE FOLLOWING NEW PARAGRAPH IS INSERTED AT THE END OF THIS SECTION ON PAGE 150

OF OUR PROSPECTUS.

Currently we no longer issue paper stock certificates for all subscriptions for common stock accepted by us. We also are responsible for all stock books and records and serve as our own stock transfer agent, processing stock transfers. We are currently moving to a "book entry" system for our stock records. Under a book entry system, we would no longer issue paper stock certificates. Using this system would eliminate the need for safekeeping by you to protect against loss, theft or destruction of stock certificates. We are currently interviewing firms to serve as our stock transfer agent. When we hire a third party stock transfer agent, we may need to modify our distribution reinvestment program and some of our other stock holding processes. For example, it's likely that we will no longer issue fractional shares. Further it is likely we will ask all stockholders to remit currently outstanding stock certificates so that they may be held in book entry form. Therefore, in order to transition into the book entry form, effective October 1, 2004 we no longer issued stock certificates for new subscriptions or for shares earned through participation in the Distribution Reinvestment Program. All shares will be held in book entry form.

VOLUME DISCOUNTS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION, WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 152 OF OUR PROSPECTUS, IS CHANGED IN FULL AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

Investors making an initial purchase of at least \$250,010 of common stock (25,001 shares) through the same soliciting dealer will receive a reduction of the reallowable 7.0% selling commission payable in connection with the purchase of those shares in accordance with the following schedule:

AMOUNT OF SELLING	AMOUNT OF PUR	CHASER'S INVESTMENT	MAXIMU	
VOLUME DISCOUNT	FROM	TO	COMMISSI PER SHAR	
1%	\$ 250,010	\$ 500,000	6%	
2%	\$ 500,010	\$ 1,000,000	5%	
3%	\$ 1,000,010	\$ 2,500,000	4%	
4%	\$ 2,500,010	\$ 5,000,000	3%	
5%	\$ 5,000,010	\$10,000,000	2%	
6%	\$10,000,010	more than \$10,000,000	1%	

Any reduction in the amount of the selling commissions in respect of volume discounts received will be credited to the investor in the form of additional whole shares or fractional shares. Selling commissions will not be paid on any such whole shares or fractional shares issued for a volume discount.

Some purchases may be combined for the purpose of qualifying for a volume discount, and for determining commissions payable to the managing dealer or the soliciting dealers, so long as all the combined purchases are made through the same soliciting dealer. Subscriptions made in this offer will be combined with other subscriptions in this offering for the purposes of computing amounts invested. Purchases by spouses will also be combined with other purchases by you and will be combined with other purchases of common stock to be held as a joint tenant or as tenants-in-common by you with others for purposes of computing amounts invested. Purchases by entities not required to pay federal income tax may only be combined with purchases by other entities not required to pay

federal income tax for purposes of computing amounts invested if investment decision are made by the same person. If the investment decisions are made by in independent investment advisor, that investment adviser may not have any direct or indirect beneficial interest in any of the entities not required to pay federal income tax whose purchases are sought to be combined. You must mark the "Additional Investment" space on the subscription agreement signature page in order for purchases to be combined. We are not responsible for failing to combine purchases if you fail to mark the "Additional Investment" space.

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If the subscription agreements for the purchases to be combined are submitted at the same time, then the additional common stock to be credited to you as a result of such combined purchases will be credited on a pro rata basis. If the subscription agreements for the purchases to be combined are not submitted at the same time, then any additional common stock to be credited as a result of the combined purchases will be credited to the last component purchase, unless we are otherwise directed in writing at the time of the submission. However, the additional common stock to be credited to any entities not required to pay federal income tax whose purchases are combined for purposes of the volume discount will be credited only on a pro rata basis based on the amount of the investment of each entity not required to pay federal income tax and their combined purchases.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraphs, you may not receive a discount greater than 5% on any purchase of shares if you already own, or may be deemed to already own, any shares. This restriction may limit the amount of the volume discount available to you after your initial purchase and the amount of additional shares that you may be credited as a result of the combination of purchases.

In the case of subsequent investments or combined investments, a volume discount will be given only on the portion of the subsequent or combined investment that caused the investment to exceed the breakpoint. For example, if you are investing \$50,000 with us today, but had previously invested \$240,000, these amounts can be combined to reach the \$250,010 breakpoint, which will entitle you to a lower sales commission on your current \$50,000 investment.

HOW TO SUBSCRIBE

THE FIRST SENTENCE OF THE THIRD BULLET POINT ON PAGE 157, UNDER THIS HEADING, IS MODIFIED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Deliver a check for the full purchase price of the shares being subscribed for, payable to "LBNA/Escrow Agent for IWRRETI", along with the completed subscription agreement to the soliciting dealer.

RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

THE DISCUSSION UNDER THIS SECTION WHICH STARTS ON PAGE 170 OF OUR PROSPECTUS IS MODIFIED AND SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTIMAT DOLLA

OPERATIONAL STAGE

Advisor asset management fee payable to our advisor.

We pay an annual advisor asset management fee of not more than 1% of our average assets. Our average assets means the average of the total book value including acquired intangibles of our real estate assets plus the If we acquire the total value of our loans receivables secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. We will compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month during the quarter for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any:

(1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal

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year exceed the greater of:

- 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or
- 25% of our net income for that fiscal year.
- (2) plus an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% annual return on the net investment of stockholders.

Items such as organization and offering expenses, property expenses, interest payments, taxes, non-cash expenditures, the incentive advisory fee and acquisition expenses are excluded from the definition of total operating expenses.

See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement" for an explanation of circumstances where the excess amount specified in clause (1) may not need to be reimbursed.

EXPERTS

The actual amoun

depend upon the

properties and,

be determined at

advisor asset ma

cease.

The following financial statements have been incorporated by reference herein in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing:

- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Shops at Park Place direct operating expenses of Darien To for the year ended December 31, 2002,
- |X| the combined historical summary of gross
 income and direct operating expenses of Properties Acquired from Thomas Enterprises for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of CorWest Plaza for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Larkspur Landing for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of La Plaza Del Norte for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Promenade at Red Cliff for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Dorman Centre for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradise Valley Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Bluebonnet Parc for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Arvada Marketplace and Connection for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Watauga Pavilion for the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Plaza Santa Fe II for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income

- Center for the year ended December 31,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Hickory R the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Metro Squ Center (SuperValue) for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of North Ran Pavilion for the year ended December 3
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of MacArthur Crossing for the year ended December 3
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Peoria Cr for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Heritage Crossing for the year ended December 3
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Best on t Boulevard for the year ended December
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of North Riv Center for the period of October 1, 20 (commencement of operations) to Decemb 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Eastwood Center for the year ended December 31,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Northpoin for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Pine Ridg for the year ended December 31, 2003,

direct operating expenses of Huebner Oaks Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,

direct operating expenses of John's Cr Village for the period from September (commencement of operations) to Decemb 2003,

- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Lakewood Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Fullerton Metrocenter for the year ended December 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Davis Towne Crossing for the period from July 18, 2003
 - direct operating expenses of Northgate for the year ended December 31,

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(commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, 2003,

- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Cranberry Square for the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - direct operating expenses of Gateway P Shopping Center for the year ended Dec 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Safeway Plaza at direct operating expenses of Forks Tow Marysville for the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - direct operating expenses of Forks Tow for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- income and direct operating expenses of the Properties owned by Capital C |X| the combined historical summary of gross Properties owned by Capital Centre, LLC, Gateway Village Limited Partnership, Bel Air Square Joint Venture, Towson Circle Joint Venture LLP, and Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - Boardwalk for the period from May 30, (commencement of operations) to Decemb 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Manchester Meadows for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Governor' Marketplace for the year ended December 2003,
- (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
 - of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Saucon Valley and direct operating expenses of Linco Square for the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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The following financial statements have been included herein in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm,

appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing:

- |X| the balance of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. as of June 30, 2003,
- | X | the historical summary of gross inco direct operating expenses of Peoria for the year ended December 31, 2002
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Azalea Square for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- |X| the combined historical summary of o income and direct operating expenses Properties Acquired from Bayer Prope Inc. for the year ended December 31,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Denton Crossing for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- |X| the combined historical summary of g income and direct operating expenses Properties Acquired from Donahue Sch the year ended December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Gurnee Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,
 - direct operating expenses of Winches Commons for the year ended December
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Mansfield Town Center for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross inco direct operating expenses of Fox Cre for the period from November 12, 200 (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,
- |X| the historical summary of gross income and |X| the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Gateway Pavilions for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
 - direct operating expenses of Northwo for the year ended December 31, 2003
- Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. as of
 December 31, 2003 and the relation |X| the consolidated balance sheet of Inland statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003 and related financial statement schedule,

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APPENDIX A PRIOR PERFORMANCE TABLES

The following prior performance tables contain information concerning real estate programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor which have investment objectives similar to ours. This information has been summarized in narrative form under "Prior Performance of Our Affiliates" in the prospectus. The tables provide information on the performance of a number of programs. You can use the information to evaluate the experience of our advisor's affiliates as sponsors of the programs. The inclusion of these tables does not imply that we will make investments comparable to those reflected in the tables or that investors in our shares will experience returns comparable to those experienced in the programs referred to in these tables. If you purchase our shares, you will not acquire any ownership in any of the programs to which these tables relate. The tables consist of:

Table I	Experience in Raising and Investing Funds
Table II	Compensation to IREIC and Affiliates
Table III	Operating Results of Prior Programs
Table IV	Results of Completed Programs
Table V	Sales or Disposals of Properties
Table VI	Acquisition of Properties by Programs*

^{*} Our prospective investors may obtain copies of Table VI by contacting Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., our advisor.

Table VI is included in Part II of the Post Effective Amendment No. 7 to Form S-11 Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 15, 2004. Upon written request to us or our advisor, any prospective investor may obtain, without charge, a copy of Table VI. See also "Where You Can Find More Information" for information on examining at, or obtaining copies from, offices of the SEC.

Upon written request, any potential investor may obtain, without charge, the most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC by any public program sponsored by any of the Inland's affiliated companies which has reported to the SEC within the last 24 months. For a reasonable fee, the affiliated companies will provide copies of any exhibits to such annual reports upon request.

Our investment objectives are to: (i) provide regular distributions to stockholders in amounts which may exceed our taxable income due to the non-cash nature of depreciation expense and, to such extent, will constitute a tax-deferred return of capital, but in no event less than 90% of our taxable income, pursuant to the REIT requirements; (ii) provide a hedge against inflation by entering into leases which contain clauses for scheduled rent escalations or participation in the growth of tenant sales, permitting us to increase distributions and provide capital appreciation; and (iii) preserve stockholders' capital.

The following programs have investment objectives similar to ours and are included in the tables. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. or IRRETI and Inland Real Estate Corporation or IREC are two REITs formed primarily to invest in multi-tenant shopping centers, Inland's Monthly Income Fund, L.P. and Inland Monthly Income Fund II, L.P. are public real estate limited partnerships formed primarily to acquire, operate and sell existing residential and commercial real properties. Inland Mortgage Investors Fund, L.P., Inland Mortgage Investors Fund-II, L.P. and Inland Mortgage Investors Fund III, L.P. were public real estate limited partnerships formed primarily to make or acquire loans secured by mortgages on improved, income producing multifamily residential properties.

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TABLE I

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS (000's omitted)

Table I is intended to present information on a dollar and percentage basis showing the experience of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation ("IREIC"), of which the Advisor is a wholly owned subsidiary, in raising and investing funds in prior programs where the offering closed in the three years prior to December 31, 2003. The table is intended to focus on the dollar amount available for investment in properties expressed as a percentage of total dollars raised. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. is the only program that closed in the three years ended December 31, 2003.

Dollar amount offered (A)
Dollar amount raised (B)
Less offering expenses:
 Syndication fees (C)
 Other fees (D)
 Organizational fees
Reserves (E)

Available for investment

Acquisition costs:
Cash down payments
Repayment of indebtedness
Investment in securities

Total acquisition costs

Percent leverage
Date offerings commenced
Length of offering
Months to invest 90% of amount available for investment (measured from beginning of offering)

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TABLE I-(Continued)

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS (A)

NOTES TO TABLE I

\$ 1,340,382 543,206 8,052 -----\$ 1,891,640

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- (A) This amount does not reflect shares offered for distribution to stockholders participating in Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc.'s distribution reinvestment program.
- (B) These figures are cumulative and are as of December 31, 2003. The dollar amount raised represents the cash proceeds collected by the program, including shares sold pursuant to our distribution reinvestment program and net of shares repurchased pursuant to our share repurchase program.
- (C) Syndication fees are paid by the program to an affiliate, Inland Securities Corporation, or unaffiliated third parties commissions for the sale of shares. All of these syndication fees were used to pay commissions and expenses of the offerings.
- (D) Other fees are paid by the program to unaffiliated parties and consist principally of printing, selling and registration costs related to the offering.
- (E) Generally, a working capital reserve is established to fund property upgrades and future cash flow deficits, if any, among other things.
- (F) On February 11, 1999, the program commenced an initial public offering, on a best effort basis, of 50,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10.00 per share. On February 1, 2001, the program commenced an offering of an additional 50,000,000 shares at \$10.00 per share, on a best efforts basis. On June 7, 2002, the program commenced an offering of an additional 150,000,000 shares at \$10.00 per share, on a best efforts basis. As of December 31, 2003, substantially all proceeds available for investment from the offerings were invested in real properties.

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TABLE II

COMPENSATION TO IREIC AND AFFILIATES (A) (000's OMITTED)

Table II summarizes the amount and type of compensation paid to Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation and its affiliates during the three years ended December 31, 2003 in connection with the prior programs.

Some partnerships acquired their properties from affiliates of our advisor which had purchased such properties from unaffiliated third parties.

Dollar am	nount raised	\$ 2,223,010	686,602	
Date offe	ering commenced	02/11/99	10/14/94	
		TRUST, INC.	CORPORATION	
		INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE	INLAND REAL ESTATE	МС

Total amounts paid to general partner or affiliates from proceeds of offerings: Selling commissions and underwriting fees Other offering expenses (D) Acquisition cost and expense	194,194(C) 2,762 1,725	49,869(C) 2,350 925
Dollar amount of cash available from operations before deducting payments to general partner or affiliates (F)	264,442 	217,142
Amounts paid to general partner or affiliates related to operations: (J) Property management fees (G) Advisor asset management fee Accounting services Data processing service Legal services Professional services Mortgage servicing fees Acquisition costs expensed Other administrative services	19,526 20,824 0 0 0 162 495 309 3,303	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Dollar amount of property sales and refinancings before payments to general partner and affiliates (H): Cash Notes	0 0	22 , 978 0
Dollar amounts paid or payable to general partner or affiliates from sales and refinancings (I): Sales commissions Participation in cash distributions	0	0

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TABLE II

COMPENSATION TO IREIC AND AFFILIATES (A)

NOTES TO TABLE II

- (A) The figures in this Table II relating to proceeds of the offerings are cumulative and are as of December 31, 2003 and the figures relating to cash available from operations are for the three years ending December 31, 2003. The dollar amount raised represents the cash proceeds collected by the partnerships or program. Amounts paid or payable to IREIC or affiliates from proceeds of the offerings represent payments made or to be made to IREIC and affiliates from investor capital contributions.
- (B) The selling commissions paid to an affiliate is net of amounts which were in turn paid to third party soliciting dealers.
- (C) The selling commissions paid to an affiliate includes amounts which were in turn paid to third party soliciting dealers.

- (D) Consists of legal, accounting, printing and other offering expenses, including amounts to be paid to Inland Securities Corporation to be used as incentive compensation to its regional marketing representatives and amounts for reimbursement of the general partner for marketing, salaries and direct expenses of its employees while directly engaged in registering and marketing the Units and other marketing and organization expenses.
- (E) Represents acquisition fees paid to IREIC and its affiliates in connection with the acquisition of properties.
- (F) See Note (B) to Table III.
- (G) An affiliate provides property management services for all properties acquired by the partnerships or program. Management fees have not exceeded 4.5% of the gross receipts from the properties managed.
- (H) See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.
- (I) Real estate sales commissions and participations in cash distributions are paid or payable to IREIC and/or its affiliates in connection with the sales of properties in the public partnership programs. Payments of all amounts shown are subordinated to the receipt by the limited partners of their original capital investment. See Table V and Notes thereto.
- (J) On July 1, 2000, IREC completed the acquisition of Inland Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., the former advisor, and Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., the former property manager (the "Merger"). Each of these entities was merged into subsidiaries that are wholly owned by IREC. As a result of the merger, IREC is now "self-administered." IREC no longer pays advisory or property management fees or other expenses to affiliates but instead has hired an internal staff to perform these tasks.

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TABLE III

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

Table III presents operating results for programs, the offerings of which closed during each of the five years ended December 31, 2003. The operating results consist of:

- The components of taxable income (loss);
- Taxable income or loss from operations and property sales;
- Cash available and source, before and after cash distributions to investors; and
- Tax and distribution data per \$1,000 invested.

Based on the following termination dates of the offerings, only IRRETI is included in Table III.

- Inland's Monthly Income Fund, L.P. offering terminated in 1988
- Inland Monthly Income Fund II, L.P. offering terminated in 1990

- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund, L.P. offering terminated in 1987
- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund II, L.P. offering terminated in 1988
- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund III, L.P. offering terminated in 1991
- Inland Real Estate Corporation offering terminated in 1998

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TABLE III

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS (000'S OMITTED, EXCEPT FOR AMOUNTS PRESENTED PER \$1,000 INVESTED)

INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST INC.

	_	2003	2002	2001	200
Gross revenues Profit on sale of properties	\$	317 , 828 0	116,011 0	37 , 755 0	2
Less: Operating expenses Interest expense Program expenses Depreciation & amortization	-	62,349 22,069	27,614 23,508 7,998 29,395	9,712 1,219	
Net income (loss)-GAAP basis	\$	69 , 836	27 , 496	7 , 993	
Taxable income (loss) (A):	=	0	0	0	
Cash available (deficiency) from operations (B) Cash available from sales (C)		147 , 403 828	55 , 250 0	17 , 170 0	
Total cash available before distributions and special items	_	148,231	55,250	17,170	
Less distributions to investors: From operations From sales and refinancings		152 , 888 0	52 , 156	15,963 0	
Cash available after distributions before special items	_	(4,657)	3,094	1,207	

Special items:		0	0	0
Cash available after distributions and special items	\$ ==	(4,657) 	3,094	1,207
Tax data per \$1,000 invested (A):		0	0	0
Distribution data per \$1,000 invested:				
Cash distributions to investors: Source (on GAAP basis):				
<pre>Investment income Source (on cash basis):</pre>		.83	.83	.81
Sales Operations (D)		0.83	0.83	0 .81
Percent of properties remaining unsold	==	100%		

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TABLE III-- (CONTINUED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

NOTES TO TABLE III

- (A) IRRETI qualified as real estate investment trusts ("REITs") under the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes. Since it qualified for taxation as a REIT, it generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If IRRETI fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. However, even if the program qualifies for taxation as a REIT, it may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.
- (B) "Cash Available (Deficiency) from Operations," represents all cash revenues and funds received by the programs, including but not limited to operating income less operating expenses, and interest income. These amounts do not include payments made by the programs from offering proceeds nor do they include proceeds from sales or refinancings. These amounts also exclude advances from or repayments to IREIC and affiliates which are disclosed elsewhere in the table and include principal payments on long-term debt. For example:

	INLAND RE	TAIL REAL	ESTATE	TRUST	INC.
	(000'S OMI	TTED)		
2003	2002	2001	20	000	1999

Net cash provided by

operating activities per the Form 10-K annual					
report	\$ 149,081	55 , 594	17,427	5,604	2,648
Principal payments on					
long-term debt	(1,678)	(344)	(257)	(238)	(110)
	\$ 147,403	55 , 250	17,170	5 , 366	2,538

(C) See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.

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TABLE III-- (CONTINUED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

NOTES TO TABLE III

(D) Distributions by a REIT to the extent of its current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes are taxable to stockholders as ordinary income. Distributions in excess of these earnings and profits generally are treated as a non-taxable reduction of the stockholder's basis in the shares to the extent thereof, and thereafter as taxable gain (a return of capital). These distributions in excess of earnings and profits will have the effect of deferring taxation of the amount of the distribution until the sale of the stockholder's shares.

	2003	INLAND RETAIL 2002	REAL ESTATE 2001	TRUST, IN 2000	IC. 1999
% of Distribution representing Ordinary income	60.8		60.49	54.55	22.23
Return of Capital	39.15		39.51	45.45	77.77

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TABLE IV

RESULTS OF COMPLETED PROGRAMS

(000'S OMITTED, EXCEPT FOR AMOUNTS PRESENTED PER \$1,000 INVESTED)

Table IV is a summary of operating and disposition results of prior programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor, which during the five years ended prior to December 31, 2003 have sold their properties and either hold notes with

respect to such sales or have liquidated. One program with investment objectives similar to ours disposed of all of its properties during the five years ended prior to December 31, 2003.

PROGRAM NAME	INLAND MORTGAGE INVESTORS FUND, L.P.
Dollar amount raised Number of properties/loans purchased Date of closing of offering Date of first sale of property Date of final sale of property	10,065 15 02/87 12/88 03/99
Tax and distribution data per \$1,000 invested (A): Federal income tax results: Ordinary income (loss): Operations Recapture	547 0
Capital Gain	30
Deferred Gain: Capital Ordinary	0 0
Cash distributions to investors (cash basis):	
Source (on GAAP basis) Investment income Return of capital	624 745
Source (on cash basis) Sales Operations	745 624

(A) Data per \$1,000 invested is presented as of December 31, 2003. See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.

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TABLE V

SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

Table V presents information on the results of the sale or disposals of properties in programs with investment objectives similar to ours during the three years ended December 31, 2003. Since January 1, 2001, programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor had seven sales transactions. The table provides certain information to evaluate property performance over the holding period such as:

- Sales proceeds received by the partnerships in the form of cash down

payments at the time of sale after expenses of sale and secured notes received at sale;

- Cash invested in properties;
- Cash flow (deficiency) generated by the property;
- Taxable gain (ordinary and total); and
- Terms of notes received at sale.

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TABLE V (Continued)

SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES (A) (000's OMITTED)

SELLING

M ΑI

CASH

			CASH RECEIVED, NET OF CLOSING COSTS(B)	PAID OR PAYABLE TO
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	01/24/97		,	0
IREC - Antioch Plaza		03/28/02		0
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza	07/97		3,107	0
IREC - Popeye's			343	0
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge			3 , 578	0
IREC - Eagle Country Market			5,182	0
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	04/99	12/30/03	3,185	0
	SELLING PRICE	MORTGAGE FINANCING	PARTNERSHIP CAPITAL INVESTED (C)	
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	2,364	0	1,897	1,897
IREC - Antioch Plaza	1,818	875	753	1,628
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza			2,947	
IREC - Popeye's	343	0	346	346
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge	5 , 178	0	5,181	5,181
IREC - Eagle Country Market	6 , 632	0	6,635	6,635
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	6,185	0	6,187	6,187

EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) AMOUNT OF OF PROPERTY SUBSIDIES

OPERATING CASH INCLUDED IN

TOTAL TAXABLE

	RECEIPTS OVER CASH EXPENDITURES (D)	OPERATING CASH RECEIPTS	GAIN (LOSS) FROM SALE
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	218	0	467
IREC - Antioch Plaza	130	0	0(E)
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza	1,556	0	0(E)
IREC - Popeye's	241	0	3
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge	1,399	0	0(E)
IREC - Eagle Country Market	1,290	0	0(E)
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	1,441	0	0(E)

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TABLE V - (CONTINUED)

SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

NOTES TO TABLE V

- (A) The table includes all sales of properties by the programs with investment objectives similar to ours during the three years ended December 31, 2003. All sales have been made to parties unaffiliated with the partnerships.
- (B) Consists of cash payments received from the buyers and the assumption of certain liabilities by the buyers at the date of sale, less expenses of sale.
- (C) Amounts represent the dollar amount raised from the offerings, less sales commissions and other offering expenses plus additional costs incurred on the development of the land parcels.
- (D) Represents "Cash Available (Deficiency) from Operations (including subsidies)" as adjusted for applicable "Fixed Asset Additions" through the year of sale.
- (E) For tax purposes, this sale qualified as part of a tax-deferred exchange. As a result, no taxable gain will be recognized until the replacement property is disposed of in a subsequent taxable transaction.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:

Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2004 (unaudited) and December 31, 2003 (audited)

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, three months ended September 30, 2003, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through September 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the nine month period ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for nine months ended September 30, 2004, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to September 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited) at September 30, 2004

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Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the nine months ended September 30, 2004

Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the year ended December 31, 2003

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for December 31, 2003

AZALEA SQUARE:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 4, 2004 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM BAYER PROPERTIES, INC.:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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DENTON TOWN CROSSING:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from August 11, 2003 to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating

Expenses for the period from August 11, 2003 to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM DONAHUE SCHRIBER:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

GURNEE TOWN CENTRE:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

WINCHESTER COMMONS:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

MANSFIELD TOWNE CENTRE:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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FOX CREEK VILLAGE:

(a) Independent Auditors' Report

- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from November 12, 2003 to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

GATEWAY PAVILION:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

NORTHWOODS SHOPPING CENTER:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

OSWEGO COMMONS:

- (a) Independent Auditors' Report
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

LAKE MARY POINTE:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

PUBLIX CENTER - MT. PLEASANT:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement of

operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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FIVE FORKS:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

SHOPS AT FOREST COMMONS:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

GATEWAY STATION:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (c) Consolidated Statement of Operations for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (d) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (e) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (f) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (audited)

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

ASSETS

		SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 (UNAUDITED)
Investment properties:		
Land	\$	376,2
Building and other improvements	-	1,614,5
		1,990,8
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(19,4
Net investment properties		1,971,4
		, ,
Cash and cash equivalents (including cash held by management company of \$239 as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)	\$0 and	d 280 , 4
Restricted cash (Note 2)		80,0
Investment in marketable securities and treasury contracts (Note 2)		1,5
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture (Note 9)		5,7
Restricted escrows (Note 2)		67 , 8
Accounts and rents receivable (net of allowance of \$146 and \$0 as of		
September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)		11,6
Due from affiliates (Note 3)		1,5
Notes receivable (Note 6)		28,4
Acquired in-place lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$5,545 and \$52 as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003,		
respectively)		148,5
Acquired above market lease intangibles (net of accumulated		140,3
amortization of \$1,852 and \$5 as of September 30, 2004 and		
December 31, 2003, respectively)		37 , 5
Loan fees, leasing fees and loan fee deposits (net of accumulated		<i>3,</i> , <i>3</i>
amortization of \$1,235 and \$25 as of September 30, 2004 and		
December 31, 2003, respectively)		14,1
Other assets		23,0
	-	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Total assets

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2,672,1

(A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	S -	EPTEMBER 30, 2004 (UNAUDITED)
Liabilities:		
Mortgages and notes payable (Note 7)	\$	1,141,2
Accounts payable		1,3
Accrued offering costs due to affiliates		3 , 5
Accrued interest payable		2,9
Tenant improvements payable		3,6
Accrued real estate taxes		10,5
Distributions payable		7,1
Security deposits		2,1
Line of credit (Note 8)		_
Prepaid rental income and other liabilities		3,7
Advances from sponsor (Note 3)		2,8
Acquired below market lease intangibles (net of accumulated		
amortization of \$2,660 and \$15 as of September 30, 2004 and		
December 31, 2003, respectively)		70,3
Restricted cash liability (Note 2)		80,0
Due to affiliates		
Total liabilities		1,330,3
Minority interests		68 , 7
MINOTICY INCELESCS		00,7
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, none outstanding		_
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 250,000 shares authorized, 146,284 and shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2004	18,737	
and December 31, 2003, respectively	145	1
Additional paid-in capital (net of offering costs of \$159,234 and \$22, September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively, of which \$1.		
\$16,860 was paid or accrued to affiliates as of September 30, 2004 a		
December 31, 2003, respectively)	aria	1,304,8
Accumulated distributions in excess of net income(loss)		(32,1
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2
-		
Total stockholders' equity		1,272,9
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,672,1
	===	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, three months ended September 30, 2003 and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through September 30, 2003 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	SEPTEM	MONTHS ENDED MBER 30, 2004	SEPTEM	MONTHS ENDED	NINE MONT SEPTEMBER
Revenues: Rental income Tenant recovery income Other property income	\$	33,519 7,002 265	\$	- - -	\$
Total revenues		40,786		-	
Expenses: General and administrative expenses to affiliates General and administrative		449		12	
expenses to non-affiliates Property operating expenses to affiliates		539 1,693		21	
Property operating expenses to non-affiliates Real estate taxes Depreciation and		4,116 4,495		- -	
amortization Total expenses		15,575 26,867		33	
Operating income (loss)	 \$	13,919	 \$		\$
Other income Interest expense Realized loss on sale of		1,413 (10,954)		- -	(
treasury contracts Minority interests		(2,004) (107)		-	

Net income (loss) \$ 2,267 \$ (33) \$

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, three months ended September 30, 2003 and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through September 30, 2003 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	SEPTEM	MONTHS ENDED BER 30, 2004	SEPTE	MONTHS ENDED MBER 30, 2003	NINE MON' SEPTEMBER
Other comprehensive income: Unrealized gain on investment securities		157		-	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ =====	2,424	\$ =====	(33)	\$ ======
Net income(loss) per common share, basic and diluted	\$ ======	.02	\$	(1.65)	\$
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	=====	112 , 887		20	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2004

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) $({\tt unaudited})$

NUMBER OF SHARES			ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	ACCUMULATEI DISTRIBUTIO IN EXCESS NET INCOMI (LOSS)	
18,737	\$	19	\$ 165,169	\$	(1,459)
_		-	_		4,414
_		_	_		_
		_	_		(35,132
125,930		126	1,258,654		_
_		_	(137 , 089)		_
1,617		1	15 , 360		_
_		_	2,369		_
-		_ 	354		_
146,284	\$	146	\$ 1,304,817		(32,177
	18,737 125,930 - 1,617 -	SHARES ST. 18,737 \$ - 125,930 - 1,617 -	SHARES STOCK 18,737 \$ 19 125,930 126 - 1,617 1	NUMBER OF STOCK CAPITAL 18,737 \$ 19 \$ 165,169	DIS ADDITIONAL IN NUMBER OF COMMON PAID-IN NE SHARES STOCK CAPITAL 18,737 \$ 19 \$ 165,169 \$ 125,930 126 1,258,654 (137,089) 1,617 1 15,360 2,369 - 354

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through September 30, 2003.

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

NINE MONTHS E SEPTEMBER 30,

Cash flows from operations:

Net income (loss) Ś Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Amortization Amortization of acquired above market leases Amortization of acquired below market leases Rental income under master leases Straight line rental income Straight line lease expense Minority interests Issuance of stock options and discount on shares issued to affiliates Realized loss on sale of treasury contracts Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts and rents receivable net of change in allowance of \$146 and \$0 for September 30, 2004 and September 30, 2003, respectively. Other assets Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Accrued real estate taxes Security deposits Prepaid rental and recovery income and other liabilities Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities ______ Cash flows used in investing activities: Purchase of investment securities and treasury contracts Restricted escrows (6 Purchase of investment properties (1,84)Acquired in-place lease intangibles (14)Acquired above market leases (3 Acquired below market leases Contributions from minority interest-joint ventures Purchase of unconsolidated joint ventures Payment of leasing fees Tenant improvements payable Other assets (1 Funding of notes receivable (2 Due to affiliates

Net cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through September 30, 2003. (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

(2,01)

1

Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the dividend reinvestment program Payment of offering costs	\$	1,258,780 15,361 (134,956
Proceeds from the dividend reinvestment program	\$	15 , 361
Payment of offering costs		(134.956
-1		(101,000
Proceeds from mortgage debt and notes payable		1,094,146
Principal payments on mortgage debt		(77
Proceeds from unsecured line of credit		165,000
Payoff of unsecured line of credit		(170,000
Loan fees and deposits		(10,707
Distributions paid		(28,873
Due from affiliates		1,013
Advances from advisor		_
Forgiveness of affiliate debt		2 , 369
Net cash flows provided by financing activities		2,192,056
Well the second of the second		216 022
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		216,033
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period		64,381
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$	280,414
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$	15,017
Restricted cash	\$	(80,094
Restricted cash liability		80,094
		41 5 6 5
Due from sponsor	\$	(1,567
Due to sponsor		1,567
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:	<u> </u>	/1 070 047
Purchase of investment properties	\$	(1,872,247
Assumption of mortgage debt		17,552
Write-off of acquisition reserve		521
Purchase price adjustments		3,148
Conversion of mortgage receivable to investment property		7 , 552
	\$	(1,843,474
Distributions payable	\$	7,187
Accrued offering costs payable	\$	3,502

See accompanying notes to financial statements

NINE MONTHS ENDED

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

(1) Organization and Basis of Accounting

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the "Company") was formed on March 5, 2003 to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, primarily multi-tenant shopping centers. The Advisory Agreement provides for Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. (the "Business Manager" or "Advisor"), an Affiliate of the Company, to be the Business Manager or Advisor to the Company. On September 15, 2003, the Company commenced an initial public offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 each and the issuance of 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each which may be distributed pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program. The Company has also registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission for another public offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 each and up to 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each pursuant to the distribution reinvestment program which is not effective as of November 5, 2004.

The Company is qualified and has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for federal income tax purposes commencing with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. Since the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, the Company will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. Even if the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

The Company provides the following programs to facilitate investment in the Company's shares and to provide limited liquidity for stockholders.

The Company allows stockholders who purchase shares in the offering to purchase additional shares from the Company by automatically reinvesting distributions through the distribution reinvestment program ("DRP"), subject to certain share ownership restrictions. Such purchases under the DRP are not subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance, and are made at a price of \$9.50 per share.

The Company will repurchase shares under the share repurchase program ("SRP"), if requested, at least once quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis, subject to certain restrictions. Subject to funds being available, the Company will limit the number of shares repurchased during any calendar year to 5% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Funding for the SRP will come exclusively from proceeds that the Company receives from the sale of shares under the DRP and such other operating funds, if any, as the Company's board of directors, at its sole discretion, may reserve for this purpose. The board, at its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share repurchase program after the end of the offering period, or reduce the number of shares purchased under the program, if it determines that the funds allocated to the SRP are needed for other purposes, such as the acquisition, maintenance or repair of properties, or for use in making a declared distribution. A determination by the board to eliminate or reduce the share

repurchase program will require the unanimous affirmative vote of the independent directors. As of September 30, 2004, no shares have been repurchased by the Company.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company, as well as all wholly owned subsidiaries and consolidated joint venture investments. Wholly owned subsidiaries generally consist of limited liability companies (LLC's) and limited partnerships (LP's). The effects of all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Company would consolidate certain property holding entities and other subsidiaries that it owns less than a 100% equity interest if the entity is a variable interest entity ("VIE") and it is the primary beneficiary (as defined in FASB Interpretation 46(R) CONSOLIDATION OF VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51, as revised ("FIN 46(R)")). For joint ventures that are not variable interest entities (VIE's) of which the Company owns less than 100% of the equity interest, the Company consolidates the property if it receives substantially all of the economics or has the direct or indirect ability to make major decisions. Major decisions are defined in the respective joint venture agreements and generally include participating and protective rights such as decisions regarding major leases, encumbering the entities with debt and whether to dispose of the entities.

