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ILINC COMMUNICATIONS INC

Form 10-Q

August 14, 2008

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. (20549)

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

OR

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-13725

ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION
OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

76-0545043
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER
IDENTIFICATION NO.)

2999 NORTH 44TH STREET, SUITE 650, PHOENIX, ARIZONA
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

85018
(ZIP CODE)

(602) 952-1200
(REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes (X) No ()

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer []

Accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer []

Smaller reporting company [X]

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as

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defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes [] No [X]

The number of shares of Common Stock of the Registrant, par value \$.001 per share, outstanding at August 13, 2008 was 34,623,816 net of shares held in treasury.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this document to "iLinc Communications," "iLinc," the "Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to iLinc Communications, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that involve words like "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These are statements that relate to future periods. Such forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from anticipated results. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, market demand for our products and services, our ability to attract and retain customers and channel partners, our ability to expand our technological infrastructure to meet the demand from our customers, our ability to recruit and retain qualified employees, the ability of channel partners to successfully resell our products, the status of the overall economy, the strength of competitive offerings, the pricing pressures created by market forces and the risks discussed herein (see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors"). All forward-looking statements included in this report are based on information available to us as of the date hereof. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations or in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made in this report and in our other reports filed with the SEC that attempt to advise interested parties of certain risks and factors that may affect our business. Our reports are available free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with the SEC and may be obtained through our Web site located at www.iLinc.com.

iLinc, iLinc Communications, iLinc Suite, MeetingLinc, LearnLinc, ConferenceLinc, SupportLinc, EventPlus, iLinc On-Demand, iReduce, iLinc Green Meter, iLinc Enterprise, iLinc Essentials and its logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of iLinc Communications, Inc. All other company names and products may be trademarks of their respective companies.

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PART I--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

JUNE 30, 2008	MARCH 31, 2008
-----	-----

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ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,232	\$ 669
Certificates of deposit	2,760	373
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$25 and \$30 at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively	785	627
Other receivables	953	--
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	301	272
Assets related to discontinued operations	594	3,145
	-----	-----
Total current assets	6,625	5,086

Property and equipment, net	521	566
Goodwill	9,229	9,520
Intangible assets, net	788	869
Other receivables	120	--
Other assets	14	14
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 17,297	\$ 16,055
	=====	=====

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:

Current portion of long term debt	\$ 95	\$ 95
Accounts payable trade	458	612
Accrued liabilities	993	751
Current portion of capital lease liabilities	124	120
Deferred revenue	1,509	1,507
Liabilities related to discontinued operations	707	778
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	3,886	3,863

Long term debt, less current maturities, net of discount and beneficial conversion feature of \$741 and \$791, at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively	7,566	7,535
Capital lease liabilities, less current maturities	224	256
Deferred tax liability	406	384
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	12,082	12,038
	-----	-----

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Preferred stock series A & B, 10,000,000 shares authorized:

Series A preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 75,000 and 105,000 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference of \$750,000 and \$1,050,000 at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively	--	--
Series B preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 55,000 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference of \$550,000 at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively	--	--
Common stock, \$.001 par value 100,000,000 shares authorized 36,056,228 and 35,456,228 issued at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively	35	35
Additional paid-in capital	46,519	46,498
Accumulated deficit	(39,931)	(41,108)
Less: 1,432,412 treasury shares at cost	(1,408)	(1,408)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity	5,215	4,017
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 17,297	\$ 16,055
	=====	=====

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THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE INTERIM
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2008	2007
Revenues		
Software licenses	\$ 585	\$ 1,152
Subscription services	469	511
Software maintenance, hosting and other services	866	855
	-----	-----
Total revenues	1,920	2,518
	-----	-----
Cost of revenues		
Software licenses	45	67
Subscription services	66	103
Software maintenance, hosting and other services	127	211
Amortization of technology	53	--
	-----	-----
Total cost of revenues	291	381
	-----	-----
Gross profit	1,629	2,137
	-----	-----
Operating expenses		
Research and development	531	362
Sales and marketing	900	1,172
General and administrative	613	663
	-----	-----
Total operating expenses	2,044	2,197
	-----	-----
(Loss) from operations	(415)	(60)
Interest expense	(258)	(256)
Amortization of beneficial debt conversion	(79)	(81)
	-----	-----
Total interest expense	(337)	(337)
Interest income (charges) and other	3	(27)
	-----	-----
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(749)	(424)
Income taxes	(21)	(21)
	-----	-----
Loss from continuing operations	(770)	(445)
Income from discontinued operations	1,976	523
	-----	-----
Net income	1,206	78

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Series A and B preferred stock dividends	(29)	(35)
	-----	-----
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 1,177	\$ 43
	=====	=====
Income per common share, basic		
From continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)
From discontinued operations	0.06	0.01
	-----	-----
Net income per common share, basic	\$ 0.04	\$ --
	=====	=====
Income per common share, diluted		
From continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)
From discontinued operations	0.06	0.01
	-----	-----
Net income per common share, diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ --
	=====	=====
Number of shares used in calculation of income per share:		
Basic	34,256	33,585
	=====	=====
Diluted	34,256	33,585
	=====	=====

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE INTERIM
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
(IN THOUSANDS)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2008	2007
	-----	-----
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (633)	\$ 234
	-----	-----
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment in certificate of deposit	(2,387)	(6)
Capital expenditures	(17)	(38)
Capitalization of software development costs	--	(263)
Repayment of note receivable	--	14
	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,404)	(293)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	--	--
Series A and B preferred stock dividends	(29)	(35)
Stock issuance expense	--	--
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	--	--
Repayment of long-term debt	(19)	(31)
Repayment of capital lease liabilities	(28)	(7)
	-----	-----
Net cash used in financing activities	(76)	(73)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from continuing operations	(3,113)	(132)

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Net cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities		
from discontinued operations	(387)	251
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities from		
discontinued operations	4,063	(2)
	-----	-----
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	563	117
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	669	1,057
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,174
	=====	=====

Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2008	2007
	-----	-----
Note receivable from sale of Audio and Events business.....	1,073	--
Fair value of warrants recorded as prepaid	(22)	(1)
Addition of assets under capital leases	--	69

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE INTERIM
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona, iLinc Communications, Inc., is a leading provider of Web conferencing software and services. The Company's four-product iLinc Suite, comprised of LearnLinc, MeetingLinc, ConferenceLinc, and SupportLinc, is an award winning virtual classroom, Web conferencing and collaboration suite of software. The Company's software is based on a proprietary architecture and code that finds its origins as far back as 1994, in what the Company believes to be the beginnings of the Web conferencing industry. Versions of the iLinc Suite have been translated into six languages, and it is currently available in version 10. The Company's customers may choose from several different pricing and licensing options for the iLinc Suite depending upon their needs. Uses for the four-product suite of Web collaboration software include online business meetings, sales presentations, training sessions, product demonstrations and technical support assistance. The Company markets its products using a direct sales force and an indirect distribution channel consisting of agents, value added resellers and OEM partners. The Company allows its customers to choose between purchasing a perpetual license and subscribing to a term license. The Company's revenues are a mixture of high margin perpetual and subscription licenses of software, monthly recurring revenues from subscription licenses, as well as annual maintenance, hosting and support agreements and other products and services.

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The Company maintains corporate headquarters in Phoenix, Arizona and has occupied that 9,100 square foot Class A facility since the Company's inception in 1998. The Phoenix lease requires a monthly rent and operating expenses of approximately \$25,000 and will expire on February 28, 2012. The Company also maintains a 2,500 square foot Class B facility in Troy, New York with an emphasis in that location on research and development and technical support. The New York lease requires a monthly rent and operating expenses of approximately \$4,000 and it expires on June 30, 2009. In addition, the Company maintains an 8,000 square foot Class A facility in Springville, Utah with a historical emphasis on audio conferencing operations. The Utah facility will be closed upon the transition of audio conferencing operations.

The Company began operations in March of 1998 in a different industry, with its formation including the simultaneous rollup of fifty private businesses and a simultaneous initial public offering. The Company changed its name to iLinc Communications, Inc. in February 2004.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Pursuant to such regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. The Company believes the presentation and disclosures herein are adequate to make the information not misleading, but do not purport it to be a complete presentation inasmuch as all note disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles are not included. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all elimination entries and normal recurring adjustments that are necessary to fairly state the results for the interim periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Fiscal operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. It is suggested that these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and related notes thereto, and management's discussion and analysis related thereto, all of which are included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, as filed with the SEC and available for free on the Company's Website.

2. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On April 28, 2008, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Audio Conferencing Agreement") with American Teleconferencing Services Ltd. (the "Purchaser"), a subsidiary of Premiere Global Services, Inc. The Audio Conferencing Agreement provided for the sale by the Company of a majority of its audio conferencing assets. The closing of the transaction occurred on May 2, 2008. On the closing date, the Purchaser paid the Company \$3.3 million, with an additional payment of \$833,000 to be paid within ten days of the transition date of July 25, 2008 as defined in the Audio Conferencing Agreement. The transition payment of \$833,000 has been recorded in Other Receivables on the balance sheet

at June 30, 2008. As further consideration, Purchaser will tender on or before June 1, 2009 an earn-out payment, if any, the product of 1.25 times the amount that the Purchaser earns in revenue from the acquired customer accounts in excess of \$2.7 million during the twelve months after closing. Additionally, on May 13, 2008, the Purchaser paid \$558,000 for the Company's identified audio conferencing accounts receivable that was less than 90 days old, and will pay

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thereafter 103% of the accounts receivable collected from those audio conferencing accounts in excess of the initial payment. The gain on sale resulting from the transaction has been recorded as of the closing date.

On June 30, 2008, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Events Business Agreement") with Conference Plus, Inc. The Events Business Agreement provided for the sale by the Company of the assets related to the Events portion of its audio conferencing business (the "Events Business"). On the closing date, the Purchaser paid the Company \$175,000, with additional monthly earn-out payments equal to the greater of: (a) twenty five percent of the revenue derived by Purchaser from the Event Business or (b) \$10,000 for each of the twenty-four months after the closing date. The minimum monthly amount due of \$10,000 per month has been recorded as \$120,000 in Other Receivables - Current, and \$120,000 in Other Receivables in Noncurrent on the balance sheet at June 30, 2008. The gain on sale resulting from the transaction has been recorded as of the closing date.

The Company sold both its audio conferencing and Events Business assets due to continued price pressure for the market's perception of a commoditized product in regards to audio conferencing, and as a result the Company experienced continued margin contraction. The Company sold these assets to provide cash to enable it to focus on its Web conferencing product.