The Company has a 95% ownership interest in the LLC's which own Gateway Village, Boulevard at the Capital Centre, Towson Circle, Reisterstown Road Plaza and Tollgate Marketplace, however, the Company shares equally in major decisions. These entities are considered VIE's as defined in FIN 46(R) and the Company is considered the primary beneficiary. Therefore these entities are consolidated by the Company and the 5% outside ownership interest is reflected as minority interest in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. Readers of this Quarterly Report should refer to the audited financial statements of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003, which are included in the Company's 2003 Annual Report, as certain footnote disclosures contained in such audited financial statements have been omitted from this Report.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements to conform to the 2004 presentations.

The Company classifies its investment in securities in one of three categories: trading, available-for-sale, or held-to-maturity. Trading securities are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term. Held-to-maturity securities are those securities in which the Company has the ability and intent to hold the security until maturity. All securities not included in trading or held-to-maturity are classified as available for sale. Investment in securities at September 30, 2004 consists of common stock investments and is classified as available-for-sale securities and is recorded at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income until realized. Realized gains and losses from the sale of available-for-sale securities are determined on a specific identification basis. A decline in the market value of any available-for-sale security below cost that is deemed to be other than temporary, results in a reduction in the carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new costs basis for the security is established. To determine whether an impairment is other than temporary, the Company considers whether it has the ability and intent to hold the investment until a market price recovery and considers whether evidence indicating the cost of the investment is recoverable outweighs evidence to the contrary. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for the impairment, the severity and duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to year end and forecasted performance of the investee. Of the investment securities held on September 30, 2004, the Company has accumulated other comprehensive income of \$204,393. The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents and are carried at cost, which approximates market.

The Company enters into interest rate futures contracts or treasury contracts as a means of reducing exposure to rising interest rates. At inception, contracts are evaluated in order to determine if they will qualify for hedge accounting treatment and will be accounted for either on a deferral, accrual or market value basis depending on the nature of the hedge strategy and the method used to account for the hedged item. Hedge criteria include demonstrating the manner in

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

which the hedge will reduce risk, identifying the specific asset, liability or firm commitment being hedged, and citing the time horizon being hedged.

During the third quarter of 2004, the Company entered into treasury contracts with a futures commission merchant with yields ranging from 3.27% to 3.40% for 5 year treasury contracts and 4.0% to 4.3% for 10 year treasury contracts. The amount on deposit for these treasury contracts was \$3,712,900. On September 30, 2004, the treasury contracts had a liquidation value of \$361,186 resulting in a loss of \$3,351,714. As these treasury contracts are not offsetting future commitments and therefore do not qualify as hedges, the net loss is recognized currently in earnings. On October 29, 2004, these treasury contracts were liquidated for a liquidation value of \$126,213 resulting in a cumulative realized net loss of \$3,586,687.

The Company allocates the purchase price of each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market

leases, in-place lease value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. In addition, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to the value of the customer relationships and as of September 30, 2004, no cost has been allocated to such relationships. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. The Company uses the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value calculated as if vacant. The Company determines whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. The Company also allocates a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases as well as lost rent payments during assumed lease-up period when calculating as if vacant fair values. The Company considers various factors including geographic location and size of leased space. The Company also evaluates each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and considers various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property, tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, the Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. However, for below market leases with fixed rate renewals, renewal periods are included in the calculation of below market in-place lease values. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires the Company's judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economics, demographics, location, visibility, age and physical condition of the property.

The application of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Statement of Financial Accounting Standards or SFAS Nos. 141 and 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to real estate acquisitions during the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income and over the respective renewal period for below market lease costs with fixed rate renewals. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$1,033,930 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and \$1,847,107 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$1,742,220 was applied as an increase to rental income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and \$2,644,833 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease intangibles is amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. The Company incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease intangibles of \$3,198,593 for the three month period ended September 30, 2004 and \$5,492,587 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

The following table presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired in-place lease intangibles, acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at September 30, 2004.

		OCTOBER 1, 2004 THROUGH			
AMORTIZATION OF:		DECEMBER 31, 2004	2005	2006	2007
Acquired above market lease costs	\$	(1,248,545)	(4,978,152)	(4,796,242)	(3,982,66
Acquired below market lease costs		1,958,637	7,650,263	7,056,626	6,459,04
Net rental income increase	\$ =	710,092	2,672,111	2,260,384	2,476,38 =======
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	\$	3,832,781	15,331,125	15,331,125	15 , 331 , 12

In conjunction with certain acquisitions, the Company receives payments under master lease agreements pertaining to certain, non-revenue producing spaces either at the time of, or subsequent to, the purchase of some of the Company's properties. Upon receipt of the payments, the receipts are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the related properties rather than as rental income. These master leases were established at the time of purchase in order to mitigate the potential negative effects of loss of rent and expense reimbursements. Master lease payments are received through a draw of funds escrowed at the time of purchase and may cover a period from three months to three years. These funds may be released to either the Company or the seller when certain leasing conditions are met. Restricted cash includes funds received by third party escrow agents from sellers pertaining to master lease agreements. The Company records the third party escrow funds as both an asset and a corresponding liability, until certain leasing conditions are met.

The Company accrues lease termination income if there is a signed termination agreement, all of the conditions of the agreement have been met, and the tenant is no longer occupying the property.

Restricted escrows primarily consist of lenders' restricted escrows and earnout escrows. Earnout escrows are established upon the acquisition of certain investment properties for which the funds may be released to the seller when certain leasing conditions have been met.

Notes receivable relate to real estate financing arrangements and bear interest at a market rate based on the borrower's credit quality and are recorded at face value. Interest is recognized over the life of the note. The Company requires collateral for the notes.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A note is considered impaired pursuant to SFAS No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan. Pursuant to SFAS No. 114, a note is impaired if it is probable that the Company will not collect all principal and interest contractually due. The impairment is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the note's effective interest rate. The Company does not accrue interest when a note is considered impaired. When ultimate collectibility of the principal balance of the impaired not is in doubt, all cash receipts on impaired notes are applied to reduce the principal amount of such notes until the principal has been recovered and are recognized as interest income, thereafter.

The carrying amount of the Company's debt approximates fair value. The carrying amount of the Company's other financial instruments approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments.

(3) Transactions with Affiliates

The Business Manager or Advisor contributed \$200,000 to the capital of the Company for which it received 20,000 shares of common stock.

As of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, the Company had incurred \$159,233,813 and \$22,144,814 of offering costs, of which \$119,656,429 and \$16,859,779, respectively, were paid or accrued to affiliates. Pursuant to the terms of the offering, the Business Manager or Advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the offering or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross proceeds. As of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. The Company anticipates that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering.

The Company pays an advisor asset management fee of not more than 1% of the average assets. Average asset value is defined as the average of the total book value, including acquired intangibles, of the Company's real estate assets plus the Company's loans receivable secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation, reserves for bad debt or other similar non-cash reserves. The Company computes the average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month for which the fee is being calculated. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which the Company qualifies as a REIT, the advisor must reimburse the Company for the following amounts if any: (1) the amounts by which total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of: (i) 2% of average assets for that fiscal year, or (ii) 25% of net income for that fiscal year; plus (2) an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% minimum annual return on the net investment of stockholders. The Company neither paid nor accrued such fees because the Advisor agreed to forego such fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Business Manager or Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of the Business Manager or Advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of the Business Manager or Advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from the Company in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against the stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$119,656,429 as of September 30, 2004, of which \$3,502,335 was unpaid at September 30, 2004.

The Business Manager or Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and administrative costs relating to the Company's administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. For the three month period ended September 30, 2004 and the nine month period ended September 30, 2004, the Company incurred \$466,359 and \$1,103,717 of these costs, respectively, of which \$778,277 remained unpaid as of September 30, 2004 and are included in due to affiliates on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

An affiliate of the Business Manager or Advisor provides loan servicing to the Company for an annual fee. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .03% of the first 1 billion in mortgage balance outstanding and .01% of the remaining mortgage balances, payable monthly. Such fees totaled 42,703 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 63,978 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively.

The Company used the services of an affiliate of the Business Manager or Advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that the Company obtained on some of the properties purchased. The Company pays the affiliate .02% of the principal amount of each loan obtained on the Company's behalf. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. For the three months ended September 30, 2004 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company paid loan fees totaling \$1,119,944 and \$2,241,986 to this affiliate, respectively.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of the Business Manager or Advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services. The Company incurred property management fees of \$1,693,155 and \$2,847,427 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively. None remained unpaid as of September 30, 2004.

The Company established a discount stock purchase policy for affiliates of the Company and the Business Manager or Advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at a discount at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 per share depending on when the shares are purchased. The Company sold 19,735 and 530,574 shares of common stock to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$16,174 and \$352,303 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively.

As of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 the Company was due funds from affiliates in the amount of \$1,571,960 and \$918,750, respectively which is comprised of \$1,567,481 and \$845,000, respectively, which is due from the sponsor for reimbursement of a portion of distributions paid in 2004. The remaining \$4,479 and \$73,750 as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively is due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by the Company. The sponsor has agreed to advance funds to the Company for a portion of distributions paid to the Company's shareholders until funds available for distributions are sufficient to cover the distributions. The sponsor forgave \$2,369,139 of these amounts during the second quarter of 2004 and these funds are no longer due and are recorded as a contribution to capital in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. As of September 30, 2004 the Company owed funds to the sponsor in the amount of \$2,868,666 for repayment of the funds advanced for payment of distributions.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to an affiliate in the amount of \$0 and \$2,154,158, respectively, for the reimbursement of costs paid by the affiliate on behalf of the Company. The amount due at December 31, 2003 was repaid during 2004.

(4) Stock Option Plan

The Company has adopted an Independent Director Stock Option Plan which, subject to certain conditions, provides for the grant to each independent director of an option to acquire 3,000 shares following their becoming a director and for the grant of additional options to acquire 500 shares on the date of each annual stockholders' meeting. The options for the initial 3,000 shares are exercisable as follows: 1,000 shares on the date of grant and 1,000 shares on each of the first and second anniversaries of the date of grant. The subsequent options will be exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of grant. The initial options will be exercisable at \$8.95 per share. The subsequent options will be exercisable at the fair market value of a share on the last business day preceding the annual meeting of stockholders. As of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 we have issued 3,500 and 3,000 options, respectively, to acquire shares to each of our independent directors, for a total of 17,500 and 15,000 options, of which none have been exercised or expired.

(5) Leases

Master Lease Agreements

In conjunction with certain acquisitions, the Company received payments under master lease agreements pertaining to certain non-revenue producing spaces at the time of purchase, for periods ranging from three months to three years after the date of purchase or until the spaces are leased. As these payments are received, they are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the respective property rather than as rental income. The cumulative amount of such payments was \$891,982 as of September 30, 2004.

Operating Leases

Minimum lease payments to be received under operating leases, excluding rental income under master lease agreements and assuming no expiring leases are renewed, are as follows:

		MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS
2004	<u> </u>	01 501 215+
2004	\$	91,591,315* 146,904,527
2006		140,787,601
2007 2008		133,105,552 125,444,736
Thereafter	_	766,271,796
Total	\$	1,404,105,527

^{*} For the twelve month period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004.

The remaining lease terms range from one year to 55 years. Pursuant to the lease agreements, tenants of the property are required to reimburse the Company for some or all of their pro rata share of the real estate taxes, operating expenses and management fees of the properties. Such amounts are included in tenant recovery income.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Ground Leases

The Company leases land under noncancelable operating leases at certain of the properties expiring in various years from 2028 to 2096. For the three months and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, ground lease rent was \$478,995 and \$510,245, respectively. Minimum future rental payments to be paid under the ground leases are as follows:

	N	IINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS
2004	\$	1,021,807
2005		2,661,464
2006		2,662,605
2007		2,663,811
2008		2,665,086
Thereafter		286,655,032

Total \$ 298,329,805

* For the twelve month period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004.

(6) Notes Receivable

The notes receivable balance of \$28,419,189 as of September 30, 2004 consisted of two installment notes, one from Newman Development Group of Gilroy, LLC (Gilroy) and one from Newman Development Group of Richland, LLC (Richland) that mature on July 15, 2005 and August 15, 2005, respectively. These notes are secured by first mortgages on Pacheco Pass Shopping Center and Quakertown Shopping Center, respectively and are guaranteed personally by the owners of Gilroy and Richland. Interest only is due in advance on the first of each month at a rate of 6.993% per annum for Gilroy and 7.5572% per annum for Richland. Upon closing, an interest reserve escrow totaling three months of interest payments was established for both notes.

The notes receivable balance of \$7,552,155 as of December 31 2003 consisted of an installment note from Fourth Quarter Properties XIV, LLC (Fourth) that matured on January 15, 2004. This installment note was secured by a 49% interest in Fourth, which owned the remaining portion of the Newnan Crossing shopping center and was also guaranteed personally by the owner of Fourth. Interest only at a rate of 7.6192% per annum was due on the note. The installment note was advanced to Fourth in contemplation of the Company purchasing the remaining portions of Newnan Crossing. The Company did not call the note on January 15, 2004 and subsequently purchased the property on February 13, 2004 at which time the note was paid in full by Fourth as a credit to the purchase price of the property.

(7) Mortgages and Note Payable

Mortgage loans outstanding as of September 30, 2004 were \$1,140,741,763, of which \$1,014,708,763 had fixed rates ranging from 3.96% to 6.20% and a weighted average interest rate of 4.68% at September 30, 2004. The remaining \$126,033,000 represented variable rate loans with a weighted average interest rate of 2.85% at September 30, 2004. Retail properties with a net carrying value of \$1,861,465,315 at September 30, 2004 and related tenant leases are pledged as collateral.

As of September 30, 2004, scheduled maturities for the Company's outstanding mortgage indebtedness have various due dates through August 2027. At September 30, 2004, the weighted average interest rate on the Company's mortgage debt was 4.48%. With the exception of the mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II, all of the Company's mortgage loans as of

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

September 30, 2004 require monthly payments of interest only and may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods. The mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II, which was assumed as part of the acquisition of the property on June 1, 2004, requires monthly payments of principal and interest, as well as payments into tax, insurance, and replacement reserve escrows. The loan has no prepayment

privileges.

As part of the Plaza Santa Fe II loan assumption, a promissory note approximating \$414,000 was executed between the Company and the seller for the total amount that the seller had paid into escrows under the loan agreement as of the acquisition date. The note bears interest at the rate of prime less 3.00%, payable to the seller upon maturity of the note in 2006. The seller also agreed to fund the Company's monthly required payments into this escrow for a period of two years. Each monthly payment funded by the seller increases the principal balance of the note payable. The outstanding note payable balance at September 30, 2004 is approximately \$507,000.

(8) Line of Credit

The Company has an unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. which matures on December 24, 2004 in the amount of \$225,000,000. The funds from this line of credit may be used to provide liquidity from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is placed on that property. The line of credit requires interest only payments monthly at the rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate or LIBOR plus 175 basis points which ranged from 2.94% to 3.56% during the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The Company is also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service ratios, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. In addition to, and in conjunction with these financial covenants, the Company maintains a cash collateral account. Amounts deposited in the cash collateral account provide that loan to value covenants required under the line are not exceeded. Funds may be deposited into and withdrawn from the cash collateral account as the Company's properties are purchased without debt. On September 27, 2004, the outstanding balance of \$110,000,000 on this line was repaid resulting in no outstanding balance as of September 30, 2004. As of September 30, 2004, the Company was in compliance with such covenants and no amounts were required to be deposited in the cash collateral account.

(9) Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Venture

On August 11, 2004, CR Investors, LLC, a 100% owned LLC of Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (a joint venture consolidated by the Company), purchased a 36.5% tenancy in common interest in an apartment complex known as Courthouse Square located in Towson, MD. This investment is accounted for utilizing the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the net equity investment of the Company is reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and the Consolidated Statement of Operations includes the Company's share of net income or loss from the unconsolidated entity.

(10) Segment Reporting

The Company owns and seeks to acquire single-tenant buildings and multi-tenant shopping centers primarily in the western United States. The Company's shopping centers are typically anchored by discount retailers, home improvement retailers, grocery and drugstores complemented with additional stores providing a wide range of other goods and services to shoppers.

The Company assesses and measures operating results on an individual property basis for each of its properties based on net property operations. Since all of the Company's properties exhibit highly similar economic characteristics, cater to the day-to-day living needs of their respective surrounding communities, and offer similar degrees of risk and opportunities for growth, the properties have been aggregated and reported as one operating segment.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Net property operations are summarized in the following table for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, along with a reconciliation to net income.

	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004	THRE SEPT
Property rental income and additional property income Total property operating expenses Interest expense	\$ 69,766,553 (16,968,381) (21,315,926)	\$
Net property operations	31,482,246	
Other income Less non-property expenses: General and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization Minority interests	1,885,751 (2,843,943) (26,003,202) (107,054)	
Net income	\$ 4,413,798	\$ =====

The following table summarizes property asset information as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003.

	SE	SEPTEMBER 30, 2004		DECEMBER 31, 2003
Total assets: Shopping centers Non-segment assets	ng centers \$ 2,301,440,		2,301,440,049 \$ 14 370,711,987	
	\$	2,672,152,036	\$	212,102,163

The Company does not derive any of its consolidated revenue from foreign countries and does not have any major customers that individually account for 10% or more of the Company's consolidated revenues.

(11) Earnings (loss) per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period (the "common shares"). Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the common shares plus shares issuable upon exercising options or other contracts. As a result of the net loss incurred in 2003, diluted weighted average shares outstanding do not give effect to common stock equivalents as to do so would be anti-dilutive. As of September 30, 2004, options to purchase 17,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$8.95 per share were outstanding. These options were not included in the computation of basic or diluted EPS as the effect would be immaterial.

The basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding were 112,887,491 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 70,051,926 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

The purchase and sale contract for Pavilion at King's Grant, provides that if anytime during the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant Toys R' Us should increase its base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease has occurred in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then the Company would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. The Company has not reserved any funds for this contingency.

In connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, the Company is obligated to purchase the seller's interest in the leases if the seller exercises the right to develop and lease a vacant 50,000 square foot pad site within 48 months after the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Newnan Crossing, the Company is obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction (Phase III) once construction has been completed and a major tenant has moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. In connection with the purchase of Low Country Village, the Company is obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction once construction has been completed and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based upon an agreed income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, the Company had deposited \$300,000 of earnest money with an escrow agent. In connection with the purchase of Wilshire Plaza III, the Company is obligated to pay the remainder of the purchase price in the amount of \$2,967,088 when Kohl's department store has moved in and commenced payment of rent. Also, in conjunction with this purchase, the Company is obligated to fund to Kohl's a second construction payment in the amount \$1,164,874 when they have moved in and commenced payment of rent. In connection with the purchase of an interest in the entity that owns Reisterstown Road

Plaza, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$11,546,674 if the unfinished space has been built and rented within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Governor's Marketplace, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$4,846,152 if the seller completes the construction and leasing of additional components within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of an interest in the entity that owns Boulevard at the Capital Centre, the Company is required to pay the remaining purchase price of \$6,947,764 upon completion of the construction and satisfaction of tenant conditions of certain units of the shopping center. The Company has not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In connection with the purchase of Eastwood Towne Center, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$3,836,317 once a major tenant's base rent increases upon two shadow anchors' commencement of operations. In connection with the purchase of John's Creek Village, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$13,385,390 if the vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent within 18 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Davis Towne Crossing, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$1,604,304 if the vacancies have been leased and respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent within 24 months of the initial closing date. In connection with the purchase of Towson Circle, the Company is obligated to pay an additional amount to be determined based upon an agreed income capitalization formula if two spaces that were vacant at closing have been leased within 24 months of the closing date. In connection with the purchase of Forks Town Center, if a certain tenant has moved into its space and is paying rent within 12 months of the original closing, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase of \$701,299. The Company has not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In conjunction with the financing of Dorman Center on April 20, 2004, the Company was required to obtain a \$3.65 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once the Company purchases the remaining portion of Dorman Center, and meets certain occupancy requirements, the letter of credit will be released. On July 16, 2004, the Company purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center. The irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the occupancy requirements had not been met as of November 5, 2004. In conjunction with the financing of John's Creek Village on July

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2, 2004, the Company was required to obtain a \$5.7 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once the Company purchases the remaining portion of John's Creek Village, and meets certain occupancy requirements, the letter of credit will be released. The irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the remaining portion of the center had not been purchased as of November 5, 2004.

In connection with the purchase of Larkspur Landing, the Company assumed a liability in the amount of \$1,982,504 for tenant improvements and leasing commission obligations. As of September 30, 2004, the remaining liability after disbursements is \$1,303,530.

The Company is currently considering acquiring 10 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$244 million. The Company's decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions and the Company's receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property.

(13) Subsequent Events

The Company issued 29,541,198 shares of common stock from October 1, 2004 through November 5, 2004 in connection with the offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$294,964,519.

The Company paid distributions of \$7,186,753 to its stockholders in October 2004.

On October 15, 2004, CR Investors, LLC, a 100% owned LLC of Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (a joint venture consolidated by the Company), purchased a 60.94% interest in an apartment complex known as Cardiff Hall East located in Towson, MD for approximately \$2.7 million.

As of October 31, 2004, Cordish Power Plant Management, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company ("CPP") admitted two new members in exchange for the capital contributions described below that were made on November 5, 2004. CRP Power Plant Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC, contributed capital in the amount of \$15 million in exchange for a 37.5% member interest in CPP. CGW Power Plant Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Gateway Village Holdings, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$5 million in exchange for a 12.5% member interest in CPP. CPP owns a 99.5% interest in Cordish Power Plant Limited Partnership. Cordish Power Plant Limited Partnership owns a ground lease interest in a mixed use retail/office complex located in the Inner Harbor area of Baltimore, Maryland that is known as The Power Plant. The Power Plant contains approximately 180,000 square feet of space and is 100% leased and occupied.

As of October 31, 2004, Cordish Power Plant Management Number Two, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company ("CPP2") admitted two new members in exchange for the capital contributions described below that were made on November 5, 2004. CTC Pier IV Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Towson Circle Holdings, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$5 million in exchange for a 16.67% member interest in CPP2. CTOLL Pier IV Investors, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company that is wholly owned by Tollgate Marketplace Holding Company, LLC contributed capital in the amount of \$15 million in exchange for a 50.0% member interest in CPP2. CPP2 owns all of the membership interest in Cordish Power Plant Number Two, LLC. Cordish Power Plant Number Two, LLC owns a ground lease interest in a mixed use retail/office complex located in the Inner Harbor area of Baltimore, Maryland that is known as Pier IV Office Building. The Pier IV Office Building contains approximately 120,000 square feet of space and is 100% leased and occupied.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

The Company has acquired the following properties or joint venture interests in properties during the period October 1 to November 5, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

DATE ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	YEAR BUILT 	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE (\$)	GROSS LEAS AREA (SQ. FT.)
10/05/04	Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza Miami, FL	2004	20,350,000	97,
10/12/04	The Columns - Phase II Jackson, TN	2004	5,740,596	44,
10/18/04	Denton Town Crossing Denton, TX	2003/ 2004	51,236,687	272,
10/19/04	Azalea Square Summerville, SC	2004	30,012,525	181,
10/21/04	Lake Mary Pointe Orlando, FL	1999	6,620,000	51,
10/25/04	Plaza at Riverlakes Bakersville, CA	2001	17,000,000	102,
10/26/04	Academy Sports Port Arthur, TX	2004	5,000,000	61,
10/28/04	Gurnee Town Center Gurnee, IL	2002	44,256,387	179,
10/29/04	CVS Pharmacy Sylacauga, AL	2004	3,066,241	10,
10/29/04	Academy Sports Midland, TX	2004	4,250,000	61,
11/03/04	Mansfield Towne Center Mansfield, TX	2004	16,055,074	111,
11/05/04	Winchester Commons Memphis, TN	1999	13,022,687	93,

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The mortgage debt and financings obtained during the period October 1, 2004 to November 5, 2004, are detailed in the list below.

DATE FUNDED	MORTGAGE PAYABLE	ANNUAL INTEREST RATE	MATURIT DATE
10/05/04	The Columns	4.910%	05/01/0
10/06/04	Low Country Village	4.960%	05/01/0
10/08/04	Lincoln Park	4.610%	11/01/0
11/01/04	Academy Sports - Port Arthur, TX	5.120%	11/01/0
11/01/04	Harris Teeter - Wilmington, NC	4.915%	11/01/0
11/04/04	The Columns - Phase II	4.950%	11/01/0

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The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet is presented as if the acquisitions of the properties and the issuance of the notes receivable had occurred on September 30, 2004.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet is not necessarily indicative of what the actual financial position would have been at September 30, 2004, nor does it purport to represent our future financial position. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of December 14, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of December 14, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties.

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	_	(A)	ADJ
ASSETS			
Net investment properties (B)	\$	1,971,434,000	
Cash and cash equivalents		280,414,000	
Restricted cash		80,094,000	
Investment in marketable securities and treasury contracts		1,566,000	
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture		5,782,000	
Restricted escrows		67,874,000	
Accounts and rents receivable		11,683,000	
Due from affiliates		1,572,000	
Note receivable		28,419,000	
Acquired in-place lease intangibles (B) (D)		148,597,000	
Acquired above market lease intangibles (B) (D)		37,578,000	
Loan fees, leasing fees and loan fee deposits (G)		14,118,000	
Other assets (G)		23,021,000	
Other assets (G)	_		
Total assets	\$ =	2,672,152,000	1,
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Mortgage and notes payable (B) (E)		1,141,248,000	
Accounts payable		1,352,000	
Accrued offering costs to affiliates		3,502,000	
Accrued interest payable		2,947,000	
Tenant improvement payable		3,605,000	
Accrued real estate taxes		10,529,000	
Distributions payable		7,187,000	
Security deposits		2,195,000	
Line of credit			
Prepaid rent and other liabilities		3,717,000	
Advances from sponsor		2,869,000	
Acquired below market lease intangibles (B) (D)		70,356,000	
Restricted cash liability		80,094,000	
Due to affiliates		778,000	
	-		
Total liabilities	_	1,330,379,000	
Minority interests		68,783,000	
Common stock (C)		146,000	
Additional paid-in capital (net of offering costs) (C)		1,304,817,000	
Accumulated distributions in excess of net loss (F)		(32,177,000)	
Accumulated distributions in excess of het loss (r) Accumulated other comprehensive income		204,000	•
vecquiatacea ocuet combienensive income	_		

Total stockholders' equity

1,272,990,000

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

\$ 2,672,152,000 1,

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated balance sheet.

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- (A) The historical column represents our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form 10-Q. As of September 30, 2004, the Company had sold 144,628,000 shares to the public and 1,636,000 shares were issued pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program. As a result, the Company received \$1,461,206,000 of gross offering proceeds. In addition, the Company received the Advisor's capital contribution of \$200,000 for which the Advisor was issued 20,000 shares.
- (B) The pro forma adjustments reflect the acquisition of the following properties. The mortgages payable represent mortgages obtained from a third party, either assumed as part of the acquisition or subsequent to acquisition. No pro forma adjustment has been made for prorations or other closing costs as the amounts are not significant:

	ACQUISITION PRICE	MORTGAGE PAYA
Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza	\$ 20,350,000	11 , 193
The Columns - Phase II	5,741,000	3,442
Denton Crossing	53,112,000	35 , 200
Azalea Square	30,013,000	16 , 535
Lake Mary Pointe	6,620,000	3 , 658
Plaza at Riverlakes	17,000,000	-
Academy Sports - Port Arthur	5,000,000	2 , 775
Gurnee Town Centre	44,256,000	-
CVS Pharmacy - Sylacauga	3,066,000	-
Academy Sports - Midland	4,250,000	2 , 338
Mansfield Towne Crossing	16,055,000	10 , 982
Winchester Commons	13,023,000	7 , 235
Kohl's - Wilshire (Final Construction Funding)	4,132,000	-
Publix Center	12,047,000	-
Fox Creek Village	20,883,000	_
Oswego Commons	35,022,000	19 , 262
Zurich Towers	138,000,000	81 , 420
University Town Center	10,569,000	-
Edgemont Town Center	15,639,000	-
Five Forks	8,086,000	-

Gateway Station		6,300,000	_
Northwoods Center		13,964,000	_
Shops at Forest Commons		7,505,000	5 , 250
Gateway Pavilions		65,141,000	_
American Express Portfolio		390,000,000	230,100
Total	\$	970,639,000	429,390
	· ·		. ,

24,865,000

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Allocation of net investments in properties:

Placentia Town Center

Land	\$ 187,570,000
Building and improvements	715,918,000
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	68,553,000
Acquired above market lease intangibles	997,000
Acquired below market lease intangibles	(2,399,000)
Total	\$ 970,639,000

- (C) Additional offering proceeds of \$580,000,000, net of additional offering costs of \$69,600,000 are reflected as received as of September 30, 2004, prior to the purchase of the properties and are limited to offering proceeds necessary to acquire the properties and offering proceeds actually received as of December 14, 2004. Offering costs consist principally of registration costs, printing and selling costs, including commissions.
- (D) Acquired intangibles represent above and below market leases and the difference between the property valued with the existing in-place leases and the property valued as if vacant. The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (E) Additional mortgages payable of \$488,942,000, reflected as funded as of September 30, 2004, includes \$429,390,000 of mortgages payable obtained subsequent to the acquisition of the properties described in (B) and \$59,552,000 of new financing placed on previously acquired properties.
- (F) No pro forma assumptions have been made for the additional payment of distributions resulting from the additional proceeds raised.
- (G) Change in loan fees, leasing fees and loan fee deposits of \$2,182,000 represents prepaid loan fees applied to mortgage payables obtained as described in (E). Change in other assets of \$18,960,000 represents advance purchase deposits on properties purchased as described in (B) and loan proceeds due from title companies.

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is presented to give effect the acquisition of the properties indicated in Note B of the Notes to the Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations as though they occurred on January 1, 2003 or the date significant operations commenced. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of December 14, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of December 14, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd - Greer, Eckerd - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd - Columbia, Eckerd -Crossville, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Academy Sports - Houma, The Columns -Phase II, Academy Sports - Port Arthur or Academy Sports - Midland, as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations would have been for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, nor does it purport to represent our future results of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	HISTORICAL (A)	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS (B)
Rental income	\$ 56,405,000	101,347,000
Tenant recovery income	12,802,000	17,093,000
Other property income	560,000	_

	-		
Total revenues			118,440,000
General and administrative expenses	-	2,844,000	-
Advisor asset management fee (C) Property operating expenses (F) Depreciation and amortization (D) (G)			- 29,859,000 46,903,000
Total expenses	-	45,816,000	76,762,000
Operating income		23,951,000	41,678,000
Other income Interest expense (H) Realized loss on sale of treasury contacts Minority interests	-	1,886,000 (17,964,000) (3,352,000) (107,000)	(35,834,000) - - -
Net income (loss)		4,414,000	
Other comprehensive income: Unrealized gain/loss on investment securities	-	204,000	
Comprehensive income (loss)		4,618,000	
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, basic and diluted (E)	=	70,052,000 ======	==
Net income (loss) per share, basic and diluted (E)	=	.06	==

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated statement of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the nine months ended September 30, 2004

(unaudited)

- (A) The historical information represents the historical statement of operations of the Company for the period from January 1, 2004 to September 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form 10-Q.
- (B) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of December 14, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003. No

adjustment was made for Eckerd - Greer, Eckerd - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd - Columbia, Eckerd - Crossville, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Academy Sports - Houma, The Columns - Phase II, Academy Sports - Port Arthur or Academy Sports - Midland as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

	-	GROSS INCOME & DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES (1)	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS
Rental income	\$	103,033,000	(1,686,000)
Tenant recovery income		17,093,000	_
Total revenues	-	120,126,000	(1,686,000)
Advisor asset management fee		_	_
Property operating expenses		24,570,000	5,289,000
Depreciation and amortization		_	46,903,000
Interest expense		_	35,834,000
Total expenses	_	24,570,000	88,026,000
Net income (loss)	\$	95,556,000	(89,712,000)

(1) Unaudited combined gross income and direct operating expenses based on information provided by the Seller for the following properties:

Newnan Crossing II, Hickory Ridge, CorWest Plaza, Shoppes at Quarterfield, Larkspur Landing, North Ranch Pavilion, La Plaza Del Norte, MacArthur Crossing, Promenade at Red Cliff, Peoria Crossings, Dorman Center - Phase I, Heritage Towne Crossing, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard, Bluebonnet Parc, North Rivers Town Center, Alison's Corner, Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, Eastwood Town Center, Watauga Pavilion, Northpointe Plaza, Plaza Santa Fe II, Pine Ridge Plaza, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, Lakewood Towne Center, Shoppes of Prominence Point, Northgate North, Davis Towne Crossing, Fullerton Metrocenter, Low Country Village, The Shops at Boardwalk, Shoppes of Dallas, Cranberry Square, Dorman Center - Phase II, Tollgate Marketplace, Gateway Village, Towson Circle, Gateway Plaza, Plaza at Marysville, Forks Town Center, Reisterstown Road Plaza, Village Shoppes at Simonton, Manchester Meadows, Governor's Marketplace, Mitchell Ranch Plaza, The Columns, Saucon Valley Square, Lincoln Park, Harvest Towne Center, Boulevard at the Capital Centre,, Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, Denton Crossing, Azalea Square, Lake Mary Pointe, Plaza at Riverlakes, Gurnee Town Centre, Mansfield Towne Crossing, Winchester Commons, Publix Center, Fox Creek Village, Oswego Commons, University Town Center, Edgemont Town Center, Five Forks, Placentia Town Center, Gateway Station, Northwoods Center, Shops at Forest Commons and Gateway Pavilions.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the nine months ended September 30, 2004

(unaudited)

Gross rental income based on information provided by tenant net leases for the following properties:

Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville, Wrangler Company Western Headquarters, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro, Harris Teeter - Wilmington, GMAC Insurance, CVS Pharmacy - Sylacauga, Zurich Towers and the American Express portfolio.

- (C) The advisor asset management fee is expected to be subordinated to the shareholders' receipt of a stated return thus no amount is reflected.
- (D) Buildings and improvements will be depreciated on a straight line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements. That portion of the purchase price that is allocated to above or below lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as an adjustment to rental income. Other leasing costs, tenant improvements and in-place lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as a component of amortization expense.
- (E) The pro forma weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the six months ended September 30, 2004 was calculated using the additional shares sold to purchase each of the properties on a weighted average basis plus the 20,000 shares purchased by the Advisor in connection with our organization.
- (F) Management fees are calculated as 4.5% of gross revenues pursuant to the management agreement and are included in property operating expenses.
- (G) The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (H) The pro forma adjustments relating to interest expense were based on the following debt terms:

CorWest Plaza

Hickory Ridge

PROPERTY	PRINCIPAL BALANCE	INTEREST RATE
Darien Towne Center	16,500,000	
CVS Pharmacy - Edmond	1,850,000	
CVS Pharmacy - Norman	2,900,000	
Newnan Crossing	23,766,100	
Shops at Park Place	13,127,000	
Pavilion at King's Grant	5,342,000	
Shaw's Supermarket - New Britain	6,450,000	
Stony Creek Marketplace	14,162,000	

18,150,000

23,650,000

Larkspur Landing	33,630,000
North Ranch Pavilion	10,157,000
Shoppes at Quarterfield	6,067,000
La Plaza Del Norte	32,528,000
MacArthur Crossing	12,700,000
Promenade at Red Cliff	10,590,000
Dorman Center - Phase I and Phase II	27,610,000
Peoria Crossings	20,497,000
Heritage Towne Crossing	8,950,000
Paradise Valley Marketplace	15,681,000
Best on the Boulevard	19,525,000

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the nine months ended September 30, 2004

(unaudited)

PROPERTY	PRINCIPAL BALANCE	INTEREST RATE
Bluebonnet Parc	12,100,000	
North Rivers Town Center	11,050,000	
Alison's Corner	3,850,000	
Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection	28,510,000	
Eastwood Towne Center	46,750,000	
Watauga Pavilion	17,100,000	
Northpointe Plaza	30,850,000	
Plaza Santa Fe II	17,474,500	
Eckerds Drug Stores (4)	6,800,000	
Pine Ridge Plaza	14,700,000	
Huebner Oaks Center (Note A)	31,723,000	
Huebner Oaks Center (Note B)	16,277,000	
John's Creek Village	23,300,000	
Lakewood Towne Center (Note A)	44,000,000	
Lakewood Towne Center (Note B)	7,260,000	
Shoppes of Prominence Point	9,954,300	
Northquate North	26,650,000	
Davis Towne Crossing	5,365,200	
Fullerton Metrocenter	28,050,000	
The Shops at Boardwalk	20,150,000	
Shoppes of Dallas	7,179,000	
* *	10,900,000	
Cranberry Square		T TD/
Tollgate Marketplace	39,765,000	LIBO
Gateway Village (Note A)	27,233,000	LIBOI
Gateway Village (Note B)	4,225,000	LIBO
Towson Circle (Note A)	15,647,500	1 TD01
Towson Circle (Note B)	3,550,000	LIBO
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville	7,100,000	
Gateway Plaza	18,163,000	
Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	11,300,000	

Plaza at Marysville	11,800,000
Forks Town Center	10,395,000
Academy Sports - Houma	2,920,000
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro	6,088,500
Reisterstown Road Plaza	49,650,000
Village Shoppes at Simonton	7,562,000
Manchester Meadows	31,065,000
Governor's Marketplace	20,625,000
Mitchell Ranch Plaza	18,700,000
Saucon Valley Square	8,851,000
Boulevard at Capital Centre	71,500,000
GMAC Insurance	33,000,000
Low Country Village	5,370,000
The Columns - Phase I	11,423,000
Lincoln Park	26,153,000
Harris Teeter - Wilmington	3,960,000

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the nine months ended September 30, 2004

(unaudited)

	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST RATE		
PROPERTY	BALANCE			
Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III	5,418,000			
Harvest Town Center	5,005,000			
Bed Bath & Beyond Plaza	11,193,000			
The Columns - Phase II	3,442,000			
Denton Crossing	35,200,000			
Azalea Square	16,535,000			
Lake Mary Pointe	3,658,000			
Academy Sports - Port Arthur	2,775,000			
Academy Sports - Midland	2,338,000			
Mansfield Towne Crossing	10,982,000			
Winchester Commons	7,235,000			
Oswego Commons	19,262,000			
Zurich Towers	81,420,000			
Shops at Forest Commons	5,250,000			
American Express Portfolio	230,100,000			

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is presented to give effect the acquisition of the properties indicated in Note B of the Notes to the Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations as though they occurred on January 1, 2003 or the date significant operations commenced. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of December 14, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of December 14, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties. No pro forma adjustments were made for CVS Pharmacy-Edmond or CVS Pharmacy-Norman as the properties were completed in 2003 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd-Greer, Eckerd-Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd-Columbia, Eckerd-Crossville, Shoppes of Prominence Point, Low Country Village, Shoppes of Dallas, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Dorman Center - Phase II, Academy Sports - Houma, Village Shoppes at Simonton, Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, The Columns - Phase II, Academy Sports - Port Arthur, CVS Pharmacy -Sylacauga, Academy Sports - Midland, Publix Center and Gateway Station as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations in 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations would have been for the year ended December 31, 2003, nor does it purport to represent our future results of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

> PRO FORMA HISTORICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Rental income Tenant recovery income Other property income	\$ •	120,271,000 29,823,000
Total revenues	783 , 000	150,094,000
General and administrative expenses Advisor asset management fee (D) Property operating expenses (G) Depreciation and amortization (E) (H)		- - 48,810,000 59,899,000
Total expenses	821,000	108,709,000
Operating income	(38,000)	41,385,000
Other income Interest expense (I) Realized loss on sale of treasury contacts Minority interests	(136,000) - - -	(41,623,000) - - -
Net income (loss)	\$ (174,000)	(238,000)
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, basic and diluted (F)	2,521,000	
Net income (loss) per share, basic and diluted (F)	(.07)	

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated statement of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

- (A) The historical information represents the historical statement of operations of the Company for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form
- (B) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of December 14, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003.

GROSS INCOME & DIRECT OPERATING OPERATING PRO FORMA EXPENSES (1) ADJUSTMENTS

PRO FORMA

Rental income Tenant recovery income	\$ 123,432,000 29,823,000	(3,161,000)
-		
Total income	153,255,000	(3,161,000)
Advisor agest management for		
Advisor asset management fee Property operating expenses	42,158,000	- 6,652,000
Depreciation and amortization	-	59,899,000
Interest expense	-	41,623,000
Total expenses	42,158,000	108,174,000
Net income (loss)	\$ 111,097,000	(111,335,000)
Net income (loss)	\$ 111,097,000	(111,335,000)

(1) Audited combined gross income and direct operating expenses as prepared in accordance with Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X for the following properties:

Shops at Park Place, Darien Towne Center, Newnan Crossing Phase I and II, Pavilion at Kings Grant, Hickory Ridge, CorWest Plaza, Shoppes at Quarterfield, Larkspur Landing, North Ranch Pavilion, La Plaza Del Norte, MacArthur Crossing, Promenade at Red Cliff, Peoria Crossings, Dorman Center - Phase I, Heritage Towne Crossing, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard, Bluebonnet Parc, North Rivers Town Center, Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, Eastwood Town Center, Watauga Pavilion, Northpointe Plaza, Plaza Santa Fe II, Pine Ridge Plaza, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, Lakewood Towne Center, Northgate North, Davis Towne Crossing, Fullerton Metrocenter, The Shops at Boardwalk, Cranberry Square, Tollgate Marketplace, Gateway Village, Towson Circle, Gateway Plaza, Plaza at Marysville, Forks Town Center, Reisterstown Road Plaza, Manchester Meadows, Governor's Marketplace, Mitchell Ranch Plaza, The Columns, Saucon Valley Square, Lincoln Park, Boulevard at the Capital Centre, Denton Crossing, Azalea Square, Plaza at Riverlakes, Gurnee Town Centre, Mansfield Towne Crossing, Winchester Commons, Fox Creek Village, Oswego Commons, University Town Center, Edgemont Town Center, Placentia Town Center, Gateway Pavilions and Northwoods Center.

The following properties did not require audits in accordance with Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X:

CVS Pharmacy (Eckerds) - Edmond, CVS Pharmacy (Eckerds) - Norman, Shaw's Supermarket - New Britain, Eckerds - Greer, Eckerds - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerds - Columbia, Eckerds - Crossville, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville, Wrangler Company Western Headquarters, Academy Sports - Houma, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro, Harris Teeter - Wilmington, GMAC Insurance, Academy Sports - Port Arthur, CVS - Sylacauga, Academy Sports - Midland, and Zurich Towers did not require 3-14 audits as these are single-tenant properties. Stony Creek Marketplace did not require a 3-14 audit as the property was complete in 2003 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. Alison's Corner, Shoppes of Prominence Point, Low Country Village, Shoppes of Dallas, Village Shoppes at Simonton, Harvest Town Center, Bed Bath & Beyond Plaza, Lake Mary Pointe, Publix Center, Five Forks, and Gateway Station did not require 3-14 audits as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations in 2003. Pacheco Pass and Quakertown did not require 3-14 audits

as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivables.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

(C) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of December 14, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made for the Eckerds - Edmond and the Eckerds -Norman as the properties were completed in 2003 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd - Greer, Eckerd - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd - Columbia, Eckerd - Crossville, Shoppes at Prominence Point, Low Country Village, Shoppes of Dallas, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Dorman Center - Phase II, Academy Sports - Houma, Village Shoppes at Simonton, Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, The Columns - Phase II, Academy Sports - Port Arthur, CVS Pharmacy -Sylacauga, Academy Sports - Midland, Publix Center and Gateway Station as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations in 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

		GROSS INCOME & DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES (1)	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS
Rental income Tenant recovery income	\$	46,899,000 1,047,000	(120,000)
Total revenues	-	47,946,000	(120,000)
Advisor asset management fee Property operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Interest expense		- 1,135,000 - -	- 2,158,000 18,603,000 17,843,000
Total expenses	_		38,604,000
Net income (loss)	\$ =	46,811,000 	(38,724,000)

(1) Unaudited combined gross income and direct operating expenses based on information provided by the Seller for the following properties:

Stony Creek Marketplace, Shaw's Supermarket (New Britain), Alison's Corner, Harvest Towne Center, Lake Mary Pointe, Five Forks and Shops at Forest Commons.

Gross rental income based on information provided by tenant net leases for the following properties:

Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville, Wrangler Company Western Headquarters, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro, Harris Teeter - Wilmington, GMAC Insurance, Zurich Towers and the American Express portfolio.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

- (D) The advisor asset management fee is expected to be subordinated to the shareholders' receipt of a stated return thus no amount is reflected.
- (E) Buildings and improvements will be depreciated on a straight line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements. That portion of the purchase price that is allocated to above or below lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as an adjustment to rental income. Other leasing costs, tenant improvements and in-place lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as a component of amortization expense.
- (F) The pro forma weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2003 was calculated using the additional shares sold to purchase each of the properties on a weighted average basis plus the 20,000 shares purchased by the Advisor in connection with our organization.
- (G) Management fees are calculated as 4.5% of gross revenues pursuant to the management agreement and are included in property operating expenses.
- (H) The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (I) The pro forma adjustments relating to interest expense were based on the following debt terms:

Pavilion at King's Grant

Shaw's Supermarket - New Britain

PROPERTY	PRINCIPAL INTE BALANCE RA		
Darien Towne Center	16,500,000		
CVS Pharmacy - Edmond	1,850,000		
CVS Pharmacy - Norman	2,900,000		
Newnan Crossing	23,766,100		
Shops at Park Place	13,127,000		

5,342,000

6,450,000

Stony Creek Marketplace	14,162,000
CorWest Plaza	18,150,000
Hickory Ridge	23,650,000
Larkspur Landing	33,630,000
North Ranch Pavilion	10,157,000
Shoppes at Quarterfield	6,067,000
La Plaza Del Norte	32,528,000
MacArthur Crossing	12,700,000
Promenade at Red Cliff	10,590,000
Dorman Center - Phase I and Phase II	27,610,000
Peoria Crossings	20,497,000
Heritage Towne Crossing	8,950,000
Paradise Valley Marketplace	15,681,000
Best on the Boulevard	19,525,000

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

PROPERTY	PRINCIPAL BALANCE	INTEREST RATE
Bluebonnet Parc	12,100,000	,
North Rivers Town Center	11,050,000	,
Alison's Corner	3,850,000	,
Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection	28,510,000	,
Eastwood Towne Center	46,750,000	,
Watauga Pavilion	17,100,000	,
Northpointe Plaza	30,850,000	,
Plaza Santa Fe II	17,474,500	,
Eckerds Drug Stores (4)	6,800,000	!
Pine Ridge Plaza	14,700,000	,
Huebner Oaks Center (Note A)	31,723,000	!
Huebner Oaks Center (Note B)	16,277,000	!
John's Creek Village	23,300,000	!
Lakewood Towne Center (Note A)	44,000,000	ļ
Lakewood Towne Center (Note B)	7,260,000	ļ
Shoppes of Prominence Point	9,954,300	ļ
Northgate North	26,650,000	!
Davis Towne Crossing	5,365,200	
Fullerton Metrocenter	28,050,000	
The Shops at Boardwalk	20,150,000	
Shoppes of Dallas	7,179,000	
Cranberry Square	10,900,000	
Tollgate Marketplace	39,765,000	LIBC
Gateway Village (Note A)	27,233,000	LIBOR
Gateway Village (Note B)	4,225,000	LIBOR
Towson Circle (Note A)	15,647,500	
Towson Circle (Note B)	3,550,000	LIBOR
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville	7,100,000	-
Gateway Plaza	18,163,000	

	11 000 000
Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	11,300,000
Plaza at Marysville	11,800,000
Forks Town Center	10,395,000
Academy Sports - Houma	2,920,000
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro	6,088,500
Reisterstown Road Plaza	49,650,000
Village Shoppes at Simonton	7,562,000
Manchester Meadows	31,065,000
Governor's Marketplace	20,625,000
Mitchell Ranch Plaza	18,700,000
Saucon Valley Square	8,851,000
Boulevard at Capital Centre	71,500,000
GMAC Insurance	33,000,000
Low Country Village	5,370,000
The Columns - Phase I	11,423,000
Lincoln Park	26,153,000
Harris Teeter - Wilmington	3,960,000

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

PROPERTY	PRINCIPAL BALANCE	INTEREST RATE
Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III	5,418,000	
Harvest Town Center	5,005,000	
Bed Bath & Beyond Plaza	11,193,000	
The Columns - Phase II	3,442,000	
Denton Crossing	35,200,000	
Azalea Square	16,535,000	
Lake Mary Pointe	3,658,000	
Academy Sports - Port Arthur	2,775,000	
Academy Sports - Midland	2,338,000	
Mansfield Towne Crossing	10,982,000	
Winchester Commons	7,235,000	
Oswego Commons	19,262,000	
Zurich Towers	81,420,000	
Shops at Forest Commons	5,250,000	
American Express Portfolio	230,100,000	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Azalea Square ("the Property") for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Azalea Square for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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AZALEA SQUARE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE MONT ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 200
	(unaudited)
Gross income:	
Base rental income	\$ 1,41
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	39
Total gross income	1,80
Direct operating expenses:	
Operating expenses	15
Insurance	2
Real estate taxes	25
Total direct operating expenses	43
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 1,37

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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AZALEA SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to

December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended

September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Azalea Square ("the Property") is located in Charleston (Summerville), South Carolina. The Property consists of approximately 117,135 square feet of gross leasable area. The Property is leased to 19 tenants and is approximately 98% occupied as of December 31, 2003. Of those tenants, four tenants account for approximately 76% of base rental revenue for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On October 19, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

Azalea Square was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations July 4, 2003, with construction complete of 117,135 square feet of gross leasable area as of December 31, 2003. An additional 64,000 square feet remained under construction as of December 31, 2003.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$63,279 for the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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AZALEA SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 4, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five years to 20 years, as of December 31 2003, are as follows:

\$ 1,911,620
2,346,448
2,386,455
2,392,650
2,328,321
10,984,144
\$ 22,349,638

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses (Combined Historical Summary) of the Properties Acquired from Bayer Properties, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Combined Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Combined Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Combined Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Combined Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting

principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Combined Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Combined Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Combined Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of the Properties Acquired from Bayer Properties, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM BAYER PROPERTIES, INC.

Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended

September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 (unaudited) Gross income: Base rental income 1,189,1 Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries 181,7 Total gross income 1,370,8 Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses 140,0 Real estate taxes 67,6

			,_
Insurance	9		17,0
	Total direct operating expenses		326,9
	Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	1,043,9
		=====	

See accompanying notes to combined historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM BAYER PROPERTIES, INC.

Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct
Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Ground rent expense

The Properties acquired from Bayer Properties, Inc. consist of:

NAME	GROSS LEASABLE AREA	LOCATION	OCCUPANCY AT DECEMBER
Edgemont Town Center	71,660	Homewood, Alabama	82%
University Town Cente	r 28,450	Tuscaloosa, Alabama	79%

Three tenants account for 36% of the Properties' base rental income for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Edgemont Town Center's 71,660 square feet of gross leasable area was under construction and completed during 2003. An additional 6,000 square feet was under construction as of December 31, 2003. Real estate taxes are excluded in the Combined Historical Summary related to the portions of the Property under construction.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14

102,2

of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses. The Combined Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Properties to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The Combined Historical Summary is presented on a combined basis since the properties were acquired from the same seller.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Properties lease retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Properties are reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$18,860 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM BAYER PROPERTIES, INC.

Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and

Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended

December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from two to 20 years, as of December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 1,569,399
2005	1,837,792
2006	1,841,130

2007		1,803,439
2008		1,530,669
Thereafter		14,442,120
	\$	23,024,549
	==	

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Properties. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Combined Historical Summary.

University Town Center is subject to two ground leases. One of which is a ground lease with semi-annual payments of \$25,000, payable to an unaffiliated third party. This ground lease was subject to abatement periods and terminates in 2039. The other ground lease requires semi-annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party, of \$37,478 until December 31, 2022, \$50,492 until December 31, 2027, \$51,273 until December 31, 2032, \$52,054 until December 31, 2037, and \$52,834 until the termination date. This ground lease is subject to abatement periods and terminates in 2043.

Although the ground leases provide for abatement periods or increases in minimum rent payments over the term of the leases, ground rent expense accrues on a straight-line basis. The related adjustment to ground rent increased ground rent expense by \$41,368 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Minimum rents to be paid to the unaffiliated third parties under the ground leases in effect at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

YEAR		
2004	\$ 87,479	
2005	124,958	
2006	124,958	
2007	124,958	
2008	124,958	
Thereafter	4,693,773	
	\$ 5,281,084	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Denton Crossing ("the Property") for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Denton Crossing for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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DENTON CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 200 (unaudited)
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Other Income	\$ 2,446 513
Total gross income	2,959
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	240 259 52
Total direct operating expenses	552
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 2,407

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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DENTON CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Denton Crossing ("the Property") is located in Denton, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 259,470 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 89% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 24 tenants of which four tenants accounts for approximately 50% of base rental revenue for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On October 18, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

Denton Crossing had 259,470 square feet that was under construction and completed during 2003. The remaining portion of the Properties' gross leasable area (representing approximately 70,000 square feet) was under construction as of December 31, 2003. Real estate taxes are excluded in the Historical Summary related to the portions of the Properties under construction.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$595,495 for the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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DENTON CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from August 11, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 10 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 2,937,465
2005	3,203,931
2006	3,203,931
2007	3,203,931
2008	3,197,065
Thereafter	12,348,490
	\$ 28,094,813

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses (Combined Historical Summary) of the Properties Acquired from Donahue Schriber for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Combined Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Combined Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.. Those standards require that we plan and

perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Combined Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Combined Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Combined Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Combined Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Combined Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of the Properties Acquired from Donahue Schriber for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 9, 2004

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM DONAHUE SCHRIBER
Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income
and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended
September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

FOR TH NINE MONTHS SEPTEMBER 30

(unaudit

Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Other Income

\$

Total gross income

Operating Real estate Insurance		-	
	Total direct operating expenses	-	
	Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	

See accompanying notes to combined historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM DONAHUE SCHRIBER
Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross
Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended
September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

The Properties acquired from Donahue Schriber consist of:

NAME	GROSS LEASABLE AREA	LOCATION	OCCUPANCY AT DEC
Plaza at Riverlakes	102,836	Bakersfield, California	939
Placentia Town Center	110,962	Placentia, California	898

Five tenants account for 52% of the Properties' base rental income for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Plaza at Riverlakes had 17,160 of square feet that was under construction and completed during 2003. Real estate taxes are excluded in the Combined Historical Summary related to the portions of the Property under construction.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses. The Combined Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of

accounting and requires management of the Properties to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The Historical Summary is presented on a combined basis since the properties were acquired from the same seller.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Properties lease retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Properties are reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$122,128 was earned for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$80,433 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM DONAHUE SCHRIBER
Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross
Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended
September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from one to 30 years, as of December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 2,532,357
2005	2,594,314
2006	2,212,058
2007	2,018,686
2008	1,844,145
Thereafter	13,463,957
	\$ 24,665,517

=========

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Properties. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Combined Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Gurnee Town Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of the management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Gurnee Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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GURNEE TOWN CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	NINE MONT SEPTEMBER
	(unaud
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 2,3 5
Total gross income	2,8
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	1 3
Total direct operating expenses	5
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 2,2

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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GURNEE TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

FOR

Gurnee Town Center ("the Property") is located in Gurnee, IL. The Property consists of approximately 179,840 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 96% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to a total of twenty-seven tenants, of which five tenants account for approximately 55% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On October 28, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$49,806 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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GURNEE TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from two and a half years to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 3,024,647
2005	3,031,410
2006	2,347,157
2007	2,073,736
2008	2,016,451
Thereafter	10,205,810
	\$ 22,699,211

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Winchester Commons ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of the management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a

reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Winchester Commons for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois November 3, 2004

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WINCHESTER COMMONS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Total direct operating expenses

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 20
	(unaudited)
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 793, 279,
Total gross income	1,073,
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	85, 204, 7,

297,

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ 775**,**

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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WINCHESTER COMMONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Winchester Commons ("the Property") is located in Memphis, Tennessee. The Property consists of approximately 93,024 square feet of gross leasable area and was 100% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 16 tenants, of which one tenant accounts for 47% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On November 5, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments decreased base rental income by \$5,784 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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WINCHESTER COMMONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from one to 16 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 1,008,019
2005	946,941
2006	870,713
2007	765 , 269
2008	744 , 965
Thereafter	5,197,703
	\$ 9,533,610

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Mansfield Towne Crossing ("the Property") for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Mansfield Towne Crossing for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMGLLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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MANSFIELD TOWNE CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

FOR THE
NINE MONTHS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

(unaudited)

\$ 462,
158,
 621,
108,
5,
125,
 239 ,
\$ 381,

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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MANSFIELD TOWNE CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Mansfield Towne Crossing ("the Property") is located in Mansfield, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 111,898 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 27% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 20 tenants of whom six tenants occupied the area in 2003. One tenant represented approximately 59% of base rental revenue for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On November 3, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

Mansfield Towne Crossing was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations July 23, 2003.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the

Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. No contingent rent was earned during the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$9,080 for the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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MANSFIELD TOWNE CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 23, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five years to 15 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 579,467
2005	921,979
2006	921,979
2007	921 , 979
2008	882 , 805
Thereafter	5,205,573

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Fox Creek Village ("the Property") for the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of the management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Fox Creek Village for period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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FOX CREEK VILLAGE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,
	(unaudite
Gross income:	
Base rental income	\$
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	
Total gross income	1
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	
Total direct operating expenses	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

FOX CREEK VILLAGE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Fox Creek Village ("the Property") is located in Longmont, Colorado. The Property consists of approximately 139,730 square feet of gross leasable area of which approximately 39,600 represents square footage of gross leasable are available for ground leases. The Property was approximately 66% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to two tenants that account for 100% of base rental revenue for period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On November 22, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. No contingent rent was earned during the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through November 12, 2018. Total ground lease income was \$2,717 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR		
2004	\$	988 , 109
2005		1,051,949
2006		1,056,498
2007		1,061,046
2008		1,065,595
Thereafter		11,020,462
	\$	16,243,659
	====	

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary. No insurance expense was recorded for the period from November 12, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 as the tenants that occupied the space during this period incurred and paid their own insurance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Gateway Pavilions ("the Property") for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical

Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Gateway Pavilions for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 9, 2004

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GATEWAY PAVILIONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 200	
		(unaudited)
Gross income:		
Base rental income	\$	2,317
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		507
Total gross income		2 , 825
Direct operating expenses:		
Operating expenses		300
Real estate taxes		303
Insurance		45
Total direct operating expenses		650

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ 2,175

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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GATEWAY PAVILIONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Gateway Pavilions ("the Property") is located in Avondale, Arizona, which when completed will consist of approximately 318,410 square feet of gross leasable area. The Property consists of approximately 197,512 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 93% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 22 tenants of which 5 tenants account for approximately 38% of base rental revenue for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On December 7, 2004 Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

Gateway Pavilions' 197,512 square feet of gross leasable area was under construction and completed during 2003. The remaining portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing 104,278 square feet) was under construction as of December 31, 2003. Real estate taxes are excluded in the Historical Summary related to the portion of the Property under construction.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain

leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with a term extending until October 1, 2023. Total ground lease income was \$19,335 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$50,513 for the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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GATEWAY PAVILIONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from February 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from one to 15 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 2,914,743
2005	3,275,666
2006	3,292,521
2007	3,311,622
2008	3,100,049
Thereafter	19,399,071
	\$ 35,293,672

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Northwoods Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Northwoods Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois November 26, 2004

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NORTHWOODS CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited).

> FOR NINE MONT SEPTEMBER

Gross income: Base rental Operating ex	income pense and real estate tax recoveries	\$
Tot	al gross income	1,
Direct operating Operating ex Real estate	penses	
Tot	al direct operating expenses	
Exc	ess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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NORTHWOODS CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Northwoods Center ("the Property") is located in Wesley Chapel, Florida. The Property consists of approximately 95,994 square feet of gross leasable area of which approximately 70,647 square feet of gross leasable area was available and occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 25 tenants, of which two tenants account for approximately 44% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On December 7, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30,

(unaud

2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$81,206 for year ended December 31, 2003.

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NORTHWOODS CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from four years to 20 years, as of December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	
2004	\$ 1,104,172
2005	1,405,893
2006	1,438,591
2007	1,446,935
2008	1,388,421
Thereafter	5,189,216
	\$ 11,973,228

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, insurance and professional fees are excluded

from the Historical Summary.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Oswego Commons ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of the management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Oswego Commons for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 8, 2004

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OSWEGO COMMONS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS E SEPTEMBER 30,
	(unaudited)
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 2,013, 654,
Total gross income	2,668,
Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	350, 307, 26,
Total direct operating expenses	684,
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 1,983, =======

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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OSWEGO COMMONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) BUSINESS

Oswego Commons ("the Property") is located in Oswego, Illinois. The Property consists of approximately 186,451 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to a total of 18 tenants, of which two tenants account for approximately 60% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On November 23, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect

the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

(3) GROSS INCOME

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. There was no contingent rent earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$112,535 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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OSWEGO COMMONS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to 18 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR

\$ 2,526,561
2,561,597
2,571,681
2,558,120
2,445,179
18,967,101
\$ 31,630,239

(4) DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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LAKE MARY POINTE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS E SEPTEMBER 30,	
	(uı	naudited
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	402, 59,
Total gross income		461 ,
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		52, 75, 10,
Total direct operating expenses		137,
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	323 ,

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

F-83

LAKE MARY POINTE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

EOD THE

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Lake Mary Pointe to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively.

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PUBLIX CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

		FOR THE PERI (COMMENCE TO SEP
	-	(
Gross income:		
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ -	
Total gross income		
	-	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	-	
Total direct operating expenses	-	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

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PUBLIX CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct
Operating Expenses For the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement
of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Publix Center to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from April 18, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004.

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FIVE FORKS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

		unaudited
Gross income:		
Base rental income	\$	493
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		58
Total gross income		551
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		41 68 7
Total direct operating expenses		116
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ =====	434

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS E SEPTEMBER 30,

FIVE FORKS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Five Forks to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively.

F-88

GATEWAY STATION

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	FOR THE PER (COMMENC TO SE
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$
Total gross income	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	
Total direct operating expenses	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct

operating expenses.

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GATEWAY STATION

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Gateway Station to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from June 21, 2004 (commencement of operations) to September 30, 2004.

F-90

SHOPS AT FOREST COMMONS
Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	NINE MO	OR THE ONTHS END ER 30, 20
	(una	audited)
Gross income:		
Base rental income	\$	386
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		124
Total gross income		511
Direct operating expenses:		
Operating expenses		76
Real estate taxes		76

Total direct operating expenses

Insurance

156

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ 354,3

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses.

F-91

SHOPS AT FOREST COMMONS
Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Shops at Forest Commons to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the Company) as listed in the accompanying index. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the financial statement schedule as listed in the accompanying index. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 13, 2004

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheet

December 31, 2003

ASSETS

Investment properties: Land \$ Building and other improvements	36,280,244 86,439,670
Less accumulated depreciation	122,719,914 (140,497)
Net investment properties	122,579,417
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and rents receivable Due from affiliates Note receivable Acquired in-place lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$51,773) Acquired above market lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$5,227) Loan fees (net of accumulated amortization of \$24,835) Other assets	64,381,134 1,147,551 918,750 7,552,155 8,753,908 1,590,446 1,434,160 3,744,642

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued)

December 31, 2003

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 505,448
Accrued offering costs due to affiliates	1,369,366
Accrued real estate taxes	1,392,069
Distributions payable	927 , 539
Security deposits	108,189
Mortgages payable	29,627,000
Line of credit	5,000,000
Prepaid rental and recovery income	104,756
Advances from sponsor	1,202,519
Acquired below market lease intangibles (net of accumulated	
amortization of \$15,386)	5,910,413
Other liabilities	71 , 927
Due to affiliates	2,154,158
Total liabilities	 48,373,384
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares	
authorized, none outstanding	_
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 250,000,000 shares	
authorized, 18,737,141 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital (net of offering costs of	18,737
\$22,144,814 of which \$1,369,366 was paid or accrued to	
affiliate	165,168,650
Accumulated distributions in excess of net loss	(1,458,608)
Total stockholders' equity	163,728,779

Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

\$ 212,102,163

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Income: Rental income Real estate tax recovery income Common area costs recovery income Interest income	\$ 606,645 95,654 42,334 37,648
Total income	782,281
Expenses: Professional services General and administrative expenses to affiliates General and administrative expenses to non-affiliates Property operating expenses to affiliates Property operating expenses to non-affiliates Real estate tax Interest Depreciation Amortization Acquisition cost expenses to affiliates Acquisition cost expenses to non-affiliates	88,058 104,259 127,896 16,627 30,963 95,654 135,735 140,497 76,608 7,563 131,700
Total expenses	955 , 560
Net loss	\$ (173,279)
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (.07)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	2,520,986

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003

	NUMBER OF SHARES	COMMON STOCK	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL
Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	_		
balance at march 3, 2003 (inception)			
Net loss	-	_	-
Distributions declared (\$.15 per weighted			
average number of shares outstanding)	_	-	-
Proceeds from offering	18,718,092	18,718	187,127,565
Offering costs		_	(22,144,814)
Proceeds from DRP	19,049	19	180,949
Common stock option expense	_	-	4,950
Balance at December 31, 2003	18,737,141 \$	18,737	\$ 165,168,650 \$
Daranco do Docombol ol, 1111	=======================================	==,	=======================================

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Cash flows from operations:	
Net loss	\$ (173,279)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating	
activities:	
Depreciation	140,497
Amortization	76,608
Amortization on acquired above market leases	5,227
Amortization on acquired below market leases	(15,386)

Stock option expense Changes in assets and liabilities:	4,950
Accounts and rents receivable	(1,147,551)
Accrued real estate taxes	1,240,567
Accounts payable	306,996
Prepaid rental and recovery income	104,756
Other liabilities	71,927
Security deposits	108,189
becarity deposits	
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	723,501
Cash flows from investing activities:	(100 710 014)
Purchase of investment properties	(122,719,914)
Acquired above market leases	(1,595,673)
Acquired in place lease intangibles	(8,805,681)
Acquired below market leases Other assets	5,925,799
Other assets Funding of note receivable	(830,697) (7,552,155)
Punding of note receivable Due to affiliates	
Due to alliliates	2,154,158
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(133, 424, 163)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities:	(133,424,163)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering	(133, 424, 163)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP	(133,424,163)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs	(133, 424, 163)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs Loan proceeds	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000 5,000,000
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs Loan proceeds Proceeds from unsecured line of credit Loan fees	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000 5,000,000 (4,022,986)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs Loan proceeds Proceeds from unsecured line of credit	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000 5,000,000 (4,022,986) (357,790)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs Loan proceeds Proceeds from unsecured line of credit Loan fees Distributions paid	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000 5,000,000 (4,022,986)
Net cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from offering Proceeds from the DRP Payment of offering costs Loan proceeds Proceeds from unsecured line of credit Loan fees Distributions paid Due from affiliates	187,146,283 180,968 (20,775,448) 29,627,000 5,000,000 (4,022,986) (357,790) (918,750)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period		
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ ===	64,381,134
Supplement disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ ===	135,735
Supplement schedule of non-cash financing activities:		
Distributions payable	\$	927 , 539
Accrued offering costs payable	\$	1,369,366

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2003

(1) Organization

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the "Company") was formed on March 5, 2003 to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, primarily multi-tenant shopping centers. The Advisory Agreement provides for Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. (the "Advisor"), an Affiliate of the Company, to be the Advisor to the Company. On September 15, 2003, the Company commenced an initial public offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 each and the issuance of 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each which may be distributed pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program.

The Company is qualified and has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for federal income tax purposes commencing with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. Since the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, the Company will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. Even if the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

The Company provides the following programs to facilitate investment in the Company's shares and to provide limited liquidity for stockholders.

The Company allows stockholders who purchase shares in the offering to purchase additional shares from the Company by automatically reinvesting distributions through the distribution reinvestment program ("DRP"), subject to certain share ownership restrictions. Such purchases under the DRP are not be subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance, and are made at a price of \$9.50 per share.

The Company will repurchase shares under the share repurchase program ("SRP"), if requested, at least once quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis, subject to certain restrictions. Subject to funds being available, the Company will limit the number of shares repurchased during any calendar year to 5% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Funding for the SRP will come exclusively from proceeds that the Company receives from the sale of shares under the DRP and such other operating funds, if any, as the Company's board of directors, at its sole discretion, may reserve for this purpose. The board, at its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share repurchase program after the end of the offering period, or reduce the number of shares purchased under the program, if it determines that the funds allocated to the SRP are needed for other purposes, such as the acquisition, maintenance or repair of properties, or for use in making a declared $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$ distribution. A determination by the board to eliminate or reduce the share repurchase program will require the unanimous affirmative vote of the independent directors. As of December 31, 2003, no shares have been repurchased by the Company.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company, as well as all wholly owned subsidiaries. Wholly owned subsidiaries generally consist of limited liability companies ("LLC's"). The effects of all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America ("GAAP") requires management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are classified as cash equivalents.

Costs associated with the offering are deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the offering upon closing. Formation and organizational costs are expensed as incurred. As of December 31, 2003, \$7,500 of organizational costs were expensed.

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation for its stock options granted. Under this method, the Company will report the value of granted options as a charge against earnings ratably over the vesting period.

Real estate acquisitions are recorded at costs less accumulated depreciation. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight line method. Building and improvements are depreciated based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements.