Therefore, pursuant to the criteria established by SFAS No. 144, ACCOUNTING FOR THE IMPAIRMENT OF DISPOSAL OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS, the Company has determined that all of its audio conferencing operations (i.e., the portion sold and the Events business retained) and related assets and liabilities should be classified as assets and liabilities "related to discontinued operations" as of June 30, 2008 and, the Company's results of operations related to its audio conferencing business for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 have been reclassified as income from discontinued operations.

A summary of the assets and liabilities of the audio conferencing business are as follows:

	----- JUNE 30 2008 -----	MARCH 31 2008 -----
(IN THOUSANDS)		
Assets:		
Accounts receivable	\$ 594	\$ 834
Property and equipment, net	--	192
Goodwill	--	1,686
Intangible assets, net	--	433
	-----	-----
Assets - related to discontinued operations	\$ 594	\$ 3,145
	=====	=====
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 449	\$ 611
Accrued liabilities	258	167
	-----	-----
Liabilities - related to discontinued operations	\$ 707	\$ 778
	=====	=====

A summary of the results from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

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	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2008	2007
Audio services revenues	\$ 641	\$1,606
Cost of audio services revenues	574	917
Gross profit	67	689
Operating expenses	29	152
Income from discontinued operations	38	537
Interest expense	--	14
Gain on sale of Audio Conferencing and Events Businesses ...	1,938	--
Net income from discontinued operations	\$1,976	\$ 523

There was no tax effect within the discontinued operations.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

RECLASSIFICATION OF PREVIOUSLY REPORTED FIGURES

The consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 has a reclassification of revenues and cost of revenues derived from subscription and hosting services and audio services. Hosting services have been reclassified to Software Maintenance, Hosting and Other Services Revenues and cost of revenues from Subscription Services. These sources were combined in the prior year's financial statements and have been retroactively reclassified for comparative purposes. All audio services revenues and cost of revenues, as well as audio services operating expenses have been reclassified as discontinued operations.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The more significant areas requiring use of estimates and judgment relate to revenue recognition, accounts receivable and notes receivable valuation reserves, realizability of intangible assets, realizability of deferred income tax assets and the evaluation of contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of such estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT

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The Company holds certificates of deposit at a financial institution. These certificates have a maturity of five months from the date of acquisition, which preclude them from being accounted for as cash equivalents.

CUSTOMER CONCENTRATIONS

Accounts receivable balances for three customers totaled approximately 13%, 7% and 7%, respectively, at June 30, 2008 and accounts receivable balances for two customers totaled approximately 18% and 14% of the total balance outstanding at March 31, 2008.

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STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Prior to April 1, 2006, the Company accounted for share-based compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed by APB 25, and related interpretations and elected the disclosure option of SFAS No. 123 as amended by SFAS No. 148, ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION - COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURE. Under the prior method, the Company measured compensation expense for stock options as the excess, if any, of the estimated fair market value of the Company's stock at the date of grant over the exercise price and provided pro forma disclosure of net income and earnings per share in the notes to the financial statements.

LOSS/INCOME PER SHARE

Basic loss/income per share are computed by dividing net loss/income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for each reporting period presented. Diluted loss/income per share is computed similar to basic loss/income per share while giving effect to all potential dilutive common stock equivalents that were outstanding during each reporting period. For the three months ended June 30, 2008 options and warrants to purchase 5,387,724 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because of their anti-dilutive effect. For the three months ended June 30, 2007, options and warrants to purchase 2,234,443 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because of their anti-dilutive effect.

Additionally, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, preferred stock and debt convertible into 8,800,000 and 9,780,000 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted loss/income per share because inclusion of such would be anti-dilutive. Furthermore, restricted stock grants of 1,250,000 and 450,000 shares have been excluded from the loss/income per share calculations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively because the measurement date stock price exceeds the average stock price for all periods presented.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, THE FAIR VALUE OPTION FOR FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (SFAS No. 159). Under this Standard, the Company may elect to report financial instruments and certain other items at fair value on a contract-by-contract basis with changes in value reported in earnings. This election is irrevocable. SFAS No. 159 provides an opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings that is caused by measuring hedged assets and liabilities that were previously required to use a different accounting method than the related hedging contracts when the complex provisions of SFAS No. 133 hedge accounting are not met. SFAS No. 159 is

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effective for years beginning after November 15, 2007. The impact of adopting this Standard was not material.

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 161, DISCLOSURES ABOUT DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES--AN AMENDMENT OF FASB STATEMENT NO. 133. This standard requires companies to provide enhanced disclosures about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. The Company has not yet adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 161, but does not expect it to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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In December 2007, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 110 regarding the use of a "simplified" method, as discussed in SAB No. 107 (SAB 107), in developing an estimate of expected term of "plain vanilla" share options in accordance with SFAS No. 123R, SHARE-BASED PAYMENT. In particular, the staff indicated in SAB 107 that it will accept a company's election to use the simplified method, regardless of whether the company has sufficient information to make more refined estimates of expected term. At the time SAB 107 was issued, the staff believed that more detailed external information about employee exercise behavior (e.g., employee exercise patterns by industry and/or other categories of companies) would, over time, become readily available to companies. Therefore, the staff stated in SAB 107 that it would not expect a company to use the simplified method for share option grants after December 31, 2007. The staff understands that such detailed information about employee exercise behavior may not be widely available by December 31, 2007. Accordingly, the staff will continue to accept, under certain circumstances, the use of the simplified method beyond December 31, 2007. The Company currently uses the simplified method for "plain vanilla" share options and warrants, and will assess the impact of SAB 110 for fiscal year 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--an amendment of ARB No. 51. This statement amends ARB 51 to establish accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. It clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements. Before this statement was issued, limited guidance existed for reporting noncontrolling interests. As a result, considerable diversity in practice existed. So-called minority interests were reported in the consolidated statement of financial position as liabilities or in the mezzanine section between liabilities and equity. This statement improves comparability by eliminating that diversity. This statement is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008 (that is, January 1, 2009, for entities with calendar year-ends). Earlier adoption is prohibited. The effective date of this statement is the same as that of the related Statement 141 (revised 2007). The Company will adopt this Statement beginning April 1, 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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In December 2007, the FASB, issued FAS No. 141 (revised 2007), BUSINESS COMBINATIONS. This Statement replaces FASB Statement No. 141, BUSINESS COMBINATIONS, but retains the fundamental requirements in Statement 141. This Statement establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer: (a) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree; (b) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; and (c) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. This statement applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. An entity may not apply it before that date. The effective date of this statement is the same as that of the related FASB Statement No. 160, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. The Company will adopt this statement beginning April 1, 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

4. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The balance of goodwill was \$9,520,000 at March 31, 2008 and \$9,229,000 at June 30, 2008. The change in the carrying amount of goodwill was a result of reallocation of goodwill based on the analysis performed for the audio sale. As a result of the sale of the Company's audio conferencing assets, \$1,686,000 of goodwill, which was previously classified in assets related to discontinued operations plus an additional \$291,000 of goodwill reallocated to discontinued operations, resulting from the goodwill analysis, was included in the calculation of gain on sale of the audio conferencing and events business for the three months ended June 30, 2008.

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Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	JUNE 30, 2008			
	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING LIVES (YEARS)	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NET
			(IN THOUSANDS)	
AMORTIZED INTANGIBLE ASSETS:				
Deferred financing costs	3.37	\$ 919	\$ (551)	\$ 368
Purchased software	0.00	675	(675)	--
Customer relationship	0.00	32	(32)	--
Capitalized software development costs	2.00	630	(210)	420
		\$ 2,256	\$ (1,468)	\$ 788

MARCH 31, 2008

	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING LIVES	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NET
--	---	-----------------------------	-----------------------------	-----

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	(YEARS)	(IN THOUSANDS)		
AMORTIZED INTANGIBLE ASSETS:				
Deferred financing costs	3.61	\$ 919	\$ (523)	\$ 396
Purchased software	0.00	675	(675)	--
Customer relationships	0.00	32	(32)	--
Capitalized software development costs	2.25	630	(157)	473
		\$ 2,256	\$ (1,387)	\$ 869

CAPITALIZATION OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS

In May of 2006, the Company began production of version 9 of its Web conferencing software. In accordance with SFAS No. 86, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to Be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed, the Company began capitalizing certain direct and indirect software development costs that included expenses related to employee payroll costs, consultant fees, dedicated computer hardware costs and specialized software license costs associated with this project, since technological feasibility was achieved in May 2006. Version 9 was completed and released to customers in June 2007 and at that time the accrued balance of software development costs totaled \$630,000. The Company capitalized \$0 and \$263,000 of software development costs for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company began amortization of these capitalized software development costs, using the straight-line amortization over a three year period beginning July 1, 2007. As of June 30, 2008, the net unamortized capitalized direct and indirect software development costs were \$420,000.

5. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	JUNE 30, 2008	MARCH 31, 2008
	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
Accrued state sales tax	\$ 43	\$ 46
Accrued interest payable	265	265
Amount payable to Interactive Alchemy	139	113
Accrued salaries and related benefits	516	294
Other	30	33
	-----	-----
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 993	\$ 751
	=====	=====

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6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	JUNE 30, 2008	MARCH 31, 2008
	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)	

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2002 Convertible redeemable unsecured subordinated notes	\$ 5,100	\$ 5,100
2004 Senior unsecured notes	2,962	2,962
Notes payable	340	359
	8,402	8,421
Less: Current portion of long-term debt	(95)	(95)
Discount	(371)	(396)
Beneficial conversion feature	(370)	(395)
	\$ 7,566	\$ 7,535
	=====	=====

In connection with a previous acquisition, the Company assumed an unsecured credit line with an original principal balance of \$400,000. On April 1, 2007, the note with a principal balance of \$398,000 was modified to provide for fixed payments of principal, due in 60 equal monthly installments plus variable interest, with the final payment due April 1, 2012. The note had a principal balance of \$318,000 at June 30, 2008.

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt excluding capital leases for each of the next five years subsequent to June 30, 2008 are as follows (IN THOUSANDS):

2009	\$ 95	
2010	81	
2011	3,049	
2012	5,177	
2013	--	
Thereafter	--	
	\$ 8,402	
	=====	

7. CAPITALIZATION

PREFERRED STOCK

During the three months ended June 30, 2008, holders of 30,000 shares of Series A preferred stock converted their shares to 600,000 shares of common stock. The conversion of the Preferred Stock was in accordance with the terms of the Preferred Stock agreement and increased the number of share outstanding by 600,000.