The Company performed an impairment analysis for its long-lived assets in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 ("SFAS 144") to ensure that the investment property's carrying value does not exceed its fair value. The valuation analysis performed by the Company was based upon many factors which require difficult, complex or subjective judgments to be made. Such assumptions include projecting vacancy rates, rental rates, operating expenses, lease terms, tenant financial strength, economy, demographics, property location, capital expenditures and sales value among other assumptions to be made upon valuing each property. This valuation is sensitive to the actual results of any of these uncertain factors, either individually or taken as a whole. Based upon the Company's judgment, no impairment was warranted as of December 31, 2003.

Tenant improvements are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as a component of amortization expense.

Leasing fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Loan fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related loans.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

The Company allocates the purchase price of the each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market leases, in-place lease value, customer relationship value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. The Company uses the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value as if vacant. The Company determines whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. The Company also allocates a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases and we consider various

factors including geographic location and size of leased space. The Company also evaluates each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and we consider various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property, tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, the Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires our judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economic, demographics, location, visibility, location, age and physical condition of the property.

The application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to the 2003 real estate acquisitions. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$5,227 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$15,386 was applied as an increase to rental income for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. The table below presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at December 31, 2003:

Amortization of:	2004	2005	2006	2007
Acquired above market lease costs	(431,185)	(431,185)	(429,043)	(37,01
Acquired below market lease costs	582 , 355	582,355	582 , 355	561 , 05
Net rental income increase / (decrease)	151,170	151,170	153,312	524 , 03
Acquired in place lease intangibles	963,821	963,821	963,821	963 , 82

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease intangibles are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. We incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease intangibles of \$51,773 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease. The difference between rental income earned on a straight-line basis and the cash rent due under the provisions of the lease agreements is recorded as deferred rent receivable and is included as a component of accounts and rents receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The carrying amount of the Company's debt approximates fair value. The carrying amount of the Company's other financial instruments approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments.

Staff Accounting Bulletin 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 101"), determined that a lessor should defer recognition of contingent rental income (i.e. percentage/excess rent) until the specified target (i.e. breakpoint) that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. The Company records percentage rental revenue in accordance with the SAB 101.

(3) Transactions with Affiliates

The Advisor contributed \$200,000 to the capital of the Company for which it received 20,000 shares of common stock.

As of December 31, 2003, the Company had incurred \$22,144,814 of offering costs. Pursuant to the terms of the offering, the Advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the offering or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross proceeds. As of December 31, 2003, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. The Company anticipates that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering.

Certain compensation and fees payable to the Advisor for services to be provided to the Company are limited to maximum amounts.

Nonsubordinated payments: Offering stage:

Selling commissions

Marketing contribution and due diligence allowance

Reimbursable expenses and other expenses of issuance

Acquisition stage:

Acquisition expenses

7.5% of the sale price for each share

3.0% of the gross offering proceeds

We will reimburse our sponsor for actual cosbehalf, in connection with the offering

We will reimburse an affiliate of our Advis on our behalf, in connection with the acqui

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

Operational stage:

Property management fee
THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE PROPERTY MANAGEMENT COMPANY.

Loan servicing fee

Other property level services

Reimbursable expenses relating to administrative services

Liquidation stage:

Property disposition fee THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE ADVISOR

Subordinated payments:

Operational stage:

BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE ADVISOR

Liquidation stage:

Incentive advisory fee THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE ADVISOR

4.5% of the gross income from the propertie (cannot exceed 90% of the fee which would be an unrelated third party)

.03% of the total principal amount of the 1 For each full year, up to the first \$100 mi percentage on a sliding scale thereafter

Compensation for these services will not ex would be paid to any third party for such s

The compensation and reimbursements to our its affiliates will be approved by a majori

Lesser of 3% of sales price or 50% of the o commission which would be paid to a third p

Advisor asset management fee Not more than 1% per annum of our average a THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A Subordinated to a non-cumulative, non-compo equal to 6% per annum

> After the stockholders have first received non-compounded return per year and a return an incentive advisory fee equal to 15% on m from the sale of a property will be paid to

On October 31, 2003, the Company acquired an existing shopping center known as The Shops at Park Place through the purchase of all of the membership interests of the general partner and the membership interests of the limited partner of the limited partnership holding title to this property. The center contains

approximately 116,300 gross leasable square feet and is located in Plano, Texas. An affiliate of our Advisor, Inland Park Place Limited Partnership, acquired this property on September 30, 2003 from CDG Park Place LLC, an unaffiliated third party for \$23,868,000. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to the Company when sufficient funds from the sale of shares to acquire

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

December 31, 2003

this property were raised. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to the Company for the price the affiliate paid to the unaffiliated third party, plus any actual costs incurred. The Company's board of directors unanimously approved acquiring this property, including a unanimous vote of the independent directors. The total acquisition cost to the Company was \$24,000,000, which included \$132,000 of costs incurred by the affiliate.

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of the Advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from the Company in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against the Stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$16,859,779 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, of which \$1,369,366 was unpaid at December 31, 2003.

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and administrative costs of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to our administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, professional services to affiliates, and acquisition cost expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. During the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, the Company incurred \$194,017 of these costs, of which \$40,703 remained unpaid as of December 31, 2003.

An affiliate of the Advisor provides loan servicing to the Company for an annual fee. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .05% of the first \$100,000,000 in mortgage balance outstanding and .03% of the remaining mortgage balance, payable monthly. Such fees totaled \$328 in the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

The Company used the services of an affiliate of the Advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that the Company obtained on some of the properties purchased. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. During the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, the Company paid loan fees totaling \$59,523 to this affiliate.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of the Advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services.

The Company incurred and paid property management fees of \$16,627 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. None remained unpaid as of December 31, 2003.

The Company established a discount stock purchase policy for affiliates of the Company and the Advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at a discount at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 per share depending when the shares are purchased. The Company sold 59,497 shares to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$62,472 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

As of December 31, 2003 the Company was due funds from affiliates in the amount of \$918,750 which is comprised of \$73,750 due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by the Company and \$845,000 which is due from the sponsor for reimbursement of December distributions paid in January by the Company. The sponsor has agreed to advance funds to the Company for distributions paid to our shareholders until funds from operations are adequate to cover the distributions. As of December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to the sponsor in the amount of \$1,202,517 for repayment of these funds.

As of December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to an affiliate in the amount of \$2,154,158 for the reimbursement of costs paid by the affiliate on behalf of the Company.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(3) Stock Option Plan

The Company has adopted an Independent Director Stock Option Plan which, subject to certain conditions, provides for the grant to each independent director of an option to acquire 3,000 shares following their becoming a director and for the grant of additional options to acquire 500 shares on the date of each annual stockholders' meeting. The options for the initial 3,000 shares are exercisable as follows: 1,000 shares on the date of grant and 1,000 shares on each of the first and second anniversaries of the date of grant. The subsequent options will be exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of grant. The initial options will be exercisable at \$8.95 per share. The subsequent options will be exercisable at the fair market value of a share on the last business day preceding the annual meeting of stockholders. As of December 31, 2003, we have issued 3,000 options to acquire shares to each of our independent directors, for a total of 15,000 options, of which none have been exercised or expired.

The per share weighted average fair value of options granted was \$0.60 on the date of the grant using the Black Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 8%, risk free interest rate of 2.0%, expected life of five years and expected volatility rate of 18.0%. The Company has recorded \$3,000 as expense for the 5,000 options (1,000 options per director) vesting upon the date of grant as of December 31, 2003 and will record the remaining \$6,000 in expense ratably over the remaining two-year vesting period.

(4) New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2003, FASB ISSUED INTERPRETATION 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities or Interpretation 46, which addresses the consolidation of certain entities in which a company has a controlling financial interest through means other than voting rights. This interpretation was revised in December 2003. For calendar year companies, Interpretation 46 contains an effective date of December 31, 2003 for special purpose entities and periods ending after March 15, 2004 for all other entities. The Company does not own interests in special purpose entities and management does not believe that the adoption of Interpretation 46 will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On May 15, 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 150, ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH CHARACTERISTICS OF BOTH LIABILITIES AND EQUITY. The Statement requires issuers to classify as liabilities (or assets in some circumstances) three classes of freestanding financial instruments that embody obligations for the issuer. Generally, the Statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003 and is otherwise effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company adopted the provisions of the Statement on July 1, 2003.

The Company did not enter into any financial instruments within the scope of the Statement during the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. To the extent stockholders request shares to be repurchased by the Company under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company's obligation to repurchase such shares will be classified as a liability at the redemption amount at the date documentation is complete and accepted by the Company in accordance with the plan documents.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(5) Leases

Minimum lease payments to be received in the future under operating leases, assuming no expiring leases are renewed, are as follows:

		PAYMENTS
2004	S	10,053,640
2005	Ť	9,758,805
2006 2007		9,684,354 9,273,557

MINIMUM LEASE

2008 Thereafter	9,033,324 78,836,462
Total	\$ 126,640,142

The remaining lease terms range from one year to 56 years. Pursuant to the lease agreements, tenants of the property are required to reimburse the Company for some or all of their pro rata share of the real estate taxes, operating expenses and management fees of the properties. Such amounts are included in additional rental income.

(6) Note Receivable

The note receivable balance of \$7,552,155 as of December 31 2003 consists of an installment note from Fourth Quarter Properties XIV, LLC (Fourth) that matures on January 15, 2004. This installment note is secured by a 49% interest in Fourth, which owns the remaining portion of the Newnan Crossing shopping center and is also guaranteed personally by the owner of Fourth. Interest only at a rate of 7.6192% per annum is due on the note.

The installment note was advanced to Fourth in contemplation of the Company purchasing the remaining portions of Newnan Crossing. The Company did not call the note on January 15, 2004 and subsequently purchased the property on February 13, 2004 at which time the note was paid in full by Fourth.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(7) Mortgages Payable

Mortgages payable consist of the following at December 31, 2003:

FIXED RATE MORTGAGES PAYABLE	INTEREST RATE AT	MATURITY DATE	BALANCE DECEMBEF 2003	31,
Property as collateral:				
Darien Commons Park Place	4.65% 4.71%	06/01/10 11/01/08	•	5,500,000 8,127,000
Total Fixed Rate Mortgages Payable			\$ 29	,627,000

The following table shows the mortgage debt maturing during the next five years

as of December 31, 2003.

2004 \$	_
2005	_
2006	_
2007	_
2008	13,127,000
Thereafter	16,500,000
\$	29,627,000

All of the Company's mortgage loans require monthly payments of interest only. The fixed-rate loans may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods.

On February 9, 2004, the Company entered into a rate lock agreement with Bear Stearns and paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,200,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.372% for a period of 90 days on \$60,000,000. The rate lock was entered into to secure the interest rate on mortgage debt to be identified as debt is placed on properties the Company currently owns or will acquire in the future.

(8) Line of Credit

On December 24, 2003, the Company entered into a \$150,000,000 unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. for a period of one year. The funds from this line of credit will be used to provide liquidity from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is place on the property. The Company is required to pay interest only on the outstanding balance from time to time under the line at the rate equal to LIBOR plus 175 basis points. The Company is also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds remaining under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service rations, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. As of December 31, 2003, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. In connection with obtaining this line of credit, the Company paid fees in an amount totaling approximately \$1,044,000 (which includes a .65% commitment fee). The outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$5,000,000 as of December 31, 2003 with an effective interest rate of 2.9375% per annum.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(9) Segment Reporting

The Company owns and seeks to acquire multi-tenant shopping centers primarily in the western United States. All of the Company's shopping centers are currently located in Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Texas. The Company's shopping centers are typically anchored by grocery and drugstores complemented with additional stores providing a wide range of other goods and services to shoppers.

The Company assesses and measures operating results on an individual property basis for each of its properties based on net property operations. Since all of the Company's properties exhibit highly similar economic characteristics, cater to the day-to-day living needs of their respective surrounding communities, and offer similar degrees of risk and opportunities for growth, the properties have been aggregated and reported as one operating segment.

Net property operations are summarized in the following table for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, and a reconciliation to net loss.

Property rental and additional rental income Total property operating expenses Mortgage interest	\$	744,633 (143,244) (132,471)
Net property operations	-	468,918
<pre>Interest income Less non-property expenses: Professional services</pre>		37,648 (88,058)
General and administrative expenses Acquisition cost expenses Depreciation and amortization	_	(235,419) (139,263) (217,105)
Net loss	\$	(173,279)

The following table summarizes property asset information as of December 31, 2003.

Total assets:	
Shopping centers	\$ 142,804,128
Non-segment assets	69,298,035
	\$ 212,102,163

The Company does not derive any of it's consolidated revenue from foreign

countries and does not have any major customer that individually account for 10% or more of the Company's consolidated revenues

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(10) Earnings (loss) per Share

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period (the "common shares"). As a result of the net loss incurred in 2003, diluted weighted average shares outstanding do not give effect to common stock equivalents as to do so would be anti-dilutive.

The basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding were 2,520,986 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

On December 10, 2003, in connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, the Company entered into an earnout agreement with the seller of the property. The earnout agreement stipulates that the seller shall retain the right, for a 48 month period after the date of purchase, to purchase the development and leasing rights to a vacant 50,000 square foot padsite included in the purchase of the property. If the seller develops and leases the padsite within the 48 month period, the Company is required to purchase the seller's interest in the leases based on an agreed upon base rent divider stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement. If the base rent divider should fall above or below certain limits, then the seller and purchaser have certain rights to terminate this agreement.

On December 31, 2003, in connection with the purchase of Pavilion at King's Grant, the purchase and sale contract stipulates that if anytime during the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant, Toys R Us located in the shopping center, should increase their base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease occurs in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then the Company would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based on a income capitalization formula stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement. After December 31, 2007 the Company is no longer obligated to pay the seller additional funds.

As part of the purchase and sale agreement for Newnan Crossing, the Company is obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction (approximately 28,000 square feet to be occupied by Linen's N Things) after construction is complete and the tenant has moved in and is paying rent. The purchase price for this portion of the center will be based on an income capitalization formula.

(12) Subsequent Events

The Company issued 12,698,273 shares of common stock from January 1, 2004 through February 13, 2004 in connection with the offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$126,917,854.

The Company is currently considering acquiring seven properties for an estimated purchase price of \$167,000,000. Our decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions and our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease an information prior to purchasing the property.

The Company has signed an application for an addition of \$75,000,000 to the line of credit with Key Bank. Fundings under the line of credit will require interest only payments based on the provisions of the existing line of credit with Key Bank. As of February 13, 2004, the Company's outstanding balance owed on the line of credit is \$70,000,000.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2003

The Company has acquired the following properties during the period January 1 to February 13, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

DATE		YEAR	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE	GROSS LEASABLE AREA
ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	BUILT	(\$)	(SQ. FT.)
01/06/04	CorWest Plaza	2000/ 2001	33,000,000	115,011
	New Britain, CT	2001		
01/09/04	Hickory Ridge Hickory, NC	1999	41,900,000	310,360
01/14/04	Larkspur Landing	1978/	61,100,000	173,814
	Larkspur, CA	2001		
01/15/04	North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, CA	1992	18,468,000	62,812

01/20/04	Metro Square Center Severn, MD	1999	11,031,000	61,817
01/21/04	La Plaza Del Norte San Antonia, TX	1996/ 1999	59,100,000	320,362
02/05/04	MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, TX	1995/ 1996	23,100,000	110,975
02/13/04	Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, UT	1999/ 1998	19,618,000	94,936
02/13/04	Newnan Crossing, Phase II Newnan, GA	1997	22,362,000	153 , 798

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2003

The mortgage debt and financings obtained subsequent to December 31, 2003, are detailed in the list below.

DATE FUNDED	MORTGAGE PAYABLE	ANNUAL INTEREST RATE	MATURIT DATE
2/04/04	La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, TX	4.61%	03/01/1
1/30/04	Larkspur Landing Larkspur, CA	4.45%	02/01/0
1/28/04	Shaw's - New Britain (A) New Britain, CT	4.684%	11/01/3
1/21/04	Hickory Ridge	4.531%	02/01/0

Hickory, NC

1/07/04	Cor West Plaza New Britain, CT	4.56%	02/01/0
1/05/04	Stony Creek Marketplace Noblesville, IN	4.77%	01/01/1

- (A) In connection with the financing of Shaw's New Britain on January 28, 2004, the Park Place mortgage debt was modified to be cross-collateralized with the Shaw's New Britain mortgage debt. All other terms of the Park Place debt generally remained the same.
- (13) Supplemental Financial Information (unaudited)

The following represents the results of operations, for the each quarterly period, during 2003.

	DEC. 31	2003 SEPT. 30
Total income Net loss	\$ 782,281 (123,235)	- (32,794)
Net loss, per common share, basic and diluted:	(.01)	(1.64)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	8,319,975	20,000

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A MARYLAND CORPORATION)

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2003

		INIT	IAL COSTS (A)		NT AT WHICH	
	ENCUMBRANCE	LAND	BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS TO BASIS	LAND	BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS
Darien Commons	16,500,000	7,000,000	22,468,408		7,000,000	22,468,408

Eckerd Drug Store - Edmund	-	975,000	2,400,249	-	975,000	2,400,249
Eckerd Drug Store - Norman	_	932,000	4,369,730	-	932,000	4,369,730
Newnan Crossing	_	4,542,244	12,188,579	_	4,542,244	12,188,579
Park Place	13,127,000	9,096,000	13,174,867	_	9,096,000	13,174,867
Pavilion at King's Grant	_	4,300,000	2,741,212	-	4,300,000	2,741,212
Shaw's Supermarket	_	2,700,000	11,532,191	_	2,700,000	11,532,191
Stony Creek Market Place	-	6,735,000	17,564,434	-	6,735,000	17,564,434
Total:	\$29,627,000	\$36,280,244	\$86,439,670	_	\$36,280,244	\$86,439,670 \$1

DATE ACQUIRED _____ Darien Commons 12/03 Eckerd Drug Store -Edmund 12/03 Eckerd Drug Store -12/03 Norman Newnan Crossing 12/03 Park Place 10/03 Pavilion at King's 12/03 Grant Shaw's Supermarket 12/03 Stony Creek Market 12/03 Place

Total:

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

Schedule III (continued)
Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

December 31, 2003

Notes:

- (A) The initial cost to the Company represents the original purchase price of the property, including amounts incurred subsequent to acquisition which were contemplated at the time the property was acquired.
- (B) The aggregate cost of real estate owned at December 31, 2003 for Federal income tax purposes was approximately \$127,195,000 (unaudited).
- (C) Reconciliation of real estate owned:

Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	\$	_
Purchases of property		127,195,469
Acquired in-place lease intangibles		(8,805,681)
Acquired above market lease intangibles		(1,595,673)
Acquired below below market lease		
intangibles		5 , 925 , 799
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$	122,719,914
	==	

(D) Reconciliation of accumulated depreciation:

Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	\$	_
Depreciation expense		140,497
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$	140,497
	=====	

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PROSPECTUS

270,000,000 shares of common stock - maximum offering 200,000 shares of common stock - minimum offering Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. a Real Estate Investment Trust

\$10.00 per share: Minimum Initial Purchase - 300 shares (100 shares for Tax-Exempt Entities)

We intend to operate as a real estate investment trust or a REIT beginning with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. We are not currently qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. We will not be requesting a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to qualify as a REIT. We were formed in 2003 to acquire and manage properties which are located mainly in states west of the Mississippi River. No public market currently exists for our shares of common stock and our

shares cannot be readily sold.

We are offering 250,000,000 shares to investors who meet our suitability standards; and up to 20,000,000 shares to participants in our reinvestment plan (at \$9.50 per share).

A minimum of 200,000 shares of common stock must be sold within one year from the date of this prospectus, unless extended, or we will terminate this offering and we will return your subscription payments, with interest within five business days after termination of this offering. Prior to the sale of the minimum offering, your subscription payments will be placed in an escrow account held by the escrow agent, LaSalle Bank National Association. The managing dealer of the offering, Inland Securities Corporation, is our affiliate. The managing dealer is not required to sell any specific number or dollar amount of shares but will use its best efforts to sell the 250,000,000 of our shares. This offering will end no later than September 15, 2004, unless we elect to extend it to a date no later than September 15, 2005 in states that permit us to make this extension.

INVESTING IN OUR COMPANY INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 11 FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE MATERIAL RISK FACTORS WHICH SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK. THESE RISKS INCLUDE:

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold (and sales by stockholders may be made at a loss);
- we have no operating history nor established financing sources;
- we have identified only one property to be purchased with the proceeds of this offering;
- if we raise the minimum amount, we will not have sufficient resources to acquire the identified property. We need to raise in excess of \$26 million to acquire this property;
- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our sponsor or their affiliates;
- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sales, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property manager and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- risks that incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees; and
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage.

We are unable to specifically quantify the above risk factors. The use of forecasts in this offering is prohibited. Any representations to the contrary and any predictions, written or oral, as to the amount or certainty of any present or future cash benefit or tax consequence which may flow from an investment in this program is not permitted. Any stockholder loss of capital will be limited to the amount of their investment. You should purchase these securities only if you can afford a complete loss of your investment.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per	Share	Min. Offering	Max. Offer
Public offering price, primary shares (1) Public offering price, distribution	\$	10.00	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,500,000
reinvestment program	\$	9.50	\$ 0	\$ 190 , 000
Selling commissions (1)	\$	1.05	\$ 210,000	\$ 262 , 500
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	8.95	\$ 1,790,000	\$ 2,452,500

(1) The selling commission only applies to sales of primary shares and is composed of a 7.5% selling commission (7.0% of which is reallowable), 2.5% marketing allowance and .5% due diligence expense allowance.

The date of this Prospectus is September 15, 2003.

FOR RESIDENTS OF MICHIGAN ONLY:

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER & INDUSTRY SERVICES, MICHIGAN OFFICE OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE SERVICES. THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT UNDERTAKEN TO PASS UPON THE VALUE OF THESE SECURITIES NOR TO MAKE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO THEIR PURCHASE.

THE USE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS CONDITIONED UPON ITS CONTAINING ALL MATERIAL FACTS AND THAT ALL STATEMENTS CONTAINED THEREIN ARE TRUE AND CAN BE SUBSTANTIATED. THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

NO BROKER-DEALER, SALESMAN, AGENT OR ANY OTHER PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING HEREBY MADE OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR EFFECTIVE LITERATURE.

THIS IS A BEST EFFORTS OFFERING, AND WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT OR REJECT ANY SUBSCRIPTION AND WILL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SUBSCRIBER OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION. THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THIS OFFERING WILL ALL BE SOLD. THERE ARE NO ASSURANCES AS TO WHAT SIZE WE MAY REACH.

THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT OUR OPERATIONS WILL BE PROFITABLE OR THAT LOSSES WILL NOT OCCUR.

IT IS NOT OUR POLICY TO REDEEM OUR STOCK (EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS OFFERING).

ANY REPRESENTATIONS CONTRARY TO ANY OF THE FOREGOING SHOULD BE REPORTED FORTHWITH TO THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE SERVICE AT 611 West Ottawa Street, 2nd Floor Ottawa Building, P.O. Box 30701, Lansing, MI 48909-8201, or Telephone (877) 999-6442.

WHO MAY INVEST

In order to purchase shares, you must:

- Meet the financial suitability standards, and
- Purchase a minimum number of shares.

SUITABILITY STANDARDS

Because an investment in our common stock is risky and is a long-term investment, it is suitable for you only if you have adequate financial means,

you have no immediate need for liquidity in your investment and you can bear the complete loss of your investment.

We have established financial suitability standards for investors who purchase shares of our common stock. In addition, residents of some states must meet higher suitability standards under state law. These standards require you to meet the applicable criteria below. In determining your net worth, do not include your home, home furnishings or your automobile. INVESTORS WITH INVESTMENT DISCRETION OVER ASSETS OF AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN COVERED BY ERISA SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW THE INFORMATION IN THE SECTION ENTITLED, "ERISA CONSIDERATIONS."

GENERAL STANDARDS FOR ALL INVESTORS

- Minimum net worth of at least \$150,000; or
- Minimum annual gross income of at least \$45,000 and net worth of at least \$45,000. Standards for Maine Residents
- Minimum net worth of \$200,000, or
- Minimum annual gross income of \$50,000 and a minimum net worth of \$50,000.

Standards for Arizona, California, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Oregon or Tennessee Residents

- Minimum net worth of \$225,000, or
- Minimum annual gross income of \$60,000 and a minimum net worth of \$60,000.

Standards for Kansas, Missouri, Ohio and Pennsylvania Residents

- In addition to meeting the actual standard for all investors, your investment may not exceed 10% of your liquid net worth.

In the case of sales to fiduciary accounts, these minimum standards must be met by the beneficiary, the fiduciary account, or by the donor or grantor who directly or indirectly supplies the funds to purchase the common stock if the donor or the grantor is the fiduciary. INVESTORS WITH INVESTMENT DISCRETION OVER ASSETS OF AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN COVERED UNDER ERISA SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW THE INFORMATION ENTITLED "ERISA CONSIDERATIONS."

In the case of gifts to minors, the suitability standards must be met by the custodian account or by the donor.

MINIMUM PURCHASE

Subject to the restrictions imposed by state law, we will sell shares of our common stock only to investors who initially purchase a minimum of 300 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$3,000, or tax-exempt entities which purchase a minimum of 100 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$1,000. For investors living in Iowa, the minimum investment for IRAs will be 300 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$3,000, and for investors living in Minnesota, the minimum investment for IRAs and qualified plan accounts will be 200 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$2,000. Tax-exempt entities are generally any investor that is exempt from federal income taxation, including:

- a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, IRA or other employee benefit plan which satisfies the requirements for qualification under Section 401(a), 414(d) or 414(e) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, IRA or other employee benefit plan which meets the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- trusts that are otherwise exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- a voluntary employees' beneficiary association under Section 501(c)(9)
 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- an IRA which meets the requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The term "plan" includes plans subject to Title I of ERISA, other employee benefit plans and IRAs subject to the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, governmental or church plans that are exempt from ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, but that may be subject to state law requirements, or other employee benefit plans.

Subject to any restrictions imposed by state law, subsequent additional investments by current investors require a minimum investment of \$25. This limitation does not apply to the purchase of shares through the dividend reinvestment provision.

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participate in these decisions Competition with third parties in acquiring properties will reduce our profitability an return on your investment We will compete with real estate investment programs sponsored by companies affiliated us for the acquisition of properties and for the time and services of personnel .. We plan to incur mortgage indebtedness and other borrowings, which may reduce the funds available for distribution, may increase the risk of loss since defaults may resul foreclosure and mortgages may include cross-collateralization or cross-default pro that increase the risk that more than one property may be affected by a default .. If we have insufficient working capital reserves, we will have to obtain financing from other sources The types of properties which we intend to acquire and the area in which we may acquire retail centers is limited The aggregate amount we may borrow is limited under our articles of incorporation We have no operating history, and so we have no history of earnings upon which you cou evaluate our business Because of the way we are organized, we would be a difficult takeover target. This coul depress the price of our stock and inhibit a management change Your investment return may be reduced if we are required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act There are many factors which can affect distributions to stockholders Our derivative financial instruments used to hedge against interest rate fluctuations of reduce the overall returns on your investment We could issue more shares in the future, which could reduce the market price of our outstanding shares

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Our share repurchase program is limited to .50% of the weighted average number of share our stock outstanding during the prior calendar year and may be changed or termina thereby reducing the potential liquidity of your investment Stockholders have limited control over changes in our policies If we invest in joint ventures, the objectives of our partners may conflict with our objectives If we sell properties by providing financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of de by the purchaser If we do not raise sufficient funds, we may not fulfill our investment objectives, incl Delays in acquisitions of properties may have an adverse effect We may not be able to immediately invest proceeds in real estate, which will harm your returns We depend on our board of directors, advisor and property manager and losing those relationships could negatively affect our operations There are conflicts of interest between us and our affiliates We cannot predict the amounts of compensation to be paid to our advisor and our other affiliates The managing dealer has not made an independent review of us or the prospectus Our rights and the rights of our stockholders to take action against our directors and officers and the advisor are limited The business of our advisor and our property manager may be acquired by us without furt action of our stockholders Your percentage of ownership may become diluted if we issue new shares of stock There are inherent risks with real estate investments Adverse economic conditions in our primary geographic region and in the market for reta space could reduce our income and distributions to you Rising expenses could reduce cash flow and funds available for future acquisitions If our tenants are unable to make rental payments, if their rental payments are reduced

if they terminate a lease, our financial condition and ability to pay distribution

adversely affected
Our financial condition and ability to make distributions may be adversely affected by
bankruptcy or insolvency, a downturn in the business, or a lease termination of a
that occupies a large area of the retail center or an anchor tenant
If a tenant claims bankruptcy, we may be unable to collect balances due under relevant
We may incur additional costs in acquiring or re-leasing retail properties
Our properties will be subject to competition for tenants and customers
Our properties will face competition which may affect tenants' ability to pay rent and
amount of rent paid to us and in turn affect the cash available for distributions
amount of distributions
We may be restricted from re-leasing space
We may be unable to sell a property if or when we decide to do so
If we suffer losses that are not covered by insurance or that are in excess of insurance
coverage, we could lose invested capital and anticipated profits
Terrorist attacks, such as the attacks that occurred in New York and Washington, D.C. o
September 11, 2001, and other acts of violence or war may affect the markets in wh
operate, our operations and our profitability
Real estate related taxes may increase and if these increases are not passed on to tena
our income will be reduced
Revenue from our properties depends on the amount of our tenants' retail revenue, making
vulnerable to general economic downturns and other conditions affecting the retail

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The costs of compliance with environmental laws and other governmental laws and regulations and adversely affect our income and the cash available for any distributions
Our costs associated with complying with the Americans with Disabilities Act may affect available for distributions
If a sale or leaseback transaction is recharacterized, our financial condition could be adversely affected
We may incur additional costs in acquiring newly constructed properties which may adves
Our investments in unimproved real property may result in additional cost to us to composite with re-zoning restrictions or environmental regulations
Construction and development activities will expose us to risks such as cost overruns, carrying costs of projects under construction or development, availability and communications and labor, weather conditions and government regulation
We may acquire or finance properties with lock-out provisions which may prohibit us from selling a property, or may require us to maintain specified debt levels for a persue years on some properties
Your investment has various federal income tax risks
If we fail to qualify as a REIT or to maintain our REIT status, our dividends will not deductible to us, and our income will be subject to taxation
You may have tax liability on distributions you elect to reinvest in common stock
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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights all of the material information in this prospectus. Because this is a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus and its appendices carefully before you decide to invest in our shares of common stock.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

We are a Maryland corporation formed in March 2003. We intend to operate as a real estate investment trust, or a REIT, for federal and state income tax purposes beginning with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. We intend that our company will own all of our assets, either directly or indirectly. We currently have one stockholder, our advisor, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. In March 2003, our advisor purchased from us 20,000 shares for \$10 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$200,000 in connection with our organization.

Our principal executive offices are located at 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and our telephone number is (630) 218-8000.

THE TYPES OF REAL ESTATE THAT WE MAY ACQUIRE AND MANAGE

Our advisor is experienced in acquiring and managing real estate, particularly retail focused shopping centers. We intend to acquire and manage a diversified (by geographical location and by type and size of retail centers) portfolio of real estate primarily improved for use as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. Our portfolio will consist predominantly of grocery and discount store anchored retail, including net lease retail. We may acquire certain mixed use properties that may include lodging, office and/or multi-family residential if they are part of a retail center. And, we may also acquire other types of retail shopping centers, such as enclosed malls, outlet malls and power centers. We also anticipate acquiring real estate improved with other commercial facilities which provide goods and services as well as double or triple net leased properties, which are either commercial or retail, including properties acquired in sale and leaseback transactions. A triple-net leased property is one which is leased to a tenant who is responsible for the base rent and all costs and expenses associated with their occupancy, including property taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance. We have, however, only identified one property in Phoenix, Arizona, to purchase from the proceeds of this offering.

The retail centers we intend to acquire would be located primarily in states west of the Mississippi River in the United States. Where feasible, we will endeavor to acquire multiple properties within the same major metropolitan markets where the acquisitions result in efficient property management operations with the potential to achieve market dominance.

We do not intend to invest in real estate properties that are primarily:

- farms;
- health care facilities;
- industrial properties;

- leisure home sites;
- manufacturing facilities;
- mining properties;

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- ranches;
- single-family residential properties;
- timberlands; or
- unimproved properties not intended to be developed (vacant land).

Subject to compliance with the applicable requirement under the federal income tax laws, we may also undertake construction and development activities and render services in connection with such activities.

OUR SPONSOR, OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP

Our sponsor is Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, which is owned by The Inland Group, Inc. The Inland Group, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, is a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate for over 35 years providing property management, leasing, marketing, acquisition, disposition, development, redevelopment, syndication, renovation, construction, finance and other related services. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor and is our advisor. Inland Securities Corporation, another affiliate of The Inland Group, is the managing dealer of this offering. Inland Western Management Corp., our property manager, is an entity owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of The Inland Group. The principal executive offices of The Inland Group, our sponsor, our advisor and our property manager are located at 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and their telephone number is (630) 218-8000.

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The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

	Daniel L. Goodwin*	Robert H. Baum*	G. Joseph Cosenza*	Robert D. Parks*						
	11		11	11						
	=========									
			GROUP, INC.*							
			1							
The Inland	The Inland Property	Inlan	nd Real	Inland						

Services Group, Inc.	Management Group, Inc.		tate Investment Corporation (our sponsor)		Estate Trans Group, I
			 		=
 Inland Risk and Insurance	 Inland Western Management Corp.	Inland Securities Corporation	Inland Western R Real Estate Adv Services, Inc	risory Property c. Corpora	y Sales
Management Services, Inc.	(property manager)	 		, 	i I
	 		===	 	
 Insurance Services			'	te Sales, Esta Inc. Develo	opment Acquis
		 	 	 	ration In
	 	 	· ·	l Estate s Services	
i I I	; ;	 	; ; !		
 	Property Management and Related Services	Securities Sales	Organization, Advisory and Real Estate Services	Construction Develope Service	oment Acq

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
We will be principally owned by public investors. Ownership is represented

Solid lines indicate 100% ownership. Broken lines indicate service.

 * The four indicated individuals control The Inland Group, Inc. and own substantially all of its stock.

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Investment in shares of our common stock involves risks. If we are unable to effectively manage the impact of these risks, we may not meet our investment

objectives and, therefore, you may lose some or all of your investment. The following is a summary of the material risks which we believe are most relevant to an investment in the shares. These risks are generally listed in the order of priority.

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold (and sales by stockholders may be made at a loss);
- we have no operating history nor established financing sources;
- we have identified only one property to be purchased with the proceeds of this offering;
- if we raise the minimum amount, we will not have sufficient resources to acquire the identified property. We need to raise in excess of \$26 million to acquire this property;
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage;
- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our sponsor or their affiliates;
- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sales, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property manager and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group, including conflicts of interest relating to:
 - the negotiation of the terms of the advisors and property management agreements;
 - the allocation of their time between us and their other business ventures;
 - decisions whether to acquire and dispose of properties;
 - the purchase and sale of properties to or from the advisor and our affiliates; and
 - the allocation of investment opportunities between us and their other business ventures.
- the management fee structure could result in our advisor recommending riskier or more speculative investments;
- we may make distributions that include a return of principal for federal tax purposes;
- we may fail to qualify as a REIT;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- our investment policies and strategies may be changed without stockholder consent;

our investments will lack geographic diversification;

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- we will not be able to meet our business objectives if we only acquire one single net leased property; and
- risks that incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST EXIST BETWEEN US AND SOME OF OUR AFFILIATES, INCLUDING OUR ADVISOR. THESE AFFILIATES INCLUDE, INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION, INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. AND INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION. INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION IS A PUBLICLY REGISTERED REIT. INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION IS A SELF-ADMINISTERED REIT AND IS NO LONGER AFFILIATED WITH THE INLAND GROUP. INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION PURCHASES SHOPPING CENTERS LOCATED IN THE MIDWEST. INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. IS AFFILIATED WITH THE INLAND GROUP. INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. PURCHASES SHOPPING CENTERS LOCATED EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION IS A SUBSIDIARY OF INLAND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION. INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION PROVIDES REPLACEMENT PROPERTIES FOR PEOPLE WISHING TO COMPLETE AN IRS SECTION 1031 REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE. Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc. is not a subsidiary of The Inland Group, Inc or its affiliates but does have some of the same shareholders as The Inland Group, Inc. Midwest Real Estate Equities buys, manages and sells commercial and multi-family property.

Some of these conflicts include:

- competition for the time and services of personnel that work for us and our affiliates, including, such persons as Daniel L. Goodwin, Robert H. Baum, G. Joseph Cosenza, Robert D. Parks, Roberta S. Matlin, Scott W. Wilton, Kelly E. Tucek, and Brenda G. Gujral, which may limit the amount of time these people may spend on our business matters;
- substantial compensation payable by us to Inland Securities Corporation, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. and Inland Western Management Corp. for their various services which may not be on market terms and is payable, in most cases, whether or not our stockholders receive distributions;
- competition for properties, although our affiliates are governed by the Property Acquisition Service Agreement which, with certain limitations, gives us a right of first refusal for all properties west of the Mississippi River;
- acquisition of properties from an affiliate who has a contract to acquire it from PDG America; and
- the possibility that we may do business with entities that have pre-existing relationships with our affiliates which may result in a conflict between our business and the ongoing business relationships our affiliates have with each other.

Conflicts of interest may also arise in connection with the potential sale or refinancing of our properties or the enforcement of agreements.

We have an option to acquire or consolidate into us the business conducted by our advisor and/or our property manager for shares of common stock.

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COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR AND AFFILIATES

We intend to pay our advisor and affiliates substantial fees for managing our business.

We will also pay the advisor and other affiliates of our sponsor a number of other fees for services or expense reimbursements during our offering, operational and liquidation stage.

Set forth below is a tabular summary of fees and compensation payable to our advisor and other affiliates.

Type of Compensation

Nonsubordinated payments:

Offering stage: Selling commissions

Marketing contribution and due diligence allowance

Reimbursable expenses and other expenses of issuance

Acquisition stage:

Acquisition expenses

Operational stage:

Property management fee This fee terminates upon A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH OUR PROPERTY MANAGER.

Loan servicing fee

Reimbursable expenses relating to administrative
The compensation and reimbursements to

7.5% of the sale price for each share Estimated maximum: \$187,500,000

3.0% of the gross offering proceeds Estimated maximum: \$75,000,000

We will reimburse our sponsor for actual costs incurred on our behalf in connection with this offering. Estimated amount: \$14,684,000

We will reimburse Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. for costs incurred, on our behalf, in connection with the acquisition of properties: Estimated maximum: \$13,450,000

4.5% of the gross income from the properties. (cannot exceed 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated third party). Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. We will pay the fee for services in connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management of the properties.

.08% of the total principal amount of the loans being serviced for each full year, up to the first \$100 million and a lesser percentage on a sliding scale thereafter. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time.

services

our advisor and its affiliates will be approved by a majority of our directors. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. These may include cost of goods and services and non-supervisory services performed directly for us by independent parties.

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Liquidation stage:

Property disposition fee
THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS
COMBINATION WITH OUR ADVISOR.

Subordinated payments:

Operational stage:

Advisor asset management fee
THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS
COMBINATION WITH OUR ADVISOR.

Liquidation stage:

Incentive advisory fee
THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS
COMBINATION WITH THE ADVISOR.

Lesser of 3% of sales price or 50% of the customary commission which would be paid to a third party. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time.

Not more than 1% per annum of our average assets; subordinated to a non-cumulative, non-compounded return, equal to 6% per annum. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. We will pay the fee for services in connection with our day-to-day operations, including administering our bookkeeping and accounting functions, services as our consultant in connection with policy decisions made by our board, managing our properties or causing them to be managed by another party and providing other services as our board deems appropriate.

After our stockholders have first received a 10% cumulative, non-compounded return and a return on their net investment, an incentive advisory fee equal to 15% on net proceeds from the sale of a property will be paid to our advisor. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. We will pay the fee for services in connection with the disposition of our properties.

PRIMARY BUSINESS OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGIES

Our primary business objective is to enhance the performance and value of our properties through active management. Key elements of our strategy are:

Acquisitions:

- To selectively acquire real properties that are diversified types and well-located.
- To selectively acquire properties on an all-cash basis if necessary to provide us with a competitive advantage over potential purchasers who must secure financing. We may, however, acquire properties subject to existing indebtedness if we believe this is in our best interest. We may acquire properties free and clear of permanent mortgage debt by paying the entire purchase price of each property in cash or for shares, interests in entities that own one or more of our properties or a combination of these. However, as of the date of this prospectus, we had not paid the purchase price of any properties using shares or interests in entities that will own our properties.

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To diversify geographically within the states west of the Mississippi by acquiring properties primarily located in major metropolitan areas to minimize the potential adverse impact of economic downturns in local markets.

Operations:

- We intend to actively manage costs and minimize operating expenses by centralizing all management, leasing, marketing, financing, accounting, renovation and data processing activities.
- We intend to improve rental income and cash flow by aggressively marketing rentable space.
- We intend to emphasize regular maintenance and periodic renovation to meet the needs of tenants and to maximize long-term returns.
- We intend to maintain a diversified tenant base at our retail centers, consisting primarily of retail tenants providing consumer goods and services.

SHARES SOLD BEFORE THE OFFERING

This is our initial public offering. We issued 20,000 shares of our common stock for \$10 per share, or an aggregate purchase price of \$200,000, to our advisor in connection with our organization.

TERMS OF THE OFFERING

If we only sell the minimum offering, we will have sold a total of 220,000 shares. If we sell the maximum amount of shares under the offering, we will have sold a total of 250,020,000. These numbers do not include shares issued upon exercise of options granted and which may be granted under our independent director stock option plan.

We are offering a minimum of 200,000 shares (\$2,000,000) and a maximum of 250,000,000 shares (\$2,500,000,000). We are offering 250,000,000 shares on a best efforts basis through the managing dealer at \$10.00 per share, subject to discounts in some cases. An offering on a best efforts basis is one in which the securities dealers participating in the offering are under no obligation to purchase any of the securities being offered and, therefore, no specified number of securities are guaranteed to be sold and no specified amount of money is quaranteed to be raised from the offering.

We are also offering up to 20,000,000 shares at a purchase price of \$9.50 per share to stockholders who elect to participate in our distribution reinvestment program.

The offering price of our shares is subjective and was determined by our board of directors. Our board of directors determined the offering price based upon the offering price of earlier REITs organized by our sponsor, the range of other REITs that do not have a public trading market and the recommendation of the managing dealer based on its consultations with likely soliciting dealers.

IS AN INVESTMENT IN US APPROPRIATE FOR YOU?

An investment in us might be appropriate as part of your investment portfolio if:

 You are looking for regular distributions. We intend to pay regular monthly distributions to our domestic stockholders and regular quarterly distributions to our foreign

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stockholders. The maximum time that you should have to wait to receive the first distribution is $45~\mathrm{days}$ from the date in which we accept your subscription.

- You are looking for a hedge against inflation. We intend to hedge against inflation by entering into leases with tenants which provide for scheduled rent escalations or participation in the growth of tenant sales. This is designed to provide increased distributions and capital appreciation.
- You are looking for capital preservation and appreciation. We intend to acquire a portfolio of diverse properties, usually on an all cash basis, that are well located. After acquiring these properties, we may finance them, but we anticipate that aggregate borrowings secured by our properties will not exceed 55% of their combined fair market value.

WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT WE WILL ACHIEVE THESE OBJECTIVES.

DISTRIBUTIONS

We intend to pay regular monthly distributions to our domestic stockholders and regular quarterly distributions to our foreign stockholders. The maximum time that you should have to wait to receive the first distribution is 45 days from the date in which we accept your subscription.

In order to maintain our REIT status under federal income tax laws, we intend to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to our stockholders. For federal income tax purposes only, we may make distributions that include a return of principal or an amount in excess of 95% of cash available to us.

REAL PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

We have identified one property for purchase in the state of Arizona.

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Peoria Station, which will contain 181,500 gross leasable square feet upon completion of the current redevelopment. The center currently contains 140,019 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 10160 North 67th Avenue in

Peoria, Arizona.

An affiliate of our advisor has entered into a contract to acquire this property. We anticipate that the affiliate will assign this purchase contract to us for no cost to us. We would then anticipate purchasing Peoria Station from PDG America, an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost, including expenses, is expected to be approximately \$25,867,000. This amount may be adjusted based on actual rental rates achieved on the redeveloped square feet. This amount may also increase by additional costs, which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$143 per square foot of leasable space.

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

We intend to institute a share repurchase program. Our share repurchase program may provide eligible stockholders with limited interim liquidity by enabling them to sell shares back to us. The prices at which shares may be sold back to us will be one year from the purchase date at \$9.25 per share; two years from the purchase date at \$9.50 per share; three years from the purchase date at \$9.75 per share; and four years from the purchase date at the greater of \$10.00 per share or a price equal to ten times our "funds available for distribution" per weighted average share outstanding for the prior calendar year. We may terminate, reduce or otherwise change the above share repurchase program.

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ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS

The amounts listed in the table below represent our current estimates concerning the use of the offering proceeds. Since these are estimates, they may not accurately reflect the actual receipt or application of the offering proceeds. This first scenario assumes we sell the minimum number of 200,000 shares of common stock in this offering. The second scenario assumes:

- we sell the maximum of 250,000,000 shares in this offering at \$10 per share; and
- we sell the maximum of 20,000,000 shares in our distribution reinvestment program at \$9.50 per share.

Under both scenarios we have not given effect to any special sales or volume discounts which could reduce selling commissions.

	MINIMUM OFFERING 200,000 SHARES			MAXIMUM OFFERING (INCLUDING SHARES SOLD UNDER DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMEN PROGRAM)		
	AMOUNT		PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCEN	
Gross proceeds			100.0%	\$ 2,690,000,000	1	
Less expenses: Selling commissions Marketing contribution Organization and offering		150,000 60,000 90,000	7.5% 3.0% 4.5%	187,500,000 75,000,000 14,684,000		

Total expenses	 300,000	15.0%	277,184,000	
Gross amount available	 1,700,000	85.0%	2,412,816,000	
Acquisition expenses Working capital reserve .	10,000 20,000	0.5% 1.0%	13,450,000 26,900,000	
Net cash available	\$ 1,670,000 ======	83.50% =======	\$ 2,372,466,000	========

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in our shares involves significant risks and therefore is suitable only for those persons who understand those risks and the consequences of their investment and who are able to bear the risk of loss of their entire investment. You should consider the following material risks in addition to other information set forth elsewhere in this prospectus before making your investment decisions.

THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK IS SUBJECTIVE AND MAY NOT BEAR ANY RELATIONSHIP TO WHAT A STOCKHOLDER COULD RECEIVE IF IT WAS SOLD. Our board of directors determined the offering price of our shares of common stock based on the following factors:

- the offering price of the earlier REITs organized by our sponsor;
- the range of offering prices of other REITs that do not have a public trading market; and
- the recommendation of the managing dealer based on its consultations with likely soliciting dealers.

However, the offering price of our shares of common stock may not be the same as the price at which the shares may trade if they were listed on an exchange or actively traded by brokers, nor of the proceeds that a stockholder may receive if we were liquidated or dissolved. As such, any sales may be made at a loss.

OUR COMMON STOCK IS NOT CURRENTLY LISTED ON AN EXCHANGE OR TRADING MARKET AND CANNOT BE READILY SOLD. There is currently no public trading market for the shares and we cannot assure you that one will develop. We may never list the shares for trading on a national stock exchange or include the shares for quotation on a national market system. The absence of an active public market for our shares could impair your ability to sell our stock at a profit or at all. By September 15, 2008 our board of directors will determine whether it is in our best interests to apply to have the shares listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system if we meet the applicable listing requirements at that time.

YOU DO NOT KNOW WHAT REAL PROPERTIES AND OTHER ASSETS WE MAY ACQUIRE IN THE FUTURE, AND MUST RELY ON OUR ADVISOR, OUR BOARD AND OFFICERS TO SELECT THEM AND STOCKHOLDERS WILL NOT PARTICIPATE IN THESE DECISIONS. We intend to acquire commercial retail properties. We have only recently identified one property we intend to acquire. However, no information is available as to the identification, location, operating histories, lease terms or other relevant economic and financial data of any real properties or other assets we may purchase in the future. As a result, you must rely on us to locate and acquire

suitable investment properties. In addition, our board of directors may approve future equity offerings or obtain financing, the proceeds of which may be invested in additional properties; therefore, you will not have an opportunity to evaluate all of the properties that will be in our portfolio. Stockholders will not participate in evaluating these investment opportunities. Nonetheless, you will be unable to evaluate the manner in which we invest the proceeds of this offering or the economic merit of particular properties prior to their acquisition. This prospectus only describes the parameters we will use to acquire additional real properties and other assets.

COMPETITION WITH THIRD PARTIES IN ACQUIRING PROPERTIES WILL REDUCE OUR PROFITABILITY AND THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. We compete with many other entities engaged in real estate investment activities, many of which have greater resources than we do. Larger REITs may enjoy significant competitive advantages that result from, among other things, a lower cost of capital and enhanced operating efficiencies. In addition, the number of entities and the amount of funds competing for suitable

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investment properties may increase. This will result in increased demand for these assets and therefore increased prices paid for them. If we pay higher prices for properties, our profitability is reduced and you will experience a lower return on your investment.

WE WILL COMPETE WITH REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT PROGRAMS SPONSORED BY COMPANIES AFFILIATED WITH US FOR THE ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF PERSONNEL. Affiliated companies have previously sponsored other REITs, private real estate equity programs and private placement mortgage and note programs, and affiliated companies in the future may sponsor other real estate investment programs. These affiliated companies include Inland Real Estate Corporation, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation and other entities to be formed by The Inland Group, Inc. We will compete with these existing and future real estate investment programs for the acquisition of properties of a type suitable for our investment, for the time and services of personnel of our advisor and affiliates of our advisor in connection with our operation and the management of our assets, and for obtaining and retaining investors for our common stock. We will be limited to acquiring properties that are located west of the Mississippi River and single net lease properties located anywhere in the United States and therefore our geographic diversity will be limited.

WE PLAN TO INCUR MORTGAGE INDEBTEDNESS AND OTHER BORROWINGS, WHICH MAY REDUCE THE FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION, MAY INCREASE THE RISK OF LOSS SINCE DEFAULTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE AND MORTGAGES MAY INCLUDE CROSS-COLLATERALIZATION OR CROSS-DEFAULT PROVISIONS THAT INCREASE THE RISK THAT MORE THAN ONE PROPERTY MAY BE AFFECTED BY A DEFAULT. We may, in some instances, use either existing financing or borrow new funds to acquire properties. We intend to incur or increase our mortgage debt by obtaining loans secured by selected or all of the real properties to obtain funds to acquire additional real properties. We may also borrow funds if necessary to satisfy the requirement that we distribute to stockholders as dividends at least 90% of our annual REIT taxable income, or otherwise as is necessary or advisable to assure that we maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We may incur mortgage debt on a particular real property if we believe the property's projected cash flow is sufficient to service the mortgage debt. However, if there is a shortfall in cash flow, then the amount available for distributions to stockholders may be affected. In addition, incurring mortgage debt increases the risk of loss since defaults on indebtedness secured by properties may result in foreclosure actions initiated by lenders and our loss

of the property securing the loan which is in default. For tax purposes, a foreclosure of any of our properties would be treated as a sale of the property for a purchase price equal to the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage. If the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage exceeds our basis in the property, we would recognize taxable income on foreclosure, but would not receive any cash proceeds. We may give full or partial guarantees to lenders of mortgage debt to the entity that owns our properties. In such cases, we will be responsible to the lender for satisfaction of the debt if it is not paid by such entity. If any mortgages contain cross-collateralization or cross-default provisions, there is a risk that more than one real property may be affected by a default.

If mortgage debt is unavailable at reasonable rates, we will not be able to place financing on the properties, which could reduce distributions per share. If we place mortgage debt on the properties, we run the risk of being unable to refinance the properties when the loans come due, or of being unable to refinance on favorable terms. If interest rates are higher when the properties are refinanced, our net income could be reduced, which would reduce cash available for distribution to stockholders and may prevent us from raising capital by issuing more stock and may prevent us from borrowing more money.

IF WE HAVE INSUFFICIENT WORKING CAPITAL RESERVES, WE WILL HAVE TO OBTAIN FINANCING FROM OTHER SOURCES. We intend to establish working capital reserves which we believe are adequate to cover our cash needs. However, if these reserves are insufficient to meet our cash needs, we may have to obtain

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financing from either affiliated or unaffiliated sources to fund our cash requirements. We cannot assure you that sufficient financing will be available or, if available, will be available on economically feasible terms or on terms acceptable to us. Additional borrowing for working capital purposes will increase our interest expense and therefore, our financial condition and our ability to pay distributions may be adversely affected.

THE TYPES OF PROPERTIES WHICH WE INTEND TO ACQUIRE AND THE AREA IN WHICH WE MAY ACQUIRE RETAIL CENTERS IS LIMITED. We intend to primarily acquire and manage retail centers. Our acquisition of retail centers is limited primarily to states west of the Mississippi River. Adverse economic conditions affecting that area could adversely affect our profitability to a greater degree than if we had diversified our investments to include other types of real estate over a larger geographic region.

WE CURRENTLY PLAN TO ACQUIRE ONLY ONE SINGLE NET LEASED PROPERTY. We currently only have an agreement to acquire one single net leased property. We will not be able to meet our business objectives if we only acquire one single net leased property. This limitation could have an adverse effect on our business.

THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT WE MAY BORROW IS LIMITED UNDER OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. Our articles of incorporation limit the aggregate amount we may borrow, secured and unsecured, to 300% of our net assets, absent a satisfactory showing that a higher level is appropriate. That limitation could have adverse consequences on our business, including:

- freezing our ability to purchase properties;
- causing us to lose our REIT status if borrowing was necessary to distribute the required minimum amount of cash to our stockholders for us to qualify as a REIT;

- causing operational problems if there are cash flow shortfalls for working capital purposes; and
- resulting in the loss of a property if, for example, financing was necessary to cure a default on a mortgage.

In order to change this limitation, we must obtain approval by a majority of our independent directors and by a majority of our stockholders. There will be a delay before approval can be obtained, if it can be obtained at all. It is possible that even if the required approval is obtained, it may not be obtained in sufficient time to avoid the adverse consequences of not having the additional funding when it is needed.

WE HAVE NO OPERATING HISTORY, AND SO WE HAVE NO HISTORY OF EARNINGS UPON WHICH YOU COULD EVALUATE OUR BUSINESS. We were incorporated on March 5, 2003. We have only recently begun operations. We have not acquired any properties or hired any employees. Therefore, we have no operating history upon which you can evaluate our business and prospects. We have no income, cash flow, funds from operations or funds available to make distributions to you. We may be unable to conduct our business as we intend to do. You must carefully consider the risks and uncertainties frequently encountered in new companies like ours. Because we have no operating history, we have no historical basis for predicting if our business will be successful.

BECAUSE OF THE WAY WE ARE ORGANIZED, WE WOULD BE A DIFFICULT TAKEOVER TARGET. THIS COULD DEPRESS THE PRICE OF OUR STOCK AND INHIBIT A MANAGEMENT CHANGE. Provisions which may have an anti takeover effect and inhibit a change in our management include:

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THERE ARE OWNERSHIP LIMITS AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND OWNERSHIP IN OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. In order for us to qualify as a REIT, no more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our stock may be beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of each taxable year. To assure that we will not fail to qualify as a REIT under this test, our articles of incorporation provide that, commencing March 1, 2003, subject to some exceptions, no person may beneficially own more than 9.8% of our common stock.

This restriction may:

- have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock; or
- compel a stockholder who had acquired more than 9.8% of our stock to dispose of the additional shares and, as a result, to forfeit the benefits of owning the additional shares.
- OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION PERMIT OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO ISSUE PREFERRED STOCK WITH TERMS THAT MAY DISCOURAGE A THIRD PARTY FROM ACQUIRING US. Our articles of incorporation permit our board of directors to issue, without stockholder approval, up to 10 million shares of preferred stock. The board may classify or reclassify any unissued preferred stock and establish preferences, conversion or other rights, voting power, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and other distributions, qualifications, or terms or conditions of

redemption, of any preferred stock. Thus, our board could authorize, without the approval by our stockholders, the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium for holders of our common stock.

MARYLAND LAW MAY DISCOURAGE A THIRD PARTY FROM ACQUIRING US. Maryland law restricts mergers and other business combinations between us and an interested stockholder. Under the Maryland Business Combination Act, an anti-takeover statute, for a period of five years after the most recent acquisition of stock by an interested stockholder, we may not engage in any merger or other business combination with that interested stockholder or any affiliate of that interested stockholder. After the five-year period, any merger or other business combination must be approved by our board of directors and by at least 80% of all the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of our voting stock and two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of our voting stock other than the interested stockholder with whom the business combination is to be effected unless, among other things, the stockholders of the company receive in the business combination a minimum consideration for their common stock equal to the highest price paid by the interested stockholder for its common stock. However, our articles of incorporation provide that the business combination provisions of Maryland law do not apply to any business combination involving us and our affiliates. As a result, the five-year prohibition and the super-majority stockholder vote requirements will not apply to any business combinations between us and our affiliates. The Maryland Business Combination Act could have the effect of discouraging offers from third parties to acquire us and of increasing the

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difficulty of successfully completing a business combination. See "Description of Securities - Provisions of Maryland Law and our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws."

MARYLAND LAW ALSO LIMITS THE ABILITY OF A THIRD PARTY TO BUY A LARGE STAKE IN US AND EXERCISE VOTING POWER IN ELECTING DIRECTORS. Maryland law provides a second anti-takeover statute, its Control Share Acquisition Act, which provides that "control shares" of a Maryland corporation acquired in a "control share acquisition" have no voting rights except to the extent approved by the corporation's disinterested stockholders by a vote of a two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter; shares of stock owned by interested stockholders, that is, by the acquirer, by officers or by directors who are employees of the corporation, are not entitled to be cast on the matter. "Control shares" are voting shares of stock which would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing directors within specified ranges of voting power. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A "control share acquisition" means the acquisition of control shares. The control share acquisition statute does not apply (i) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (ii) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation. Our bylaws exempt our affiliates from the Maryland control share acquisition statute. This statute could have the effect of discouraging offers

from third parties to acquire us and increasing the difficulty of successfully completing this type of offer by anyone other than our affiliates or any of their affiliates. See "Description of Securities - Provisions of Maryland Law and our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws - Control Share Acquisition."

YOUR INVESTMENT RETURN MAY BE REDUCED IF WE ARE REQUIRED TO REGISTER AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT. We are not registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. If we were obligated to register as an investment company, we would have to comply with a variety of substantive requirements under the Investment Company Act. These requirements include:

- limitations on capital structure;
- restrictions on specified investments;
- prohibitions on transactions with affiliates; and
- compliance with reporting, record keeping, voting, proxy disclosure and other rules and regulations that would significantly change our operations.

In order to maintain our exemption from regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940, we must engage primarily in the business of buying real estate, and these investments must be made within a year after the offering ends. If we are unable to invest a significant portion of the proceeds of this offering in properties within one year of the termination of the offering, we may avoid being required to register as an investment company by temporarily investing any unused proceeds in government securities with low returns. This would reduce the cash available for distribution to investors and possibly lower your returns.

To maintain compliance with the Investment Company Act exemption, we may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell and may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain. In addition, we may have to acquire additional income or loss generating assets that we might not otherwise

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have acquired or may have to forgo opportunities to acquire interests in companies that we would otherwise want to acquire and would be important to our strategy.

If we were required to register as an investment company but failed to do so, we would be prohibited from engaging in our business, and criminal and civil actions could be brought against us. In addition, our contracts would be unenforceable unless a court were to require enforcement, and a court could appoint a receiver to take control of us and liquidate our business.

THERE ARE MANY FACTORS WHICH CAN AFFECT DISTRIBUTIONS TO STOCKHOLDERS. Distributions will be based principally on cash available from our properties, real estate securities, and other investments. The amount of cash available for distributions will be affected by many factors, such as our ability to buy properties as offering proceeds become available, the yields on securities of other REITs which we invest in, and our operating expense levels, as well as many other variables. Actual cash available for distributions may vary substantially from estimates. We can give no assurance that we will be able to pay or maintain distributions or that distributions will increase over time. Nor can we give any assurance that rents from the properties will increase, that the securities we buy will increase in value or provide increased dividends over

time, or that future acquisitions of real properties or our investments in securities will increase our cash available for distributions to stockholders. Our actual results may differ from the assumptions used by our board of directors in establishing the initial distribution rate to stockholders. Some of these factors are beyond our control, and a change in any one factor could adversely affect our ability to pay future distributions:

- If one or more tenants defaults or terminates their lease, there could be a decrease or cessation of rental payments which would mean less cash available for distributions.
- Cash available for distributions may be reduced if we are required to spend money to correct defects or to make improvements to properties.
- Cash available to make distributions may decrease if the assets we acquire have lower yields than expected.
- There may be a delay between the sale of the common stock and our purchase of real properties. During that time, we may invest in lower yielding short term instruments, which could result in a lower yield on your investment.
- Federal income tax laws require REITs to distribute at least 90% of their taxable income to stockholders. This limits the earnings which we may retain for corporate growth, such as property acquisition, development or expansion and makes us more dependent upon additional debt or equity financing than corporations which are not REITs. If we borrow more funds in the future, more of our operating cash will be needed to make debt payments and cash available for distributions may therefore decrease.
- In connection with future property acquisitions, we may issue additional shares of common stock or interests in other entities that own our properties. We cannot predict the number of shares of common stock, units or interests which we may issue, or the effect that these additional shares might have on cash available for distributions to you. If we issue additional shares, they could reduce the cash available for distributions to you.
- We make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and to eliminate, or at least minimize, exposure to federal income taxes and the nondeductible REIT excise tax. Differences in timing between the

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receipt of income and the payment of expenses and the effect of required debt payments could require us to borrow funds on a short term basis to meet the distribution requirements that are necessary to achieve the tax benefits associated with qualifying as a REIT.

OUR DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS USED TO HEDGE AGAINST INTEREST RATE FLUCTUATIONS COULD REDUCE THE OVERALL RETURNS ON YOUR INVESTMENT. We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates on loans secured by our properties. To the extent we do, we are exposed to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. When the fair value of a derivative contract is negative, we owe the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk.

Our hedging strategy and use of derivative financial instruments may reduce the overall returns on your investments.

As we have yet to raise any money, our board has not yet established policies and procedures regarding our use of derivative financial instruments for hedging or other purposes.

WE COULD ISSUE MORE SHARES IN THE FUTURE, WHICH COULD REDUCE THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR OUTSTANDING SHARES. We have the power to issue more shares of our common stock in the future. We cannot predict the effect on the market price of our outstanding common stock, if any, of future sales by us of shares of our common stock, or the availability of shares for future sales through the exercise of options granted to independent directors under our independent director stock option plan. The issuance of these additional shares, or the perception that these shares could be issued, could adversely affect the prevailing market prices, if any, for our common stock.

OUR SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM IS LIMITED TO 5% OF THE WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OF OUR STOCK OUTSTANDING DURING THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR AND MAY BE CHANGED OR TERMINATED BY US, THEREBY REDUCING THE POTENTIAL LIQUIDITY OF YOUR INVESTMENT. In accordance with our share repurchase program, a maximum of 5% of the weighed average number of shares of our stock outstanding during the prior calendar year may be repurchased by us. This standard limits the number of shares we can purchase. Our board also has the ability to change or terminate, at any time, our share repurchase program. If we terminate or modify our share repurchase program or if we do not have sufficient funds available to repurchase all shares that our stockholders request to repurchase, then our stockholders' ability to liquidate their shares will be diminished.

STOCKHOLDERS HAVE LIMITED CONTROL OVER CHANGES IN OUR POLICIES. Our board of directors determines our major policies, including our investment objectives, financing, growth, debt capitalization, REIT qualification and distributions. Our board of directors may amend or revise these and other policies without a vote of the stockholders. This means that stockholders will have limited control over changes in our policies.

IF WE INVEST IN JOINT VENTURES, THE OBJECTIVES OF OUR PARTNERS MAY CONFLICT WITH OUR OBJECTIVES. We may make investments in joint ventures or other partnership arrangements between us and affiliates of our sponsor or with unaffiliated third parties. Investments in joint ventures which own real properties may involve risks otherwise not present when we purchase real properties directly. For example, our co venturer may file for bankruptcy protection, may have economic or business interests or goals which are inconsistent with our interests or goals, or may take actions contrary to our instructions, requests, policies or objectives. Among other things, actions by a co venturer might subject real properties owned by the

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joint venture to liabilities greater than those contemplated by the terms of the joint venture or other adverse consequences.

IF WE SELL PROPERTIES BY PROVIDING FINANCING TO PURCHASERS, WE WILL BEAR THE RISK OF DEFAULT BY THE PURCHASER. If we decide to sell any of our properties, we will use our best efforts to sell for cash. However, we may sell our properties by providing financing to purchasers. When we provide financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of default by the purchaser and will be subject to remedies provided by law. There are no limitations or restrictions on our ability to take purchase money obligations. We may therefore take a purchase money obligation secured by a mortgage as part payment for the purchase price. The terms of payment to us will be affected by custom in the area where the

property being sold is located and the then-prevailing economic conditions. If we receive promissory notes or other property in lieu of cash from property sales, the distribution of the proceeds of sales to our stockholders, or their reinvestment in other properties, will be delayed until the promissory notes or other property are actually paid, sold, refinanced or otherwise disposed of. In some cases, we may receive initial down payments in cash and other property in the year of sale in an amount less than the selling price and subsequent payments will be spread over a number of years.

IF WE DO NOT RAISE SUFFICIENT FUNDS, WE MAY NOT FULFILL OUR INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, INCLUDING ASSET DIVERSIFICATION. We are making this offering on a best efforts basis and it is conditioned on the sale of at least 200,000 shares of common stock for \$2,000,000. Because this offering will be made on a best efforts basis, our potential profitability and our ability to continue to diversify our investments, both geographically and by type of properties purchased, will be limited by the amount of funds we raise. We will be able to purchase additional properties only as additional funds are raised. We cannot guarantee that we will sell the minimum number of shares and, if we do not, all proceeds from subscribers will be returned to them together with the interest earned on the proceeds. We have committed to pay approximately \$26 million for the property to be purchased by us located in Phoenix, Arizona. In addition, expenses that we will incur in connection with this offering will impact the amount of funds that we have available to fulfill our investment objectives. If we only sell the minimum amount, we will incur \$300,000 in expenses, and therefore will only have \$1.7 million available for investment purposes. Funds that we apply towards offering expenses will reduce the amount of funds available for investment purposes. If we do not raise the minimum offering amount, then we will not be able to fulfill our investment objectives. See "Plan of Distribution -- Escrow Conditions" for explanations of when uninvested proceeds and escrowed funds will be returned to you. If we sell the maximum amount, we estimate our total expenses will be \$277 million, leaving approximately \$2.4 billion available for investment purposes.

DELAYS IN ACQUISITIONS OF PROPERTIES MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT. Delays we encounter in the selection, acquisition and development of properties could adversely affect your returns and distributions on your investment. Where we acquire properties prior to the start of construction or during the early stages of construction, it will typically take several months to complete construction and rent available space. Therefore, you could suffer delays in your distributions attributable to those particular properties. In addition, it takes a certain amount of time to locate, negotiate an acceptable purchase contract, conduct due diligence and ultimately acquire a property. If we are unable to invest our offering proceeds in income producing real properties in a timely manner, this may adversely affect the funds available for distribution.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO IMMEDIATELY INVEST PROCEEDS IN REAL ESTATE, WHICH WILL HARM YOUR RETURNS. Until we invest the proceeds of this offering in real estate investments, we may invest in short-term, highly liquid or other authorized investments. Such short-term investments are not likely to earn as high a return as we expect to earn on our real estate investments, and we cannot guarantee how long it will take us to fully invest the proceeds of this offering in real estate investments. If we are unable to locate and

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close on real estate investments promptly, or in a manner consistent with the capital we raise, the funds available for your distributions could be reduced.

WE DEPEND ON OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS, ADVISOR AND PROPERTY MANAGER AND LOSING THOSE RELATIONSHIPS COULD NEGATIVELY AFFECT OUR OPERATIONS. Our board of directors has supervisory control over all aspects of our operations. Our

ability to achieve our investment objectives will depend to a large extent on the board's ability to oversee, and the quality of, the management provided by the advisor, the property manager, their affiliates and employees for day-to-day operations. Therefore, we depend heavily on the ability of the advisor and its affiliates to retain the services of each of its executive officers and key employees. However, none of these individuals has an employment agreement with the advisor or its affiliates. The loss of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on us. These individuals include Robert D. Parks, G. Joseph Cosenza, Thomas P. McGuinness, Roberta S. Matlin and Brenda G. Gujral.

Our advisor must reimburse us for certain operational stage expenses exceeding 15%. If the advisor's net worth or cash flow is not sufficient to cover these expenses, we will not be reimbursed.