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$21,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The deferred income tax expense resulted from the recognition of the deferred income tax liability related to the tax deductible goodwill recognized on the Company's purchase of the assets from Quisic and LearnLinc. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance for its deferred tax assets due to the historical lack of profitable operating history. In the event that the Company determines that it will be more likely than not that the Company will derive profitability and corresponding taxable income, then it will realize a portion of its fully reserved deferred tax asset. Upon such determination and corresponding realization, an adjustment to the deferred tax asset would increase net income through recording a tax benefit in the period when such a determination is made. The Company does not believe that recognition is likely before the end of fiscal year 2009.

The Company adopted FIN 48 as of April 1, 2007. The adoption of FIN 48

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has not had an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008. The Company has no unrecognized tax benefit, as described in FIN 48, as of June 30, 2008.

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It is the Company's policy to recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. There is no interest or penalties accrued as of June 30, 2008. Furthermore, there were no interest or penalties recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2008.

The Company is subject to income tax examinations for U.S. Federal income taxes and state income taxes from fiscal 2005 forward. As of June 30, 2008, the Company is not undergoing any U.S. Federal or state tax audits. The Company does not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change prior to March 31, 2009.

There was no current income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 because net operating loss carry-forwards were utilized to eliminate taxable income and the payment of any federal income tax.

9. STOCK OPTION PLANS AND WARRANTS

The Company grants stock options under its amended and restated Stock Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Company calculates the fair value of options on the day of grant and amortizes the fair value over the vesting period. Under the Plan, the Company is authorized to issue up to 5,500,000 shares of common stock to directors, officers and employees in the form of stock options and stock awards.

There were stock options and stock awards representing 3,540,060 shares outstanding under the Plan at June 30, 2008. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers the Plan. Stock options granted to employees have a contractual term of ten years (subject to earlier termination in certain events) and have an exercise price no less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The options vest at varying rates over a one to five year period.

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options granted using the Black-Scholes option valuation model approach. The Company amortizes the fair value on a straight-line basis. All options are amortized over the requisite service periods of the awards, which are generally the vesting periods. The expected term of the options granted represents the period of time that they are outstanding. Management estimated the expected term of the options granted based on the period of time the options will be outstanding. Management has determined that there were no meaningful differences in option exercise activity based on the demographics tested. The Company estimates the volatility of its options at the date of grant based on the historic volatility of its common stock for the period of time that is commensurate to the options' expected life. The Company bases the risk-free interest rate that it uses in the Black-Scholes option valuation model on the implied yield in effect at the time of the option grant on U.S. Treasury bond issues with equivalent remaining terms. The Company has never paid a cash dividend on its common stock and does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Consequently, the Company uses an expected dividend yield of zero in the Black-Scholes option valuation model. SFAS 123R requires the Company to estimate forfeitures at the time of grant and revise those estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company uses historical data to estimate pre-vesting option forfeitures and record shared-based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest.

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In accordance with SFAS 123R, the Company recognized \$43,000 of compensation expense related to vesting of stock option awards and restricted stock grants in the three months ended June 30, 2008. The Company recognized \$36,000 of compensation expense related to stock options and vesting of stock grants in the three months ended June 30, 2007. The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options and vesting of employee stock grants under SFAS 123R for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, which was allocated as follows (in thousands except per share amounts).

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	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007
Stock-based compensation expense included:		
Cost of sales	\$ 1	\$ 5
Research and development	5	9
Sales and marketing	9	11
General and administrative	11	2
Discontinued operations	2	
Total	28	
Stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock grants included in general and administrative costs	15	
Stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options and employee stock grants included in income from operations	43	
Tax benefit	--	
Stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options and employee stock grants, net of tax	\$ 43	\$ --
Decrease in basic earnings per share	\$ --	\$ --
Decrease in diluted earnings per share	\$ --	\$ --

As stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is based on options ultimately expected to vest, it has been reduced for expected forfeitures.

The Company calculates the value of each employee stock option, estimated on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes model in accordance with SFAS 123R. The weighted average fair value of employee stock options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$0.22 per share and \$0.64 per share, respectively, using the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2008 ----	2007 ----
Risk free interest rate	3.1% - 3.3%	4.6% - 5.0%

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Dividend yield	0%	0%
Volatility factors of the expected market price of the Company's common stock	90%	90% - 93%
Weighted-average expected life of options	5 years	10 years

Stock option activity for the three months ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	SHARES SUBJECT TO OPTIONS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE CONTRACTUAL LIFE (IN YEARS)
Options outstanding at April 1, 2008.....	3,757,764	\$0.63	
Options granted.....	12,000	\$0.22	
Options exercised.....	--	\$0.00	
Options forfeited and expired.....	(229,704)	\$0.96	

Options outstanding at June 30, 2008.....	3,540,060	\$0.61	6.69

Options exercisable at June 30, 2008.....	2,262,686	\$0.73	5.21

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The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents total pretax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on June 30, 2008 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on June 30, 2008. During the three months ended June 30, 2008, no options were exercised by employees of the Company. The Company issues new shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options. At June 30, 2008, 450,917 shares were available for future grants under the Plan. At June 30, 2008, the Company had approximately \$586,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, related to stock options and restricted stock grants that will be recognized over the weighted average period of 5.27 years.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at June 30, 2008:

		OPTIONS OUTSTANDING			OPTIONS EXERCISABLE	
		NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
		-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
\$	0.23 - \$	0.36	1,056,168	\$ 0.27	9.0	258,278 \$ 0.25
\$	0.39 - \$	0.58	1,258,908	\$ 0.47	5.1	1,121,416 \$ 0.48
\$	0.59 - \$	0.90	887,886	\$ 0.64	7.8	545,894 \$ 0.65
\$	0.92 - \$	1.38	102,125	\$ 1.02	5.1	102,125 \$ 1.02
\$	1.94 - \$	2.91	205,000	\$ 1.98	1.3	205,000 \$ 1.98

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\$ 6.13 - \$ 9.19	29,973	\$ 6.13	1.0	29,973	\$ 6.13
	-----			-----	
	3,540,060			2,262,686	
	=====			=====	

WARRANTS

The following table summarizes information about stock purchase warrants outstanding at June 30, 2008:

		WARRANTS OUTSTANDING			WARRANTS EXERCISABLE		
		NUMBER OF	WEIGHTED	WEIGHTED AVERAGE	NUMBER OF	WEIGHTED	
		SHARES	AVERAGE	REMAINING	SHARES	AVERAGE	
			EXERCISE	CONTRACTUAL		EXERCISE	
			PRICE	LIFE (YEARS)		PRICE	
		-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
\$ 0.32 - \$ 0.32	50,000	\$ 0.32	0.8	50,000	\$ 0.32		
\$ 0.40 - \$ 0.40	50,000	\$ 0.40	0.8	50,000	\$ 0.40		
\$ 0.42 - \$ 0.42	543,182	\$ 0.42	2.9	543,182	\$ 0.42		
\$ 0.44 - \$ 0.44	132,972	\$ 0.44	2.5	132,972	\$ 0.44		
\$ 0.50 - \$ 0.50	700,000	\$ 0.50	0.3	700,000	\$ 0.50		
\$ 0.55 - \$ 0.55	50,000	\$ 0.55	0.8	50,000	\$ 0.55		
\$ 0.66 - \$ 0.66	150,000	\$ 0.66	1.6	150,000	\$ 0.66		
\$ 1.50 - \$ 1.50	171,510	\$ 1.50	2.6	171,510	\$ 1.50		
	-----			-----			
	1,847,664			1,847,664			
	=====			=====			

On July 1, 2006, the Company issued a warrant for up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, with an exercise price of \$0.55 per share to an agent of the Company in connection with an agent agreement effective June 30, 2006. The warrant expires on July 1, 2011. The warrant is subject to vesting provisions based on net collected revenue targets achieved through the agent and certain value added resellers over a five year period. As of June 30, 2008, none of the revenue targets had been achieved. Therefore, no expense was recorded in the fiscal year. In accordance with EITF 96-18, ACCOUNTING FOR EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THAT ARE ISSUED TO OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES FOR ACQUIRING, OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH SELLING, GOODS AND SERVICES, the Company recorded a prepaid asset and corresponding additional paid-in capital of \$101,000 as the fair value of the 1,000,000 shares at June 30, 2008 using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: contractual and expected life of 3 years, volatility of 93.5%, dividend yield of 0% and a risk-free rate of 2.9%. On April 25, 2008, the Company extended the timeframe on meeting the first vesting provision, which originally expired on July 1, 2008 by an additional twelve months to July 1, 2009.

In January 2005, in connection with the restructuring of the payments on loan obligations due in connection with the acquisition of Glyphics, the Company issued a warrant for 50,000 shares with an exercise price of \$0.55 to Dr. John D. Rhodes, III. The loan was guaranteed by Dr. Rhodes. The warrant was set to expire in January 2007. The fair value of the warrant of \$8,000 was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: contractual and expected life of two years, volatility of 72%, dividend yield of 0% and a risk-free rate of 3.1%. In June 2005, in connection with the restructuring of the payments and his continuing personal guarantee, the Company issued an additional warrant for 50,000 shares to Dr. Rhodes with an exercise

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price of \$0.32. The warrant was set to expire in June 2007. The fair value of the warrant of \$6,500 was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: contractual and expected life of two years, volatility of 71%, dividend yield of 0%, and a risk-free rate of 3.6%. On April 1, 2006 in connection with the restructuring of the payments and his continuing personal guarantee, the Company issued an additional warrant to Dr. Rhodes for 50,000 shares with an exercise price of \$0.40. The warrant expires in April 2009. The fair value of the warrant of \$15,000 was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: contractual and expected life of three years, volatility of 125%, dividend yield of 0% and a risk-free rate of 4.83%. In April 2006, the expiration dates of the warrants that had been issued in 2005 were extended to March 31, 2009. Based on an analysis using the Black-Scholes pricing model, no adjustment was made to the fair value of the two extended warrants. On April 1, 2007 in connection with the restructuring of the payments and his continuing personal guarantee, the Company issued an additional warrant for 50,000 shares to Dr. Rhodes with an exercise price of \$0.66. The warrant expires in April 2010. The fair value of the warrant of \$21,000 was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: contractual and expected life of three years, volatility of 101%, dividend yield of 0% and a risk-free rate of 4.54%.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to various commitments and contingencies as described in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2008, the following occurred with respect to certain of the Company's commitments and contingencies:

LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company used operating and capital leases to finance property and equipment acquisitions. Currently, the Company has capital leases for office furniture, computer hardware and software ranging in terms from 3 to 5 years. The capital leases bear interest at varying rates ranging from 10.0% to 14.0% and require monthly payments. The Company's operating leases primarily consist of premise leases for the Phoenix, New York and Utah locations.

Assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2008 consisted of the following (IN THOUSANDS):

Cost.....	\$	452
Less: accumulated depreciation.....		(162)

Total.....	\$	290
		=====

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases and non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one or more years consisted of the following at June 30, 2008 (IN THOUSANDS):

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	CAPITAL	OPERATING
2009	\$ 159	\$ 476
2010	144	376
2011	58	382
2012	42	255
2013	7	--
Thereafter	--	--

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Total minimum obligations	410	\$1,489
		=====
Less: amount representing interest	(62)	

Present value of minimum obligations	348	

Less: current portion	(124)	
		=====
Long-term obligation at June 30, 2008	\$ 224	
		=====

The Company's lease on its Phoenix, Arizona location expires on February 28, 2012. The Phoenix lease requires a monthly rent and operating expense of approximately \$25,000. The Company's lease on its New York location expires on June 30, 2009 and requires a monthly rent and operating expenses of approximately \$4,000. The lease related to the Utah location expires on December 31, 2008 and requires a monthly rent and operating expenses of approximately \$8,000. The Company has accrued the monthly costs for the remainder of the Utah lease in liabilities related to discontinued operations at June 30, 2008.

SUBCONTRACTOR AGREEMENT

The Company had an agreement with its custom content subcontractor, Interactive Alchemy, which provided for the provision of custom content services to the Company's customers. The subcontractor agreement expired on May 1, 2008. Under the agreement, the subcontractor provided custom content development services to the Company in exchange for a fixed percentage of the Company's custom content revenue. The amount to be paid under the agreement was limited to a cap of \$450,000 in Fiscal 2008. On September 28, 2007, the agreement was modified in order to further clarify the rights and obligations between the Company and its subcontractor at the end of the agreement. The Company recorded gross custom content revenue for its customers with a corresponding fixed percentage commission due to its subcontractor as a cost of sale.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into employment agreements with Mr. Powers, Mr. Dunn, and Mr. Moulton. All are officers, and Mr. Powers is also Chairman of the Board of Directors. Each of these agreements provides for an annual base salary in an amount not less than the initial specified amount and entitles the employee to participate in all of the Company's compensation plans. Each agreement establishes a base annual salary and provides the eligibility for an annual award of bonuses based on the management incentive compensation plan (as adopted and amended by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors from year to year), and is subject to the right of the Company to terminate their respective employment at any time without cause. Mr. Powers' and Mr. Dunn's employment agreements provide for continuous employment for a one-year term that renews automatically unless otherwise terminated. Mr. Dunn's employment agreement permits Mr. Dunn to work outside the corporate offices, and Mr. Dunn relocated to Houston in June of 2005. Under each of the employment agreements, if the Company terminates the employee's employment without cause (as therein defined), Mr. Powers, Mr. Dunn, and Mr. Moulton will be entitled to a payment equal to 12 months' salary. Mr. Moulton's agreement was amended to expire on December 31, 2008 as a part of the audio conferencing sale effective in fiscal 2009 upon transition of the audio business. Additionally, Mr. Powers' and Mr. Dunn's employment agreements provide for a severance payment equal to one (1) year's compensation in the event of termination of employment following a "change in control" of the Company (as defined therein) except that should Mr. Dunn obtain employment with the successor organization in a comparable position, then the Company shall not be responsible for the severance payment. Each of the

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foregoing agreements also contains a covenant limiting competition with iLinc for one year following termination of employment. The aggregate potential payment under such agreements would be \$575,000 as of June 30, 2008.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto presented in this quarterly report and the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in our Annual Report filed on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2008.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona, iLinc Communications, Inc., a Delaware Corporation, is a leading provider of Web conferencing software and services. We develop and sell software that provides real-time collaboration. Our four-product iLinc Suite, comprised of LearnLinc, MeetingLinc, ConferenceLinc and SupportLinc, is an award winning suite that includes a virtual classroom, meeting, webinar and support tool. With our Web collaboration, conferencing and virtual classroom products, we provide what we believe to be simple, reliable and cost effective tools for remote presentations, meetings and online events. Our software is based on a proprietary architecture and code that finds its origins as far back as 1994, in what we believe to be the beginnings of the Web conferencing industry. Versions of the iLinc Suite have been translated into six languages, and it is currently available in version 10. Our customers may choose from several different pricing and licensing options for the iLinc software or iLinc service depending upon their needs. We sell our software solutions to large corporations inside and outside of the Fortune 1000 as well as small to medium size businesses (SMB) and individuals. We market our products using a direct sales force and an indirect distribution channel. Our indirect sales channel consists of agents, distributors, value added resellers and OEM partners. We allow customers to choose between purchasing a perpetual license and subscribing to a term license. Our revenues are a mixture of high margin perpetual and subscription licenses of software, monthly recurring revenues from subscription licenses as well as annual maintenance, hosting and support agreements.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

WEB CONFERENCING

The iLinc Suite is a four-product suite of software that addresses the most common business collaboration needs.

LearnLinc is an Internet-based software that is designed for training and education of remote students. With LearnLinc, instructors and students can collaborate and learn remotely providing an enhanced learning environment that replicates and surpasses traditional instructor-led classes. Instructors can create courses and classes, add varied agenda items, enroll students, deliver live instruction and deliver content that includes audio, video and interactive multimedia. In combination with TestLinc, LearnLinc permits users to administer comprehensive tests, organize multiple simultaneous breakout sessions and record, edit, play back and archive entire sessions for future use.

MeetingLinc is an online collaboration software designed to facilitate the sharing of documents, PowerPoint(TM) presentations, graphics and

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applications between meeting participants without leaving their desks. MeetingLinc allows business professionals, government employees and educators to communicate more effectively and economically through interactive online meetings using Voice-over IP technology to avoid the expense of travel and long distance charges. MeetingLinc allows remote participants to give presentations, demonstrate their products and services, annotate on virtual whiteboards, edit documents simultaneously and take meeting participants on a Web tour. Like all of the Web collaboration products in the Suite, MeetingLinc includes integrated voice and video conferencing services.

ConferenceLinc is a presentation software designed to deliver the message in a one-to-many format providing professional management of Web conferencing events. ConferenceLinc manages events such as earnings announcements, press briefings, new product announcements, corporate internal mass communications and external marketing events. ConferenceLinc is built on the MeetingLinc software platform and code to combine the best interactive features with an easy-to-use interface providing meaningful and measurable results to presenters and participants alike. Its design includes features that

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take the hassle out of planning and supporting a hosted Web seminar. ConferenceLinc includes automatic email invitations, "one-click join" capabilities, online confirmations, update notifications and customized attendee registration. With ConferenceLinc, presenters may not only present content, but may also gain audience feedback using real-time polling, live chat, question and answer sessions and post-event assessments. The entire presentation is easily recordable for viewing offline and review after the show with the recorder capturing the content and the audio, video and participant feedback.

SupportLinc is an online technical support and customer sales support software designed to give customer service organizations the ability to provide remote hands-on support for products, systems or software applications. SupportLinc manages the support call volume and enhances the effectiveness of traditional telephone-based customer support systems. SupportLinc's custom interface is designed to be simple to use so as to improve the interaction and level of support for both customers and their technical support agents.

Our Web collaboration software is sold on a perpetual license or periodic license basis. A customer may choose to acquire a one-time perpetual license (the "Purchase Model") or may rent our software on a periodic basis on either a per-seat, per-month or per-minute basis (the "Subscription Model"). Should they choose to acquire the software using the Purchase Model, then they may either elect to host our software behind their own firewall or they may choose to have iLinc host it for them, depending upon their preferences, budget and IT capabilities. Customers who select the Purchase Model, whether hosted by iLinc or the customer may also subscribe for ongoing customer support and maintenance and software upgrade services, using a support and maintenance contract with terms from one to five years. The annual maintenance and support fee charged is initially based upon a percentage of the purchase price that varies between 12% and 18% of the Purchase Model license fee paid for the perpetual licenses, with the percentage depending upon the contractual length and pre-payment of the annual maintenance and support agreement. If a customer chooses to have iLinc host their Purchase Model licenses, then the customer is also charged an annual hosting fee equal to between 8% and 10% of the Purchase Model license fee that was paid for the perpetual license.

Customers choosing the Subscription Model pay per seat (concurrent connection) on either a per-month or per-year basis depending upon the length and term of the subscription agreement. Hosting and maintenance are included as

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a part of the monthly or annual rental fees. Customers may also obtain Web conferencing on a per-minute basis using the iLinc On-Demand product. Those choosing the iLinc On-Demand product pay on a monthly basis typically without contractual commitment.

SALES AND MARKETING FOCUS

Our organization continually creates new marketing and sales campaigns that focus in three target markets.

- o We target prospects that are using other Web conferencing service providers that are ready to migrate to Web conferencing software. We believe that these organizations appreciate the cost and feature advantages that our technology offers.
- o We target organizations that have a natural fit for highly secure Web conferencing software such as government, military, and financial organizations as well as the companies that supply to these entities.
- o We continue to cross sell all of our products and services to our existing customers.

Our marketing efforts incorporate public relations, tradeshow, Web events, Web marketing initiatives and direct marketing (mail and email) efforts messaged in campaigns that speak to the needs of our specific target markets. The goal of our marketing strategy is to drive new business into our customer base and then cross sell our synergistic products and drive usage of all products to increase the propensity for our customers to make additional purchases.

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We have formed relationships with organizations that market and sell our products and services through their sales distribution channels. The relationships can be categorized into those that act as agents and sell on our behalf and value added resellers (a "VAR") that actively sell our products and provide product support typically to their own existing customer base. As of June 30, 2008, we had over 20 organizations selling our products providing indirect sales in the United States and in countries outside the United States, including Canada, the United Kingdom, The Netherlands, Germany, Spain and Japan. Our VARs execute agreements with us to resell our products to their customers through direct sales and in some cases through integration of our products into their products or service offerings. Our distribution agreements typically have terms of one to three years and are automatically renewed for an additional like term unless either party terminates the agreement for breach or other financial reasons. In most of these agreements, the VAR licenses the product from us and resells the product to its customers. Under those VAR agreements, we record only the amount paid to us by the VAR as revenue and recognize revenue when all revenue recognition criteria have been met.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND INDICATORS

In evaluating our operating performance on a quarterly and annual basis, we consider levels of revenues, gross profit, operating income and net income to be important indicators.