THERE ARE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN US AND OUR AFFILIATES. Our operation and management may be influenced or affected by conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with our affiliates. Our advisor and its affiliates are or will be engaged in other activities that will result in potential conflicts of interest with the services that the advisor and affiliates will provide to us. Those officers could take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us. The resolution of conflicts in favor of other entities could have a negative impact on our financial performance. These affiliates include, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., Inland Real Estate Corporation, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation and entities to be formed by The Inland Group, Inc., Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., our advisor. Inland Real Estate Corporation is a publicly registered REIT. Inland Real Estate Corporation is a self-administered REIT and is no longer affiliated with The Inland Group. Inland Real Estate Corporation purchases shopping centers located in the Midwest. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. is affiliated with The Inland Group, Inc. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. purchases shopping centers located east of the Mississippi River. Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation is a subsidiary of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation provides replacement properties for people wishing to complete an IRS Section 1031 real estate exchange. Our advisor receives fees based on the book value of the properties under management. Specific conflicts of interest between us and our affiliates include:

- WE MAY ACQUIRE PROPERTIES FROM AFFILIATES OF OUR SPONSOR IN TRANSACTIONS IN WHICH THE PRICE WILL NOT BE THE RESULT OF ARM'S LENGTH NEGOTIATIONS. The prices we pay to affiliates of our sponsor for our properties will be equal to the prices paid by them, plus the costs incurred by them relating to the acquisition and financing of the properties. These prices will not be the subject of arm's length negotiations, which could mean that the acquisitions may be on terms less favorable to us than those negotiated in an arm's-length transaction. The result of these transactions could cause us to pay more for particular properties than we would have in an arm's length transaction and therefore, adversely effect our cash flow and our ability to pay your distributions.
- WE MAY PURCHASE REAL PROPERTIES FROM PERSONS WITH WHOM OUR ADVISOR OR ITS AFFILIATES HAVE PRIOR BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND OUR INTERESTS IN THESE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM THE INTERESTS OF OUR ADVISOR OR ITS AFFILIATES IN THESE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS. We may purchase properties from third parties who have sold properties in the past, or who may sell properties in the future, to our advisor or its

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advisor will experience a conflict between our current interests and its interest in preserving any ongoing business relationship with these sellers. This could result in our advisor or its affiliates recommending properties that may be in the best interest of the third party seller, but not our best interest. This could adversely impact our portfolio by causing us to invest in properties that are not necessarily in our best interest.

- OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES RECEIVE COMMISSIONS, FEES AND OTHER COMPENSATION BASED UPON OUR INVESTMENTS AND THEREFORE OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES MAY RECOMMEND THAT WE MAKE INVESTMENTS IN ORDER TO INCREASE THEIR COMPENSATION. Our advisor and its affiliates receive commissions, fees and other compensation based upon our investments. They benefit by us retaining ownership of our assets and leveraging our assets, while you may be better served by sale or disposition or not leveraging the assets. In addition, our advisor's ability to receive fees and reimbursements depends on our continued investment in properties and in other assets which generate fees. Our advisor received fees based on the book value of the properties under management. Our property manager receives fees based on the income from properties under management. Therefore, our advisor and/or property manager may recommend that we purchase properties that generate fees for our advisor and property manager, but are not necessarily the most suitable investment for our portfolio. In addition, our affiliates, who receive fees, including our advisor, may recommend that we acquire properties, which may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. Therefore, the interest of our advisor and its affiliates in receiving fees may conflict with our ability to earn income and may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. The resolution of this conflict of interest may adversely impact our cash flow and our ability to pay your distributions.
- OUR ADVISOR MAY HAVE CONFLICTING FIDUCIARY OBLIGATIONS IF WE ACQUIRE PROPERTIES WITH ITS AFFILIATES. Our advisor may cause us to acquire an interest in a property through a joint venture with its affiliates. In these circumstances, our advisor will have a fiduciary duty to both us and its affiliates participating in the joint venture. The resolution of this conflict of interest may cause the advisor to sacrifice our best interest in favor of the seller of the property and therefore, we may enter into a transaction that is not in our best interest. The resolution of this conflict of interest may negatively impact our financial performance.
- THERE IS COMPETITION FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR ADVISOR MAY NOT DEDICATE THE TIME NECESSARY TO MANAGER OUR BUSINESS. We rely on our advisor and its affiliates for our daily operation and the management of our assets. Our officers and other personnel of our advisor and its affiliates have conflicts in allocating their management time, services and functions among the real estate investment programs they currently service and any future real estate investment programs or other business ventures which they may organize or serve. Those personnel could take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us. The resolution of conflicts in favor of other entities could have a negative impact on our financial performance.
- INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION IS PARTICIPATING AS MANAGING DEALER IN THE SALE OF THE SHARES. Inland Securities Corporation is our managing dealer of this offering and is affiliated with The Inland Group. Our managing dealer is entitled to selling commissions, reimbursement for marketing and due diligence expenses, and the receipt of warrants. Our

managing dealer may be subject to a conflict of interest arising out of

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its participation in this offering and its affiliation with The Inland Group in performing its "due diligence" obligations which arise under the Securities Act of 1933. The resolution of this conflict of interest could have a negative impact on our financial performance.

- WE MAY ACQUIRE THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGER WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION BY OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property manager, we have the option to acquire or consolidate the business conducted by them without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property manager. We may elect to exercise this right at any time after September 15, 2008. This unfettered discretion could cause us to take action that otherwise we would not be able to do and therefore, could have a negative impact on our financial performance.
- WE DO NOT HAVE ARM'S-LENGTH AGREEMENTS, WHICH COULD CONTAIN TERMS WHICH ARE NOT IN OUR BEST INTEREST. As we have noted, our agreements and arrangements with our advisor or any of its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations. These agreements may contain terms that our not in our best interest and would not otherwise be applicable if we entered into arm's-length agreements. See "Conflicts of Interest" for a discussion of various conflicts of interest.

WE CANNOT PREDICT THE AMOUNTS OF COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR AND OUR OTHER AFFILIATES. Because the fees that we will pay to our advisor and our other affiliates are based on the level of our business activity, it is not possible to predict the amounts of compensation that we will be required to pay these entities. In addition, because key employees of our affiliates are given broad discretion to determine when to consummate a transaction, we rely on these key persons to dictate the level of our business activity. Fees paid to our affiliates will reduce funds available for distribution. Because we cannot predict the amount of fees due to these affiliates, we cannot predict how precisely such fees will impact our distributions.

THE MANAGING DEALER HAS NOT MADE AN INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF US OR THE PROSPECTUS. The managing dealer, Inland Securities Corporation, is one of our affiliates and will not make an independent review of us or the offering. Accordingly, you do not have the benefit of an independent review of the terms of this offering. Further, the due diligence investigation of us by the managing dealer, also an affiliate, cannot be considered to be an independent review and, therefore, may not be as meaningful as a review conducted by an unaffiliated broker-dealer or investment banker. In addition, a substantial portion of the proceeds of the offering will be paid to the managing dealer for managing the offering, including cash selling commissions, a marketing contribution and a due diligence expense allowance.

OUR RIGHTS AND THE RIGHTS OF OUR STOCKHOLDERS TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS AND THE ADVISOR ARE LIMITED. Maryland law provides that a director has no liability in the capacity as a director if he performs his duties in good faith, in a manner he reasonably believes to be in our best interests, and with the care that an ordinary prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. Maryland law also provides that an act by a director of a Maryland corporation is presumed to satisfy the standards of the preceding sentence. Additionally, our articles of incorporation limit the liability of our directors and officers to us and to our stockholders for

monetary damages to the maximum extent permitted under Maryland law. Our articles of incorporation, in the case of our directors, officers, employees and agents, and the advisory agreement, in the case of the advisor, require us to indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents and the advisor for actions taken by them in good faith and without negligence or misconduct.

Moreover, we have entered into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and some of our executive officers. As a result, we and our stockholders may have more limited rights against our directors, officers, employees and agents,

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and the advisor than might otherwise exist under common law. In addition, we may be obligated to fund the defense costs incurred by our directors, officers, employees and agents or the advisor in some cases. See "Limitation of Liability and Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Our Advisors."

THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGER MAY BE ACQUIRED BY US WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION OF OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property manager, we have the option to cause the business conducted by our advisor and/or our property manager (including all of their assets) to be acquired by or consolidated into us, without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property manager or their respective board of directors or stockholders or shareholders in certain instances. We may elect to exercise this right as soon as any time after five years from the date of this prospectus. Our decision to exercise this right will be determined by a vote of a majority of our directors not otherwise interested in the transaction (including a majority of our independent directors). Our advisor and our property manager and/or their respective stockholders and shareholders will receive in connection with such an acquisition and in exchange for the transfer of all of the stock or assets of our advisor and/or our property manager, as the case may be, and for terminating their contractual relationships with us and the release or waiver of all their fees payable under the provisions of those contractual arrangements until their stated termination, but not paid, a determinable number of our shares. We will be obligated to pay any fees accrued under such contractual arrangements for services rendered through the closing of such acquisitions. In the event such an acquisition transaction is structured as a purchase of assets by us or a share exchange in which we are the acquiring corporation, our articles of incorporation and Maryland law will permit us to enter into and to consummate such a transaction without obtaining the approval of our stockholders. We do not presently intend to seek such stockholder approval if it is not then required by Maryland law or our articles of incorporation. Any such transaction will occur, if at all, only if our board of directors obtains a fairness opinion from a recognized financial advisor or institution providing valuation services to the effect that the consideration to be paid therefore is fair, from a financial point of view, to our stockholders. As a result, our stockholders will not have a right to vote on a decision to acquire the advisor or property manager and such transaction could dilute your holdings.

YOUR PERCENTAGE OF OWNERSHIP MAY BECOME DILUTED IF WE ISSUE NEW SHARES OF STOCK. Stockholders have no rights to buy additional shares of stock in the event we issue new shares of stock, known as preemptive rights. We may issue common stock, convertible debt or preferred stock in a subsequent public offering or a private placement, upon exercise of options, or to sellers of properties we directly or indirectly acquire instead of, or in addition to, cash consideration. Investors purchasing common stock in this offering who do not participate in any future stock issues will experience dilution in the percentage of the issued and outstanding stock they own. Your investment will not be diluted as a result of any future stock issues if we sell any subsequently issued common stock for cash or property having a value of not less

than \$10 per share. Options to purchase common stock to be issued to independent directors under our independent director stock option plan, and/or convertible securities, if any, likely will be exercised or converted at a time when we seek to obtain needed capital through a new offering of our securities and on terms more favorable than those provided by the offered securities. As long as options on convertible securities remain unexercised or unconverted, the terms on which we could raise additional capital may be adversely affected, increasing the likelihood of your ownership percentage being diluted.

THERE ARE INHERENT RISKS WITH REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS. All real property investments are subject to some degree of risk. Equity real estate investments cannot be quickly converted to cash. This limits our ability to promptly vary our portfolio in response to changing economic, financial and investment conditions. Real property investments are also subject to adverse changes in general economic conditions or local conditions which reduce the demand for rental space. Other factors also affect real estate values, including:

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- possible federal, state or local regulations and controls affecting rents, prices of goods, fuel and energy consumption and prices, water and environmental restrictions;
- increasing labor and material costs; and
- the attractiveness of the property to tenants in the neighborhood.

The yields available from equity investments in real estate depend in large part on the amount of rental income earned, as well as property operating expenses and other costs we incur. If our properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet operating expenses, we may have to borrow amounts to cover fixed costs, and our cash available for distributions may be adversely affected.

Prior investment programs of our sponsor experienced mortgage defaults and restructuring of debt. The principal real estate related adverse effects experienced by prior investment programs sponsored by The Inland Group and its affiliates were mortgage defaults and restructuring of debt.

ADVERSE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN OUR PRIMARY GEOGRAPHIC REGION AND IN THE MARKET FOR RETAIL SPACE COULD REDUCE OUR INCOME AND DISTRIBUTIONS TO YOU. Our properties will be located mainly in states west of the Mississippi River in the United States. Our properties will primarily be used as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. The economic performance of our properties could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. Our performance is therefore linked to economic conditions in this region and in the market for retail space generally. Therefore, to the extent that there are adverse economic conditions in this region and in the market for retail space generally that impact the market rents for retail space, such conditions could result in a reduction of our income and cash available for distributions and thus affect the amount of distributions we can make to you.

In addition, we intend to predominantly own and operate grocery and discount anchored retail centers. To the extent that the investing public has a negative perception of the retail sector, the value of our common stock may be negatively impacted, thereby resulting in the shares trading at a discount below the inherent value of our assets as a whole.

RISING EXPENSES COULD REDUCE CASH FLOW AND FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE ACQUISITIONS. Our properties and any properties we buy in the future, are and will be subject to operating risks common to real estate in general, any or all of which may negatively affect us. If any property is not fully occupied or if

rents are being paid in an amount that is insufficient to cover operating expenses, we could be required to expend funds with respect to that property for operating expenses. The properties will be subject to increases in tax rates, utility costs, operating expenses, insurance costs, repairs and maintenance and administrative expenses.

While some of our properties may be leased on a triple-net-lease basis or require the tenants to pay a portion of such expenses, renewals of leases or future leases may not be negotiated on that basis, in which event we will have to pay those costs. If we are unable to lease properties on a triple-net-lease basis or on a basis requiring the tenants to pay all or some of such expenses, or if tenants fail to pay required tax, utility and other impositions, we could be required to pay those costs which could adversely affect funds available for future acquisitions or cash available for distributions.

IF OUR TENANTS ARE UNABLE TO MAKE RENTAL PAYMENTS, IF THEIR RENTAL PAYMENTS ARE REDUCED, OR IF THEY TERMINATE A LEASE, OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION AND ABILITY TO PAY DISTRIBUTIONS WILL BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED. We are subject to the risk that tenants, as well as lease guarantors, if any, may be unable to make their lease payments or may decline to extend a lease upon its expiration. A default by a tenant, the failure of a guarantor to fulfill its obligations or other premature termination of a lease, or a tenant's

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election not to extend a lease upon its expiration, could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and our ability to pay distributions.

OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION AND ABILITY TO MAKE DISTRIBUTIONS MAY BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THE BANKRUPTCY OR INSOLVENCY, A DOWNTURN IN THE BUSINESS, OR A LEASE TERMINATION OF A TENANT THAT OCCUPIES A LARGE AREA OF THE RETAIL CENTER OR AN ANCHOR TENANT. Generally, any tenant occupying a large portion of the gross leasable area of a retail center, a tenant of any of the triple-net single-user retail properties outside the primary geographical area of investment, commonly referred to as an anchor tenant, or a tenant that is an anchor tenant at more than one retail center, may become insolvent, may suffer a downturn in business, or may decide not to renew its lease. Any of these events would result in a reduction or cessation in rental payments to us and would adversely affect our financial condition. A lease termination by an anchor tenant could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants whose leases permit cancellation or rent reduction if an anchor tenant's lease is terminated. In certain properties where there are large tenants, other tenants may require that if certain large tenants or "shadow" tenants discontinue operations, a right of termination or reduced rent may exist. In such event, we may be unable to re-lease the vacated space. Similarly, the leases of some anchor tenants may permit the anchor tenant to transfer its lease to another retailer. The transfer to a new anchor tenant could cause customer traffic in the retail center to decrease and thereby reduce the income generated by that retail center. A transfer lease to a new anchor tenant could also allow other tenants to make reduced rental payments or to terminate their leases at the retail center. If we are unable to re-lease the vacated space to a new anchor tenant, we may incur additional expenses in order to re-model the space to be able to re-lease the space to more than one tenant.

IF A TENANT CLAIMS BANKRUPTCY, WE MAY BE UNABLE TO COLLECT BALANCES DUE UNDER RELEVANT LEASES. Any or all of the tenants, or a guarantor of a tenant's lease obligations, could be subject to a bankruptcy proceeding pursuant to Title 11 of the bankruptcy laws of the United States. Such a bankruptcy filing would bar all efforts by us to collect pre-bankruptcy debts from these entities or their properties, unless we receive an enabling order from the bankruptcy court. Post-bankruptcy debts would be paid currently. If a lease is assumed, all

pre-bankruptcy balances owing under it must be paid in full. If a lease is rejected by a tenant in bankruptcy, we would have a general unsecured claim for damages. If a lease is rejected, it is unlikely we would receive any payments from the tenant because our claim is capped at the rent reserved under the lease, without acceleration, for the greater of one year or 15% of the remaining term of the lease, but not greater than three years, plus rent already due but unpaid. This claim could be paid only in the event funds were available, and then only in the same percentage as that realized on other unsecured claims.

A tenant or lease guarantor bankruptcy could delay efforts to collect past due balances under the relevant leases, and could ultimately preclude full collection of these sums. Such an event could cause a decrease or cessation of rental payments which would mean a reduction in our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to you. In the event of a bankruptcy, we cannot assure you that the tenant or its trustee will assume our lease. If a given lease, or guaranty of a lease, is not assumed, our cash flow and the amounts available for distributions to you may be adversely affected.

WE MAY INCUR ADDITIONAL COSTS IN ACQUIRING OR RE-LEASING RETAIL PROPERTIES. Some of the properties we may acquire may be designed or built primarily for a particular tenant or a specific type of use. If a tenant fails to renew its lease or defaults on its lease obligations, we may not be able to readily market the property to a new tenant without substantial capital improvements or remodeling, which may adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition.

OUR PROPERTIES WILL BE SUBJECT TO COMPETITION FOR TENANTS AND CUSTOMERS. We intend to locate our properties in developed areas. Therefore, there are and will undoubtedly be numerous other retail

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properties within the market area of each of our properties which will compete with our properties and which will compete with us for tenants. The number of competitive properties could have a material effect on our ability to rent space at our properties and the amount of rents charged. We could be adversely affected if additional competitive properties are built in locations competitive with our properties, causing increased competition for customer traffic and creditworthy tenants. This could result in decreased cash flow from tenants and may require us to make capital improvements to properties which we would not have otherwise made, thus affecting cash available for distributions, and the amount available for distributions to you.

OUR PROPERTIES WILL FACE COMPETITION WHICH MAY AFFECT TENANTS' ABILITY TO PAY RENT AND THE AMOUNT OF RENT PAID TO US AND IN TURN AFFECT THE CASH AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTIONS AND THE AMOUNT OF DISTRIBUTIONS. Each of our properties will be subject to competition from similar retail centers within their respective market areas. Other retail centers within the market area of our properties will compete with our properties for customers affecting their cash flows and thus affecting their ability to pay rent. In addition, some of our tenant rent payments may be based on the amount of sales revenue generated by them. If these tenants experience competition, the amount of their rent may decrease and our cash flow will decrease.

WE MAY BE RESTRICTED FROM RE-LEASING SPACE. In many cases, tenant leases will contain provisions giving the tenant the exclusive right to sell particular types of merchandise or provide specific types of services within the particular retail center, or limit the ability of other tenants to sell such merchandise or provide such services. When re-leasing space after a vacancy is required, these provisions may limit the number and types of prospective tenants for the vacant space. The failure to re-lease or to re-lease on satisfactory terms could result

in a reduction of net income, funds from operations and cash available for distributions and, thus affect the amount of distributions to you.

WE MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL A PROPERTY IF OR WHEN WE DECIDE TO DO SO. The real estate market is affected by many factors, such as general economic conditions, availability of financing, interest rates and other factors, including supply and demand, that are beyond our control. We cannot predict whether we will be able to sell any property for the price or on the terms set by us, or whether any price or other terms offered by a prospective purchaser would be acceptable to us. We cannot predict the length of time needed to find a willing purchaser and to close the sale of a property.

We may be required to expend funds to correct defects or to make improvements before a property can be sold. We cannot assure you that we will have funds available to correct such defects or to make such improvements.

In acquiring a property, we may agree to restrictions that prohibit the sale of that property for a period of time or impose other restrictions, such as a limitation on the amount of debt that can be placed or repaid on that property. These provisions would restrict our ability to sell a property.

IF WE SUFFER LOSSES THAT ARE NOT COVERED BY INSURANCE OR THAT ARE IN EXCESS OF INSURANCE COVERAGE, WE COULD LOSE INVESTED CAPITAL AND ANTICIPATED PROFITS. Each tenant is responsible for insuring its goods and premises and, in some circumstances, may be required to reimburse us for a share of the cost of acquiring comprehensive insurance for the property, including casualty, liability, fire and extended coverage customarily obtained for similar properties in amounts which our advisor determines are sufficient to cover reasonably foreseeable losses. Tenants of single-user properties leased on a triple-net-lease basis typically are required to pay all insurance costs associated with those properties. Material losses may occur in excess of insurance proceeds with respect to any property as insurance may not have sufficient resources to fund the losses. However, there are types of losses, generally of a catastrophic nature, such as losses due to wars, acts of terrorism, earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, pollution or

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environmental matters, which are either uninsurable or not economically insurable, or may be insured subject to limitations, such as large deductibles or copayments. Insurance risks associated with potential terrorism acts could sharply increase the premium we pay for coverage against property and casualty claims. Additionally, mortgage lenders in some cases have begun to insist that specific coverage against terrorism be purchased by commercial property owners as a condition for providing mortgage loans. It is uncertain whether such insurance policies will be available, or available at reasonable cost, which could inhibit our ability to finance or refinance our potential properties. In such instances, we may be required to provide other financial support, either through financial assurances or self-insurance, to cover potential losses. We cannot assure you that will have adequate coverage for such losses. The Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002 is designed for a sharing of terrorism losses between insurance companies and the federal government. We cannot be certain how this act will impact us or what additional cost to us, if any, could result. If such an event occurred to, or caused the destruction of, one or more of our properties, we could lose both our invested capital and anticipated profits from such property.

TERRORIST ATTACKS, SUCH AS THE ATTACKS THAT OCCURRED IN NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON, D.C. ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2001, AND OTHER ACTS OF VIOLENCE OR WAR MAY AFFECT THE MARKETS IN WHICH WE OPERATE, OUR OPERATIONS AND OUR PROFITABILITY. Terrorist attacks may negatively affect our operations and your investment in

our common shares. We cannot assure you that there will not be further terrorist attacks against the United States or United States businesses. Properties we may acquire may be located in areas that may be susceptible to attack, which may make these properties more likely to be viewed as terrorist targets than similar, less recognizable properties. These attacks or armed conflicts may directly impact the value of our properties through damage, destruction, loss or increased security costs. We may obtain terrorism insurance as required by our lenders. The terrorism insurance that we obtain may not be sufficient to cover loss for damages to our properties as a result of terrorist attacks. In addition, certain losses resulting from these types of events are uninsurable and others would not be covered by our current terrorism insurance. Additional terrorism insurance may not be available at a reasonable price or at all.

The United States' armed conflict in Iraq could have a further impact on our tenants. The consequences of any armed conflict are unpredictable, and we may not be able to foresee events that could have an adverse effect on our business or your investment.

More generally, any of these events could result in increased volatility in or damage to the United States and worldwide financial markets and economy. They also could result in a continuation of the current economic uncertainty in the United States or abroad. Our revenues will be dependent upon payment of rent by retailers, which may be particularly vulnerable to uncertainty in the local economy. Adverse economic conditions could affect the ability of our tenants to pay rent, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition, as well as our ability to pay distributions to stockholders.

REAL ESTATE RELATED TAXES MAY INCREASE AND IF THESE INCREASES ARE NOT PASSED ON TO TENANTS, OUR INCOME WILL BE REDUCED. Some local real property tax assessors may seek to reassess some of our properties as a result of our acquisition of the property. Generally, from time to time our property taxes increase as property values or assessment rates change or for other reasons deemed relevant by the assessors. An increase in the assessed valuation of a property for real estate tax purposes will result in an increase in the related real estate taxes on that property. Although some tenant leases may permit us to pass through such tax increases to the tenants for payment, there is no assurance that renewal leases or future leases will be negotiated on the same basis. Increases not passed through to tenants will adversely affect our income, cash available for distributions, and the amount of distributions to you.

REVENUE FROM OUR PROPERTIES DEPENDS ON THE AMOUNT OF OUR TENANTS' RETAIL REVENUE, MAKING US VULNERABLE TO GENERAL ECONOMIC DOWNTURNS AND OTHER CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE RETAIL INDUSTRY. Some of

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our leases may provide for base rent plus contractual base rent increases. Some of our leases may also include a percentage rent clause for additional rent above the base amount based upon a specified percentage of the sales our tenants generate.

Under those leases which contain percentage rent clauses, our revenue from tenants may increase as the sales of our tenants increase. Generally, retailers face declining revenues during downturns in the economy. As a result, the portion of our revenue which we derive from percentage rent leases could decline upon a general economic downturn.

THE COSTS OF COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND OTHER GOVERNMENTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR INCOME AND THE CASH AVAILABLE FOR ANY DISTRIBUTIONS. All real property and the operations conducted on real property

are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and human health and safety. These laws and regulations generally govern wastewater discharges, air emissions, the operation and removal of underground and above-ground storage tanks, the use, storage, treatment, transportation and disposal of solid and hazardous materials, and the remediation of contamination associated with disposals. Some of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on tenants, owners or operators for the costs of investigation or remediation of contaminated properties, regardless of fault or the legality of the original disposal. Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner, developer or operator of real estate may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances at, on, under, or in its property. The costs of removal or remediation could be substantial. In addition, the presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect our ability to sell or rent such property or to use such property as collateral for future borrowing.

Some of these laws and regulations have been amended so as to require compliance with new or more stringent standards as of future dates. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations, stricter interpretation of existing laws or the future discovery of environmental contamination may require material expenditures by us. We cannot assure that future laws, ordinances or regulations will not impose any material environmental liability, or that the current environmental condition of our properties will not be affected by the operations of the tenants, by the existing condition of the land, by operations in the vicinity of the properties, such as the presence of underground storage tanks, or by the activities of unrelated third parties.

These laws typically allow liens to be placed on the affected property. In addition, there are various local, state and federal fire, health, life-safety and similar regulations which we may be required to comply with, and be subject to liability in the form of fines or damages for noncompliance.

State and federal laws in this area are constantly evolving, and we intend to monitor these laws and take commercially reasonable steps to protect ourselves from the impact of these laws, including obtaining environmental assessments of each property acquired. We cannot assure that such assessments will reveal all environmental liabilities or that a prior owner of a property did not create a material environmental condition not known to us. We cannot predict what other environmental legislation or regulations will be enacted in the future, how existing or future laws or regulations will be administered or interpreted, or what environmental conditions may be found to exist in the future. We cannot assure that our business, assets, results of operations, liquidity or financial condition will not be adversely affected by these laws, which may adversely affect cash available for distributions, and the amount of distributions to you.

OUR COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH COMPLYING WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT MAY AFFECT CASH AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTIONS. Our properties will be subject to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

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Under the Disabilities Act, all places of public accommodation are required to comply with federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. The Disabilities Act has separate compliance requirements for "public accommodations" and "commercial facilities" that generally requires that buildings and services, including restaurants and retail stores, be made accessible and available to people with disabilities. The Disabilities Act's requirements could require removal of access barriers and could result in the imposition of injunctive relief, monetary penalties, or, in some cases, an award

of damages. We will attempt to acquire properties which comply with the Disabilities Act or place the burden on the seller or other third party, such as a tenant, to ensure compliance with the Disabilities Act. However, we cannot assure that we will be able to acquire properties or allocate responsibilities in this manner. If we cannot, our funds used for Disabilities Act compliance may affect cash available for distributions and the amount of distributions to you.

IF A SALE OR LEASEBACK TRANSACTION IS RECHARACTERIZED, OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED. We may enter into sale and leaseback transactions, where we would purchase a property and then lease the same property back to the person from whom we purchased it. In the event of the bankruptcy of a tenant, a transaction structured as a sale and leaseback may be recharacterized as either a financing or a joint venture, either of which outcomes could adversely affect our business.

If the sale and leaseback were recharacterized as a financing, we might not be considered the owner of the property, and as a result would have the status of a creditor in relation to the tenant. In that event, we would no longer have the right to sell or encumber our ownership interest in the property. Instead, we would have a claim against the tenant for the amounts owed under the lease, with the claim arguably secured by the property. The tenant/debtor might have the ability to propose a plan restructuring the term, interest rate and amortization schedule of its outstanding balance. If confirmed by the bankruptcy court, we could be bound by the new terms, and prevented from foreclosing our lien on the property. These outcomes could adversely affect our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to you.

If the sale and leaseback were recharacterized as a joint venture, we and our lessee could be treated as co-venturers with regard to the property. As a result, we could be held liable, under some circumstances, for debts incurred by the lessee relating to the property. The imposition of liability on us could adversely affect our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to our stockholders.

WE MAY INCUR ADDITIONAL COSTS IN ACQUIRING NEWLY CONSTRUCTED PROPERTIES WHICH MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT CASH AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTIONS TO YOU. We intend to primarily acquire existing or newly constructed properties. We may purchase properties that are subject to completion of construction and development. The builder's failure to perform may result in tenants terminating leases. These actions may increase our costs or necessitate legal action by us to rescind our purchase of a property, to compel performance, or to sue for damages. Any such legal action may result in increased costs to us.

OUR INVESTMENTS IN UNIMPROVED REAL PROPERTY MAY RESULT IN ADDITIONAL COST TO US TO COMPLY WITH RE-ZONING RESTRICTIONS OR ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS. We may invest up to 10% of our assets in unimproved real property. Investments in unimproved properties are subject to the risks of real estate investments in general. The are also subject to risks and uncertainties associated with re-zoning the land for higher use or development and environmental concerns of governmental entities and/or community groups. We do not intend to invest in any unimproved property which is not intended to be developed.

CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES WILL EXPOSE US TO RISKS SUCH AS COST OVERRUNS, CARRYING COSTS OF PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION OR DEVELOPMENT, AVAILABILITY AND COSTS OF MATERIALS AND LABOR, WEATHER CONDITIONS AND GOVERNMENT REGULATION. Should we elect to engage in construction and development activities, in accordance with current pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service, we

intend to have our employees only perform oversight and review functions. These functions may include selecting sites, reviewing construction and tenant improvement design proposals, negotiating and contracting for feasibility studies, supervising compliance with local, state or federal laws and regulations, negotiating contracts, oversight of construction, accounting and obtaining financing. We will retain an independent general contractor to perform the actual physical construction work on tenant improvements or the installation of heating ventilation and air conditioning systems. These activities will expose us to risks inherent in construction and development, including cost overruns, carrying costs of projects under construction or development, availability and costs of materials and labor, adverse weather conditions and governmental regulation.

WE MAY ACQUIRE OR FINANCE PROPERTIES WITH LOCK-OUT PROVISIONS WHICH MAY PROHIBIT US FROM SELLING A PROPERTY, OR MAY REQUIRE US TO MAINTAIN SPECIFIED DEBT LEVELS FOR A PERIOD OF YEARS ON SOME PROPERTIES. Lock out provisions could materially restrict us from selling or otherwise disposing of or refinancing properties. These provisions would affect our ability to turn our investments into cash and thus affect cash available for distributions to you. Lock out provisions may prohibit us from reducing the outstanding indebtedness with respect to any properties, refinancing such indebtedness on a nonrecourse basis at maturity, or increasing the amount of indebtedness with respect to such properties.

Lock out provisions could impair our ability to take actions during the lock-out period that would otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders and, therefore, may have an adverse impact on the value of the shares, relative to the value that would result if the lock-out provisions did not exist. In particular, lock out provisions could preclude us from participating in major transactions that could result in a disposition of our assets or a change in control even though that disposition or change in control might be in the best interests of our stockholders.

YOUR INVESTMENT HAS VARIOUS FEDERAL INCOME TAX RISKS. Although the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code relevant to your investment are generally described in the section of the prospectus titled "Federal Income Tax Considerations," we strongly urge you to consult your own tax advisor concerning the effects of federal, state and local income tax law on an investment and on your individual tax situation.

IF WE FAIL TO QUALIFY AS A REIT OR TO MAINTAIN OUR REIT STATUS, OUR DIVIDENDS WILL NOT BE DEDUCTIBLE TO US, AND OUR INCOME WILL BE SUBJECT TO TAXATION. We intend to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which will afford us significant tax advantages. The requirements for this qualification, however, are complex. If we fail to meet these requirements, our dividends will not be deductible to us and we will have to pay a corporate level tax on our income. This would substantially reduce our cash available to pay distributions and your yield on your investment. In addition, tax liability might cause us to borrow funds, liquidate some of our investments or take other steps which could negatively affect our operating results. Moreover, if our REIT status is terminated because of our failure to meet a technical REIT test, we would be disqualified from electing treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year in which REIT status is lost.

YOU MAY HAVE TAX LIABILITY ON DISTRIBUTIONS YOU ELECT TO REINVEST IN COMMON STOCK. If you participate in our distribution reinvestment program, you will be deemed to have received, and for income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in common stock. As a result, unless you are a tax-exempt entity, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your tax liability on the value of the common stock received.

THE OPINION OF DUANE MORRIS LLP REGARDING OUR STATUS AS A REIT DOES NOT GUARANTEE OUR ABILITY TO REMAIN A REIT. Our legal counsel, Duane Morris LLP, will render its opinion upon commencement of this offering that we will qualify as a REIT, based upon our representations as to the

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manner in which we will be owned, invest in assets, and operate, among other things. Our qualification as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet, through investments, actual operating results, distributions, and satisfaction of specific stockholder rules, the various tests imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Duane Morris LLP will not review these operating results or compliance with the qualification standards. This means that we cannot assure you that we will satisfy the REIT requirements in the future. Also, this opinion represents Duane Morris LLP's legal judgment based on the law in effect as of the date of this prospectus and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service, and could be subject to modification or withdrawal based on future legislative, judicial or administrative changes to the federal income tax laws, any of which could be applied retroactively

EVEN REITS ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES. Even if we qualify and maintain our status as a REIT, we may become subject to federal income taxes and related state taxes. For example, if we have net income from a "prohibited transaction," such income will be subject to a 100% tax. We may not be able to make sufficient distributions to avoid excise taxes applicable to REITS. We may also decide to retain income we earn from the sale or other disposition of our property and pay income tax directly on such income. In that event, our stockholders would be treated as if they earned that income and paid the tax on it directly. However, stockholders that are tax-exempt, such as charities or qualified pension plans, would have no benefit from their deemed payment of such tax liability. In addition, we may also be subject to state and local taxes on our income or property, either directly or at the level of the operating partnership or at the level of the other companies through which we indirectly own our assets. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to satisfy the REIT requirements.

IN VIEW OF THE COMPLEXITY OF THE TAX ASPECTS OF THE OFFERING, PARTICULARLY IN LIGHT OF THE FACT THAT SOME OF THE TAX ASPECTS OF THE OFFERING WILL NOT BE THE SAME FOR ALL INVESTORS, PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO THEIR OWN TAX SITUATION PRIOR TO AN INVESTMENT IN SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK MAY NOT BE SUITABLE FOR EVERY EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN. When considering an investment in our common stock, an individual with investment discretion over assets of any pension plan, profit-sharing plan, retirement plan, IRA or other employee benefit plan covered by ERISA should consider whether the investment satisfies the fiduciary requirements of ERISA and other applicable laws. In particular, attention should be paid to the diversification requirements of Section 404(a)(1)(C) of ERISA in light of all the facts and circumstances, including the portion of the plan's portfolio of which the investment will be a part. All plan investors should also consider whether the investment is prudent and meets plan liquidity requirements as there may be only a limited market in which to sell or otherwise dispose of our common stock, and whether the investment is permissible under the plan's governing instrument. We have not, and will not, evaluate whether an investment in our common stock is suitable for any particular plan. Rather, we will accept entities as stockholders if an entity otherwise meets the suitability standards.

THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF VALUE THAT WE WILL BE SENDING TO STOCKHOLDERS SUBJECT TO ERISA AND TO CERTAIN OTHER PLAN STOCKHOLDERS IS ONLY AN ESTIMATE AND MAY NOT REFLECT THE ACTUAL VALUE OF OUR SHARES. The annual statement of value

will report the value of each common stock based as of the close of our fiscal year. No independent appraisals will be obtained and the value will be based upon an estimated amount we determine would be received if our properties and other assets were sold as of the close of our fiscal year and if such proceeds, together with our other funds, were distributed pursuant to a liquidation. However, the net asset value of each share of common stock will be deemed to be \$10 during this offering and for the first three years following the termination of this offering. Because this is only an estimate, we may subsequently revise any annual valuation that is provided. We cannot assure that:

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- a value included in the annual statement could actually be realized by us or by our stockholders upon liquidation;
- stockholders could realize that value if they were to attempt to sell their common stock; or
- an annual statement of value would comply with any reporting and disclosure or annual valuation requirements under ERISA or other applicable law. We will stop providing annual statements of value if the common stock becomes listed for trading on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system.

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CAUTIONING NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus includes forward-looking statements that reflect management's expectations and projections about our future results, performance, prospects and opportunities. We have attempted to identify these forward-looking statements by using words such as "may," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "expects," "estimates," "could" or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things, and are detailed on the previous pages:

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold;
- we have no operating history nor established financing sources;
- we have identified only one property to be purchased with the proceeds of this offering;
- if we raise the minimum amount, we will not have sufficient resources to acquire the identified property. We need to raise in excess of \$26 million to acquire this property;
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage;
- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our

sponsor or their affiliates;

- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sales, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property manager and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group, including conflicts of interest relating to:
- the negotiation of the terms of the advisors and property management agreements;
- the allocation of their time between us and their other business ventures;
- decisions whether to acquire and dispose of properties;
- the purchase and sale of properties to or from the advisor and our affiliates; and
- the allocation of investment opportunities between us and their other business ventures.
- the management fee structure could result in our advisor recommending riskier or more speculative investments;
- we may make distributions that include a return of principal for federal tax purposes;

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- we may fail to qualify as a REIT;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- our investment policies and strategies may be changed without stockholder consent;
- our investments will lack geographic diversification;
- we will not be able to meet our business objectives if we only acquire one single net leased property; and
- risks that incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as otherwise required by federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason after the date of this prospectus.

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We intend to operate as a REIT for federal and state income tax purposes. Our sponsor is Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Our sponsor was instrumental in our organization.

We contract with Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. for its services as our advisor. Our advisor has the responsibility for our day-to-day operations and the management of our assets.

In addition to the services of our advisor, we contract with Inland Western Management Corp. for their services as our property manager. Inland Western Management Corp. provides the day-to-day property management services for all of our properties.

Our sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, is owned by The Inland Group, Inc. Our advisor Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is owned by our sponsor, and thus is indirectly controlled by The Inland Group. In addition, our property manager, Inland Western Management Corp. is owned by individuals who are affiliates of the Inland Group.

The Inland Group, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, is a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate for over 35 years providing the following and other related services:

Property management
Marketing
Disposition
Redevelopment
Renovation
Finance

Leasing
Acquisition
Development
Syndication
Construction
Other related se

Other related services

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The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

	Daniel L. Goodwin*	Robert H. Baum*	G. Joseph Cosenza*	Robert D. Parks*	
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		THE INLAND	GROUP, INC.*		
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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. We will be principally owned by public investors. Ownership is represented

Solid lines indicate 100% ownership. Broken lines indicate service.

 * The four indicated individuals control The Inland Group, Inc. and own substantially all of its stock.

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CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

We are subject to conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with our sponsor, our advisor and their affiliates. All of our agreements and arrangements with our advisor and its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations. Some of the conflicts inherent in our transactions with our advisor and its affiliates, and the limitations on our advisor adopted to address these conflicts, are described below. Our advisor and its affiliates will try to balance our interests with

their own. However, to the extent that our advisor or its affiliates take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us, these actions could have a negative impact on our financial performance and, consequently, on distributions to you and the value of our stock. In addition, our directors and officers and security holders may engage for their own account in business activities of the types conducted or to be conducted by us and our subsidiaries.

THERE MAY BE CONFLICTING INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES AMONG AFFILIATES OF OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP. Affiliates of our advisor and The Inland Group have sponsored multiple previous investment programs. Our sponsor may also sponsor other programs which may have investment objectives similar to ours. Therefore, our sponsor, our advisor and their affiliates could face conflicts of interest in determining which investment programs will have the first opportunity to acquire real properties and other assets as they become available.

In order to address this situation, we have an agreement with our advisor, some of its affiliates, and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., another REIT sponsored by our sponsor. This agreement gives us the right to purchase property in our primary geographic area of investment, which includes the states west of the Mississippi River, placed under contract by our advisor or any of its affiliates, if we are able to close the purchase within 60 days. Similarly, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. has the first opportunity to purchase properties in its primary geographical area of investment, which is located in states east of the Mississippi.

IN THE SITUATION INVOLVING SINGLE USER NET LEASED RETAIL PROPERTY LOCATED ANYWHERE WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, AND BOTH OF US HAVE FUNDS AVAILABLE TO MAKE THE PURCHASE, THE PROSPECTIVE PROPERTY WILL FIRST BE OFFERED TO INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. IF INLAND REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. DOES NOT PURCHASE THE PROSPECTIVE PROPERTY, IT WILL THEN BE OFFERED TO US.

Factors which may be considered in connection with evaluating the suitability of the prospective property or other asset for investment by a particular investment program include:

- the effect of the acquisition on the diversification of each program's portfolio;
- the amount of funds available for investment;
- cash flow; and
- the estimated income tax effects of the purchase and subsequent disposition.

We currently focus on purchase of properties in the states west of the Mississippi River which is outside Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc.'s primary geographic area of investment. However, if any conflicts do arise, they will be resolved as provided in the agreement with our advisor discussed above. We currently have identified one property for purchase located in Phoenix, Arizona. Neither The Inland Group nor any of its affiliates owns or has any interest in properties adjacent to this property.

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All actions taken by our advisor or its affiliates which present potential conflicts with us will be APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF OUR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.

WE MAY ACQUIRE PROPERTIES FROM AFFILIATES OF OUR SPONSOR. The prices we pay to affiliates of our sponsor for these properties will be equal to the prices

paid by them, plus the costs incurred by them relating to the acquisition and financing of the properties. These prices will not be the subject of arm's length negotiations, which could mean that the acquisitions may be on terms less favorable to us than those negotiated in an arm's-length transaction. However, our articles of incorporation provide that the purchase price of any property acquired from an affiliate may not exceed its fair market value as determined by a competent independent appraiser. In addition, the price must be approved by a majority of our directors who have no financial interest in the transaction. If the price to us exceeds the cost paid by our affiliate, there must be substantial justification for the excess cost.

WE MAY PURCHASE REAL PROPERTIES FROM PERSONS WITH WHOM AFFILIATES OF OUR ADVISOR HAVE PRIOR BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS. We may purchase properties from third parties who have sold properties in the past, or who may sell properties in the future, to our advisor or its affiliates. If we purchase properties from these third parties, our advisor will experience a conflict between our current interests and its interest in preserving any ongoing business relationship with these sellers. Nevertheless, our advisor has a fiduciary obligation to us.

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES ARE BEING PROVIDED BY A COMPANY OWNED PRINCIPALLY BY AFFILIATES OF THE INLAND GROUP. Our property manager, which is owned principally by individuals who are our affiliates, provides property management services to us pursuant to management services agreements which we can terminate only in the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the property manager. However, our property management services agreement provides that we pay our property manager a monthly management fee of no greater than 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated third party providing such services. In addition, the advisor and the property manager believe that the property manager has sufficient personnel and other required resources to discharge all responsibilities to us.

OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES RECEIVE COMMISSIONS, FEES AND OTHER COMPENSATION BASED UPON OUR INVESTMENTS. We believe that the compensation we will pay to our advisor and its affiliates is no more than what we would pay for similar services performed by independent firms. Some compensation is payable whether or not there is cash available to make distributions to our stockholders. To the extent this occurs, our advisor and its affiliates benefit from us retaining ownership of our assets and leveraging our assets, while our stockholders may be better served by sale or disposition or not leveraging the assets. In addition, the advisor's ability to receive fees and reimbursements depends on our continued investment in properties and in other assets which generate fees. Our advisor received fees based on the book value of the properties under management. Our property manager receives fees based on the income from properties under management. Therefore, our advisor and/or property manager may recommend that we purchase properties that generate fees for our advisor and property manager, but are not necessarily the most suitable investment for our portfolio. In addition, our affiliates, who receive fees, including our advisor, may recommend that we acquire properties, which may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. Therefore, the interest of the advisor and its affiliates in receiving fees may conflict with the interest of our stockholders in earning income on their investment in our common stock. Our advisor and its affiliates recognize that they have a fiduciary duty to us and our stockholders, and have represented to us that their actions and decisions will be made in the manner most favorable to us and our stockholders.

While we will not make loans to our advisor or its affiliates, we may borrow money from them for various purposes, including funding working capital requirements. If we do, the terms, such as the

interest rate, security, fees and other charges, will be at least as favorable to us as those which would be charged by unaffiliated lending institutions in the same locality on comparable loans. Any money borrowed from an affiliate of The Inland Group is expected to be repaid within 180 days.

Our advisor and its affiliates may do business with others who do business with us, although presently there are no instances of this. However, our advisor or its affiliates may not receive rebates or participate in any reciprocal business arrangements which would have the effect of circumventing our agreement with our advisor.

OUR ADVISOR MAY HAVE CONFLICTING FIDUCIARY OBLIGATIONS IF WE ACQUIRE PROPERTIES WITH ITS AFFILIATES. Our advisor may cause us to acquire an interest in a property through a joint venture with its affiliates. In these circumstances, our advisor will have a fiduciary duty to both us and its affiliates participating in the joint venture. In order to minimize the conflict between these fiduciary duties, the advisory agreement provides guidelines for investments in joint ventures with affiliates. In addition, our articles of incorporation require a majority of our disinterested directors to determine that the transaction is fair and reasonable to us and is on terms and conditions no less favorable than from unaffiliated third parties entering into the venture.

THERE IS COMPETITION FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF OUR ADVISOR. We rely on our advisor and its affiliates for our daily operation and the management of our assets. Personnel of our advisor and its affiliates have conflicts in allocating their management time, services and functions among the real estate investment programs they currently service and any future real estate investment programs or other business ventures which they may organize or serve. Our advisor and its affiliates believe they have enough staff to perform their responsibilities in connection with all of the real estate programs and other business ventures in which they are involved.

INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION IS PARTICIPATING AS MANAGING DEALER IN THE SALE OF THE SHARES. Inland Securities Corporation is the managing dealer of the offering and is affiliated with The Inland Group. The managing dealer is entitled to selling commissions, reimbursement for marketing and due diligence expenses, and the receipt of warrants. The managing dealer may be subject to a conflict of interest arising out of its participation in this offering and its affiliation with The Inland Group in performing its "due diligence" obligations which arise under the Securities Act of 1933. However, the managing dealer believes it has and will continue to properly perform these "due diligence" activities.

WE MAY ACQUIRE THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGER WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION BY OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property manager, we have the option to acquire or consolidate the business conducted by them without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property manager. We may elect to exercise this right at any time after September 15, 2008. Before this date, we need the consent of the advisor and the property manager to exercise this right. Our decision to exercise this right will be determined by a vote of a majority of our disinterested directors. Our advisor and our property manager and their shareholders will receive shares of our common stock in the acquisition. The transaction will occur, if at all, only if the board of directors obtains a fairness opinion from a recognized financial valuation service provider to the effect that the consideration to be paid is fair, from a financial point of view, to our stockholders. We will be obligated to pay any fees accrued under any contractual arrangements we have with the advisor and/or the property manager for services rendered through the closing of such acquisitions.

WE DO NOT HAVE ARM'S-LENGTH AGREEMENTS. As we have noted, our agreements and arrangements with our advisor or any of its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations, but we believe these agreements and arrangements approximate the terms of arm's length transactions.

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COMPENSATION TABLE

The compensation arrangements between us and our advisor, The Inland Group and its affiliates, were not determined by arm's-length negotiations. See "Conflicts of Interest." The following table discloses the compensation which we may pay our advisor and its affiliates. In those instances in which there are maximum amounts or ceilings on the compensation which may be received, our advisor and its affiliates may not recover any excess amounts for those services by reclassifying them under a different compensation or fee category.

We define net income as total revenues less expenses other than additions to reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. When we use the term "net income" for purposes of calculating some expenses and fees, it excludes the gain from the sale of our assets. This definition of net income is prescribed by the Statement of Policy Regarding REITs adopted by the North American Securities Administrators Association, Inc., or NASAA; but it is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, because depreciation and other non-cash reserves are not deducted in determining net income under the NASAA REIT Statement. Excluding depreciation will result in not reimbursing our Advisor for a non-cash expenditure and not excluding the gain from the sale of our assets could result in greater net income on which the 25% reimbursement to our Advisor is allowed.

NONSUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

The following aggregate amounts of compensation, allowances and fees we may pay to our advisor and its affiliates are not subordinated to the returns on net investments that we are required to pay to our stockholders.

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

OFFERING STAGE

the managing dealer, the soliciting dealers, nor our the minimum thresholds.

Selling commissions payable to We will pay a selling commission of 7.5% of the The actual amou the managing dealer and sale price for each share (and reallow 7%), shares sold. We dealers designated by the subject to reduction for special sales under the if the minimum managing dealers referred to circumstances as described in the "Plan of minimum offering the minimum of the minimum o as soliciting dealers. Neither Distribution - Compensation - We Will Pay For the Sale of Our Shares."

officers or directors will be We will permit the managing dealer and its permitted to purchase shares respective officers and employees and certain of special sales. of our stock in order to meet — its affiliates to purchase shares net of sales commissions and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance or for \$8.95 per share.

> Also, soliciting dealers and their respective officers and employees and certain of their respective affiliates who request and are

special sales, commissions wil \$187,500,000 in if the maximum

entitled to purchase shares net of selling commissions may make an initial purchase of shares net of sales commissions or for \$9.30 per share; however, any subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of 5%.

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TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Marketing contribution and due We will pay an amount equal to 2.5% of the gross The actual amount diligence expense allowance offering proceeds to the managing dealer, all or shares. If there paid to the managing dealer a portion of which may be passed on to approximately to soliciting dealers, in lieu of reimbursement of specific expenses associated with marketing. We diligence expenses associated with marketing. may pay an additional 0.5% of the gross offering proceeds to the managing dealer, which will be passed on to the soliciting dealers, for due diligence expenses. We will not pay the marketing contribution and due diligence expense - \$75,000,00 allowance in connection with any special sales, except those receiving volume discounts and those described in "Plan of Distribution -Volume Discounts."

- \$60,000 if shares; or
- shares.

Other expenses of issuance and distribution

We expect to incur the following expenses in All amounts oth connection with this offering:

Securities and Exchange	
Commission registration fee	\$ 217,621
NASD filing fee	\$ 30,500
Printing and mailing expenses	\$ 3,500,000
Blue Sky fees and expenses	\$ 136,000
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 650 , 000
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 650 , 000
Advertising and sales literature	\$ 5,000,000
Due diligence	\$ 3,000,000
Transfer Agent fees	\$ 800,000
Data processing fees	\$ 500,000
Bank fees and other	
administrative expenses	\$ 200,000

Exchange Commis NASD filing fee amounts of thes at the present amount of the i to be approxima

We will reimburse our sponsor for actual costs Expenses of app incurred in connection with the offering on our advanced by our behalf. However, if the aggregate of all offering expenses, including selling commissions, the marketing contribution and due - \$90,000 if diligence expense allowance, exceeds 15% of the gross offering proceeds, or if the aggregate of all offering expenses, excluding the selling expenses, exceeds 5.5% of the gross offering proceeds, our advisor or its affiliates will promptly pay the excess and we will have no liability for these expenses at any time sponsor will be liability for these expenses at any time afterward.

connection with for offering ex

- based on t
- \$14,684,00

sponsor will be organization an

it has not been

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TYPE OF COMPENSATION		F
AND RECIPIENT	METHOD OF COMPENSATION	
	ACQUISITION STAGE	
Acquisition expenses paid to our advisor's affiliates, Inland Real Estate	We will pay an amount, estimated to be up to 0.5% of the total of (1) the gross offering proceeds from the sale of 250,000,000 shares,	We may pay the reimbursement of
Acquisitions, Inc., The Inland Real Estate Group, Inc. and Inland Western Management	(2) the gross proceeds from the sale of up to 20,000,000 shares pursuant to the distribution reinvestment programs. The acquisition expenses	no more the of shares

However, if we request additional services, the compensation will be provided on separate agreed-upon terms and the rate will be approved However, the ac by a majority of disinterested directors, at the present including a majority of the disinterested independent directors, as fair and reasonable for us.

of the gross purchase price of the property.

for any particular property will not exceed 6% - no more th

number of 20,000,000 distributi

loans.

Corp.

Interest expenses paid to our definition advisor and Inland Mortgage affiliates in order to acquire properties. In borrowings. The Corporation in connection with such instances, we will pay our advisor and its determined at t affiliates interest, at prevailing market rates.

E

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

OPERATIONAL STAGE

properties.

our day-to-day operations, including making strategic decisions, performing day-to-day operations that include accounting, investment advisory services, risk management services and tax

Property management fee paid We will pay a monthly fee of 4.5% of the gross The actual amount to our property manager, income from the properties. We will also pay a operations and, Inland Western Management monthly fee for any extra services equal to no at the present Corp. We will pay the fee for more than 90% of that which would be payable to businesses of co services in connection with an unrelated party providing the services. The manager, the pr the rental, leasing, operation property manager may subcontract its duties for cease. and management of the a fee that may be less than the fee provided for in the management services agreements.

Advisor asset management fee. We will pay our advisor an asset management fee The actual amou We will pay the fee for after our stockholders have first received a 6% operations and, services in connection with annual return. at the present

reduction services and providing other services as our board deems appropriate.

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AND RECIPIENT	METHOD OF COMPENSATION	
	OPERATIONAL STAGE	
Reimbursable expenses to our advisor. These may include costs of goods and services, administrative services and non-supervisory services performed directly for us by independent parties.	We will reimburse some expenses of the advisor. The compensation and reimbursements to our advisor will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.	The actual amou operations and, at the present
We will reimburse some expenses of the Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services for insurance coverage.	Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services charges us \$50 per hour for assistance in obtaining insurance coverage. Any commissions they receive are credited against this hourly rate. We believe this hourly rate is approximately 90% of the rate charged by unaffiliated third parties. The compensation to this company will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.	The actual amou operations and, at the present
We will compensate the Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation for purchase, sale and servicing of mortgages.	Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation charges us .03% per year on the first billion dollars of mortgages serviced and .01% thereafter. Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation charges us .02% of the principal amount of each loan placed. The compensation to these companies will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.	The actual amou operations and, at the present
TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT	METHOD OF COMPENSATION	Е

Property disposition fee payable to our advisor's Sales, Inc. and Inland Partnership Property Sales Corp.

We may pay a property disposition fee to our advisor and its affiliates if we sell any of our the sale price affiliates, Inland Real Estate real property in an amount equal to the lesser of:

- 3% of the contract sales price of the property; or
- 50% of the customary commission which would be paid to a third party broker for the

The actual amou cannot be deter acquire the adv fee will cease.

sale of a comparable property.

The amount paid, when added to the

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TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

LIQUIDATION STAGE

sums paid to unaffiliated parties, will not exceed either the customary commission or an amount equal to 6% of the contracted for sales price. Payment of such fees will be made only if the advisor provides a substantial service in connection with the sale of the property. See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement."

SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

We may pay the following additional fees to our advisor after returns on net investment have been paid to the stockholders:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

payable to our advisor.

OPERATIONAL STAGE

Advisor asset management fee We pay an annual advisor asset management fee of The actual amou not more than 1% of our average assets. Our the sale price average assets means the average of the total cannot be determined book value of our real estate assets plus the acquire the adverse acquire the ad total value of our loans receivables secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. We will compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month during the quarter for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any:

- (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of:
- 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or

fee will cease.

ES

- 25% of our net income for that fiscal year.
- (2) an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% annual return on the net investment of stockholders.

Items such as organization and offering expenses, property expenses, interest payments,

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taxes, non-cash expenditures, the incentive advisory fee and acquisition expenses are excluded from the definition of total operating expenses.

See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement" for an explanation of circumstances where the excess amount specified in clause (1) may not need to be reimbursed.

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Incentive advisory fee payable We will pay to the advisor an amount equal to to our advisor. 15% of the net proceeds from the sale of a property after the stockholders have first therefore, cannot be advisor and amount equal to the sale price of received:

LIQUIDATION STAGE

- (1) a cumulative non-compounded return equal to incentive advis 10% a year on their net investment; and
- (2) their net investment.

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COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

We expect to pay the following to our directors (as our officers are not paid directly by us):

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Director fees

time. If we acc business conduc

Independent directors receive an annual fee of We will pay the \$5,000 and a fee of \$500 for attending each \$25,000 in the

meeting of the board or one of its committees in attending meeti person and \$350 for attending a meeting via the $\;\;$ received for me telephone. Our officers who are also our of meetings and directors do not receive director fees.

therefore, cann time.

This form of co

Stock options to independent directors

Each independent director receives

- an initial option to purchase 3,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$8.95 per share, when they become an independent director, subject to some conditions; and
- each year on the date of the stockholders' annual meeting, an additional option to purchase 500 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the then fair market value per share. For additional information on this option plan, see "Management -- Independent Director Stock Option Plan."

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ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS

The amounts listed in the table below represent our current estimates concerning the use of the offering proceeds. Since these are estimates, they may not accurately reflect the actual receipt or application of the offering proceeds. This first scenario assumes we sell the minimum number of 200,000 shares of common stock in this offering. The second scenario assumes:

- we sell the maximum of 250,000,000 shares in this offering at \$10 per share; and
- we sell the maximum of 20,000,000 shares in our distribution reinvestment program at \$9.50 per share.

Under both scenarios we have not given effect to any special sales or volume discounts which could reduce selling commissions.

> MINIMUM OFFERING 200,000 SHARES

PERCENT AMOUNT Gross offering proceeds \$ 2,000,000 100.0% \$ 2, _____ Less expenses: Selling commission 150,000 7.5% Marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance 60,000 3.0% 90,000 Organization and offering expenses 4.5% _____ Total public offering expenses 300,000 15.0%

(IN

Gross amount available for investment	1,700,000	85.0%	2,
Less: acquisition expenses	10,000	0.5%	
Less: working capital reserve	20,000	1.0%	
Net cash portion of gross offering proceeds			
available for the purchase of properties	\$ 1,670,000	83.5%	\$ 2,
			====

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PRIOR PERFORMANCE OF OUR AFFILIATES

PRIOR INVESTMENT PROGRAMS

During the 10-year period ending June 30, 2003, The Inland Group and its affiliates have sponsored two other REITs, one other public real estate equity program, one private real estate equity program, four private placement mortgage and note programs and 13 real estate exchange private placements, which altogether have raised more than \$2,934,000,000 from over 64,000 investors. During that period, the public real estate equity programs raised over \$32,000,000 from over 2,000 investors; the private real estate equity program raised \$2,275,000 from 80 investors; and the private placement mortgage and note programs raised \$15,831,000 from 373 investors. In addition, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., the other REITs, have raised over \$2,835,000,000 from over 77,000 investors. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives and policies similar to ours and have invested principally in shopping centers that provide sales of convenience goods and personal services to neighboring communities in the Midwest and Southeast areas. However, Inland Real Estate Corporation is now a self-administered REIT and is no longer affiliated with The Inland Group. Our investment objectives and policies are similar to those of several of the other prior investment programs sponsored by our affiliates which have owned and operated retail properties. However, the vast majority of the other investment programs sponsored by our affiliates were dissimilar from our operation in that the prior programs owned apartment properties, pre-development land and whole or partial interests in mortgage loans.

The information in this section and in the Prior Performance Tables included in this supplement as APPENDIX A shows relevant summary information concerning real estate programs sponsored by our affiliates. The purpose is to provide information on the prior performance of these programs so that you may evaluate the experience of the affiliated companies in sponsoring similar programs. The following discussion is intended to briefly summarize the objectives and performance of the prior programs and to disclose any material adverse business developments sustained by them. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

The table below provides summarized information concerning prior programs sponsored by our affiliates for the 10-year period ending June 30, 2003, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the introductory discussion above and the detailed information appearing in the Prior Performance Tables in Appendix A of the prospectus. YOU SHOULD NOT CONSTRUE INCLUSION OF THE SUCCEEDING TABLES AS IMPLYING IN ANY MANNER THAT WE WILL HAVE RESULTS COMPARABLE TO THOSE REFLECTED IN THE TABLES BECAUSE THE YIELD AND CASH AVAILABLE AND OTHER FACTORS COULD BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FOR OUR PROPERTIES. YOU SHOULD NOTE THAT BY ACQUIRING OUR SHARES, YOU WILL NOT BE ACQUIRING ANY INTERESTS IN ANY PRIOR PROGRAMS.

		INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. REIT PROGRAM AS OF JUNE 30, 2003	INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION REIT PROGRAM AS OF JUNE 30, 2003(2)	PRIOR P REAL ES EQUI PROGRAMS JUNE 200
Number of programs sponsored		1	1	
Aggregate amount raised from investors Approximate aggregate number of	\$	2,156,104,000	679,780,000	32
investors		58,000	19,000	
Number of properties purchased	_	201	140	0.5
Aggregate cost of properties(1) Number of mortgages/notes	Ş	2,835,000,000 0	1,251,000,000 0	25
Principal amount of mortgages/notes Principal of properties (based on cost)	\$	0	0	
that were:				
Commercial Retail Single-user retail net-lease		92.00% 8.00%	85.00% 15.00%	
Nursing homes Offices		0.00%	0.00%	
Industrial Health clubs		0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	
Mini-storage		0.00%	0.00%	
Total commercial		100.00%	100.00%	
Multi-family residential Land		0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	
Percentage of properties (based on cost) that were:				
Newly constructed (within a year of acquisition)		58.00%	32.00%	
Existing construction		42.00%	68.00%	
-				
Number of properties sold (3)		0	3	
Number of properties exchanged		0	0	
Number of mortgages/notes repaid		0	0	
		PRIOR PRIVATE REAL ESTATE EQUITY AND MORTGAGE AND NOTE PROGRAMS AS OF JUNE 30, 2003	INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE PRIVATE PLACEMENT OFFERINGS AS OF JUNE 30, 2003	
Number of programs sponsored Aggregate amount raised from investors Approximate aggregate number of		5 18,106,000	13 48,055,000	
investors		453	97	

Number of properties purchased	7	13
Aggregate cost of properties(1)	1,951,930	151,317,000
Number of mortgages/notes	365	0
Principal amount of mortgages/notes	15,831,000	0
Principal of properties (based on cost)		
that were: Commercial		
Retail	0.00%	24.90%
	0.00%	13.20%
Single-user retail net-lease		
Nursing homes	0.00%	0.00%
Offices	0.00%	49.30%
Industrial	0.00%	12.60%
Health clubs	0.00%	0.00%
Mini-storage	0.00%	0.00%
Total commercial	0.00%	100.00%
Multi-family residential	0.00%	0.00%
Land	100.00%	0.00%
Percentage of properties (based on cost)		
that were:		
Newly constructed (within a year of		
acquisition)	0.00%	47.70%
Existing construction	0.00%	52.30%
Number of properties sold (3)	6	0
Number of properties exchanged	0	0
Number of mortgages/notes repaid	0	0

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- (1) Includes purchase price and acquisition fees and expenses.
- (2) On July 1, 2000, the prior REIT program, Inland Real Estate Corporation, became a separate, self-managed entity.
 - (3) Number of properties sold in whole or in part.

Of the programs included in the above table, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives similar to ours. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. represent approximately 97% of the aggregate amount raised from investors, approximately 95% of the aggregate number of investors, approximately 91% of the properties purchased, and approximately 97% of the aggregate cost of the properties.

During the three years prior to June 30, 2003, Inland Real Estate Corporation purchased 20 commercial properties and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. purchased 201 commercial properties. Upon written request, you may obtain, without charge, a copy of Table VI filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in Part II of our registration statement. The table provides more information about these acquisitions.

PUBLICLY REGISTERED REITS

INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION. On October 14, 1994, Inland Real Estate Corporation commenced an initial public offering of 5,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 per share. As of July 24, 1996, it had received subscriptions for a total of 5,000,000 shares, thereby completing the initial offering. On July 24, 1996, it commenced an offering of an additional 10,000,000 shares of common

stock at \$10 per share. As of July 10, 1997, it had received subscriptions for a total of 10,000,000 shares, thereby completing its second offering. On July 14, 1997, Inland Real Estate Corporation commenced a third offering of an additional 20,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 per share. As of March 19, 1998, Inland Real Estate Corporation had received subscriptions for a total of 20,000,000 shares, thereby completing the third offering. On April 7, 1998, Inland Real Estate Corporation commenced a fourth offering of an additional 25,000,000 shares at \$11 per share. Inland Real Estate Corporation elected to terminate the fourth offering as of December 31, 1998, after receiving subscriptions for a total of 16,642,397 shares. In addition, as of June 30, 2003, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued 11,720,169 shares of common stock through its distribution reinvestment program. As of June 30, 2003, Inland Real Estate Corporation repurchased 4,578,588 shares of common stock through its share repurchase program for an aggregate amount of \$42,552,838. As a result, Inland Real Estate Corporation's gross offering proceeds totaled approximately \$679,780,000 for all of such offerings, as of June 30, 2003. Inland Real Estate Corporation's objective is to purchase shopping centers that provide convenience goods, personal services, wearing apparel and hardware and appliances located within an approximate 400-mile radius of its headquarters in Oak Brook, Illinois, and to provide, at a minimum, cash distributions on a quarterly basis and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. It may also acquire single-user retail properties throughout the United States. As of June 30, 2003, the properties owned by Inland Real Estate Corporation were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$0.94 per share paid monthly.

As of June 30, 2003, Inland Real Estate Corporation financed approximately \$685,237,000 on 124 of its 140 properties. Inland Real Estate Corporation's 140 properties, a total investment of approximately \$1,251,000,000 at June 30, 2003, were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. From December 31, 1995 through June 30, 2003, distributions have totaled \$303,438,218, of which \$234,358,143 was ordinary income

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distribution from operating cash flow, \$68,705,489 was return of capital for federal income tax purposes from operating cash flow and \$374,586 from capital gain distributions.

Through June 30, 2003, distributions were as follows:

	Di	Total stribution	Ordinary Income	Return of Capital *	Capital Gain Distribution
1995	\$	736 , 627	694,213	42,414	-
1996		3,704,943	3,093,525	611,418	-
1997		13,127,597	9,739,233	3,388,364	_
1998		35,443,213	27,015,143	8,428,070	_
1999		48,379,621	35,640,732	12,738,889	_
2000		52,964,010	40,445,730	12,518,280	_
2001		58,791,604	45,754,604	12,662,414	374 , 586
2002		60,090,685	41,775,045	18,315,640	-

	Ś	303,438,218	234,358,143	68,705,489	374,586
2003		30 , 199 , 918	30 , 199 , 918	_	_

 $\ \ ^{*}$ Represents a return of capital for federal income tax purposes.

On July 1, 2000, Inland Real Estate Corporation became a self-administered REIT by completing its acquisition of Inland Real Estate Advisory Service, Inc., its advisor, and Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., its property manager. The acquisition was accomplished by merging its advisor and its property manager into two wholly owned subsidiaries of Inland Real Estate Corporation. As a result of the merger, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued to our sponsor, the sole shareholder of the advisor, and The Inland Property Management Group, Inc., the sole shareholder of its property manager, an aggregate of 6,181,818 shares of Inland Real Estate Corporation's common stock at \$11 per share, or approximately 9.008% of its common stock.

INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. On February 11, 1999, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. commenced an initial public offering of 50,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 per share. As of January 31, 2001, it had sold 13,687,349 shares in its first offering resulting in gross proceeds of \$136,454,948. In addition, it received \$200,000 from its advisor for 20,000shares. As of January 31, 2001, the first offering terminated. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. commenced a second offering on February 1, 2001. As of August 29, 2002, it had sold 50,000,000 shares in its second offering resulting in gross proceeds of \$497,842,917, thereby completing the second offering. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. commenced a third offering on June 7, 2002. As of June 30, 2003, it had sold 147,516,470 shares in its third offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$1,471,607,427. An additional 6,049,526 shares had been sold pursuant to Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s distribution reinvestment program as of June 30, 2003, for which it has received additional net proceeds of \$57,470,497. As of June 30, 2003, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. has repurchased 793,588 shares through its share repurchase program resulting in disbursements totaling \$7,471,853. As a result, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s net offering proceeds from all offerings total approximately \$2,156,104,000 as of June 30, 2003, including amounts raised through its distribution reinvestment program, net of shares repurchased through its share repurchase program.

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Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s objective is to purchase shopping centers east of the Mississippi River in addition to single-user retail properties in locations throughout the United States, and to provide regular cash distributions and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. As of June 30, 2003, the properties owned by Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$.83 per share per annum paid monthly. Through June 30, 2003, distributions totaled \$151,320,937. Through June 30, 2003, distributions were as follows:

Total	Ordinary	Return of
Distribution	Income	Capital*

1999	\$	1,396,861	\$	318,484	\$	1,078,377
2000		6,615,454		3,612,577		3,002,877
2001		17,491,342		10,538,534		6,952,808
2002		58,061,491		36,387,136		21,674,355
2003		67,755,789		67,755,789		_
	\$	151,320,937	\$	118,612,520	\$	32,708,417
	==		====		====	

*Represents a return of capital for federal income tax purposes.

As of June 30, 2003, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. had acquired 201 properties and had seven parcels under development for a total investment of approximately \$2,835,000,000. These properties were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. As of June 30, 2003, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. financed approximately \$1,215,200,000 on its properties.

PUBLICLY REGISTERED LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS

INLAND CAPITAL FUND, L.P. - The offering period for this fund began December 13, 1991 and ended August 23, 1993. The objectives were to invest in pre-development land on an all-cash basis and realize appreciation of such land upon resale.

Inland Capital Fund raised \$32,399,282 from 2,683 investors and purchased, with the net proceeds available for investment, 18 land parcels, one of which included a house and several outbuildings, for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,945,989. As of June 30, 2003, this fund has had multiple sales transactions involving the house and portions of 14 parcels which generated approximately \$28,049,000 in net sales proceeds, including notes receivable of approximately \$1,311,000. Its cost basis in the land parcels sold was approximately \$13,990,000 resulting in a gain, net of selling expenses and commissions, of approximately \$14,059,000 for financial reporting purposes.

In the opinion of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, the partnership is currently meeting its investment objectives and has, through completed sales transactions, realized significant capital appreciation on the assets sold. Cash distributions to limited partners through June 30, 2003 totaled \$22,335,763, all from the sale of land parcels.

PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Since our inception and through June 30, 2003, including the programs described below under " - Private Placement Real Estate Equity Program," and " -- Private Placement Note and Mortgage Program" in this section, our affiliates have sponsored 514 private placement limited partnerships which have raised

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more than \$524,201,000 from approximately 17,000 investors and invested in properties for an aggregate price of more than \$1 billion in cash and notes. Of the 522 properties purchased, 93% have been in Illinois. Approximately 90% of the funds were invested in apartment buildings, 6% in shopping centers, 2% in office buildings and 2% in other properties. Including sales to affiliates, 320 partnerships have sold their original property investments. Officers and employees of our sponsor and its affiliates invested more than \$17,000,000 in these private placement limited partnerships.