As indicators of future financial performance, we monitor and evaluate non-financial measures, such as number of seats sold, average sales price per transaction, average sales cycle, quota achievement by the direct sales staff,

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the number of transactions, the percentage each product sold contributes to total revenue, and the trends indicated by these factors.

External factors that our management considers in analyzing our performance include projected growth rates for our industry and rates of penetration of use of our product categories in the corporate sector. We consider these factors important since they permit us to better project capital needs and growth trends that support our assertions of profitability and cash flow. Analysis of these trends indicates that we are having decreasing success from our direct sales staff for our perpetual licenses, but increasing success in subscription licenses due to market driven forces. That success is likely to translate into increasing recurring revenues over the term of the subscription, and an increasing bottom line as we strive to contain overhead expenses. We expect overhead to decrease in fiscal 2009, due to cost cutting and containment measures carried out in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 and continuing through fiscal 2009. We see increasing demand for Web conferencing usage in the business, education and government sectors alike, and we expect these trends to continue over the next three years.

The following table shows certain items from our income statement as a percentage of revenues from continuing operations (in thousands, except percentages):

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	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008		THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007	
Revenues				
Software licenses	\$ 585	30.5%	\$ 1,152	45.7%
Subscription services	469	24.4%	511	20.3%
Software maintenance, hosting and other services	866	45.1%	855	34.0%
Total revenues	1,920	100.0%	2,518	100.0%
Cost of revenues				
Software licenses	45	2.3%	67	2.7%
Subscription services	66	3.4%	103	4.1%
Software maintenance, hosting and other services	127	6.6%	211	8.3%
Amortization of acquired and developed software	53	2.8%	--	--%
Total cost of revenues	291	15.1%	381	15.1%
Gross profit	1,629	84.8%	2,137	84.9%
Operating expenses				
Research and development	531	27.7%	362	14.4%
Sales and marketing	900	46.9%	1,172	46.5%
General and administrative	613	31.9%	663	26.3%
Total operating expenses	2,044	106.5%	2,197	87.2%

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Loss from operations	\$ (415)	(21.7)%	\$ (60)	(2.4)%

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Total revenues generated from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$1.9 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, a decrease of \$598,000 or 24% as a result of decreases in software licenses revenue and subscription services revenue offset by a slight increase in software maintenance revenue as follows:

- o Software license revenues decreased \$567,000 or 49% from \$1.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$585,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2008. The decrease was the result of a decrease in direct sales of \$698,000 from \$880,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$182,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2008, which was partially offset by an increase in OEM and channel sales of \$120,000 based on agreements with OEM and channel sales of \$74,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2007 as compared to sales of \$194,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2008. We recognized revenues from off the shelf courseware of \$209,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$11,000 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2007. Subscription services revenues were relatively flat, but decreased \$42,000 or 8% from \$511,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2007 to \$469,000 in the quarter ended June 30, 2008, as the result of decreased indirect subscription revenues of \$74,000 due to changes in the subscription model for one of our partners and a decrease in web per minute usage of \$23,000. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in direct subscriptions of \$56,000, which we expect will continue to increase.

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- o Software maintenance, hosting and other services revenues increased \$11,000 or 1% from \$855,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$866,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2008. However, we recognized increases in maintenance fees of \$61,000 and hosting fees of \$35,000 from renewals as the customer base continues to grow. In addition, we recognized an increase in training, storage and recording revenues of \$5,000. The increases were partially offset by a decrease in our custom content revenues of \$110,000. Our subcontractor agreement with Interactive Alchemy ended in April 2008; therefore we will not recognize custom content revenues in future periods.
- o For the three months ended June 30, 2008, software license revenues were 31% of total revenue, subscription services revenues were 24% of total revenue and software maintenance, hosting and other services revenues were 45% of total revenue, as compared to 46%, 20% and 34%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2007. We expect software license revenues and subscription services revenue to continue to become a larger percentage of total revenues as total revenues increase given our focus on the software Purchase Model, subscription model and indirect sales model. We expect sales from off-the-shelf license sales to

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decline.

COST OF REVENUES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Cost of software license revenues is driven by the types of software licenses sold. It consists of royalty fees paid on certain off-the-shelf products, if any, sold, and sales rebates to distribution partners on the sale of certain software products. Cost of software license revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$45,000 and \$67,000, respectively, a decrease of \$22,000 or 33%. The decrease was related to costs associated with one license sale as part of a specific arrangement with the customer for the three months ended June 30, 2007. Cost of software license revenue was approximately 2% of total revenues in the quarter ended June 30, 2008 and approximately 3% of total revenues in the quarter ended June 30, 2007. We expect the cost of software license revenues to remain below 3% of total license revenue, which will arise only from royalties which may be due from the sale of off-the-shelf courseware or specific arrangements with customers.

Cost of subscription services revenue uses a fully allocated overhead method that includes an allocation of salaries and allocable expenses such as network costs resulting from the delivery of our hosted Web conferencing services. Cost of subscription services revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$66,000 and \$103,000, respectively, a decrease of \$37,000 or 36%. The decrease was primarily a result of a decrease in salaries and benefits due to a reduction in headcount. Cost of subscription services revenue was approximately 3% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and approximately 4% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2007. Overall, we expect the cost of subscription services to remain relatively consistent at 3% to 5% of revenues.

Cost of software maintenance, hosting and other services revenue includes an allocation of technical support personnel and facilities costs allocable to those services revenues consisting primarily of a portion of our facilities costs, communications and depreciation expenses. However, by far the largest and most variable component of the cost of software maintenance, hosting and other services historically has arisen from the amount due to our third-party subcontractor which was a fixed proportion of the custom content revenue earned. Our agreement with Interactive Alchemy ended in April 2008. The cost of software maintenance, hosting and other services for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$127,000 and \$211,000, respectively, a decrease of \$84,000 or 40%. The decrease was primarily a result of the amount due to Interactive Alchemy, which decreased by \$82,000 from \$119,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$37,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008. Cost of software maintenance, hosting and professional services revenue was approximately 7% and 8% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. We expect that cost of software maintenance, hosting and other services revenue will remain consistent at approximately 5% to 7% of revenues for the remainder of fiscal 2009.

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Amortization of acquired and developed software consists of amortization of capitalized software development costs related to iLinc version 9. Amortization of acquired and developed software for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$53,000 and \$0, respectively, as we began amortizing costs related to iLinc version 9 in July, 2007.

GROSS PROFIT

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit (total revenues less

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total cost of revenues) decreased from \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008. We expect to see gross profit increase as revenues increase in dollar amount and as a percentage as revenues rise since most of the cost of sales are fixed in nature, e.g., amortization.

OPERATING EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Total operating expenses consist of research and development expenses, sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses. We incurred operating expenses of \$2.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008, a decrease of \$153,000 or 7% from \$2.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2007. This decrease is due to decreases in sales and marketing expenses of \$272,000 and in general and administrative expenses of \$50,000 partially offset by an increase in research and development expenses of \$169,000. Total operating expenses were 107% and 87% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Research and development expenses represent expenses incurred in connection with the continued development and enhancement of our software products and new versions of our software. Those costs consist primarily of salaries and benefits, telecommunication allocations, rent allocations, computer equipment allocations and allocated depreciation and amortization expense. Research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$531,000 and \$362,000, respectively, an increase of \$169,000 or 47%. During the first quarter of fiscal 2007, we began capitalizing identified direct expenses associated with a specific software development upon achieving technological feasibility for version 9 of our Web collaboration software in accordance with SFAS No. 86, ACCOUNTING FOR THE COSTS OF COMPUTER SOFTWARE TO BE SOLD, LEASED, OR OTHERWISE MARKETED. We continued to capitalize those direct costs through June 2007 when the new software product was released for distribution and sale to our customers. We began amortizing these software development costs over a three year period beginning in July 2007. The increase in research and development costs is primarily related to an increase in salary and benefit expense of \$212,000. This increase is a result of increased headcount period over period to support our investment in innovation in addition to the fact that in the three months ended June 30, 2007, salary costs directly associated with the development of version 9 were being capitalized, whereas in the three months ended June 30, 2008, the salary costs of those developers are no longer being capitalized, but are being expensed directly to research and development expense. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in computer subscriptions of \$36,000 as the result of not renewing a subscription to a particular quality assurance service contract that we had engaged in during most of fiscal 2008. Research and development expense was approximately 28% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and approximately 14% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2007. We expect cost of sales and research and development costs to remain relatively consistent with the first three months of fiscal 2009 for the remainder of the fiscal year.

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of sales and marketing salaries and benefits, and also include allocated travel and entertainment costs, allocated advertising and other marketing expenses. Sales and marketing expenses were \$900,000 and \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, a decrease of \$272,000 or 23%. The decrease was a result of planned decreases in salaries and benefits of \$39,000 associated with decreased headcount and compensation structure, a decrease in professional services of \$43,000, indirect commissions and rebates of \$60,000 and a decrease in advertising and marketing expenses of \$144,000. We expect sales and marketing expenses to increase in amount as revenues increase, but expect the percentage of sales and marketing expenses incurred in relation to total revenue to remain consistent.

General and administrative expenses consist of company-wide expenses that are not directly related to research and development or sales and marketing activities, with the bulk of those general and administrative expenses comprised of salaries, rent and the costs directly associated with being a public company, including accounting costs, legal costs and fees. During the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, general and administrative expenses from continuing operations were \$613,000 and \$663,000, respectively, a decrease of \$50,000 or 8%. The decrease is primarily a result of decreased office expenses of \$35,000, a decrease in professional services of \$24,000, a decrease in legal fees of \$19,000 and a decrease in travel and entertainment of \$9,000. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in accounting fees of \$36,000 and in board and investor relations expenses of \$8,000. General and administrative expenses from continuing operations were 32% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 26% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2007. In general, we expect general and administrative expense to decrease as a percentage of revenue, but to remain consistent with the first three months of the 2009 fiscal year.

LOSS/INCOME FROM OPERATIONS

For the three months ended June 30, 2008, we reported a loss from operations of \$415,000 as compared to a loss from operations of \$60,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007, a decrease of \$355,000. We expect to increase earnings from operations in fiscal 2009 by increasing revenues and decreasing expenses in all three categories of operating expense.

INTEREST EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Interest expense from continuing operations paid on outstanding debt instruments for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 was \$258,000 and \$256,000, respectively, an increase of \$2,000. Non-cash interest expense, arising from the beneficial conversion feature of our debt, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 was \$79,000 and \$81,000, respectively, a decrease of \$2,000.

We expect interest expense from continuing operations to remain consistent in fiscal 2009 with the expense incurred in fiscal 2008. We also expect non-cash interest expense resulting from the beneficial conversion feature of our debt to remain consistent in fiscal 2009, because the amortization is straight-line. Should there be any debt conversions in fiscal 2009, the interest will increase in order to accelerate the beneficial conversion feature related to the proportion of debt converted.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

We recorded tax expense of \$21,000 for both the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. The expense resulted from the recognition of the deferred income tax liability related to the tax deductible goodwill. We recorded a valuation allowance for our deferred tax asset because we concluded it is not likely we would be able to realize the tax assets due to the lack of profitable operating history. In the event that we determine that we would be able to realize our deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the deferred tax asset would increase net income through a tax benefit in the period such a determination was made that we have met the more likely than not threshold for such recognition.

RESULTS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

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On April 28, 2008, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Audio Conferencing Agreement") with American Teleconferencing Services Ltd. (the "Purchaser"), a subsidiary of Premiere Global Services, Inc. The Audio Conferencing Agreement provided for the sale by iLinc of a majority of our audio conferencing assets. The closing of the transaction occurred on May 2, 2008. On the closing date, the Purchaser paid iLinc \$3.3 million, with an additional payment of \$833,000 to be paid within ten days of the transition date of July 25, 2008 as defined in the Audio Conferencing Agreement. The transition payment of \$833,000 has been recorded in Other Receivables on the balance sheet at June 30, 2008. As further consideration, Purchaser will tender on or before June 1, 2009 an earn-out payment, if any, equal to the product of 1.25 times the amount that the Purchaser earns in revenue from the acquired customer accounts in excess of \$2.7 million during the twelve months after closing. Additionally, on May 13, 2008, the Purchaser paid \$558,000 for our identified audio conferencing accounts receivable that was less than 90 days old, and will pay thereafter 103% of the accounts receivable collected from those audio conferencing accounts in excess of the initial payment. The gain on sale resulting from the transaction has been recorded as of the closing date.

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On June 30, 2008, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Events Business Agreement") with Conference Plus, Inc. The Events Business Agreement provided for the sale by iLinc of the assets related to the Events portion of our audio conferencing business (the "Events Business"). On the closing date, the purchaser paid us \$175,000. In addition, the purchaser has agreed to make monthly earn-out payments for twenty-four months after the closing date equal to the greater of: (a) 25% of the revenue derived by Purchaser from the Event Business for such month or (b) \$10,000. The minimum monthly amount due of \$10,000 per month has been recorded as \$120,000 in Other Receivables - Current, and \$120,000 in Other Receivables in Noncurrent on the balance sheet at June 30, 2008. The gain on sale resulting from the transaction has been recorded as of the closing date.

We sold both our audio conferencing and Events Business assets due to continued price pressure for the market's perception of a commoditized product in regards to audio conferencing, and as a result we experienced continued margin contraction. We sold these assets to provide cash to enable us to focus on our Web conferencing product.

Therefore, pursuant to the criteria established by SFAS No. 144, ACCOUNTING FOR THE IMPAIRMENT OF DISPOSAL OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS, we have determined that all of our audio conferencing operations (i.e., the portion sold and the Events business retained) and related assets and liabilities should be classified as assets and liabilities "related to discontinued operations" as of June 30, 2008 and, our results of operations related to our audio conferencing business for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 have been reclassified as income from discontinued operations.

A summary of the assets and liabilities of the audio conferencing business are as follows:

-----	-----
JUNE 30,	MARCH 31,
2008	2008
-----	-----

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(IN THOUSANDS)

Assets:		
Accounts receivable	\$ 594	\$ 834
Property and equipment, net	--	192
Goodwill	--	1,686
Intangible assets, net	--	433
	-----	-----
Assets - related to discontinued operations	\$ 594	\$ 3,145
	=====	=====
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 449	\$ 611
Accrued liabilities	258	167
	-----	-----
Liabilities - related to discontinued operations	\$ 707	\$ 778
	=====	=====

A summary of the results from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

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	FOR THE THREE MONTHS	
	ENDED JUNE 30,	

	2008	2007
	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
Audio services revenues	\$ 641	\$ 1,606
Cost of audio services revenues	574	917
	-----	-----
Gross profit	67	689
Operating expenses	29	152
	-----	-----
Income from discontinued operations	38	537
Interest expense	--	14
Gain on sale of Audio Conferencing and Events Businesses ...	1,938	--
	-----	-----
Net income from discontinued operations	\$ 1,976	\$ 523
	=====	=====

There was no tax effect within the discontinued operations.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Historically, we have generated cash from capital raising activities through the sale of our common and preferred stock, and from cash flow provided by operations. During the three month period ended June 30, 2008, we also generated cash from the sale of our audio conferencing and Events Business assets. We have used cash to fund our operations but have not used cash to prepay or reduce debt although we have that option without penalty with our senior notes.

In evaluating our liquidity, we evaluate levels of current assets, current liabilities and accounts receivable, aging of accounts receivable and maturities of debt and obligations under long term leases. Our current assets,

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including accounts receivable, at June 30, 2008 of \$6.6 million were \$1.5 million higher than our levels of current assets of \$5.1 million at March 31, 2008. Our current liabilities at June 30, 2008 of \$3.9 million were approximately \$23,000 more than our level of current liabilities at March 31, 2008 of \$3.9 million. We had working capital of \$2.7 million at June 30, 2008 compared to working capital of \$1.2 million at March 31, 2008. Our cash and cash equivalents and certificate of deposit balance increased by \$3.0 million, from \$1.0 million at March 31, 2008 to \$4.0 million at June 30, 2008. Our accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, were \$785,000 and \$627,000 at June 30, 2008 and March 31, 2008, respectively. Accounts receivable increased, which was consistent with increased revenues when comparing the three months ended June 30, 2008 to the three months ended March 31, 2008. Other receivables of \$953,000 at June 30, 2008 consisted of amounts due from the purchasers of our audio conferencing and events businesses. Prepaid and other current assets increased by \$29,000 due in part to the timing of annual contracts that were prepaid partially offset by a decrease in the valuation of a warrant to one of our agents that is based on meeting specific sales targets. Current liabilities increased by a total of \$23,000. Accounts payable decreased by \$154,000 from \$612,000 at March 31, 2008 to \$458,000 at June 30, 2008 as a result of paying amounts due at March 31, 2008 during the June 2008 quarter in addition to our efforts to cut expenses during the quarter. Accrued liabilities increased by \$242,000 from \$751,000 at March 31, 2008 to \$993,000 at June 30, 2008, primarily due to the increase of accrued salaries and benefits of \$225,000. In the three months ended June 30, 2008, we sold the majority of our assets related to our audio conferencing and events businesses for \$4.6 million. As such, assets and liabilities related to the audio conferencing and events businesses have been classified as "Related to Discontinued Operations" in our financial statements as at June 30 and March 31, 2008. At June 30 and March 31, 2008, assets related to discontinued operations were \$594,000 and \$3.1 million, respectively. Liabilities classified as related to discontinued operations were \$707,000 and \$778,000 at June 30 and March 31, 2008, respectively. At June 30, 2008 long term debt due in less than one year, capital lease obligations due in less than one year, interest expense for the coming year and operating lease obligations for the coming year aggregated \$95,000, \$124,000, \$1.0 million and \$476,000, respectively. We anticipate that cash flow from operations combined with the cash received for the sale of our audio conferencing assets should be sufficient to allow us to meet these obligations without raising additional capital.

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On May 2, 2008, we closed a transaction in which we sold a majority of our audio conferencing assets and audio operations for \$4.1 million in cash. In addition, on June 30, 2008, we sold our Events Business for \$175,000 in cash, with an additional minimum earn-out of \$10,000 per month for 24 months. As such, assets and liabilities related to the audio conferencing business have been classified as Held for Sale in our financial statements as of March 31, 2008 and 2007. We have collected \$3.5 million of the purchase price and expect to receive an additional \$843,000 in August of 2008.

We plan to continue to focus on managing overhead while increasing revenue through subscription sales in an effort to maintain positive cash flow and ultimately profitability in fiscal 2009.

CASH FLOWS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Cash used in operating activities was \$633,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and cash provided by operating activities was \$234,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007. In the three months ended June 30, 2008, cash used in operating activities was primarily attributable to a net loss from

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continuing operations of \$770,000, an increase in accounts receivable of \$151,000, an increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$51,000 and recovery of bad debts of \$7,000. These items were partially offset by depreciation and amortization of \$143,000, stock compensation expense of \$41,000, deferred income tax expense of \$21,000, non-cash accretion of deferred debt discount to interest expense of \$50,000, increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$88,000 and an increase in deferred revenue of \$2,000.

Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations was \$234,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2007. Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations during the three months ended June 30, 2007 was primarily attributable to an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$440,000, increase in deferred revenue of \$245,000, decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$13,000, depreciation and amortization of \$73,000, warrant expense of \$21,000, stock compensation expense of \$33,000 and deferred income tax expense of \$21,000 and non-cash accretion of deferred debt discount to interest expense of \$51,000. These items were partially offset by a net loss from continuing operations of \$445,000 and an increase in accounts receivable of \$225,000.

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CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash used in investing activities was \$2.4 million, and \$293,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2008 was primarily due to \$2.4 million investment in certificates of deposit and \$17,000 in capital expenditures. Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2007 was primarily due to investments of \$6,000 in certificates of deposit, capital expenditures of \$38,000 and capitalized software development costs of \$263,000. These items were partially offset by the repayment of a note receivable of \$14,000.

CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash used in financing activities was \$76,000 and \$73,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Cash used in financing activities in the three months ended June 30, 2008 was attributable to payment of Series A and B preferred stock dividends of \$29,000, repayment of long-term debt of \$19,000 and repayment of capital lease liabilities of \$28,000. Cash used in financing activities in the three months ended June 30, 2007 was attributable to payment of Series A and B preferred stock dividends of \$35,000, repayment of long-term debt of \$31,000 and repayment of capital lease liabilities of \$7,000.

CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Cash used in operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2008 was \$387,000. Cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$251,000. Cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2008 was \$4.1 million. Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$2,000.

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS AND PREFERRED STOCK

We currently have outstanding unsecured subordinated convertible notes with a remaining principal balance of \$5.1 million due March 29, 2012, Senior Notes with a remaining principal balance of \$2.96 million due July 15, 2010, 75,000 issued and outstanding shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and 55,000 issued and outstanding shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock.