From January 1, 1993 through June 30, 2003, investors in The Inland Group private partnerships have received total distributions in excess of \$282,938,000, consisting of cash flow from partnership operations, interest earnings, sales and refinancing proceeds and cash received during the course of property exchanges.

Following a proposal by the former corporate general partner, which was an affiliate of The Inland Group, investors in 301 private partnerships voted in 1990 to make our sponsor the corporate general partner for those partnerships.

Beginning in December 1993 and continuing into the first quarter of 1994, investors in 101 private limited partnerships for which our sponsor is the general partner received letters from it informing them of the possible opportunity to sell the 66 apartment properties owned by those partnerships to a to-be-formed REIT in which affiliates of our sponsor would receive stock and cash and the limited partners would receive cash. The underwriters of this apartment REIT subsequently advised our sponsor to sell to a third party its management and general partner's interests in those remaining limited partnerships not selling their apartment properties to the apartment REIT. Those not selling their apartment properties constituted approximately 30% of the Inland-sponsored limited partnerships owning apartment buildings. The prospective third-party buyers of our sponsor's interests in the remaining partnerships, however, would make no assurance to support those partnerships financially. As a result, in a March 1994 letter, our sponsor informed investors of its decision not to go forward with the formation of the apartment REIT.

Following this decision, two investors filed a complaint in April 1994 in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, Chancery Division, purportedly on behalf of a class of other unnamed investors, alleging that our sponsor had breached its fiduciary responsibility to those investors whose partnerships would have sold apartment properties to the apartment REIT. The complaint sought an accounting of information regarding the apartment REIT matter, an unspecified amount of damages and the removal of our sponsor as general partner of the partnerships that would have participated in the sale of properties. In August 1994, the court granted our sponsor's motion to dismiss, finding that the plaintiffs lacked standing to bring the case individually. The plaintiffs were granted leave to file an amended complaint. Thereafter, in August 1994, six investors filed an amended complaint, purportedly on behalf of a class of other investors, and derivatively on behalf of six limited partnerships of which our sponsor is the general partner. The derivative counts sought damages from our sponsor for alleged breach of fiduciary duty and breach of contract, and assert a right to an accounting. Our sponsor filed a motion to dismiss in response to the amended complaint. The suit was dismissed in March 1995 with prejudice. The plaintiffs filed an appeal in April 1996. After the parties briefed the issue, arguments were heard by the Appellate Court in February 1997. In September 1997, the Appellate Court affirmed the trial court decision in favor of our sponsor.

Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation is the general partner of 27 private limited partnerships and one public limited partnership that own interests in 15 buildings that are net leased to Kmart. The 14 Kmarts owned by the private limited partnerships are all cross collateralized. Relating to the Kmart bankruptcy, the status of the 15 is as follows:

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- CATEGORY 1 The leases of nine (9) of the Kmarts are current and have been accepted by Kmart under their Chapter 11 reorganization plan.
- CATEGORY 2 Kmart assigned its designation rights in one lease

to Kohl's; the lease was amended and extended for Kohl's by IREIC, the general partner on behalf of the owners and lender; and Kohl's began paying rent February 12, 2003.

- CATEGORY 3 Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization plan and upon emergence from bankruptcy on April 22, 2003, Kmart has rejected the remaining 4 property leases; one of which is subject to a ground lease to Kimco. Kmart ceased paying rent as of May 1, 2003. The general partner's, IREIC's, plans for these properties include, but are not limited to the following: 1) renegotiation of the loan encumbering the property; 2) re-tenanting the facility; 3) sale of the asset; or 4) deed in lieu of foreclosure. While it is too early to predict an outcome, the limited partners that own these Kmarts could lose their properties in foreclosure.
- CATEGORY 4 Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization, Kmart rejected the lease for the property owned by the public limited partnership and ceased paying rent as of June 29, 2002. The general partner plans to either re-tenant or sell this facility.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT REAL ESTATE EQUITY PROGRAM

WISCONSIN CAPITAL LAND FUND, L.P., an Illinois limited partnership, was formed in October 1992. The objectives were to invest in pre-development land in the Madison, Wisconsin area on an all-cash basis and realize appreciation of the land upon resale. The offering period for units in this privately offered partnership began in October 1992 and ended on June 14, 1993 with the maximum amount, \$2,275,000, raised from 88 investors. This fund bought seven parcels of land in the Madison, Wisconsin area with the proceeds of the offering.

On October 1, 1997, Parcel 6 located in Windsor, Wisconsin, was sold for \$566,597 which is equal to 191% of the original parcel capital. Investors received a \$375,000 distribution from this sale.

On March 19, 1998, the fund sold parcels 3 and 7 for a total of \$2,150,000, of which \$1,900,000 was distributed to investors.

On January 5, 1999, parcels 1 and 4 were sold for \$1,325,000 and investors received a \$1,137,500 distribution.

The fund has sold all 63 of the improved lots in Parcel 5 in the Village of Mt. Horeb for total gross sale proceeds of \$2,361,750. Through June 30, 2003, \$562,500 from lot sales has been distributed to investors.

Through June 30, 2003, investors have received \$1,747 for every \$1,000 invested or a total of \$3,975,000 in distributions. As of June 30, 2003, there were 88 investors in this partnership. The partnership has one remaining asset consisting of 60.876 acres in the Madison, Wisconsin area.

Our dealer manager received sales commission equal to 9% of the offering proceeds from which a selling commission of 8% was re-allowed to soliciting dealers. In addition, 0.5% of the offering proceeds were re-allowed to soliciting dealers as reimbursement for due diligence expenses. Additionally, 3.3% of the offering proceeds were used to reimburse the general partner, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, and its affiliates for out-of-pocked expenses associated with the offering and acquisition of the land parcels.

During the operating phase of the partnership, the general partner will receive an asset management fee paid annually, equal to 1% of the original cost of the partnership of the parcels. In addition, the general partner and its affiliates will be reimbursed for direct expenses relating to the administration of the partnership and its assets, subject to certain limitations.

An affiliate of the general partner will participate in real estate brokerage commissions as each parcel is sold, but such commissions will be subordinated to the return of that portion of the limited partners' original investment attributable to that parcel plus a 6% per annum, non-compounded cumulative return on parcel capital.

The general partner may share in the net proceeds from the sale of the parcels, but such share of sales proceeds will be subordinated, to the return of the limited partners' original capital and receipt of a 15% per annum, non-compounded cumulative return. The sharing arrangement of net sale proceeds after the 15% cumulative return will be 65% to the limited partners and 35% to the general partner.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT NOTE AND MORTGAGE PROGRAM

9% MONTHLY CASH FUND, L.P., an Illinois limited partnership offering investments in promissory notes to accredited investors, was sponsored by our sponsor in February 1993. The offering period for this program began February 1, 1993 and ended on May 17, 1993, when the maximum amount of \$4,000,000 was raised from 78 investors. The partnership issued notes maturing August 1, 1999 and providing a 9% annual return. This fund invested in loans made to an affiliate of our sponsor secured by collateral assignments of third party mortgage loans owned by the affiliate. Our sponsor guarantees the return of capital to noteholders and the 9% annual return. Cash distributions through September 30, 1999 totaled \$6,291,146, of which \$2,291,146 was interest earnings and \$4,000,000 was a return of capital. This partnership was completed in August 1999.

9% MONTHLY CASH FUND II, L.P., was an Illinois limited partnership offering investments in promissory notes to accredited investors, with investment objectives identical to those of 9% Monthly Cash Fund, L.P. Our sponsor sponsored it in April 1993. The offering period for this program began April 5, 1993 and ended July 23, 1993, with the maximum amount of \$4,000,000 raised from 82 investors. The partnership issued notes maturing February 1, 2000 that provided a 9% annual return. The partnership invested in a loan made to an affiliate or our sponsor secured by collateral assignments of third-party mortgage loans owned by the affiliate. Our sponsor guarantees the return of capital to noteholders and the 9% annual return. Cash distributions through March 31, 2000 totaled \$6,417,653, of which \$2,417,653 was interest earnings and \$4,000,000 was a return of capital. This partnership was completed in February 2000. All fees and expenses including sales commission and due diligence expense to our dealer-manager equal to 9.5% (of which 8% was re-allowed to soliciting dealers as sales commission and up to 0.5% as reimbursable due diligence expenses) and the costs of the memorandum, tax consulting and advise (which were anticipated to be approximately \$30,000 were absorbed by the sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, and were not paid from the proceeds of the offering.

IMC NOTE ISSUE #2 1993, offering investments in promissory notes was sponsored by Inland Mortgage Corporation, an Illinois corporation and an affiliate of our sponsor, in July 1993. The offering period for this program began August 25, 1993 and closed on June 13, 1994 after raising \$6,800,000. Inland Mortgage Corporation issued notes maturing December 31, 2003, providing for interest at the rate of 8% per annum with 100% return of principal guaranteed by our sponsor. Proceeds of the offering have been used to invest in a mortgage loan secured by an apartment property in Manchester, New Hampshire,

owned by an affiliate of our sponsor. Investors may also receive additional income dependent on the future sale of the property. Inland Mortgage Corporation made an initial distribution to investors of escrow interest totaling \$13,685 in November 1993. Cash distributions through June 30, 2003 totaled

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\$5,147,928, of which \$5,128,472 was interest earnings and \$19,456 was subsidy income from our sponsor pursuant to the guarantee for that program. As of June 30, 2003, there were 169 noteholders. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes – including sales commission and due diligence expense to dealer-manager, Inland Securities Corporation, equal to 8.5% (of which 6.5% was re-allowed to soliciting dealers as sales commissions, 0.5% as a marketing fee, and up to 0.5% as reimbursable due diligence expenses) and the costs of the memorandum, tax counseling and advise (which were anticipated to be approximately \$41,000), as well as other costs associated with the refinancing of the property (such as title, surveys, appraisals, recording charges, etc.) were advanced by the sponsor (IREIC) and were not paid from the proceeds of the offering.

INLAND CONDOMINIUM FINANCING FUND, L.P., an Illinois limited partnership offering investment in promissory notes, was sponsored by our sponsor in December 1993. The offering period for this program began December 15, 1993 and closed on June 30, 1994. This partnership offered notes in the principal amount of \$1,031,000 maturing July 1, 2001, with interest at the rate of 10% per annum and 100% return of principal guaranteed by our sponsor. The proceeds of the offering were used to make unsecured loans to limited partnerships which are affiliates of our sponsor, for the purposes of paying expenses relating to the conversion of apartment properties owned by those partnerships to condominiums, and conducting condominium unit sales and other partnership expenses. Cash distributions began in March 1994. Distributions through November 17, 1997 totaled \$1,411,617, of which \$380,617 was interest earnings and \$1,031,000 was a return of capital. There were 36 investors in this partnership. This partnership was completed in 1997. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with the offering - including sales commission and due diligence expense to dealer-manager, Inland Securities Corporation, equal to 8.5% (of which 6.5% was re-allowed to soliciting dealers as sales commissions, 0.5% as a marketing fee and up to 0.5% as reimbursable due diligence expenses) and the costs of the memorandum, tax counseling and advice (which were anticipated to be approximately \$45,000), as well as other costs associated with the funding of the conversion loans were advanced by the sponsor (IREIC) and were not paid from the proceeds of the offering.

1031 EXCHANGE PRIVATE PLACEMENT OFFERING PROGRAM

In March of 2001, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation (IREX) was established as a subsidiary of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. The objective of IREX is to provide replacement properties for people wishing to complete an IRS Section 1031 real estate exchange. Through June 30, 2003, IREX offered the sale of ten properties with a total property value of \$105,810,559.

LANDINGS OF SARASOTA DBT. Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc., a Delaware corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired the Landings, a multi-tenant shopping center located in Sarasota, Florida in December 1997 for \$9,800,000. In August 2001, Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc. contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Landings of Sarasota DBT, a Delaware business trust, refinanced the property with a loan of \$8,000,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$8,000,000 in debt assumption and \$4,000,000

in equity investment. \$200,000 of the offering proceeds were allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in May 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised. The private placement memorandum projected a first year annualized cash on cash return of 8.00%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$482,236, based on the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were nine investors in this trust.

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SENTRY OFFICE BUILDING, DBT, a Delaware business trust, purchased a newly constructed, single-tenant office building in Davenport, Iowa in December 2001 from Ryan Companies US Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$7,500,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In January 2002, Sentry Office Building Corporation, a Delaware corporation and the initial beneficiary of the trust, began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$11,000,000, which consisted of \$7,500,000 in debt assumption and \$3,500,000 in equity investment. \$100,000of the proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in April 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 8.20%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$363,223, based on the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were six investors in this trust.

PETS BOWIE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to PETsMART in Bowie, Maryland in October 2001 from PETsMART, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Northwest, N.A. The trust initially financed its acquisition of the property with a temporary loan of \$2,625,305 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and then replaced this loan with a permanent loan of \$1,300,000 with the same lender. In May 2002, Pets Bowie Delaware Business Trust began offering all of its beneficial interests to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,900,000, which consisted of \$1,300,000 in debt assumption and \$2,600,000 in equity investment. \$90,000 of the proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in July 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised. The private placement memorandum projected a first year annualized cash on cash return of 8.89%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$231,314, based on the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were seven investors in this trust.

1031 CHATTANOOGA DBT, a Delaware business trust, acquired a retail property currently leased to Eckerd in Chattanooga, Tennessee in May 2002. The trust financed the property with a loan of \$1,500,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In July 2002, 1031 Chattanooga, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of 1031 Chattanooga DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,400,000, which consisted of \$1,500,000 in debt assumption and \$1,900,000 in equity investment. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process, with 95.1295% (\$1,807,460) of the capital raised. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 8.26%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$160,855, based on the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were 11 investors in this trust.

LANSING SHOPPING CENTER, DBT purchased a newly constructed, multi-tenant retail shopping center in Lansing, Illinois in June 2002 from LaSalle Bank National Association, as trustee under trust agreement dated May 22, 2001 and known as Trust No. 127294. The Trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,900,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In August 2002, Lansing Shopping Center, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Lansing Shopping Center, DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$10,900,000, which consisted of \$5,900,000 in debt assumption and \$5,000,000 in equity investment. \$80,000 of the proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The private placement memorandum projected a first year annualized cash on cash return of 8.47%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$314,014, based on

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the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were five investors in this trust.

INLAND 220 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building currently leased to Disney in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with an \$18,000,000 first mortgage loan from Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association. In September 2002, Inland 220 Celebration Place, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Inland 220 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$33,800,000, which consisted of \$18,000,000 in debt assumption and \$15,800,000 in equity investment. \$50,000 of the proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process, with 89.8075% (\$14,189,578) of the capital raised. The private placement memorandum projected a first year annualized cash on cash return of 8.08%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$852,564, based on the actual holding period of each individual investor. As of June 30, 2003, there were 32 investors in this trust.

TAUNTON CIRCUIT DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a retail property currently leased to Circuit City in Taunton, Massachusetts in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of \$2,800,000 from MB Financial Bank. In September 2002, Inland Taunton Circuit, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Taunton Circuit Delaware Business Trust, offered all of its interest in the trust to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$6,550,000, which consisted of \$2,800,000 in debt assumption and \$3,750,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in September 2002. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 8.31%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owner totaled \$210,950. As of June 30, 2003, there was one investor in this trust.

BROADWAY COMMONS DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a multi-tenant retail center located in Rochester, Minnesota, in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of \$8,850,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In October 2002, Broadway Commons, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Broadway Commons Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$17,250,000, which consisted of \$8,850,000 in debt assumption

and \$8,400,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process, with approximately 70.5434% (\$5,925,643) of the capital raised. The private placement memorandum projected an initial annualized cash on cash return of 8.14%. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owners totaled \$447,625, based on the actual holding period of each individual owner. As of June 30, 2003, there were 21 investors in this trust.

BELL PLAZA 1031, LLC. Rehab Associates XIII, Inc., an Illinois corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired Bell Plaza, a multi-tenant shopping center in Oak Lawn, IL on August 28, 1998 for \$1,675,000. In October 2002, Rehab Associates XIII contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Bell Plaza 1031, LLC, a Delaware single member limited liability company, and then offered all of its membership interests in Bell Plaza, LLC to North Forsyth Associates, a North Carolina general partnership, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$4,030,000, which consisted of \$3,140,000 in debt assumption and \$890,000 in equity investment. \$25,000 of the proceeds obtained by the new owner was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in November 2002. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 14.30%, calculated based on the total original investment of

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\$890,000. Through June 30, 2003, cash distributions to the owner totaled \$46,849. As of June 30, 2003, there was one investor in this limited liability company.

INLAND 210 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building, currently leased in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,700,000 first mortgage loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In January 2003, Inland 210 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust sold its fee simple interest in 210 Celebration Place to Old Bridge Park Celebration, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$5,700,000 in debt assumption and \$6,300,000 in equity investment. Through June 30, 2003, cash flow to the new owner totaled \$245,712. As of June 30, 2003, this property was owned by one investor.

COMPUSA RETAIL BUILDING. Lombard C-USA, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to CompUSA, Inc. in Lombard, Illinois in January 2003 from an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$4,000,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In April 2003, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. began offering all of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2840 S. Highland Avenue, Lombard, DuPage County, Illinois for \$3,950,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$7,950,000, which consisted of \$4,000,000 in debt assumption and \$3,950,000 in equity investment. As required by the lender, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. shall retain at least a 1% tenant in common interest, which is included in the \$3,950,000 equity investment. \$75,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 8.05%. Through June 30, 2003, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. remains the sole investor in the property.

DEERE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY. Janesville 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware

limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant, light industrial distribution center leased to Deere & Company, a Delaware corporation, in Janesville, Wisconsin in February 2003 from Ryan Janesville, L.L.C., a Minnesota corporation and an affiliate of Ryan Companies US, Inc. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$10,450,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In May 2003, Janesville 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2900 Beloit Avenue, Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin for \$9,949,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$20,500,000, consisted of \$10,450,000 in debt assumption and \$10,050,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Janesville 1031, L.L.C. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 7.23%. Through June 30, 2003, Janesville 1031, L.L.C. remains the sole investor in the property.

FLEET OFFICE BUILDING. Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant office building leased entirely to Fleet National Bank, a national banking association, in Providence, Rhode Island in April 2003 from Fleet National Bank in a sale/leaseback transaction. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$12,900,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In June 2003, Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 111 Westminster Street, Providence, Providence County, Rhode Island for \$9,000,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to

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complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$22,900,000, consisted of \$12,900,000 in debt assumption and \$10,000,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. \$150,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. As of June 30, 2003, the offering is still in process. The private placement memorandum projected a first-year annualized cash on cash return of 7.19%. Through June 30, 2003, Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. remains the sole investor in the property.

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The following summary table describes the fees and expenses incurred by each of our entities in our 1031 Exchange Private Placement Offering Project.

	Landings of Sarasota DBT	Sentry Office Building DBT	Pets Bowie DBT	1031 Chattano DBT
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8
SELLING COMMISSION TO 3rd PARTY REPS	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
DUE DILIGENCE FEE	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

0 0				
MARKETING EXPENSES	1.00%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
OFFERING & ORGANIZATION	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs(3)				
ACQUISITION FEE	N/A	0.71%	0.77%	0.90%
BRIDGE FINANCING FEES	N/A	NA	1.49%	0.50%
Total Load(4)	11.25%-12.75%	14.23%	13.68%	14.39%
Asset Management Fees (5)	NA	0.75%	1.00%	0.56%
Property Management Fees(6)	4.5%	5.0%	Paid b Asset Mg	_
	Taunton Circuit DBT	Broadway Commons DBT DBT	Bell Plaza 1031, LLC	
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.0%	Up to 8.77%	Up to 9.19%	Up to 7.72%
SELLING COMMISSION TO 3rd PARTY REPS	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	3.81%
DUE DILIGENCE FEE	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.00%
MARKETING EXPENSES	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
OFFERING & ORGANIZATION	0.50%	1.27%	1.69%	0.96%
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.61%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs(3)				
ACQUISITION FEE	0.69%	0.75%		0.89%
BRIDGE FINANCING FEES	0.07%	0.23%	NA	0.23%
Total Load(4)	11.89%	12.98%	23.02%	10.52%
Asset Management Fees (5)	0.57%	NA	0.53%	0.53%
Property Management Fees (6)		5.0%	5.0%	4.5%
	Deere Distribution Facility	Fleet Office		
Commissions & Fees(1)		Up to 8.52%	;	
			-	

Backend Sales Commission		3.5%	
Property Management Fees(6)			
Asset Management Fees(5)	0.49%	0.49%	
Total Load(4)	13.93%	14.57%	
BRIDGE FINANCING FEES	0.23%	0.35%	
ACQUISITION FEE	0.87%	0.85%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs(3)			
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.50%	
OFFERING & ORGANIZATION	1.10%	1.02%	
MARKETING EXPENSES	1.00%	1.00%	
DUE DILIGENCE FEE	0.50%	0.50%	
3rd PARTY REPS		6.00%	

N/A NA

3.5%

Backend Sales Commission NA NA

Backend Sales Commission

SELLING COMMISSION TO

- (1) Commissions and fees are calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal.
- (2) The Mortgage Broker Fee is calculated as a percentage of the debt portion of each deal.
- (3) Acquisition & Carrying Costs are calculated as a percentage of the real estate acquisition price.
- (4) The Total Load is calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal. The Total Load includes the Commissions & Fees, Mortgage Broker Fee, Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs, as well as any other non-affiliated third party expenses.
- (5) Asset Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of the value of the assets under management. However, for The Landings and Broadway Commons, which are both Master Lease deals, the Master Tenant Income is the residual cash

NA

flow from the Property after payment of the Master Lease Rent.

(6) Property Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of Gross Income from the property.

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SUMMARY TABLES

Wisconsin Land

Fund, L.P.

The following summary tables describe information concerning the prior programs discussed above through June 30, 2003.

Affiliates of The Inland Group formed Inland Capital Fund, L.P. and Wisconsin Capital Land Fund, L.P. as pure capital appreciation investments. No current return from rents or interest was contemplated or available because capital was invested in non-income producing vacant land parcels. Limited partners receive distributions on an irregular basis, only as a result of a sale of the vacant land parcels. These distributions consist of both the return of the invested capital amount allocated to the purchase of the parcel or parcels sold plus the profit on the involved parcels as measured by the sale price, net of costs of the sale, minus the fully loaded purchase price, or allocated capital. The method of measuring return on investment to date is on a sold parcel by parcel basis as follows:

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		Return on Investment	Return on Investment	
FUND	NET SALES PRICES OF PARCELS SOLD TO DATE	FULLY LOADED PURCHASE PRICE (ALLOCATED CAPITAL OF PARCELS SOLD LESS TO DATE)	NET PROFITS ON PARCELS SOLD TO DATE	GROSS RETURN % (NET PROFIT/ALLOCATED CAPITAL)
Inland Capital Fund, L.P.	28,049,000	0 13,990,000	14,059,000	100%

CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTIONS TO LIMITED PARTNERS

4,137,818 2,120,803

	CAPITAL RAISED	TOTAL	RETURN OF = INVESTMENT	RETURN ON + INVESTMENT
Employee Appreciation Fund, L.P.*	400,000	502,198	400,000	102 , 198

2,017,015

95%

Inland Condominium Financing Fund, L.P.	1,031,000	1,411,617	1,031,000	380,617
9% Monthly Cash Fund, L.P.	4,000,000	6,291,146	4,000,000	2,291,146
9% Monthly Cash Fund II, L.P.	4,000,000	6,417,653	4,000,000	2,417,653
IMC Note Issue #2 1993	6,800,000	5,147,928	0	5,147,928

^{*} Returns of Capital prior to Final Distribution.

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MANAGEMENT

INLAND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

The Inland Group, Inc. was started by a group of Chicago schoolteachers in 1967, and incorporated the following year. The founders of The Inland Group and its affiliates are still centered in the Chicago metropolitan area. Over the past 35 years, The Inland Group and its affiliates have experienced significant growth and now make up a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate providing property management, leasing, marketing, acquisition, disposition, development, redevelopment, renovation, construction, finance, investment products, and other related services. The Inland Real Estate Group of Companies (sometimes referred to as "Inland") represents the marketing name for these separate legal entities that are either subsidiaries of the same entity, affiliates of each other, share some common ownership or were previously sponsored by Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Inland in the aggregate was ranked by Crain's Chicago Business in April 2003 as the 33rd largest privately held company headquartered in the Chicago area. Among the affiliates of Inland is one of the largest property management firm in Illinois and one of the largest commercial real estate and mortgage banking firms in the Midwest.

As of June 30, 2003 Inland and its affiliates have more than 800 employees, own properties in 39 states, and have managed assets in excess of \$5 billion. The senior management includes executives of The Inland Group and its affiliates. Our management personnel have substantial experience in a full range of real estate services. Our top seven senior executives have an average of over 25 years experience in the real estate industry.

Our advisor and managing dealer are affiliates of Inland. The relevant skills and experience of each of the Inland affiliated companies, developed over the course of more than 35 years in business, primarily in the Chicago metropolitan area, are available to us in the conduct of our business.

As of June 30, 2003, our sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, is the general partner of limited partnerships which own in excess of 5,800 acres of pre-development land in the Chicago area, as well as 16,871,522 square feet of real property in Chicago and nationwide.

Inland developed expertise in real estate financing as it bought and sold properties over the years. Inland Mortgage Corporation was incorporated in 1977. As of June 30, 2003 Inland Mortgage Corporation has originated more than \$6 billion in financing including loans to third parties and affiliated entities.

Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation and Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation were incorporated in 1990, delineating the functions and duties

associated with financing. As of June 30, 2003, Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation owned a \$73,947,500 loan portfolio, and Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation serviced a loan portfolio of 503 loans exceeding \$2,117,699,700.

The Inland Property Management companies are responsible for collecting rent, and leasing and maintaining the rental properties they manage.

As of June 30, 2003 Inland Property Management companies manage 42,982,552 million square feet of commercial properties in 39 states. A substantial portion of the portfolio, approximately 10.8 million square feet, consists of properties leased on a triple-net lease basis to creditworthy tenants. This means that the tenant operates and maintains the property and pays rent that is net of taxes, insurance, and

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operating expenses. They also manage more than 11,000 multi-family units that are principally located in the Chicago metropolitan area.

Inland Western Management Corporation, our management company, was incorporated in January 2003 to segregate responsibility for management of our properties from Inland Property Management companies' growing management portfolio of retail properties. Our property management company will be responsible for collecting rent, leasing, and maintaining the retail properties it will manage. These properties are primarily intended to be our properties in our primary geographical area of investment. Our property management company is owned primarily by individuals who are affiliates of Inland.

Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc., another company affiliated with Inland, has extensive experience in acquiring real estate for investment. Over the years, it and its affiliates have acquired more than 1,100 properties.

Inland Real Estate Development Corporation, an affiliate of Inland, has expertise in rezoning and developing real estate for industrial, residential, and commercial use. It has constructed more than 3,000 single family and multi-family units and developed over one million square feet of commercial space. As of June 30, 2003, Inland Real Estate Development Corporation had more than 5,000 acres of prime land available for development.

Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc., another affiliate of Inland, is one of the largest "mid-market" commercial brokerage specialists in the Midwest. In the last three years it has completed more than \$175 million in commercial real estate sales. Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc. has been involved in the sale of more than 40,000 multi-family units and over 10 million square feet of commercial property.

See also "Prior Performance of our Affiliates" and APPENDIX A - "Prior Performance Tables" for information concerning over \$2.8 billion raised from over 77,000 investors in connection with two other REITs, one other public real estate equity program, one private real estate equity program and five private placement mortgage and note programs and nine real estate exchange private placement offerings sponsored by The Inland Group affiliated companies during the 10-year period ending June 30, 2003, and the prior performance of those programs. During the last 35 years, more than 10,000 investors were in the Inland Group's 231 completed programs as of June 23, 2003, with no investor losses of initial invested capital in any completed equity program.

The following sets forth information with respect to the directors and principal executive officers of The Inland Group:

NAME 	AGE*	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH THE INLAND GROUP
Daniel L. Goodwin	59	Chairman, president and director
Robert H. Baum	59	Vice chairman, executive vice president - general counsel and director
G. Joseph Cosenza	59	Vice chairman and director
Robert D. Parks	59	Director

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Messrs. Goodwin, Baum, Cosenza and Parks were the founders of Inland.

DANIEL L. GOODWIN, is a founding and controlling stockholder of and the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of The Inland Group, Inc. Mr. Goodwin also serves as a director or officer of entities wholly owned or controlled by The Inland Group. In addition, Mr. Goodwin is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Inland Bancorp, a bank holding company. He also oversees numerous stock market investment portfolios and is the advisor for Inland Mutual Fund Trust, a publicly traded mutual fund.

HOUSING. Mr. Goodwin is a member of the National Association of Realtors, the Illinois Association of Realtors and the Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors. He is also the author of a nationally recognized real estate reference book for the management of residential properties. Mr. Goodwin serves on the Board of the Illinois State Affordable Housing Trust Fund. He served as an advisor for the Office of Housing Coordination Services of the State of Illinois, and as a member of the Seniors Housing Committee of the National Multi-Housing Council. He has served as Chairman of the DuPage County Affordable Housing Task Force. Mr. Goodwin also serves as Chairman of New Directions Affordable Housing Corporation.

EDUCATION. Mr. Goodwin obtained his Bachelor's and Master's Degrees from Illinois State universities. Following graduation, he taught for five years in the Chicago Public Schools. More recently, Mr. Goodwin has served as a member of the Board of Governors of Illinois State Colleges and Universities. He is Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Benedictine University, Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Springfield College and Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois University.

ROBERT H. BAUM has been with The Inland Group and has affiliates since 1968 and is one of the four original principals. Mr. Baum is vice chairman and executive vice president-general counsel of The Inland Group. In his capacity as general counsel, Mr. Baum is responsible for the supervision of the legal activities of The Inland Group and its affiliates. This responsibility includes the supervision of The Inland Group Law Department and serving as liaison with outside counsel. Mr. Baum has served as a member of the North American Securities Administrators Association Real Estate Advisory Committee and as a member of the Securities Advisory Committee to the Secretary of State of Illinois. He is a member of the American Corporation Counsel Association and has also been a guest lecturer for the Illinois State Bar Association. Mr. Baum has been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States, as well

^{*}As of January 1, 2003

as the bars of several federal courts of appeals and federal district courts and the State of Illinois. He is also an Illinois licensed real estate broker. He has served as a director of American National Bank of DuPage and currently serves as a director of Inland Bancorp Holding Company and of Westbank. Mr. Baum also is a member of the Governing Council of Wellness House, a charitable organization that provides emotional support for cancer patients and their families.

G. JOSEPH COSENZA has been with The Inland Group and its affiliates since 1968 and is one of the four original principals. Mr. Cosenza is a director and vice chairman of The Inland Group and oversees, coordinates and directs The Inland Group organization's many enterprises. In addition, Mr. Cosenza immediately supervises a staff of 16 persons who engage in property acquisitions. Mr. Cosenza has been a consultant to other real estate entities and lending institutions on property appraisal methods.

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Mr. Cosenza received his B.A. Degree from Northeastern Illinois University and his Masters Degree from Northern Illinois University. From 1967 to 1968, he taught in the La Grange Illinois School District and, from 1968 to 1972, he served as assistant principal and taught in the Wheeling, Illinois School District. Mr. Cosenza has been a licensed real estate broker since 1968 and an active member of various national and local real estate associations, including the National Association of Realtors and the Urban Land Institute.

Mr. Cosenza has also been chairman of the board of American National Bank of DuPage and has served on the board of directors of Continental Bank of Oakbrook Terrace. He was the chairman and is presently a director of Westbank in Westchester, Hillside and Lombard, Illinois.

ROBERT D. PARKS has been a director of The Inland Group since 1968 and is one of the four original principals. He has been our chairman, chief executive officer, and an affiliated director since our formation. He is chairman of our sponsor and a director of our managing dealer. Mr. Parks is president, chief executive officer and a director of Inland Real Estate Corporation. He is a director of Inland Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., Inland Investment Advisors, Inc., Partnership Ownership Corp., Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc. and Inland Southeast Investment Corp. He is chairman, chief executive officer and director of Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and a trustee of Inland Mutual Fund Trust, Inc.

Mr. Parks is responsible for the ongoing administration of existing investment programs, corporate budgeting and administration for our sponsor. He oversees and coordinates the marketing of all investments and investor relations.

Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Parks was a school teacher in Chicago's public schools. He received his B.A. Degree from Northeastern Illinois University and his M.A. Degree from the University of Chicago. He is a registered Direct Participation Program Limited Principal with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. He is also a member of the Real Estate Investment Association, the Financial Planning Association, the Foundation for Financial Planning, as well as a member of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc.

OUR GENERAL MANAGEMENT

We operate under the direction of our board of directors. Our board is responsible for our business and management. Our board sets our policies and strategies. Our advisor is responsible for the day-to-day management of our

affairs and the implementation of the policies of our board. Inland Western Management Corp. is responsible for managing, maintaining and leasing the individual properties. Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. is responsible for acquiring properties. Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services, Inc., an affiliate of The Inland Group, Inc., is responsible for providing insurance coverage on the properties. Inland Mortgage Corporation, Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation are responsible for the purchase, sales and servicing of mortgages. See "Compensation Table" for a description for the fees paid to our affiliates.

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OUR DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth information with respect to our directors and executive officers:

NAME	AGE	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH US
Robert D. Parks	59	Chairman, chief executive officer and affiliated director
Roberta S. Matlin	58	Vice president administration
Scott W. Wilton	42	Secretary
Kelly E. Tucek	40	Treasurer
Brenda G. Gujral	60	Affiliated director
Frank A. Catalano, Jr	41	Independent director
Kenneth H. Beard	63	Independent director
Paul R. Gauvreau	63	Independent director
Gerald M. Gorski	60	Independent director
Barbara A. Murphy	65	Independent director

^{*}As of January 1, 2003

ROBERTA S. MATLIN has been our vice president of administration since our formation. Ms. Matlin joined Inland in 1984 as director of investor administration and currently serves as senior vice president of investments of our sponsor, directing its day-to-day internal operations. Ms. Matlin is a director of our sponsor and of our managing dealer. Since 1998, she has been vice president of administration of Inland Retail Real Estate Trust and was vice president of administration of Inland Real Estate Corporation from 1995 until 2000. She is president and a director of Inland Investment Advisors, Inc. and Intervest Southern Real Estate Corporation, and a trustee and executive vice president of Inland Mutual Fund Trust. Prior to joining Inland, she worked for the Chicago Region of the Social Security Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. Ms. Matlin is a graduate of the University of Illinois. She holds Series 7, 22, 24, 39, 63 and 65 licenses from the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

SCOTT W. WILTON has been our secretary since our formation. Mr. Wilton joined The Inland Group in January 1995. He is assistant vice president of The Inland Real Estate Group, Inc. and assistant counsel with The Inland