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All of the foregoing securities were issued in connection with our capital raising activities.

Outstanding Indebtedness

In March 2002, we completed a private placement offering (the "Convertible Note Offering") that provided gross proceeds of \$5.75 million that was used to extinguish an existing line of credit. Under the terms of the Convertible Note Offering, we issued unsecured subordinated convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum and require quarterly interest payments, with the principal due at maturity on March 29, 2012. The holders of the Convertible Notes may convert the principal into shares of our common stock at the fixed price of \$1.00 per share. We may force redemption by conversion of the principal into common stock at the fixed conversion price, if at any time the 20 trading day average closing price of our common stock exceeds \$3.00 per share. These notes are subordinated to any present or future senior indebtedness. As a part of the Convertible Notes offering, we also issued warrants to purchase 5,775,000 shares of our common stock, but those warrants expired on March 29, 2005 without exercise. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and a discount to the Convertible Notes of \$1,132,000 was recorded using this value, which is being amortized to interest expense over the 10-year term of the Convertible Notes. Upon conversion, any remaining discount and beneficial conversion feature will be expensed in full at the time of conversion. During fiscal years 2004, 2005 and 2006, holders with a principal balance totaling \$675,000 converted their notes into 2,121,088 shares of our common stock at prices from \$0.25 to \$0.30 per share. No conversion of debt or acceleration of amortization of costs occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2007 or 2008.

In April of 2004, we completed a private placement offering of unsecured senior notes (the "2004 Senior Note Offering") that provided gross proceeds of \$4.25 million. Under the terms of the 2004 Senior Note Offering, we issued \$3,187,000 in unsecured senior notes and 1,634,550 shares of our common stock. The senior notes originally bore an interest rate of 10% per annum and accrued interest is due and payable on a quarterly basis, with principal originally due on July 15, 2007. The senior notes are redeemable by us at 100% of the principal value at any time. The notes and common stock were originally issued with a debt discount of \$768,000. The fair value of the warrants to the placement agent was estimated and used to calculate a discount of \$119,000 of

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which \$68,000 was allocated to the notes and \$51,000 was allocated to equity. The total discount allocated to the notes of \$836,000 is being amortized as a component of interest expense over the original term of the notes, which was thirty-nine months. The senior notes are unsecured obligations of our company but are senior in right of payment to all existing and future indebtedness of our company. The resale of the common stock issued in the 2004 Senior Note Offering was registered with the SEC pursuant to a resale registration statement dated August 2, 2005. Effective August 1, 2005, holders with a principal balance and accrued interest totaling \$225,800 converted their senior notes and accrued interest into 903,205 shares of our common stock at a price of \$0.25 per share. No conversion of debt to equity or acceleration of amortization of costs related to such conversions occurred during the years ended March 31, 2007 or 2008. In December, 2006, we negotiated a modification of the terms of the senior notes to extend the maturity date to July 15, 2010. In exchange for the three year extension, the interest rate increased to 12% per annum effective on January 16, 2007. All other terms and provisions of the senior notes remained unchanged. The

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direct expenses of the note amendment was \$101,000, and the estimated fair value of the warrant issued to the placement agent of \$42,000 were recorded as a deferred offering cost and both are being amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining term of the senior notes.

Preferred Stock

On September 16, 2003, we completed our private placement of Series A convertible preferred stock with detachable warrants to purchase 750,000 shares of common stock, providing \$1,500,000 in gross proceeds. We originally issued 150,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock that converts to 3,000,000 shares of common stock. The warrants were immediately exercisable at a price of \$1.50 per share and expired on September 16, 2006. We pay an 8% cash dividend, payable quarterly to holders of the Series A Preferred Stock, and the dividend is cumulative. The Series A Preferred Stock is non-voting and non-participating. The shares of Series A Preferred Stock will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and were offered in a private placement providing exemption from registration. The cash proceeds of the private placement of Series A Preferred Stock were allocated pro rata between the relative fair values of the Series A Preferred Stock and warrants at issuance using the Black-Scholes valuation model for valuing the warrants. The aggregate value of the warrants and the beneficial conversion discount of \$247,000 were considered a deemed dividend in the calculation of loss per share. During fiscal years 2005 and 2006, holders of 35,000 shares converted to 700,000 shares of common stock. During fiscal 2007, holders of 12,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock converted those shares into 250,000 shares of our common stock. During fiscal 2008, holders of 10,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock converted those shares into 200,000 shares of our common stock. During the three months ended June 30, 2008, holders of 30,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock converted those shares into 600,000 shares of our common stock. The resale of the underlying common stock that would be issued upon conversion of the preferred stock and upon exercise of the associated warrants has been registered with the SEC and may be sold pursuant to a resale prospectus.

On December 31, 2005, we completed our private placement of Series B convertible preferred stock, with detachable warrants. We originally issued 70,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock that converts to 2,800,000 shares of common stock, if all converted and warrants to purchase 700,000 shares of common stock. The Series B Preferred Stock bears an 8% dividend payable quarterly. The dividend is cumulative, and the Series B Preferred Stock is non-voting and non-participating. The shares of Series B Preferred Stock will not be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and were offered in a private placement providing exemption from registration. The warrants that are exercisable at an exercise price equal to \$0.50 per share expire on September 30, 2008. The aggregate value of the warrants of \$55,000 is considered a deemed dividend in the calculation of earnings/loss per share. During the 2007 fiscal year, holders of 10,500 shares of Series B Preferred Stock converted those shares into 420,000 shares of our common stock. During the 2008 fiscal year, holders of 4,500 shares of Series B Preferred Stock converted those shares into 180,000 shares of our common stock. The resale of the underlying common stock that would be issued upon conversion of the preferred stock and upon exercise of the associated warrants has been registered with the SEC and may be sold pursuant to a resale prospectus.

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On June 9, 2006, we completed a private placement of 5,405,405 unregistered, restricted shares of common stock providing \$2.0 million in gross cash proceeds. We have used the proceeds for working capital and general corporate purposes. We paid our placement agent an underwriting commission of

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\$185,000 of which \$25,000 was recorded as deferred offering costs, and incurred additional offering expenses of approximately \$103,000. Pursuant to the registration rights agreement between the parties, we filed a Registration Statement on Form S-3 to enable the resale of the shares by the investors which was declared effective on September 29, 2006.

OFF BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

There are no off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) or other relationships of our Company with unsolicited entities or other persons that have or may have a material effect on financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources of our Company.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon its consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The more significant areas requiring use of estimates relate to revenue recognition, accounts receivable and notes receivable valuation reserves, realizability of intangible assets, realizability of deferred income tax assets and the evaluation of contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of such estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We consider an accounting policy to be critical if it requires an accounting estimate that requires us to make assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the accounting estimate is made. In addition, different estimates that we reasonably could have used for the accounting estimate in the current period, or changes in the accounting estimate that are reasonably likely to occur from period to period would have a material impact on the presentation of our financial condition, changes in financial condition or results of operations. We believe there are a number of accounting policies that are critical to understanding our historical and future performance. The critical accounting policies include revenue recognition, sales reserves, allowance for doubtful accounts, software development costs, intangible assets, income taxes and stock-based compensation.

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2008 as filed with the SEC.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

The disclosure is not applicable because iLinc is a smaller reporting company.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

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EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of June 30, 2008. Based upon that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that as of June 30, 2008, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the first quarter ended June 30, 2008, no changes were made to our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected or were reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II--OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the risks described below. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could be adversely affected.

WE FACE RISKS INHERENT IN INTERNET-RELATED BUSINESSES AND MAY BE UNSUCCESSFUL IN ADDRESSING THESE RISKS.

We face risks frequently encountered by companies in new and rapidly evolving markets such as Web conferencing and audio conferencing. We may fail to adequately address these risks and, as a consequence, our business may suffer. To address these risks among others, we must successfully introduce and attract new customers to our products and services; successfully implement our sales and

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marketing strategy to generate sufficient sales and revenues to sustain operations; foster existing relationships with our customers to provide for continued or recurring business and cash flow; and successfully address and establish new products and technologies as new markets develop. We may not be able to sufficiently address and overcome risks inherent in our business strategy.

OUR QUARTERLY OPERATING RESULTS ARE UNCERTAIN AND MAY FLUCTUATE SIGNIFICANTLY.

Our operating results have varied significantly from quarter to quarter and are likely to continue to fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, many of which we cannot control. Factors that may adversely affect our quarterly operating results include: the dependence upon software purchase license sales as opposed to the more ratable subscription model, the size and timing of product orders; the mix of revenue from custom services and software products; the market acceptance of our products and services; our ability to develop and market new products in a timely manner; the timing of revenues and expenses relating to our product sales; and revenue recognition rules. Expense levels are based, in part, on expectations as to future revenue and to a large extent are fixed in the short term. To the extent we are unable to predict future revenue accurately, we may be unable to adjust spending in a timely manner to compensate for any unexpected revenue shortfall.

WE HAVE LIMITED FINANCIAL RESOURCES.

We have limited financial resources at our disposal. We have long-term obligations that are due in 2010 and 2012 that we may not be able to satisfy from existing working capital. If we are unable to remain profitable, we will face increasing demands for capital. We may not be successful in raising additional debt or equity capital. As a result, we may not have sufficient financial resources to satisfy our obligations as they come due in the short term.

DILUTION TO EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS WILL OCCUR UPON ISSUANCE OF SHARES WE HAVE RESERVED FOR FUTURE ISSUANCE.

On June 30, 2008, 34,623,816 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding, net of treasury shares. An additional 16,015,224 shares of our common stock were reserved for issuance that would be issued as the result of the exercise of warrants or the conversion of convertible notes and/or convertible preferred stock. The issuance of these additional shares will reduce the percentage ownership of our existing stockholders. The existence of these reserved shares coupled with other factors, such as the relatively small public float, could adversely affect prevailing market prices for our common stock and our ability to raise capital through an offering of equity securities.

THE LOSS OF THE SERVICES OF OUR SENIOR EXECUTIVES AND KEY PERSONNEL WOULD LIKELY CAUSE OUR BUSINESS TO SUFFER.

Our success depends to a significant degree on the performance of our senior management team. The loss of any of these individuals could harm our business. We do not maintain key person life insurance for any officers or key employees other than on the life of James M. Powers, Jr., our Chairman, President and CEO, with that policy providing a death benefit to the Company of \$1.0 million. Our success also depends on the ability to attract, integrate, motivate and retain additional highly skilled technical, sales and marketing and professional services personnel. To the extent we are unable to attract and retain a sufficient number of additional skilled personnel, our business will

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suffer.

OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY MAY BECOME SUBJECT TO LEGAL CHALLENGES, UNAUTHORIZED USE OR INFRINGEMENT, ANY OF WHICH COULD DIMINISH THE VALUE OF OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.

Our success depends in large part on our proprietary technology. If we fail to successfully enforce our intellectual property rights, the value of these rights, and consequently, the value of our products and services to our customers, could diminish substantially. It may be possible for third parties to copy or otherwise obtain and use our intellectual property or trade secrets without our authorization, and it may also be possible for third parties to independently develop substantially equivalent intellectual property. Currently, we do not have patent protection in place related to our products and services. Litigation may be necessary in the future to enforce our intellectual property rights, to protect trade secrets or to determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others. While we have not received any notice of any claim of infringement of any of our intellectual property, from time to time we may receive notice of claims of infringement of other parties' proprietary rights. Such claims could result in costly litigation and could divert management and technical resources. These types of claims could also delay product shipment or require us to develop non-infringing technology or enter into royalty or licensing agreements, which agreements, if required, may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all.

COMPETITION IN THE WEB CONFERENCING AND AUDIO CONFERENCING SERVICES MARKET IS INTENSE AND WE MAY BE UNABLE TO COMPETE SUCCESSFULLY.

The markets for Web conferencing and audio conferencing products and services are relatively new, rapidly evolving and intensely competitive. Competition in our market will continue to intensify and may force us to reduce our prices, or cause us to experience reduced sales and margins, loss of market share and reduced acceptance of our services. Many of our competitors have larger and more established customer bases, longer operating histories, greater name recognition, broader service offerings, more employees and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing, public relations and distribution resources than we do. We expect that we will face new competition as others enter our market to develop Web conferencing and audio conferencing services. These current and future competitors may also offer or develop products or services that perform better than ours. In addition, acquisitions or strategic partnerships involving our current and potential competitors could harm us in a number of ways.

FUTURE REGULATIONS COULD BE ENACTED THAT EITHER DIRECTLY RESTRICT OUR BUSINESS OR INDIRECTLY IMPACT OUR BUSINESS BY LIMITING THE GROWTH OF INTERNET-BASED BUSINESS AND SERVICES.

As commercial use of the Internet increases, federal, state and foreign agencies could enact laws or adopt regulations covering issues such as user privacy, content and taxation of products and services. If enacted, such laws or regulations could limit the market for our products and services. Although they might not apply to our business directly, we expect that laws or rules regulating personal and consumer information could indirectly affect our business. It is possible that such legislation or regulation could expose us to liability which could limit the growth of our Web conferencing and audio conferencing products and services. Such legislation or regulation could dampen the growth in overall Web conferencing usage and decrease the Internet's acceptance as a medium of communications and commerce.

WE DEPEND LARGELY ON ONE-TIME SALES TO GROW REVENUES WHICH MAKE OUR REVENUES DIFFICULT TO PREDICT.

While subscription Web conferencing provides a more recurring revenue base, a high percentage of our revenue is attributable to one-time purchases by our customers rather than long-term, recurring, conferencing subscription type contracts. As a result, our inability to continue to obtain new agreements and sales may result in lower than expected revenue, and therefore, harm our ability to achieve or sustain operations or profitability on a consistent basis, which could also cause our stock price to decline. Further, because we face competition from larger, better-capitalized companies, we could face increased downward pricing pressure that could cause a decrease in our gross margins. Additionally, our sales cycle varies depending on the size and type of customer considering a purchase. Potential customers frequently need to obtain approvals from multiple decision makers within their company and may evaluate competing products and services before deciding to use our services. Our sales cycle, which can range from several weeks to several months or more, combined with the license purchase model makes it difficult to predict future quarterly revenues.

OUR OPERATING RESULTS MAY SUFFER IF WE FAIL TO DEVELOP AND FOSTER OUR VALUE ADDED RESELLER OR DISTRIBUTION RELATIONSHIPS.

We have an existing channel and distribution network that provides growing revenues and contributes to our high margin software sales. These distribution partners are not obligated to distribute our services at any minimum level. As a result, we cannot accurately predict the amount of revenue we will derive from our distribution partners in the future. The inability or unwillingness of our distribution partners to sell our products to their customers and increase their distribution of our products could result in significant reductions in our revenue, and therefore, harm our ability to achieve or sustain profitability on a consistent basis.

SALES IN FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS BY OUR INTERNATIONAL DISTRIBUTOR NETWORK AND US MAY RESULT IN UNANTICIPATED COSTS.

We have limited experience in international operations and may not be able to compete effectively in international markets. We face certain risks inherent in conducting business internationally, such as:

- o our inability to establish and maintain effective distribution channels and partners;
- o the varying technology standards from country to country;
- o our inability to effectively protect our intellectual property rights or the code to our software;
- o our inexperience with inconsistent regulations and unexpected changes in regulatory requirements in foreign jurisdictions;
- o language and cultural differences;
- o fluctuations in currency exchange rates;
- o our inability to effectively collect accounts receivable; or,
- o our inability to manage sales and other taxes imposed by foreign jurisdictions.

THE GROWTH OF OUR BUSINESS SUBSTANTIALLY DEPENDS ON OUR ABILITY TO SUCCESSFULLY DEVELOP AND INTRODUCE NEW SERVICES AND FEATURES IN A TIMELY MANNER.

With our focus on our Web and audio conferencing products and services, our growth depends on our ability to continue to develop new features, products and services around that software and product line including the ability to operate our software in non-Windows based operating systems (e.g., MAC and Linux). We may not successfully identify, develop, and market new products and features in a timely and cost-effective manner. If we fail to develop and

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maintain market acceptance of our existing and new products to offset our continuing development costs, then our net losses will increase and we may not be able to achieve or sustain profitability on a consistent basis.

IF WE FAIL TO OFFER COMPETITIVE PRICING, WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO ATTRACT AND RETAIN CUSTOMERS.

Because the Web conferencing market is relatively new and still evolving, the prices for these services are subject to rapid and frequent changes. In many cases, businesses provide their services at significantly reduced rates, for free or on a trial basis in order to win customers. Due to competitive factors and the rapidly changing marketplace, we may be required to significantly reduce our pricing structure, which would negatively affect our revenue, margins and our ability to achieve or sustain profitability on a consistent basis. We have an existing channel and distribution network that provides growing revenues and contributes to our high margin software sales.

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These distribution partners are not obligated to distribute our services at any particular minimum level. As a result, we cannot accurately predict the amount of revenue we will derive from our distribution partners in the future. The inability of our distribution partners to sell our products to their customers and increase their distribution of our products could result in significant reductions in our revenue, and, therefore, harm our ability to achieve or sustain profitability on a consistent basis.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO COMPLETE OUR ASSESSMENT AS TO THE ADEQUACY OF OUR INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 404 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002, INVESTORS COULD LOSE CONFIDENCE IN THE RELIABILITY OF OUR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, WHICH COULD RESULT IN A DECREASE IN THE VALUE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

As directed by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission adopted rules requiring smaller reporting companies to include in their annual reports on Form 10-K for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2007 a report of management on their company's internal control over financial reporting, including management's assessment of the effectiveness of their company's internal control over financial reporting as of the company's fiscal year end. In addition, the accounting firm auditing a smaller reporting company's financial statements must also attest to and report on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009. There is a risk that we may not comply with all of its requirements. If we do not timely complete our assessment or if our accounting firm determines that our internal control over financial reporting is not designed or operating effectively as required by Section 404, our accounting firm may either disclaim its opinion or may issue a qualified opinion on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. If our accounting firm disclaims its opinion or qualifies its opinion as to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, then investors may lose confidence in the reliability of our financial statements, which could cause the market price of our common stock to decline.

WE MAY ACQUIRE OTHER BUSINESSES THAT COULD NEGATIVELY AFFECT OUR OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS AND DILUTE EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

We may pursue additional business relationships through acquisitions which may not be successful. We may have to devote substantial time and resources in order to complete acquisitions and we therefore may not realize the

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benefits of those acquisitions. Further, these potential acquisitions entail risks, uncertainties and potential disruptions to our business. For example, we may not be able to successfully integrate a company's operations, technologies, products and services, information systems and personnel into our business. These risks could harm our operating results and could adversely affect prevailing market prices for our common stock.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(a) During the three months ended June 30, 2008, holders of 30,000 shares of Series A preferred stock converted their shares to 600,000 shares of common stock. The conversion of the Preferred Stock was in accordance with the terms of the Preferred Stock agreement. We received no proceeds from the conversion of these shares of Series a preferred stock. The shares of common stock issued upon conversion of the shares of Series A preferred stock were issued in transactions exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The resale of the underlying common stock issued upon conversion of the preferred stock has been registered with the SEC. No underwriting discounts or commissions were paid in conjunction with the conversions.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) We do not have a share repurchase program, and during the three months ended June 30, 2008, we did not repurchase any shares of our common stock.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS
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3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2002).
3.2	Bylaws of the Company, as amended (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2007).
3.3	Certificate of Designations of Series A Preferred Stock (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2003).
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2003).

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- 3.5 Revised Certificate of Designations of Series B Preferred Stock (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005).
- 4.1 Form of certificate evidencing ownership of common stock of the Company (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2001).
- 4.2 Form of Convertible Redeemable Subordinated Note (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2002).
- 4.3 Form of Redeemable Warrant (2003 Private Placement Offering) (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2003).
- 10.1 Asset Purchase Agreement by and between American Teleconferencing Services, Ltd. d/b/a Premier Global Services and the Company (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Form 8-K filed May 2, 2008).
- 10.2 Asset Purchase Agreement by and between Conference Plus, Inc. and the Company (previously filed as an exhibit to iLinc's Form 8-K filed July 7, 2008).
- +31.1 Chief Executive Officer Section 302 Certification.
- +31.2 Principal Financial Officer Section 302 Certification.
- +32.1 Chief Executive Officer Section 906 Certification.
- +32.2 Principal Financial Officer Section 906 Certification.

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- * Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit pursuant to the requirements of Item 15 of Form 10-K.
 - + Furnished herewith as an Exhibit

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant, iLinc Communications, Inc., has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ILINC COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

Dated: August 14, 2008

By:/s/ James M. Powers, Jr.

Chairman of the Board, President and
Chief Executive Officer

By:/s/ James L. Dunn, Jr.

Senior Vice President & Chief
Financial Officer

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